**Interprocess Communication in Distributed Wireless Sensor Network**

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*Abstract*—Wireless Sensor Network (WSN) has been deployed in a wide range of mission critical task from bushfire detection to water quality monitoring. Such system can be abstracted by representing each sensor with one process in computer system. This report proposed an algorithm that utilize inter-process communication mechanism to simulate such communication pattern. The experiment considerable performance improvement and

Keywords-component; Inter-process Communication, openmp, Message Passing Interface, Wireless Sensor Network

# Introduction

Inter-process Communication (IPC) defines a set of mechanism that support data sharing and communication among[1]. It is commonly used in wireless sensor network (WSN) as communication management method. This report aims to explore different IPC approaches to simulate the communication pattern in the network.

Target network is assumed to be a 2-dimensional cartesian grid, where each coordinate represents a sensor (process). An extra process is introduced to simulate base station in network. The simulation consists of multiple iteration, and for each iteration each sensor sends an encrypted message of random number to its neighbor. An encrypted event is to be reported to base station if the sensor receives at least 3 identical number from its neighbor.

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Define abbreviations and acronyms the first time they are used in the text, even after they have been defined in the abstract. Abbreviations such as IEEE, SI, MKS, CGS, sc, dc, and rms do not have to be defined. Do not use abbreviations in the title or heads unless they are unavoidable.

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* Use either SI (MKS) or CGS as primary units. (SI units are encouraged.) English units may be used as secondary units (in parentheses). An exception would be the use of English units as identifiers in trade, such as “3.5-inch disk drive”.
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 

Note that the equation is centered using a center tab stop. Be sure that the symbols in your equation have been defined before or immediately following the equation. Use “(1)”, not “Eq. (1)” or “equation (1)”, except at the beginning of a sentence: “Equation (1) is . . .”

## Some Common Mistakes

* The word “data” is plural, not singular.
* The subscript for the permeability of vacuum **0, and other common scientific constants, is zero with subscript formatting, not a lowercase letter “o”.
* In American English, commas, semi-/colons, periods, question and exclamation marks are located within quotation marks only when a complete thought or name is cited, such as a title or full quotation. When quotation marks are used, instead of a bold or italic typeface, to highlight a word or phrase, punctuation should appear outside of the quotation marks. A parenthetical phrase or statement at the end of a sentence is punctuated outside of the closing parenthesis (like this). (A parenthetical sentence is punctuated within the parentheses.)
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* Do not confuse “imply” and “infer”.
* The prefix “non” is not a word; it should be joined to the word it modifies, usually without a hyphen.
* There is no period after the “et” in the Latin abbreviation “et al.”.
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1. Table Type Styles

| Table Head | Table Column Head | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Table column subhead | Subhead | Subhead |
| copy | More table copya |  |  |

a. Sample of a Table footnote. (Table footnote)

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Please see last page of this document for AN EXAMPLE of a 2-COLUMN Figure.

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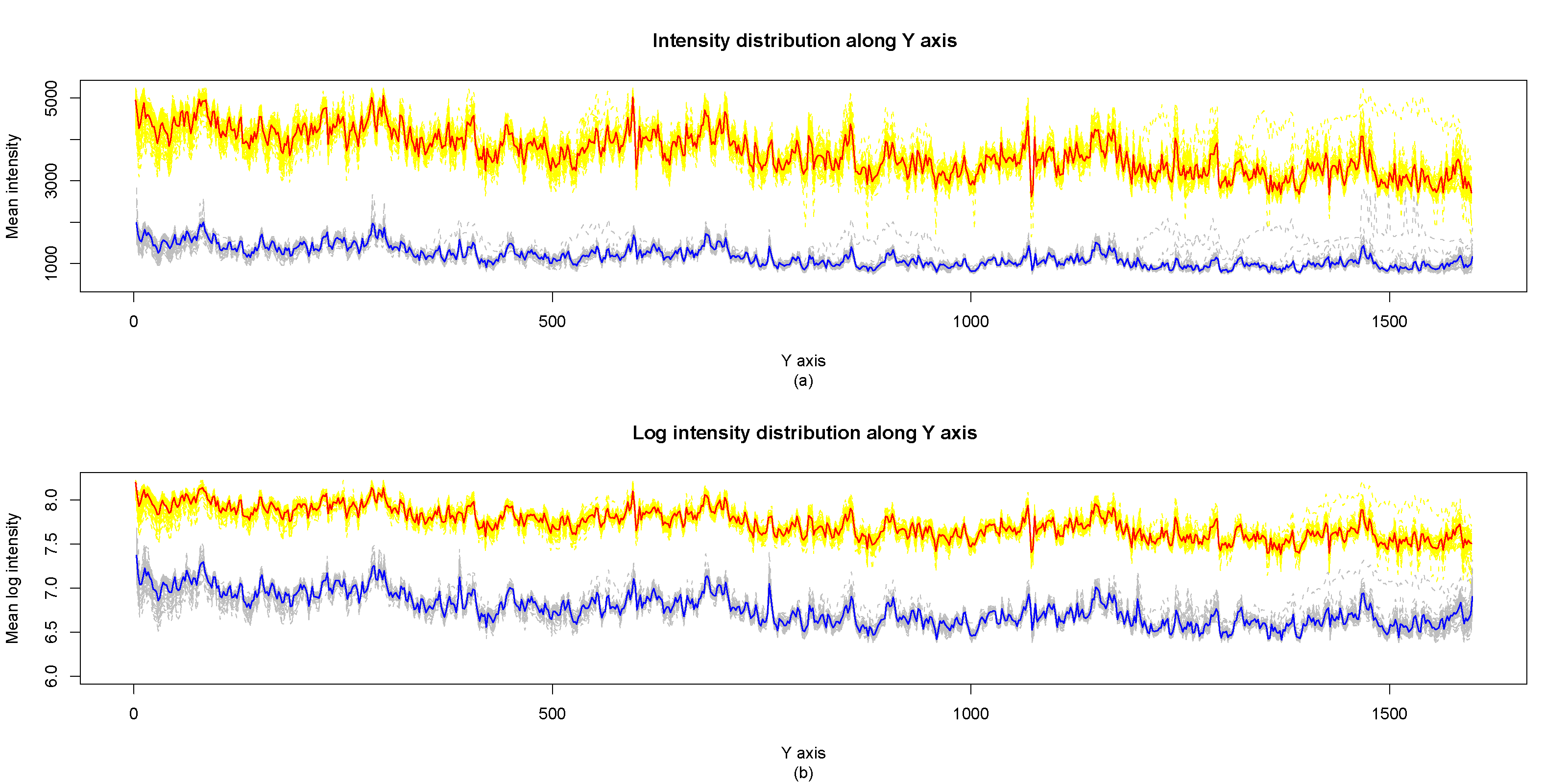
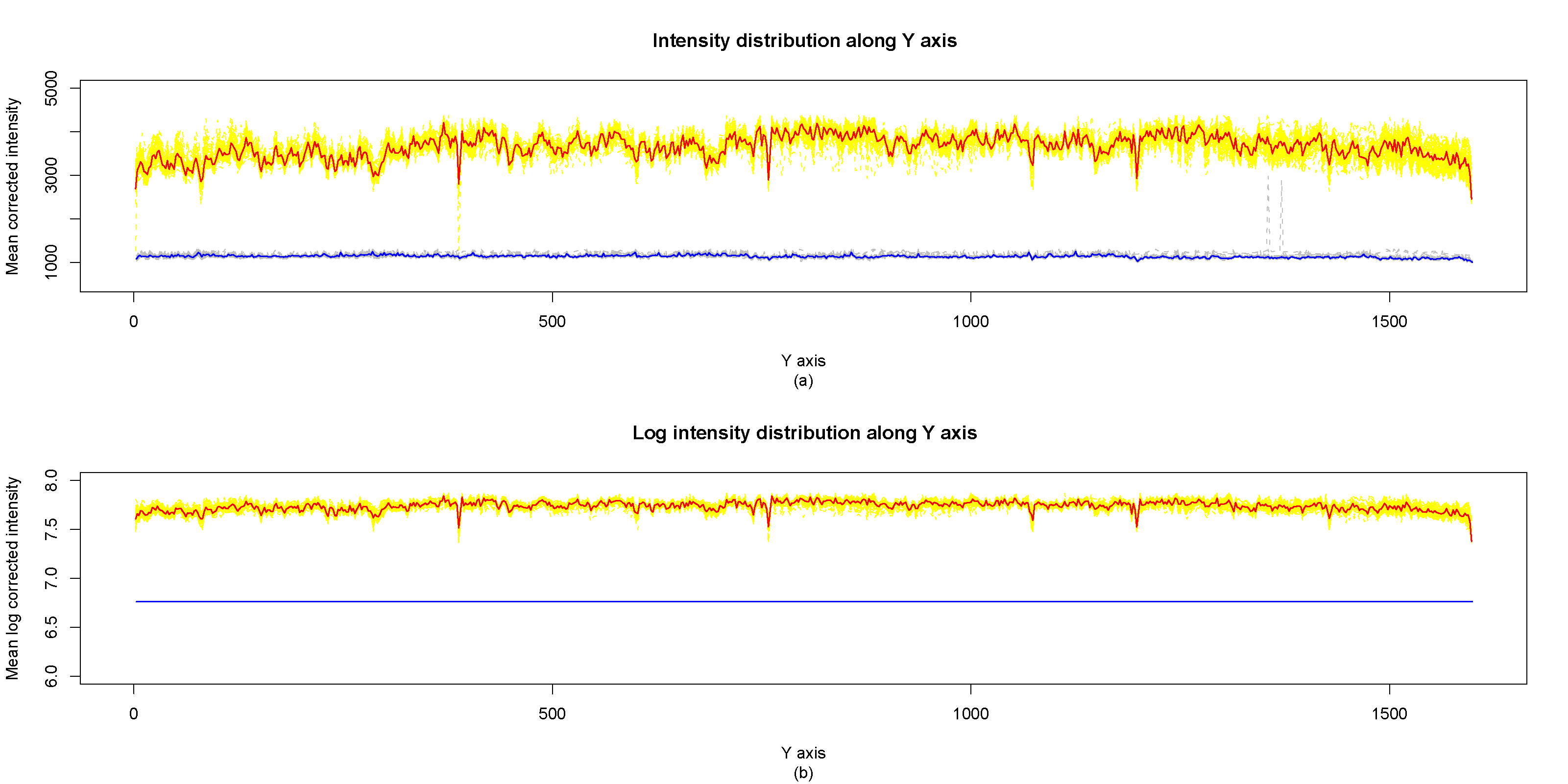
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8. Electronic Publication: Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs):

Article in a journal:

1. D. Kornack and P. Rakic, “Cell Proliferation without Neurogenesis in Adult Primate Neocortex,” Science, vol. 294, Dec. 2001, pp. 2127-2130, doi:10.1126/science.1065467.

Article in a conference proceedings:

1. H. Goto, Y. Hasegawa, and M. Tanaka, “Efficient Scheduling Focusing on the Duality of MPL Representatives,” Proc. IEEE Symp. Computational Intelligence in Scheduling (SCIS 07), IEEE Press, Dec. 2007, pp. 57-64, doi:10.1109/SCIS.2007.357670.

1. Example of a TWO-COLUMN figure caption: (a) this is the format for referencing parts of a figure.