

RSA[®]Conference2018

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#RSAC

SESSION ID: CRYPT-W02

COMPUTING ON ENCRYPTED DATA: HIGH-PRECISION ARITHMETIC IN HOMOMORPHIC ENCRYPTION

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@yayworthy

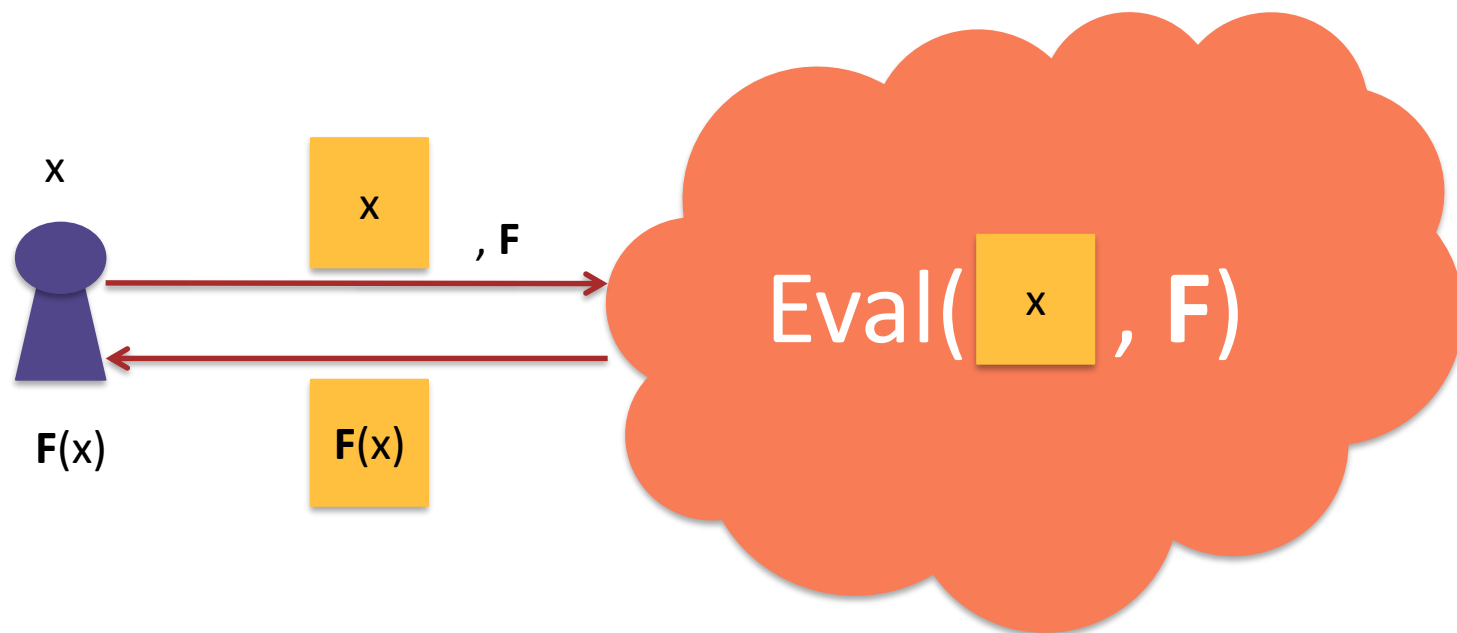
Joint work with: Hao Chen, Kim Laine, and Yuhou Xia

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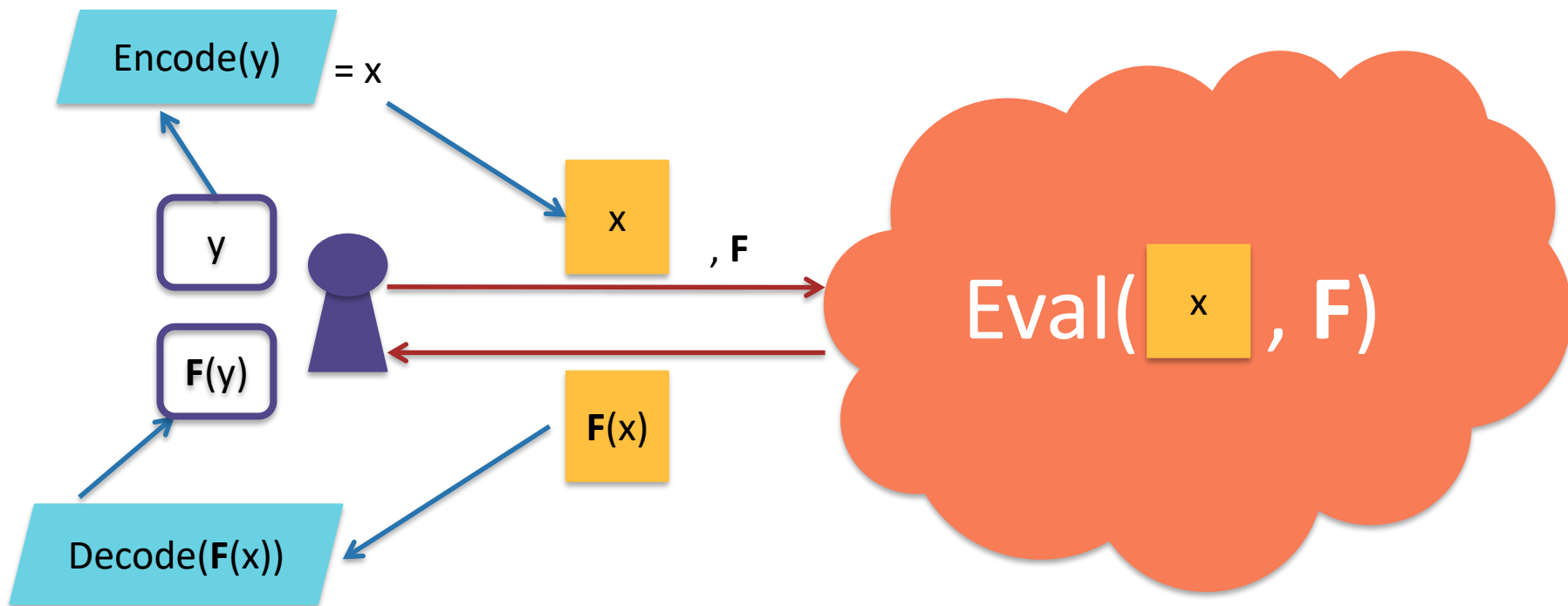


MOTIVATION

Homomorphic encryption



Raw data must be encoded into plaintexts



Need to ensure correctness of decoding



$$\mathbb{Z}_t[x] / (x^n + 1)$$

TYPICAL PLAINTEXT SPACE

- Underlying plaintext coefficients grow during evaluation
- If plaintext wraps modulo t in any coefficient, decoding will fail
- Typically have to choose large t to avoid this

Example: binary encoding



- To encode an integer:
 - Express in binary
 - Each bit is coefficient of the corresponding polynomial
- To decode:
 - Evaluate polynomial at $x=2$

$$5 \longrightarrow 101 \longrightarrow x^2 + 1$$

Challenges with traditional approach



- Various encoders to choose from
- Choosing large t means more noise growth
- Batching is supported

Hoffstein-Silverman: a different approach



- Replace t by a small polynomial $x-b$ for b a positive integer e.g. $b = 2$

$$\mathbb{Z}/(b^n + 1)\mathbb{Z}$$

- Easy to encode integers
- Huge amount of room for computation

J. Hoffstein and J. Silverman. Optimizations for NTRU. In Public Key Cryptography and Computational Number Theory, 2001

Related work



- Geihs and Cabarcas applied in context of BV scheme
- Lauter *et al.* apply the idea to YASHE scheme
 - No performance analysis presented
 - Unpublished work of Lopez-Alt and Naehrig is cited for details

M. Geihs and D. Cabarcas. Efficient integer encoding for homomorphic encryption via ring isomorphisms. In LATINCRYPT, 2014.

K. E. Lauter, A. Lopez-Alt, and M. Naehrig. Private computation on encrypted genomic data. In LATINCRYPT, 2014.

A. Lopez-Alt and M. Naehrig. Large integer plaintexts in ring-based fully homomorphic encryption, 2014. Unpublished.

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OUR CONTRIBUTION

Adapting the work of Lopez-Alt and Naehrig, we:



- Apply the Hoffstein-Silverman trick on the FV scheme
- Analyze its noise growth using new definition of noise
- Extend rational number encoders to work with the trick
- Present a detailed performance comparison to FV scheme
- Analyze impact on practical use-cases

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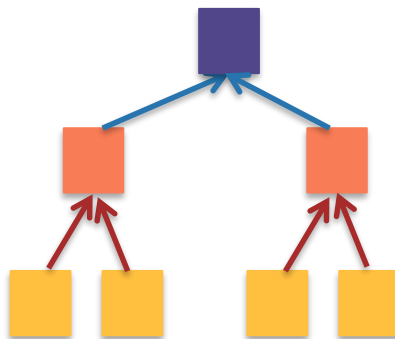
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Regular circuits



- Security is the same so we can fix (n, q, σ)
- Compare evaluation of regular circuit as in Costache *et al.*
 - Do A additions and one multiplication, iterated D times
 - Inputs are integers of norm at most L



A Costache, N. P. Smart, S. Vivek and A. Waller. Fixed point arithmetic in SHE scheme. In SAC, 2016.

Choosing an encoder for FV



- Well-known encoders are NAF or balanced base- B
 - Short B enables smaller t
 - Large B enables shorter encodings
- Cheon *et al.* show NAF encoding outperforms balanced base- B encoding for $B = 2$ and $B = 3$

J. H. Cheon, J. Jeong, J. Lee and K. Lee. Privacy-preserving computations of predictive medical models with minimax approximation and Non-Adjacent Form. In WAHC, 2017.

Noise and plaintext growth constraints



$$D \lesssim \left\lfloor \frac{\log q - \log(84\sigma tn)}{\log(14tn) + A} \right\rfloor.$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi 2^D d(d+2)}} (d+1)^{2^D} 2^{A(2^{D+1}-2)} < t/2.$$

FV CONSTRAINTS

$$D \lesssim \min \left\{ \left\lfloor \log \left(\frac{n \log b + 2A - 1}{2A + \log L} \right) \right\rfloor, \left\lfloor \frac{\log q - \log(2(b+1)^2 n^{3/2})}{\log(14(b+1)n) + A} \right\rfloor \right\}.$$

HP-FV CONSTRAINT

FV vs. HP-FV: results



FV + NAF

		$A = 0$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
4096	116	9	2	11	2	13	2	16	2	19	2
8192	226	19	3	24	3	30	3	36	3	19	2
16384	435	39	4	50	4	63	4	36	3	43	3
32768	890	80	5	102	5	63	4	76	4	91	4

		$A = 3$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	—	0
4096	116	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	14	1
8192	226	27	2	29	2	31	2	34	2	37	2
16384	435	61	3	66	3	72	3	78	3	85	3
32768	890	129	4	140	4	153	4	78	3	85	3

		$A = 10$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0
4096	116	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
8192	226	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
16384	435	69	2	71	2	73	2	76	2	79	2
32768	890	159	3	164	3	170	3	176	3	183	3

HP-FV

		$A = 0$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5
8192	226	3	10	5	10	5	9	17	9	17	8
16384	435	257	14	257	13	257	12	257	11	65539	11
32768	890	$\approx 2^{16}$	16	$\approx 2^{16}$	15	$\approx 2^{32}$	15	$\approx 2^{32}$	14	$\approx 2^{32}$	13

		$A = 3$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5
8192	226	4	10	7	10	6	9	21	9	19	8
16384	435	128	13	2048	13	724	12	431	11	332	10
32768	890	$\approx 2^{28}$	16	$\approx 2^{22}$	15	$\approx 2^{19}$	14	$\approx 2^{35}$	14	$\approx 2^{33.5}$	13

		$A = 10$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5
8192	226	4	9	5	9	10	9	7	8	25	8
16384	435	128	12	512	12	91	11	1447	11	609	10
32768	890	$\approx 2^{28}$	15	$\approx 2^{18}$	14	$\approx 2^{26}$	14	$\approx 2^{21}$	13	$\approx 2^{37}$	13

HP-FV enables much higher depth



FV + NAF

		A = 0											
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$			
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$		
2048	60	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1		
4096	116	9	2	11	2	13	2	16	2	19	2		
8192	226	19	3	24	3	30	3	36	3	43	3		
16384	435	39	4	50	4	63	4	76	4	91	4		
32768	890	80	5	102	5	125	5	152	5	183	5		

n		A = 3											
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸			
		log t	max D	log t	max D	log t	max D	log t	max D	log t	max D		
2048	60	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	—	0		
4096	116	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	14	1		
8192	226	27	2	29	2	31	2	34	2	37	2		
16384	435	61	3	66	3	72	3	78	3	85	3		
32768	890	129	4	140	4	153	4	166	4	181	4		

		A = 10									
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2048	60	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0
4096	116	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
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2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	
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16384	435	257	14	257	13	257	12	257	11	65539	11	
32768	890	≈ 2 ¹⁶	16	≈ 2 ¹⁶	15	≈ 2 ³²	15	≈ 2 ³²	14	≈ 2 ³²	13	

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2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
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16384	435	128	13	2048	13	724	12	431	11	332	10	
32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	16	≈ 2 ²²	15	≈ 2 ¹⁹	14	≈ 2 ³⁵	14	≈ 2 ^{33.5}	13	

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8192	226	4	9	5	9	10	9	7	8	25	8	
16384	435	128	12	512	12	91	11	1447	11	609	10	
32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	15	≈ 2 ¹⁸	14	≈ 2 ²⁶	14	≈ 2 ²¹	13	≈ 2 ³⁷	13	

HP-FV enables much higher depth



FV + NAF

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4096	116	9	2	11	2	13	2	16	2	19	2		
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16384	435	128	13	2048	13	724	12	431	11	332	10	
32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	16	≈ 2 ²²	15	≈ 2 ¹⁹	14	≈ 2 ³⁵	14	≈ 2 ³⁵	13	

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32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	15	≈ 2 ¹⁸	14	≈ 2 ²⁶	14	≈ 2 ²¹	13	≈ 2 ³⁷	13	

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4096	116	9	2	11	2	13	2	16	2	19	2		
8192	226	19	3	24	3	30	3	36	3	43	3		
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2048	60	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	—	0
4096	116	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	14	1
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n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0
4096	116	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
8192	226	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
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32768	890	159	3	164	3	170	3	176	3	183	3

HP-FV

A = 0												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	
8192	226	3	10	2	10	5	9	17	9	17	8	
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32768	890	≈ 2 ¹⁶	16	≈ 2 ¹⁶	15	≈ 2 ³²	15	≈ 2 ³²	14	≈ 2 ³²	13	

A = 3												
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n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	
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A = 10												
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n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
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32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	15	≈ 2 ¹⁸	14	≈ 2 ²⁶	14	≈ 2 ²¹	13	≈ 2 ³⁷	13	

Larger n in HP-FV gives much more capability



FV + NAF

		A = 0									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
4096	116	9	2	1	2	13	2	16	2	19	2
8192	226	19	3	2	3	30	3	36	3	19	2
16384	435	39	4	5	4	63	4	36	3	43	3
32768	890	80	5	10	5	63	4	76	4	91	4

		A = 3									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	10	1	1	1	12	1	13	1	—	0
4096	116	10	1	1	1	12	1	13	1	14	1
8192	226	27	2	2	2	31	2	34	2	37	2
16384	435	61	3	6	3	72	3	78	3	85	3
32768	890	129	4	14	4	133	4	78	3	85	3

		A = 10									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0
4096	116	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
8192	226	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
16384	435	69	2	71	2	73	2	76	2	79	2
32768	890	159	3	164	3	170	3	176	3	183	3

HP-FV

A = 0												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	
8192	226	3	10	5	10	5	9	17	9	17	8	
16384	435	257	14	257	13	257	12	257	11	65539	11	
32768	890	≈ 2 ¹⁶	16	≈ 2 ¹⁶	15	≈ 2 ³²	15	≈ 2 ³²	14	≈ 2 ³²	13	

A = 3												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	
8192	226	4	10	7	10	6	9	21	9	19	8	
16384	435	128	13	2048	13	724	12	431	11	332	10	
32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	16	≈ 2 ²²	15	≈ 2 ¹⁹	14	≈ 2 ³⁵	14	≈ 2 ^{33.5}	13	

A = 10												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	
8192	226	4	9	5	9	10	9	7	8	25	8	
16384	435	128	12	512	12	91	11	1447	11	609	10	
32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	15	≈ 2 ¹⁸	14	≈ 2 ²⁶	14	≈ 2 ²¹	13	≈ 2 ³⁷	13	

Larger n in HP-FV gives much more capability



FV + NAF

		A = 0									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
4096	116	9	2	1	2	13	2	16	2	19	2
8192	226	19	3	2	3	30	3	36	3	19	2
16384	435	39	4	5	4	63	4	36	3	43	3
32768	890	80	5	10	5	63	4	76	4	91	4

		A = 3									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	10	1	1	1	12	1	13	1	—	0
4096	116	10	1	1	1	12	1	13	1	14	1
8192	226	27	2	2	2	31	2	34	2	37	2
16384	435	61	3	6	3	72	3	78	3	85	3
32768	890	129	4	14	4	133	4	78	3	85	3

		A = 10									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0
4096	116	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
8192	226	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
16384	435	69	2	71	2	73	2	76	2	79	2
32768	890	159	3	164	3	170	3	176	3	183	3

HP-FV

A = 0												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	
8192	226	3	10	5	10	5	9	17	9	17	8	
16384	435	257	14	257	13	257	12	257	11	65539	11	
32768	890	≈ 2 ¹⁶	16	≈ 2 ¹⁶	15	≈ 2 ³²	15	≈ 2 ³²	14	≈ 2 ³²	13	

A = 3												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	
8192	226	4	10	7	10	5	9	21	9	19	8	
16384	435	128	13	2048	13	724	12	431	11	332	10	
32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	16	≈ 2 ²²	15	≈ 2 ¹⁹	14	≈ 2 ³⁵	14	≈ 2 ^{33.5}	13	

A = 10												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	
8192	226	4	9	5	9	10	9	7	8	25	8	
16384	435	128	12	512	12	91	11	1447	11	609	10	
32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	15	≈ 2 ¹⁸	14	≈ 2 ²⁶	14	≈ 2 ²¹	13	≈ 2 ³⁷	13	

Addition hurts FV more than HP-FV



FV + NAF

n		$\log q$		$A = 0$											
				$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$			
				$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$		
2048	60	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1				
4096	116	9	2	11	2	13	2	16	2	19	2				
8192	226	19	3	24	3	30	3	36	3	43	3				
16384	435	39	4	50	4	63	4	76	4	91	4				
32768	890	80	5	102	5	126	5	156	5	191	5				

		A = 3											
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸			
n	log q	log t	max D	log t	max D	log t	max D	log t	max D	log t	max D		
2048	60	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	—	0		
4096	116	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	14	1		
8192	226	27	2	29	2	31	2	34	2	37	2		
16384	435	61	3	66	3	72	3	78	3	85	3		
32768	890	129	4	140	4	153	4	168	4	185	3		

		A = 10									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	—	0	—	0	0	—	0	—	0	—
4096	116	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
8192	226	24	1	25	1	26	1	27	1	28	1
16384	435	69	2	71	2	73	2	76	2	79	2
32768	890	159	3	164	3	170	3	176	3	183	3

HP-FV

A = 0												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	5
8192	226	3	10	5	10	5	9	17	9	17	8	8
16384	435	257	14	257	13	257	12	257	11	65539	11	11
32768	890	≈ 2 ¹⁶	16	≈ 2 ¹⁶	15	≈ 2 ³²	15	≈ 2 ³²	14	≈ 2 ³²	13	13

A = 3												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	5
8192	226	4	10	7	10	6	9	21	9	19	8	8
16384	435	128	13	2048	13	724	12	431	11	332	10	10
32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	16	≈ 2 ²²	15	≈ 2 ¹⁹	14	≈ 2 ³⁵	14	≈ 2 ^{33.5}	13	13

A = 10												
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸		
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5	5
8192	226	4	9	5	10	9	7	8	25	8	8	8
16384	435	128	12	512	12	91	11	1447	11	609	10	10
32768	890	≈ 2 ²⁸	15	≈ 2 ¹⁸	14	≈ 2 ²⁶	14	≈ 2 ²¹	13	≈ 2 ³⁷	13	13

Addition hurts FV more than HP-FV



FV + NAF

		$A = 0$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
4096	116	9	2	11	2	13	2	16	2	19	2
8192	226	19	3	24	3	30	3	36	3	43	3
16384	435	39	4	50	4	63	4	76	4	91	4
32768	890	80	5	102	5	127	5	156	5	191	5

$A = 1$											
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	—	0
4096	116	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	14	1
8192	226	27	2	29	2	31	2	34	2	37	2
16384	435	61	3	66	3	72	3	78	3	85	3
32768	890	129	4	140	4	153	4	166	4	181	4

		$A = 10$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0
4096	116	24	1	25	1	26	1	28	1	30	1
8192	226	24	1	25	1	26	1	28	1	30	1
16384	435	69	2	71	2	73	2	76	2	79	2
32768	890	159	3	164	3	170	3	176	3	183	3

HP-FV

		$A = 0$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5
8192	226	3	10	5	10	5	9	17	9	17	8
16384	435	257	14	257	13	257	12	257	11	65539	11
32768	890	$\approx 2^{16}$	16	$\approx 2^{16}$	15	$\approx 2^{32}$	15	$\approx 2^{32}$	14	$\approx 2^{32}$	13

		$A = 3$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5
8192	226	4	10	7	10	6	9	21	9	19	8
16384	435	128	13	2048	13	724	12	431	11	332	10
32768	890	$\approx 2^{28}$	16	$\approx 2^{22}$	15	$\approx 2^{19}$	14	$\approx 2^{35}$	14	$\approx 2^{33.5}$	13

		$A = 10$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5
8192	226	4	9	5	9	10	9	7	8	25	8
16384	435	128	12	512	12	91	11	1447	11	609	10
32768	890	$\approx 2^{28}$	15	$\approx 2^{18}$	14	$\approx 2^{26}$	14	$\approx 2^{21}$	13	$\approx 2^{37}$	13

Addition hurts FV more than HP-FV



FV + NAF

		A = 0									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
4096	116	9	2	11	2	13	2	16	2	19	2
8192	226	19	3	24	3	30	3	36	3	43	3
16384	435	39	4	50	4	63	4	76	4	91	4
32768	890	80	5	102	5	125	5	151	5	179	5

		A									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$	$\log t$	$\max D$
2048	60	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	—	0
4096	116	10	1	11	1	12	1	13	1	14	1
8192	226	27	2	29	2	31	2	34	2	37	2
16384	435	61	3	66	3	72	3	78	3	85	3
32768	890	129	4	140	4	153	4	163	4	171	4

		A = 10									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	$\log t$	max D	$\log t$	max D	$\log t$	max D	$\log t$	max D	$\log t$	max D
2048	60	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0
4096	116	24	1	25	1	26	1	28	1	28	1
8192	226	24	1	25	1	26	1	28	1	28	1
16384	435	69	2	71	2	73	2	76	2	79	2
32768	890	159	3	164	3	170	3	176	3	183	3

HP-FV

		A = 0									
		L = 2 ⁸		L = 2 ¹⁶		L = 2 ³²		L = 2 ⁶⁴		L = 2 ¹²⁸	
n	log q	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D	b	max D
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5
8192	226	3	10	5	10	5	9	17	9	17	8
16384	435	257	14	257	13	257	12	257	11	39	11
32768	890	≈ 2 ¹⁶	16	≈ 2 ¹⁶	15	≈ 2 ³²	15	≈ 2 ³²	14	≈ 2 ³²	13

		$A =$									
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5
8192	226	4	10	7	10	6	9	21	9	19	8
16384	435	128	13	2048	13	72	12	431	11	332	10
32768	890	$\approx 2^{28}$	16	$\approx 2^{22}$	15	$\approx 2^{19}$	14	$\approx 2^{35}$	14	$\approx 2^{33.5}$	13

A = 10											
		$L = 2^8$		$L = 2^{16}$		$L = 2^{32}$		$L = 2^{64}$		$L = 2^{128}$	
n	$\log q$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$	b	$\max D$
2048	60	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4096	116	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	3	5
8192	226	4	9	5	9	10	9	14	9	15	8
16384	435	128	12	512	12	91	11	1447	11	609	10
32768	890	$\approx 2^{28}$	15	$\approx 2^{18}$	14	$\approx 2^{26}$	14	$\approx 2^{21}$	14	$\approx 2^{37}$	13

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SUMMARY

In this talk we



- Discussed the need for good encoding in homomorphic encryption
- Applied Hoffstein-Silverman trick to FV
- Showed performance improvements compared to FV

Thank you!



Any questions?

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SESSION ID: CRYPT-W02

THRESHOLD PROPERTIES OF PRIME POWER SUBGROUPS WITH APPLICATION TO SECURE INTEGER COMPARISONS

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General form:

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^m h^r \bmod n$$

- g generates subgroup \mathbb{G} of \mathbb{Z}_n^*
- h generates a subgroup \mathbb{H} of \mathbb{Z}_n^*

Additive Homomorphism



A useful property: Adding under encryption

$$c_1 \cdot c_2 = g^{m_1} h^{r_1} \cdot g^{m_2} h^{r_2}$$

Additive Homomorphism



A useful property: Adding under encryption

$$\begin{aligned}c_1 \cdot c_2 &= g^{m_1} h^{r_1} \cdot g^{m_2} h^{r_2} \\ &= g^{m_1+m_2} h^{r_1+r_2}\end{aligned}$$

Additive Homomorphism



A useful property: Adding under encryption

$$\begin{aligned}c_1 \cdot c_2 &= g^{m_1} h^{r_1} \cdot g^{m_2} h^{r_2} \\&= g^{m_1+m_2} h^{r_1+r_2} \\&= \text{Enc}(m_1 + m_2)\end{aligned}$$

Additive Homomorphism



A useful property: Adding under encryption

$$\begin{aligned}c_1 \cdot c_2 &= g^{m_1} h^{r_1} \cdot g^{m_2} h^{r_2} \\&= g^{m_1+m_2} h^{r_1+r_2} \\&= \text{Enc}(m_1 + m_2)\end{aligned}$$

Additive Homomorphism



$$\text{Enc}(m_1) \cdot \text{Enc}(m_2) = \text{Enc}(m_1 + m_2)$$

Interesting, but over 35 years of examples...



Goldwasser-Micali (1982)

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^m h^r \bmod n$$

- $|\mathbb{G}| = 2 \bmod p, |\mathbb{G}| = 2 \bmod q$
- $|\mathbb{H}| = \frac{p-1}{2} \bmod p, |\mathbb{H}| = \frac{q-1}{2} \bmod q$



Benaloh (1994)

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^m h^r \bmod n$$

- $|\mathbb{G}| = s \bmod p, |\mathbb{G}| = (q - 1) \bmod q$, for small/smooth s
- $|\mathbb{H}| = \frac{(p-1)}{s} \bmod p, |\mathbb{H}| = (q - 1) \bmod q$



Naccache-Stern (1998)

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^m h^r \bmod n$$

- $|\mathbb{G}| = u \bmod p, |\mathbb{G}| = v \bmod q$, for smooth relatively prime u, v
- $|\mathbb{H}| = \frac{(p-1)}{u} \bmod p, |\mathbb{H}| = \frac{(q-1)}{v} \bmod q$



Okamoto-Uchiyama (1998)

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^m h^r \bmod n$$

- $n = p^2 q$
- $|\mathbb{G}| = p \cdot (p - 1) \bmod p^2, |\mathbb{G}| = (q - 1) \bmod q$
- $|\mathbb{H}| = (p - 1) \bmod p^2, |\mathbb{H}| = (q - 1) \bmod q$





Paillier (1999)

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^m h^r \bmod n^2$$

- $|\mathbb{G}| = p \bmod p^2, |\mathbb{G}| = q \bmod q^2$
- $|\mathbb{H}| = (p - 1) \bmod p^2, |\mathbb{H}| = (q - 1) \bmod q^2$



Groth (2003)

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^m h^r \bmod n$$

- $|\mathbb{G}| = p_s \bmod p, |\mathbb{G}| = q_s \bmod q$ for large smooth p_s, q_s
- $|\mathbb{H}| = p_t = \frac{(p-1)}{p_s} \bmod p, |\mathbb{H}| = q_t = \frac{(q-1)}{q_s} \bmod q$ for “just big enough” primes p_t, q_t



Damgård-Geisler-Krøigaard (2007)

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^m h^r \bmod n$$

- $|\mathbb{G}| = u \bmod p, |\mathbb{G}| = u \bmod q$ for small prime u
- $|\mathbb{H}| = p_s \bmod p, |\mathbb{H}| = q_s \bmod q$ for “just big enough” primes p_s, q_s



Joye-Libert (2013)

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^m h^r \bmod n$$

- $|\mathbb{G}| = 2^k \bmod p, |\mathbb{G}| = 2^k \bmod q$
- $|\mathbb{H}| = p_t = \frac{(p-1)}{2^k} \bmod p, |\mathbb{H}| = q_t = \frac{(q-1)}{2^k} \bmod q$ for primes p_t, q_t

A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



Something new: Computing a threshold under encryption

$$\text{Enc}(m_1)^{m_2} = \begin{cases} \text{Enc}(m_1 + m_2) & m_1 + m_2 < t \\ \text{Enc}(\emptyset) & \text{otherwise.}^* \end{cases}$$

* $\text{Enc}(\emptyset)$ is the encryption of a fixed value outside the defined plaintext space.

A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



Our proposal:

$$\text{Enc}(m) = g^{b^m} h^r \bmod n$$

- $|\mathbb{G}| = b^d \bmod p, |\mathbb{G}| = b^d \bmod q$ for small prime base b , and threshold d
- $|\mathbb{H}| = p_s \bmod p, |\mathbb{H}| = q_s \bmod q$ for “just big enough” primes p_s, q_s

A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



$$\text{Enc}(m_1)^{b^{m_2}} = (g^{b^{m_1}} h^r)^{b^{m_2}}$$

A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Enc}(m_1)^{b^{m_2}} &= (g^{b^{m_1}} h^r)^{b^{m_2}} \\ &= g^{b^{m_1} b^{m_2}} h^{r'}\end{aligned}$$

A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Enc}(m_1)^{b^{m_2}} &= (g^{b^{m_1}} h^r)^{b^{m_2}} \\ &= g^{b^{m_1} b^{m_2}} h^{r'} \\ &= g^{b^{(m_1+m_2)}} h^{r'}\end{aligned}$$

A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



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A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



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A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



Except...

$$\text{Enc}(m_1 + m_2) \equiv g^{b^{m_1+m_2} \bmod b^d} h^r \bmod n$$

A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



Except...

$$\text{Enc}(m_1 + m_2) \equiv g^{b^{m_1+m_2} \bmod b^d} h^r \bmod n$$

So if $m_1 + m_2 \geq d$, then $b^{m_1+m_2} \equiv 0 \bmod b^d$. Then:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Enc}(m_1 + m_2) &\equiv g^0 h^{r'} \\ &\equiv h^{r'} \\ &\equiv \text{Enc}(\emptyset) \end{aligned}$$

A Scalar Threshold Homomorphism



Limitation: The threshold is one-sided.

May be interesting for certain applications, but to do a secure comparison (i.e., Millionaire's), we need a protocol to homomorphically blind the sum.

Secure Integer Comparison Protocol



P₁

P₂

$C \leftarrow \text{Enc}(m_1)$

$$= g^{b^{m_1}} h^{r_1} \xrightarrow{C}$$

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P₂

$$D \leftarrow (C)^{b^{(d-m_2)}} g^s h^{r_2} \text{ s.t. } s \not\equiv 0 \pmod{b}$$



Secure Integer Comparison Protocol



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$$C \leftarrow \text{Enc}(m_1)$$

$$= g^{b^{m_1}} h^{r_1}$$

C



D



P₂

$$D \leftarrow (C)^{b^{(d-m_2)}} g^s h^{r_2} \text{ s.t. } s \not\equiv 0 \pmod{b}$$

$$g^w \leftarrow (D)^x$$

$$w \leftarrow \log_g(g^w)$$



Secure Integer Comparison Protocol



P₁

$$C \leftarrow \text{Enc}(m_1)$$

$$= g^{b^{m_1}} h^{r_1} \xrightarrow{C}$$

$$\xleftarrow{D}$$

$$g^w \leftarrow (D)^x$$

$$w \leftarrow \log_g(g^w)$$

$$\xleftarrow{\text{PET}_{CS_{\oplus}}(w, s)}$$

P₂

$$D \leftarrow (C)^{b^{(d-m_2)}} g^s h^{r_2} \text{ s.t. } s \not\equiv 0 \pmod{b}$$

Output True if $(w = s)$,
Output False otherwise



- Threshold d consumes d bits of p and q
- Implication: Current range of RSA key-lengths puts an upper bound of $d \approx 2^{10}$



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- Threshold d consumes d bits of p and q
- Implication: Current range of RSA key-lengths puts an upper bound of $d \approx 2^{10}$
- Performance comparison in paper was done on 8 bits per protocol instance
- Extensible to arbitrary precision comparisons with multiple parallel protocol invocations
- Performance 3.5–5.5 times faster than DGK, in about 7.5 times less data transmitted

Conclusion



Thank-you,
Questions?

