Pin in CTF

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What is Instrumentation S



 A technique that inserts extra code into a program to collect runtime information

Instrumentation approaches

- Source instrumentation
 - instrument source programs
- Binary instrumentation
 - instrument executables directly

Advantages of Pin



- Easy-to-use Instrumentation:
 - Uses dynamic instrumentation
 - Do not need source code, recomplication, post-linking
- Programmable Instrumentation:
 - Provides rich APIs to write in C/C++ you own instrumentation tools(called Pintools)
- Multiplatform:
 - Support x86, x86-64, Itanium, Xscale
 - Support Linux, WIndows, MacOS
- Efficient:
 - Applies complier optimizations on instrumentation code

Using Pin



- Installation is a piece of cake
- Launch and instrument an application





instrumentation
engine(provided in
the kit)

Instrumentation tool(write your own, or use one provided in the kit)

attach to and instrument an application
 \$ pin -t pintool -pid 1234

Example: Instruction Count

source/tools/ManualExamples/inscount0/1/2/3.cpp

```
ManualExamples make obj-intel64/inscount1.so TARGET=intel64
g++ -Wall -Werror -Wno-unknown-pragmas -D PIN =1 -DPIN CRT=1 -fno-stack-protector -fno-exceptions -funwin
d-tables -fasynchronous-unwind-tables -fno-rtti -DTARGET IA32E -DHOST IA32E -fPIC -DTARGET LINUX -fabi-vers
ion=2 -I../../source/include/pin -I../../source/include/pin/gen -isystem /home/m4x/pin-3.6-gcc-linux
/extras/stlport/include -isystem /home/m4x/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/extras/libstdc++/include -isystem /home/m4x/pi
n-3.6-gcc-linux/extras/crt/include -isystem /home/m4x/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/extras/crt/include/arch-x86_64 -isy
stem /home/m4x/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/extras/crt/include/kernel/uapi -isystem /home/m4x/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/extras
/crt/include/kernel/uapi/asm-x86 -I../../extras/components/include -I../../extras/xed-intel64/include
/xed -I../../source/tools/InstLib -03 -fomit-frame-pointer -fno-strict-aliasing -c -o obj-intel64/insc
ount1.o inscount1.cpp
g++ -shared -Wl,--hash-style=sysv ../../../intel64/runtime/pincrt/crtbeginS.o -Wl,-Bsymbolic -Wl,--version-
script=../../source/include/pin/pintool.ver -fabi-version=2 -o obj-intel64/inscount1.so obj-intel64/i
nscount1.o -L../../intel64/runtime/pincrt -L../../intel64/lib -L../../intel64/lib-ext -L../../
extras/xed-intel64/lib -lpin -lxed ../../../intel64/runtime/pincrt/crtendS.o -lpin3dwarf -ldl-dynamic -nos
tdlib -lstlport-dynamic -lm-dynamic -lc-dynamic -lunwind-dynamic
ManualExamples ../../pin -t obj-intel64/inscount1.so -- /bin/ls; cat inscount.out
buffer linux.cpp
                      fork_app.cpp
                                         little malloc.c replacesigprobed.cpp
buffer windows.cpp
                                         makefile
                      fork jit tool.cpp
                                                          safecopy.cpp
                      imageload.cpp
                                         makefile.rules
                                                          stack-debugger.cpp
countreps.cpp
                                         malloc mt.cpp
                                                          stack-debugger-tutorial.sln
detach.cpp
                      inscount0.cpp
divide by zero unix.c inscount1.cpp
                                         malloctrace.cpp
                                                          stack-debugger-tutorial.vcxproj
divide by zero win.c
                      inscount2.cpp
                                         myInscount1.cpp
                                                          stack-debugger-tutorial.vcxproj.filters
emudiv.cpp
                      inscount.out
                                         nonstatica.cpp
                                                          statica.cpp
fibonacci.cpp
                      inscount tls.cpp
                                                          staticcount.cpp
                                         obj-ia32
follow child app1.cpp
                      invocation.cpp
                                         obj-intel64
                                                          strace.cpp
follow child app2.cpp
                     isampling.cpp
                                         pinatrace.cpp
                                                          w malloctrace.cpp
follow child tool.cpp
                      itrace.cpp
                                         proccount.cpp
Count 738025
```

ManualExamples

Using Pin in CTF



- side channel analysis
 - By counting the number of instruction executed
 - By recoding all memory writes
 - ans so on

Example 1: NDH2k13-crackme500



```
NDH2k13-crackme-500 check ./crackme
./crackme: ELF 64-bit LSB executable, x86-64, invalid version (SYSV), for GNU/Linux 2.6.9, statically linke
d, corrupted section header size
[*] '/home/m4x/Desktop/pin/examples/NDH2k13-crackme-500/crackme'
   Arch:
             amd64-64-little
            Partial RELRO
   RELRO:
   Stack:
            No canary found
            NX enabled
   NX:
   PIE:
            No PIE
NDH2k13-crackme-500 nm ./crackme
nm: out of memory allocating 109524665216 bytes after a total of 0 bytes
NDH2k13-crackme-500 objdump -d ./crackme
objdump: ./crackme: 不可识别的文件格式
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ./crackme
Jonathan Salwan loves you <3
Password: test
Bad password
NDH2k13-crackme-500
```

Example 1:

NDH2k13-crackme500

```
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< a >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 160362
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< aa >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 163158
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< aaa >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 165954
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< aaaa >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 168750
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< aaaaa >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 171546
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< aaaaaa >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 174342
NDH2k13-crackme-500 bpython
bpython version 0.17.1 on top of Python 2.7.13+ /usr/bin/python2
>>> 160362 - 163158 == 163158 - 165954 == 165954 - 168750 == 168750 - 171546 == 171546 - 174342
True
                  NDH2k13-crackme-500 python guessLen.py
>>>
                   inputLen(1) -> ins(160307) -> delta(160307)
                   inputLen(2) -> ins(163103) -> delta(2796)
                   inputLen(3) -> ins(165899) -> delta(2796)
                   inputLen(4) -> ins(168695) -> delta(2796)
                                                                      len(pwd) == 8?
                   inputLen(5) -> ins(171491) -> delta(2796)
                   inputLen( 6) -> ins(174287) -> delta(2796)
                   inputLen(7) -> ins(177083) -> delta(2796)
                   inputLen( 8) -> ins(182804) -> delta(5721)
                   inputLen(9) -> ins(182676) -> delta(-128)
                   inputLen(10) -> ins(185472) -> delta(2796)
                   inputLen(11) -> ins(188268) -> delta(2796)
                   inputLen(12) -> ins(191064) -> delta(2796)
                   inputLen(13) -> ins(193860) -> delta(2796)
                   input en(11) -> ins(196656) -> delta(2796)
```

Example 1:

NDH2k13-crackme500

```
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< "@???????" >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 182841
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< "???????" >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
NDH2k13-crackme-500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< "A???????" >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 186879
NDH2k13-crack 500 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< "B???????" >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 182841
NDH2k13-crackme-50 ~/pin-3.6-gcc-linux/pin -t ./inscount0.so -- ./crackme <<< "C???????" >> /dev/null; cat inscount.out
Count 182841
NDH2k13-crackme-500 \A????????
             input(AzI0wBsW) \rightarrow now(211069) \rightarrow delta(0)
             input(AzIOwBsX) -> now(214976) -> delta(3907)
             Found pwd: AzIOwBsX
             python guessPWD.py 31.34s user 14.50s system 105% cpu 43.322 total
             NDH2k13-crackme-500 ./crackme
             Jonathan Salwan loves you <3
             Password: AzIOwBsX Bingo!
             Good password
             NDH2k13-crackme-500
```

Modified Inscount is More Powerful!

Example 2: AlexCTF2017-move

```
AlexCTF-2017-mov-350 [master check ./move.unpacked ./move.unpacked: ELF 32-bit LSB executable, Intel 80386, version 1 (SYSV) /lib/ld-linux.so.2, not stripped [*] '/home/m4x/pin-in-CTF/examples/AlexCTF-2017-mov-350/move.unpacked' Arch: i386-32-little RELRO: Partial RELRO Stack: No canary found NX: NX disabled PIE: No PIE AlexCTF-2017-mov-350 [master ./move.unpacked Guess a flag: test Wrong Flag! AlexCTF-2017-mov-350 [master ./move.unpacked ./m
```





ked, interpreter

Conclusion: (in CTF Challenges)



Experience:

(in CTF Challenges)

- 连蒙带猜带验证
- 能用血赚,凉了不亏
- inscount1(BB) is faster than inscount0(INS)
- dict = map(chr, range(0x20, 0x80))
- Triton
- PinCTF

Reference:



- http://shell-storm.org/blog/A-binary-analysis-count-meif-you-can/
- http://brieflyx.me/2017/binary-analysis/intel-pinintro/
- https://github.com/TeamContagion/CTF-Write-Ups/tree/master/AlexCTF-2017/Reversing/RE5%20-%20Packed%20Movement%20(350)
- https://fadec0d3.blogspot.com/2017/04/plaidctf-2017nomoflo-125.html

End Thank you~