Cuiceri 4 (Limity a posloupuosti)

posloupuost = soubor protes nijete unozing lingrue uspora dan proty se motion opasount

Alesafica Hi: a: Lain (a: < ain)

wenovotour (oskily) ct

Zola dianidual JKE(12: 41: CL, 2 K

eshova obrahicegy JEER: ti: 9; 5 K

Q: tahi zadan dun'y poslar pursti?

· avituation posloupaose:

an= ao + w-d

d. difference 90. 0-49 then

souch princh in clear:

 $a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_4 = \frac{n}{2} (a_1 + a_n)$

Pr. -5, -3, -1, 1,...

anituation posloupuest s difference + 2

au = -5 + 24

o goometricly poslognuest;

an=ang tj. Eleng 10 sobi idono. fe list q-smit

Pr. dilen - boung

Q: Lif posluppuost zapont? a) uppsolut dago postoup udsti

b) pridpis pro u-ty clea:

Pr. a4 = 2"+1

c) Manuera : + j. 1289 & me; 94-49/4 clemen a cleag pridoloziani

Pr- aut 2 = aut + an (Fiboracci)

a 1 = 1 a2 = 1 0,1,1,2,3,5,...

Q: Otarka honungence?

· Hounding postenparari por u -> too ("volta")

lim an = A A = 12:= (-0, +00)

o Pallin A = ±00 (poelou puose divirgaje.

Cimita vivec wound texistent u sugst,

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Q: Jal limits posloupuosit pocita+?
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (1),(2),(3)
    Near Sun Qu= A a lim bu= B A,BER*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      -> rety o arithertiq
    Posour: (aut bu) = win qut lin bu = A * B (1)
                                      Vin (an ba) = l'a an - lian ba = A 13 (2)
                                    Nom (an) = lim an/lim bh = A (3)
     Pozu. Ugazy unsejí dávat vat. sugst. (walt/it nulou apd.)
    Necletinosame vérazes: +\infty - \infty = \frac{2}{5}

+\infty \cdot 0 = \frac{2}{5}

Prinstanta

+\infty \cdot 0 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 = \frac{2}{5}

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Distant joné : (-1 \cdot 0) \cdot (-1 \cdot 0) \cdot (-1 \cdot 0)

Prinstanta

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Prinstanta

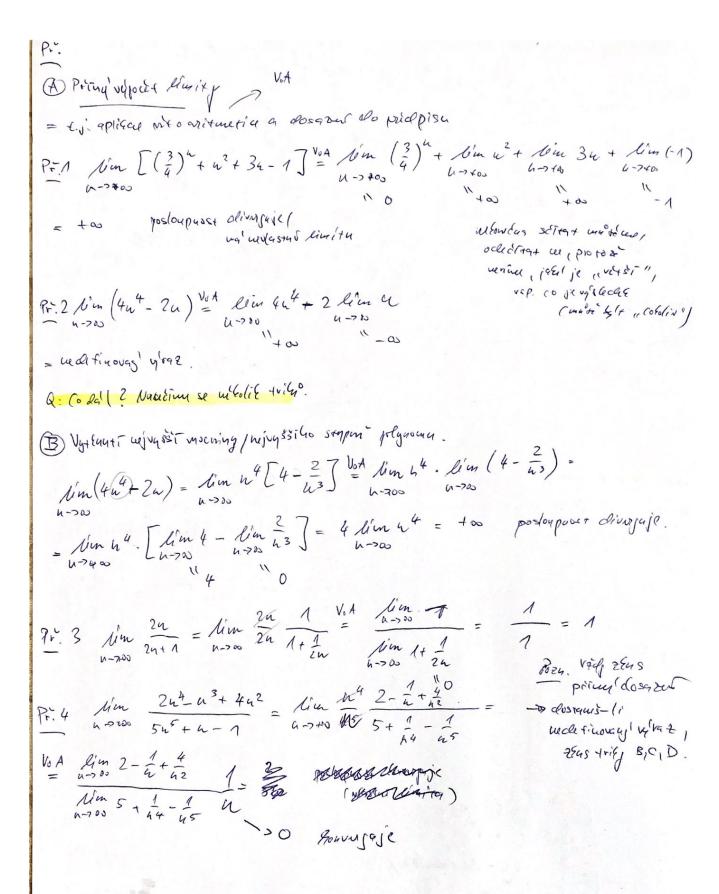
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Distant joné : (-1 \cdot 0) \cdot (-1 \cdot 0) \cdot (-1 \cdot 0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                     Prishod improcessions
     Q: Co se wown bally hodit?
                                                                                                                                                                                                            Vim - = 0
     avitantila " NZOVOP un uponosa ogratio
                                                                                                                                                                                                             lim 3 = +00 (merlaster limites)
      (a+b)2= a2+ 2a4+ b2
                                                                                                                                                                                                       \lim_{n\to\infty} 3^{-N} = \lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{1}{3^n} = \lim_{n\to\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n
      (a2-52) = (a+5)(a-5)
    (a^3-b^3) = (a-b)(a^2+ab+b^2)
    \left(\alpha^{3}+b^{3}\right)=\left(\alpha+b\right)\left(\alpha^{2}-\alpha b+b^{2}\right)
   (a+1)3= a3+3a25+3a52+33 (Binomica Atra)
\lim_{N\to\infty} u = \begin{cases} 0 & |\alpha \leq 0| \\ 1 & |\alpha \leq 0| \end{cases} 
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$$\frac{h'' \cdot 6}{h - 200} \frac{h'' + 4}{h + 1} = \frac{Nu}{h - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u^2(1 + \frac{4}{u^2})}}{u + 1} = \frac{N'u}{h - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u}}{h} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{4}{u^2}}}{1 + \frac{1}{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{u - 2400} \frac{\sqrt{u} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{u}}{\sqrt{u}} = \frac{1}{u} = \frac$$

O VorBrutt exponencia (ni 40 deun o nejvetsim 25/2/adu

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{4 \cdot 3^{n+2} - 4^n}{5 \cdot 4^{n-1} + 20} = \lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{4^n \left(-1 + 4 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n \cdot 3^2\right)}{4^n \left(5 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + \frac{20}{4^n}\right)} =$$

Vod
$$\frac{6 \operatorname{mo} \left[-1 + 36 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right]}{6 \operatorname{mo} \left(\frac{5}{4} + \frac{20}{4n}\right)} = \frac{-1}{(5/4)} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{mostor} \left(\frac{5}{4} + \frac{20}{4n}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{mostor} \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{3}{5}$$

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D Rozsitzer regraza nyrazon s opecajím zvamírbem

drungaje.

Delsi prite(sol):

Pri lim $\frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^{n+1}}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^{n+1}}$ Pri lim $\frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^{n+1}}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^{n+1}}$ Pruvij trig B_1C_1D problemu

pripodne jejich Algoritums: Algoritums:poche pova by probléma, Non Ju (Ju+2 - Ju) (1) Nim Ju2+1 (n2-Ju4-10n+18) (5) $\lim_{N\to +\infty} \int_{h^2+1}^{2} \left(u^2 - \int_{h^4-10n+10}^{4-10n+10} \right)^2 \int_{h^2+1}^{2} \int_{h^4-10n+10}^{4+10n+10} \int_{h^2+1}^{2} \int_{h^4-10n+10}^{4+10n+10} \int_{h^2+10n+10}^{2} \int_{h^4-10n+10}^{4} \int_{h^4-10n+10}^{4}$ 11. [2] 14 4. 10 $= 100 \int_{0.000}^{100} \frac{10^{4} - 10^{4} + 100 - 10}{10^{2} + 100 + 10} =$ $= Nm \frac{10n\sqrt{12}+1 - 12\sqrt{12}+1}{10\sqrt{12}+1} = Nm \frac{10\sqrt{12}+1}{10\sqrt{12}+1} =$