Discrete Mathematics

Programming Assignment 2 Recursion

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Assignment Overview

- Write a program for each of the following five tasks
 - Tasks 1-3. Fractals
 - Task 4. Triangulation
 - Task 5. CNF converter
- Submission
 - deadline: I5 Nov (Fri), I1:59 PM
 - deliverables
 - five programs (one for each task)
 - one write up for the five tasks
- Team: work with your team members to make one submission

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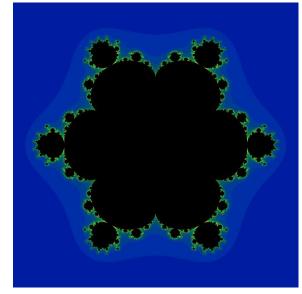
Fractal

- A *fractal* is a geometric object whose structure is identical to the structures of its components.
 - a structural pattern is repeated recursively
- Many structures in nature are formed as fractals.







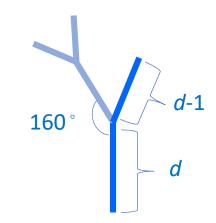


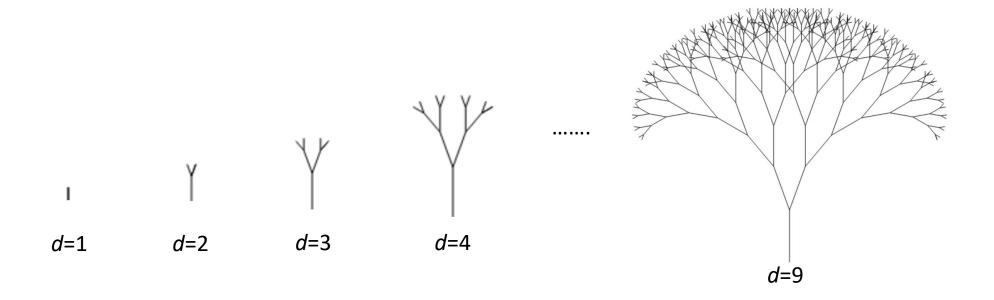
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Tree Fractal (1/2)

- A tree of depth d has one stem and two branches.
 - The length of the stem is d
 - The angles between the stem and the two branches are -160° and +160°, respectively.
- Each branch is in a form of a tree of depth d 1.





```
5
```

```
<canvas id="canvas" width="600" height="500"></canvas>
        <script type="text/javascript">
          var elem = document.getElementById('canvas');
          var context = elem.getContext('2d');
          context.fillStyle = '#000';
          context.lineWidth = 1;
          var deg to rad = Math.PI / 180.0;
          var depth = 9;
10
          function drawLine(x1, y1, x2, y2, brightness){
12
            context.moveTo(x1, y1);
13
            context.lineTo(x2, y2);
14
15
16
          function drawTree(x1, y1, angle, depth){
17
            if (depth !== 0){
18
              var x2 = x1 + (Math.cos(angle * deg_to_rad) * depth * 10.0);
19
              var y2 = y1 + (Math.sin(angle * deg_to_rad) * depth * 10.0);
20
              drawLine(x1, y1, x2, y2, depth);
              drawTree(x2, y2, angle - 20, depth - 1);
              drawTree(x2, y2, angle + 20, depth - 1);
25
26
27
          context.beginPath();
          drawTree(300, 500, -90, depth);
28
          context.closePath();
29
          context.stroke();
30
    </script>
    </body> </html>
```

<html> <body>

Tree Fractal (2/2)

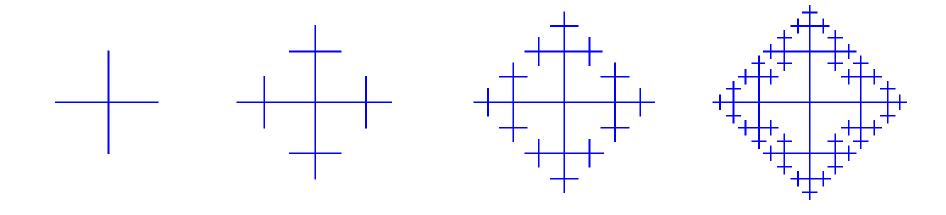
Sample code
 https://rosettacode.org
 /wiki/Fractal_tree#JavaScript

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I. Fractal I

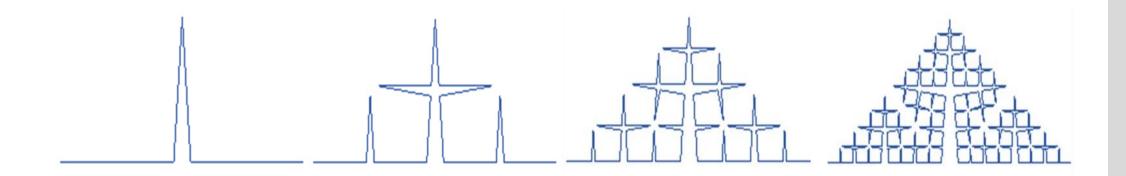
• Define the depth and the parameters of a fractal of the given example, and write a JavaScript program that draws the following fractal for the given depth and parameters



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2. Fractal 2

• Define the depth and the parameters of a fractal of the given example, and write a JavaScript program that draws the following fractal for the given depth and parameters



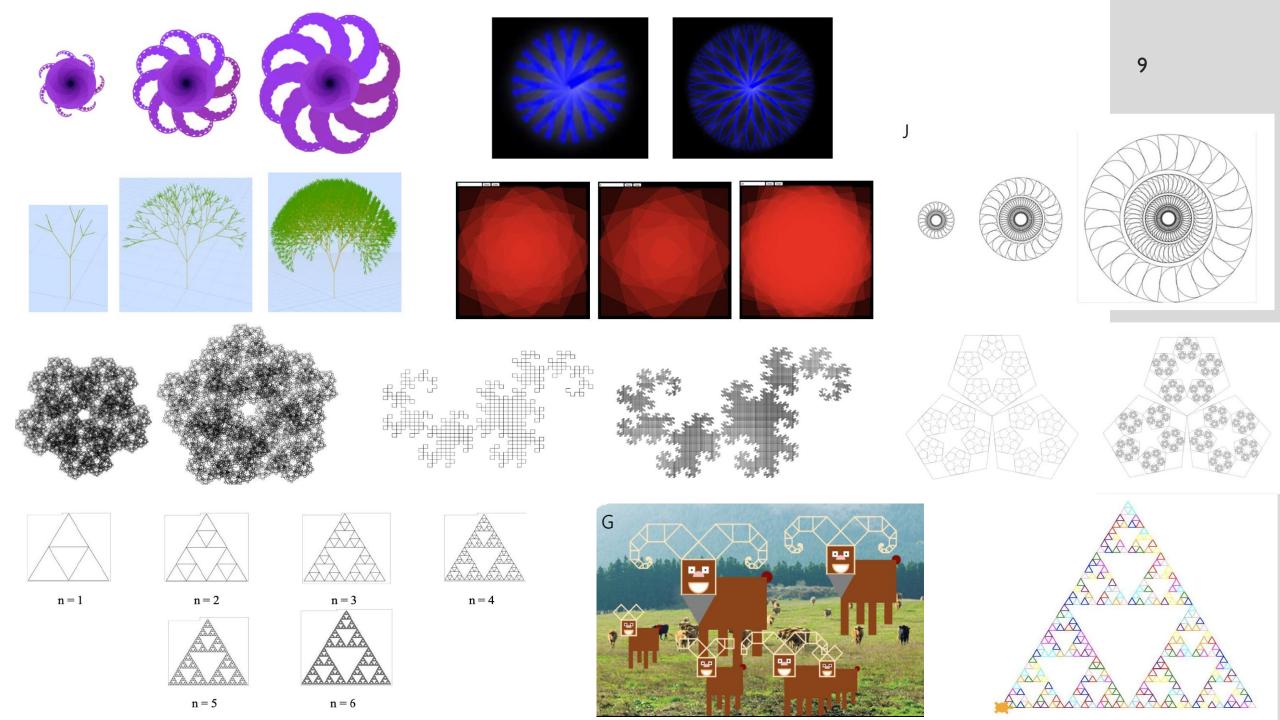
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3. Fractal 3

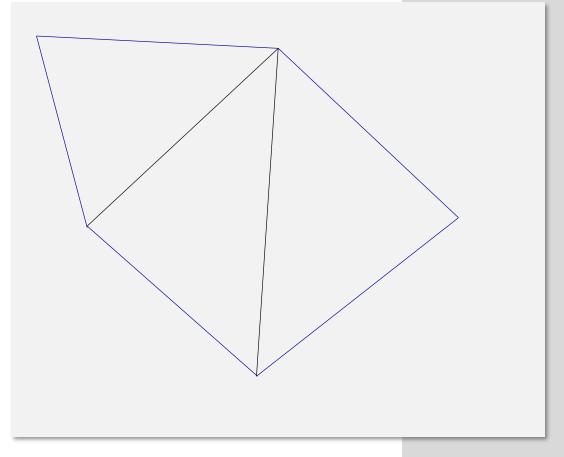
- Suggest an interesting, creative, unique fractal by yourself and write a program to draw the fractal in JavaScript
 - the class will vote for submitted fractals
 - the number of votes for your fractal will be partly counted in evaluation
 - c.f. Fractal gallery of the 2018 class https://github.com/hongshin/DiscreteMath/blob/master/assignments/fractal2018.pdf

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4. Triangulation

- Write a recursive program in JavaScript that receives a simple polygon and draws a triangulation result
 - a simple polygoin is given as the list of points in a 100x100 coordinate plane
 - each point is denoted as a pair of integers (x, y) for $1 \le x \le 100$ and $1 \le y \le 100$
 - two adjacent points make a side, and the first and the last points make a side
 - e.g., "(1,1) (40,10) (80,40) (40,80), (5,40)"
 - draw nothing if the given list does not represent a simple polygon



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5. CNF Converter (1/3)

- Write a C program that receives a propositional formula and transforms it into a Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF)
 - the program uses recursion for the tranformation
- Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF)
 - Two-level propositional formulas in a form of $(a_{11} \lor a_{12} \lor \cdots \lor a_{1n_1}) \land (a_{21} \lor a_{22} \lor \cdots a_{1n_2}) \land ... (a_{m1} \lor a_{m2} \lor ... a_{mn_m})$ where a_{ij} is p or $\neg p$ for a atomic propositional variable p
 - every propositional formula has an equivalent CNF form
 - e.g. $p \lor \neg(\neg(q \lor r) \lor s) \leftrightarrow (p \lor \neg s) \land (p \lor q \lor r)$

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5. CNF Converter (2/3)

• A propositional formula $\phi \in P$ is specified by the following rules:

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• \operatorname{an} \in P for n \in \mathbb{N}

• (\operatorname{and} \phi_1 \phi_2 ... \phi_m) for \phi_i \in P

• (\operatorname{or} \phi_1 \phi_2 ... \phi_m) for \phi_i \in P

• (\operatorname{not} \phi) for \phi \in P
```

- A CNF is represented as a list of lines where each line represents a disjunictive clauses of atomic propositional variables and their negations
 - a positive integer n represents a propositional variable an
 - a negative integer -n represents a negation of a propositional variable $\neg an$
- Example

 Your program must print out an error message if the given input does not follow the syntax

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5. CNF Converter (3/3)

- Define a tree-like data structure to represent a propositional formula
- 2. Write a recursive algorithm to translate a given text to a formula structure
- 3. Write a recursive algorithm that converts a given formula to a Negation Normal Form (NNF)
 - •a NNF has a negation only at a leaf node (i.e., as $\neg an$)
- 4. Write a recursive algorithm that applies the De Morgan's law to transform a NNF into a CNF

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Program Structure

- For Tasks I to 4, write each program as a HTML with JavaScript
 - Receive input from TextBox objects
 - Describe how to run the program in the same HTML page
- For Task 5, write a program as a C program running on UNIX/Linux
 - Input and output must be via the standard input and output, respetively
 - You must submit build scripts and README together with source code files
 - Buid script: Bash script, Makefile, Ant, Maven, etc.
 - REAME: instruction/manual on how to build and run your program

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Submission

- Deadline: I5 Nov (Fri), I1:59 PM
 - no late submission will be accepted
 - one submission per team

- Each team should submit the five programs and one write-up (report) on the program designs and results
 - Programs: source code files, build script and README
 - Write up: must not exceed 5 pages (single-sided A4)
- Submit all deliverables via Hisnet homework submission repository

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Evalution Criteria

- Write up (60 points)
 - Description (45 points)
 - check whether you found all constraints of a solution
 - check whether each constraint is correctly represented as a logic formula
 - check whether you demonstrate the correctness of your programs in a convincing way (e.g., by tests)
 - check whether all descriptions are clear and consistent
 - Discussion (15 points)
 - detailed analysis of results, interesting observations, lessons learned, suggestions, new ideas, etc.
- Tests (40 points)
 - Run each program with several inputs to see whether the results are correct

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Notes

- Right after the deadline, an individual homework HW 2 that extends
 PA 2 will be given
 - You will have 5 days for HW 2
- Right after the deadline, peer evaluation of your team members will follow
- Your submissions may be open to the class and public
- Help desk by TAs will be offered
 - the schedule is TBA

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