

TUTORIAL 2 (HOME ASSIGNMENT)

Decision Making Statements and Control Flow – Conditional statements and logical decision-making in programs. Looping Constructs and Control Statements – for, while, do while loops, break, and continue statements.

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A. Decision Making Statements (Conditional statements):

1. Write a program to check whether a number is positive, negative, or zero.

Code:

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2 class Main {
3     public static void main(String[] args) {
4         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
5         System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
6         int num = Integer.parseInt(input.nextLine());
7
8         if (num > 0) {
9             System.out.println("The number is Positive.");
10        } else if (num < 0) {
11            System.out.println("The number is Negative.");
12        } else {
13            System.out.println("The number is Zero.");
14        }
15    }
16 }
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter a number: 45
The number is Positive.

==> Code Execution Successful ==>
```

Output

```
Enter a number: -51
The number is Negative.

==> Code Execution Successful ==>
```

2. Write a program to find the largest of two numbers using conditional statements.

Code:

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2 class Main {
3     public static void main(String[] args) {
4         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
5         System.out.print("Enter first number: ");
6         int a = Integer.parseInt(input.nextLine());
7         System.out.print("Enter second number: ");
8         int b = Integer.parseInt(input.nextLine());
9
10        if (a > b) {
11            System.out.println(a + " is larger.");
12        } else if (b > a) {
13            System.out.println(b + " is larger.");
14        } else {
15            System.out.println("Both are equal.");
16        }
17    }
18 }
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter the First number: 2
Enter the second number: 44
44.0 is greater than 2.0

==> Code Execution Successful ==>
```

Output

```
Enter first number: 12
Enter second number: 42
42 is larger.

==> Code Execution Successful ==>
```

3. Write a program to check whether a given year is a leap year.

Code:

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2 class Main {
3     public static void main(String[] args) {
4         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
5         System.out.print("Enter a year: ");
6         int year = Integer.parseInt(input.nextLine());
7
8         if ((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)) {
9             System.out.println(year + " is a Leap Year.");
10        } else {
11            System.out.println(year + " is not a Leap Year.");
12        }
13    }
14 }
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter a year: 2027  
2027 is not a Leap Year.  
  
== Code Execution Successful ==
```

Output

```
Enter a year: 2016  
2016 is a Leap Year.  
  
== Code Execution Successful ==
```

4. Write a program to determine whether a student has passed or failed based on marks.

Code:

```
1 -> import java.util.Scanner;  
2 -> class Main {  
3 ->     public static void main(String[] args) {  
4 ->         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);  
5 ->         System.out.print("Enter marks: ");  
6 ->         int marks = Integer.parseInt(input.nextLine());  
7 ->  
8 ->         if (marks >= 40) {  
9 ->             System.out.println("Result: Pass");  
10->         } else {  
11 ->             System.out.println("Result: Fail");  
12 ->         }  
13 ->     }  
14 -> }
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter marks: 44
Result: Pass

==> Code Execution Successful ==>
```

Output

```
Enter marks: 39
Result: Fail

==> Code Execution Successful ==>
```

5. Write a program to check whether a character is a vowel or a consonant.

Code:

```
1 < import java.util.Scanner;
2 < class Main {
3   < public static void main(String[] args) {
4     Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
5     System.out.print("Enter a character: ");
6     char ch = input.nextLine().toLowerCase().charAt(0);
7
8     if (ch == 'a' || ch == 'e' || ch == 'i' || ch == 'o' || ch == 'u') {
9       System.out.println(ch + " is a Vowel.");
10    } else if (Character.isLetter(ch)) {
11      System.out.println(ch + " is a Consonant.");
12    } else {
13      System.out.println("Invalid input (not a letter).");
14    }
15  }
16 }
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter a character: s  
s is a Consonant.  
  
==== Code Execution Successful ===
```

Output

```
Enter a character: a  
a is a Vowel.  
  
==== Code Execution Successful ===
```

B. Looping Constructs and Control Statements:

6. Write a program to print numbers from 1 to 10 using a for loop.

Code:

```
1 < class Main {  
2 <     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3 <         for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {  
4 <             System.out.print(i + " ");  
5 <         }  
6 <     }  
7 <  
8 < }
```

Output:

```
Output  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10  
==> Code Execution Successful ==>
```

7. Write a program to display the multiplication table of a number using a while loop.

Code:

```
1+ class Main {  
2+     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3+         int n = 5; // Example number  
4+         int i = 1;  
5+         while (i <= 10) {  
6+             System.out.println(n + " x " + i + " = " + (n * i));  
7+             i++;  
8+         }  
9+     }  
10+ }  
11
```

Output:

Output

```
5 x 1 = 5  
5 x 2 = 10  
5 x 3 = 15  
5 x 4 = 20  
5 x 5 = 25  
5 x 6 = 30  
5 x 7 = 35  
5 x 8 = 40  
5 x 9 = 45  
5 x 10 = 50
```

```
==== Code Execution Successful ===
```

8. Write a program to calculate the sum of first n natural numbers using a do-while loop.

Code:

```
1 < class Main {  
2     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3         int limit = 10;  
4         int sum = 0, count = 1;  
5         do {  
6             sum += count;  
7             count++;  
8         } while (count <= limit);  
9         System.out.println("Sum is: " + sum);  
10    }  
11 }
```

Output:

Output
Sum is: 55 ==> Code Execution Successful ==>

9. Write a program to stop printing numbers when a specific value is encountered using the break statement.

Code:

```
1 * class Main {  
2 *     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3 *         for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {  
4 *             if (i == 5) break;  
5 *             System.out.println(i);  
6 *         }  
7 *     }  
}
```

Output:

Output
1 2 3 4 ==== Code Execution Successful ===

10. Write a program to skip printing a specific number in a loop using the continue statement.

Code:

```
1 < class Main {  
2 <   public static void main(String[] args) {  
3 <     for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {  
4 <       if (i == 5) continue;  
5 <       System.out.println(i);  
6 <     }  
7 <   }  
8 < }  
9 < }
```

Output:

```
Output  
1  
2  
3  
4  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
  
==== Code Execution Successful ===
```

Concept Check

11. Write a program to print numbers from 1 to 50, but skip numbers that are divisible by 5.

Code:

```
1 < class Main {  
2 <     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3 <         for (int i = 1; i <= 50; i++) {  
4 <             if (i % 5 == 0) continue;  
5 <             System.out.print(i + " ");  
6 <     }  
7 < }  
8 < }
```

Output:

Output	Clear
1 2 3 4 6 7 8 9 11 12 13 14 16 17 18 19 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 46 47 48 49 == Code Execution Successful ==	

12. Write a program to read numbers until the user enters 0, and then display the total count of numbers entered.

Code:

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 class Main {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
6         int count = 0;
7
8         while (true) {
9             System.out.print("Enter a number (0 to stop): ");
0             int val = Integer.parseInt(input.nextLine());
1
2             if (val == 0) {
3                 break; // Exit the loop
4             }
5             count++;
6         }
7
8         System.out.println("Total numbers entered: " + count);
9         input.close();
0     }
1 }
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter a number (0 to stop): 33
Enter a number (0 to stop): 23
Enter a number (0 to stop): 0
Total numbers entered: 2

==== Code Execution Successful ====
```

13. Write a program to check whether a character is a vowel or a consonant.

Code:

```
Main.java
1 class Main {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         for (int i = 1; i <= 100; i++) {
4             System.out.println(i);
5             if (i % 3 == 0 && i % 7 == 0) {
6                 System.out.println("Stopped at " + i + " (Divisible by 3 and 7)");
7                 break;
8             }
9         }
10    }
11
12 }
```

Output:

Output

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
Stopped at 21 (Divisible by 3 and 7)

==> Code Execution Successful ==>
```