ITP20002-01 Discrete Mathematics

Programming Assignment 3 (revised version)

24 Nov 2018

PA3. Twitter Network Analysis

- Tasks
  - Find interesting properties of the Twitter Follower relations by writing C programs
    - use https://github.com/hongshin/DiscreteMath/blob/master/assignments/twitter-sampled.txt.zip
    - answer to 5 given questions
    - find your own observations of the given data

- Setting
  - Due date: **11:59PM, 4 Dec (Tue)**
  - Evaluation
    - report: 60%
    - program artifact: 40%
  - No late submission will be accepted

Data

- Use Twitter Social Circle Dataset tby SNAP@Stanford
  - The original is on 81306 users having 1,768,149 Follows
    - https://snap.stanford.edu/data
    - The data is extracted obtained to understand which features characterize user's circles in Twitter, Facebook and Google+
  - Use **a sampled data**
    - https://github.com/hongshin/DiscreteMath/blob/master/assignments/twitter-sampled.txt.zip

- Data format
  - IDs are positive integers and they are deidentified
  - "*X Y*" means that user *X* follows user *Y* in Twitter
    - Not always, X Y implies Y X

Questions (1/2)

1. How many other users a user follows? How many followers a user has?

2. User X's twitter page shows links to other twitter accounts followed by X (i.e., Following). You can click one of these links to make a transition.

   The distance from user X to user Y is the minimum number of clicks from X to Y. What is the maximum distance between two reachable users? And who are they?

3. Let's call two users X and Y are *connected* iff X follows Y, or Y follows X, or there is another user Z who is connected with X and Y at the same time.

   Is every connected with another one? If it is not, how they are?

4. When X and Y mutually follow, we call them Friends. Or, X and Z are friends when X and Y are friends and Y and Z are friends. And, obviously, X is a friend of itself.
   How many friend partitions in the given data? Would you describe them?

Questions (2/2)

5. Find influential users according to the PageRank metric
    - A user is more influential when a Random Surfer visits the Twitter more frequently while it randomly travers the network
        - Random Surfer
            - Initially, a travel starts from a random node (i.e., twitter user)
            - At 90% of the time, this guy clicks on an arbitrary user among the one whom the current user follows
            - At 10% of the time, this guy moves to a random node (by magic), or there is no one that the current user follow.
    - Simulate Random Surfer to find 20 most influential users
    - References
        - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PageRank
        - https://introcs.cs.princeton.edu/java/16pagerank/

Submission

- Submit a report together with the program artifact

- Your report must be a Power Point Slide up to 10 pages (slide)
    - visualize your answer if it's possible
    - for each question, write an answer and explain how you find the answer with the programming
    - try best to write precisely and concisely

- Your program artifacts should be something executable and the result must be reproducible by TA