#### FORMWORKS, FRAMEWORKS AND SCAFFOLDING

# A. Footing FORMWORKS

F-1

Get the surface area of each side

a= Length of footing (L) = 1m

b= Width of footing (W) = 1m

t = thickness = 0.3 m

A = Perimeter x Thickness x set

Perimeter = 2(length+width) + 0.2

 $= (2(1+1) +0.2) \times 0.3 \text{ m} \times 6 \text{sets} = 7.56 \text{ m} 2$ 

∨ Name: F-1	Unit: Millimeter
Isolated Footing	~
s	
1000	
1000	]
300	i  i
6	i
0	
udinal Reinforcement	Transverse Reinforcement
0	Diameter: 0
0	Quantity: 0
90 ~	Hook Type: 90 ∨
	Isolated Footing  Isolated Footing  Isolated Footing  Isolated Footing  Isolated Footing

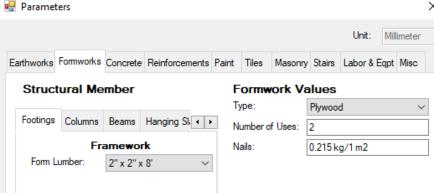
F-2

L = 900, W= 900 T=300

A= (2(0.9+0.9) +0.2) x 0.3 x 5 sets = 5.7 m2

F-3 (L = 800, W=800, T 300)

 $A = (2(0.8+0.8) +0.2) \times 0.3 \times 2 \text{ sets} = 2.04 \text{ m}2$ 



Total surface area of footings = 7.56 m2 + 5.7 m2 + 2.04 m2 = 15.3 m2

No. of pieces of Plywood needed =  $\frac{TOTAL\ surface\ AREA}{AREA\ OF\ PLYWOOD\ "(1.2\ m*2.4m)"} = \frac{15.3}{(1.2*2.4)} = 5.31\ pcs\ X\ 50\%$ 

= 2.66 or 3 pcs always round up if there's a decimal

NOTE:

50% is the number of "uses"

If number of uses is set to 2 in FORMWORKS PARAMETERS, multiply by ½ or 50%

If number of uses is set to 3, multiply by 1/3 or 33.33%

¼ or 25%, 1/5 or 20%, 1/6 or 16.67% ....

Always round up the nearest whole number in terms of pieces

#### B. FRAMEWORKS FOR FOOTINGS.

# F-1 ( SELECTED FOR COMPUTATION SINCE F-1 HAS THE LARGEST AREA= 7.56 m2) Find the total number of Bd.Ft for lumber framework. (SELECTED FORM LUMBER 2" X 2" X 8')

i. For Length (L) which is 1m in this example. (1m + 0.1m = 1.1m) @ 4 sets To get the Bd.Ft for the length:

$$= \frac{4(SELECTED FORM LUMBER * ((L + 0.1) * 3.28)}{12}$$
$$= \frac{4(2 * 2 * (1.1 * 3.28)}{12} = 4.81 bd. ft$$

Note: 2 \* 2 Here is from 2" x 2" x 8' Selected by the user

ii. For Width (W) which is 1m in this example. (1m) @ 4 sets

Note: Use only the width, no need to add 0.1m

$$= \frac{4(SELECTED\ FORM\ LUMBER*\ (W*3.28)}{12}$$
$$= \frac{4(2*2*(1*3.28)}{12} = 4.37\ bd.\ ft$$

iii. In a footing, there are always 4 sides for form work

2 sets of sides are always identical.

First set of sides:

Determine the number of vertical frame

= 
$$(L+0.1)/0.7m + 1$$
  
=  $(1+0.1)/0.7 + 1 = 2.57$  or 3 pcs.

(ALWAYS ROUND UP IF THERE IS A DECIMAL IN THIS PART)

Multiply by 2 (because this is an identical set)

$$= 3 \times 2 = 6 pcs.$$

2<sup>nd</sup> set of sides:

$$= ((W)/0.7m + 1) = ((1)/0.7 + 1) = 2.43$$
 or 3 pcs.

$$= 3 \times 2 = 6 pcs$$

Total number of Pieces = 6+6 = 12 pcs.

To get its length:

If the user selected 2"x 2" =thickness of footing -0.1m

If the user selected 2" x 3" = thickness of footing – 0.15 m

In this case use = 0.3 - 0.1 = 0.2m (since the user selected  $2^{"}x 2^{"}$ )

$$=\frac{12(2*2*(0.2*3.28))}{12}=2.624 bd. ft$$

12 is the number of pcs, but only for this part (vertical frames)

Total number of bd.ft = 4.81 + 4.37 + 2.624 = 11.804 bd. Ft

iv. Solve for the multiplier

Multiplier= (Total bd. Ft /area of the largest footing (F1 =7.56 m2)) Surface area =  $(L+0.1 \times thickness \times 2) + (W \times thickness \times 2)$ 

$$= 11.804 / ((1.1x0.3x2) + (1x0.3x2)) = 9.38 \text{ bd ft } / \text{ m2}$$

Total Board foot (bd.ft) =  $9.38 \times 15.3 = 143.514$  bd ft. x 50% = 71.575 bd. Ft Note:  $15.3 \text{ m}^2$  came from Total surface area of footings computed above from page 1

SELECTED FORM LUMBER UNDER PARAMETERS BY USER: 2" X 2" X 8'

Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{71.757*12}{2*2*8} = 27\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 2"\ x\ 8'$$

Total no of pcs for footings 1 2 and 3 = 27pcs of 2" x2" x 8'

**Summary for Footing Formworks** 

Plywood: 3pcs (P 674.00 /pc) = P 2,022.00

Total number of LUMBER: 2" x 2" x 8' @ 27pcs (P 130.00 /pc) = P 3,510.00

Total Material Cost= 2,022 + 3510 = P 5,532.00

Unit cost = Total Material cost / area of formworks= 5532/15.3 = P 361.568

Labor cost = labor rate\* area of formwork = P 300.00 / m2 \* 15.3 m2 = P 4590.00

## D. FOR TRAPEZOIDAL WALL FOOTING

(FOR REFERENCE ONLY, NOT INCLUDED IN THE TOTAL)

L: 53.25 m

L f-f: 32.7 m

BT: 0.4m

BU: 0.2m

T: 0.2m

A = 
$$(([(c \times L) + 0.2] + (\frac{B_U + B_T}{2} \times T)) \times 2) \times no \text{ of sets.}$$

$$c = \sqrt{\left(\frac{BT - BU}{2}\right)^2 + (T)^2}$$

$$c = \sqrt{\left(\frac{0.4 - 0.2}{2}\right)^2 + (0.2)^2} = 0.2236 \, m$$

A = 
$$(([(0.2236 \times 53.25) + 0.2] + (\frac{0.2+0.4}{2} \times 0.2)) \times 2) \times 1 = 24.3334 \text{ m}$$

No. of pieces of Plywood needed = 
$$\frac{TOTAL \ surface \ AREA}{AREA \ OF \ PLYWOOD \ "(1.2 \ m * 2.4 m)"} = \frac{24.334}{(1.2 * 2.4)} = 8.449 \ pcs \ X \ 50\%$$

= 4.224 or **5 pcs of plywood** 

NOTE: BEFORE COMPUTING THE NO. OF PIECES, ADD ALL THE AREA OF ALL FOOTINGS FIRST (FOOTING, COMBINED FOOTING, TRAPEZOIDAL FOOTING)

For RECTANGULAR WALL FOOTING, no need for form works assuming the trimmed soil is shaped good enough.

5 pcs of plywood (@ 674 per pc) = P 3370.00

GREEN = SELECTED BY USER. (Dependent upon input or selection) ORANGE – CORRESPONDING VALUE

# I. COLUMNS

Note: sets = quantity = QTY

# A. Form work

For Columns 1, 2, and 3 @ 13 sets x 3

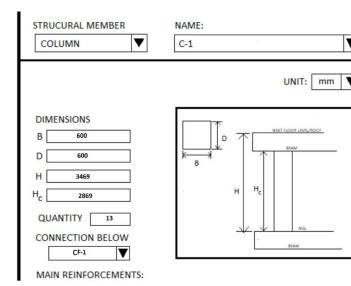
(GROUND FLR)

H1: 3469 mm B: 600 mm D: 600 mm

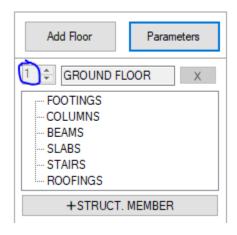
Perimeter = 2(b+d) + 0.2 = 2(0.6 + 0.6) + 0.2 = 2.6 m

A= Perimeter x height x sets

AREA = 2.6 x 3.469 x 13 sets x 3 columns = **351.75 m2** 



$$\frac{\textit{TOTAL surface AREA}}{\textit{AREA OF PLYWOOD } (1.2\ m\ *\ 2.4m)} = \frac{351.75}{(1.2\ *\ 2.4)} =\ 122.14pcs\ x\ 50\% \ =\ 61.07\ or\ 62pcs$$



Note: Ground floor is always and forever permanently 1 anyways.

# For Columns 1, 2, and 3 @ 13 sets x 3 (C1 C2 AND C3 HAVE SAME INPUTS AND DIMENSIONS)

# (2<sup>ND</sup> FLOOR – 4<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR)

H: 3150 mm

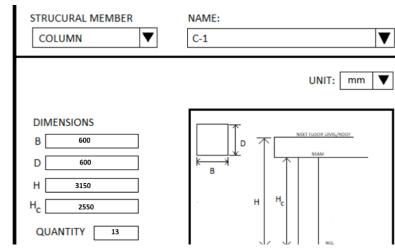
B:600

D:600

Perimeter = 2(b+d) + 0.2 = 2(0.6 + 0.6) + 0.2 = 2.6 m

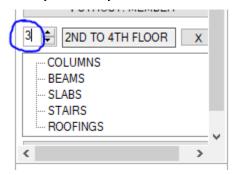
A= Perimeter x height x sets

 $A = 2.6 \times 3.150 \times 13 \text{ sets } \times 3 \text{ columns} = 319.41 \text{ m}^2$ 



$$= \frac{TOTAL \ surface \ AREA}{AREA \ OF \ PLYWOOD \ "(1.2 \ m * 2.4 m)"} = \frac{319.41}{(1.2 * 2.4)} = 110.91 \ pcs \ X \ 50\%$$

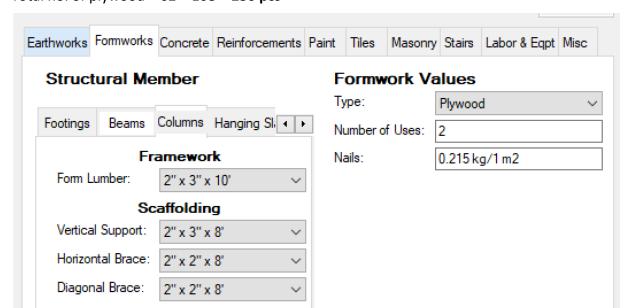
 $= 55.45 \ pcs = 56 \ pcs$ 



= 56 pcs \* 3 floors = 168 pcs.

Area Total =  $351.75 + 319.41 \times 3$  floors =  $1309.98 \text{ m}^2$  (TO BE USED IN TOTAL SQM IN BOQ)

Total no. of plywood = 62 + 168 = 230 pcs



# B. COLUMN (OR POST) FRAMEWORK

From lumber selected by user: 2" x 3" x 10"
Thickness of plywood = BASED ON ALWAYS ½" (FIXED)

Look for the value in the table that matched the category

Size	The state of the s	THICKNESS OF	PLYWOOD FO	RM
of Wood	PC	ST	BE	EAM
Frame	6 mm (1/4")	12 mm (1/2")	6 mm (1/4")	12 mm (1/2"
2" × 2"	29.67	20.33	25.06	18.66
2" x 3"	44.50	30.50	37.60	28.00

Note: disregard the rectangular highlights in this table

# FOR GROUND FLOOR:

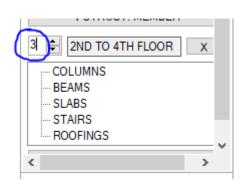
 $= 62 pcs \times 30.50 = 1891 bd. ft.$ 

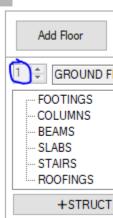
Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{1891*12}{2*3*10} = 378.2\ or\ 379\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 10'$$
  
  $379\ pcs*1\ floor = 379\ pcs$ 

# FOR 2<sup>nd</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> FLOOR:

 $= 56 \text{ pcs } \times 30.50 = 1708 \text{ bd. ft.}$ 

Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{1708*12}{2*3*10} = 341.6\ or\ 342\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 10'$$
  
 $342pcs\ x\ 3\ floors = 1026\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 10'$ 





GREEN = SELECTED BY USER. (Dependent upon input or selection) ORANGE – CORRESPONDING VALUE

#### C. SCAFFOLDING

Lumber	Column			n Beam			
Size	Board	Ft. per M.	Ht.	Board Ft. per M. Ht.		Board Ft	
	Vertical	Hor. Brace Vertical	Vertical	Hor.	Per Sq. M.		
2" x 2"	4.70	21.00	11.70	4.00	4.70	6.10	
2" x 3"	7.00	31.67	17.50	600	7.00	9.10	
2" x 4"	9.35	42.25	23.35	8.00	9.35	12.10	

Note: disregard the rectangular highlights in this table

# FOR GROUND FLOOR

## **VERTICAL SUPPORT**

FORM LUMBER (2" X 3" 8')

= Total column height x value in the table

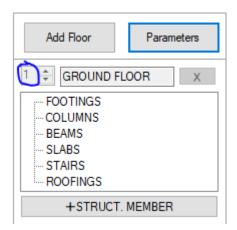
C-1, C-2, C-3 @ 13 sets (GROUND FLR)

H1: 3469 mm B: 600 mm D: 600 mm

Total bd ft = [(3.469) x 3 x 13] x 7 = 947.037 bd. Ft

Pcs of wood =  $\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{947.037*12}{2*3*8} = 236.759 \times 50\% = 118.37\ or\ 119\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 8'$ 

119 pcs x 1 floor = 119 pcs of 2'' x 3'' x 8'



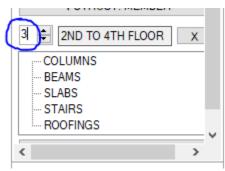
GREEN = SELECTED BY USER. (Dependent upon input or selection) ORANGE - CORRESPONDING VALUE

# C-1, C-2, C-3 @ 13 sets (2<sup>ND</sup> FLOOR – 4<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR)

H: 3150 mm

B:600 D:600

Total bd ft =  $[(3.150) \times 3 \times 13] \times 7 = 859.95$  bd. Ft



Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{859.95*12}{2*3*8} = 214.98 \times 50\% = 107.49\ or\ 108\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 8'$$

= 108 pcs x 3 floors = 324 pcs pcs of 2" x 3" x 8'

# **HORIZONTAL BRACE (2 X 2 X 8)**

C-1, C-2, C-3 @ 13 sets (GROUND FLR)

H1: 3469 mm B: 600 mm D: 600 mm

Total bd ft. =  $[(3.469) \times 3 \times 13] \times 21 = 2841.111$  bd. Ft

Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{2841.111*12}{2*2*8} = 1065.41 \times 50\% = 532.71\ or\ 533\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 2"\ x\ 8'$$

# C-1, C-2, C-3 @ 13 sets (2<sup>ND</sup> FLOOR – 4<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR)

H: 3150 mm

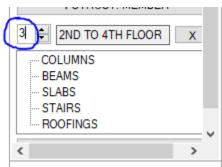
B:600

D:600

Total bd ft. =  $[(3.150) \times 3 \times 13] \times 21 = 2,579.85$  bd. Ft

Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{2,579.85*12}{2*2*8} = 967.44 \times 50\% = 483.72\ or\ 484\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 8'$$

484 pcs x 3 floor = 1452 pcs of 2" x 2" x 8'



# DIAGONAL BRACE (2 X 2 X 8)

# C-1, C-2, C-3 @ 13 sets (GROUND FLR AND FIRST FLOOR)

H1: 3469 mm B: 600 mm D: 600 mm

Total bd ft=  $[(3.469) \times 3 \times 13] \times 11.7 = 1582.9047$  bd. Ft

Pcs of wood =  $\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{1582.9047*12}{2*2*8} = 593.58 \times 50\% = 296.79\ or\ 297\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 2"\ x\ 8'$ 

C-1, C-2, C-3 @ 13 sets (2<sup>ND</sup> FLOOR – 4<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR)

H: 3150 mm

B:600

D:600

Total height=  $[(3.150) \times 3 \times 13] \times 11.7 = 1437.345 \text{ bd. Ft}$ 

Pcs of wood =  $\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{1437.345*12}{2*2*8} = 539 \times 50\% = 269.5\ or\ 270\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 8'$ 

270 pcs x 3 floor = 810*pcs of* 2" x 2" x 8'

# **SUMMARY:**

Plywood: 230 pcs (P 674.00 /pc) = P 155,020.00

2x2x8: 3092 pcs (P 130.00 /pc) = P 401,960.00

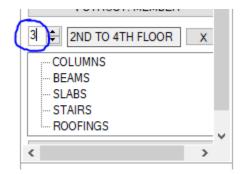
2x3x8: 443 pcs (P 150.00 /pc) = P 66,450.00

2x3x10: 1405 pcs (P 150.00/pc) = P 210,750.00

Total material cost = P 834,180.00

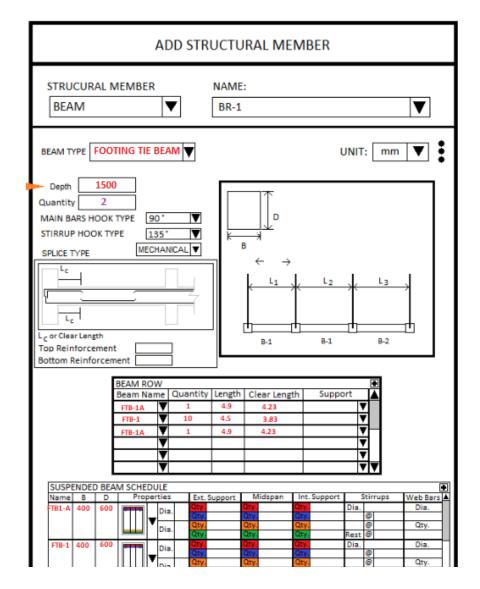
Unit Cost= 834,180.00/1309.98= P 636.79

Labor cost = 1309.98\* 300 = P 392,994.00



## II. Beams / TIE BEAMS

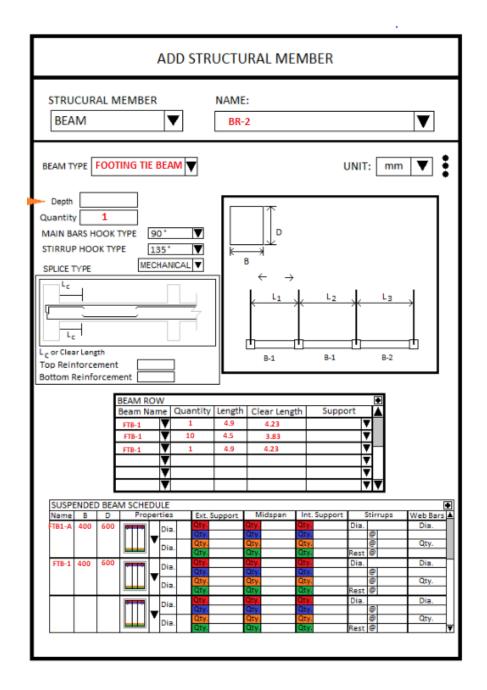
#### A. formwork



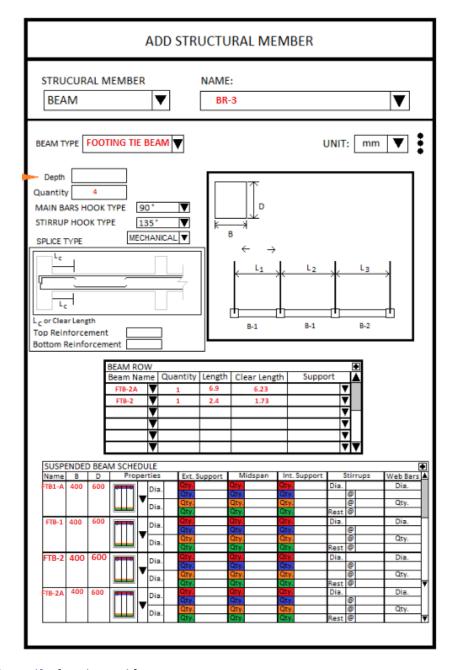
Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

 $= [(2(0.6) + 0.4 + 0.1)] \times [(4.9 \times 1) + (4.5 \times 10) + (4.9 \times 1)] = 93.16 \text{ m2} \times 2 \text{ QTY} = 186.32 \text{ m2}$ 

NOTE: ONLY THE ONES INCLUDED IN THE **BEAM ROW** ARE TO BE COMPUTED. BEAM SCHEDULE IS JUST THE LIST OF BEAMS IN THE PROJECT THAT CAN BE ADDED IN THE BEAM ROW. FOCUS ON WHAT IS INVOLVED IN THE **BEAM ROW**.

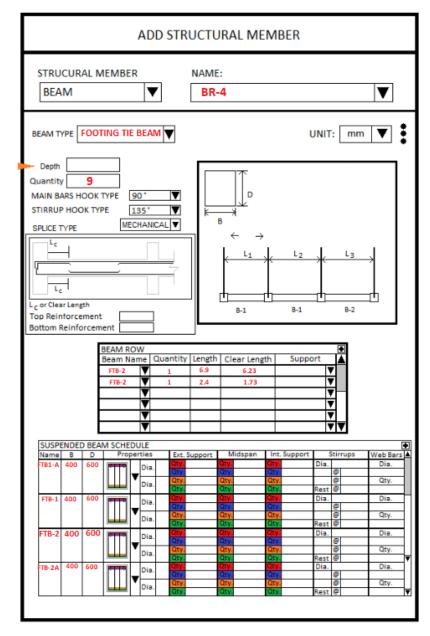


Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ =  $[(2(0.6) + 0.4 + 0.1)] \times [(4.9x1)+(4.5 \times 10)+(4.9 \times 1)] = 93.16 \text{ m2}$ 



Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2(0.6) + 0.4 + 0.1)] \times [(6.9x1) + (2.4 \times 1)] = 15.81 \text{ m2} \times 4 = 63.24 \text{ m2}$ 



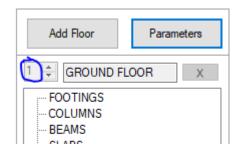
Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

= 
$$[(2(0.6) + 0.4 + 0.1)] \times [(6.9x1) + (2.4 \times 1)] = 15.81 \text{ m} 2 \times 9 = 142.29 \text{ m} 2$$

Total area for Ground floor (Footing tie beam) = 186.32 + 93.16 + 63.24 + 142.29 = 485.01 m2

No. of pieces of formworks needed =  $\frac{TOTAL \ surface \ AREA}{AREA \ OF \ PLYWOOD "(1.2 \ m * 2.4 m)"} = \frac{485.01}{(1.2*2.4)} = 168.406 \ pcs \ X \ 50\%$ 

= 84.203 or 85 pcs x 1 floor = **85 pcs** 

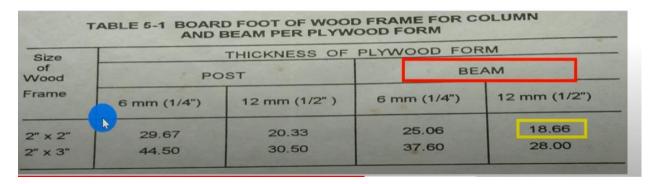


#### B. Framework

Lumber selected: 2" x 3" x 8'

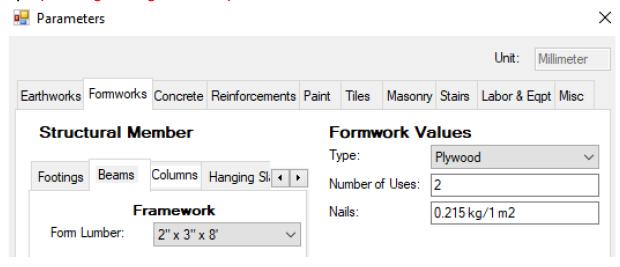
Thickness of formwork: ½ " constant

Look for the value in the table that matched the category



Note: disregard the rectangular highlights in this table

85 pcs (from single floor ground floor ) x 28 = 2380 bd ft.

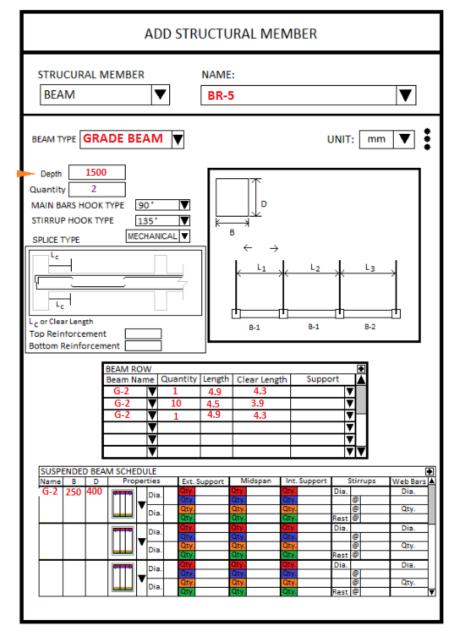


Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{2380*12}{2*3*8} = 595\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 8'$$
  
595  $pcs*1\ FLOOR\ (GROUND\ FLOOR) = 595\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 8'$ 

NO NEED TO COMPUTE FOR SCAFFOLDING, NO SCAFFOLDING FOR FOOTING TIE BEAMS.

GREEN = SELECTED BY USER. (Dependent upon input or selection) ORANGE - CORRESPONDING VALUE

# (Grade beams (2-4th floor))

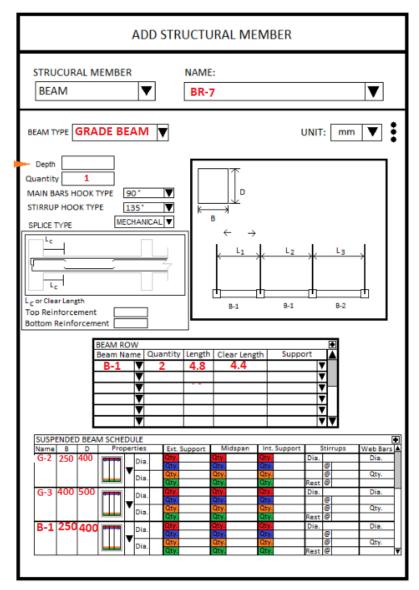


Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2 (0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(4.9x1) + (4.5x10) + (4.9x1)] = 63.02 \text{ m2} \times 2 = 126.04 \text{ m2}$ 

ADD STR	RUCTURAL MEMBER
STRUCURAL MEMBER  BEAM	NAME:  BR-6
BEAM TYPE GRADE BEAM	UNIT: mm 🔻
Depth Quantity 1  MAIN BARS HOOK TYPE 90° ▼  STIRRUP HOOK TYPE 135° ▼  SPLICE TYPE MECHANICAL ▼  L <sub>c</sub> or Clear Length Top Reinforcement Bottom Reinforcement	B-1 B-1 B-2
BEAM ROW Beam Name   Quantity G-3   ▼ 1 G-3   ▼ 10 G-3   ▼ 1	Length   Clear Length   Support   ▲
G-2 250 400 Dia. Oty.	Support   Midspan   Int. Support   Stirrups   Web Bars
Dia. Oty.	Qty.         ⊕           Qty.         ⊕           Qty.         ⊕           Qty.         Rest

Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ =  $[(2(0.5) + 0.4 + 0.1)] \times [(4.9x1) + (4.5x10) + (4.9x1)] = 82.2 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 82.2 \text{ m2}$ 



Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2(0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(4.8x2)] = 11.04 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 11.04 \text{ m2}$ 

	ADD STRU	CTURAL MI	EMBER		
STRUCURAL MEMBER		AME: BR-8			▼
BEAM TYPE GRADE BEA	AM 🔻			UNIT: mn	n 🔻 🚦
	0° ▼ 35° ▼ HANICAL ▼		→ L <sub>2</sub>	L3	<b>→</b>
BEAM ROI Beam Nar B-1	me Quantity Le	ength Clear Len 3.8 3.47	gth Sup	pport A	
	<u> ▼                                    </u>			▼ ▼	
SUSPENDED BEAM SCHEDU Name B D Proper		port Midspan	Int. Suppo	rt Stirrups	₩eb Bars ▲
G-2 250 400	Dia. Oty.	Qty. Qty. Qty.	Qty. Qty.	Dia.	Dia.
G-3 400 500	Dia. Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	Rest @	Dia.
U-5 400 500 V	Dia. Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	Ø @	
	Dia. Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	Rest @	Qty.
B-1 250 400	Dia. Qty.	Qty. Qty.	Qty. Qty. Qty.	Dia.	Dia.
<sub> </sub>	Dia. Qty.	Qty.	Qty. Qty.	Rest @	Qty. ▼

Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ =  $[(2(0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(3.8x2)] = 8.74 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 8.74 \text{m2}$ 

ADD S	TRUCTURAL MEMBER	
STRUCURAL MEMBER  BEAM	NAME: BR-9	▼
BEAM TYPE GRADE BEAM	UNIT: [	mm 🔻 🕯
Depth Quantity 4  MAIN BARS HOOK TYPE 90°  STIRRUP HOOK TYPE 135°  SPLICE TYPE MECHANICAL T  Lc  Lc  Lc or Clear Length  Top Reinforcement  Bottom Reinforcement		L <sub>3</sub>
BEAM ROW Beam Name   Quant G-1C   V   1 G-1B   V   1		
SUSPENDED BEAM SCHEDULE		
	ext. Support Midspan Int. Support Stire	rups Web Bars 🛦
G-2 250 400 Repair Dia 0	ty. Qty. Qty. Dia.	Dia.
I	tv. Otv. Otv.	Qty.
0.0 400 500	ty. Qty. Qty. Rest @	
G-3 400 500 Dia.	ty. Oty. Oty. Dia.	Dia.
	ty. Qty. Qty. @	Qty.
D 4 250 404	ty Qty. Qty. Rest ©	Dia.
B-1 250 400 Pia.	ty. Qty. Qty.	
U Dia.	tty. Qty. Qty. © tty. Qty. Qty. Rest @	Qty.
G-1C 400 600 page Dia 0	ty. Qty. Dia.	Dia.
<del>                            </del>	ty. Qty. Qty. @	Qty.
	tty. Qty. Qty. Rest @	Say.
G-1B 400 600 PT Dia.	ty. Qty. Qty. Dia.	Dia.
Dia.	tty. Qty. Qty.	Qty.
Dia.	ty. Qty. Qty. Rest @	₹

Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ =  $[(2(0.6) + 0.4 + 0.1)] \times [(6.9x1) + (2.4x1)] = 15.81 \text{ m2} \times 4 = 63.24 \text{ m2}$ 

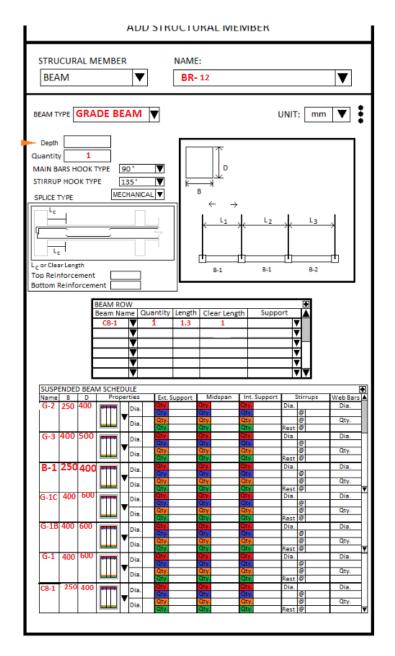
STRUCURAL MEMBER  BEAM		ADD S	TRUCTU	IRAL ME	MBER		
Depth   Quantity   9		MEMBER 🔻					▼
Quantity 9  MAIN BARS HOOK TYPE  STIRRUP HOOK TYPE  SPLICE TYPE  MECHANICAL V  BEAM ROW  BEAM RO	BEAM TYPE GR.	ADE BEAM	]		ι	JNIT: mm	▼:
Beam Name   Quantity   Length   Clear Length   Support   A   G-1   V   1   6.9   6.3   V   V   V   V   V   V   V   V   V	Quantity 9 MAIN BARS HOOK T SPLICE TYPE  Lc Lc Lc or Clear Length Top Reinforcemer	MECHANICAL		← →	<u></u>		<b>*</b>
Name   B		Beam Name   Quan   G-1	6.9	6.3	th Suppo	TT A	
Name   B	SUSPENDED BE	AM SCHEDULE					T.
G-3   400   500	Name B D	Properties	Ext. Support	Midspan	Int. Support		Web Bars
Dia.   Qty.	G-2 250 400	_ Dia.	Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	Día.	Dia.
G-3 400 500     Dia.   Gty			Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	@	Qty.
Dia.   City	G-3 400 500		Otv.	Otv	Oty.		Dia
Dia.   City	0-3 400 50	Dia.	Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	@	
B-1 250 400		Dia.	Qty. Otv	Qty.	Qty.	_	Qty.
G-1C 400 600 Dia.   Cty.   Cty	B-1 25040	O Perrol Dia	Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	Dia.	Dia.
Dia.   City	-  -		Qty. Otv	Qty. Otv.	Qty.		Otv
G-1C 400 600  Dia. Ctv/ Ctv/ Ctv/ Gtv/ Gtv/ Gtv/ Gtv/ Gtv/ Gtv/ Gtv/ G			Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	Rest @	1
Dia.   City   City   City   Rest   ©   City   Cit	G-1C 400 60	O Report	Qty.	Qtv.	Qty.	Dia.	Dia.
G-1B 400 600  Dia. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Dia. Dia.  Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty.  Dia. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty.  Dia. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty.  Dia. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty.  Dia. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty.  Dia. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty. Gty		III II V	Qty.	Qty.	Qty.		Qty.
Dia.   City	0 40 400 500		Qty.	Qty.	Qty.		
Dia.   City	G-18 400 600	Dia.	Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	Dia.	Dia.
G-1 400 600  Dia. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv			Qty.	Qty.	Qty.		Qty.
G-1A 400 600 Dia. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv. Ctv	G-1 400 50		Qty.	Oty.	Qty.		Dia
Dia.   Cty.   Cty.   Se   Cty.   Ct	G-1 400 600	Dia.	Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	@	
G-1A 400 600 Dia. Dia. Cty. Cty. Cty. Dia. Dia. Cty. Cty. Cty. Cty. Cty. Cty. Cty. Cty		V Dia	Qty.	Oty.	Qty.		Qty.
Oty. Qty. Qty. @ Qty. @ Qty.	G-1A 400 600	) NEW 21-	Qty.	Qty.	Qty.		Dia.
			Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	@	
d		Dia.	QTY.	One	Cty.		Qty.

Area =[ (2(d) + b + 0.1)] x [total Length] x QTY = [(2(0.6) + 0.4 + 0.1)] x [(6.9x1)+(2.4x1)] = 15.81 m2 x 9 = **142.29 m2** 

7
7 :
D Bars ▲ ia. ity. ia.

Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

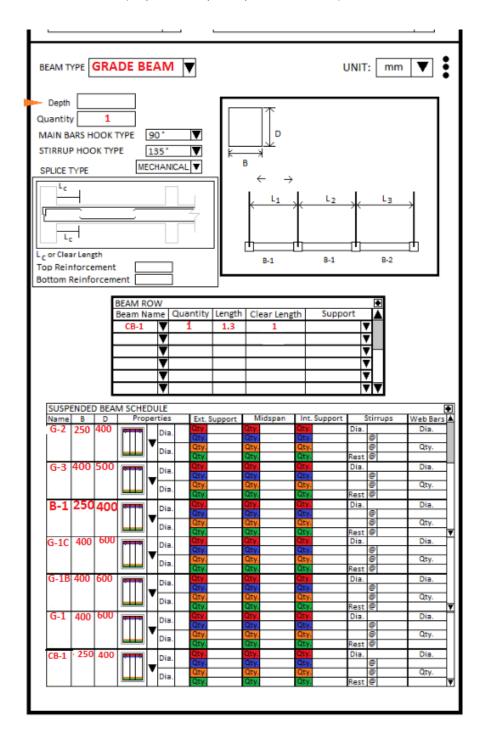
=  $[(2 (0.4) + 0.25 +0.1)] \times [(4.5 \times 10)] = 51.75 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 51.75 \text{ m2}$ 



Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

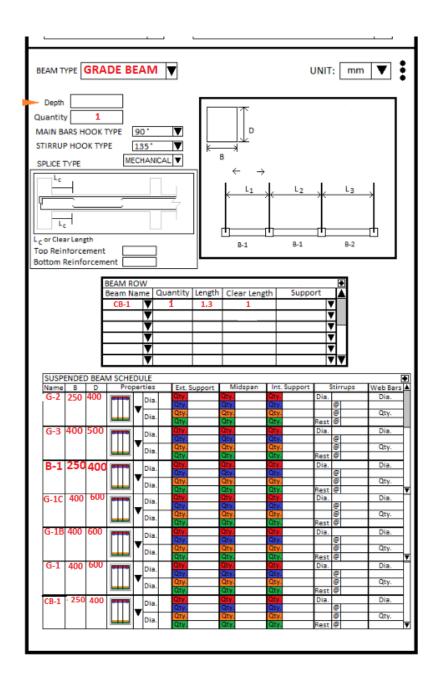
=  $[(2 (0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(1.3x1)] = 1.495 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 1.495 \text{ m2}$ 

GREEN = SELECTED BY USER. (Dependent upon input or selection) ORANGE - CORRESPONDING VALUE

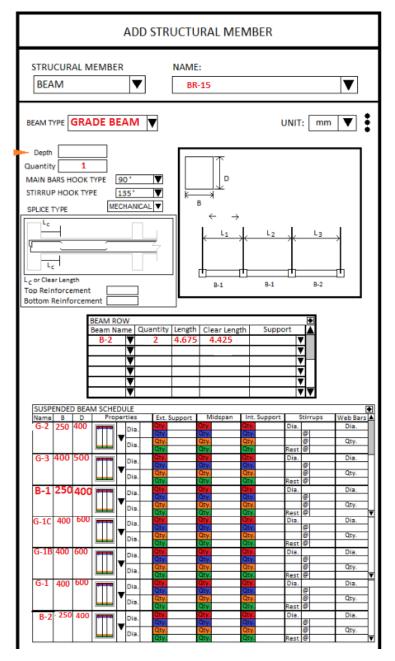


Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2(0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(1.3x1)] = 1.495 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 1.495 \text{ m2}$ 



Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ =  $[(2(0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(1.3x1)] = 1.495 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 1.495 \text{ m2}$ 



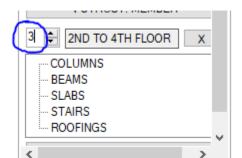
Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2(0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(4.675 \times 2)] = 10.7525 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 10.7525 \text{ m2}$ 

Total area for Grade beams = 126.04 + 82.2 + 11.04 + 8.74 + 63.24 + 142.29 + 51.75 + 1.495 + 1.495 + 10.7525 = 500.5375 m2

No. of pieces of formworks needed =  $\frac{TOTAL \ surface \ AREA}{AREA \ OF \ PLYWOOD \ "(1.2 \ m * 2.4 m)"} = \frac{500.5375}{(1.2*2.4)} = 173.797 \ pcs \ X \ 50\%$ 

=86.89 or 87 pcs of plywood x 3 floors = 261 pcs of plywood

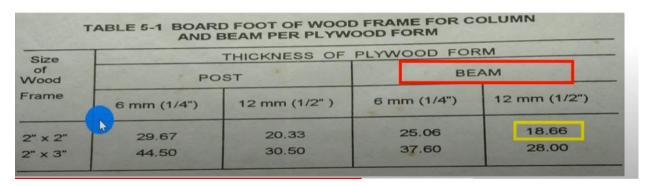


#### C. Framework

Lumber selected: 2" x 3" x 8'

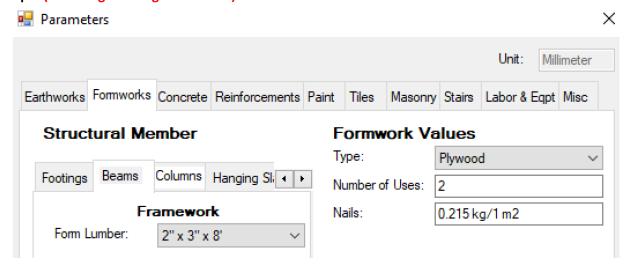
Thickness of formwork: ½ " constant

Look for the value in the table that matched the category



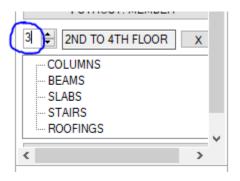
Note: disregard the rectangular highlights in this table

87 pcs (from single floor ground floor) x = 2436 bd ft.



Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{2436*12}{2*3*8} = 609\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 8'$$

609 pcs \* 3 FLOOR (2ND TO 4TH FLR) = 1827  $pcs \ of \ 2" \ x \ 3" \ x \ 8'$ 



GREEN = SELECTED BY USER. (Dependent upon input or selection) ORANGE - CORRESPONDING VALUE

## D. Scaffolding for beams (NO SCAFFOLDING FOR TIE BEAMS!!!)

Lumber	Column			umn Beam			
Size	Board	Ft. per M.	Ht.	Board Ft. per M. Ht.		Board Ft	
	Vertical	Hor.	Brace	Vertical	Hor.	Per Sq. M	
2" x 2"	4.70	21.00	11.70	4.00	4.70	6.10	
2" x 3"	7.00	31.67	17.50	600	7.00	9.10	
2" x 4"	9.35	42.25	23.35	8.00	9.35	12.10	

Note: disregard the rectangular highlights in this table

THERE are two Scaffoldings, VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL.

Find the total height by summing up all the lengths of the beams in that floor.

Area =[ 
$$(2(d) + b + 0.1)$$
] x [total Length] x QTY  
= [ $(2(0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)$ ] x [ $(4.9x1) + (4.5x10) + (4.9x1)$ ]  $\Rightarrow$  63.02 m2 x 2 = 126.04 m2

Total length =  $[(4.9x1)+(4.5x10)+(4.9x1)] \times 2$  set  $+[(4.9x1)+(4.5x10)+(4.9x1)] \times 1$  set  $+[(4.8x2)] \times 1$  set  $+[(6.9x1)+(2.4x1)] \times 4$  sets  $+[(6.9x1)+(2.4x1)] \times 9$  sets  $+[(4.5x10)] \times 1$  set  $+[(1.3x1)] \times 1$  set +[(

Total length = 360.75 m

## Vertical Support (2" x 2" x 8')

- = Total length of beams x value in the table
- = 360.75 x 4 = 1443 bd. ft.

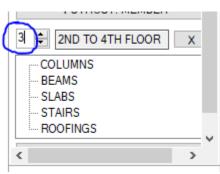
Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{1443*12}{2*2*8} = 541.125\ x\ 50\% = 270.56\ or\ 271\ pcs\ of\ 2x2x8$$
  
271 pcs \* 3 floors = **813** pcs of **2"** x **2"** x **8'**

Horizontal Support (2" x 2" x 8')

= 360.75 m x 4.7 = 1695.525 bd. Ft

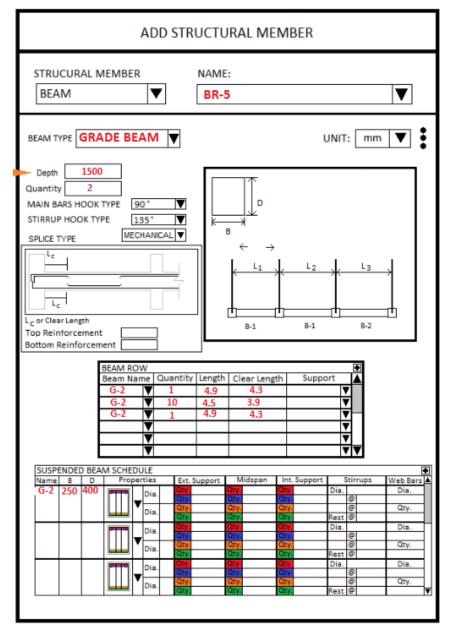
Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{1695.525*12}{2*2*8} = 635.821\ x\ 50\% = 317.91\ or\ 318\ pcs\ of\ 2x2x8$$

318 x 3 floors = 954 pcs 2" x 2"x 8'



# (ROOF BEAM) - Same inputs and given as Grade beams, same illustrations

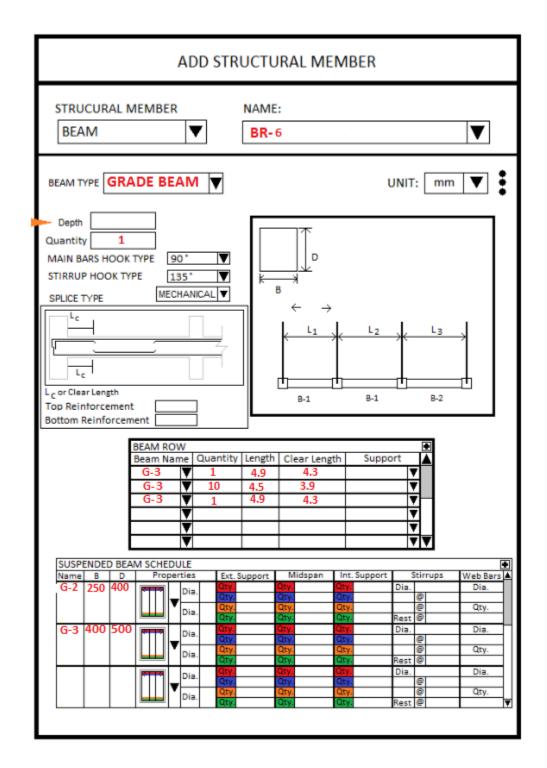
used.



#### **BEAM ROW 16**

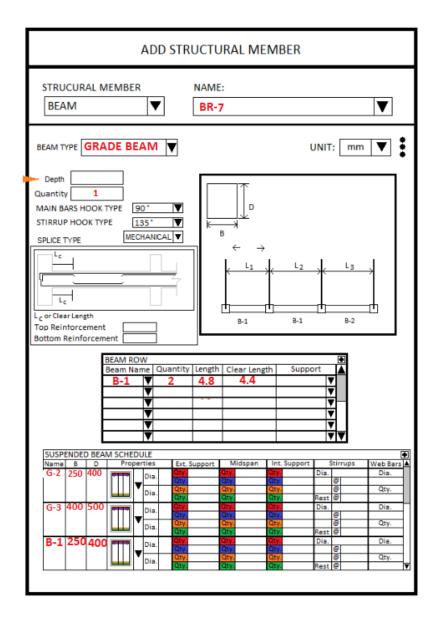
Area =[ (2(d) + b + 0.1)] x [total Length] x QTY

=  $[(2(0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(4.9x1) + (4.5x10) + (4.9x1)] = 63.02 \text{ m2} \times 2 = 126.04 \text{ m2}$ 



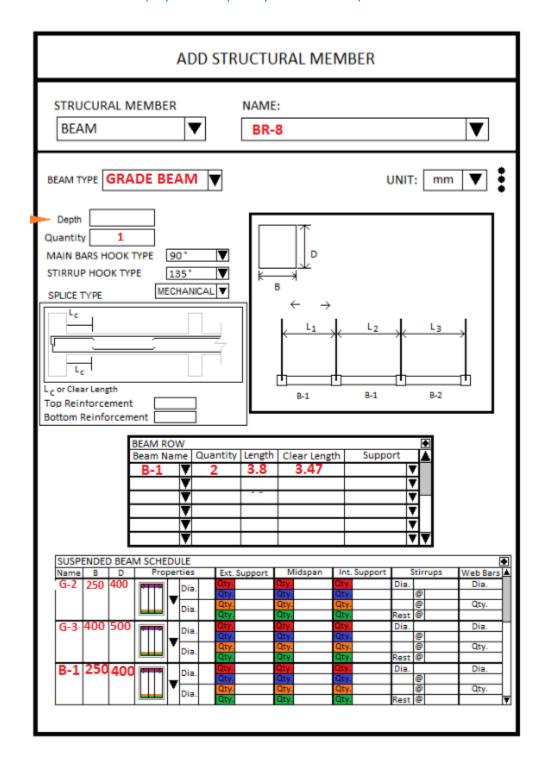
Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2(0.5) + 0.4 + 0.1)] \times [(4.9x1) + (4.5x10) + (4.9x1)] = 82.2 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 82.2 \text{ m2}$ 



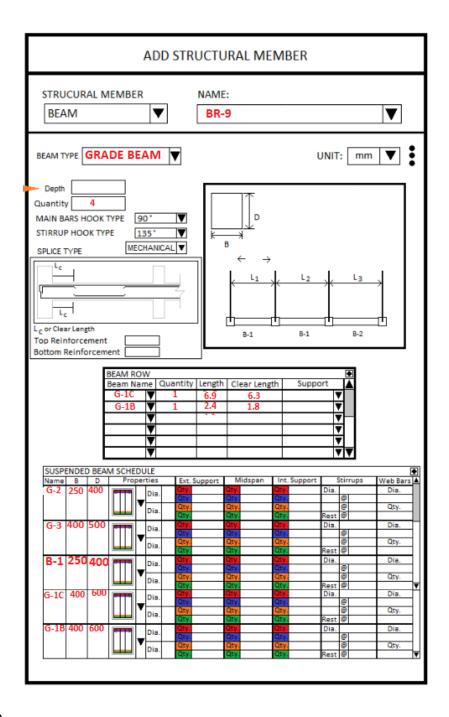
Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2 (0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(4.8x2)] = 11.04 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 11.04 \text{ m2}$ 

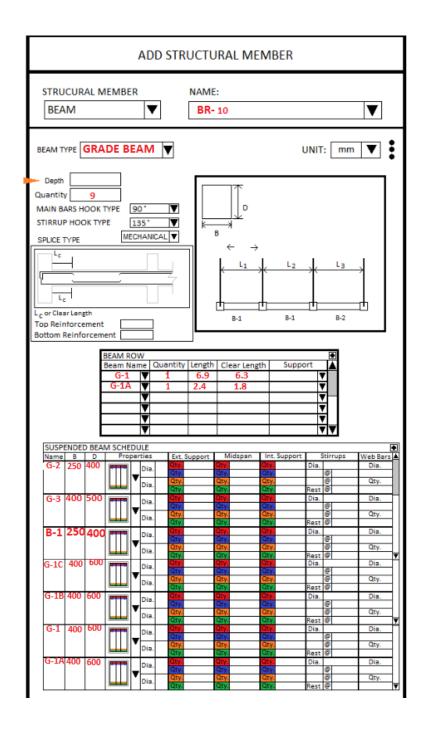


Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2(0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(3.8x2)] = 8.74 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 8.74 \text{m2}$ 

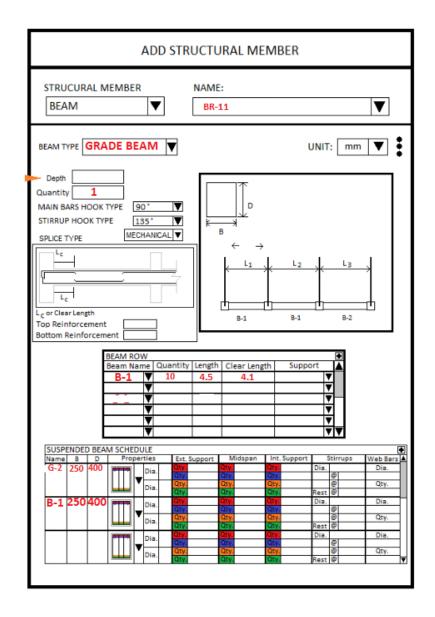


Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ =  $[(2(0.6) + 0.4 + 0.1)] \times [(6.9x1) + (2.4x1)] = 15.81 \text{ m2} \times 4 = 63.24 \text{ m2}$ 



Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

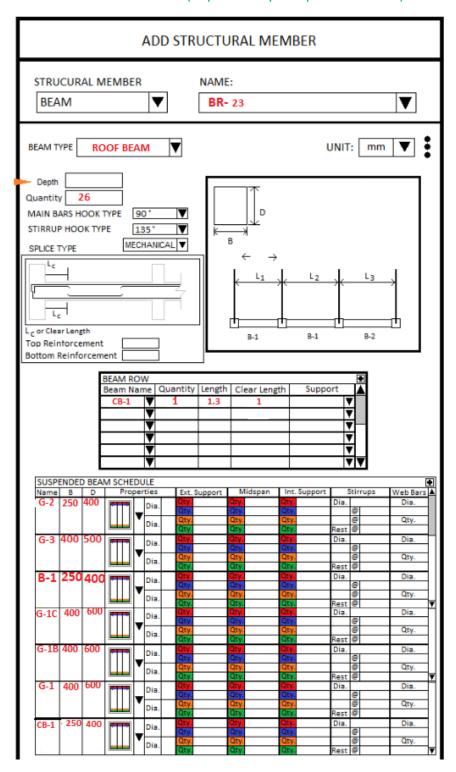
=  $[(2 (0.6) + 0.4 + 0.1)] \times [(6.9x1) + (2.4x1)] = 15.81 \text{ m2} \times 9 = 142.29 \text{ m2}$ 



Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2 (0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(4.5 \times 10)] = 51.75 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 51.75 \text{ m2}$ 

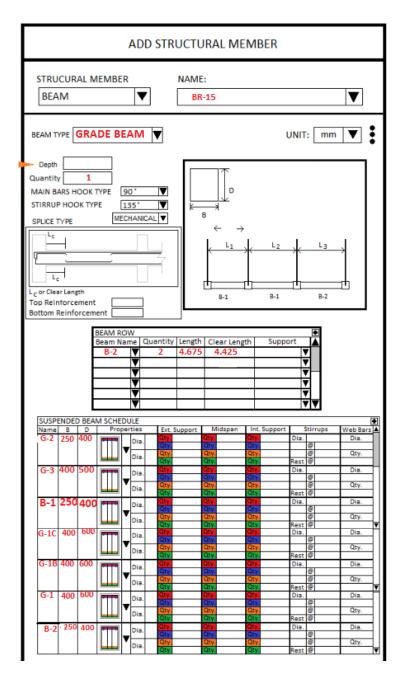
GREEN = SELECTED BY USER. (Dependent upon input or selection) ORANGE - CORRESPONDING VALUE



## **BEAM ROW 23**

Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

=  $[(2 (0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(1.3x1)] = 1.495 \text{ m2} \times 26 = 38.87 \text{ m2}$ 



**BEAM ROW 24** 

Area =  $[(2(d) + b + 0.1)] \times [total Length] \times QTY$ 

= 
$$[(2 (0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)] \times [(4.675 \times 2)] = 10.7525 \text{ m2} \times 1 = 10.7525 \text{ m2}$$

Total area for ROOF beams = 126.04 + 82.2 + 11.04 + 8.74 + 63.24 + 142.29 + 51.75 + 1.495(26) + 10.7525 = 534.9225 m2

No. of pieces of formworks needed = 
$$\frac{TOTAL \ surface \ AREA}{AREA \ OF \ PLYWOOD "(1.2 \ m * 2.4 m)"} = \frac{534.9225}{(1.2*2.4)} = 185.73 \ pcs \ X \ 50\%$$

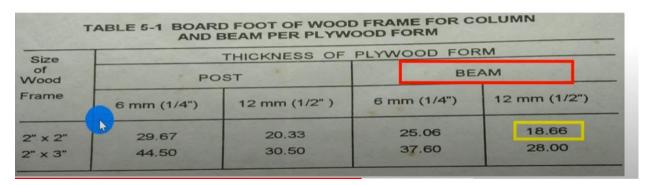
=92.86 or 93 pcs of plywood x 1 roof deck = 93 pcs of plywood

#### E. Framework

Lumber selected: 2" x 3" x 8'

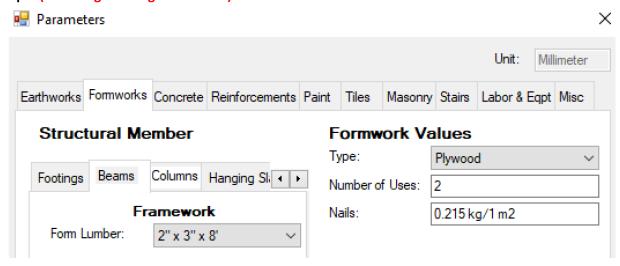
Thickness of formwork: ½ " constant

Look for the value in the table that matched the category



Note: disregard the rectangular highlights in this table

93 pcs (from single floor ground floor ) x 28 = 2604 bd ft.



Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{2604*12}{2*3*8} = 651\ pcs\ of\ 2"\ x\ 3"\ x\ 8'$$
  
651 pcs \*1 FLOOR (ROOF DECK) = 651 pcs of 2" x 3" x 8'

## F. Scaffolding for beams (NO SCAFFOLDING FOR TIE BEAMS!!!)

Lumber	Board Ft. per M. Ht.			Beam Board Ft. per M. Ht.		Flooring Board Ft
Size						
	Vertical	Hor.	Brace	Vertical	Hor.	Per Sq. M
2" x 2"	4.70	21.00	11.70	4.00	4.70	6.10
2" x 3"	7.00	31.67	17.50	600	7.00	9.10
2" x 4"	9.35	42.25	23.35	8.00	9.35	12.10

Note: disregard the rectangular highlights in this table

THERE are two Scaffoldings, VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL.

Find the total height by summing up all the lengths of the beams in that floor.

Area =[ 
$$(2(d) + b + 0.1)$$
] x [total Length] x QTY  
= [ $(2(0.4) + 0.25 + 0.1)$ ] x [ $(4.9x1) + (4.5x10) + (4.9x1)$ ]  $\neq$  63.02 m2 x 2 = 126.04 m2

Total length =  $[(4.9x1)+(4.5x10)+(4.9x1)] \times 2$  set  $+[(4.9x1)+(4.5x10)+(4.9x1)] \times 1$  set  $+[(4.8x2)] \times 1$  set  $+[(3.8x2)] \times 1$  set  $+[(6.9x1)+(2.4x1)] \times 2$  set  $+[(6.9x1)+(2.4x1)] \times 2$  set  $+[(4.5x10)] \times 1$  set +[(4.5

Total length = 391.95 m

## Vertical Support (2" x 2" x 8')

- = Total length of beams x value in the table
- = 391.95 x 4 =1567.8 bd. ft.

Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{1567.8*12}{2*2*8} = 587.925\ x\ 50\% = 293.97\ or\ 294\ pcs\ of\ 2x2x8$$
  
294 pcs \* 1 floor (ROOF DECK) = **294** pcs of **2"** x **2"** x **8'**

## Horizontal Support (2" x 2" x 8')

Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{1842.165*12}{2*2*8} = 690.81\ x\ 50\% = 345.4\ or\ 346\ pcs\ of\ 2x2x8$$

346 x 1 ROOF DECK = **346 pcs 2" x 2"x 8'** 

# **Summary for beam formworks:**

plywood: 85+ 261+ 93 = 438 pcs (P 674.00 /pc) = P 295,212.00

 $2'' \times 2'' \times 8'$ : 813 + 954 + 294 + 346 = **2407** pcs (P 130.00/pc) = P 312,920.00

 $2'' \times 3'' \times 8'$ : 595+1827+651 = 3037 pcs (P 150.00 /pc) = P 455,550.00

Total material cost : **P 1,063,682.00** 

total area: 485.01 + 500.5375(3)+534.9225 = **2521.545 m2** 

Unit cost : P 1,063,682.00 / 2521.545 m2 = **P 421.84** 

Labor cost = 300\* 2521.545 = **P 756,463.5** 

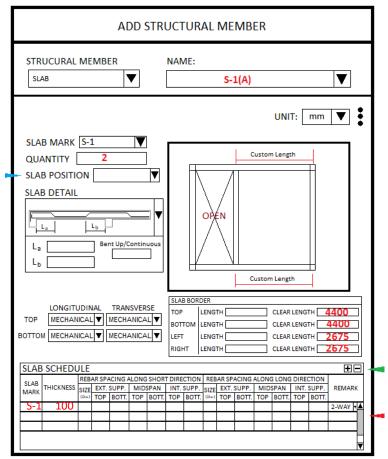
## A. FORMWORK

# Hanging or Suspended Slab (2<sup>nd</sup> floor to 4<sup>th</sup> floor)

**S-1 (A) @ 2 sets** L TOP: 4400mm W LEFT: 2675mm

T: 100mm

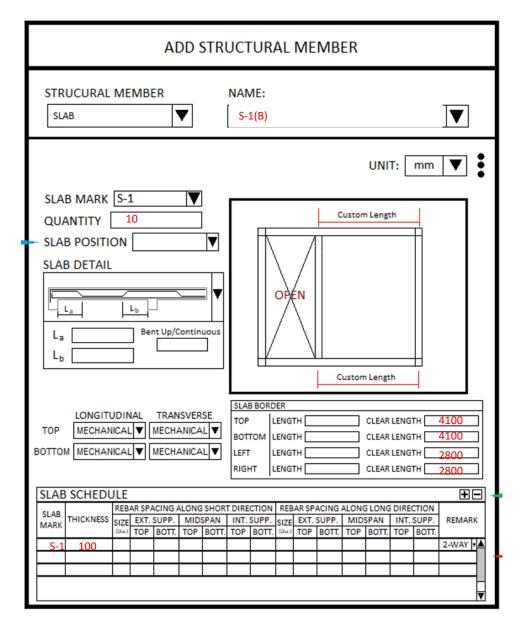
 $A = 4.4 \times 2.675 = 11.77 \text{ m2} \times 2 \text{ qty} = 23.54 \text{ m2}$ 



W LEFT: 2800mm

T: 100mm

 $A = 4.1 \times 2.800 = 11.48 \text{ m} 2 \times 10 = 114.8 \text{ m} 2$ 



W LEFT: 3350mm

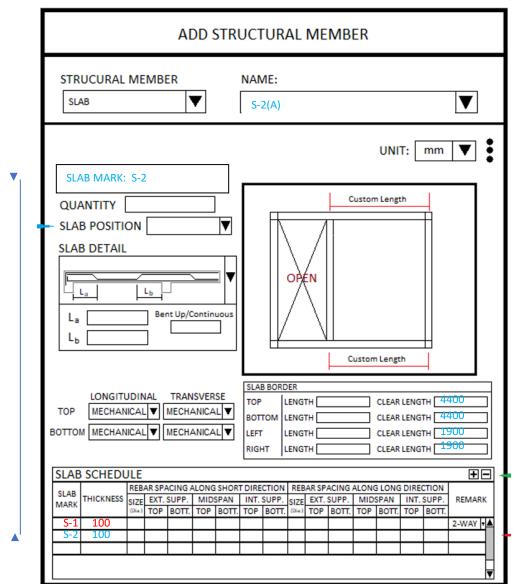
T: 100mm

A= 4.1 x 3.35= 13.735 m2 x 10 = 137.35 m2

S-2 (A) @ 2 SETS L TOP: 4400mm W LEFT: 1900 mm

T: 100mm

Area =  $4.4 \times 1.9 \times 2 \text{ sets} = 16.72 \text{ m2}$ 



## S-2 (A) @ 10 SETS

L TOP: 4100mm W LEFT: 1900 mm

T: 100mm

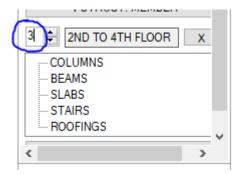
 $A = 4.1 \times 1.9 \times 10 SETS = 77.9 \text{ m}2$ 

## S-3 (A) @ 2 SETS

L TOP: 1250mm W LEFT: 3475mm

T: 100mm

 $V = 1.25 \times 3.475 = 4.34375 \text{ m2} \times 2 = 8.6875 \text{ m2}$ 



TOTAL AREA = 23.54 + 114.8+137.35+ 16.72+77.9+8.6875 = 378.9975 m2 (SINGLE FLOOR ONLY)

No. of pieces of Plywood needed = 
$$\frac{TOTAL \ surface \ AREA}{AREA \ OF \ PLYWOOD \ "(1.2 \ m * 2.4 m)"} = \frac{378.9975}{(1.2 * 2.4)}$$
 131.596 or 132 pcs

No. of uses of formwork is not applicable in slab, do not multiply 50 % (in sus. slab only).

132 pcs x 3 floors = **396 pcs.** 

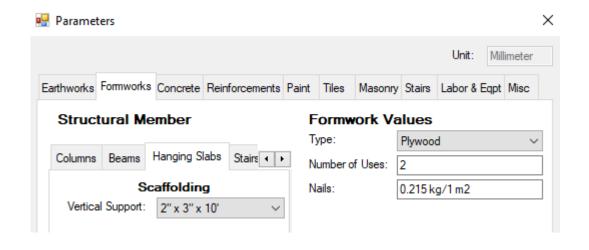
## B. Scaffolding

Form lumber selected by user: 2" x 3" x 10' A= 378.9975 m2 x 9.1 = 3448.87725 bd.ft

$$\frac{3448.87725 * 12}{2 * 3 * 10} = 689.775 \text{ or } 690 \text{ pcs of } 2"x \ 3" :$$

 $690 \ pcs \ X \ 3 \ FLOORS = 2070 \ pcs \ of \ 2"x \ 3" \ x \ 10"$ 

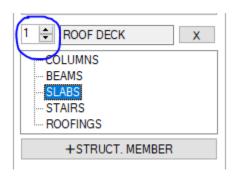


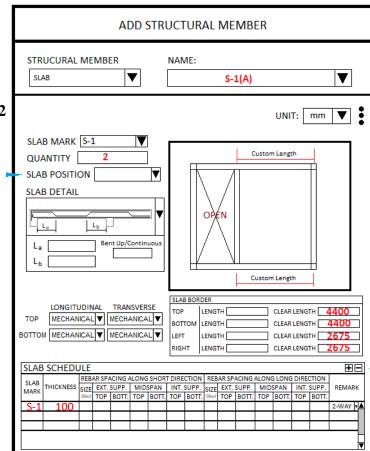


# ROOF DECK S-1 (A) @ 2 SETS

L: 4400 mm W: 2675 mm T: 100mm

 $A = 4.4 \times 2.675 = 11.77 \text{ m2} \times 2 \text{ qty} = 23.54 \text{ m2}$ 





No. of pieces of Plywood needed = 
$$\frac{TOTAL \ surface \ AREA}{AREA \ OF \ PLYWOOD \ "(1.2 \ m * 2.4 m)"} = \frac{23.54}{(1.2 * 2.4)} \ 8.1736 \ or \ 9 \ pcs$$

## **Scaffolding**

Form lumber selected by user: 2" x 3" x 10' A= 23.54 m2 x 9.1 = 211.86 bd.ft

$$\frac{211.86 * 12}{2 * 3 * 10} = 42.372 \, OR \, 43 \, pcs \, of \, 2"x \, 3" \, x10'$$

**TOTAL AREA FOR WHOLE SLAB =** 378.9975(3 FLOORS) +23.54 = 1160.5325

Plywood: 405 pcs (P 674.00 /pc) = P 272,970.00

2x3x10: 2113 pcs (P 150.00 /pc) = P 316,950.00

Total material cost = P 589,920

Unit cost = 589,920/ 1160.5325 = P508.32

# Labor cost = 1160.5325\*300 = P 348,159.75

### **IIV. STAIRS (U-STAIRS)**

\*IN THIS EXAMPLE, U-STAIRS IS USED\*

#### FIRST FLIGHT:

 $L = \sqrt{(RISER\ HEIGHT*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2 + (TREAD\ WIDTH*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2}$ 

FLIGHT 1 LENGTH =  $\sqrt{(150*10)^2 + (225*10)^2} = 2.705 \text{ m}$ 

AREA OF PLYWOOD FOR BOTTOM SUPPORT

 $A = L \times SL STAIR LENGTH = 2.705 \times 1.2 = 3.246 m^2$ 

#### **RISER BOARD**

$$A = (L * (RISER HEIGHT + 0.1)) * 2$$

A = (2.705 \* (0.15 + 0.1)) \* 2 = 1.3525 m2

NOTE: STAIR LENGTH SHOULD BE "STAIR WIDTH" (SW)

#### SECOND FLIGHT:

 $L = \sqrt{(RISER\ HEIGHT*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2 + (TREAD\ WIDTH*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2}$ 

 $FLIGHT\ 2\ LENGTH = \sqrt{(150*7)^2 + (225*7)^2} = 1.892 \approx 1.9m$  (ROUND UP MULTIPLES OF 5)

AREA OF PLYWOOD FOR BOTTOM SUPPORT

 $A = L \times STAIR \ WIDTH \ "SW" = 1.9 \times 1.2 = 2.28 \ m3$ 

#### **RISER BOARD**

$$A = (L * (RISER HEIGHT + 0.1)) * 2$$

$$A = (1.9 * (0.15 + 0.1)) * 2 = 0.95 m2$$

LANDING

STEPS (FIRST FLIGHT) STEPS (2ND FLIGHT)

1200 mm

150 mm

225 mm

150mm

1200 mn

150 mm

STAIR LENGTH:

RISER HEIGHT:

TREAD WIDTH:

WAIST SLAB

THICKNESS:

LANDING WIDTH: GAP:

125 mn LANDING THICKNESS:

A=(SW\*2+GAP)\*LANDING WIDTH + [2\*LANDING WIDTH\*LAND THCK] + [(SL\*2+GAP)\*LAND THCK]

$$A = [((1.2 * 2) + 0.125) * 1.2] + [2 * (1.2 * 0.15)] + ((1.2 * 2) + 0.125) * 0.15) = 3.76875 m2$$

#### STEPS:

A= SW x RISER X (STEPS FIRST FLIGHT + STEPS SECOND FLIGHT) = (1.2 X 0.15) X (10+7) = 3.06 m2

Area total= Add all acquired area (BOLD NUMBERS) X QTY OF STAIRS IN THAT FLOOR

$$Area total = [(3.246 + 1.3525 + 2.28 + 0.95 + 3.76875 + 3.06) \times 1 set = 14.65725 m2$$

No. of pieces of Plywood needed = 
$$\frac{TOTAL \ surface \ AREA}{AREA \ oF \ PLYWOOD \ "(1.2 \ m * 2.4 m)"} = \frac{14.65725}{(1.2*2.4)} = 5.089 \times 50\%$$
  
= 2.54 or  $3pcs * 1 \ floor = 3pcs$ 

## FRAMEWORK FOR STAIRS:

By Default, 2" x 3" x8' is used

#### FOR FRONT SUPPORT BRACING

$$= \frac{\frac{SW}{0.6} \left(LUMBER\ WOOD\ SIZE \times (L \times 3.28)\right)}{12}$$

 $\frac{SW}{0.6} = \frac{1.2}{0.6} = 2$  (ROUND UP TO NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER IF THERE'S A DECIMAL. ALWAYS. E.G 2.38 = 3)

Front wood bracing (FIRST FLIGHT) = 
$$\frac{2(2 \times 3 \times (2.705 \times 3.28))}{12} = 8.8724 \text{ bd. ft}$$

Front wood bracing (SECOND FLIGHT) = 
$$\frac{2(2 \times 3 \times (1.9 \times 3.28))}{12} = 6.23 \text{ bd. ft}$$

Bracing support per steps = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ STEPS\left(LUMBER\ SIZE \times (3.28)\right)}{12} \times \frac{SL}{0.6} (*\ rounded\ off\ value)$$

Bracing support per steps = 
$$\frac{(10+7)(2\times3\times(3.28))}{12}$$
 = 27.88 bd. ft x 2 = 55.76 bd. ft

**NOTE:** 2 is from 
$$\frac{SW}{0.6} = \frac{1.2}{0.6} = 2$$

## FOR BACK SUPPORT BRACING

 $\frac{SW}{0.3} = \frac{1.2}{0.3} = 4$  (ROUND UP TO NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER IF THERE'S A DECIMAL. ALWAYS.)

Back wood bracing (FIRST FLIGHT) = 
$$\frac{4(2\times3\times(2.705\times3.28))}{12} = 17.7448 \ bd.ft$$

Back wood bracing (SECOND FLIGHT) = 
$$\frac{4(2 \times 3 \times (1.9 \times 3.28))}{12} = 12.464 \text{ bd. ft}$$

## **FOR STEPS**

No. of steps: 10+7= 17

SW = 1.2 m

Lumber wood: 2" x 3"

Wood bracing for steps =  $\frac{2(LUMBER\ WOOD\ SIZE \times (SW\ \times 3.28))}{12}$  x no. of steps

Wood bracing for steps =  $\frac{2(2\times3\times(1.2\times3.28))}{12}$  x 17= 66.912 BD Ft.

TOTAL VOLUME FOR STAIRS (FRAMEWORK): (8.8724 + 6.23+55.76+17.7448+12.464+66.912)x 1set = **168.0132 bd. Ft** 

Pcs of wood = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{168.0132*12}{2*3*8} = 42\ x\ 50\% = 21\ pcs\ of\ 2x3x8 * 1\ floor = 21\ pcs$$

### **SCAFFOLDING FOR STAIRS:**

USER SELECTION: 2" X 3" x 8 '

12 bd ft / m (CONSTANT)

= Flight 1 length + SW\*2+ Gap + flight 2 length

= 2.705 + 1.2\*2 + 0.125 + 1.9 = 7.13 m

7.13 m x 12 bd ft/ m = **85.56 bd. Ft x 1 set = 85.56** 

## TOTAL VOLUME OF WOOD FOR STAIRS (SCAFFOLDING):

Pcs of wood =  $\frac{TOTAL\ NUMBER\ OF\ BD.FT*12}{SELECTED\ LUMBER\ FORM} = \frac{85.56*12}{2*3*8} = 21.39\ x\ 50\% = 10.695\ or\ 11\ pcs\ of\ 2x3x8*1\ floor = 11\ pcs$ 

PLYWOOD: = 3 pcs (P 674.00 /pc) = P 2,022.00

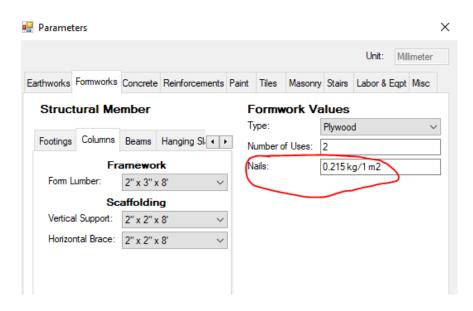
2"x3"x8" = 32 pcs (P 150.00 /pc) = P 4800.00

Total material cost = P 6,822.00

Unit cost = 6,822.00/14.657 = P 465.44

Labor cost = 14.657 \*300 = P 4,397.00

# **FOR NAILS**



KG OF NAILS = TOTAL AREA OF PLYWOOD or PHENOLIC or ECOBOARD \* 0.215

note: 0.215 is inputted by the user in formworks parameters.

ADD ALL AREA OF FORMWORKS= 14.657+1160.5325+2521.545+1309.98+24.334+15.3

= 5046.3485 m2 \* 0.215

= 1084.9649 kg

= 1084.96 kg (@ 150php /kg)

 $= 1084.96 \times 150 php$ 

= PHP 162,744.735

#### \*FOR STRAIGHT STAIRS\*

## (FOR REFERENCE ONLY, NOT INCLUDED IN THE TOTALITY OF THIS EXAMPLE)

- Basically from U -stairs, remove 2nd flight, landing, and gap, you get straight stairs

#### **FLIGHT:**

$$L = \sqrt{(RISER\ HEIGHT*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2 + (TREAD\ WIDTH*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2}$$

FLIGHT 1 LENGTH = 
$$\sqrt{(150 * 10)^2 + (225 * 10)^2} = 2.705m$$

## AREA OF PLYWOOD FOR BOTTOM SUPPORT

$$A = L \times SL STAIR LENGTH = 2.705 \times 1.2 = 3.246 m3$$

## **RISER BOARD**

$$A = (L * (RISER HEIGHT + 0.1)) * 2$$
$$A = (2.705 * (0.15 + 0.1)) * 2 = 1.3525 m2$$

## STEPS:

A= SL x RISER X (no of STEPS) = 
$$(1.2 \times 0.15) \times (10) = 1.8 \text{ m}$$
2

Area total= Add all acquired area (BOLD NUMBERS) X QTY OF STAIRS IN THAT FLOOR

$$Area total = (3.246 + 1.3525 + 1.8) \times 1 = 6.40 \text{ m}^2$$

No. of pieces of Plywood needed = 
$$\frac{TOTAL \ surface \ AREA}{AREA \ OF \ PLYWOOD \ "(1.2 \ m * 2.4 m)"} = \frac{6.40}{(1.2*2.4)} = 2.05 \times 50\%$$
$$= 1.11 \ or \ 2pcs$$

#### FRAMEWORK FOR STRAIGHT STAIRS:

By Default, 2" x 3" is used

#### FOR FRONT SUPPORT BRACING

$$\frac{SL}{0.6} \left( LUMBER WOOD SIZE \times (SL \times 3.28) \right)$$

 $\frac{SL}{0.6} = \frac{1.2}{0.6} = 2$  (ROUND UP TO NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER IF THERE'S A DECIMAL. ALWAYS. E.G 2.38 = 3)

Front wood bracing = 
$$\frac{2(2 \times 3 \times (2.705 \times 3.28))}{12}$$
 = 8.8724 bd. ft

Bracing support per steps = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ STEPS\ \left(LUMBER\ SIZE\times(3.28)\right)}{12} \times \frac{SL}{0.6} (*\ rounded\ off\ value)$$

Bracing support per steps = 
$$\frac{(10)(2\times3\times(3.28))}{12}$$
 = 16.4 bd. ft x 2 = 32.8 bd. ft

## FOR BACK SUPPORT BRACING

 $\frac{SL}{0.3} = \frac{1.2}{0.3} = 4$  (ROUND UP TO NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER IF THERE'S A DECIMAL. ALWAYS.)

Back wood bracing = 
$$\frac{4(2\times3\times(2.705\times3.28))}{12}$$
 = 17.7448 bd. ft

#### **FOR STEPS**

No. of steps: 10

SL = 1.2 m

Lumber wood: 2" x 3"

Wood bracing for steps = 
$$\frac{2(LUMBER\ WOOD\ SIZE\times(SL\times3.28))}{12}$$
 x no. of steps

Wood bracing for steps = 
$$\frac{2(2\times3\times(1.2\times3.28))}{12}$$
 x 10 = 39.36 BD Ft.

#### **SCAFFOLDING FOR STAIRS:**

**USER SELECTION: 2" X 3"** 

12 bd ft / m (CONSTANT)

- = Flight length
- = 2.705

 $2.705 \text{ m} \times 12 \text{ bd ft/m} = 32.46 \text{ bd. Ft}$ 

#### **TOTAL VOLUME OF WOOD FOR STAIRS:**

= (ALL BD. FT. OF SAME LUMBER SIZE) X QTY of stairs

- = 8.8742 + 32.8+17.7448+39.36+32.46
- \* NOTE THAT IN THIS CASE ALL LUMBER SIZE IS 2" x 3".
- = 131.239 bd ft. (2" x 3" lumber size)

# \*FOR L-STAIRS\*

(FOR REFERENCE ONLY, NOT INCLUDED IN THE TOTALITY OF THIS EXAMPLE)

- Basically, from U -stairs, remove the gap and you'll get L-stairs

#### FIRST FLIGHT:

$$L = \sqrt{(RISER\ HEIGHT*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2 + (TREAD\ WIDTH*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2}$$

$$FLIGHT\ 1\ LENGTH = \sqrt{(150*10)^2 + (225*10)^2} = 2.705m$$

AREA OF PLYWOOD FOR BOTTOM SUPPORT

$$A = L \times SW \ STAIR \ WIDTH = 2.705 \times 1.2 = 3.246 \ m^2$$

#### **RISER BOARD**

$$A = (L * (RISER HEIGHT + 0.1)) * 2$$
$$A = (2.705 * (0.15 + 0.1)) * 2 = 1.3525 m2$$

#### **SECOND FLIGHT:**

$$L = \sqrt{(RISER\ HEIGHT*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2 + (TREAD\ WIDTH*NO\ OF\ STEPS)^2}$$

FLIGHT 2 LENGTH =  $\sqrt{(150*10)^2 + (225*10)^2} = 1.892 \approx 1.9m$  (ROUND UP MULTIPLES OF 5)

AREA OF PLYWOOD FOR BOTTOM SUPPORT

$$A = L \times SL STAIR LENGTH = 1.9 \times 1.2 = 2.28 m3$$

**RISER BOARD** 

$$A = (L * (RISER HEIGHT + 0.1)) * 2$$

$$A = (1.9 * (0.15 + 0.1)) * 2 = 9.5 m2$$

**LANDING** 

$$A = SL^{2} + [3 * (LAND THCK * SL)]$$

$$A = [((1.2^{2}))] + [3 * (0.15 * 1.2)] = 1.98 m2$$

#### STEPS:

A= SL x RISER X (STEPS FIRST FLIGHT + STEPS SECOND FLIGHT) = (1.2 X 0.15) X (10+7) = 3.06 m2

Area total= Add all acquired area "BOLD NUMBERS" X QTY OF STAIRS IN THAT FLOOR

$$Area total = (3.246 + 1.3525 + 2.28 + 0.95 + 1.98 + 3.06) \times 1 = 12.8685 \text{ m2}$$

No. of pieces of Plywood needed = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ surface\ AREA}{AREA\ oF\ PLYWOOD\ "(1.2\ m*2.4m)"} = \frac{12.8685}{(1.2*2.4)} = 4.468 \times 50\%$$
  
= 2.23 or 3pcs

### FRAMEWORK FOR STAIRS:

## By Default, 2" x 3" x 8' is used

#### FOR FRONT SUPPORT BRACING

$$\frac{SL}{0.6} \left(LUMBER\ WOOD\ SIZE \times (SL\ \times 3.28)\right)$$

 $\frac{SL}{0.6} = \frac{1.2}{0.6} = 2$  (ROUND UP TO NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER IF THERE'S A DECIMAL. ALWAYS. E.G 2.38 = 3)

Front wood bracing (FIRST FLIGHT) = 
$$\frac{2(2 \times 3 \times (2.705 \times 3.28))}{12} = 8.8724 \text{ bd. ft}$$

Front wood bracing (SECOND FLIGHT) = 
$$\frac{2(2 \times 3 \times (1.9 \times 3.28))}{12} = 6.23 \text{ bd. ft}$$

Bracing support per steps = 
$$\frac{TOTAL\ STEPS\left(LUMBER\ SIZE \times (3.28)\right)}{12} \times \frac{SL}{0.6} (*\ rounded\ off\ value)$$

Bracing support per steps = 
$$\frac{(10+7)(2\times3\times(3.28))}{12}$$
 = 27.88 bd. ft x 2 = 55.76 bd. ft

#### FOR BACK SUPPORT BRACING

$$\frac{SL}{0.3} = \frac{1.2}{0.3} = 4$$
 (ROUND UP TO NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER IF THERE'S A DECIMAL. ALWAYS.)

Back wood bracing (FIRST FLIGHT) = 
$$\frac{4(2\times3\times(2.705\times3.28))}{12} = 17.7448 \ bd. ft$$

Back wood bracing (SECOND FLIGHT) = 
$$\frac{4(2 \times 3 \times (1.9 \times 3.28))}{12} = 12.464 \text{ bd. ft}$$

## **FOR STEPS**

No. of steps: 10+7= 17

SL = 1.2 m

Lumber wood: 2" x 3"

Wood bracing for steps = 
$$\frac{2(LUMBER\ WOOD\ SIZE \times (SW\ \times 3.28))}{12}$$
 x no. of steps

Wood bracing for steps = 
$$\frac{2(2\times3\times(1.2\times3.28))}{12}$$
 x 17= 66.912 BD Ft.

## **SCAFFOLDING FOR STAIRS:**

**USER SELECTION: 2" X 2"** 

# 12 bd ft / m (CONSTANT)

= Flight 1 length + SW+ flight 2 length

= 2.705 + 1.2 + 1.9 = 5.805 m

5.805 m x 12 bd ft/ m = 69.66 bd. Ft

## **TOTAL VOLUME OF WOOD FOR STAIRS:**

= ALL BD. FT. X QTY

## \* FOR 2" X 3" LUMBER WOOD

 $= 8.8724 + 6.23 + 55.76 + 17.7448 + 12.464 + 66.912 = 167.9832 \times 1 = 167.98 \text{ bd. ft}$ 

## \* FOR 2" X 2" LUMBER WOOD

= 69.66 bd. Ft