

Question 1:

- The logical operator " \leftrightarrow " is read "if and only if." $P \leftrightarrow Q$ is defined as being equivalent to $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge (Q \rightarrow P)$. Based on this definition, show that $P \leftrightarrow Q$ is logically equivalent to $(P \vee Q) \rightarrow (P \wedge Q)$ By using truth tables.
- Prove that implication is transitive in the propositional calculus, that is, that $((P \rightarrow Q) \wedge (Q \rightarrow R)) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow R)$.
- What are the stem and the root of the following words?
الحاسبات, كتابكم, عمالة, Unreadable, الطلاب, Directions, شهادة, Recharge, Book

Question 2:

- Represent the following statement in Semantic Net representation
All robins are birds.
Clyde is a robin, and robin is a bird.
Birds have wings.
All Birds have Nests.
Clyde owned Nest from spring to fall.
- Define the Frames as a knowledge representation technique. Give examples.
- Compare between the knowledge acquisition and knowledge elicitation.

Question 3:

"Hand run" the Depth-First algorithm on the following graph. Begin from state A.

