

1.求一个次数尽可能低的实系数（复系数）多项式，使其以 $1, 0, i, i, 1-i$ 为根.

2.本章习题26.

24. 证明:如果 $(x-1) \mid f(x^n)$,那么 $(x^n-1) \mid f(x^n)$.

25. 证明:如果 $(x^2+x+1) \mid f_1(x^3)+xf_2(x^3)$,那么

$$(x-1) \mid f_1(x), (x-1) \mid f_2(x).$$

26. 将多项式 x^n-1 在复数范围内和在实数范围内因式分解.

26.

24.

1.

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore f(x) &= x(x-1)(x-i)(x+i)(x-i)(x+i)(x-1+i)(x-1-i) \\ &= x(x-1)(x^2+1)^2(x^2-2x+2)\end{aligned}$$

24.

$$\because (x-1) \mid f(x^n)$$

$$\therefore f(0) = 0$$

$\therefore 0$ 是 $f(x^n) = 0$ 的根

$$\therefore (x^n-1) \mid f(x)$$

26.

在复数范围内分解 $f(x) = x^n - 1$

$$\because 1 = \cos 2k\pi + i \sin 2k\pi$$

$$\therefore x = 1^{\frac{1}{n}} = (\cos 2k\pi + i \sin 2k\pi)^{\frac{1}{n}} = (e^{i2k\pi})^{\frac{1}{n}} = \cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})]$$

在实数范围内分解 $f(x) = x^n - 1$

若 n 为奇数,

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore f(x) &= \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] \\&= (x-1) \prod_{k=1}^{\frac{n-1}{2}} [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] \prod_{k=\frac{n+1}{2}}^{n-1} [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] \\&= (x-1) \prod_{k=1}^{\frac{n-1}{2}} [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} - i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] \\&= (x-1) \prod_{k=1}^{\frac{n-1}{2}} (x^2 - 2 \cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + 1)\end{aligned}$$

若 n 为偶数,

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore f(x) &= \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] \\&= (x-1)(x+1) \prod_{k=1}^{\frac{n}{2}-1} [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] \prod_{k=\frac{n}{2}+1}^{n-1} [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] \\&= (x-1)(x+1) \prod_{k=1}^{\frac{n}{2}-1} [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] [x - (\cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} - i \sin \frac{2k\pi}{n})] \\&= (x-1)(x+1) \prod_{k=1}^{\frac{n}{2}-1} (x^2 - 2 \cos \frac{2k\pi}{n} + 1)\end{aligned}$$