

# Doon

## Architecture

**main.py**

File that runs everything

```
from check_notifs.check_notifs_loop import check_notifs_loop, notify_queue

def main():

    #run the bot
    create_bot()

    #run check_notifs_loop which runs all notification queries
    #check_notifs_loop adds a notification to notify_queue if its condition has been satisfied
    query_task = asyncio.create_task(check_notifs_loop())

    #while the query loop is running
    while True:

        check the notify_queue to see if there are any notifications that need to be sent

        #then notify the user!
        await notify_user(bot, user_id, first_name, notif_name, monitored_statistic_name, threshold,
        resulting_statistic)

    if __name__ == '__main__':
        asyncio.run(main())
```

**bot.py**

Defines user commands.

```
import store_in_db.py

def create_bot():

    #initialize bot
    bot = telebot.TeleBot(TELEGRAM_API_KEY)

    # all bot message_handlers including notification creator and other commands
    @bot.message_handler
    def example_message(message):
        #when this message is sent to the bot, create a notification
        #for the user by storing it in the database!
        handle_notification_creation(user_id, message)
```

**check\_notifs\_loop.py**

Constantly checks each notification on a periodic loop and asynchronously loads notifications that have triggered into a notification queue

```
INTERVAL = 30 seconds (for example)

#notification queue
notify_queue = asyncio.Queue()

# check_notifs_loop function for continuous notification checking
def async check_notifs_loop():

    #Infinite loop to continuously check notifications
    Loop Forever:

        #STEP 1: Retrieve all notification IDs from the database
        notifs = get_notifs(connection)

        #STEP 2: Concurrently check each notification to see if it needs to notify
        For each notif_id in notifs
            #check_notif will also add the notification to the queue if it is activated!
            Create task to run check_notif(notif_id, notify_queue)
        EndFor
```

**handle\_notification\_creation.py**

central point of calling helper functions to store a user notification in the database upon creation

```
def handle_notification_creation(bot, message, query_id, condition_text)
    # Extract information from message
    notification_info, user_info= extract_all_info_from_message(message, query_id)

    #Connect to database
    cnx = connect_to_db()

    #Validate notification
    response_code, current_value = check_if_notif_is_valid(cnx, ....)

    #Define actions based on response code
    Switch (response_code)
    Case 0:
        #if the notification is valid

        #STEP 1: check if user is need/needs to be stored in the database and act accordingly
        check_if_user_and_store_if_new(cnx, user_info)

        #STEP 2: store the notification
        store_notification(cnx, notification_info)

        Reply to user with success message including current value and threshold

    Case 1 - 3:
        #Notification has some issue
        Send a issue message to the user!
    EndSwitch
```

**check\_notif.py**

Function that checks the notification that it is fed to see if it should notify its user

```
def check_notif(pool, notif_id, notify_queue):

    # STEP 1: Execute the notification's query to retrieve the current statistic
    resulting_statistic = run the query and get the number

    # STEP 2: Determine if the notification condition is met
    #check_condition() checks if the notification's condition has been satisfied
    need_to_notify, monitored_statistic_name, comparator, threshold = check_condition()

    # STEP 3: If notification condition is met, prepare and queue the notification
    If need_to_notify:
        // Add notification details to notify_queue for processing
        await notify_queue.put(notification info)
    Else:
        do nothing
```