极客大学算法训练营 第三课 数组、链表、跳表

#### 覃超

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# 目录

• 第一节数组、链表、跳表基本实现和特性

• 第二节 实战题目解析



### 第一节

数组、链表、跳表的基本实现和特性



### Array

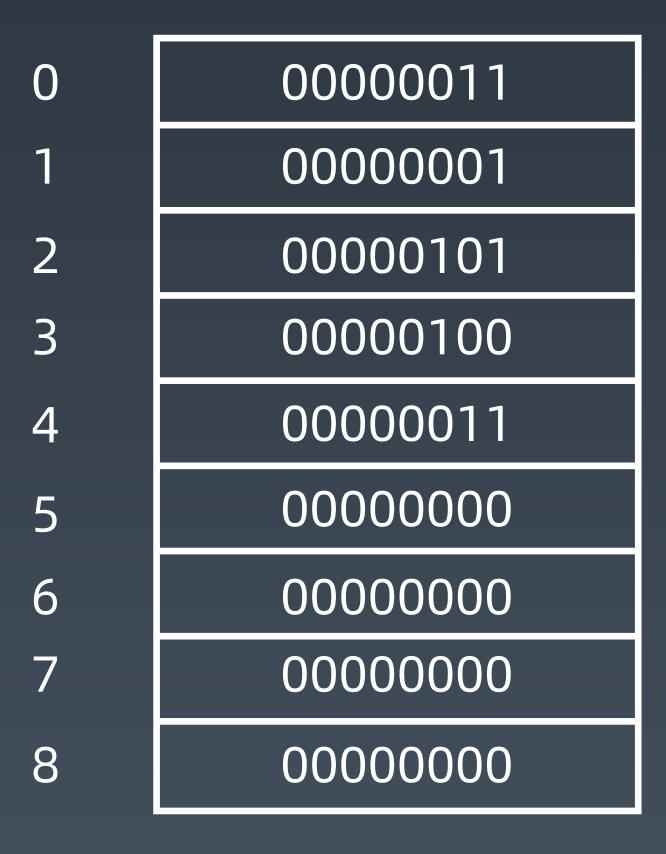
Java, C++: int a[100];

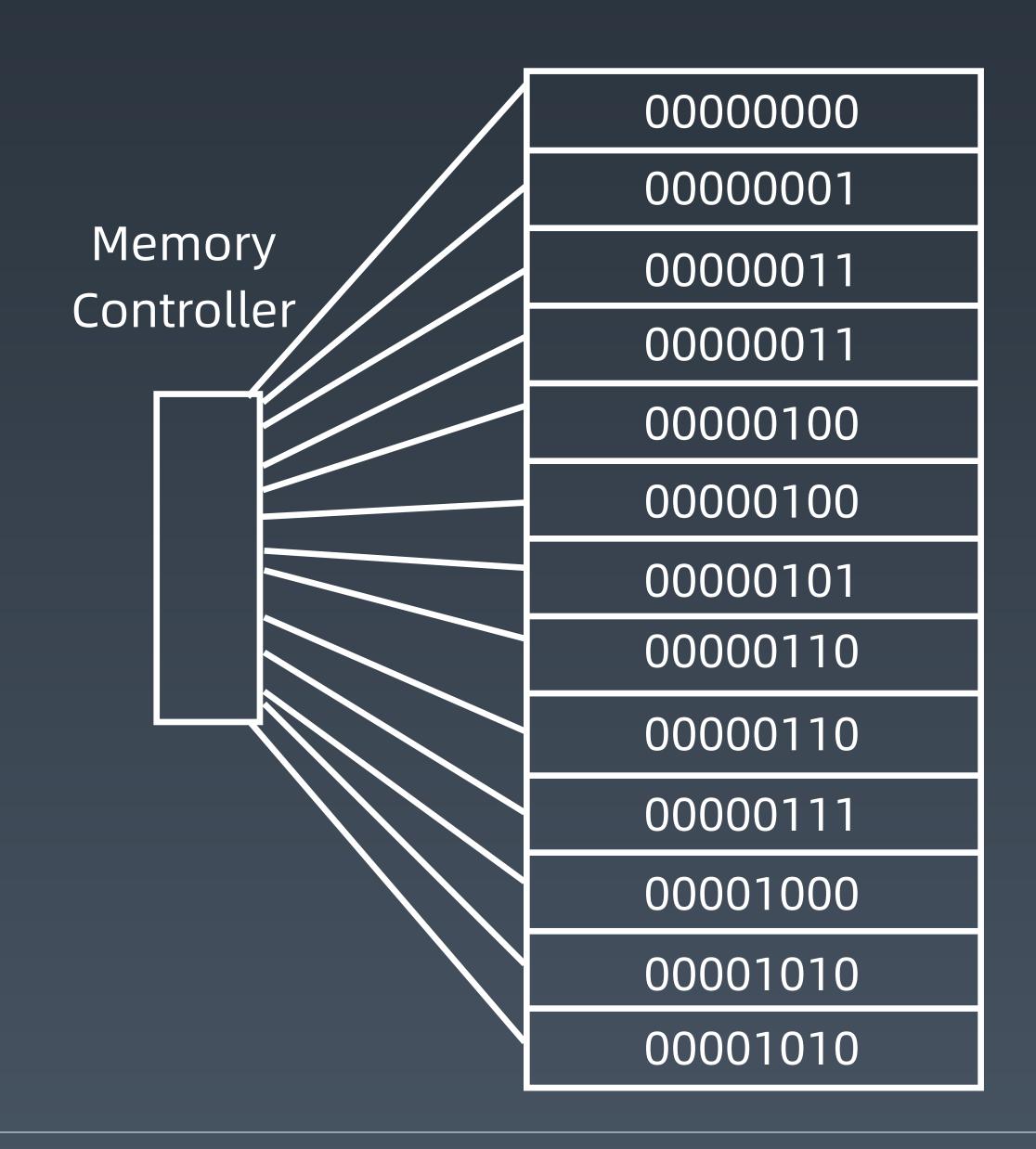
Python: list = []

JavaScript: let x = [1, 2, 3]



#### Array







#### Inserting

0	A
1	В
2	C
3	Ε
4	F
5	G
6	



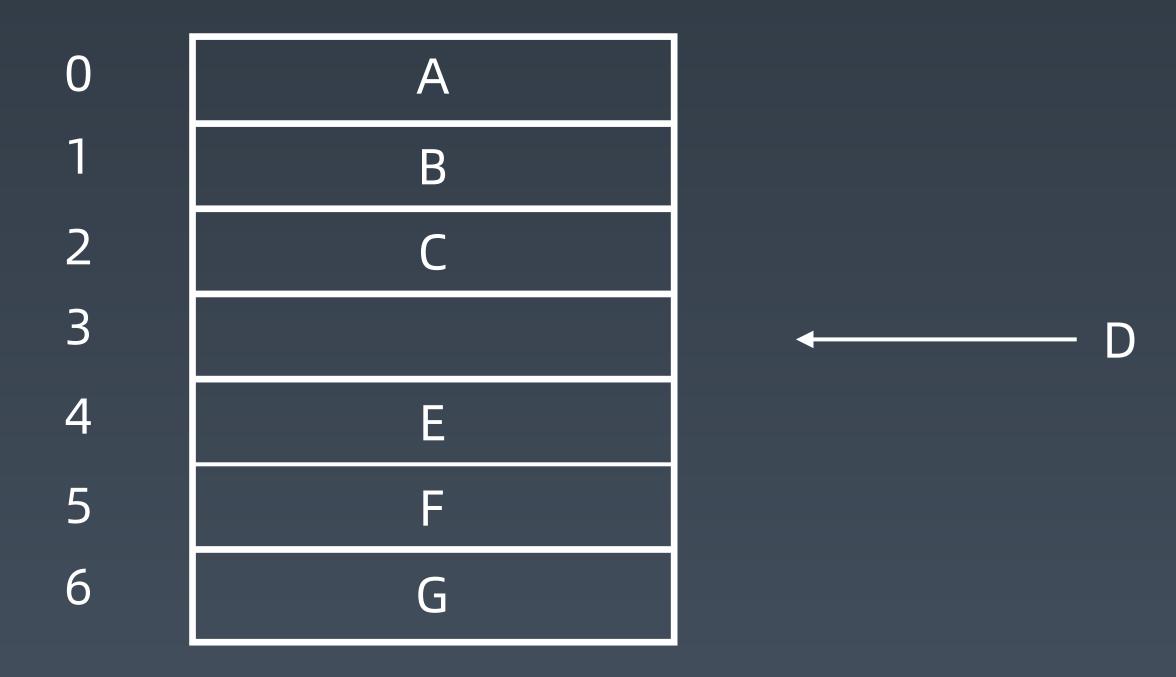
#### Inserting

0	A	
1	В	
2	C	
3	Ε	
4	F	
5	G	
6		

D



#### Inserting





#### Inserting

0	A
1	В
2 3	C
3	D
4	E
5	F
6	G

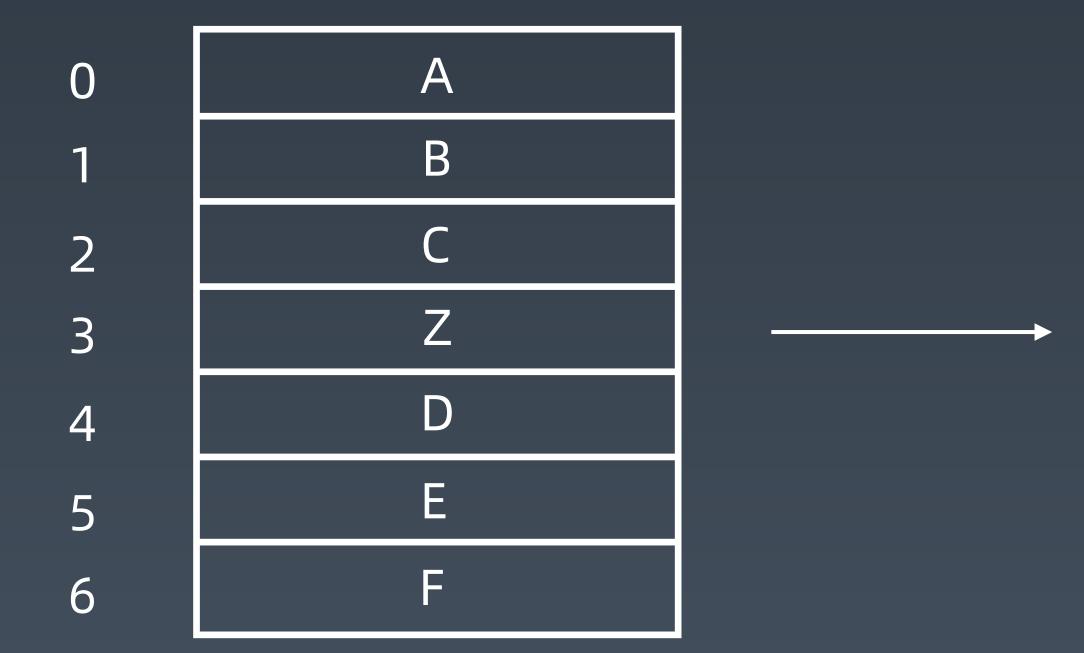


#### Deleting

0	A
1	В
2	C
2	Z
4	D
5	E
6	F

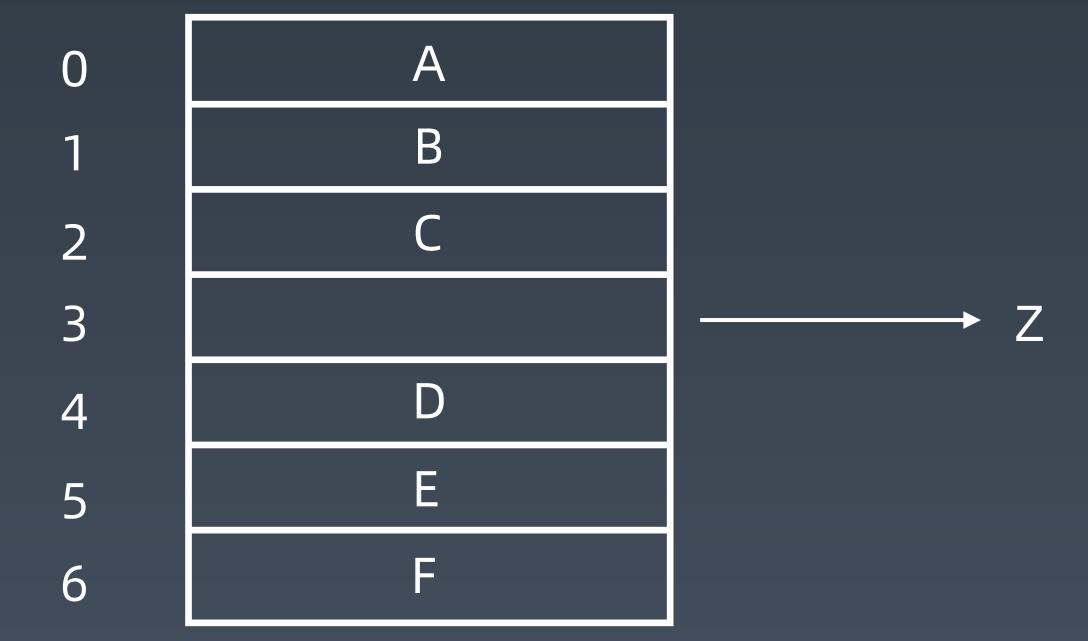


#### Deleting





#### Deleting





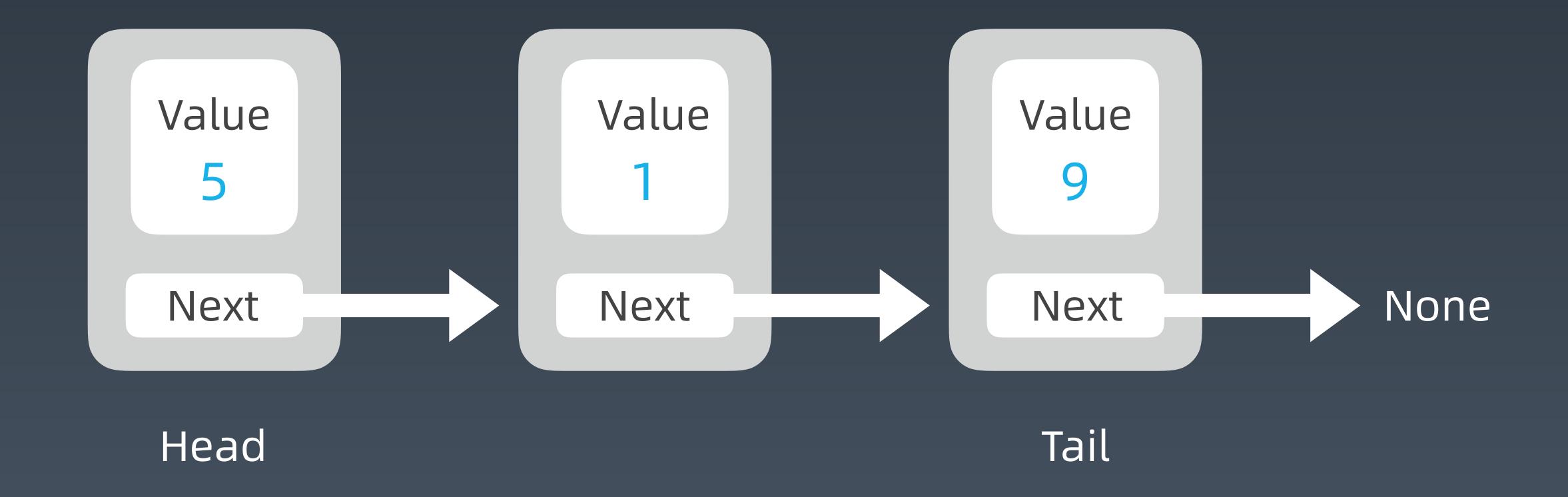
#### Deleting

0	A
1	В
2	C
3	D
4	E
5	F
6	

7

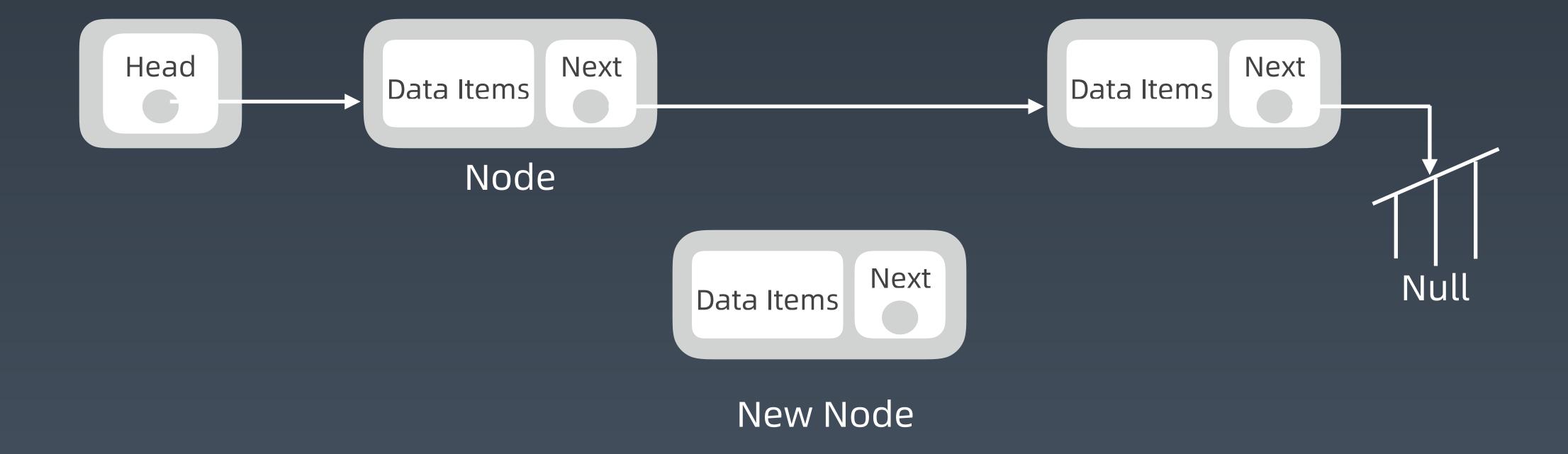


### Linked List

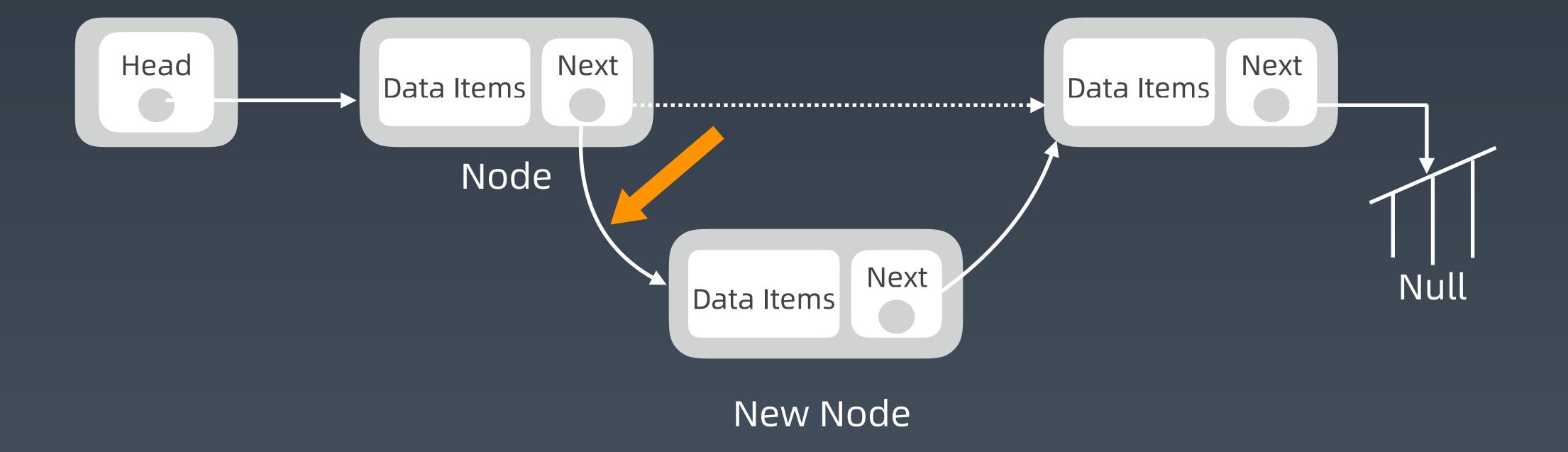




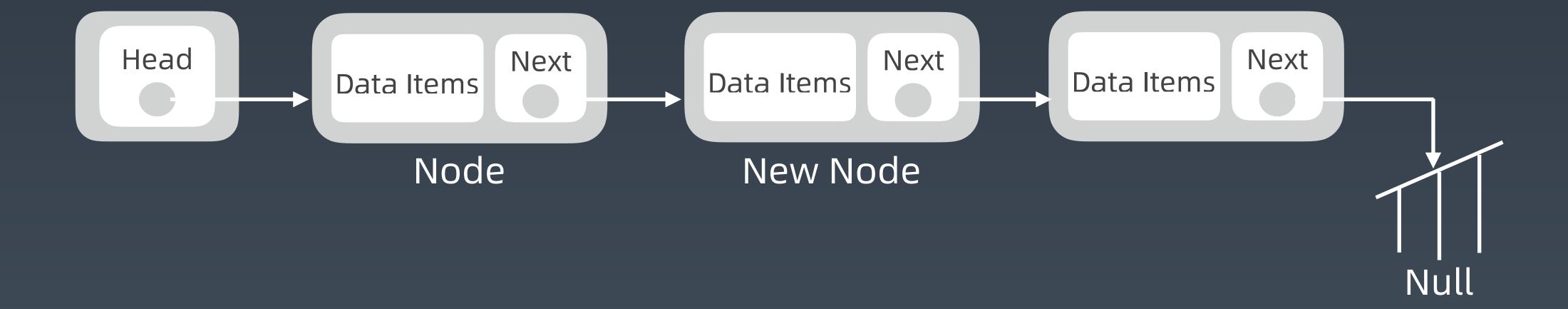




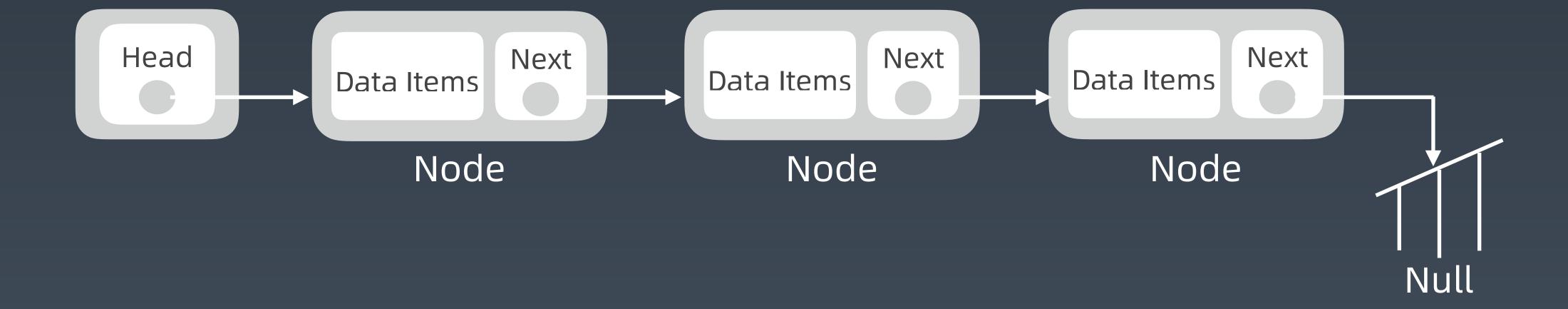


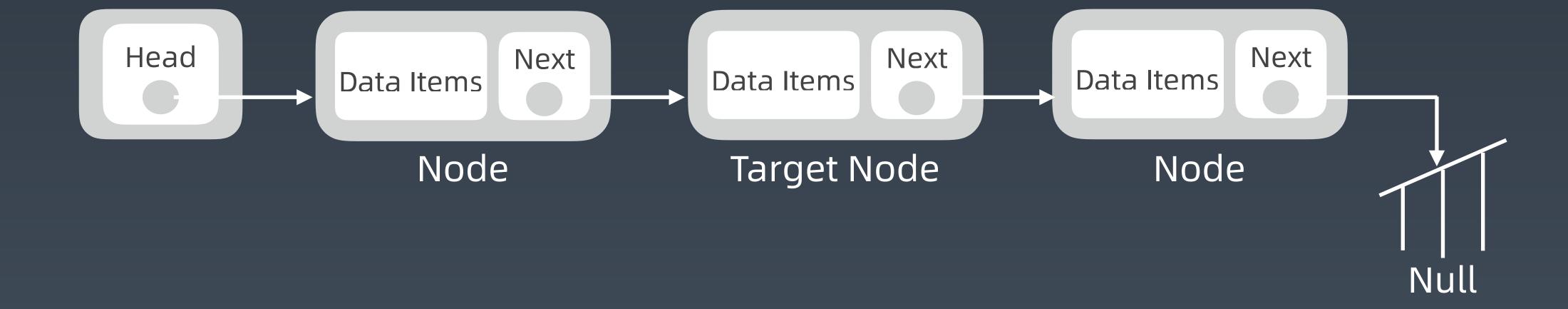


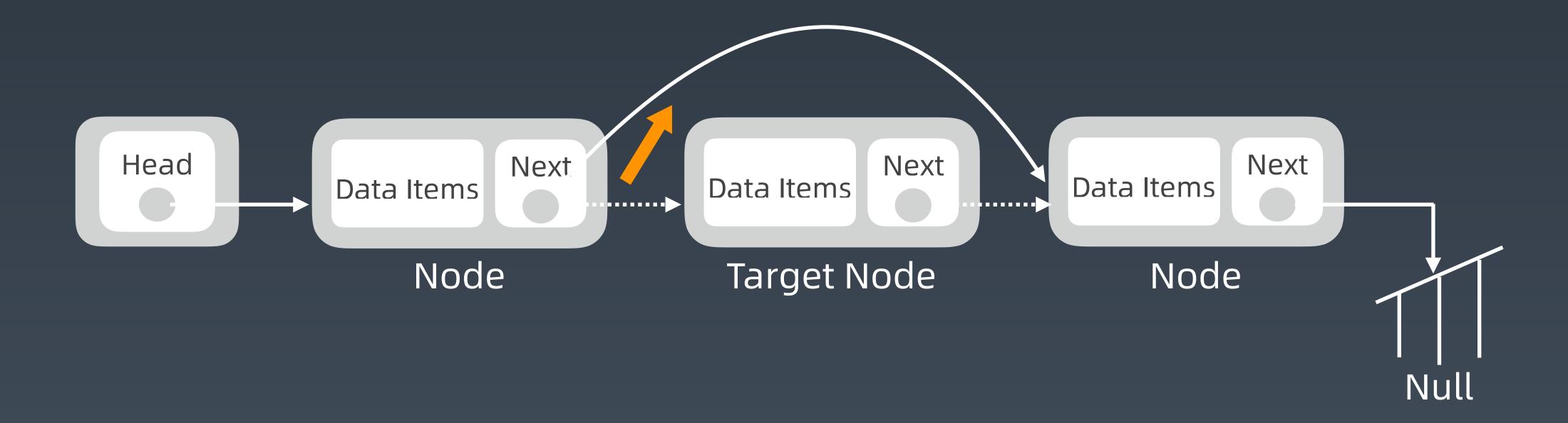




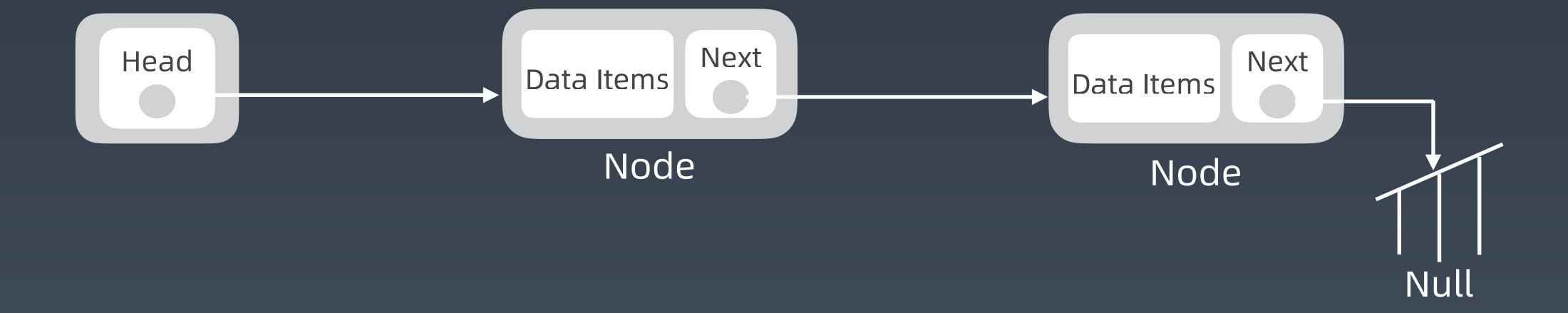






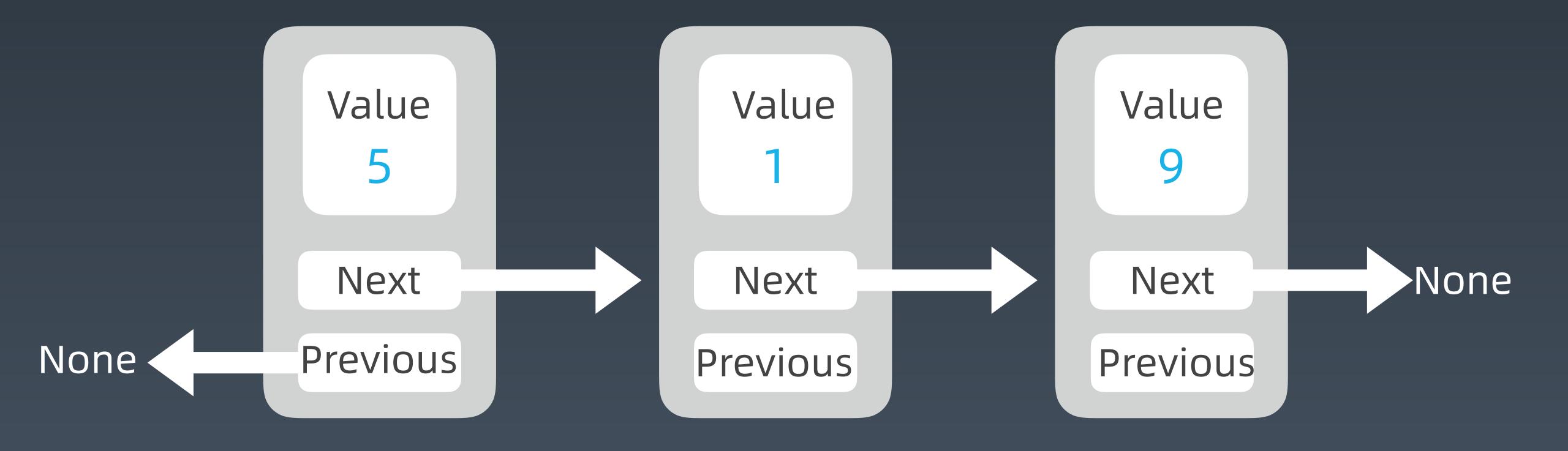








#### Double Linked List





## 时间复杂度

prepend O(1)

append O(1)

lookup O(n)

insert O(1)

delete O(1)



# Array 时间复杂度

prepend O(1)

append O(1)

lookup O(1)

insert O(n)

delete O(n)



跳表

Skip List



## 链表的缺陷

0(1) prepend O(1) append lookup O(n) 0(1) insert 0(1) delete



#### 如何给链表加速

时间复杂度: 查询 O(n)

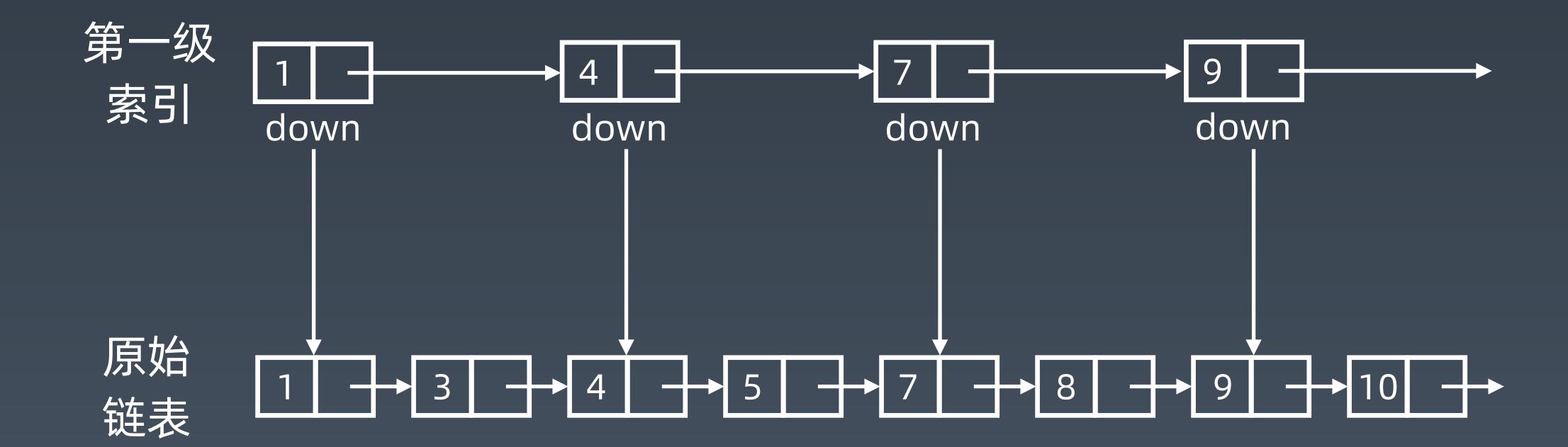
简单优化:添加头尾指针

然后呢? 一思考



### 添加第一级索引

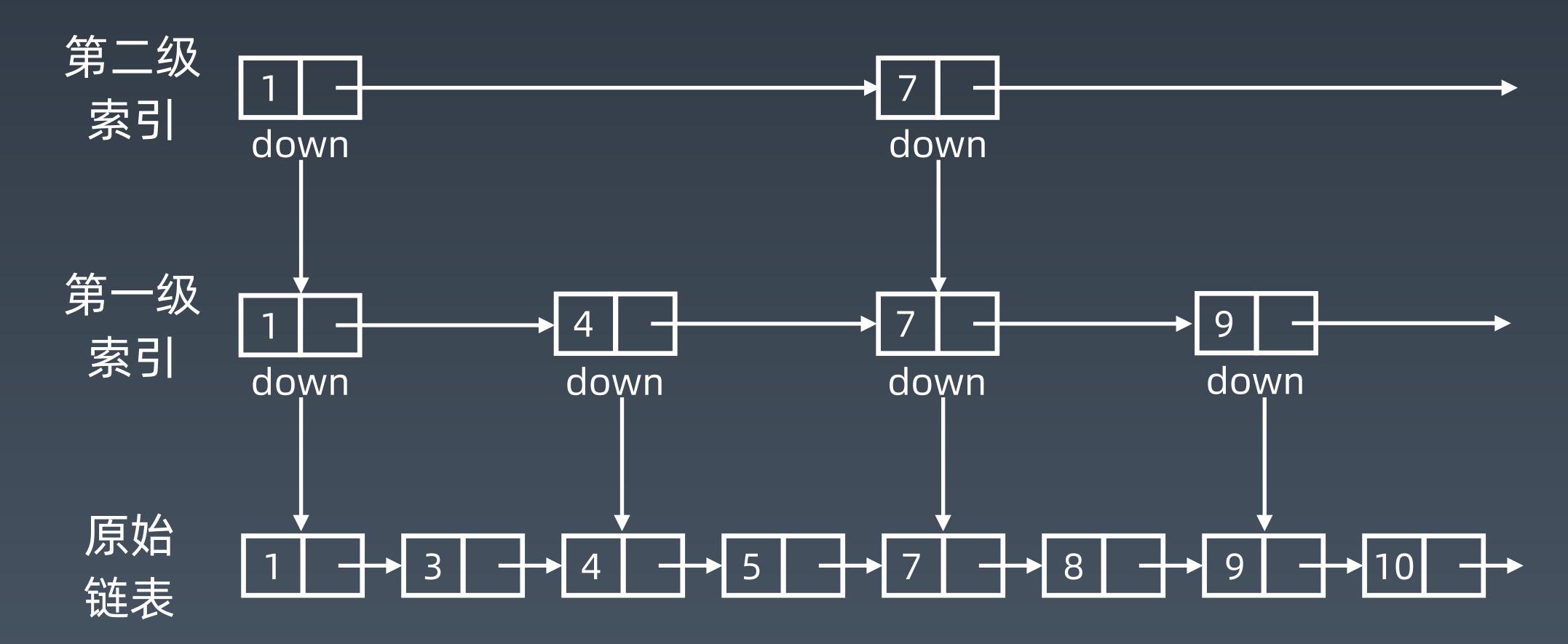
如何提高链表线性查找的效率?





### 添加第二级索引

如何进一步提高链表查找的效率?

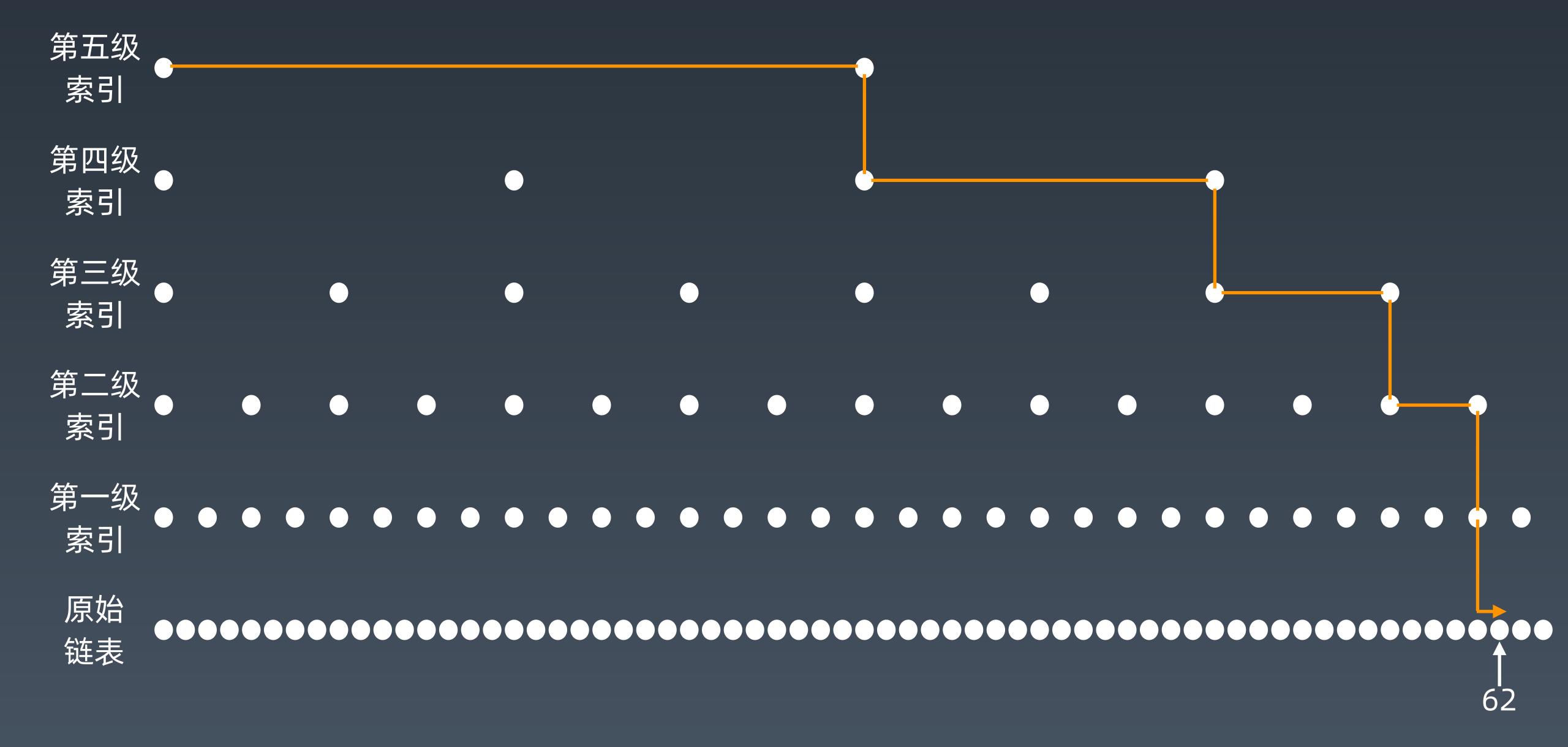




### 添加多级索引

以此类推,增加多级索引





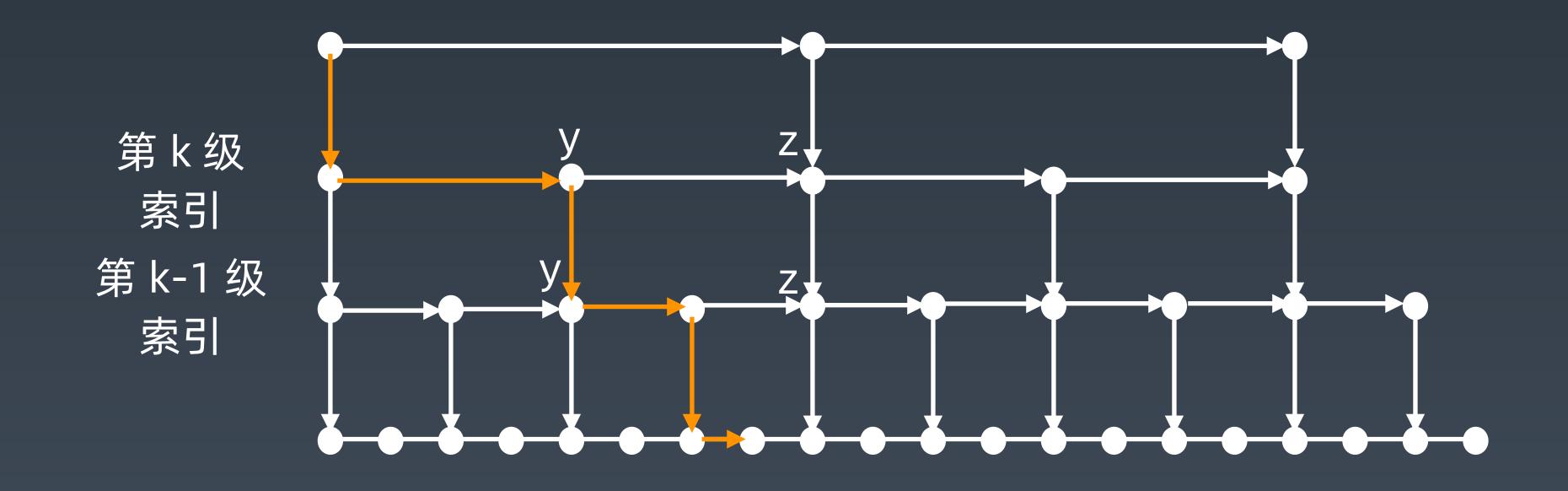
### 跳表查询的时间复杂度分析

n/2、n/4、n/8、第 k 级索引结点的个数就是 n/(2^k)

假设索引有 h 级, 最高级的索引有 2 个结点。n/(2^h) = 2, 从而求得 h = log2(n)-1



### 跳表查询的时间复杂度分析

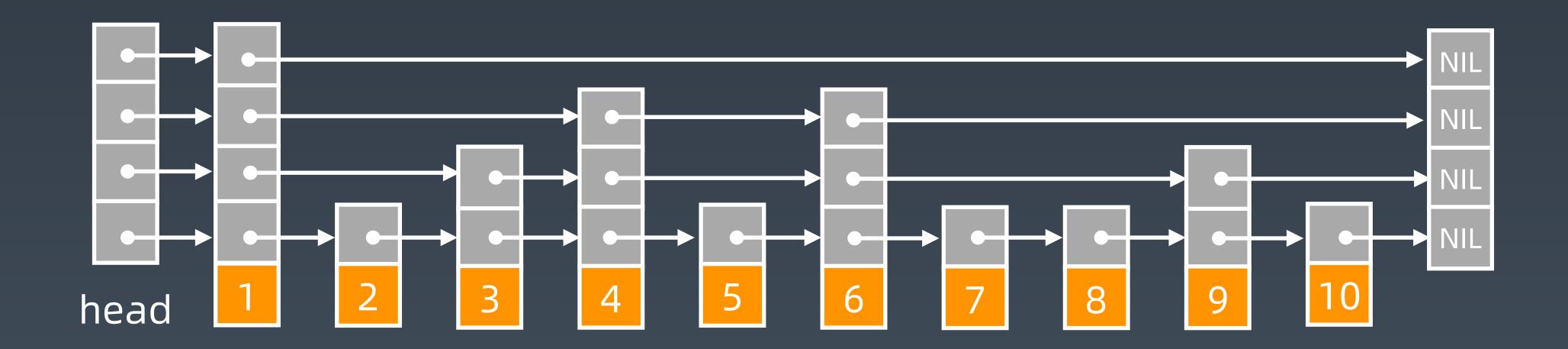


索引的高度: logn, 每层索引遍历的结点个数: 3

在跳表中查询任意数据的时间复杂度就是 O(logn)



## 现实中跳表的形态





### 跳表的空间复杂度分析

原始链表大小为 n, 每 2 个结点抽 1 个, 每层索引的结点数:

$$\frac{n}{2}, \frac{n}{4}, \frac{n}{8}, \dots, 8, 4, 2$$

原始链表大小为 n,每 3 个结点抽 1 个,每层索引的结点数:

$$\frac{n}{3}, \frac{n}{9}, \frac{n}{27}, \dots, 9, 3, 1$$

空间复杂度是 O(n)

#### 工程中的应用

LRU Cache - Linked list

https://www.jianshu.com/p/b1ab4a170c3c

https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/lru-cache

Redis - Skip List

https://redisbook.readthedocs.io/en/latest/internal-datastruct/

skiplist.html

https://www.zhihu.com/question/20202931



### 小结

- 数组、链表、跳表的原理和实现
- 三者的时间复杂度、空间复杂度
- 工程运用
- 跳表: 升维思想 + 空间换时间



第二节

实战题目解析



### 练习步骤

1.5-10分钟: 读题和思考

2. 有思路: 自己开始做和写代码; 不然, 马上看题解!

3. 默写背诵、熟练

4. 然后开始自己写(闭卷)



### 实战练习题目 - Array

- 1. <a href="https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/container-with-most-water/">https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/container-with-most-water/</a>
- 2. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/move-zeroes/
- 3. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/climbing-stairs/
- 4. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/3sum/(高频老题)



#### 实战练习题目 - Linked List

- 1. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/reverse-linked-list/
- 2. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/swap-nodes-in-pairs
- 3. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/linked-list-cycle
- 4. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/linked-list-cycle-ii
- 5. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/reverse-nodes-in-k-group/

解法固定,熟能生巧



#### Homework

- 1. <a href="https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/remove-duplicates-from-sorted-array/">https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/remove-duplicates-from-sorted-array/</a>
- 2. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/rotate-array/
- 3. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/merge-two-sorted-lists/
- 4. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/merge-sorted-array/
- 5. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/two-sum/
- 6. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/move-zeroes/
- 7. https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/plus-one/



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