

P235

15.

$$\begin{aligned}
 n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2 &= (n-1) \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - 2 \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} x_i x_j \\
 &= \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (x_i - x_j)^2 \\
 &\geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

对任意一组数 (c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n) 带入原式都有 $\sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (c_i - c_j)^2$

$$\therefore n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2 \text{ 半正定}$$

17.

$$Ax = 0 \Rightarrow A^T Ax = 0 \Rightarrow x^T A^T Ax = 0$$

$$x^T A^T Ax = 0 \Rightarrow (Ax)^T Ax = 0 \Rightarrow Ax = 0 \Rightarrow A^T Ax = 0$$

$\therefore Ax = 0$ 与 $A^T Ax = 0$ 有相同的解, 根据其基础解系的性质可知

$$\therefore n - \text{rank}(A) = n - \text{rank}(A^T A)$$

$$\therefore \text{rank}(A) = \text{rank}(A^T A)$$