

POSTULATES & THEOREMS

$x + 0 = x$	$x \cdot 1 = x$	identity
$x + y = y + x$	$x \cdot y = y \cdot x$	commutative
$x \cdot (y + z) = x \cdot y + x \cdot z$	$x + (y \cdot z) = (x + y)(x + z)$	distributive
$x + !x = 1$	$x \cdot !x = 0$	
$x + x = x$	$x \cdot x = x$	
$x + 1 = 1$	$x \cdot 0 = 0$	
$(x')' = x$	$(x')' = x$	involution
$x + (y + z) = (x + y) + z$	$x \cdot (y \cdot z) = (x \cdot y) \cdot z$	associative
$(x + y)' = x' \cdot y'$	$(x \cdot y)' = x' + y'$	De Morgan
$x + x \cdot y = x$	$x \cdot (x + y) = x$	absorption

• duality if we exchange $+$ with \cdot and 1 with 0 .

ex prove $x \cdot x = x$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= x \cdot 1 \\
 &= x \cdot (x + !x) \\
 &= x \cdot x + x \cdot !x \\
 &= x \cdot x + 0 \\
 &= x \cdot x
 \end{aligned}$$

SIMPLIFICATION

ex find simpler expression for $f = ab + cd + a + !(!(cd) + a)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= ab + cd + a + cd(!a) && \text{De Morgan} \\
 &= a(1 + b) + cd(1 + !a) && \text{factoring/distributive} \\
 &= a + cd
 \end{aligned}$$