

# Assignment 4

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## Question 1. OWA and CWA

(1)

- (a) Album(Fantasy)
- (f)  $\neg \text{StudioAlbum}(\text{2004\_Incomparable\_Concert}) \vee \neg \text{LiveAlbum}(\text{2004\_Incomparable\_Concert})$
- (h)  $\exists x. \text{hasFriend}(\text{Jay\_Chou}, x)$
- (i)  $\exists x. (\text{hasFriend}(\text{Jay\_Chou}, x) \wedge \exists y. (\text{dancesWith}(x, y) \wedge \text{Song}(y)))$
- (k)  $\text{hasFriend}(\text{Vincent\_Fang}, \text{Jay\_Chou})$

(2)

- (a) Album(Fantasy): No
- (b) StudioAlbum(The\_Eight\_Dimensions): Yes
- (c) LiveAlbum(Common\_Jasmin\_Orange): No
- (d)  $\neg \text{LiveAlbum}(\text{Common\_Jasmin\_Orange})$ : Yes
- (e)  $\neg \text{EP}(\text{Secret})$ : Yes
- (f)  $\neg \text{StudioAlbum} \sqcup \neg \text{LiveAlbum}(\text{2004\_Incomparable\_Concert})$ : Yes
- (g)  $\neg \text{StudioAlbum} \sqcup \neg \text{LiveAlbum}(\text{Eason\_Chan})$ : Yes
- (h)  $\exists \text{hasFriend}. \top(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : Yes
- (i)  $\exists \text{hasFriend}. \exists \text{dancesWith}. \text{Song}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : Yes
- (j)  $\exists \text{hasFriend}. \text{Composer}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : No
- (k)  $\exists \text{hasFriend}. \{\text{Jay\_Chou}\}(\text{Vincent\_Fang})$ : No
- (l) DebutAlbum(2004\_Incomparable\_Concert): No
- (m) Song(Rewind): No
- (n) Singer(Jay\_Chau): Yes
- (o) Singer(Jolin\_Tsai): No
- (p) Lyricist(Jay\_Chau): No
- (q) Composer(Jay\_Chau): Yes
- (r) Composer(Ta-yu\_Lo): No
- (s) Police(Jay\_Chau): No
- (t) Police(Jolin\_Tsai): No

- (u)  $\neg$ Singer-SongWriter  $\sqcup$   $\neg$ Police(Vincent\_Fang): Yes
- (v)  $\neg$ Singer-SongWriter  $\sqcup$   $\neg$ Police(Ta-yu\_Lo): yes
- (w) Singer-SongWriter(Jay\_Chou): No
- (x) Singer-SongWriter(Jolin\_Tsai): No
- (y)  $\neg$ SongWriter(Vincent\_Fang): Yes
- (z)  $\neg$ Dancer(Will\_Liu): Yes

### (3)

- (a) Album(Fantasy): Don't know
- (b) StudioAlbum(The\_Eight\_Dimensions): Yes
- (c) LiveAlbum(Common\_Jasmin\_Orange): Don't know
- (d)  $\neg$ LiveAlbum(Common\_Jasmin\_Orange): Don't know
- (e)  $\neg$ EP(Secret): Don't know
- (f)  $\neg$ StudioAlbum  $\sqcup$   $\neg$ LiveAlbum(2004\_Incomparable\_Concert): Don't know
- (g)  $\neg$ StudioAlbum  $\sqcup$   $\neg$ LiveAlbum(Eason\_Chan): Don't know
- (h)  $\exists$ hasFriend.T(Jay\_Chou): Yes
- (i)  $\exists$ hasFriend. $\exists$ dancesWith.Song(Jay\_Chou): Yes
- (j)  $\exists$ hasFriend.Composer(Jay\_Chou): Don't know
- (k)  $\exists$ hasFriend.{Jay\_Chou}(Vincent\_Fang): Don't know
- (l) DebutAlbum(2004\_Incomparable\_Concert): Don't know
- (m) Song(Rewind): Don't know
- (n) Singer(Jay\_Chou): Yes
- (o) Singer(Jolin\_Tsai): Don't know
- (p) Lyricist(Jay\_Chou): Don't know
- (q) Composer(Jay\_Chou): Yes
- (r) Composer(Ta-yu\_Lo): Don't know
- (s) Police(Jay\_Chou): Don't know
- (t) Police(Jolin\_Tsai): Don't know
- (u)  $\neg$ Singer-SongWriter  $\sqcup$   $\neg$ Police(Vincent\_Fang): Don't know
- (v)  $\neg$ Singer-SongWriter  $\sqcup$   $\neg$ Police(Ta-yu\_Lo): Don't know
- (w) Singer-SongWriter(Jay\_Chou): Don't know
- (x) Singer-SongWriter(Jolin\_Tsai): Don't know
- (y)  $\neg$ SongWriter(Vincent\_Fang): Don't know
- (z)  $\neg$ Dancer(Will\_Liu): Don't know

### (4)

- (a)  $\text{answer}(F1(x), D_{\text{music}}) = \{ \text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Eason\_Chan} \}$
- (b)  $\text{answer}(F2(x), D_{\text{music}}) = \{ \text{Will\_Liu}, \text{Black\_Cat}, \text{The\_Eight\_Dimensions}, \text{Secret}, \text{Together}, \text{Ta-yu\_Lo}, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}, \text{Vincent\_Fang}, \text{Hidden\_Track}, \text{Herbalist\_Manual}, \text{Jay},$

Common\_Jasmin\_Orange, Initial\_D, Elimination, Fantasy, Pearl\_of\_the\_Orient, 2004\_Incomparable\_Concert, Rewind }

- (c)  $\text{answer}(F3(x, y), D_{\text{music}}) = \{ (\text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Vincent\_Fang}), (\text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Will\_Liu}) \}$
- (d)  $\text{answer}(F4(x), D_{\text{music}}) = \{ \text{Vincent\_Fang} \}$

(5)

- (a)  $\text{cetanswer}(F1(x), D_{\text{music}}) = \{ \text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Eason\_Chan} \}$
- (b)  $\text{cetanswer}(F2(x), D_{\text{music}}) = \emptyset$
- (c)  $\text{cetanswer}(F3(x, y), D_{\text{music}}) = \{ (\text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Vincent\_Fang}), (\text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Will\_Liu}) \}$
- (d)  $\text{cetanswer}(F4(x), D_{\text{music}}) = \emptyset$

## Question 2. Querying with TBox

(1)

The certain answers in the context of  $D_{\text{music}}$  is same with Question 2. (3).

The certain answers in the context of  $(\mathcal{T}, D_{\text{music}})$ :

- (a)  $\text{Album}(\text{Fantasy})$ : Yes
- (b)  $\text{StudioAlbum}(\text{The\_Eight\_Dimensions})$ : Yes
- (c)  $\text{LiveAlbum}(\text{Common\_Jasmin\_Orange})$ : No
- (d)  $\neg \text{LiveAlbum}(\text{Common\_Jasmin\_Orange})$ : Yes
- (e)  $\neg \text{EP}(\text{Secret})$ : Don't know
- (f)  $\neg \text{StudioAlbum} \sqcup \neg \text{LiveAlbum}(\text{2004\_Incomparable\_Concert})$ : Yes
- (g)  $\neg \text{StudioAlbum} \sqcup \neg \text{LiveAlbum}(\text{Eason\_Chan})$ : Yes
- (h)  $\exists \text{hasFriend.T}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : Yes
- (i)  $\exists \text{hasFriend}.\exists \text{dancesWith.Song}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : Yes
- (j)  $\exists \text{hasFriend.Composer}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : Don't know
- (k)  $\exists \text{hasFriend}.\{\text{Jay\_Chou}\}(\text{Vincent\_Fang})$ : Don't know
- (l)  $\text{DebutAlbum}(\text{2004\_Incomparable\_Concert})$ : No
- (m)  $\text{Song}(\text{Rewind})$ : Yes
- (n)  $\text{Singer}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : Yes
- (o)  $\text{Singer}(\text{Jolin\_Tsai})$ : Don't know
- (p)  $\text{Lyricist}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : Yes
- (q)  $\text{Composer}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : Yes
- (r)  $\text{Composer}(\text{Ta-yu\_Lo})$ : Don't know
- (s)  $\text{Police}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : No
- (t)  $\text{Police}(\text{Jolin\_Tsai})$ : Don't know
- (u)  $\neg \text{Singer-SongWriter} \sqcup \neg \text{Police}(\text{Vincent\_Fang})$ : Don't know

- (v)  $\neg \text{Singer-SongWriter} \sqcup \neg \text{Police}(\text{Ta-yu\_Lo})$ : Don't know
- (w)  $\text{Singer-SongWriter}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$ : Don't know
- (x)  $\text{Singer-SongWriter}(\text{Jolin\_Tsai})$ : Don't know
- (y)  $\neg \text{SongWriter}(\text{Vincent\_Fang})$ : Don't know
- (z)  $\neg \text{Dancer}(\text{Will\_Liu})$ : Don't know

(2)

All assertions  $\alpha$ :

- $\text{Song}(\text{Herbalist\_Manual})$
- $\text{Song}(\text{Elimination})$
- $\text{Singer}(\text{Jay\_Chou})$
- $\text{Lyricist}(\text{Vincent\_Fang})$

## Question 3. Computing $\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}$ in $\mathcal{EL}$

(1)

The initial assignment (with obvious abbreviations) is given by

- $S(d_{\text{Guitarist}}) = \{ \text{Guitarist} \}$
- $S(d_{\text{Bassist}}) = \{ \text{Bassist} \}$
- $S(d_{\text{Drummer}}) = \{ \text{Drummer} \}$
- $S(d_{\text{RockBand}}) = \{ \text{RockBand} \}$
- $S(d_{\text{Manager}}) = \{ \text{Manager} \}$
- $S(d_{\text{Employee}}) = \{ \text{Employee} \}$
- $S(\text{John\_Lennon}) = \{ \text{Guitarist} \}$
- $S(\text{Paul\_McCartney}) = \{ \text{Bassist} \}$
- $S(\text{Ringo\_Starr}) = \{ \text{Drummer} \}$
- $S(\text{Beatles}) = \{ \text{RockBand} \}$
- $S(\text{Brian\_Epstein}) = \emptyset$
- $R(\text{managed\_by}) = \{ (\text{Beatles}, \text{Brian\_Epstein}) \}$
- $R(\text{plays\_for}) = \emptyset$

Update S using (simpleR):

- $S(d_{\text{Manager}}) = \{ \text{Manager}, \text{Employee} \}$

Update R using (rightR):

- $R(\text{plays\_for}) = \{ (d_{\text{Guitarist}}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (\text{John\_Lennon}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (d_{\text{Bassist}}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (\text{Paul\_McCartney}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (d_{\text{Drummer}}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (\text{Ringo\_Starr}, d_{\text{RockBand}}) \}$
- $R(\text{managed\_by}) = \{ (\text{Beatles}, \text{Brian\_Epstein}), (d_{\text{RockBand}}, d_{\text{Manager}}), (\text{Beatles}, d_{\text{Manager}}), (d_{\text{Manager}}, d_{\text{Manager}}) \}$

So we have:

- $\Delta_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{I}} = \{ d_{\text{Guitarist}}, d_{\text{Bassist}}, d_{\text{Drummer}}, d_{\text{RockBand}}, d_{\text{Manager}}, d_{\text{Employee}}, \text{John\_Lennon}, \text{Paul\_McCartney}, \text{Ringo\_Starr}, \text{Beatles}, \text{Brian\_Epstein} \}$
- $\text{Guitarist}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}} = \{ d_{\text{Guitarist}}, \text{Guitarist} \}$
- $\text{Bassist}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}} = \{ d_{\text{Bassist}}, \text{Paul\_McCartney} \}$
- $\text{Drummer}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}} = \{ d_{\text{Drummer}}, \text{Ringo\_Starr} \}$
- $\text{RockBand}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}} = \{ d_{\text{RockBand}}, \text{Beatles} \}$
- $\text{Manager}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}} = \{ d_{\text{Manager}} \}$
- $\text{Employee}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}} = \{ d_{\text{Employee}}, d_{\text{Manager}} \}$
- $\text{plays\_for}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}} = \{ (d_{\text{Guitarist}}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (\text{John\_Lennon}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (d_{\text{Bassist}}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (\text{Paul\_McCartney}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (d_{\text{Drummer}}, d_{\text{RockBand}}), (\text{Ringo\_Starr}, d_{\text{RockBand}}) \}$
- $\text{managed\_by}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}} = \{ (\text{Beatles}, \text{Brian\_Epstein}), (d_{\text{RockBand}}, d_{\text{Manager}}), (\text{Beatles}, d_{\text{Manager}}), (d_{\text{Manager}}, d_{\text{Manager}}) \}$

(2)

- $\exists \text{plays\_for}.\text{RockBand}(\text{John\_Lennon})$ :

Because  $(\text{John\_Lennon}, d_{\text{RockBand}}) \in \text{plays\_for}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}}$ ,  $\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}$  gives the answer "Yes".

And  $(\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A})$  gives the certain answer "Yes".

- $\exists \text{managed\_by}.\text{Manager}(\text{Paul\_McCartney})$

There is no  $x \in \text{Manager}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}}$  and  $(\text{Paul\_McCartney}, x) \in \text{managed\_by}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}}$  so  $\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}$  doesn't give the answer "Yes".

And  $(\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A})$  doesn't give the certain answer "Yes".

- $\exists \text{plays\_for}.\exists \text{managed\_by}.\text{Manager}(\text{Ringo\_Starr})$

Because  $(\text{Ringo\_Starr}, d_{\text{RockBand}}) \in \text{plays\_for}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}}$  and  $(d_{\text{RockBand}}, d_{\text{Manager}}) \in \text{managed\_by}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}}$ ,  $\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}$  gives the answer "Yes".

And  $(\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A})$  gives the certain answer "Yes".

(3)

- $F(x, y) = \exists z.(\text{plays\_for}(x, z) \wedge \text{plays\_for}(y, z))$

$\text{answer}(F(x, y), \mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}) = \{ (d_{\text{Guitarist}}, d_{\text{Guitarist}}), (d_{\text{Guitarist}}, \text{John\_Lennon}), (d_{\text{Guitarist}}, d_{\text{Bassist}}), (d_{\text{Guitarist}}, \text{Paul\_McCartney}), (d_{\text{Guitarist}}, d_{\text{Drummer}}), (d_{\text{Guitarist}}, \text{Ringo\_Starr}), (\text{John\_Lennon}, d_{\text{Guitarist}}), (\text{John\_Lennon}, \text{John\_Lennon}), (\text{John\_Lennon}, d_{\text{Bassist}}), (\text{John\_Lennon}, \text{Paul\_McCartney}), (\text{John\_Lennon}, d_{\text{Drummer}}), (\text{John\_Lennon}, \text{Ringo\_Starr}), (d_{\text{Bassist}}, d_{\text{Guitarist}}), (d_{\text{Bassist}}, \text{John\_Lennon}), (d_{\text{Bassist}}, d_{\text{Bassist}}), (d_{\text{Bassist}}, \text{Paul\_McCartney}), (d_{\text{Bassist}}, d_{\text{Drummer}}), (d_{\text{Bassist}}, \text{Ringo\_Starr}), (\text{Paul\_McCartney}, d_{\text{Guitarist}}), (\text{Paul\_McCartney}, \text{John\_Lennon}), (\text{Paul\_McCartney}, d_{\text{Bassist}}), (\text{Paul\_McCartney}, \text{Paul\_McCartney}), (\text{Paul\_McCartney}, d_{\text{Drummer}}), (\text{Paul\_McCartney}, \text{Ringo\_Starr}), (d_{\text{Drummer}}, d_{\text{Guitarist}}), (d_{\text{Drummer}}, \text{John\_Lennon}), (d_{\text{Drummer}}, d_{\text{Bassist}}), (d_{\text{Drummer}}, \text{Paul\_McCartney}), (d_{\text{Drummer}}, d_{\text{Drummer}}), (d_{\text{Drummer}}, \text{Ringo\_Starr}), (\text{Ringo\_Starr}, d_{\text{Guitarist}}), (\text{Ringo\_Starr}, \text{John\_Lennon}), (\text{Ringo\_Starr}, d_{\text{Bassist}}), (\text{Ringo\_Starr}, \text{Paul\_McCartney}), (\text{Ringo\_Starr}, d_{\text{Drummer}}), (\text{Ringo\_Starr}, \text{Ringo\_Starr}) \}$

$\text{cetanswer}(F(x, y), (\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A})) = \{ (\text{John\_Lennon}, \text{John\_Lennon}), (\text{Paul\_McCartney}, \text{Paul\_McCartney}), (\text{Ringo\_Starr}, \text{Ringo\_Starr}) \}$

- $F = \exists x.\text{managed\_by}(x, x)$

Because  $(d_{\text{Manager}}, d_{\text{Manager}}) \in \text{managed\_by}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}}, \mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}}$  gives the answer "Yes".

But  $(\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A})$  doesn't give the certain answer "Yes".

## Question 4. Conjunctive queries over database and interpretation

(1)

The finite first-order interpretation  $\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}$  corresponding to  $\mathcal{D}$ .

- $\text{ID}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 30000160, 30000170, 30000180 \}$
- $\text{Name}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ \text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}, \text{Stefanie\_Sun}, \text{Ta-yu\_Lo} \}$
- $\text{StudentID}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 \}$
- $\text{Since}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ 2020, 2021, 2020 \}$
- $\text{CourseID}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ 30000160, 30000170, 30000180 \}$
- $\text{Title}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ \text{KR\&P}, \text{PR\&CV}, \text{NLP} \}$
- $\text{Person}^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ (2001, \text{Jay\_Chou}), (2002, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}), (2003, \text{Stefanie\_Sun}), (2004, \text{Ta-yu\_Lo}) \}$

- Enrollment $^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ (2002, 2020), (2003, 2021), (2004, 2020) \}$
- Attendance $^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ (2001, 30000160), (2002, 30000160), (2002, 30000170), (2003, 30000180) \}$
- Course $^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}} = \{ (30000160, \text{KR\&P}), (30000180, \text{PR\&CV}), (30000170, \text{NLP}) \}$

(2)

First-order queries  $f_Q$ :

- $F_a(x, y) = \text{Person}(x, y)$
- $F_b(x) = \exists y. \exists z. (\text{Person}(y, x) \wedge \text{Attendance}(y, z) \wedge \text{Course}(z, \text{KR\&P}))$
- $F_c(x) = \exists y. \exists z. (\text{Person}(y, x) \wedge \text{Enrollment}(y, z) \wedge \forall c. \neg \text{Attendance}(y, c))$

$F_a(x, y)$  and  $F_b(x)$  are conjunctive queries but  $F_c(x)$  is not conjunctive query, because there is a universal quantification  $\forall c$  in  $F_c(x)$ .

(3)

Answer  $Q$  in the context of  $\mathcal{D}$ :

- $\text{answer}(Q_a, \mathcal{D}) = \{ (2001, \text{Jay\_Chou}), (2002, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}), (2003, \text{Stefanie\_Sun}), (2004, \text{Ta-yu\_Lo}) \}$
- $\text{answer}(Q_b, \mathcal{D}) = \{ \text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Jolin\_Tsai} \}$
- $\text{answer}(Q_c, \mathcal{D}) = \{ \text{Ta-yu\_Lo} \}$

Answer  $f_Q$  in the context of  $\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}$ :

- $\text{answer}(F_a, \mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}) = \{ (2001, \text{Jay\_Chou}), (2002, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}), (2003, \text{Stefanie\_Sun}), (2004, \text{Ta-yu\_Lo}) \}$
- $\text{answer}(F_b, \mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}) = \{ \text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Jolin\_Tsai} \}$
- $\text{answer}(F_c, \mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{D}}) = \{ \text{Ta-yu\_Lo} \}$

## Question 5. Certain answers in different contexts

(1)

- $\text{cetanswer}(r(x, y) \wedge Y(y), \mathcal{A}) = \emptyset$
- $\text{cetanswer}(\exists y(r(x, y) \wedge Y(y)), \mathcal{A}) = \emptyset$
- $\text{cetanswer}(\exists x, y(r(x, y) \wedge r(y, x)), \mathcal{A}) = \text{"Yes"}$
- $\text{cetanswer}(\exists z, w(r(x, y) \wedge r(y, z) \wedge r(z, x) \wedge r(z, w) \wedge W(w)), \mathcal{A}) = \emptyset$

(2)

- $\text{cetanswer}(r(x, y) \wedge Y(y), \mathcal{A}) = \{ (\text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}), (\text{Jolin\_Tsai}, \text{Stefanie\_Sun}), (\text{Stefanie\_Sun}, \text{Jay\_Chou}), (\text{Jolin\_Tsai}, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}), (\text{Stefanie\_Sun}, \text{Stefanie\_Sun}) \}$
- $\text{cetanswer}(\exists y(r(x, y) \wedge Y(y)), \mathcal{A}) = \{ \text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}, \text{Stefanie\_Sun} \}$
- $\text{cetanswer}(\exists x, y(r(x, y) \wedge r(y, x)), \mathcal{A}) = \text{"Yes"}$
- $\text{cetanswer}(\exists z, w(r(x, y) \wedge r(y, z) \wedge r(z, x) \wedge r(z, w) \wedge W(w)), \mathcal{A}) = \{ (\text{Jay\_Chou}, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}), (\text{Stefanie\_Sun}, \text{Jay\_Chou}), (\text{Jolin\_Tsai}, \text{Jolin\_Tsai}), (\text{Jolin\_Tsai}, \text{Stefanie\_Sun}) \}$

## Question 6 (with 1 bonus mark). Simpleness of ABox

This doesn't affect the lower bound of the data complexity results.

Lower bound:

- $\mathcal{ALC}$ : coNP-hard
- $\mathcal{EL}$ : P-hard
- DL-Lite:  $AC^0$

Because questions like non-3-colorability and path system accessibility can be still reduced into  $\mathcal{ALC}$  and  $\mathcal{EL}$  CQ-entailment problem by the way same with simple ABoxes.

This doesn't affect the upper bound of the data complexity results, too.

Upper bound:

- $\mathcal{ALC}$ : coNP-complete, because we can still use tableau algorithm to solve the problem.
- $\mathcal{EL}$ : P-complete, because we can reduce it to Datalog query entailment with PTime data complexity.
- DL-Lite:  $AC^0$ , because we can reduce it to entailment of their FO-rewriting  $q_T$ .

So this doesn't affect the data complexity result.

## Question 7 (with 1 bonus mark). k-colorability

It is possible to show that the problem of conjunctive query entailment (CQ-entailment) in ALC is coNP-hard w.r.t. data complexity using a reduction from non-k-colorability in graphs.

We can consider the following  $\mathcal{ALC}$  TBox and Boolean CQ:

$$\mathcal{T} = \{ \top \sqsubseteq \bigsqcup_{C \in \text{colors}} C, C \sqcap \exists r.C \sqsubseteq D \text{ for } C \in \text{colors} \}$$



$$q = \exists x.D(x)$$

And we translated the input graph  $G = (V, E)$  into the ABox:

$$\mathcal{A} = \{(u, v) : r|\{u, v\} \in E\}$$

Then it is straightforward to prove that  $(\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{A}) \models q$  if and only if  $\mathcal{A}$  is not  $k$ -colourable.

Because 3-colorability is NP-hard, thus  $k$ -colorability is NP-hard also. So we can know that the query entailment problem for conjunctive queries is coNP-hard w.r.t data complexity in  $\mathcal{ALC}$ .

But if we let  $k$  is fixed, it depends on the value of  $k$  whether the query entailment problem for conjunctive queries is coNP-hard w.r.t data complexity in  $\mathcal{ALC}$ .

For example, let  $k = 1$  and then a graph is 1-colorable if and only if it is totally disconnected, that is all its vertices are isolated. It can be identified in PTime. So it can not prove the proposition.

Let  $k = 2$  and then a graph is 2-colorable if and only if its vertices having same color can be taken as disjoint sets. Thus, A graph is 2-colorable if and only if it is a bipartite graph, which can be also solved in PTime. So it can not prove the proposition.

Let  $k = 3$  and then 3-colorability is NP-hard and it can prove that the query entailment problem for conjunctive queries is coNP-hard w.r.t data complexity in  $\mathcal{ALC}$ .

So if  $k$  is fixed, it depends on the value of  $k$  whether the query entailment problem for conjunctive queries is coNP-hard w.r.t data complexity in  $\mathcal{ALC}$ .