# **Puppet Module Cheat Sheet**

- Modules are directories with a predictable structure.
- Puppet can automatically load manifests, files, and code from modules in its modulepath. Use puppet --configprint modulepath to see where Puppet expects to find modules on your system.

# Example Module: /etc/puppetlabs/puppet/modules/apache

# manifests

This directory holds the module's Puppet code.

- Each .pp file should contain one and only one class or defined type.
- Filenames and class/defined type names are related; see the examples below.
- Within a module, the special \$module\_name variable always contains the module's name.

# apache/manifests/init.pp

```
class apache {
    ...
}
```

Init.pp is special; it should contain a class (or define) with the same name as the module.

#### apache/manifests/vhost.pp

```
define apache::vhost ($port, $docroot) {
   ...
}
```

Other classes (and defines) should be named modulename::filename (without the .pp extension).

#### apache/manifests/config/ssl.pp

```
class apache::config::ssl {
   ...
}
```

Subdirectories add intermediate namespaces.

#### lih

This directory holds Ruby plugins, which can add features to Puppet and Facter.

### apache/lib/puppet/type/apache\_setting.rb

A custom type.

#### apache/lib/puppet/parser/functions/htpasswd.rb

A custom function.

# apache/lib/facter/apache confdir.rb

A custom fact.

#### files

Nodes can download any files in this directory from Puppet's built-in file server.

- Use the source attribute to download file contents from the server.
- Use puppet:/// URIs to specify which file to fetch.
- Files in this directory are served at puppet:///modules/modulename/filename.

#### apache/files/httpd.conf

```
To fetch this file:
file {'/etc/apache2/httpd.conf':
   ensure => file,
   source => 'puppet:///modules/apache/httpd.conf',
```

# apache/files/extra/ssl

Puppet's file server can navigate any subdirectories:

```
file {'/etc/apache2/httpd-ssl.conf':
   ensure => file,
   source => 'puppet:///modules/apache/extra/ssl',
}
```

# templates

This directory holds ERB templates.

- Use the template function to create a string by rendering a template.
- Use the content attribute to fill file contents with a string.
- Template files are referenced as modulename/filename.erb.

#### apache/templates/vhost.erb

To use this template:

```
file {'/etc/apache2/sites-enabled/wordpress.conf':
   ensure => file,
   content => template('apache/vhost.erb'),
}
```