



# OpenCore

Reference Manual (0.5.~~3~~.4)

[2020.01.04]

**Failsafe:** false

**Description:** Reuse original hibernate memory map.

This option forces XNU kernel to ignore newly supplied memory map and assume that it did not change after waking from hibernation. This behaviour is required to work by Windows, which mandates to preserve runtime memory size and location after S4 wake.

*Note:* This ~~option is deprecated and will be removed in the newer OpenCore releases. There is no known hardware that needs this option, and its entire existence appears to be a programmer error. Please report on if you need this option~~ may be used to workaround buggy memory maps on older hardware, and is now considered rare legacy. Examples of such hardware are Ivy Bridge laptops with Insyde firmware, like Acer V3-571G. Do not use this unless you fully understand the consequences.

6. **EnableSafeModeSlide**

**Type:** plist boolean

**Failsafe:** false

**Description:** Patch bootloader to have KASLR enabled in safe mode.

This option is relevant to the users that have issues booting to safe mode (e.g. by holding `shift` or using `-x` boot argument). By default safe mode forces 0 slide as if the system was launched with `slide=0` boot argument. This quirk tries to patch `boot.efi` to lift that limitation and let some other value (from 1 to 255) be used. This quirk requires `ProvideCustomSlide` to be enabled.

*Note:* The necessity of this quirk is determined by safe mode availability. If booting to safe mode fails, this option can be tried to be enabled.

7. **EnableWriteUnprotector**

**Type:** plist boolean

**Failsafe:** false

**Description:** Permit write access to UEFI runtime services code.

This option bypasses `RX` permissions in code pages of UEFI runtime services by removing write protection (WP) bit from `CR0` register during their execution. This quirk requires `OC_FIRMWARE_RUNTIME` protocol implemented in `FwRuntimeServices.efi`.

*Note:* The necessity of this quirk is determined by early boot crashes of the firmware.

8. **ForceExitBootServices**

**Type:** plist boolean

**Failsafe:** false

**Description:** Retry `ExitBootServices` with new memory map on failure.

Try to ensure that `ExitBootServices` call succeeds even with outdated `MemoryMap` key argument by obtaining current memory map and retrying `ExitBootServices` call.

*Note:* The necessity of this quirk is determined by early boot crashes of the firmware. Do not use this unless you fully understand the consequences.

9. **ProtectCsmRegion**

**Type:** plist boolean

**Failsafe:** false

**Description:** Protect CSM region areas from relocation.

Ensure that CSM memory regions are marked as ACPI NVS to prevent `boot.efi` or XNU from relocating or using them.

*Note:* The necessity of this quirk is determined by artifacts and sleep wake issues. As `AvoidRuntimeDefrag` resolves a similar problem, no known firmwares should need this quirk. Do not use this unless you fully understand the consequences.

10. **ProvideCustomSlide**

**Type:** plist boolean

**Failsafe:** false

**Description:** Provide custom KASLR slide on low memory.

**Failsafe:** Empty string

**Description:** Kext bundle identifier (e.g. `com.apple.driver.AppleHDA`) or `kernel` for kernel patch.

7. Limit

**Type:** plist integer

**Failsafe:** 0

**Description:** Maximum number of bytes to search for. Can be set to 0 to look through the whole kext or kernel.

8. Mask

**Type:** plist data

**Failsafe:** Empty data

**Description:** Data bitwise mask used during find comparison. Allows fuzzy search by ignoring not masked (set to zero) bits. Can be set to empty data to be ignored. Must equal to **Replace** in size otherwise.

9. MaxKernel

**Type:** plist string

**Failsafe:** Empty string

**Description:** Patches data on specified macOS version or older.

*Note:* Refer to Add MaxKernel description for matching logic.

10. MinKernel

**Type:** plist string

**Failsafe:** Empty string

**Description:** Patches data on specified macOS version or newer.

*Note:* Refer to Add MaxKernel description for matching logic.

11. Replace

**Type:** plist data

**Failsafe:** Empty data

**Description:** Replacement data of one or more bytes.

12. ReplaceMask

**Type:** plist data

**Failsafe:** Empty data

**Description:** Data bitwise mask used during replacement. Allows fuzzy replacement by updating masked (set to non-zero) bits. Can be set to empty data to be ignored. Must equal to **Replace** in size otherwise.

13. Skip

**Type:** plist integer

**Failsafe:** 0

**Description:** Number of found occurrences to be skipped before replacement is done.

## 7.7 Quirks Properties

1. AppleCpuPmCfgLock

**Type:** plist boolean

**Failsafe:** false

**Description:** Disables `PKG_CST_CONFIG_CONTROL` (0xE2) MSR modification in AppleIntelCPUPowerManagement.kext, commonly causing early kernel panic, when it is locked from writing.

*Note:* This option should [be](#) avoided whenever possible. Modern firmwares provide **CFG Lock** setting, disabling which is much cleaner. More details about the issue can be found in [VerifyMsrE2](#) notes.

2. AppleXcpmCfgLock

**Type:** plist boolean

**Failsafe:** false

**Description:** Disables `PKG_CST_CONFIG_CONTROL` (0xE2) MSR modification in XNU kernel, commonly causing early kernel panic, when it is locked from writing (XCPM power management).

*Note:* This option should [be](#) avoided whenever possible. Modern firmwares provide **CFG Lock** setting, disabling which is much cleaner. More details about the issue can be found in [VerifyMsrE2](#) notes.

3. **AppleXcpmExtraMsrs**  
**Type:** plist boolean  
**Failsafe:** false  
**Description:** Disables multiple MSR access critical for select CPUs, which have no native XCPM support.  
  
This is normally used in conjunction with **Emulate** section on Haswell-E, Broadwell-E, Skylake-X, and similar CPUs. More details on the XCPM patches are outlined in [acidanthera/bugtracker#365](#).  
  
*Note:* Additional not provided patches will be required for Ivy Bridge or Pentium CPUs. It is recommended to use **AppleIntelCpuPowerManagement.kext** for the former.
4. **CustomSMBIOSGuid**  
**Type:** plist boolean  
**Failsafe:** false  
**Description:** Performs GUID patching for **UpdateSMBIOSMode Custom** mode. Usually relevant for Dell laptops.
5. **DisableIoMapper**  
**Type:** plist boolean  
**Failsafe:** false  
**Description:** Disables **IoMapper** support in XNU (VT-d), which may conflict with the firmware implementation.  
  
*Note:* This option is a preferred alternative to dropping **DMAR** ACPI table and disabling VT-d in firmware preferences, which does not break VT-d support in other systems in case they need it.
6. **ExternalDiskIcons**  
**Type:** plist boolean  
**Failsafe:** false  
**Description:** Apply icon type patches to **AppleAHCIPort.kext** to force internal disk icons for all AHCI disks.  
  
*Note:* This option should [be](#) avoided whenever possible. Modern firmwares usually have compatible AHCI controllers.
7. **LapicKernelPanic**  
**Type:** plist boolean  
**Failsafe:** false  
**Description:** Disables kernel panic on LAPIC interrupts.
8. **PanicNoKextDump**  
**Type:** plist boolean  
**Failsafe:** false  
**Description:** Prevent kernel from printing kext dump in the panic log preventing from observing panic details. Affects 10.13 and above.
9. **PowerTimeoutKernelPanic**  
**Type:** plist boolean  
**Failsafe:** false  
**Description:** Disables kernel panic on **setPowerState** timeout.  
  
An additional security measure was added to macOS Catalina (10.15) causing kernel panic on power change timeout for Apple drivers. Sometimes it may cause issues on misconfigured hardware, notably digital audio, which sometimes fails to wake up. For debug kernels **setpowerstate\_panic=0** boot argument should be used, which is otherwise equivalent to this quirk.
10. **ThirdPartyDrives**  
**Type:** plist boolean  
**Failsafe:** false  
**Description:** Apply vendor patches to **IOAHCIBlockStorage.kext** to enable native features for third-party drives, such as TRIM on SSDs or hibernation support on 10.15 and newer.  
  
*Note:* This option may be avoided on user preference. NVMe SSDs are compatible without the change. For AHCI SSDs on modern macOS version there is a dedicated built-in utility called **trimforce**. Starting from 10.15 this utility creates **EnableTRIM** variable in **APPLE\_BOOT\_VARIABLE\_GUID** namespace with 01 00 00 00 value.

## 9 NVRAM

### 9.1 Introduction

Has `plist dict` type and allows to set volatile UEFI variables commonly referred as NVRAM variables. Refer to `man nvram` for more details. macOS extensively uses NVRAM variables for OS — Bootloader — Firmware intercommunication, and thus supplying several NVRAM is required for proper macOS functioning.

Each NVRAM variable consists of its name, value, attributes (refer to UEFI specification), and its GUID, representing which ‘section’ NVRAM variable belongs to. macOS uses several GUIDs, including but not limited to:

- 4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14 (APPLE\_VENDOR\_VARIABLE\_GUID)
- 7C436110-AB2A-4BBB-A880-FE41995C9F82 (APPLE\_BOOT\_VARIABLE\_GUID)
- 8BE4DF61-93CA-11D2-AA0D-00E098032B8C (EFI\_GLOBAL\_VARIABLE\_GUID)
- 4D1FDA02-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B30102 (OC\_VENDOR\_VARIABLE\_GUID)

*Note:* Some of the variables may be added by PlatformNVRAM or Generic subsections of PlatformInfo section. Please ensure that variables of this section never collide with them, as behaviour is undefined otherwise.

For proper macOS functioning it is often required to use OC\_FIRMWARE\_RUNTIME protocol implementation currently offered as a part of FwRuntimeServices driver. While it brings any benefits, there are certain limitations which arise depending on the use.

1. Not all tools may be aware of protected namespaces.  
When RequestBootVarRouting is used Boot-prefixed variable access is restricted and protected in a separate namespace. To access the original variables tools have to be aware of OC\_FIRMWARE\_RUNTIME logic.
2. Assigned NVRAM variables are not always allowed to exceed 512 bytes.  
This is true for Boot-prefixed variables when RequestBootVarFallback is used, and for overwriting volatile variables with non-volatile on UEFI 2.8 non-conformant firmwares.

### 9.2 Properties

1. Add

**Type:** `plist dict`

**Description:** Sets NVRAM variables from a map (`plist dict`) of GUIDs to a map (`plist dict`) of variable names and their values in `plist metadata` format. GUIDs must be provided in canonic string format in upper or lower case (e.g. 8BE4DF61-93CA-11D2-AA0D-00E098032B8C).

Created variables get `EFI_VARIABLE_BOOTSERVICE_ACCESS` and `EFI_VARIABLE_RUNTIME_ACCESS` attributes set. Variables will only be set if not present and not blocked. To overwrite a variable add it to `Block` section. This approach enables to provide default values till the operating system takes the lead.

*Note:* If `plist` key does not conform to GUID format, behaviour is undefined.

2. Block

**Type:** `plist dict`

**Description:** Removes NVRAM variables from a map (`plist dict`) of GUIDs to an array (`plist array`) of variable names in `plist string` format.

3. LegacyEnable

**Type:** `plist boolean`

**Failsafe:** `false`

**Description:** Enables loading of NVRAM variable file named `nvram.plist` from EFI volume root.

This file must have root `plist dictionary` type and contain two fields:

- **Version** — `plist integer`, file version, must be set to 1.
- **Add** — `plist dictionary`, equivalent to `Add` from `config.plist`.

Variable loading happens prior to `Block` (and `Add`) phases, and will not overwrite any existing variable. Variables allowed to be set must be specified in `LegacySchema`. Third-party scripts may be used to create `nvram.plist` file. An example of such script can be found in `Utilities`. The use of third-party scripts may require `ExposeSensitiveData` set to `0x3` to provide `boot-path` variable with OpenCore EFI partition UUID.

**WARNING:** This feature is very dangerous as it passes unprotected data to your firmware variable services. Use it only when no hardware NVRAM implementation is provided by the firmware or it is incompatible.

#### 4. LegacySchema

**Type:** `plist dict`

**Description:** Allows setting select NVRAM variables from a map (`plist dict`) of GUIDs to an array (`plist array`) of variable names in `plist string` format.

You can use `*` value to accept all variables for select GUID.

**WARNING:** Choose variables very carefully, as `nvr.plist` is not vaulted. For instance, do not put `boot-args` or `csr-active-config`, as this can bypass SIP.

#### 5. WriteFlash

**Type:** `plist boolean`

**Failsafe:** `false`

**Description:** Enables writing to flash memory for all added variables.

*Note:* This value is recommended to be enabled on most firmwares, but is left configurable for firmwares that may have issues with NVRAM variable storage garbage collection or alike.

To read NVRAM variable value from macOS one could use `nvr` by concatenating variable GUID and name separated by `:` symbol. For example, `nvr 7C436110-AB2A-4BBB-A880-FE41995C9F82:boot-args`.

A continuously updated variable list can be found in a corresponding document: NVRAM Variables.

## 9.3 Mandatory Variables

*Warning:* These variables may be added by PlatformNVRAM or Generic subsections of PlatformInfo section. Using PlatformInfo is the recommend way of setting these variables.

The following variables are mandatory for macOS functioning:

- `4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14:FirmwareFeatures`  
32-bit `FirmwareFeatures`. Present on all Macs to avoid extra parsing of SMBIOS tables
- `4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14:FirmwareFeaturesMask`  
32-bit `FirmwareFeaturesMask`. Present on all Macs to avoid extra parsing of SMBIOS tables.
- `4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14:MLB`  
`BoardSerialNumber`. Present on newer Macs (2013+ at least) to avoid extra parsing of SMBIOS tables, especially in `boot.efi`.
- `4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14:ROM`  
Primary network adapter MAC address or replacement value. Present on newer Macs (2013+ at least) to avoid accessing special memory region, especially in `boot.efi`.

## 9.4 Recommended Variables

The following variables are recommended for faster startup or other improvements:

- `7C436110-AB2A-4BBB-A880-FE41995C9F82:csr-active-config`  
32-bit System Integrity Protection bitmask. Declared in XNU source code in `csr.h`.
- `4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14:ExtendedFirmwareFeatures`  
Combined `FirmwareFeatures` and `ExtendedFirmwareFeatures`. Present on newer Macs to avoid extra parsing of SMBIOS tables
- `4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14:ExtendedFirmwareFeaturesMask`  
Combined `FirmwareFeaturesMask` and `ExtendedFirmwareFeaturesMask`. Present on newer Macs to avoid extra parsing of SMBIOS tables.
- `4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14:HW_BID`  
Hardware `BoardProduct` (e.g. `Mac-35C1E88140C3E6CF`). Not present on real Macs, but used to avoid extra parsing of SMBIOS tables, especially in `boot.efi`.
- `4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14:HW_MLB`  
Hardware `BoardSerialNumber`. Override for `MLB`. Present on newer Macs (2013+ at least).
- `4D1EDE05-38C7-4A6A-9CC6-4BCCA8B38C14:HW_ROM`  
Hardware `ROM`. Override for `ROM`. Present on newer Macs (2013+ at least).

# 11 UEFI

## 11.1 Introduction

UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface) is a specification that defines a software interface between an operating system and platform firmware. This section allows to load additional UEFI modules and/or apply tweaks for the onboard firmware. To inspect firmware contents, apply modifications and perform upgrades UEFITool and supplementary utilities can be used.

## 11.2 Properties

### 1. ConnectDrivers

**Type:** plist boolean

**Failsafe:** false

**Description:** Perform UEFI controller connection after driver loading. This option is useful for loading filesystem drivers, which usually follow UEFI driver model, and may not start by themselves. While effective, this option is not necessary with e.g. APFS loader driver, and may slightly slowdown the boot.

### 2. Drivers

**Type:** plist array

**Failsafe:** None

**Description:** Load selected drivers from `OC/Drivers` directory.

Designed to be filled with string filenames meant to be loaded as UEFI drivers. Depending on the firmware a different set of drivers may be required. Loading an incompatible driver may lead your system to unbootable state or even cause permanent firmware damage. Some of the known drivers include:

- **ApfsDriverLoader** — APFS file system bootstrap driver adding the support of embedded APFS drivers in bootable APFS containers in UEFI firmwares.
- **FwRuntimeServices** — `OC_FIRMWARE_RUNTIME` protocol implementation that increases the security of OpenCore and Lilu by supporting read-only and write-only NVRAM variables. Some quirks, like **RequestBootVarRouting**, require this driver for proper function. Due to the nature of being a runtime driver, i.e. functioning in parallel with the target operating system, it cannot be implemented within OpenCore itself, but is bundled with OpenCore releases.
- **EnhancedFatDxe** — FAT filesystem driver from **FatPkg**. This driver is embedded in all UEFI firmwares, and cannot be used from OpenCore. It is known that multiple firmwares have a bug in their FAT support implementation, which leads to corrupted filesystems on write attempt. Embedding this driver within the firmware may be required in case writing to EFI partition is needed during the boot process.
- **NvmExpressDxe** — NVMe support driver from **MdeModulePkg**. This driver is included in most firmwares starting with Broadwell generation. For Haswell and earlier embedding it within the firmware may be more favourable in case a NVMe SSD drive is installed.
- **UsbKbDxe** — USB keyboard driver adding the support of **AppleKeyMapAggregator** protocols on top of a custom USB keyboard driver implementation. This is an alternative to builtin **KeySupport**, which may work better or worse depending on the firmware.
- **VirtualSmc** — UEFI SMC driver, required for proper FileVault 2 functionality and potentially other macOS specifics. An alternative, named **SMCHelper**, is not compatible with **VirtualSmc** and OpenCore, which is unaware of its specific interfaces. In case **FakeSMC** kernel extension is used, manual NVRAM variable addition may be needed and **VirtualSmc** driver should still be used.
- **VBoxHfs** — HFS file system driver with bless support. This driver is an alternative to a closed source **HFSPlus** driver commonly found in Apple firmwares. While it is feature complete, it is approximately 3 times slower and is yet to undergo a security audit.
- **XhciDxe** — XHCI USB controller support driver from **MdeModulePkg**. This driver is included in most firmwares starting with Sandy Bridge generation. For earlier firmwares or legacy systems it may be used to support external USB 3.0 PCI cards.

To compile the drivers from UDK (EDK II) use the same command you do normally use for OpenCore compilation, but choose a corresponding package:

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```
git clone https://github.com/acidanthera/audk UDK
cd UDK
```