## RSAConference2018

San Francisco | April 16-20 | Moscone Center

SESSION ID: EXP-W14



# HACKING EXPOSED: THINK BEYOND (NEXTGEN AI POWERED)

#### **Stuart McClure**

CEO, Co-Founder Cylance Inc.

#### **Paul Mehta**

Chief Architect Cylance Inc.

#### **Brian Wallace**

Lead Security Data Scientist Cylance Inc.

## Agenda

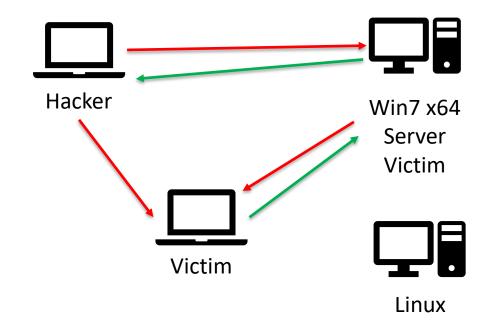


- Network hack: Server
  - EternalBlue->Doublepulsar
  - Password dumping the Server
    - Update->Dump Credentials
- Drive-by download: Spectre and Meltdown
  - Spectre (User) Demo on Windows
    - Dump memory from a scripting language (without reading memory)
  - Meltdown (Kernel) Demo on Linux
    - The cure, worst than the disease on Windows 7 x64
- SpearPhish: Operation Shaheen
  - Email->DOC->Crypto attack (with an unusual twist)



## Hack Map









HACK #1

SERVER OVER NETWORK HACK

ETERNELBLUE->DOUBLEPULSAR

#### Is the backdoor locked?



```
db 0FEh ; b
.data:000000000001D75D
.data:000000000001D75E
                                        db 0FEh ; b
                                       db 0FEh ; b
.data:000000000001D75F
.data:000000000001D760 SrvTransaction2DispatchTable dq offset SrvSmbOpen2
                                                                ; DATA XREF: ExecuteTransaction+BE↓r
.data:000000000001D760
.data:000000000001D768
                                        da offset SrvSmbFindFirst2
.data:000000000001D770
                                        dq offset SrvSmbFindNext2
                                        dg offset SrvSmbQueryFsInformation
.data:000000000001D778
.data:000000000001D780
                                        da offset SrvSmbSetFsInformation
                                        dq offset SrvSmbQueryPathInformation
.data:000000000001D788
                                        dg offset SrvSmbSetPathInformation
.data:0000000000001D790
                                        dq offset SrvSmbQueryFileInformation
.data:000000000001D798
.data:000000000001D7A0
                                        dq offset SrvSmbSetFileInformation
.data:0000000000001D7A8
                                        da offset SrvSmbFindNotify
                                        dq offset SrvSmbIoctl2
.data:000000000001D7B0
                                        dg offset SrvSmbFindNotify
.data:0000000000001D7B8
                                        dq offset SrvSmbFindNotify
.data:000000000001D7C0
                                        dg offset SrvSmbCreateDirectory2
.data:0000000000001D7C8
                                        dq offset SrvTransactionNotImplemented
.data:000000000001D7D0
                                        dq offset SrvTransactionNotImplemented
.data:000000000001D7D8
                                        dq offset SrvSmbGetDfsReferral
.data:000000000001D7E0
                                        dq offset SrvSmbReportDfsInconsistency
.data:000000000001D7E8
.data:000000000001D7F0 SrvNtTransactionDispatchTable dq 0
                                                            ; DATA XREF: ExecuteTransaction+1FB↓r
                                        dq offset SrvSmbCreateWithSdOrEa
.data:000000000001D7F8
.data:000000000001D800
                                        da offset SrvSmbNtIoctl
                                        dg offset SrvSmbSetSecurityDescriptor
.data:0000000000001D808
                                        dq offset SrvSmbNtNotifyChange
.data:000000000001D810
.data:000000000001D818
                                        dq offset SrvSmbNtRename
                                        dq offset SrvSmbQuerySecurityDescriptor
.data:0000000000001D820
                                        dq offset SrvSmbQueryQuota
.data:000000000001D828
.data:000000000001D830
                                        dq offset SrvSmbSetQuota
.data:000000000001D838
                                       dq offset SrvSmbCreateWithExtraOptions
.data:000000000001D840 SrvApiDispatchTable dq 0
                                                                ; DATA XREF: sub_68FC4+B9↓r
.data:000000000001D848
                                        db
.data:0000000000001D849
                                        dh
                                             Ø
```



## Hack Steps



- Windows 7 x64 server
- Vulnerable SMBv1 running
- EternalBlue (the exploit) delivering Doublepulsar (the payload)
- Controlled by fb.py, FuzzBunch, an NSA Tool for exploits and implants
- Upload files as part of a campaign





## HACK #1 DEMO

(praise to the live demo gods!)

## Preventing EternelBlue



• Patching is about it...





HACK #2

DRIVE-BY DOWNLOAD

SPECTRE AND MELTDOWN

### Global Meltdown



## Meltdown and Spectre FAQ: How the critical CPU flaws affect PCs and Macs

It varies widely depending on your hardware, operating system, and workload.









By Brad Chacos and Michael Simon

PCWorld | FEB 22, 2018 7:14 AM PT

**Pure Power** HP Smart Buy EliteDesk 705 G3 delivers uncompromising performance, security, manageability, and Ryzen™ Pro processors.













firmware update for the



Nvidia updates graphics

AMD allegedly has its own Spectre-like security flaws

Researchers say they've found 13 flaws in AMD's Ryzen and EPYC chips, which could let attackers install malware on highly guarded parts of the processor.













With Meltdown and Spectre now unveile contain the problems they represent and

Different vendors have released their ov

Meltdown, ARM has some limited vulner quiet, apart from its initial statement last Microsoft halts AMD Meltdown and Spectre patches after reports of unbootable PCs

Microsoft blames AMD's documentation By Tom Warren | @tomwarren | Jan 9, 2018, 2:50am EST









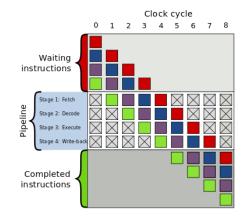




## **Instruction Pipelines**



- One of the ways that modern processors increase speed is by pipelining
- Pipelining allows instructions to execute faster and in parallel
- What about branch instructions?
  - This is where Speculative Execution comes in





## Speculative execution



- A vulnerable processor encounters a branch, if it's really not sure which branch to take...
- The Branch is both taken and not taken.
- Once determined, the other branch is discarded.
- Observe side effects from the discarded work. Wait, what?
  - The branch not taken is discarded, so how can the effects be observed?



#### The Crux



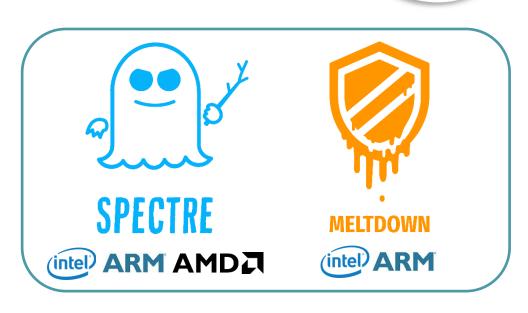
- The effects of touching memory will remain in the CPU cache.
- Cache hits are faster than misses.
- By measuring memory access this time, an attacker can infer memory.
- Repeating many times increases reliability.



## **Hack Steps**

MATTERS #RSAC

- Windows 7 desktop
- Vulnerable Windows and Linux version running
- User goes to website
  - Run Spectre
  - Show User memory
- User runs meltdown
  - Show Kernel memory







**HACK #2** 

**DEMO: SPECTRE AND MELTDOWN** 

(praise to the live demo gods!)

#### Total meltdown!



- On Windows 7 x64, this patch introduced a larger security hole...
  - The user/supervisor bit was set to user
  - Allowed user-mode code access to the page tables... oops

 This means userland code can access page tables and dump kernel memory with ease at 100MB+/s

TOTALMELTDOWN: Successfully exploited for physical memory access



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### Prevention: Meltdown Patch.....?



- Microsoft released a patch for Meltdown in January
- Kb4056897 implemented "Kernel Page Table Isolation", or KPTI to mitigate Meltdown
  - On every context switch, page tables are swapped back and forth between kernel and userland.
  - As you know, page tables map virtual memory to physical memory.
  - Patch does not prevent Meltdown from leaking memory so much as it prevents the memory from being present.
- This was fixed in the March patch





**HACK #3** 

**DEMO: CURE WORSE THAN THE DISEASE?** 

(praise to the live demo gods!)



## HACK #4 SPEARPHISHING OPERATION SHAHEEN

**APT group attacking Pakistani Nuclear Power Plant** 

## SpearPhishing: Operation Shaheen



 We were looking for similar documents related to an APT from another group.

- Led us to a hacked Belgian Company site.
  - The hacked site was being used as a platform to distribute exploits.





## **Exploit Document**



 The exploit contained dl/exec shellcode which pulled a payload from the Government website.

• The military engineering organization, and one of the major science and technology commands of a nation state Army.



#### Document attack



- This document was downloaded from an IP address
- C&C domain resolution using web services and attacks against Asian targets.
- Which for a period of a week resolved to this IP: 1\*\*.2\*\*.1\*\*.1
  - resolved to a subdomain of a completely unrelated topic.



#### **Evolution**



- The shellcode has evolved over time.
  - Earlier exploit docs contained basic download & execute shellcode.
  - More recent examples use multi-stage embedded payloads.
- Our samples matched based on source of the payload as well as shellcode similarities, known as code-sharing.



## **Evasion Capabilities**

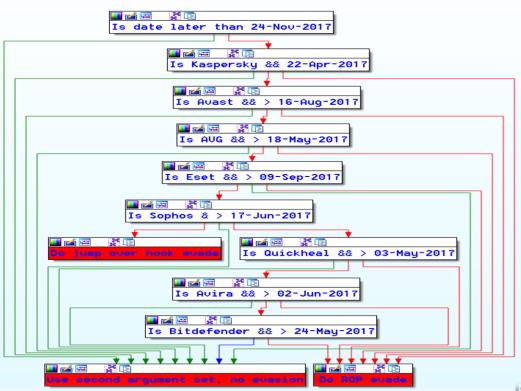


- They used a relatively unique means of obfuscating function calls to evade Kaspersky.
- They went through a lot of trouble to do this among other evasions, only to stop in sync.



### **Evasion: Antivirus?**









**HACK #4** 

**DEMO: SPEARPHISH SHAHEEN** 

(praise to the live demo gods!)

## Prevention: Operation Shaheen



Office 2010 SP2 patch, July 2013





HACK #5
ADVERSARIAL AI

#### Adversarial Al

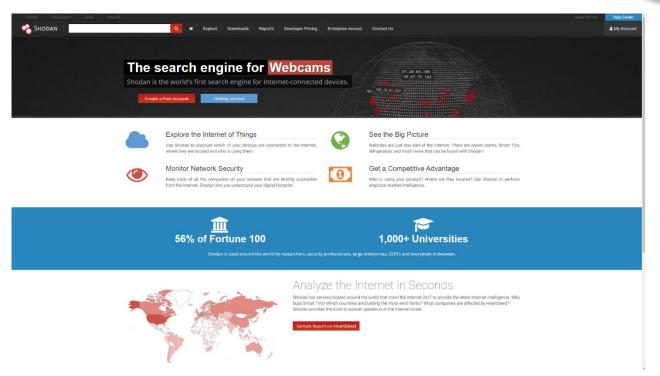


- The practice of pitting AI against AI to improve the original classification mode
- Build classification model
- Search for Interesting Results
- Build adversarial generated deceptive samples to trick our model into missing those results
- Harden the model against attacks by training it with samples generated to attack it



## Shodan – Scans/Archives public IP space

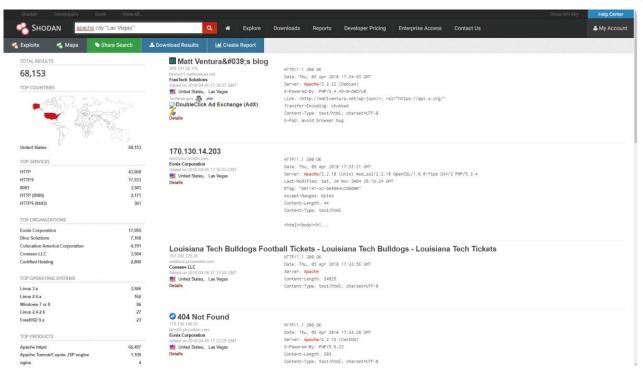






## Shodan - Queries

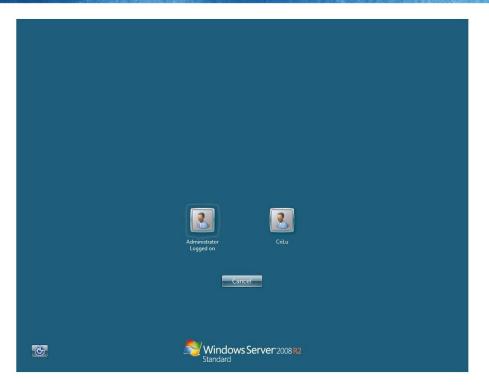






## **Shodan Grabs Screenshots**







## **Shodan Sees Security Cams**







## Shodan Sees POS

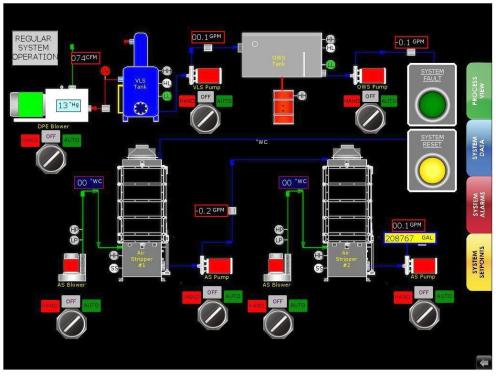






## **Shodan Sees ICS**







## Shodan Sees Logged in Desktops

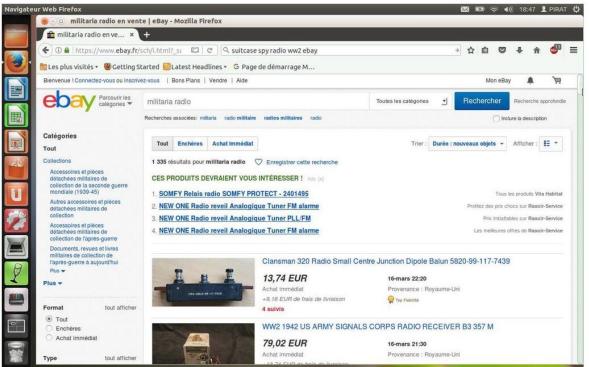


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	2.M吉祥寺	328,000	283,164	86.3%	-44,835	905N	-29,565	207,960	181,231	87.15	95.0N	64.0N	3.0%	1022.4	277	905N	143.6	-28.0	1,972	108 8N	2010	002:M吉祥寺	377		
	1 MSLEE	165,000	125,597	82.25	-29,413	86.5N	-21,225	104,610	84,199	805K	84.3N	62.1N	-1.6%	455.5	298	86.5N	88.0	-14.0	1,541	1002N		041:M弘獻	145	- 1	
	5 MRE	128,000	125,912	91.2K	-12,098	925N	-10.206	87,500	76,444	97.4K	87.3N	60 JK	-3.6N	394.8	219	92.5%	72.0		1,749	92.5%		085 MEX田	103		
	O:M春日部	168,000	169,556	100.9K	1,556	97.6N	-4.215	106,520	108,455	101.8K	97.4N	64.0N	-0.1 N	417.0	407	97.6%	54.2	105	3,128	78.5N		110.M春日前	110		
	0.M大井町	155,000	142,983	92.25	-12,017	92.7K	-11,000	98,270	89,996	91.68	92.0N	62.9N	-0.5N	360.6	397	92.7N	72.0	-10	1,986	94.0N		160.M大井町	111		
	5.M吉祥寺東島	125,000	142,206	113.8%	17,206	116 SN	20,480	79,250	86,739	109.5%	117.6N	61.0N	0.4%	384.0	370	116 8N	72.0	1500	1,975	116 8N	_	015:M吉祥寺東急	149	_	
	5:M小田里	125,000	109,900	87.9K	-15,100	108.1N	8,222	79,250	68,127	86.0K	109.6N	62.0N	0.3N	333.1	330	117.8%	60.0	-6.0	1,832	1183N	_	1.25:M小田原	81		
	16	1,204,000	1,109,308	92.1%	-94,692	95.9K	-47,808	762,360	695,191	91.15			0.18		329	96.7K	561.8	-39.4	1,975	102.6%		181G	1,076	4	
	EMDHES	272,000	273,538	100.6%	1,638	1003N	832	172,450	176,424	102.38	101.4N	64.5N	0.7%	419.8	652	1003%	118.8	-4.4	2,303	104 CN		092:M立川九22	406		
	6州北千佳	175,000	173,583	99.2K	-1,417	94.9N	-9,306	110,950	112,241	101.2K	96.1N	64.7N	0.8%	320.8	541	86.8N	91.0	-	1,908	343N		105.M北千位	356	-	
	7:M松戸	155,000	151,962	38.0%	-3,038	96.5%	-4,800	98,270	97,349	99.1%	95.8N		-0.8N	305.9	497	96.5N	80.0	-120	1,900	111.5N		047:MESP	178		
	4.M新數小核	155,000	123,516	79.7%	-31,404	81.0N	-28,918	98,270	77,993	79.4%	81.2N	63.1N	0.2%	482.0	256	81 (N	67.4	-43	1,833	86 2N		094.M計劃引持	122		
	4州大九扎幌	265,000	207,013	77.9K	-58,987 -19,500	908N	-20,940 -8,879	168,650	125,579	74.58	89.5N		-1.5N	455.0	454	90.6N	125.0	-226	1,656	115.2N	_	164 M大丸孔鏡	120		
	0.M帝区	120,000	100,498	83.7%	-112,789	913N	-72.012	76,080	62,566	82.2K	892N		-1.5%	585.5	172	913N	532.2		1.936	99 2N	-	090 M泰在		1	
	26	1,143,000	1,030,211	90.1%				724,670	652,152				-0.2N			92.5K		-58.3	-11	103.7%		<b>3</b> 26	1,622		
	PARTIES PA	108,000	102,952	95.3K	-5,048 -11,660	118.0N 100.1N	15,710	68,480	60,658	93.0K			0.1%	339.9	187	118.0N 100.1N	56.2 47.0	-5.0 -5.4	1,832	129 5N		072:M川運モディ	106		
	0.M機関 2.M信台県	80,000 110,000	68,340 96,504	85.4% 87.7%	-12,496	92.5N	78 -6,581	50,720 69,740	42,091 50,327	83.0N	100.0N 92.3N	61.6N	-0.1N	367.7	262	93.6N	72.2	50	1,454	07.1N		170.M發間 122.M信台樂	170		
	1. 州中台區点	100,000	97,505	30.38	-10,495	103.7N	2,464	68,480	57,479	83.3K	97.5N	58.9N	-3.8N	420.0	232	103.7N	60.0	10	1,625	102.08		151:M中台商品	119		
	S.M. III	122,000	102,239	83.8K	-19.761	667N	-50.942	77,350	62,022	80.2K	52.7N	60.7N	-3.9N	344.9	296	612N	74.0	5.0	1,382	62.28	_	003:M2 (4)	106		
	7.M% 7M	138,000	130,576	94.5N	-7.424	96.7N	-4.400	87,500	83,217	95.1%	98.6N	63.7N	1.28	357.2	366	96.7N	69.0	-102	1,392	111.0N		107:M茅 7崎	162		
	EMP#	120,000	112,269	93.6K	-7,731	92.7N	-8.834	76,080	73,471	36.55	96.5N	65.4N	2.58	337.1	233	92.1N	59.4	-15.0	1,890	116.1N		152 M李智	215		
	3G	786,000	710,386	30.45	-75,514	33.2K	-51,503	498,350	440,263	28.25	37.28	62.0X	-0.7K		281	92.2%	437.8	-24.5	1,623	38.5K	-	26 E	960	21	
	9 MHID	120,000	131,083	109.28	11,003	102 aN	3,530	76,080	92,673	121.05			4.3N	430.7	304	102.8%	72.0	+7 D	1,821	112 ax		169:MPID	271		
	2 M#33	104,000	96,613	92.95	-7,187	1046N	4,267	65,940	62,040	94.15	109.3N	64.2N	2.88	312.8	209	1046%	60.0		1,610	1046N		150:M赤羽	108		
	8:M #246	100,000	49,759	49.8K	-50,241	57.1N	-37,314	63,400	30,318	47.8%	57.2N	60.9N	0.1%	342.5	145	57.1N	49.0	-30	1,015	606N	- 1	088 MAGM	67		
07	3:M大丸梅田	159,000	170,888	100.25	12,388	107.1N	11,281	100,180	102,857	102.78	105.2N	60.2N	-1.1%	367.7	470	107.1N	78.2	140	2,185	97.5N		073:M大丸梅田	356		
	5.M大丸區開天神	98,000	98,505	100.5%	505	116 2N	13,704	62,140	57,686	92,85	117.8N	50.6N	0.0%	402.5	245	116 2N	55.0	-50	1,791	126.7N	-	065 M大丸猫間天神	166		
04	OMERA	108,000	87,303	80.8K	-20,697	94.0N	-5.590	68,480	52,632	76.9%	92.8N	60.3N	-0.7N	375.6	232	96.1N	48.0	-05	1,819	95.0N		040.M應注為	149		
	4G	688,000	634,150	32.2K	-53,850	38.4N	-10,122	436,220	398,206	913K	100.1%	62.8K	1.0%	2221.8	285	98.8K	362.2	-15	1,751	38.8K		184G	1,117	- 1	
16	8.M17-1994	105,000	96,095	90.7%	-9,905	93.8N	-6,386	67,210	61,453	91.4K	945N	64.0N	0.6%	374.2	257	93.88	52.2	-2.0	1,841	97.4%	2.0	168:M37->274	179		
	5.M八芦	125,000	101,447	81.25	-23,553	79.7N	-25,912	79,250	63,123	79.7%	75.1N	62.2N	-3.7%	548.4	185	797N	51.0	-60	1,989	89.0N		165:MJ\P	63		
16	2.M大和鉄罐	110,000	77,559	705%	-32,441	83.0N	-15,090	69,740	51,111	73.3%	85.0N	65 9N	2.3N	494.8	167	83 ON	55.3	-53	1,403	21 2N		162:M大和繁盟	157		
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# Shodan Sees Logged in Desktops

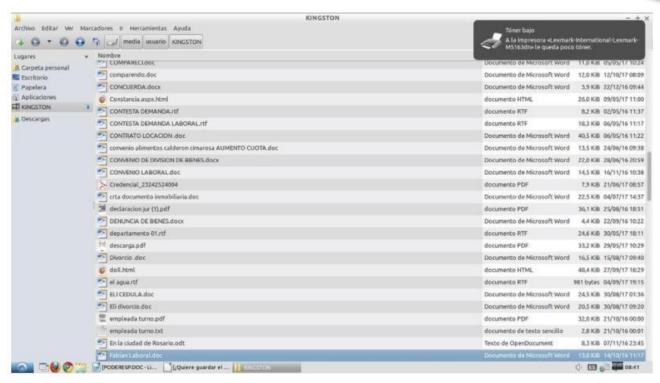






### Shodan Sees Logged in Desktops





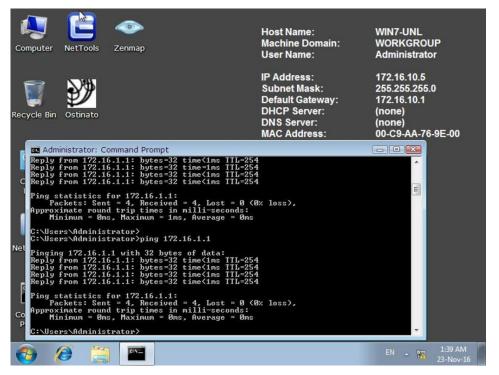


## Shodan Image Classification (SIC) Project



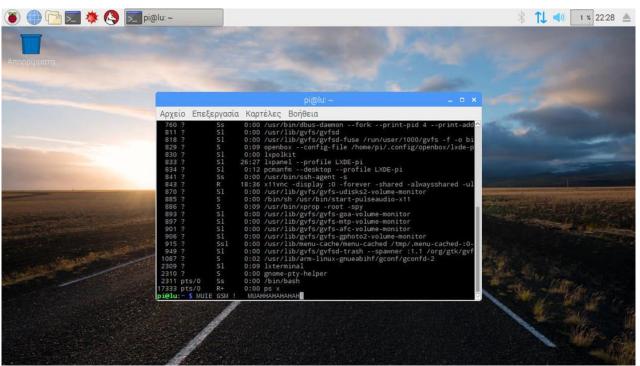
- Objective: Build a collection of binary classifiers to identify different traits about screen shots of Shodan services
  - Including classifiers that determine if a screen shot is a logged in desktop, ICS, POS, log in screen, security camera, etc
- Downloaded and manually labeled as many images as I could from the Shodan Developer API
- Trained two part Neural Networks using a method called "Transfer Learning"
  - Copy the top portion of a neural network trained on a large number of images
  - Only train the bottom portion based on the output from the top portion
  - Combine the two to make predictions
- Logged In Desktop classifier ends up 97.89% accurate





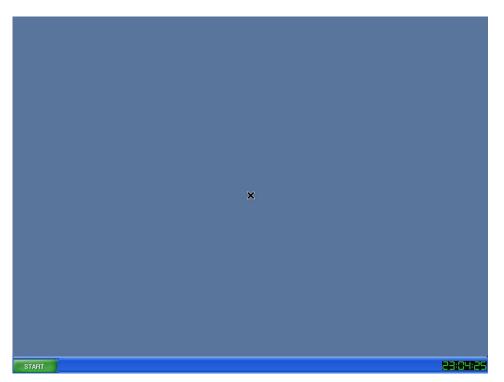


















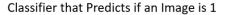


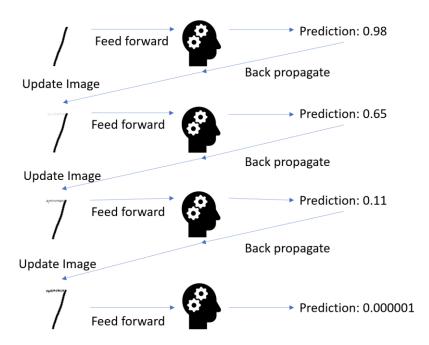
### Generating Adversarial Samples

MATTERS #RSAC

- Based on the same principals as training a neural network
- Feed in a sample to our model for classification
- Compare the output classification with the target classification we want
- Back propagate through the neural network (but not updating it) until we get to the sample
- Apply the remaining gradient to the image
- Continually repeat until the classification of the image flips

CYLANCE





### Adversarial Sample Generation Demo



- Running in a scientific computing environment called Jupyter Lab
  - A way to run Python (and other languages) experiments, and share results
  - Pytorch is the neural networking library being used primarily
- Start by loading the sample we want use as the starting point
- Load the model we want to attack (white box attack)
- Run an attack by applying changes to the whole image
- Run an attack by applying changes to a 100x100 square of the image
- Run an attack by imprinting a desired image and attacking the area around it





**HACK #5** 

**DEMO: ADVERSARIAL AI** 

(praise to the live demo gods!)

### Hardening Models



- Making models more robust against attacks is referred to as "model hardening"
- There are many different strategies
- The suggested is simple; generate a lot of adversarial samples and add them to your training set with the original label
- After one round of this kind of adversarial training
  - Model accuracy went from 97.89% to 98.3%
  - Adversarial sample generation went from 0/530 failures to 100/530 failures
  - Mean distance from original image went from 3.11 to 4.03 (images had to change more to trick the model)



#### Adversarial Machine Learning And Defenses



- There is a continual back and forth between new defenses being created, and then new attacks being created to defeat those defenses
- Similar paradigm to the security industry with red vs blue team
- Implications of the security/robustness of a machine learning model could be quite significant given how much we rely on machine learning in everything from business operations to our day to day lives
- The best way to create secure/robust models is to regularly try to find ways to attack the models you create



# Thank you!



• Questions and Answers?

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