

ROOT MEAN SQUARE

→ useful for calculating DC equivalent for AC voltage/current.

method:

- 1) square $f(x)$ to make everything positive
- 2) find average value under curve
- 3) sqrt to cancel square.



Ex. find rms voltage of $v = 6 \cos(2000\pi t)$

$$v^2 = 36 \cos^2(2000\pi t) \Rightarrow T = 1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}$$

$$v_{eff}(t) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T 36 \cos^2(2000\pi t) dt}$$

$$= \sqrt{10^3 \cdot \frac{36}{2} \int_0^T 1 + \sin(4000\pi t) dt}$$

$$= \sqrt{10^3 \cdot 18 \left(T + \frac{1}{4000\pi} \cos(4000\pi t) \right) \Big|_0^T}$$

$$= \sqrt{10^3 \cdot 18 (10^{-3})} \quad \begin{matrix} 4\pi \\ 1 - 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$= \sqrt{18}$$

$$= 3\sqrt{2}$$