A PROJECT ON

"HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM"

SUBMITTED IN

PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENT

FOR THE COURSE OF DIPLOMA IN ADVANCED COMPUTING FROM CDAC



SUNBEAM INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY,

HINJEWADI

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the project work under the title 'Hospital Management System' is done by Patil Mayuresh Sanjay (80558), Sandesh Balu Tribhuvan (80734), Mrunali Ramesh Barde (80555), Sainath Govind Ibitwar (80478), Kate Mayur Rajendra (80713) in partial fulfillment of the requirement for award of Diploma in Advanced Computing Course.

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ABSTRACT

The Hospital Management System (HMS) project endeavors to modernize and optimize healthcare operations by introducing a robust digital platform. This comprehensive system is designed to address the challenges inherent in traditional hospital management, offering innovative solutions to streamline processes, improve patient experiences, and empower healthcare professionals.

Objectives:

The primary objectives of the HMS project encompass a spectrum of improvements in healthcare administration, including the digitization of operations, enhancement of patient access, facilitation of seamless doctor-patient interactions, efficient bed allocation, data-driven decision-making through reporting.

Methodology:

Following the Agile methodology, the project embraces collaboration, adaptability, and iterative development. Utilizing one-week sprints, user stories, and continuous feedback loops, the methodology is implemented through Jira, ensuring a dynamic and responsive development process.

Technologies Used:

The project employs a contemporary technology stack, featuring React.js and Redux for the frontend, Node.js and Spring Boot for the backend, and MySQL for secure data storage. The implementation of JWT-based authentication adds a robust layer of security, while Maven streamlines project build and dependency management.

User Modules:

Tailoring the system to diverse end-users, including patients, doctors, administrators, receptionists, and accountants, each module is designed to cater to specific roles and responsibilities. This approach ensures a personalized and efficient experience for all stakeholders.

Development Tools:

Primary integrated development environments include IntelliJ IDEA and VS Code, with MySQL Workbench and command line facilitating database management. Google Chrome is utilized for testing purposes, while Postman aids in API testing during development.

Conclusion:

The Hospital Management System project marks a significant stride towards the modernization of healthcare administration. By embracing Agile methodologies and leveraging cutting-edge technologies, the system promises to address challenges in hospital management comprehensively, making it a transformative force in the realm of healthcare administration.

1. INTRODUCTION

This web-based "Hospital Management System" project aims to bring the fundamental concepts of healthcare management into a digital framework. This system empowers users to efficiently manage patient, doctor, and administrative information, while also offering appointment booking, billing, and ward bed management capabilities.

The Hospital Management System simplifies the daily operations of healthcare institutions by providing a user-friendly interface for patients, doctors, and administrators. Patients can easily access and navigate the system to make appointments with their preferred doctors all from the comfort of their homes.

The system offers a comprehensive suite of features, allowing patients to search for available doctors, view their profiles, and schedule appointments on convenient dates and times. Furthermore, it maintains a patient's medical history, making it readily accessible for doctors during consultations and treatment.

Hospital administrators can utilize the system to efficiently manage administrative tasks. Accounts department can utilize the system for generation of bill and daily reports. Additionally, the system provides real-time updates on bed availability, enabling efficient management of ward beds and ensuring that patients are promptly accommodated.

The Hospital Management System is designed to enhance the healthcare experience for patients, doctors, administrators and accountants. It simplifies the processes involved in managing a hospital, from appointment booking and billing to patient care and bed management. By implementing this digital solution, healthcare institutions can achieve greater efficiency and an enhanced patient experience.

1.1 Problem Statement

One of the biggest challenges faced by healthcare institutes is managing their resources efficiently. Handling patient information, appointments, billing, bed allocation manually can be error-prone. With unified and digital system these inefficiencies can be overcome and quality of care provided can be improved.

1.2 Scope

The Hospital Management System is designed to cover a wide range of healthcare management processes, including patient management, appointment scheduling, billing, and bed allocation. It caters to patients, doctors, administrators, and accounts departments.

1.3 End User

- Patient
- Doctor
- Administrator
- Receptionist
- Accountant

1.4 Objectives

- Streamline and digitize hospital operations.
- Enhance patient access and experience.
- Provide doctors with easy access to patient information.
- Efficiently manage bed allocation.
- Generate daily reports for decision-making.
- Accurately calculate and generate bills for patients.
- Enhance the overall efficiency and effectiveness of healthcare management.

2. METHODOLOGY

SDLC (Software Development Life Cycle) is also called as Software Development Process. It is a well-defined, structured sequence of stages in software engineering to develop the intended software product.

Agile is one of the models of SDLC.

Overview of Agile principles and values:

- Emphasis on collaboration, adaptability, and customer satisfaction.
- Iterative development and continuous improvement.

Agile methodology used: Scrum

Application of Agile in the project:

- Use of one-week sprints for incremental development.
- User stories and product backlog management in Jira.
- Daily Scrum for communication and issue resolution, lasting for about 15 minutes
- Sprint Review at the end of every sprint, an event to demo what has been achieved.
- Sprint Retrospective after sprint review, to plan what to take into next sprint session.

3. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE:

Technologies used:

- Frontend: React.js with Redux for state management.
- **Backend:** Node.js for the login and sign-up modules, Spring Boot with Spring Data JPA for all the remaining modules.
- **Database:** MySQL for secure storage of structured data.
- Authentication: JWT-based authentication for secure user access.
- Image Storage: Storing images as blobs in MySQL for seamless integration.
- Version Control System: Git.
- **Build and Dependency Management:** Maven for project build and dependency management.
- **Java Development Kit (JDK):** Oracle Open JDK 21.0.2 for Java development.

OTP (One-Time-Password) based forgot password:

When users encounter difficulty accessing their accounts, they can initiate the password recovery process by clicking on the "Forget Password" option.

Subsequently, an OTP (One-Time Password) is automatically sent to their registered email address. This OTP serves as a secure and time-sensitive authentication mechanism.

Upon receiving the OTP, users can enter it into the system, verifying their identity. This additional layer of security ensures that only authorized users can reset their passwords. Once the OTP is successfully validated, users are granted access to reset their password, providing them with a seamless and user-friendly method to regain account access.

Input Validation and Email Notifications:

Ensuring the integrity and accuracy of data within our Hospital Management System is a priority, and to achieve this, we've implemented robust input validation

mechanisms. Regular expression validations have been applied to most input fields, safeguarding against erroneous data entry and enhancing the overall reliability of the system. This not only prevents unintended errors but also contributes to a seamless user experience by guiding users to input data in the correct format.

In addition to input validations, we've implemented a feature that enhances communication with our patients. Upon booking an appointment with a doctor, a confirmation email is automatically generated and sent to the patient's registered email address. This email serves as both a confirmation of the appointment details and a helpful reminder for the patient. This feature not only keeps patients informed but also adds a layer of transparency to the appointment booking process, fostering a trusting and communicative relationship between the healthcare provider and the patient.

4. DEVELOPMENT TOOLS:

Integrated Development Environments (IDEs):

- IntelliJ IDEA: Primary IDE for Java-based development.
- VS Code: Used for frontend development with React.js and also for backend development with Node.js.

Database Management:

- MySQL Workbench: Visual tool for database design and administration, provided ease for SELECTING from tables and for generating ER (Entity Relationship) diagram.
- Command Line: Used for direct interaction with the database.

API Testing:

• Postman: Used for testing and validating APIs during development.

Build and Dependency Management:

• Maven: Utilized for project build automation and managing project dependencies.

Browser:

• Google Chrome: Testing and optimizing the web application.

5. REQUIREMENTS

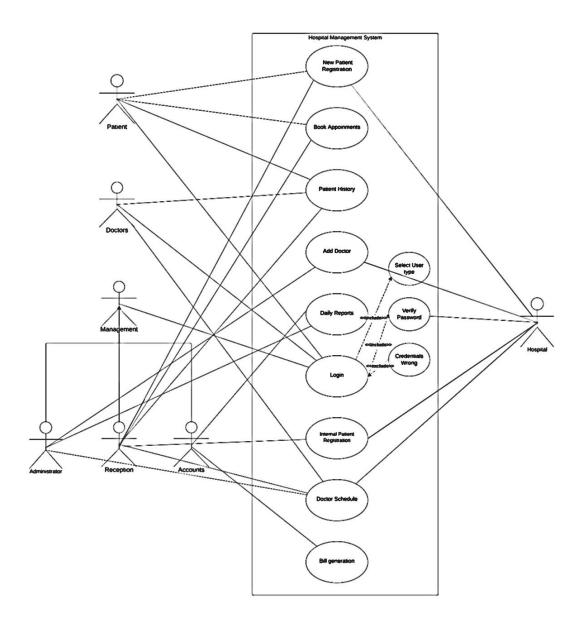


Fig 5.1: Use-Case Diagram.

5.1 Actor - Patient

New Patient Registration – The website allows a patient to register on hospital's system by entering personal information, contact details. This will allow patient to check availability for required doctor.

Book Appointments - The patient can later update or edit his/her profile to book appointments at preferred date and time with the doctor. This feature will enhance their access to medical care.

Patient History – Patients can view their Electronic Health Record (EHR) from ease of their home. They can review past treatments and diagnoses.

Login – Patient can login into their profile securely using their username and password. In case the patient forgets his/her password, then it can be reset by answering security questions set by patient during new patient registration.

5.2 Actor - Doctor

Patient History – Doctor can view Electronic Health Record (EHR) of the patient seeking treatment from that doctor. This will help doctor to make informed decisions regarding treatments to follow.

Doctor Schedule – Doctors can view their schedule on the website for efficient time management. This will aid doctor in providing quality medical care.

Login - Doctor can login into their profile securely using their username and password.

5.3 Actor – Administrator

Add Doctor – Administrator can add doctor into the hospital's system after background verification. Administrators can efficiently manage doctors affiliated to their hospital.

Daily Reports – Administrator can view daily reports on the website to efficiently manage resources of the hospital. These reports will aid in identifying the areas for improvement.

Doctor Schedule - Administrator can view schedule of doctor.

Login - Administrator can login into their profile securely using their username and password.

5.4 Actor – Reception

New Patient Registration – Reception can assist patients to register on the website by collecting their personal information and contact details.

Book Appointments – Reception can interact with patient, check availability of doctor for patient's preferred date and time and fix an appointment.

Patient History – Reception can quickly fetch details of patient's records who are registered on the website. Upon request this information can be made available to patient or doctor from whom the patient is seeking medical treatment.

Doctor Schedule – Reception can check doctor schedule and inform patients regarding availability of doctor in their preferred time slot.

Login - Receptionist can login into their profile securely using their username and password.

The facility of reception will be very useful for the patients who are not well versed in registering and using hospital's website.

5.5 Actor – Accounts

Daily Reports – The accounts department can generate daily reports consisting of billing, payments and other financial and non-financial aspects. These reports will help to maintain transparency in management of hospital.

Bill Generation – Accounts department can generate bill based on medical facilities availed by patients. It also helps keep financial records up to date.

Login - Accountant can login into their profile securely using their username and password.

6. FUNCTIONALITIES

	Patient registration							
1	Demographic	Collect basic patient details, including name, date of						
	Information	birth, gender, address, phone number, and email						
		address. This information is essential for identifying						
		and contacting the patient.						
2	Identification	Record government-issued identification details,						
		such as a driver's license or passport.						
3	Medical History	Capture the patient's medical history, including any						
		pre-existing conditions, allergies, and a brief family						
		medical history. This information is crucial for						
		providing personalized care.						
4	Emergency	Collect contact information for one or more						
	Contacts	emergency contacts in case of critical situations.						
5	Unique Patient ID	Assign a unique patient identifier, such as a Medical						
		Record Number (MRN), to each patient for easy						
		tracking and reference.						
8	Appointment	Integrate appointment scheduling, so patients can						
	Scheduling	immediately schedule an appointment after						
		registration.						

Table 6.1: Patient functionality.

	Appointment Scheduling						
1	User Access	Patient can create account or log in to the system to					
	Control	schedule appointments. This allows for a					
		personalized experience and helps in tracking					
		appointments.					
2	Online Booking	Patients can search for doctors by specialty, location,					
		or name and select a convenient time slot. This					
		information should be presented in an easy-to-					
		navigate interface.					
3	Appointment	After selecting a time slot, patients receive an					
	Confirmation	immediate confirmation.					
4	Doctor's	Doctors should have access to a dashboard that					
	Dashboard	displays their appointment schedule.					
5	Hospital	For patients who are not comfortable using online					
	Reception	booking, hospital reception should be able to					
	Assistance	schedule appointments on their behalf.					
6	Feedback and	After an appointment, patients can provide feedback					
	Ratings	and ratings for the doctor, which can help improve					
		the quality of healthcare services.					

Table 6.2: Appointment functionality.

	Billing and Invoicing				
1	Patient Billing	Collect and maintain patient billing information,			
	Information	including name, address, contact details.			
2	Service	Record the services provided to patients. This			
	Documentation	information is essential for generating accurate bills.			
3	Bill Generation	Automatically generate itemized bills for patients			
		based on the services received.			
4	Reports	The reports can help in financial planning and			
		decision-making.			

Table 6.3: Billing functionality.

	Ward and Bed Management					
1	User Access	Access to the Ward and Bed Management module is				
	Control	limited to authorized staff administrators, and				
		doctors.				
2	Real-Time Bed	Display the real-time status of available beds,				
	Availability	including information on occupancy.				
3	Patient Admission	Register and admit patients, including capturing				
		patient demographics, medical history, and reason for				
		admission.				
4	Bed Allocation	Assign suitable beds to admitted patients based on				
		factors such as medical condition, special				
		requirements.				
6	Ward	Categorize wards or rooms based on factors like				
	Classification	medical specialty, level of care (e.g., intensive care,				
		general care).				

Table 6.4: Ward and Bed functionality.

	Patient Portal				
1 User Registration Patients can create accounts or register for the portal securely, ensuring the privacy and security of their health information.					
3	Visit History	Show a history of appointments and visits.			
4	Appointment Scheduling	Patients can schedule, reschedule, or cancel appointments through the portal.			
5	Billing and Payment	Provide access to billing information, including itemized bills, payment history.			
6	Feedback and Satisfaction Surveys	Collect patient feedback and satisfaction surveys through the portal to improve the quality of healthcare services.			

Table 6.5: Patient portal functionality.

	Doctor and Staff Management							
1	User Access	Access to the system is restricted to authorized						
	Control	personnel. Doctors have secure login credentials to						
		access their profiles and schedules.						
2	Profile	Each staff member has a profile that includes personal						
	Information	details, contact information.						
3	Role-Based Access	Implement role-based access control to restrict or						
		grant access to specific features and patient data based						
		on the staff member's role (e.g., doctor, receptionist,						
		administrator).						
6	Specialties and	Assign doctors to specific specialties and departments						
	Departments	within the hospital to facilitate patient referrals and						
		department-based scheduling.						
7	Staff Search	Search feature is available to quickly find staff						
		members based on their names, roles, or departments.						
9	Emergency	Maintain emergency contact information for each staff						
	Contact Details	member in case of unforeseen events.						

Table 6.6: Doctor functionality.

7. SYSTEM DESIGN

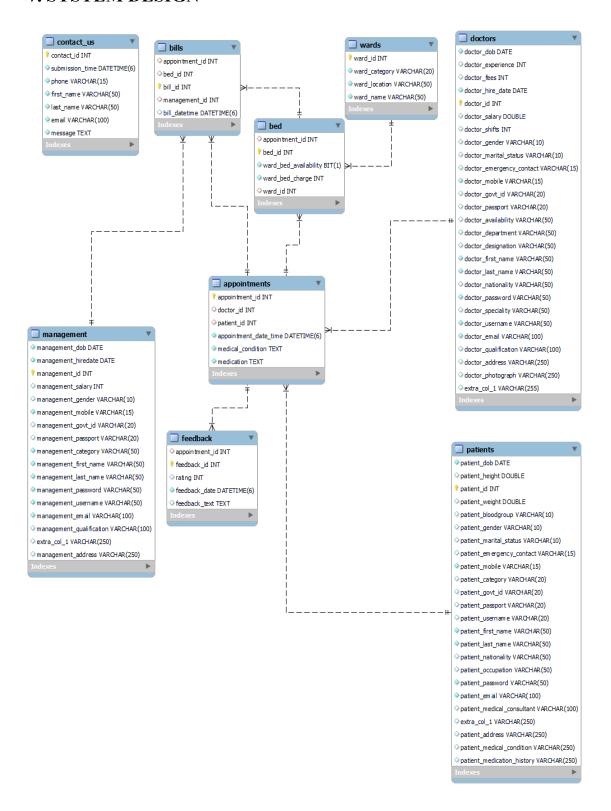


Fig 7.1: ER (Entity Relationship) Diagram.

7.1 Tables from MySQL database.

Fig 7.2: List of tables from the database.

Field	+	Null	 Key	Default	Extra
appointment_id doctor_id patient_id appointment_date_time medical_condition medication	int int int datetime(6) text text	NO YES YES NO NO NO	PRI MUL MUL	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment

Fig 7.3: Description of appointments table.

mysql> DESC bed;	.	L	.	L	
Field	Туре	Null	Кеу	Default	Extra
appointment_id bed_id ward_bed_availability ward_bed_charge ward_id	int int bit(1) int int	YES NO NO NO YES	MUL PRI MUL	NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment
rows in set (0.00 sec)					

Fig 7.4: Description of bed table.

mysql> DESC bills:					
Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
appointment_id bed_id bill_id management_id bill_datetime	int int int int datetime(6)	YES YES NO YES YES	MUL MUL PRI MUL	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment
rows in set (0.00 sec)					

Fig 7.5: Description of bills table.

ysql> DESC contact Field	us, Type	 Null	+ Key	Default	Extra
contact_id submission_time phone first_name last_name email message	int datetime(6) varchar(15) varchar(50) varchar(50) varchar(100) text	NO NO NO NO NO NO	PRI	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment

Fig 7.6: Description of contact us table.

Field	Туре	Null	Кеу	Default	Extra
doctor_dob	date	NO		NULL	
doctor_experience	int	YES		NULL	
doctor_fees	int	YES	l	NULL	
doctor_hire_date	date	NO NO		NULL	
doctor_id	int	NO NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
doctor_salary	double	YES	ļ	NULL	
doctor_shifts	int	YES	ļ	NULL	
doctor_gender_	varchar(10)	YES	ļ	NULL	
doctor_marital_status	varchar(10)	YES	ļ	NULL	
doctor_emergency_contact	varchar(15)	YES	ļ	NULL	
doctor_mobile	varchar(15)	NO		NULL	
doctor_govt_id	varchar(20)	YES	UNI	NULL	
doctor_passport_	varchar(20)	YES	UNI	NULL	
doctor_availability	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
doctor_department	varchar(50)	YES	!	NULL	
loctor_designation	varchar(50)	YES	!	NULL	
loctor_first_name	varchar(50)	NO	!	NULL	
loctor_last_name	varchar(50)	NO	!	NULL	
loctor_nationality	varchar(50)	YES	!	NULL	
loctor_password	varchar(50)	NO	!	NULL	
loctor_speciality	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
loctor_username	varchar(50)	NO	UNI	NULL	
doctor_email	varchar(100)	NO	UNI	NULL	
doctor_qualification	varchar(100)	YES	!	NULL	
doctor_address	varchar(250)	YES		NULL	
extra_col_1	varchar(255)	YES	_	NULL	
doctor_image	longblob	YES		NULL	

Fig 7.7: Description of doctors table.

mysql> DESC feedback;							
Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra		
appointment_id feedback_id rating feedback_date feedback_text	int int int datetime(6) text	YES NO YES NO YES	MUL PRI	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment		
rows in set (0.00 sec)							

Fig 7.8: Description of feedback table.

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
 management_dob	date	NO		NULL	
management_hiredate	date	NO NO		NULL	l
nanagement_id	int	NO NO	PRI	NULL	auto_incremen [.]
management_salary	int	YES		NULL	
management_gender	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	
management_mobile	varchar(15)	NO NO		NULL	
management_govt_id	varchar(20)	YES	UNI	NULL	
management_passport	varchar(20)	YES	UNI	NULL	
management_category	varchar(50)	NO NO		NULL	
management_first_name	varchar(50)	NO		NULL	
management_last_name	varchar(50)	NO	ļ	NULL	
management_password	varchar(50)	NO	ļ	NULL	
management_username	varchar(50)	NO	UNI	NULL	
management_email	varchar(100)	NO	UNI	NULL	
management_qualification	varchar(100)	YES	ļ	NULL	
extra_col_1	varchar(250)	YES		NULL	
management_address	varchar(250)	YES	<u> </u>	NULL	
management_image	longblob	YES		NULL	

Fig 7.9: Description of management table.

Field	Туре	Null	Кеу	Default	Extra
patient_dob	date	NO		NULL	
patient_height	double	YES	İ	NULL	
patient_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
patient_weight	double	YES	İ	NULL	
patient_bloodgroup	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	l
patient_gender .	varchar(10)	YES	ĺ	NULL	
patient_marital_status	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	l
patient_emergency_contact	varchar(15)	YES	İ	NULL	
patient_mobile ^_	varchar(15)	NO	İ	NULL	
patient_category	varchar(20)	YES	İ	NULL	İ
patient_govt_id	varchar(20)	YES	UNI	NULL	
patient_passport	varchar(20)	YES	UNI	NULL	
patient_username	varchar(20)	YES	UNI	NULL	İ
patient_first_name	varchar(50)	NO	İ	NULL	
patient_last_name	varchar(50)	NO	İ	NULL	İ
patient_nationality	varchar(50)	YES	İ	NULL	İ
patient_occupation	varchar(50)	YES	İ	NULL	İ
patient_password	varchar(50)	NO	İ	NULL	İ
patient_email	varchar(100)	NO	UNI	NULL	İ
patient_medical_consultant	varchar(100)	YES	İ	NULL	İ
extra_col_1	varchar(250)	YES	İ	NULL	İ
patient_address	varchar(250)	YES	i	NULL	
patient_medical_condition	varchar(250)	YES	i	NULL	
patient_medication_history	varchar(250)	YES		NULL	
patient_image	longblob ´	YES		NULL	

Fig 7.10: Description of patients table.

mysql> DESC wards;							
Field	Туре	Null	Кеу	Default	Extra		
ward_id ward_category ward_location ward_name	int varchar(20) varchar(50) varchar(50)	NO NO NO NO	PRI	NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment		
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)							

Fig 7.11: Description of wards table.

8. SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION

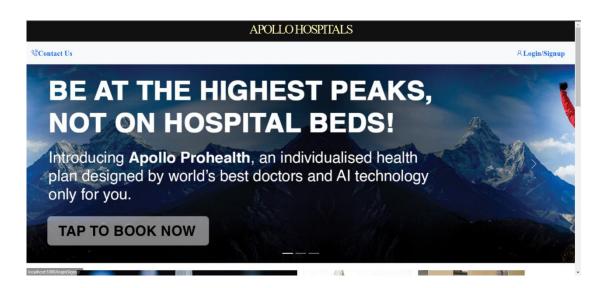


Fig 8.1: Home screen.

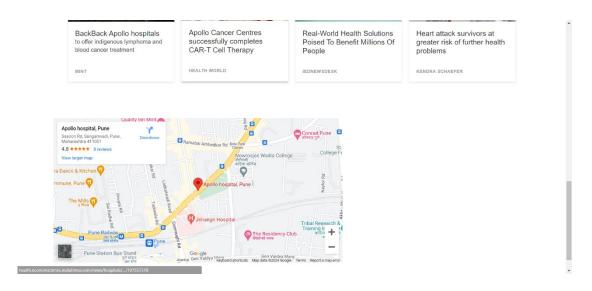


Fig 8.2: Home screen with map API.

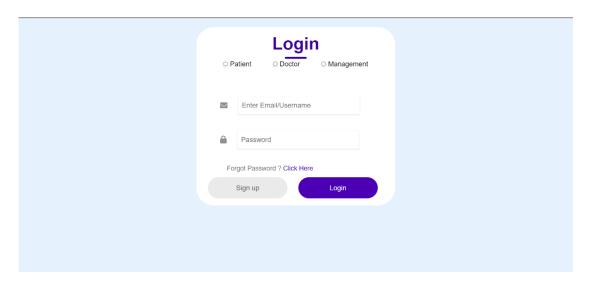


Fig 8.3: Login screen.

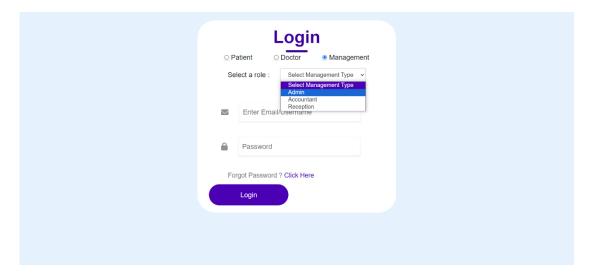


Fig 8.4: Login screen with management role selected.

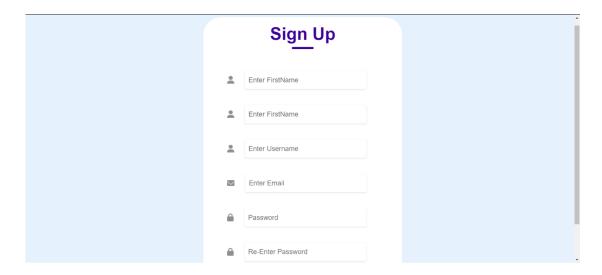


Fig 8.5: Sign-up screen.

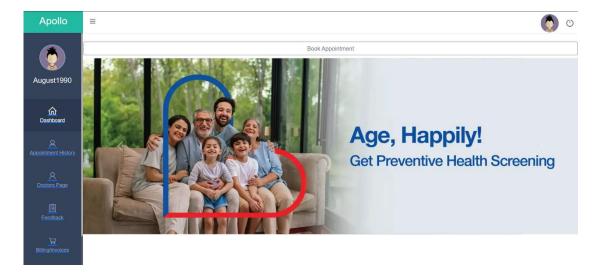


Fig 8.6: Patient dashboard.

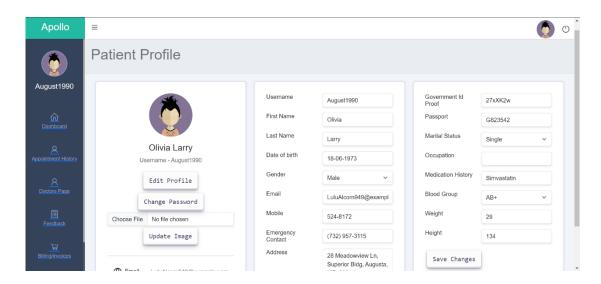


Fig 8.7: Patient profile.

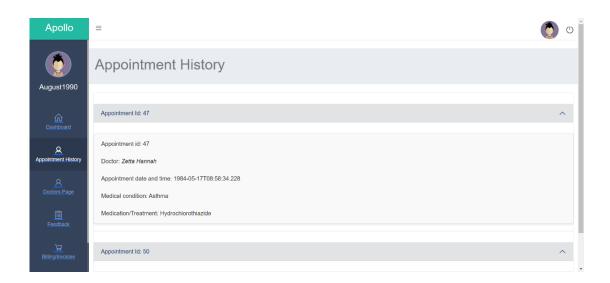


Fig 8.8: Patient appointment history.

9. CONCLUSION

In wrapping up our Hospital Management System journey, it's clear that we've created something pretty special. Our goal was to make hospital processes smoother, give patients more control, and help healthcare providers do their jobs better. Let's take a quick look at what we've achieved.

Making Things Easier:

We successfully brought the hospital into the digital age. Imagine checking into the hospital just as easily as ordering food online. That's the kind of simplicity we aimed for, and we made it happen.

Better for Patients:

We designed a patient portal that's like a personal health assistant. Patients can book appointments, check medical records, and even handle bills online. It's all about putting people in charge of their health journey.

Helping Doctors Help You:

Doctors now have quick access to your medical history. This isn't just about making their jobs easier; it's about providing better and faster care to patients like you.

No More Bed Hassles:

Our bed management system ensures that there's always a bed when you need one. It's like having a smart system that knows where beds are available and makes sure you get one without any fuss.

Smart Decision-Making:

Hospital leaders can now make smarter decisions with the daily reports we generate. It's like having a dashboard that helps them see what's working well and what needs improvement.

Clear and Fair Bills:

The billing system is now crystal clear. No more surprises. Patients can see exactly what they're paying for, making the financial side of healthcare more transparent.

What Worked Well:

Our success story is a team effort. The Agile method we used was like taking small steps and adjusting our path along the way. This way, we could respond quickly to what everyone needed.

Keeping Things Safe:

We also made sure your data is safe and secure. Think of it like a lock and key – only you and your healthcare team can access your information.

In a nutshell, our Hospital Management System isn't just about technology; it's about making healthcare better for everyone involved. We're excited about the positive changes it will bring to hospitals and the way people experience healthcare.

10. FUTURE SCOPE

Looking ahead, we have an exciting roadmap for the continuous improvement and expansion of our Hospital Management System. Firstly, we plan to integrate a secure and user-friendly payment gateway, allowing patients to conveniently settle bills online. This addition not only enhances user experience but also contributes to the overall efficiency of financial transactions within the system.

In terms of technology, we're exploring containerization to enhance scalability and resource efficiency. By encapsulating our application components into containers, we aim to achieve seamless deployment and management, facilitating easier updates and ensuring optimal utilization of resources.

To further enhance accessibility, we envision deploying the system on the AWS cloud platform. This move not only provides scalability but also ensures high availability and reliability, contributing to a more robust and resilient hospital management infrastructure.

Language should never be a barrier to healthcare, and we recognize the importance of inclusivity. Therefore, our future plans include implementing language translation features within the system. This will enable patients and healthcare providers to interact with the system in their preferred language, fostering a more personalized and user-friendly experience.

Additionally, we are committed to making our system accessible to users with diverse visual needs. Incorporating different user interface themes, particularly designed to accommodate color blindness and other vision issues, will ensure that our system is inclusive and usable by a broad spectrum of users. These themes will go beyond aesthetics, creating an interface that is both visually appealing and supportive of varying user needs.

In embracing these future enhancements, we aim to make the Hospital Management System even more versatile, user-friendly, and accessible to a wider audience, reinforcing our commitment to delivering a comprehensive and inclusive healthcare management solution.

11. REFERENCES

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