GSoC: Text/UTF-8

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August 14, 2011

Hello!

My name is Jasper Student at UGent I write Haskell **GhentFPG** @jaspervdj jaspervdj.be



Credit where credit is due

Bryan O'Sullivan Edward Kmett Johan Tibell Tom Harper

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Number of unicode characters?

17 planes

Each plane: 2¹⁶ characters

$$log_2(17 * 2^{16}) = 20.087...$$

21 bits per character

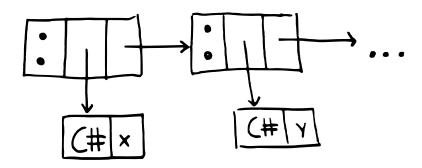
data Char = C# Char#

C#: word

Char#: 32 bits

```
type String = [Char]

data [] a = [] | a : [a]
```



Two points:

- 1. Use strict arrays
- 2. Don't use a 32-bit encoding

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This is UTF-8

$$\langle cb \rangle = 10 \times \times \times \times \times$$

Two points:

- Some things are inherently faster using UTF-8
- 2. Some things are inherently faster using UTF-16

Results depend on:

- 1. The application (e.g. lots of processing vs. static in-memory database)
- 2. The language (e.g. English vs. Japanese)

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Results: pure functions

```
stream :: Text -> Stream Char
unstream :: Stream Char -> Text
map :: (Char \rightarrow Char)
    \rightarrow Text \rightarrow Text
map f =
     unstream . map' f . stream
```

Results: pure functions

```
map :: (Char -> Char)
    -> Text -> Text
map f =
    unstream . map' f . stream
```

"Generally" a little slower for UTF-8

Results: applications

"Generally" a little faster for UTF-8

Results

Other advantages

Integrate with C libraries (e.g. pcre)
Reduced memory usage
Fast output path (for e.g. aeson)

Results

GSoC: progress

Conversion: done

Optimization: done*

Summary report: in progress

Switch: ?

*always room for improvement

Questions?