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SECURITY CULTURE HACKING: DISRUPTING THE SECURITY STATUS QUO

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Agenda



- Security culture hacking
- The security culture hacker
- How to hack a security culture
 - Phase 1: Assess
 - Phase 2: Communicate
 - Phase 3: Connect
 - Phase 4: Teach
 - Phase 5: Reward
- Where to start and year one



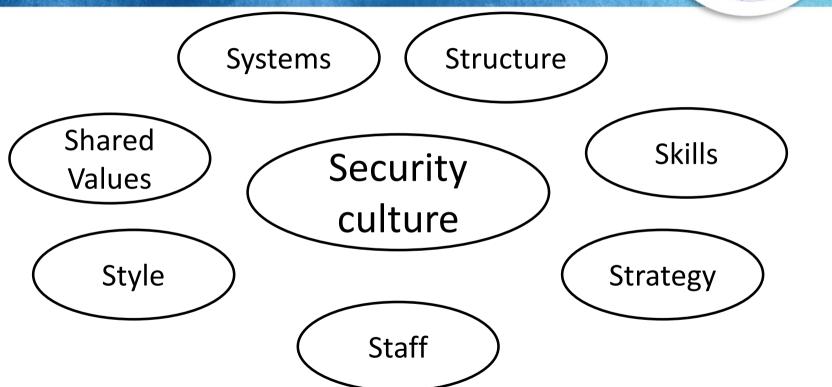






Security culture







The reality of security culture



What happens with security when people are left to their own devices.





Security culture goals



Shared responsibility for security

A mentality of security first

Role-specific, base level knowledge of security

Demonstrate impact of security investment



Avoid the security status quo







Security culture is a long game







Security culture that lasts



A plan with a disruptive edge



Fun for all parties involved



Rewards engage with stuff



Return on investment via metrics





Security culture hacking









Communication, active listening, collaboration

Deep knowledge of the area of security you are trying to reach

Skills of the security culture hacker

Methodology and lingo

Plays with an edge; not always the "nice person"



Inverse of a social engineer



Social Engineer	Security Culture Hacker
Black hat / works for evil	White hat / works for good
Break in	Build up
Uses phishing, vishing, impersonation	E-mail, web conference, and face-to-face meetings
Calls Execs to steal passwords	Calls Execs to protect passwords
Persuasion skills	





How to hack a security culture



Phase 5: Reward

Phase 4: Educate

Phase 3: Connect

Phase 2: Communicate

Phase 1: Assess



Phase 1: Assess





Goal: Create a strategy based on where the organization needs to go in the quest for a strong security culture.



Assessment random sampling

















A simple self-assessment



- What does security mean to us as an organization?
- How do we "do security"? How does security impact each job role?
- How risky is our application fleet or data that we store?
- Who are the attackers we face?
- Do we do high-level security awareness training? Role-specific?
- Ever heard of a secure design principle? What are some that we apply?
- Do we have a security response team? How do we contact them?



Case study: water cooler





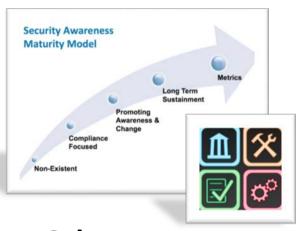


Assessment tips for success









Time box

Assess --> Strategy

Other sources



Phase 2: Communicate





Goal: Reach out to people from across the organization, at all levels, and tell them about security.



Various communication approaches









Top down



Hybrid



Case study: scare tactics



Break whatever you build in front of your Executives





Communication tips for success









Strategy

Travel

Face to face



Phase 3: Connect





Advocates Ambassadors Champions Guilds

Goal: Educate about security and embed expertise within every team.



Champion case study











Champion tips for success



- Organizational distribution
- Clear roles and expectations
- Management support and buy-in is mandatory
- Program as destination; create a program that people seek out
- Invest in the champions and they will pay it forward



Champion activities





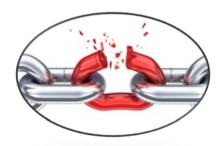
Monthly training



Online community



Miniconference



Spot the flaw



Hack-a-thons



Full conference

RSA'Conference2018



Phase 4: Educate





Goal: Provide meaningful, transformational security education that everyone wants to consume.



Mechanisms of security learning









Video

Classroom

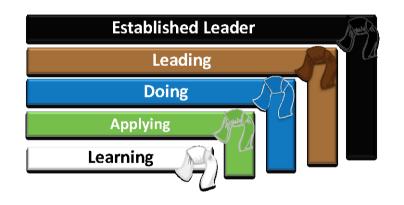
Hands-on



Continuous security education case study











Continuous security education tips for success



- Begin with the foundations; never assume base knowledge
- Start with why; focus on why the learner needs to care
- Connect "Security Champions" with the education program
- Recognize individual achievements or levels
- Pick a fun theme and market the program using thetheme
- Role-specific education



Phase 5: Reward





Goal: Use more carrot and less stick to encourage the adoption of security culture.



Reward using the tools you already have





Good job in front of team



E-mail



Gift cards



Cash



Enhanced training



External conferences

RS∧Conference2018



Rewards case study







Rewards tips for success



- Ask team members for reward ideas
- Plug into existing organizational rewards and recognition programs
- Reward early and often; a rewards program is not a place to by stingy



Data (Metrics)



- Flaw prevalence -- lower count of vulnerabilities and security bugs
- Security bug fix rate
- Physical security incidents (tailgating)
- Total number of people that reach each education level
- Total number of security activities
- Security community engagement
- Positive engagements with the security team



A "hacked" security culture



Recognition

Continuous security education

Security champions

Bottoms up, top down comms

Strategy

Phase 5: Reward

Phase 4: Educate

Phase 3: Connect

Phase 2: Communicate

Phase 1: Assess

0-4 years



"Apply" Slide



- Next week you should:
 - Begin the security culture assessment process and build out a culture strategy
- In the first three months following this presentation you should:
 - Begin the communicate phase (ongoing forever), and connect at grass roots and Executive levels
 - Begin the process of identifying rewards and recognition
- Within six months you should:
 - Launch your Security Champions program
 - Deploy continuous security education
 - Continue rewards and recognition roll-out



Q+A and Thank you!



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