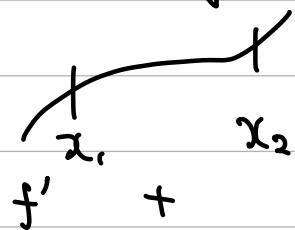


NM II

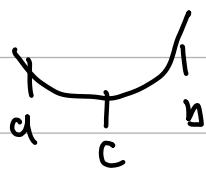
- increasing



$$x_1 < x_2, f(x_1) < f(x_2)$$

$$x_1 < x_2, f'(x) > 0 \text{ for } x \in (x_1, x_2)$$

- local minimum



$(a, b) \ni \exists x \text{ such that } f(x) \geq f(c) \text{ for all}$

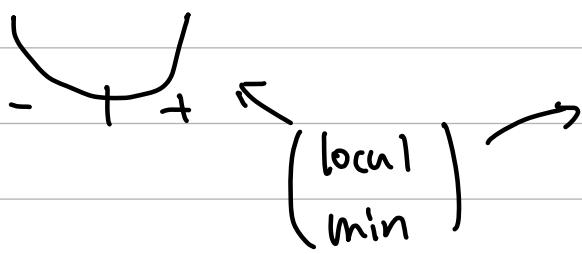
$f(c)$ is local min.

//

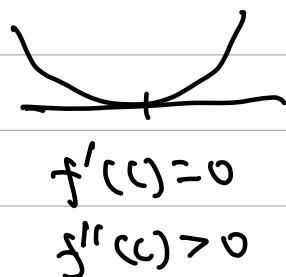
critical value

$(f'(c) = 0 \text{ or } \text{not exist})$

first derivative



second derivative



- Bracketing method

golden

$$\frac{a+b}{a} = \frac{a}{b}$$

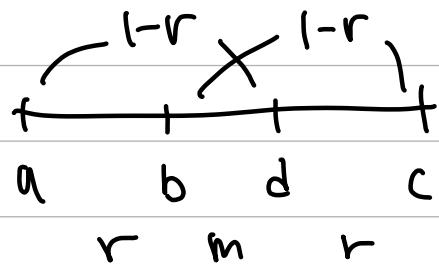
$$\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}$$

$$\varphi^2 - \varphi - 1 = 0$$

$$1.618 \dots$$

$$0.618 \dots$$

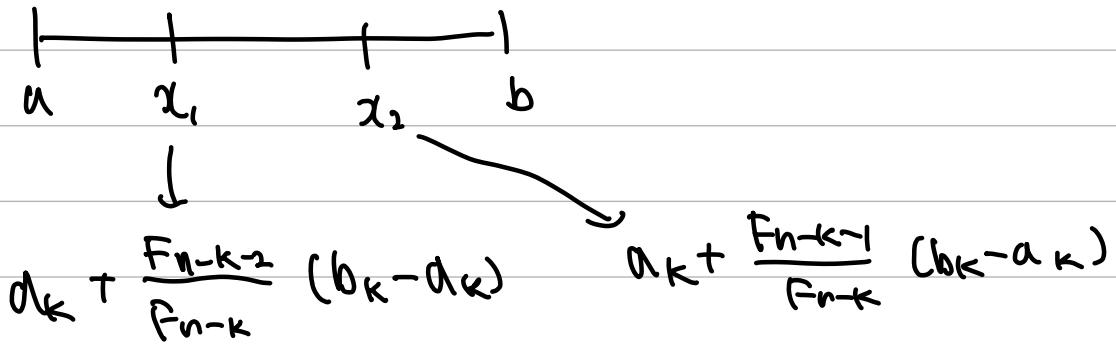


(a, c)

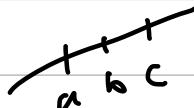
$$1-r \approx 0.618$$

Fibonacci

$$F_n = \frac{\varphi^n - (1-\varphi)^n}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n \right)$$



Successive Parabolic interpolation (세 포인트가 collinear이면 끝나)



점 3개의 주변 interpolation 방식

최소값을 최고포인트로 설정

$$g(x) = f(a) \frac{(x-b)(x-c)}{(a-b)(a-c)} + f(b) \frac{(x-a)(x-c)}{(b-a)(b-c)} + f(c) \frac{(x-a)(x-b)}{(c-a)(c-b)}$$

$$g'(x) = \text{인 } x \text{ 찾기}$$

Newton's methods

$$x_{n+1} \leftarrow x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)}$$

$$x_{n+1} \leftarrow x_n - \frac{f'(x_n)}{f''(x_n)} \quad \text{or } f'(x) = 0 \text{ 인 것 찾기}$$

f' f'' 구하는법
보통

$$f''(x_n) = \frac{f'(x_n) - f'(x_{n-1})}{x_n - x_{n-1}} \quad \text{근사 사용}$$

Secant methods

$$x_{n+1} \leftarrow x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{\frac{x_n - x_{n-1}}{f(x_n) - f(x_{n-1})}}$$

$$x_{n+1} \leftarrow x_n - f'(x_n) \left(\frac{\frac{x_n - x_{n-1}}{f(x_n) - f(x_{n-1})}}{f'(x_n) - f'(x_{n-1})} \right) \quad \text{두점과 } f' \text{ 필요}$$

- 2가지

golden bracketing (2가지)

fibonacci

SP I

interpolation (3)

newton

secant

f' 예외

x

x

x

$f' f''$

f'

수렴

linear 0.618

linear 조금더 나쁨

Super linear

Quadratic

1.618 Super linear