

**Q1****1 Point**

Which of the following is an appropriate formulation of a null hypothesis?

- ☐  $H_0 : \mu_1 - \mu_2 \neq 0$
- ☐  $H_0 : p > 0.5$
- ☐  $H_0 : \mu \neq 5$
- ☒  $H_0 : \sigma = 15$

**Q2****1 Point**

What is a Type I error in hypothesis testing?

- ☐ Failing to reject a false null hypothesis
- ☒ Rejecting a true null hypothesis
- ☐ Failing to reject a true null hypothesis
- ☐ Accepting a false null hypothesis

**Q3****1 Point**

What does a significance level of 0.05 mean in hypothesis testing?

- ☒ There is a 5% chance of rejecting a true null hypothesis
- ☐ There is a 95% chance of rejecting a true null hypothesis
- ☐ There is a 95% chance of accepting a false null hypothesis
- ☐ There is a 5% chance of accepting a false null hypothesis

**Q4****1 Point**

What does a p-value represent in hypothesis testing?

- ☐ The probability of making a Type I error
- ☐ The probability of making a Type II error
- ☐ The probability that the null hypothesis is true
- ☒ A way of quantifying the strength of the evidence against the null hypothesis and in favor of the alternative hypothesis

**Q5****1 Point**

When conducting a formal hypothesis test using p-values, which of the following steps should be performed first?

- ☐ Check conditions
- ☒ Set up the null and alternative hypotheses
- ☐ Draw conclusions
- ☐ Calculate the p-value

**Q6****1 Point**

What does the Central Limit Theorem (CLT) state about the sampling distribution of the sample mean or proportion?

- ☒ It will be approximately normally distributed, regardless of the shape of the population distribution
- ☐ It will be bimodal
- ☐ It will have the same shape as the population distribution
- ☐ It will be skewed, regardless of the shape of the population distribution

**Q7**

**1 Point**

Which of the following best describes the consequence of choosing a very low significance level?

- ☐ It only affects the risk of making a Type I error
- ☐ It increases the risk of making a Type I error but decreases the risk of making a Type II error
- ☒ It decreases the risk of making a Type I error but increases the risk of making a Type II error
- ☐ It only affects the risk of making a Type II error