

CSCI 140 PA 1 Submission

Due Date: 08/26/2021 Late (date and time): _____

Name(s): Nero Li

Exercise 1 -- need to submit source code and I/O

-- check if completely done ☒; otherwise, discuss issues below

Source code below:

```
/* Program: PA_1_exercise_1
   Author: Nero Li
   Class: CSCI 220
   Date: 08/24/2021
   Description:
       Write a C++ function or a Java method that
       takes an array of int values and determines
       if all the numbers are different from each
       other (that is they are distinct). Include
       a driver to test your function/method with
       at least two test cases: all values are
       distinct(5, 7, 2, 6, 4) and two or more
       values are the same(5, 7, 2, 6, 4, 2).
```

I certify that the code below is my own work.

Exception(s): N/A

```
*/
```

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```

const int SIZE{10000};

bool func(int testArray[SIZE], int amount)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < amount; i++)
    {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < amount; j++)
        {
            if (testArray[i] == testArray[j])
            {
                return false;
            }
        }
    }

    return true;
}

int main()
{
    int testArray[SIZE];
    int amount, i{3};

    while (--i)
    {
        cout << "Input the amount for array: ";
        cin >> amount;
        cout << "Input the integer for array: \n";
        for (int i = 0; i < amount; i++)
        {
            cin >> testArray[i];
        }

        if (func(testArray, amount))
        {

```

```

        cout << "All values are distinct (" << testArray[0];
    }
    else
    {
        cout << "Two or more values are the same (" << testArray[0];
    }

    for (size_t i = 1; i < amount; i++)
    {
        cout << ", " << testArray[i];
    }
    cout << ")." << endl;
}

cout << "Author: Nero Li\n";

return 0;
}

```

Input/output below:

```

Input the amount for array: 6
Input the integer for array:
5 7 2 6 4 0
All values are distinct (5, 7, 2, 6, 4, 0).
Input the amount for array: 6
Input the integer for array:
5 7 2 6 4 5
Two or more values are the same (5, 7, 2, 6, 4, 5).
Author: Nero Li

```

Exercise 2 -- need to submit source code and I/O

-- check if completely done ✓; otherwise, discuss issues below

Source code below:

```
/* Program: PA_1_exercise_2
```

```
Author: Nero Li
```

```
Class: CSCI 220
```

```
Date: 08/24/2021
```

```
Description:
```

```
    The birthday paradox says that the probability
    that two people in a room will have the same
    birthday is more than half as long as the number
    of people in the room (n), is more than 23. This
    property is not really a paradox, but many people
    find it surprising. Design a C++ program that can
    test this paradox by a series of experiments on
    randomly generated birthdays, which test this
    paradox for n = 5,10,15,20,...,100. You should run
    at least 10 experiments for each value of n and it
    should output, for each n, the number of experiments
    for that n, such that two people in that test have
    the same birthday.
```

```
I certify that the code below is my own work.
```

```
Exception(s): N/A
```

```
*/
```

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
#include <iomanip>
```

```
#include <ctime>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```

bool checkDuplicate(int day[], int n)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
        {
            if (day[i] == day[j])
            {
                return true;
            }
        }
    }

    return false;
}

```

```

void func()
{
    int day[100];

    cout << "N" << setw(20) << "Count out of 10" << endl;
    srand(time(NULL));
    for (int n = 5; n <= 100; n += 5)
    {
        int count{0};
        cout << left << setw(3) << n;
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
        {
            for (int p = 0; p < n; ++p)
            {
                day[p] = rand() % 365;
            }

            if (checkDuplicate(day, n))

```

```

        {
            count++;
        }
    }

    cout << setw(9) << " ";
    cout << count << endl;
}

}

int main()
{
    func();

    cout << "Author: Nero Li\n";

    return 0;
}

```

Input/output below:

| N | Count out of 10 |
|----|-----------------|
| 5 | 0 |
| 10 | 1 |
| 15 | 1 |
| 20 | 4 |
| 25 | 6 |
| 30 | 8 |
| 35 | 10 |
| 40 | 9 |
| 45 | 10 |
| 50 | 9 |
| 55 | 10 |
| 60 | 10 |
| 65 | 10 |

| | |
|-----|----|
| 70 | 10 |
| 75 | 10 |
| 80 | 10 |
| 85 | 10 |
| 90 | 10 |
| 95 | 10 |
| 100 | 10 |

Author: Nero Li

Answer for Question 1:

The purposes of parameters is to help us give data outside the function and make it run with these passed data.

Answer for Question 2:

| Component | Function |
|-----------------|--|
| Data member | The variables or constants inside the class. |
| Member function | The functions inside the class. |
| Access control | Separate into two sections called private and public. Only the functions inside the class have access to the private data members. All the other functions outside the class have access to use members in public section. |
| Constructor | A special member function for a class to do initialization. Class T has a constructor denoted as T(). |
| Destructor | A special member function for a class to clean or delete itself after using it. Class T has a destructor denoted as ~T(). |

Extra Credit

Source code below:

```
/* Program: PA_1_extra_credit
   Author: Nero Li
   Class: CSCI 220
   Date: 08/24/2021
   Description:
       Write an efficient C++ function that takes
       any integer value i and returns 2^i, as a
       long value. Your function should not multiply
       2 by itself i times; there are much faster ways
       of computing 2^i.

   I certify that the code below is my own work.

   Exception(s): N/A

*/

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

long func(long i)
{
    return 1 << i;
}

int main()
{
    cout << "Final answer for 2^3 is " << func(3) << endl;
    cout << "Final answer for 2^20 is " << func(20) << endl;
    cout << "Author: Nero Li\n";
}
```



```
        return 0;  
    }
```

Input/output below:

Final answer for 2^3 is 8

Final answer for 2^{20} is 1048576

Author: Nero Li