

1. *Neural net parametrization.* Ignoring offset terms, we have

- $10 \times 1000 = 10,000$ parameters between the input layer and first hidden layer;
- $1000 \times 1000 = 1,000,000$ parameters between successive hidden layers;
- $1000 \times 1 = 1000$ parameters between the last hidden layer and the output layer.

The total number of parameters is thus 3,011,000.

2. *Softmax probabilities.* The most likely label is 1, which has probability

$$\frac{e^1}{e^1 + e^0 + e^{-1} + e^0} \approx 0.53.$$

3. *Exclusive-OR.* There are many ways to do this, for instance:

- $h_1 = \text{ReLU}(x_1 - x_2)$
- $h_2 = \text{ReLU}(x_2 - x_1)$
- $y = h_1 + h_2$

which behaves as follows:

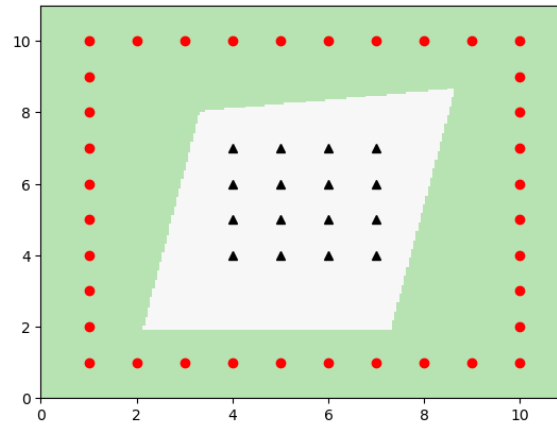
x_1	x_2	h_1	h_2	y
0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	0

4. *Decipher the net.*

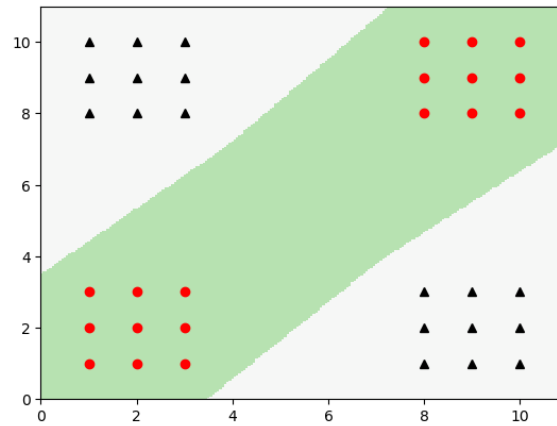
- $y = x_1 \vee x_2$; that is, the neural net computes the Boolean OR function.
- $y = |x|$; that is, the neural net computes the absolute value function.

5. *Neural net experiments.*

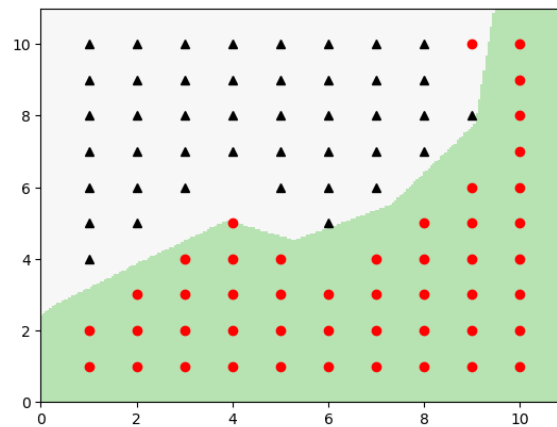
- `data1.txt`: $H = 4$, number of iterations is 240K.



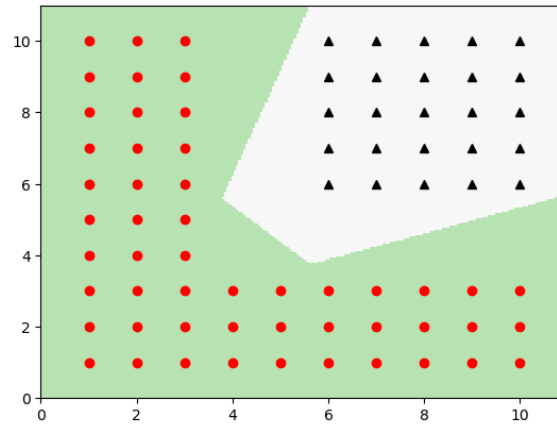
data2.txt: $H = 4$, number of iterations is 63K.



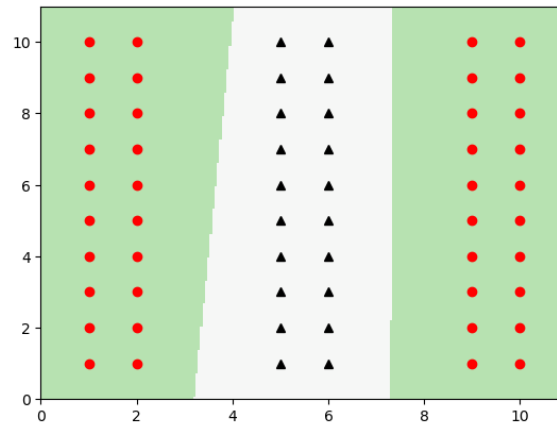
data3.txt: $H = 32$, number of iterations is 539K.



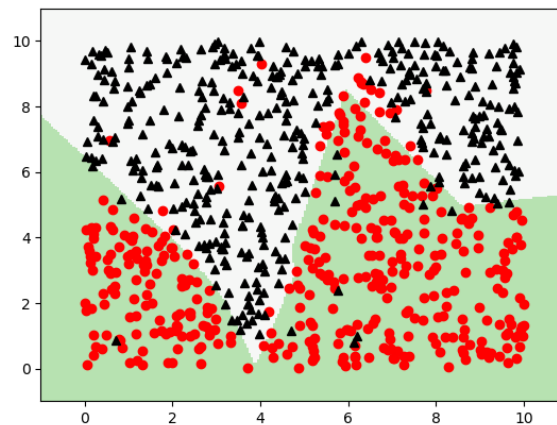
data4.txt: $H = 4$, number of iterations is 55K.



data5.txt: $H = 4$, number of iterations is 178K.

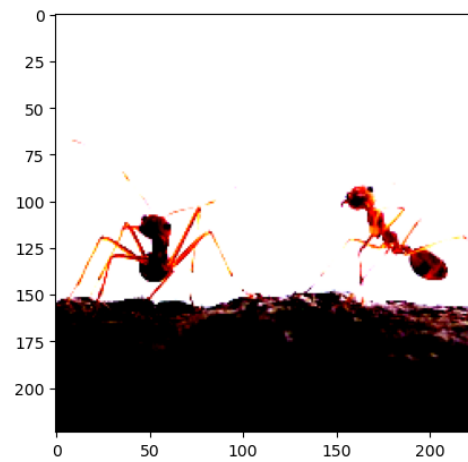


(b) This is with $H = 4$.



6. A computer vision classification task.

- (a) Here is the sixth ant image in the training set, before and after transformation.



- (b) The logistic regression classifier has test accuracy 80.4%.
- (c) The k -nearest neighbor classifier has test accuracy 68.6%, 71.9%, 69.3% for $k = 1, 3, 5$.