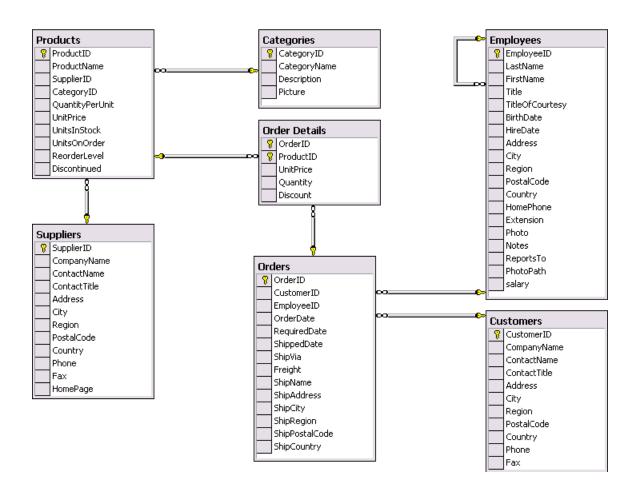


Database Systems 2021-2022 Quiz 1 – SQL Model 1

Name: -----ID: ------ID:



Given the above schema from Northwind database, write the corresponding SQL query:

 Get the number of orders for each customer living in Germany. Display the results in ascending order according to the number of orders. (2 Marks)
 Solution:

```
SELECT ContactName, COUNT(Orders.OrderID) as NumberofOrders
From Customers,Orders,[Order Details]
WHERE Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID
AND Orders.OrderID = [Order Details].OrderID
AND Customers.Country = 'Germany'
GROUP BY ContactName
ORDER BY COUNT(Orders.OrderID)
```

Sample table: salesman

salesman_id	name	city	commission
5001	James Hoog	New York	0.15
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13
5003	Lauson Hen	San Jose	0.12

Sample table: customer

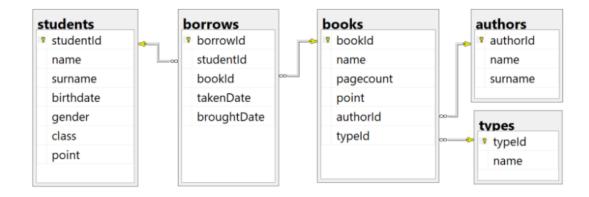
ustomer_id	cust_name	city	grade	salesman_id
3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
3004	Fabian Johnson	Paris	300	5006
3009	Geoff Cameron	Berlin	100	5003
3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007

Using the above tables, write the corresponding SQL query:

2. Find the salesperson and customer who belongs to same city. The customer's name should contain the letter 'i'. (1 Mark)

Solution:

```
SELECT salesman.name AS "Salesman",
    customer.cust_name, customer.city
FROM salesman,customer
WHERE salesman.city=customer.city and cust_name like '%i%';
```



Given the above schema, write the corresponding SQL query:

3. List the students whose name Perez and surname does not contain "a" character. Solution: (1 Mark)

```
Select * from students
where name = 'Perez' and surname not like '%a%'
```

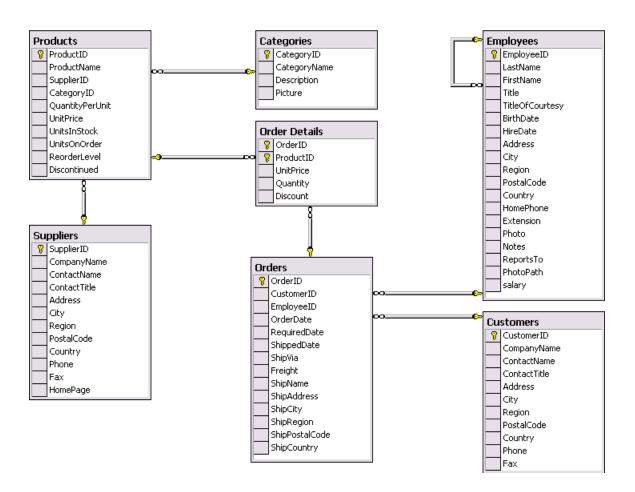
 List the book's name and its author information, its page count must be more than 300. (1 Mark)
 Solution:

```
Select authors.name, authors.surname, books.name as bookName
from authors,books
where authors.authorId = books.authorId and pagecount >300
```



Database Systems 2021-2022 Quiz 1 – SQL Model 2

Name: ------ID: ------ID:



Given the above schema from Northwind database, write the corresponding SQL query:

1. For each country, show how many orders were requested by customers whose job titles are managers (Marketing Manager, Accounting Manager,....). Display the results in descending order according to the number of orders. (2 Marks)

```
SELECT Customers.Country , Count(OrderID) "Number Of Orders"
FROM Customers,Orders
WHERE Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID
AND Customers.ContactTitle like '%Manager'
GROUP BY Customers.Country
ORDER BY Count (OrderID) DESC
```

2. From the following table, write a SQL query to find those employees who earn more than the average salary. Return employee ID, first name, last name. Sort the results descending. (1 Mark)

```
SELECT employee_id, first_name,last_name
FROM employees
WHERE salary >
  (SELECT AVG(salary)
FROM employees)
Order by...;
```

EMP	LOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	EMAIL	PHONE_NUMBER	HIRE_DATE	JOB_ID	SALARY	COMMISSION_PCT	MANAGER_ID
Ī	100	Steven	King	SKING	515.123.4567	2003-06-17	AD_PRES	24000.00	0.00	0
1	101	Neena	Kochhan	NKOCHHAR	515.123.4568	2005-09-21	AD_VP	17000.00	0.00	100
1	182	Lex	De Haan	LDEHAAN	515.123.4569	2001-01-13	AD_VP	17000.00	0.00	188
1	103	Alexander	Hunold	AHUNGLD	590.423.4567	2006-01-03	IT_PROG	9000.00	0.00	102
1	184	Bruce	Ernst	BERNST	590.423.4568	2007-05-21	IT_PROG	6000.00	0.00	103
İ	105	David	Austin	DAUSTIN	590.423.4569	2005-06-25	IT_PROG	4800.00	0.00	103
1	106	Valli	Pataballa	VPATABAL	590.423.4560	2006-02-05	IT PROG	4880.88	0.00	103

Consider the below table and answer the following questions:

Table Name: products

PRO_ID	PRO_NAME	PRO_PRICE	PRO_COMPANY_CODE
101	Motherboard	3200	15
102	KeyBoard	450	16
103	ZIP drive	250	14
104	Speaker	550	16
105	Monitor	5000	11
106	DVD drive	900	12
107	CD drive	800	12
108	Printer	2600	13
109	Refill cartridge	350	13
110	Mouse	250	12

3. Write a SQL query to calculate the average price of the items of each company. Return average price and company code. (1 Mark)

```
SELECT AVG(pro_price), pro_company_code
FROM products
     GROUP BY pro_company_code;
```

4. Write a SQL query to find the cheapest item(s). Return pro_name and, pro_price. (1 Mark)

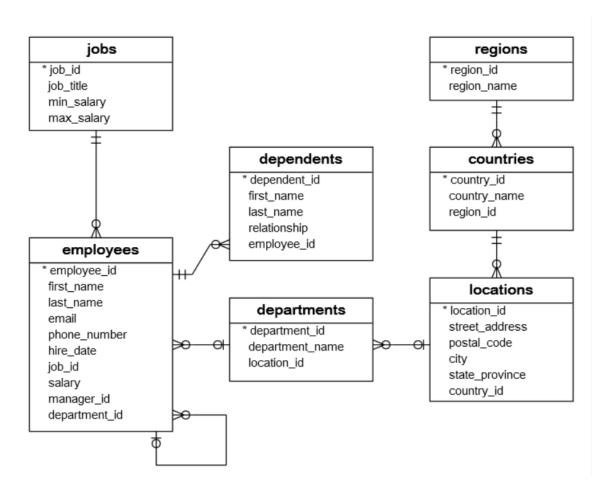
```
SELECT pro_name, pro_price
FROM products

WHERE pro_price = (SELECT MIN(pro_price) FROM products);
```



Database Systems 2021-2022 Quiz 1 – SQL Model 3

Name: -----ID: ------ID:



Given the above schema, write the corresponding SQL query:

 Finds departments name that do not have any employee with the salary greater than 10,000. (1 Mark) Solution:

SELECT department_name

```
FROM departments d

WHERE NOT EXISTS( SELECT * FROM employees e WHERE salary > 10000 AND e.department_id = d.department_id)

ORDER BY department_name;
```

Sample table: salesman

_	name		•
	James Hoog		
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13
5003	Lauson Hen	San Jose	0.12

Sample table: customer

customer_id	cust_name	city	grade	salesman_id
3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
3004	Fabian Johnson	Paris	300	5006
3009	Geoff Cameron	Berlin	100	5003
3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007

Using the above tables, write the corresponding SQL query:

 Find those salespersons who do not live in the same city where their customers live and received a commission from the company more than 12%. Return Customer Name, customer city, Salesman, salesman city, commission. (2 Marks)
 Solution:

```
SELECT a.cust_name AS "Customer Name",
a.city, b.name AS "Salesman", b.city,b.commission
FROM customer a
INNER JOIN salesman b
ON a.salesman_id=b.salesman_id
```

WHERE b.commission>.12

AND a.city<>b.city;

Consider the following table, Answer the below questions:

Table Name: nobel_win

YEAR SUBJECT RY	WINNER CATEGORY	COUNT
1970 Physics Sweden	Hannes Alfven Scientist	
1970 Physics France	Louis Neel Scientist	
1970 Chemistry France	Luis Federico Leloir Scientist	
1970 Physiology Sweden	Ulf von Euler Scientist	
1970 Physiology Germany	Bernard Katz Scientist	
1970 Literature Russia	Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn Linguist	
1970 Economics USA	Paul Samuelson Economist	
1970 Physiology USA	Julius Axelrod Scientist	
1971 Physics Hungary	Dennis Gabor Scientist	
1971 Chemistry Herzberg	Gerhard Germany	Scientist
1971 Peace Germany	Willy Brandt Chancellor	
1971 Literature Chile	Pablo Neruda Linguist	

1971 Economics Russia	Simon Kuznets Economist	
1978 Peace Egypt	Anwar al-Sadat President	
1978 Peace Israel	Menachem Begin Prime Minister	
1987 Chemistry USA	Donald J. Cram Scientist	
1987 Chemistry France	Jean-Marie Lehn Scientist	
1987 Physiology Japan	Susumu Tonegawa Scientist	
1994 Economics	Reinhard	
Selten	Germany	Economist
1994 Peace Israel	Germany Yitzhak Rabin Prime Minister	Economist
1994 Peace	Yitzhak Rabin	Economist
1994 Peace Israel 1987 Physics	Yitzhak Rabin Prime Minister Johannes Georg Bednorz	Economist
1994 Peace Israel 1987 Physics Germany 1987 Literature	Yitzhak Rabin Prime Minister Johannes Georg Bednorz Scientist Joseph Brodsky	Economist

3. Write a SQL query to find the Nobel Prize winner 'Dennis Gabor'. Return year, subject. (1 Mark)

Solution:

```
SELECT year, subject
```

FROM nobel_win

```
WHERE winner = 'Dennis Gabor';
```

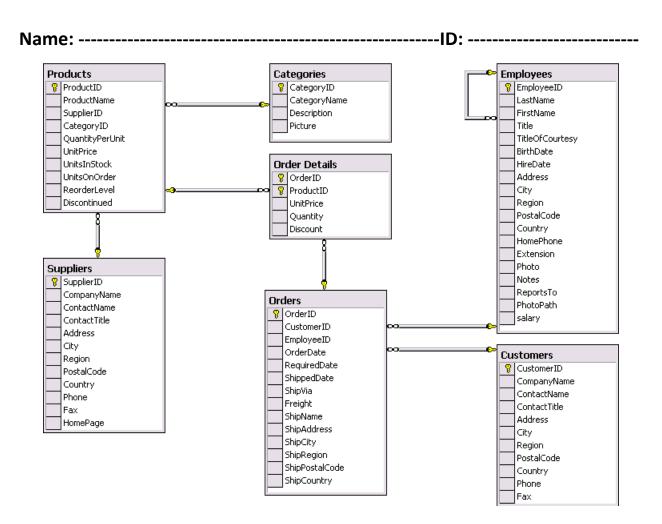
4. Write a SQL query to find the Nobel Prize winners in 1970 excluding the subjects Physiology and Economics. Return year, subject, winner, country, and category. (1 Mark)

Solution:

```
FROM nobel_win
WHERE year=1970
AND subject NOT IN('Physiology','Economics');
```



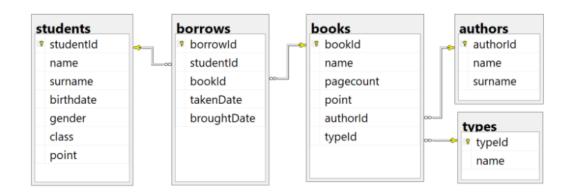
Database Systems 2021-2022 Quiz 1 – SQL Model 4



Given the above schema from Northwind database, write the corresponding SQL query:

Display the first name, job title and the city of all employees not working as Sales
Representatives and living in the same city as the employee with first name: Nancy. Sort
the result by the first name of the employees in descending order. (2 Marks)
Solution:

```
SELECT FirstName, Title, City
FROM Employees
WHERE Title <> 'Sales Representative'
AND City = (SELECT City
FROM Employees
WHERE FirstName = 'Nancy')
ORDER BY FirstName desc
```



Given the above schema, write the corresponding SQL query:

2. List books that have never been read. (1 Mark) Solution:

```
Select * from books
where bookId not in (Select bookId from borrows)
```

3. List the name and surname of the students and the number of books they read sorted by BookCount. Also list the students who have never read a book. (1 Mark) Solution:

```
Select name, surname, count(borrowsno) BookCount
from students left join borrows
```

on students.studentId = borrows.studentId
group by students.studentId,name,surname
order by BookCount

Consider the below table and answer the following questions:

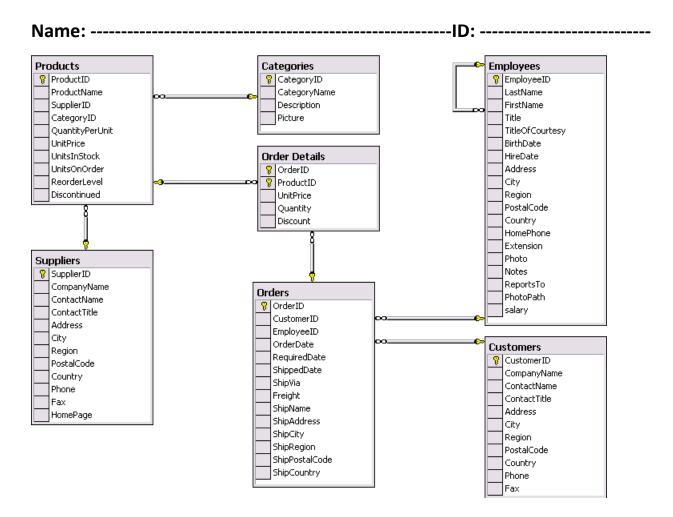
Table Name: products

PRO_ID	PRO_NAME	PRO_PRICE	PRO_COMPANY_CODE
101	Motherboard	3200	15
102	KeyBoard	450	16
103	ZIP drive	250	14
104	Speaker	550	16
105	Monitor	5000	11
106	DVD drive	900	12
107	CD drive	800	12
108	Printer	2600	13
109	Refill cartridge	350	13
110	Mouse	250	12

4. Write a SQL query to select a range of products whose price is in the range Rs.200 to Rs.600. Begin and end values are included. (1 Mark) Solution: SELECT * FROM products
WHERE pro_price BETWEEN 200 AND 600;



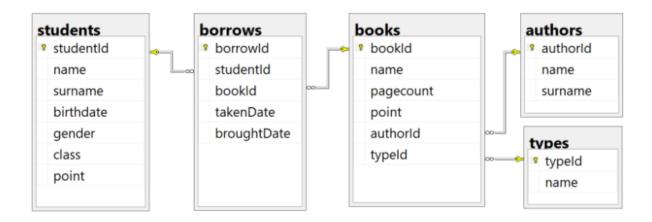
Database Systems 2021-2022 Quiz 1 – SQL Model 5



Given the above schema from Northwind database, write the corresponding SQL query:

1. Get the first name, country and the hire date of all employees who were hired before 1993 and are working in the same country as the employee with first name: Andrew. Display the result in ascending order by the first name of the employees. (2 Marks)

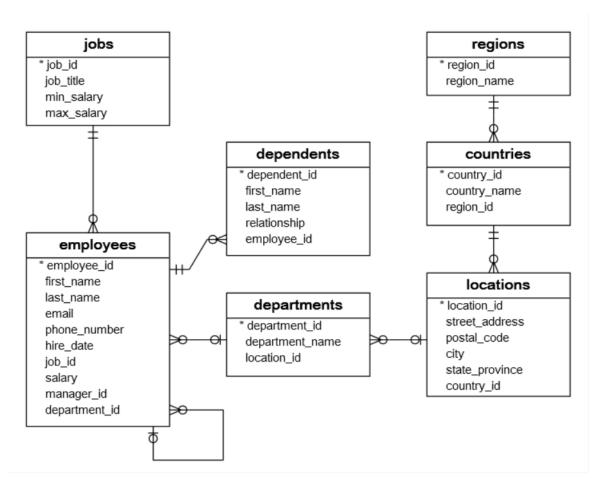
```
SELECT FirstName, Country, HireDate
FROM Employees
WHERE Year (HireDate) < 1993
AND Country = (SELECT Country
FROM Employees
WHERE Title = 'Sales Manager')
ORDER BY Title
```



Given the above schema, write the corresponding SQL query:

2. Add the writers named Ernest Dowson and Mother Goose to the authors table. (1 Mark)

```
Insert into authors(name, surname)
values('Ernest', 'Dowson'), ('Mother', 'Goose')
```



Given the above schema, write the corresponding SQL query:

3. Finds all employees who have at least one dependent. (1 Mark)

SELECT*

FROM employees

WHERE EXISTS(SELECT * FROM dependents WHERE dependents.employee_id =
employees.employee_id);

Consider the below table and answer the following questions:

Table Name: products

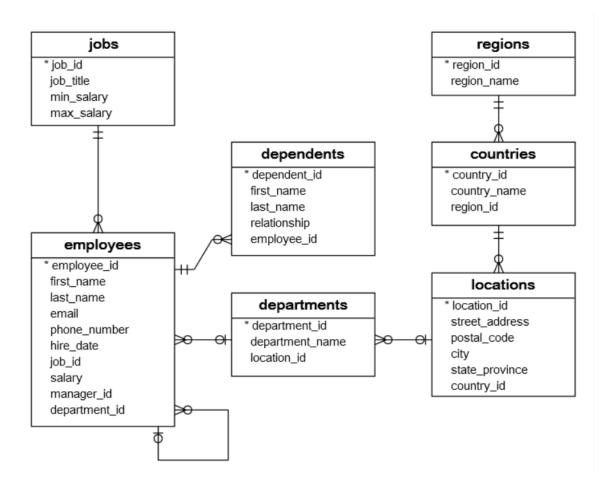
PRO_ID	PRO_NAME	PRO_PRICE	PRO_COMPANY_CODE
101	Motherboard	3200	15
102	KeyBoard	450	16
103	ZIP drive	250	14
104	Speaker	550	16
105	Monitor	5000	11
106	DVD drive	900	12
107	CD drive	800	12
108	Printer	2600	13
109	Refill cartridge	350	13
110	Mouse	250	12

Write a SQL query to find the items whose prices are higher than or equal to \$250.
 Order the result by product price in descending, then product name in ascending. (1 Mark)



Database Systems 2021-2022 Quiz 1 – SQL Model 6

Name: -----ID: ------ID:



Given the above schema, write the corresponding SQL query:

1. Find the department that has employees with the lowest salary greater than 10000, Sort result by lowest salary. (2 Marks)

Solution:

```
SELECT e.department_id, department_name, MIN(salary)
FROM employees e INNER JOIN departments d
ON d.department_id = e.department_id
GROUP BY e.department_id
HAVING MIN(salary) >= 10000
ORDER BY MIN(salary);
```

Sample table: salesman

salesman_id	name	city	commission
5001	James Hoog	New York	0.15
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13
5003	Lauson Hen	San Jose	0.12

Sample table: customer

customer_id	cust_name	city	grade	salesman_id
3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
3004	Fabian Johnson	Paris	300	5006
3009	Geoff Cameron	Berlin	100	5003
3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007

Using the above tables, write the corresponding SQL query:

 Make a list in ascending order for the salesmen who work either for one or more customers or not yet join under any of the customers. (1 Mark) Solution:

Consider the following table, Answer the below questions:

Table Name: nobel win

YEAR	
SUBJECT	WINNER

COUNT RY CATEGORY ____ _____ 1970 Physics Hannes Alfven Scientist Sweden 1970 Physics Louis Neel Scientist France 1970 Chemistry Luis Federico Leloir Scientist France 1970 Physiology Ulf von B Scientist Ulf von Euler 1970 Physiology Bernard Scientist Bernard Katz 1970 Literature Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn Linguist Russia 1970 Economics Paul Samu Economist Paul Samuelson 1970 Physiology Julius Ax Scientist Julius Axelrod 1971 Physics Dennis Gabor Hungary Scientist 1971 Chemistry Gerhard Herzberg Scientist Germany 1971 Peace Willy Brandt Chancellor Germany 1971 Literature Pablo Neruda Chile Linguist 1971 Economics Simon Kuznets Economist Russia 1978 Peace Anwar al-Sadat President Egypt

1978 Peace Menachem Begin Israel Prime Minister 1987 Chemistry Donald J. Cram USA Scientist 1987 Chemistry Jean-Marie Lehn Scientist France 1987 Physiology Susumu To Japan Scientist Susumu Tonegawa 1994 Economics Reinhard Germany Economist Selten Peace Israel 1994 Peace Yitzhak Rabin Prime Minister 1987 Physics Johannes Georg Bednorz Germany Scientist 1987 Literature Joseph E Russia Linguist Joseph Brodsky 1987 Economics Robert Sc Economist Robert Solow 1994 Literature Kenzaburo Oe Japan Linguist

3. Write a SQL query to find the Nobel Prize winners in 'Physics' since the year 1950. Return winner. (1 Mark)

Solution:

SELECT winner

FROM nobel_win

WHERE year>=1950

AND subject='Physics';

4. Write a SQL query to find the Nobel Prize winners for the subject not started with the letter 'P'. Return year, subject, winner, country, and category. Order the result by year, descending. (1 Mark)

Solution:

SELECT *

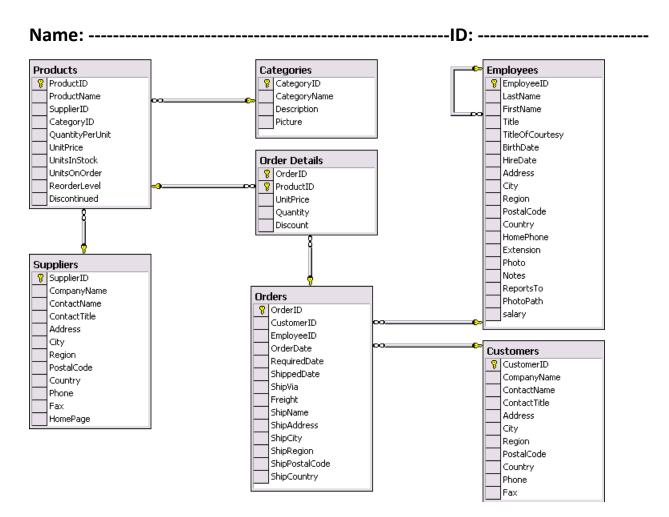
FROM nobel_win

WHERE subject NOT LIKE 'P%'

ORDER BY year DESC, winner;



Database Systems 2021-2022 Quiz 1 – SQL Model 7



Using Northwind database, write the corresponding SQL queries:

 Change the country for all employees who their phone number starts with (206) into "United States". (1 Mark) Solution:

UPDATE Employees

SET Country = 'United States'
WHERE HomePhone LIKE '(206)%'

 Get the total quantity ordered for each displayed product name with unit price higher than 30. Restrict the result for those products having total ordered quantity in the range between 1000 and 1500. Label any un-named column(s) with a meaningful name(s). (2 Marks)

Solution:

SELECT Products.ProductName, Sum(Quantity) As TotalQuantityOrdered

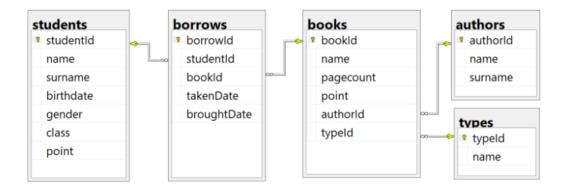
FROM Products, [Order Details]

WHERE Products.ProductID = [Order Details].ProductID

AND Products. UnitPrice > 30

GROUP BY Products.ProductName

HAVING Sum (Quantity) BETWEEN 1000 AND 1500



Given the above schema, write the corresponding SQL query:

3. List books that have never been read. (1 Mark) Solution:

Select * from books

where bookId not in (Select bookId from borrows)

4. Add the writers named Ernest Dowson and Mother Goose to the authors table. (1 Mark) Solution:

```
Insert into authors(name, surname)
values('Ernest', 'Dowson'), ('Mother', 'Goose')
```