ITP20002-01 Discrete Mathematics

Programming Assignment 3 (revised version)

24 Nov 2018

PA3. Twitter Network Analysis

Tasks

- Find interesting properties of the Twitter Follower relations by writing C programs
 - use https://github.com/hongshin/DiscreteMath/blob/master/assignments/twit ter-sampled.txt.zip
 - answer to 5 given questions
 - find your own observations of the given data

Setting

- Due date: I 1:59PM, 4 Dec (Tue)
- Evaluation
 - report: 60%
 - program artifact: 40%
- No late submission will be accepted



Data

- Use Twitter Social Circle Dataset tby SNAP@Stanford
 - The original is on 81306 users having 1,768,149 Follows
 - https://snap.stanford.edu/data
 - The data is extracted obtained to understand which features characterize user's circles in Twitter, Facebook and Google+
 - Use a sampled data
 - https://github.com/hongshin/DiscreteMath/blob/master/assignments/twitter-sampled.txt.zip
- Data format
 - IDs are positive integers and they are deidentified
 - "X Y" means that user X follows user Y in Twitter
 - Not always, XY implies Y X

Questions (1/2)

- I. How many other users a user follows? How many followers a user has?
- 2. User X's twitter page shows links to other twitter accounts that X follows (i.e., Following). You can click one of these links to make a transition.

 The distance from user X to user Y is the minimum number of clicks from X to Y. What is the maximum distance between two reachable users? And who are they?
- 3. Let's call two users X and Y are connected iff X follows Y, or Y follows X, or there is another user Z who is connected with X and Y at the same time.
 - Is every connected with another one? If it is not, how they are?
- 4. When X and Y mutually follow, we call them Friends. Or, X and Z are friends when X and Y are friends and Y and Z are friends. And, obviously, X is a friend of itself.
 - How many friend partitions in the given data? Would you describe them?





5. Find influential users according to the PageRank metric

- A user is more influential when a Random Surfer visits the Twitter more frequently while it randomly travers the network
 - Random Surfer
 - Initially, a travel starts from a random node (i.e., twitter user)
 - At 90% of the time, this guy clicks on an arbitrary user among the one whom the current user follows
 - At 10% of the time, this guy moves to a random node (by magic), or there is no one that the current user follow.
- Simulate Random Surfer to find 20 most influential users
- References
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PageRank
 - https://introcs.cs.princeton.edu/java/16pagerank/

Submission

- Submit a report together with the program artifact
- Your report must be a Power Point Slide up to 10 pages (slide)
 - visualize your answer if it's possible
 - for each question, write an answer and explain how you find the answer with the programming
 - try best to write precisely and concisely
- Your program artifacts should be something executable and the result must be reproducible by TA