Recording

- Recordings of this slide show are available in
 - German on SwitchTube
 - English on SwitchTube
- Course material is available on <u>Teams</u>.



D3.js Tutorial (1/4) SVG Introduction

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Basic Web Technologies

HTML/XML

Content & Structure

CSS

```
<style>
body {
  color: Silver
}
.mylist {
  list-style: disc
}
</style>
```

Presentation / Styling

JavaScript

```
function hello() {
  alert('hello');
}
hello();
```

Behaviour

JSON

```
[{
    "name": "John",
    "age": 30,
    "city": "London"
},
{
    "name": "Jane",
    "age": 20,
    "city": "Rome"
}]
```

Data

Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG)

- XML-based vector image format
- Supports interaction and animation
- Uses CSS for styling and JavaScript for scripting
- Usually created through drawing apps like Inkscape, Adobe Illustrator, etc.
- Natively supported by most browsers
- SVG Visual Cheat Sheet
 - http://www.cheat-sheets.org/own/svg/index.xhtml

Goals

- Understand the basic concepts of SVG (the SVG specification is huge)
- Understand how D3.js modifies SVG

<svg>

```
SVG
<svg version="1.1" baseProfile="full"</pre>
     width="300" height="200"
     xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
 <rect width="100%" height="100%" fill="yellow" />
 <circle cx="150" cy="100" r="80" fill="blue" />
 <text x="150" y="125" font-size="60" text-anchor="middle"</pre>
        fill="white">SVG</text>
</svg>
```

Try it out

```
<svg version="1.1" baseProfile="full"</pre>
     width="300" height="200"
     xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
  <rect width="100%" height="100%" fill="yellow" />
  <circle cx="150" cy="100" r="80" fill="blue" />
 <text x="150" y="125" font-size="60" text-anchor="middle"</pre>
        fill="white">SVG</text>
</svg>
```

- 1. Copy content into file sample1.svg and open in any browser
- 2. Swap <rect>, <circle> and <text>
- 3. Play with positions, size and color

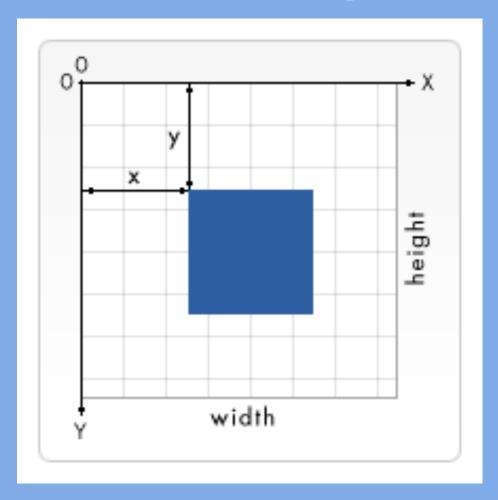
<u>http://www.cheat-sheets.org/own/svg/index.xhtml</u> is your friend.

Embed SVG in HTML

```
(1) <object data="image.svg" type="image/svg+xml" />
```

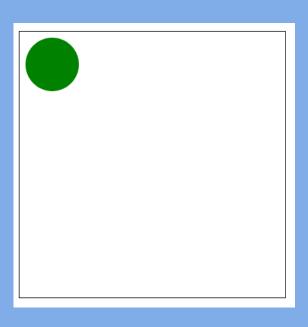
```
<iframe src="image.svg"></iframe>
```

The SVG grid

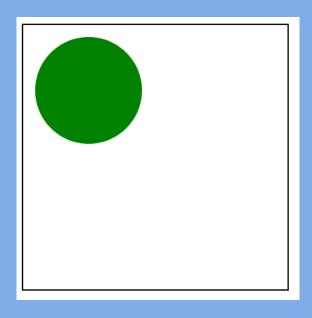


Note: this is somewhat counter intuitive when drawing vertical bar charts with a baseline at the bottom

SVG is scalable



SVG is scalable



Basic shapes 1/2

```
<svg width="400" height="125" version="1.1"</pre>
     xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
  <rect x="10" y="10" width="30" height="30" stroke="black"</pre>
        fill="transparent" stroke-width="5"/>
  <rect x="60" y="10" rx="10" ry="10" width="30" height="30"</pre>
        stroke="black" fill="transparent" stroke-width="5"/>
  <circle cx="125" cy="25" r="20" stroke="red"</pre>
          fill="transparent" stroke-width="5"/>
  <ellipse cx="180" cy="25" rx="20" ry="5" stroke="red"</pre>
           fill="transparent" stroke-width="5"/>
</svg>
```



Basic shapes 2/2

```
<svg width="400" height="250" version="1.1"</pre>
     xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
  <line x1="10" y1="10" x2="50" y2="50" stroke="orange"</pre>
      stroke-width="5"/>
  <polyline points="60 10 65 20 70 15 75 30 80 25 85 40 90</pre>
      35 95 50 100 45"
      stroke="orange" fill="transparent" stroke-width="5"/>
  <polygon points="150 10 155 30 170 30 160 40 165 55 150 45</pre>
      135 55 140 40 130 30 145 30"
      stroke="green" fill="transparent" stroke-width="5"/>
  <path d="M200,30 Q220,05 230,30 T270,30" fill="none"</pre>
        stroke="blue" stroke-width="5"/>
</svg>
```



Path Tag <path>

```
<path d="M200,30 Q220,05 230,30 T270,30"/>
```

- Mini language for SVG paths
 - https://gist.github.com/spoike/a524526aab5bb42ee229

SVG path mini language

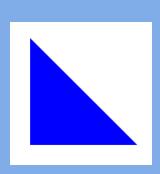
\mathbf{M} or \mathbf{m}^1	moveto	(x y)+
L or l	lineto	(x y)+
H or h	horizontal lineto	(x)+
V or v	vertical lineto	(y)+
Z or z	close path	none

C or c	Bézier curveto	(x1 y1 x2 y2 x y)+
S or s	Shorthand Bézier curveto	(x2 y2 x y)+
Q or q	Quadratic Bézier curveto	(x1 y1 x y)+
T or t	Shorthand quadratic Bézier curveto	(x y)+
A or a	Elliptical arc	<pre>(rx ry rotation arc- flag sweep-flag x y)</pre>

¹Capital letter: absolute position, small letter: relative position

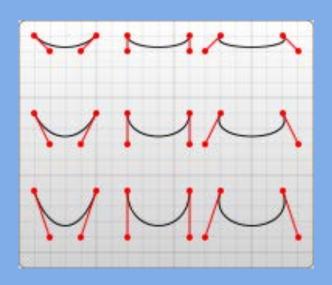
<path> - lines

```
<svg width="100" height="100" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
    <path d="M10 10 L 90 90 H 10 V 10 Z" style="fill:blue"/>
    </svg>
```



<path> - curves

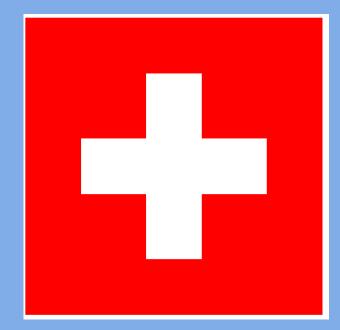
```
<path d="M10 10 C 20 20, 40 20, 50 10" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/>
<path d="M70 10 C 70 20, 120 20, 120 10" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/>
<path d="M130 10 C 120 20, 180 20, 170 10" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/>
<path d="M10 60 C 20 80, 40 80, 50 60" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/>
<path d="M70 60 C 70 80, 110 80, 110 60" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/>
<path d="M130 60 C 120 80, 180 80, 170 60" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/>
<path d="M10 110 C 20 140, 40 140, 50 110" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/>
<path d="M70 110 C 70 140, 110 140, 110 110" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/>
<path d="M130 110 C 120 140, 180 140, 170 110" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/></path d="M130 110 C 120 140, 180 140, 170 110" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/></path d="M130 110 C 120 140, 180 140, 170 110" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/></part d="M130 110 C 120 140, 180 140, 170 110" stroke="black" fill="transparent"/>
```



Try it out

```
<svg width= "320" height= "320" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
    <path d="" style="fill:white"/>
    </svg>
```

- 1. Create the swiss flag with a path statement
- 2. If you want to be correct use the measures from here: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flag_of_Switzerland



Styles / CSS

Fill and stroke attributes

```
<rect x="10" y="10" width="100" height="100" stroke="blue" fill="purple"
fill-opacity="0.5" stroke-opacity="0.8"/>
```

Style attribute

```
<rect x="10" height="180" y="10" width="180" style="stroke: black; fill:
red;"/>
```

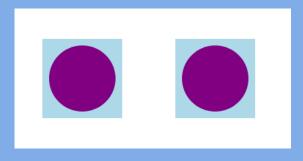
CSS

Or use HTML CSS: https://www.w3schools.com/css/css_howto.asp

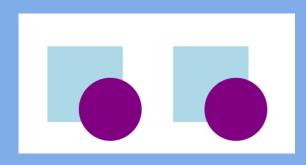
Styles / CSS

Embedded CSS

Group Tag <g>

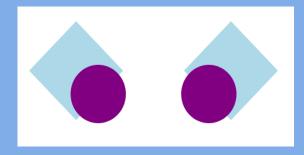


Transformation



Transformation

```
<svg width="400" height="100">
 <g fill="lightblue">
    <rect x="20" y="20" width="60" height="60"</pre>
          transform="rotate(45 50 50)" />
   <rect x="120" y="20" width="60" height="60"</pre>
          transform="translate(40 0) rotate(45 150 50)" />
 </g>
 <g fill="purple" transform="translate(20, 20)">
   <circle cx="50" cy="50" r="25"/>
   <circle cx="150" cy="50"r="25"/>
 </g>
</svg>
```



Try it out

1. Create a pattern like this, use group tags

