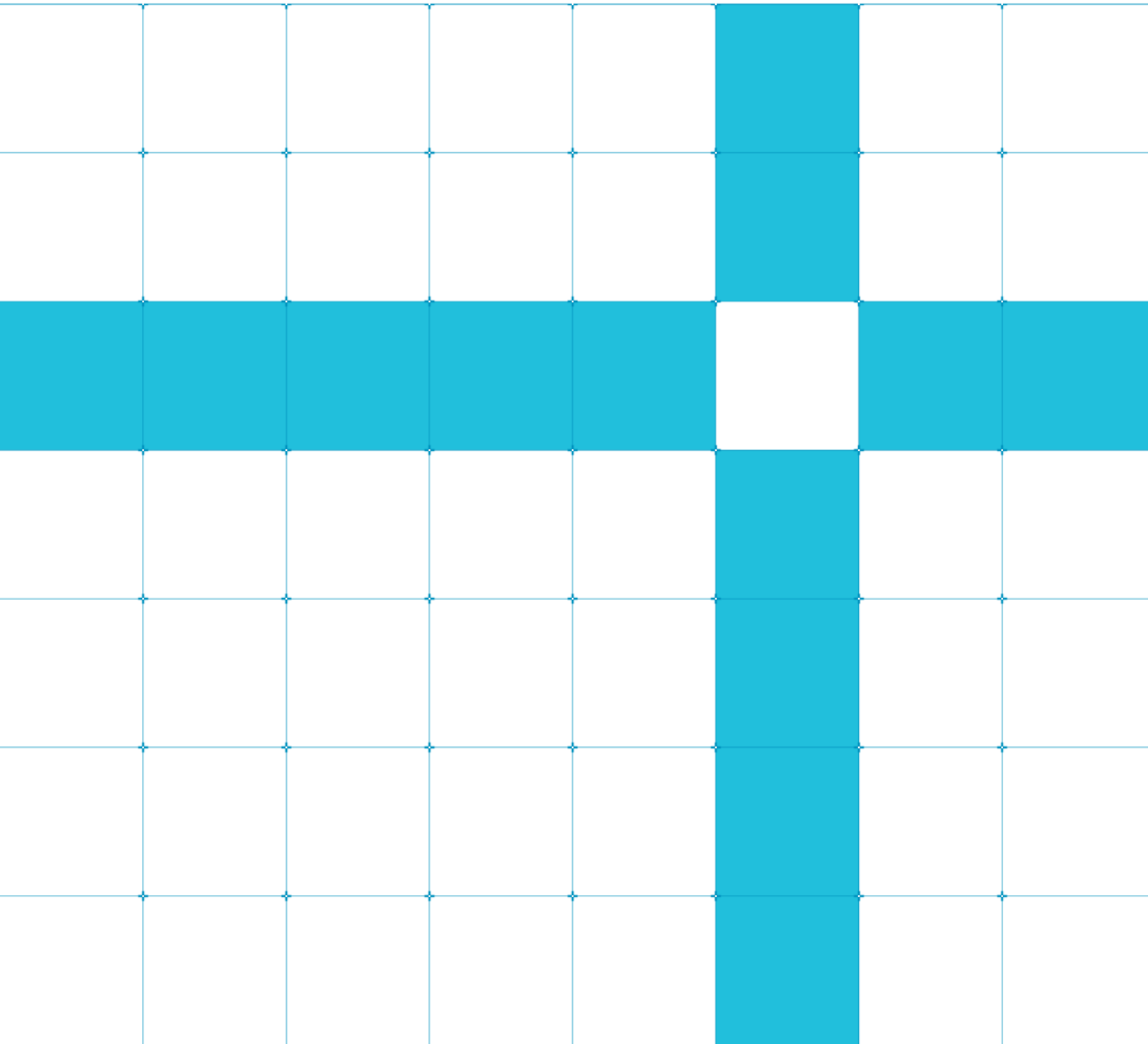




Arm® SBSA Architecture Compliance Test Scenario

Version 2.0



Arm® SBSA Architecture Compliance

Test Scenario

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Release Information

Document History

Version	Date	Confidentiality	Change
2.0	05 May 2018	Non-Confidential	Changes from REL 1.0. Note: The document now follows a new format.

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1 About this document

This document describes the test scenarios for SBSA architecture compliance.

1.1. References

Reference	Document	Author	Title
1	-	Arm	Server Base System Architecture (Version 5.0)
2	ARM DDI 0487	Arm	Arm® Architecture Reference Manual ARMv8, for Armv8-A architecture

1.2. Terms and abbreviations

This document uses the following terms and abbreviations.

Term	Meaning
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
LPI	Low Power Interrupt
MSI	Message Signalled Interrupts
PAL	Platform Abstraction Layer
PASID	Process Address Space ID
PE	Processing Element
PMU	Performance Monitoring Unit
PIPT	Physically Indexed Physically Tagged
PPI	Private Peripheral Interrupt
SBSA	Server Base System Architecture
SGI	Software Generated Input
SMC	Secure Monitor Call
SMMU	System Memory Management Unit
SPI	Shared Peripheral Interrupt
VIPT	Virtually Indexed Physically Tagged

1.3. Scope

This document describes the verification scenarios and the strategy that is followed for creating *Architecture Compliance Suite* (ACS) tests for Configuration System features described in SBSA architecture.

2 Introduction

The SBSA specifies a hardware system architecture that is based on Arm 64-bit architecture. The server system software such as operating systems, hypervisors, and firmware can rely on this architecture. It addresses PE features and key aspects of system architecture.

The primary goal is to ensure enough standard system architecture to enable a suitably built single OS image to run on all hardware compliant with this specification. A driver-based model for advanced platform capabilities beyond basic system configuration and boot are required. However, that is outside the scope of this document. Fully discoverable and describable peripherals aid the implementation of such a driver model.

SBSA also specifies features that firmware can rely on, allowing for some commonality in firmware implementation across platforms.

3 Cross reference to architecture and tests

The tests are divided into a hierarchy of subcategories depending on the run-time environment and the component submodules that are required for achieving the verification. The top level of the hierarchy is consistent with the target hardware subsystem which is validated by the test.

- These are compliance level 0 to compliance level 5 as per SBSA specification version 5.0.
- A test may check for different parameters of the hardware subsystem based on the level of compliance requested.
- Also, the tests are further subclassified as required, to run in an EL3 environment. The communication between the ACS and the EL3 firmware is through Arm SMC.

The tests are classified as:

- [PE](#)
- [GIC](#)
- [Timer](#)
- [Watchdog](#)
- [PCIe](#)
- [Wakeup semantics](#)
- [Peripherals](#)
- [IO Virtualization \(SMMU\)](#)
- [EL3 – Trusted Firmware](#)

3.1. PE

PE tests require the following tests in the table to run all the PEs in the system, requiring a *Software Generated Interrupt* (SGI) is broadcast with the test address as an entry point.

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
1	Number of PEs does not exceed 8.	ACPI MADT table	No	Level 0,1
	Number of PEs does not exceed 2^28.			Level 2+
2	PEs implement Advanced SIMD extensions.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+
3	PE will implement 16-bit ASID support.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+
4	PE will support 4KB and 64KB at stage 1 and 2.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+
5	Cache is implemented as VIPT or PIPT.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+
6	All PEs are coherent and in the same Inner shareable domain.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
7	PEs must implement Cryptography Extensions.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+
8	PEs will implement little-endian support.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 0+
9	PEs will implement EL2.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+
10	PEs will implement AArch64 at all ELs.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+
11	PMU overflow signal from each PE must be wired to a unique PPI or SPI interrupt.	ACPI MADT and functional	No	Level 0+
12	Each PE implements a minimum of four programmable PMU counters.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0
	Each PE implements a minimum of six programmable PMU counters.			Level 1+
13	Each PE implements a minimum of four synchronous watchpoints.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+
14	Each PE implements a minimum of four breakpoints.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0
	Each PE implements a minimum of six breakpoints.			Level 1+
15	All PEs are architecturally symmetric except for permitted differences.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 0+
16	Each PE will implement the EL3 Exception level.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 3+
17	Each PE implements CRC32 instructions.	CPU System Register Read	No	Level 3+
18	PMBIRQ signal must be wired to PPI ID 21.	CPU System Register Read and functional	Yes	Level 2+
19	All PEs must implement the RAS extension introduced in Armv8.2.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 4+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
20	All PEs must implement support for 16-bit VMD.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 4+
21	All PEs must implement virtual host extensions.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 4+
22	All PEs must provide support for stage-2 control of memory types and cacheability, as introduced by Armv8.4 extensions.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 5+
23	All PEs must implement enhanced nested virtualization.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 5+
24	All PEs must support changing of page table mapping size using level1 and level2 solution proposed in the Armv8.4 extension. Level2 is recommended.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 5+
25	If PEs implement Armv8.3 pointer signing, the PEs must provide the standard algorithm defined by the Arm architecture.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 4+
26	All PEs must implement the Activity Monitors Extension.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 5+
27	Where export control allows, all PEs must implement cryptography support for SHA3 and SHA512.	CPU System Register Read and functional	No	Level 5+
28	Where PEs implement the scalar vector extension, the vector length maximum must be at least 256 bits.	CPU System Register Read and functional	Yes	Level 3+

3.2. GIC

GIC functionality is verified from running the test on a single PE in the system.

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
101	GICv2 is implemented	ACPI, register read	No	Level 0,1
	GICv3 is implemented			Level 2+
102	If the base server system includes PCI Express then the GICv3 interrupt controller will implement ITS and LPI.	MADT Table	No	Level 2+
103	The GICv3 interrupt controller will support two Security states.	GIC System Register Read	No	Level 3+
104	GIC maintenance interrupt will be wired as PPI 25.	ACPI Table	No	Level 2+

3.3. Timer

Timer functionality is verified from running the test on a single PE in the system.

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
201	The system counter of the Generic Timer will run at a minimum frequency of 10MHz and at a maximum frequency of 400MHz.	ACPI GTDT	No	Level 0+
202	The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when EL1 physical timer expires.	CPU System Register Write, GIC APIs	No	Level 0+
	The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when EL1 physical timer expires and PPI must be 30.			Level 2+
203	The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the virtual timer expires.	CPU System Register Write, GIC APIs	No	Level 0+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
	The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the virtual timer expires and PPI must be 27.			Level 2+
204	The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the EL2 physical timer expires.	CPU System Register Write, GIC APIs	No	Level 0+
	The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the EL2 physical timer expires and must be 26.			Level 2+
205	For systems where PE are v8.1 or greater, local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the EL2 virtual timer expires.	CPU System Register Write, GIC APIs	No	Level 0+
	For systems where PE are v8.1 or greater, local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the EL2 virtual timer expires and must be 28.			Level 2+
206	In systems that implement EL3, the memory mapped timer (the CNTBaseN frame and associated NTCTLBase frame) must be mapped into the Non-secure address space.	Read/write to Base address	No	Level 2+
206	If the system includes a system wakeup timer, this memory-mapped timer must be mapped on to Non-secure address space	Read/write to Base address	No	Level 3+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
207	Unless all the local PE timers are always ON, the base server system will implement a system-specific system wakeup timer.	ACPI GTDT	No	Level 1+
208	A system-specific system timer will generate an SPI.	Platform-specific	No	Level 0+

3.4. Watchdog

Watchdog functionality is verified from running the test on a single PE in the system.

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
301	The system implements a Generic Watchdog as specified in <i>Appendix A: Generic Watchdog</i> .	ACPI GTDT	No	Level 1+
	The watchdog must have both its register frames mapped on to Non-secure address space, which is referred to as the Non-secure watchdog.			Level 3+
302	Watchdog signal 0 is routed as an SPI to the GIC and usable as a EL2 interrupt.	ACPI GTDT, GIC APIs	No	Level 1+
	Watchdog signal 0 is routed as an SPI or LPI to the GIC and usable as a EL2 interrupt.			Level 2+

3.5. PCIe

PCIe functionality is verified from running the test on a single PE in the system.

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
401	Systems must map memory space to PCI Express configuration space, using the PCI Express <i>Enhanced Configuration Access Mechanism</i> (ECAM). Tests must be robust to ARI that is implemented.	Uefi PCD, FDT, ACPI	No	Level 1+
402	The base address of each ECAM region is discoverable from system firmware data.	ACPI MCFG table	No	Level 1+
403	PEs can access the ECAM region.	PCI RootBridge IO Protocol read/write	No	Level 1+
404	All systems must support mapping PCI Express memory space as either device memory or non-cacheable memory.	Memory Map & read/write	No	Level 1+
	When PCI Express memory space is mapped as normal memory, the system must support unaligned accesses to that region.			
405	In systems that are compatible with level 3 or above of the SBSA, the addresses that the PCI Express devices send must be presented to the memory system or SMMU unmodified.	-	-	Level 3+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
	In a system where the PCI Express does not use an SMMU, the PCI Express devices have the same view of physical memory as the PEs.			Level 0+
406	In a system with an SMMU for PCI Express, there are no transformations to addresses that the PCI Express devices send before they are presented as an input address to the SMMU.	-	-	Level 0+
407	Support for Message Signalled Interrupts (MSI or MSI-X) is required for PCI Express devices. MSI and MSI-X are edge-triggered interrupts that are delivered as a memory write transaction.	-	-	Level 1+
408	Each unique MSI or MSI-X will trigger an interrupt with a unique ID and the MSI or MSI-X will target GIC registers requiring no hardware-specific software to service the interrupt.	-	-	Level 1+
409	All MSIs and MSI-x are mapped to LPI.	-	-	Level 2+
410	If the system supports PCIe PASID, then at least 16 bits of PASID must be supported.	-	-	Level 3+
411	The PCI Express root complex is in the same inner shareable domain as the PEs.	-	-	Level 0+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
412	Each of the 4 legacy interrupt lines must be allocated a unique SPI ID and is programmed as level sensitive.	-	-	Level 1+
413	All Non-secure on-chip masters in a base server system that are expected to be under the control of the OS or hypervisor must be capable of addressing all of the NS address space. If the master goes through a SMMU then it must be capable of addressing all of the NS address space when the SMMU is off.	-	-	Level 3+
	Non-secure off-chip devices that cannot directly address all of the Non-secure address space must be placed behind a stage 1 System MMU compatible with the Arm SMMUv2 or SMMUv3 specification. that has an output address size large enough to address all of the Non-secure address space.			
414	Memory Attributes of DMA traffic are one of (1) Inner WB, Outer WB, Inner Shareable (2) Inner/Outer Non- Cacheable (3) Device TypeIO Coherent DMA is as per (1) Inner/Outer WB, Inner Shareable.	-	-	Level 3+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
415	PCI Express transactions not marked as No_snoop accessing memory that the PE translation tables attribute as cacheable and shared are I/O coherent with the PEs. I/O coherency fundamentally means that no software coherency management is required on the PEs for the PCI Express root complex, and therefore devices, to get a coherent view of the PE memory.	-	-	Level 0+
	PCI Express transactions marked as No_snoop accessing memory that the PE translation tables attribute as cacheable and shared behave correctly when the appropriate SW coherence is deployed.			
416	For Non-prefetchable (NP) memory, type-1 headers only support 32bit address, systems compliant with SBSA level 4 or above must support 32bit programming of NP BARs on such endpoints.	-	-	Level 4+

3.6. Wakeup semantics

Wakeup semantics functionality is verified from running the test on a single PE in the system.

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
501	Wake up from power semantic B due to EL0 Physical Timer Interrupt (PTI).	System Register write, GIC APIs	No	Level 2+
502	Wake up from power semantic B due to EL0 Virtual Timer Interrupt (VTI).	System Register write, GIC APIs	No	Level 2+
503	Wake up from power semantic B due to EL2 PTI.	System Register write, GIC APIs	No	Level 2+
504	Wake up from power semantic B due to watchdog WSO interrupt.	System Register write, GIC APIs	No	Level 2+
505	Wake up from power semantic B due to system timer interrupt.	Platform code	No	Level 2+

3.7. Peripherals

Peripheral functionality is verified from running the test on a single PE in the system.

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
601	If the system has a USB 2.0 host controller peripheral, it must conform to EHCI v1.1 or later. But peripheral subsystems which do not conform to the same are permitted, provided that they are not required to boot and install an OS.	USB EHCIHostController Protocol	No	Level 0+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
	If the system has a USB 3.0 host controller Peripheral it must conform to XHCI v1.0 or later. But peripheral subsystems which do not conform to the above are permitted, provided that they are not required to boot and install an OS.	USB XHCIHostController Protocol	-	
602	If the system has a SATA host controller peripheral it must conform to AHCI v1.3 or later. But peripheral subsystems which do not conform to the above are permitted, provided that they are not required to boot and install an OS.	SATA AHCIHostController	No	Level 0+
603	For the purpose of system development and bring up, the base server system will include a Generic UART. The Generic UART is specified in Appendix B. The UARTINTR interrupt output is connected to the GIC as an SPI.	Protocol	No	Level 1+
	Check that the Generic UART is mapped to Non-secure address space.	Register read		Level 3+
604	UARTINTR of the generic UART will be connected as SPI or LPI.	Yes	No	Level 2+
605	Accesses to the unpopulated part of the memory map must not deadlock and cause a precise data abort, SEI or SPU interrupt delivered to the GIC.	UEFI Memory Map	No	Level 0+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
	In a memory access to an unpopulated part of the addressable memory space, the accesses must be terminated in a manner that is presented to the PE as either a precise Data Abort or that causes a system error interrupt or SPI, LPI interrupt to be delivered to the GIC.			Level 2+
606	Secure generic UART is present. It is not aliased in Non-secure address space. The UARTINTR output of the Secure generic UART is connected to the GIC as an SPI.	Register read/write	Yes	Level 3+

3.8. IO Virtualization (SMMU)

IO Virtualization functionality is verified from running the test on a single PE in the system.

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
701	The SMMU, if present must support a 64KB granule.	Register read	No	Level 0+
702	All the System MMUs in the system must be compliant with the same architecture version.	ACPI IORT table	No	Level 3+
703	If SMMUv3 is in use, the integration of the System MMUs is compliant with the specification in <i>Appendix H: SMMUv3 Integration</i> .	ACPI IORT table	No	Level 3+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
	A System MMU compatible with the Arm SMMUv2 or SMMUv3 specification must provide stage 2 System MMU functionality.	Register read	-	
704	The SMMUv3 specification requires that PCIe root complex must not use the stall model due to potential deadlock.	ACPI table, Register read	-	Level 3+
705	If SMMUv2 is in use, each context bank must present a unique physical interrupt to the GIC.	Yes	-	Level 3+
706	Each function, or virtual function, that requires hardware I/O virtualization is associated with a SMMU context. The programming of this association is IMPLEMENTATION DEFINED and is expected to be described by system firmware data.	-	-	Level 1+

3.9. EL3 – Trusted Firmware

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
901	Watchdog Signal 1 is available. This may be confirmed in the data base. This may not be possible to exercise as its handling is platform specific.	Watchdog APIs and GIC APIs	Yes	Level 1+
	The Watchdog Signal 1 is routed as a SPI to GIC and usable as an EL3 interrupt, directly targeting a single PE.			Level 3+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
902	Must implement at least 56 bits.	Timer APIs and PE APIs	Yes	Level 0+
	The counter shall be sized and programmed to ensure that rollover never occurs in pract.			Level 0+
	In systems that implement EL3, CNTControlBase should be mapped to Secure address space only.			Level 1+
	Generic Timer required registers are implemented as specified in section 4.2.3.1 Summary of required registers of the CNTControlBase frame.			Level 1+
903	The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when EL3 physical timer expires.	Secure firmware APIs	Yes	Level 0+
	The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when EL3 physical timer expires, and PPI must be 29.			Level 2+
904	Any local timers that are marked by PE as always ON must be able to wake up the system. This applies to expiry of all secure views of the local timer (CNTPS).	Secure firmware APIs	Yes	Level 0+
	Secure Watchdog is implemented. Secure watchdog is not-aliased in non-secure address space. Signal 0 if secure watchdog is routed as an SPI and usable as an interrupt to EL3, directly targeting a single PE.			Level 3+

Test ID	Test case	System interface dependency	Requirement of Secure firmware	Level
905	Secure Generic UART is present. It is not aliased in Non-secure address space. The UARTINTR output of the secure generic UART is connected to the GIC as an SPI.	Secure firmware APIs	Yes	Level 3+
906	A Secure system wakeup timer is present and the interrupt is presented to GIC as a SPI.	Secure firmware APIs	Yes	Level 3+

4 Test scenarios

The test scenarios are divided based on the functionality and the hardware domain access. The test suite follows this division of test scenarios to better categorize the test report.

The level of target compliance is an input to each of these test scenarios. The scenarios are classified into the following:

- VAL APIs
- PE
- GIC
- System and Generic Timer
- Watchdog
- Peripherals and memory
- Power states and wakeup
- IO virtualization
- PCIE
- EL3 – Trusted firmware

4.1. VAL APIs

The following VAL APIs are consumed by all the tests and are not mentioned explicitly for each test.

- val_initialize_test
- val_run_test_payload
- val_pe_get_index_mpid
- val_pe_get_mpid
- val_set_status
- val_report_status

4.2. PE

The VAL API val_pe_create_info_table must be called before any of the following test scenarios are executed.

4.2.1 Number of PEs

The PEs referred to in the SBSA specification are those that are running the operating system or hypervisor, not PEs that are acting as devices.

Does not exceed 8

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
1	val_pe_get_num	4.1.1	Level 0,1

Does not exceed 2^{28}

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
1	val_pe_get_num	4.1.1	Level 2+

4.2.2 PEs must implement SIMD extensions

ID_AA64PFR0_EL1 must indicate support bits [23:20].

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
2	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.3 PEs must implement 16-bit ASID support

ID_AA64MMFR0_EL1 must indicate support for 16-bit ASIDs in ASIDBits == 0010 for all cores.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
3	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.4 PEs must support 4KB and 64KB at stage 1 and 2

ID_AA64MMFR0_EL1 must indicate support for 4KB and 64KB granules for all cores.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
4	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.5 Cache are implemented as VIPT or PIPT

CTR_EL0 bits 15:14 must indicate the instruction cache type.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
5	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.6 All PEs are coherent and in the same inner-shareable domain

ID_MMFR0_EL1.InnerShr must indicate hardware coherency support for InnerShr across all cores, ShreLvl must be 0001 across all cores (later is mandated for Armv8). Functional verification is optional.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
6	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.7 PEs must implement Cryptography extensions

ID_ISAR5_EL1 must indicate support for SHA1 and SHA2, AES, and PMULL and PMULL2 instructions. This test must be run only when Export restriction allows Cryptography Extensions.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
7	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.8 PEs must have LE support

ID_AA64MMFR0_EL1 indicates whether mixed-endian support is present. If mixed-endian is not supported then SCTLR_ELx.EE must strictly read as 0 indicating endianness as little-endian. If mixed-endian is supported, then memory reads with toggled SCTLR_ELx.EE must return swizzled data.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
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4.2.9 PEs must implement EL2

ID_AA64PFR0_EL1 bits 11:8 must indicate EL2 is supported.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
9	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.10 PEs must implement AARCH64

ID_AA64PFR0_EL1 must indicate support for AARCH64 for all levels.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
10	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.11 PMU overflow signal

The generated PMUIRQ must be wired to unique ID and returned as part of the platform code.

Must be wired to a unique PPI or SPI

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
10	val_pe_reg_read val_pe_reg_write val_gic_install_isr val_pe_get_pmu_gsicv	4.1.1	Level 0, 1

Must be wired to PPI 23

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
11	val_pe_reg_read val_pe_reg_write val_gic_install_isr val_pe_get_pmu_gsicv	4.1.1	Level 2+

4.2.12 PMU counters

Implement minimum of 4

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
12	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0

Implement minimum of 6

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
12	val_pe_reg_read	4.2.1	Level 1+

4.2.13 PEs must implement a minimum of four synchronous watchpoints

ID_AA64DFR0_EL1.WRPs must indicate a value of at least 3.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
13	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.14 Breakpoints

ID_AA64DFR0_EL1.BRPs indicates number of breakpoints implemented. ID_AA64DFR0_EL1.CTX_CMPs should read at least 1.

Implement minimum of 4

ID_AA64DFR0_EL1.WRPs must indicate a value of at least 3. ID_AA64DFR0_EL1.CTX_CMPs must read at least 1.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
14	val_pe_reg_read	4.1.1	Level 0

Implement minimum of 6

ID_AA64DFR0_EL1.WRPs must indicate a value of at least 5. ID_AA64DFR0_EL1.CTX_CMPs must read at least 1.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
14	val_pe_reg_read	4.2.1	Level 1+

4.2.15 All PEs are architecturally symmetric

Read all the processor ID registers from all PEs and then compare the values with the main PE (cpu_id 0).

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
15	val_pe_reg_read val_set_test_data val_data_cache_ci_va	4.1.1	Level 0+

4.2.16 EL3 must be implemented

ID_AA64PFR0_EL1 bits 15:12 must indicate EL3 is supported.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
16	val_pe_reg_read	4.4.1	Level 3+

4.2.17 CRC32 instruction must be implemented

Read processor register ID_AA64ISAR0_EL1 bits 19:16.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
17	val_pe_reg_read	4.4.1	Level 3+

4.2.18 PMBIRQ will be wired as PPI 21

The generated PMBIRQ must be wired to unique ID will be returned as part of the platform code.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
18	val_pe_reg_read val_pe_reg_write val_gic_install_isr val_secure_call_smc val_pe_spe_program_und er_profiling val_pe_spe_disable	4.4.1	Level 2+

4.2.19 All PEs must implement the RAS extension introduced in Armv8.2

Read PE register ID_AA64PFR0_EL1 bits 31:28

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
19	val_pe_reg_read	4.3.1	Level 4+

4.2.20 All PEs must implement support for 16-bit VMD

Read PE register ID_AA64MMFR1_EL1 bits 7:4.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
20	val_pe_reg_read	4.3.1	Level 4+

4.2.21 All PEs must implement virtual host extensions

Read PE register ID_AA64MMFR1_EL1 bits 11:8

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
21	val_pe_reg_read	4.3.1	Level 4+

4.2.22 All PEs must provide support for stage-2 control of memory types and cacheability, as introduced by Armv8.4 extensions

Read PE register ID_AA64MMFR2_EL1.FWB bits 43:40

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
22	val_pe_reg_read	4.4.1	Level 5+

4.2.23 All PEs must implement enhanced nested virtualization

Read PE register ID_AA64MMFR2_EL1.FWB bits 27:24

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
23	val_pe_reg_read	4.4.1	Level 5+

4.2.24 All PEs must support changing of page table mapping size using level1 and level2 solution proposed in the Armv8.4 extension

Read PE register ID_AA64MMFR2_EL1.FWB bits 55:52

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
24	val_pe_reg_read	4.4.1	Level 5+

4.2.25 If PEs implement Armv8.3 pointer signing, the PEs must provide the standard algorithm defined by the Arm architecture

Read PE register ID_AA64ISAR1_EL1 and check bits[7:4], bits[11:8], bits[27:24] and bits[31:28]

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
25	val_pe_reg_read	4.4.1	Level 4+

4.2.26 All PEs must implement the Activity Monitors Extension

Read PE register ID_AA64PFR0_EL1 bits 47:44.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
26	val_pe_reg_read	4.4.1	Level 5+

4.2.27 Where export control allows, all PEs must implement cryptography support for SHA3 and SHA512

Read PE register ID_AA64ISAR0_EL1.SHA3 bits[35:32] and bits[15:12].

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
27	val_pe_reg_read	4.4.1	Level 5+

4.2.28 Where PEs implement the scalar vector extension, the vector length maximum must be at least 256 bits

Read PE register ID_AA64PFR0_EL1 bits[35:32] and check PE register RDVL value

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
28	val_pe_reg_read	4.4.1	Level 3+

4.3. GIC

The VAL API val_gic_create_info_table needs to be called before any of the following test scenarios are executed.

4.3.1 GIC version

GIC V2 is implemented

ID registers are at offset 0xFE8 (ICPIDR2.ArchRev) == 0x2. On ACPI tables, GICD structure in MADT must indicate revision 2 for the GIC.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
101	val_gic_get_info	4.1.2	Level 0, 1

GIC V3 is implemented

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
101	val_gic_get_info	4.3.2	Level 2+

4.3.2 If the system includes PCI Express, then the GICv3 interrupt controller will implement ITS and LPI

Check if ECAM is present, if yes, assume the system implements PCIe. Check for the presence of ITS from MADT table and HW register value.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
102	val_gic_get_info val_pcie_get_info	4.3.2	Level 2+

4.3.3 The GICv3 interrupt controller will support two Security states

Check GICD_CTLR.DS bit (bit6 == 0 : 2 states, bit 6 == 1 : 1 state).

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
103	val_gic_get_gicd_base val_gic_get_info	4.4.4	Level 3+

4.3.4 GIC maintenance interrupt shall be wired as PPI 25

The generated GIC maintenance interrupt must be wired as PPI 25.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
104	val_gic_get_info val_gic_install_isr val_gic_reg_read val_gic_reg_write val_gic_end_of_interrupt	4.4.4	Level 3+

4.4. System and Generic Timer

Call the VAL API val_timer_create_info_table before any of the following test scenarios are executed.

4.4.1 System counter of the Generic Timer will run at a minimum frequency of 10 and at a maximum frequency of 400MHz

ACPI GTDT table gives the frequency of the timer. The test must check that the frequency matches the value read from CNTFREQ registers. The functional test of the timer clock frequency is beyond the capability of the AVS suite.

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
201	val_gic_get_timer_info	4.1.5	Level 0+

4.4.2 The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the EL1 physical timer expires

This must test the overflow when programming CNTP_TVAL_ELO or CNTP_CVAL_ELO. The test must ensure for each CPU a PPI is generated, and the PPI is the same for all CPUs.

Must be wired to a unique PPI for associated PE

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
202	val_gic_get_timer_info val_gic_install_isr val_timer_set_phy_el1	4.1.5	Level 0, 1

Must be wired to PPI 30

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
202	val_gic_get_timer_info val_gic_install_isr val_timer_set_phy_el1	4.3.2.1	Level 2+

4.4.3 The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the virtual timer expires

This must test the overflow when programming CNTV_TVAL_ELO or CNTV_VAL_ELO. The test must ensure for each CPU a PPI is generated, and the PPI is the same for all CPUs.

Must be wired to a unique PPI for the associated PE

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
203	val_gic_get_timer_info val_gic_install_isr val_timer_set_vir_el1	4.1.5	Level 0, 1

Must be wired to PPI 27

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
203	val_gic_get_timer_info val_gic_install_isr val_timer_set_vir_el1	4.3.2.1	Level 2+

4.4.4 The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the EL2 physical timer expires

This must test the overflow when programming CNTHP_TVAL_EL2 or CNTHP_CVAL_EL2. The test must ensure for each CPU a PPI is generated, and the PPI is the same for all CPUs.

Must be wired to a unique PPI for the associated PE

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
204	val_gic_get_timer_info val_gic_install_isr val_timer_set_phy_el2	4.1.5	Level 0, 1

Must be wired to PPI 26

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
204	val_gic_get_timer_info val_gic_install_isr val_timer_set_phy_el2	4.3.2.1	Level 2+

4.4.5 The Local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when the EL2 virtual timer expires

Must be wired to a unique PPI for the associated PE

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
205	val_gic_get_timer_info val_gic_install_isr val_timer_set_vir_el2 val_pe_reg_read	4.1.5	Level 0, 1

Must be wired to PPI 28

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
205	val_gic_get_timer_info val_gic_install_isr val_timer_set_vir_el2 val_pe_reg_read	4.3.2.1	Level 2+

4.4.6 In systems that implement EL3, the memory mapped timer must be mapped into the Non-secure address space (the CNTBaseN frame and associated CNTCTLBase frame)

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
206	val_gic_get_timer_info val_mmio_read val_mmio_write	4.2.3	Level 1+

If the system includes a system wakeup timer, this memory-mapped timer must be mapped on to Non-secure address space

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
206	val_gic_get_timer_info val_mmio_read val_mmio_write	4.3.2.1	Level 3+

4.4.7 Unless all of the local PE timers are always on, the base server system will implement a system-specific system wakeup timer

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
207	val_gic_get_timer_info	4.1.5	Level 0+

4.4.8 System specific system timer shall generate an SPI

Test ID	VAL APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
208	val_timer_get_info val_timer_skip_if_cntbase _access_not_allowed val_gic_install_isr val_timer_set_system_timer val_timer_disable_system_timer val_gic_end_of_interrupt	4.1.5	Level 0+

4.5. Watchdog

Call the VAL API val_wd_create_info_table before any of the following test scenarios are executed.

4.5.1 System implements a Generic Watchdog as specified in SBSA specification.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
301	val_wd_get_info	4.2.4	Level 1+

The Non-secure watchdog must have both its register frames mapped on to Non-secure address space

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
301	val_wd_get_info val_mmio_read	4.4.7	Level 2+

4.5.2 Watchdog Signal 0 is routed as SPI (or LPI) and usable as a EL2 interrupt

WS0 routed as SPI

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
302	val_wd_get_info val_gic_install_isr val_wd_set_ws0	4.2.4	Level 0, 1

WS0 routed as SPI or LPI

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
302	val_wd_get_info val_gic_install_isr val_wd_set_ws0	4.3.8	Level 2, 3

4.6. Peripherals and memory

Call the VAL APIs val_peripheral_create_info_table and val_memory_create_info_table for relevant test scenarios before their execution.

4.6.1 If the system has a USB2.0 (USB3.0) host controller peripheral, it must conform to EHCI v1.1 (XHCI v1.0) or later.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
601	val_peripheral_get_info val_pcie_read_cfg	4.1.11	Level 0+

4.6.2 If the system has a SATA host controller peripheral, it must conform to AHCI v1.3 or later.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
602	val_peripheral_get_info val_pcie_read_cfg	4.1.11	Level 0+

4.6.3 Base server system will include a Generic UART as specified in Appendix B. Check that that Generic UART is mapped to Non-Secure address space

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
603	val_peripheral_get_info	4.1.11	Level 0+

4.6.4 The UARTINTR interrupt output is connected to the GIC.

UARTINTR routed as SPI or LPI

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
604	val_peripheral_get_info val_gic_install_isr	B.3	Level 1+

4.6.5 Memory access to an unpopulated part of the addressable memory space

In a memory access to an unpopulated part of the addressable memory space, the accesses must be terminated in a manner that is presented to the PE as either a precise Data Abort or that causes a system error interrupt or SPI, LPI interrupt to be delivered to the GIC.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
605	val_pe_get_elr_stacked_addr val_pe_install_esr val_memory_get_info	4.1.3	Level 0+

4.6.6 Non-secure access to secure address must cause exception.

Some memory is mapped in secure address space. The memory shall not be aliased in Non-secure address space.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
606	val_pe_install_esr val_pe_update_elr val_pe_reg_read	4.1.3	Level 3+

4.7. Power states and wakeup

There are no prerequisite VAL APIs for the following tests.

4.7.1 In state B, a PE must be able to wake on receipt of an SGI, PPI or SPI that directly targets the PE.

Wake up due to EL0 PTI

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
501	val_timer_get_info val_timer_set_phy_el1 val_gic_install_isr val_power_enter_semantic	4.1.8	Level 0+

Wake up due to EL0 VTI

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
502	val_timer_get_info val_timer_set_vir_el1 val_timer_set_phy_el1 val_gic_install_isr val_power_enter_semantic	4.1.8	Level 0+

Wake up due to EL2 PTI

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
503	val_timer_get_info val_timer_set_phy_el2 val_timer_set_phy_el2 val_gic_install_isr val_power_enter_semantic	4.1.8	Level 0+

Wake up due to Watchdog WS0 Interrupt

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
504	val_wd_get_info val_wd_set_ws0 val_timer_get_info val_timer_set_phy_el1 val_gic_install_isr val_power_enter_semantic	4.1.8	Level 0+

Wake up due to system time interrupt

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
505	val_timer_get_info val_timer_set_system_timer val_gic_install_isr val_power_enter_semantic	4.1.8	Level 0+

4.8. IO virtualization

4.8.1 SMMU if present is compatible with Arm SMMU v1

This test case can be skipped as it is very unlikely that the 2016/2017 platforms will have an SMMU compatible with version 1.

4.8.2 SMMU if present, must support a 64KB translation granule

ID register gives the supported translation granule size.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
701	val_smmu_get_info val_smmu_read_cfg	-	Level 0+

4.8.3 All the System MMUs in the system must be compliant with the same architecture version

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
702	val_smmu_get_info	4.1.6	Level 3+

4.8.4 If PCIe, check the stall model

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
704	val_smmu_get_info val_pcie_get_info	Appendix E	Level 3+

4.8.5 If SMMUv3 is in use, check the compliance with Appendix E: SMMUv3 integration

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
703	val_smmu_get_info val_smmu_read_cfg	4.1.6 Appendix E	Level 3+

4.8.6 If SMMUv2 is in use, Each context bank must present a unique physical interrupt to the GIC

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
705	val_smmu_get_info val_iovirt_check_unique_c tx_intid	4.1.6	Level 3+

4.8.7 Each function, or virtual function, that requires hardware I/O virtualization is associated with a SMMU context.

The programming of this association is IMPLEMENTATION DEFINED and is expected to be described by system firmware data.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
706	val_smmu_get_info val_iovirt_unique_rid_stri d_map	4.1.6	Level 3+

4.9. PCIE

Call the VAL API val_pcie_create_info_table before any of the following test scenarios are executed.

4.9.1 Systems must map memory space to PCI Express configuration space, using the PCI Express Enhanced Configuration Access Mechanism (ECAM)

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
401	val_pcie_get_info	D.1	Level 1

4.9.2 ECAM value present in MCFG

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
402	val_pcie_get_info	D.1	Level 1+

4.9.3 PE's are able to access ECAM

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
403	val_pcie_get_info val_mmio_read	D.1	Level 1+

4.9.4 PCIe space is device or non-cacheable

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
404	val_pcie_get_info val_memory_get_info	D.2	Level 1+

4.9.5 When PCI Express memory space is mapped as normal memory, the system must support unaligned accesses to that region.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
404	val_pcie_get_info val_memory_get_info	D.2	Level 1+

4.9.6 In systems that are compatible with level 3 or above of the SBSA, the addresses sent by PCI express devices must be presented to the memory system or SMMU unmodified

In a system where the PCI express does not use an SMMU, the PCI express devices have the same view of physical memory as the PEs. PCIe I/O Coherency Scenarios without System MMU are covered. PCIe I/O Coherency Scenarios with System MMU are covered.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
405	val_pcie_get_info val_memory_get_info val_dma_get_info val_dma_start_from_device val_dma_start_to_device val_smmu_ops	D.3	Level 1+

4.9.7 In a system with a SMMU for PCI express there are no transformations to addresses being sent by PCI express devices before they are presented as an input address to the SMMU.

The addresses sent by PCI express devices must be presented to the memory system or SMMU unmodified.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
406	val_pcie_get_info val_memory_get_info val_dma_get_info val_smmu_ops val_dma_device_get_dma_addr val_dma_mem_alloc	D.3	Level 1+

4.9.8 Support for Message Signaled Interrupts (MSI/MSI-X) is required for PCI Express devices.

MSI and MSI-X are edge-triggered interrupts that are delivered as a memory write transaction.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
407	val_peripheral_get_info val_pcie_get_device_type	D.4	Level 1+

4.9.9 Each unique MSI(-X) shall trigger an interrupt with a unique ID and the MSI(-X) shall target GIC registers requiring no hardware specific software to service the interrupt.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
408	val_peripheral_get_info val_get_msi_vectors	D.4	Level 1+

4.9.10 All MSIs and MSI-x are mapped to LPI.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
409	val_peripheral_get_info val_get_msi_vectors	D.4	Level 1+

4.9.11 If the system supports PCIe PASID, then at least 16 bits of PASID must be supported

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
410	val_peripheral_get_info val_smmu_get_info val_smmu_max_pasids	D.14	Level 1+

4.9.12 The PCI Express root complex is in the same Inner Shareable domain as the PEs

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
411	val_iovirt_get_pcie_rc_info	D.8	Level 1+

4.9.13 Each of the 4 legacy interrupt lines must be allocated a unique SPI ID and is programmed as level sensitive

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
412	val_peripheral_get_info val_pci_get_legacy_irq_map	D.6	Level 1+

4.9.14 All Non-secure on-chip masters in a base server system that are expected to be under the control of the OS or hypervisor must be capable of addressing all of the NS address space.

If the master goes through a SMMU then it must be capable of addressing all of the NS address space when the SMMU is off. Non-secure off-chip devices that cannot directly address all of the Non-secure address space must be placed behind a stage 1 System MMU compatible with the Arm SMMUv2 or SMMUv3 specification. that has an output address size large enough to address all of the Non-secure address space.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
413	val_peripheral_get_info val_pcie_is_devicedma_64bit val_pcie_is_device_behind_smmu	4.1.3	Level 1+

4.9.15 Memory Attributes of DMA traffic.

Memory Attributes of DMA traffic are one of (1) Inner WB, Outer WB, Inner Shareable (2) Inner/Outer Non- Cacheable (3) Device TypeIO Coherent DMA is as per (1) Inner/Outer WB, Inner Shareable.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
414	val_dma_get_info val_dma_mem_alloc val_dma_mem_get_attrs	4.1.11	Level 1+

4.9.16 PCI Express transactions not marked as No_snoop accessing memory that the PE translation tables attribute as cacheable and shared are I/O Coherent with the PEs.

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
415	val_peripheral_get_info val_pcie_get_device_type val_pcie_get_dma_support val_pcie_get_snoop_bit	D.8	Level 1+

4.9.17 For Non-prefetchable (NP) memory, type-1 headers only support 32bit address, systems compliant with SBSA level 4 or above must support 32bit programming of NP BARs on such endpoints

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
416	val_peripheral_get_info val_pcie_get_device_type val_pcie_io_read_cfg val_pcie_scan_bridge_devices_and_check_memtype	D.2	Level 3+

4.10. EL3 – Trusted firmware

4.10.1 Watchdog Signal 1 is available. This may be confirmed in the data base. This may not be possible to exercise as its handling is platform specific

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
901	val_wd_get_info val_wd_set_ws0 val_gic_install_isr val_secure_get_result val_gic_end_of_interrupt	4.2.4	Level 1+

The Watchdog Signal 1 is routed as a SPI to GIC and usable as an EL3 interrupt, directly targetting a single PE

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
901	val_wd_get_info val_wd_set_ws0 val_gic_install_isr val_secure_get_result val_gic_end_of_interrupt	4.5.3	Level 3+

4.10.2 Must implement at least 56 bits

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
902	val_is_el3_enabled val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_pe_install_esr val_pe_update_elr	4.1.5	Level 0+

In systems that implement EL3, CNTControlBase should be mapped to Secure address space only

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
902	val_is_el3_enabled val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_pe_install_esr val_pe_update_elr	4.1.5	Level 0+

The counter shall be sized and programmed to ensure that rollover never occurs in pract

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
902	val_is_el3_enabled val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_pe_install_esr val_pe_update_elr	4.2.3	Level 1+

Generic Timer required registers are implemented as specified in section 4.2.3.1 "Summary of required registers of the CNTControlBase frame"

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
902	val_is_el3_enabled val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_pe_install_esr val_pe_update_elr	4.2.3.1	Level 1+

4.10.3 The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when EL3 physical timer expires

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
903	val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_check_for_error	4.1.5	Level 0+

The local PE timer when expiring must generate a PPI when EL3 physical timer expires, and PPI must be 29

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
903	val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_check_for_error	4.3.2.1	Level 2+

4.10.4 Any local timers that are marked by PE as always ON must be able to wake up the system. This applies to expiry of all secure views of the local timer (CNTPS)

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
904	val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_check_for_error	4.1.7	Level 0+

Secure Watchdog is implemented. Secure watchdog is not-aliased in non-secure address space. Signal 0 if secure watchdog is routed as an SPI and usable as an interrupt to EL3, directly targetting a single PE

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
904	val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_check_for_error	4.5.3	Level 3+

4.10.5 Secure Generic UART is present. It is not aliased in Non-secure address space. The UARTINTR output of the secure generic UART is connected to the GIC as an SPI

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
905	val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_check_for_error	4.5.4	Level 3+

4.10.6 A secure system wakeup timer is present and the interrupt is presented to GIC as a SPI

Test ID	APIs consumed	Specification section	Compliance level applicable
906	val_secure_call_smc val_secure_get_result val_check_for_error	4.5.2	Level 3+