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HOW TO BREAK UP WITH YOUR EXTORTIONIST: TALES FROM THE RANSOM FRONT LINES



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#RSAC

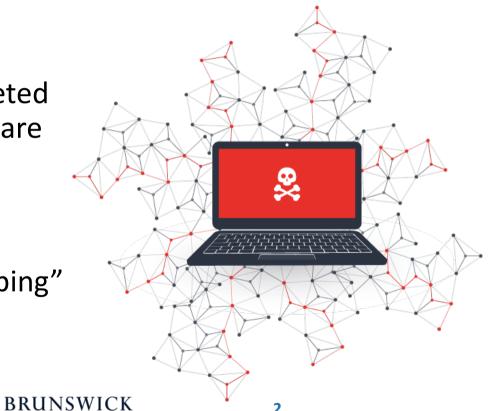
Partner Brunswick Group

Ransom attacks come in many flavors



Non-targeted ransomware

"Data-napping"



Targeted ransomware

False flag ransom attacks

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Tales from the ransom frontlines



HBO

- \$5.5 million ransom demand for supposed 1.5 TB of stolen material
- Direct hacker outreach to media and employees, and highdegree of public interest
- Quick, transparent response focused on employees, as well as creative and business partners



Uber

- \$100K ransom demand for 57 million accounts breached
- Direct hacker outreach to senior security official, who paid the ransom.
- Once public, payment of ransom resulted in senior security and legal personnel changes and loss of trust

UBER

The Dark Overlord

- Previous demands range \$50 –75K
- Responsible for 15+ major breaches, including of Netflix and Columbia Falls School District
- Aggressive, pressure-building techniques including media outreach, harassment, and threats

thedarkoverlord @tdohacker





Tales from the ransom frontlines





THE WHITE HOUSE BLAMES RUSSIA FOR NOTPETYA, THE 'MOST COSTLY CYBERATTACK IN HISTORY'



Web host agrees to pay \$1m after it's hit by Linux-targeting ransomware

©MONEYWATCH

"WannaCry" ransomware attack losses could reach \$4 billion

Los Angeles Times

Cyberattack cost Maersk as much as \$300 million and disrupted operations for 2 weeks



North Korea Responsible For 'WannaCry' Ransomware Attack, U.S. Says

Game theory illustrates your options



First, define each "player's" potential moves

Victim

PAY DON'T PAY

Availability Attack

Attacker

DECRYPT

DON'T DECRYPT

ASK FOR MORE

MONEY

Confidentiality Attack

DESTROY DATA

PUBLISH DATA

SELL DATA

STORE/USE
DATA

ASK FOR MORE
MONEY

Consider possible outcomes

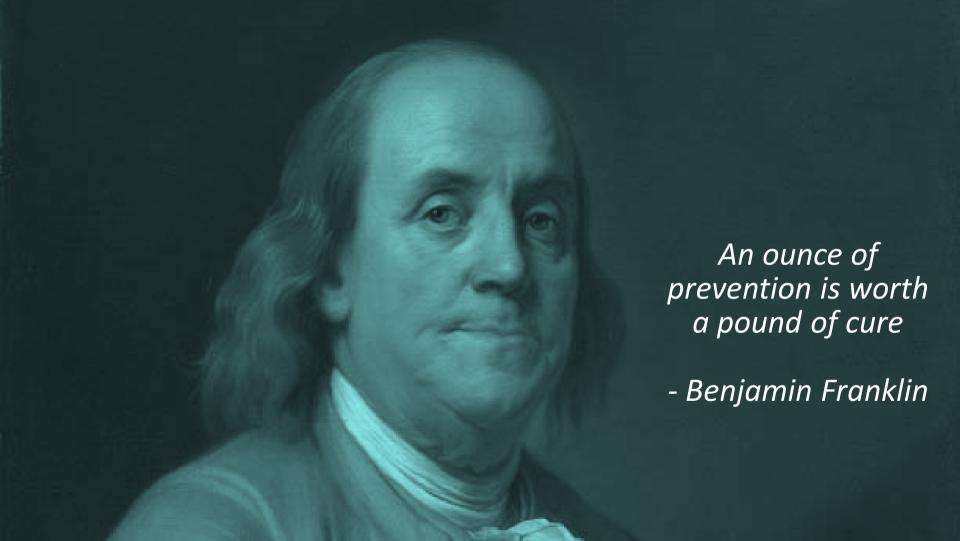


Availability

	PAY	DON'T PAY
DECRYPT	RECOVER DATA	RECOVER DATA
	GET PAID	DON'T GET PAID
DON'T DECRYPT	LOSE DATA	LOSE DATA
	GET PAID	DON'T GET PAID
ASK FOR MORE MONEY	RECOVER FOR MORE \$?	LOSE DATA
	GET PAID MORE	DON'T GET PAID

Confidentiality

	PAY	DON'T PAY
DESTROY DATA	STOP LEAKAGE	STOP LEAKAGE
	GET PAID	DON'T GET PAID
PUBLISH DATA	DATA LEAKAGE	DATA LEAKAGE
	GET PAID	DON'T GET PAID
SELL DATA	RISK OF LEAKAGE	RISK OF LEAKAGE
	GET PAID MORE	DON'T GET PAID
STORE/USE DATA	RISK OF LEAKAGE	RISK OF LEAKAGE
	GET PAID MORE	DON'T GET PAID
ASK FOR MORE MONEY	STOP LEAKAGE/ MORE \$	RISK OF LEAKAGE
	GET PAID MORE	DON'T GET PAID



Questions for the business



How valuable is the information in question?

What is the potential impact to your business?

Are your backups sufficient, and can you recover if you don't pay?

What recourse do you have if you don't pay the ransom?

Do you have insurance that will cover the ransom payment?

Could you pay if you wanted to?

BRUNSWICK

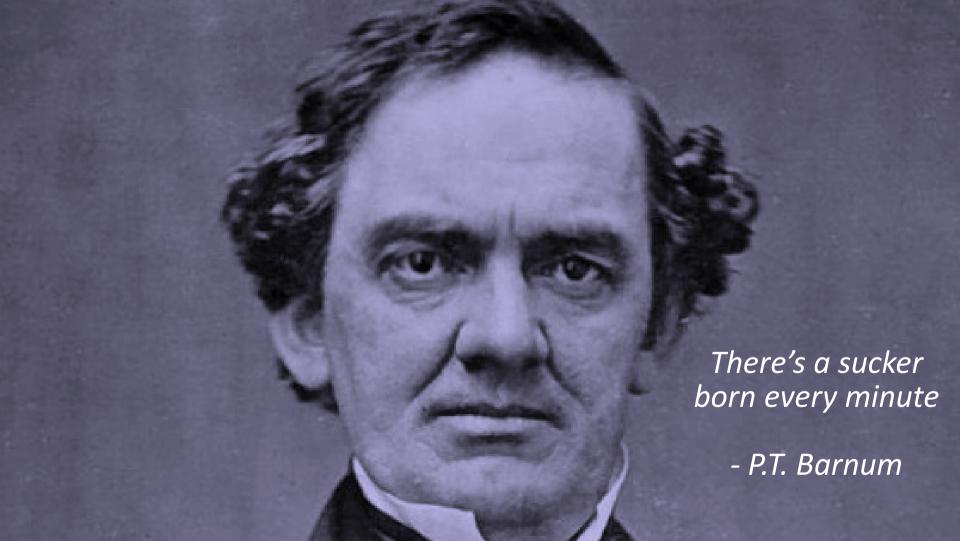


How do you get enough bitcoins quickly enough?

Do you know who you are paying, and is doing so legal?

What is your mechanism for payment, and can you work with law enforcement to track the funds?

Has company leadership been educated on the pros and cons of paying?



What can you learn about your attacker?



Can cyber intelligence firms or law enforcement tell you about the attacker's profile?

- Is there evidence to suggest that you will get what you want if you pay the ransom?
- Is there evidence to suggest the attacker won't ask you for more money later?
- Can you find any information that could help law enforcement identify and apprehend the attacker?



Can you learn anything about the attacker by corresponding with him/her?

You may need to negotiate





Ransoms are often **negotiable** and some attackers even invite it.



Negotiation may be prudent.



Negotiating may buy you time.



Negotiation is also **uncomfortable** and potentially risky. Law enforcement and intel services can offer guidance on how, when, and tactics.

It could get ugly





Attackers have become their own PR agents.



Harassment of employees and their families.



Trashing the network.

Protect your reputation in a ransom attack





Be the first to reach your employees, customers, and key stakeholders, and focus your communications on supporting them.



Consider engaging law enforcement and forensics experts early.



Focus your message on the company's response efforts, not the ransom demand or breach.



Assume any correspondence with the attacker will become public.



Get credit for transparency by communicating with customers in a clear, accurate, and consistent fashion.



Respond promptly to media and stakeholder inquiries.

Recap: How to deal with ransom demands



Avoid them

 Implement strong controls that limit the likelihood you'll be affected—and limit the damage if you are.

Prepare for them

- Develop an organizational playbook for managing cybersecurity incidents, including ransomware.
- Ensure corporate leadership understands what to expect.
- Map out the decisions and resources you'll need in advance.

Know what game you're playing

- Recognize your options and the attacker's options by planning for specific scenarios.
- Engage expert legal, forensic, and reputational advice for support in preparation and during an incident.