



### **SPEARPHISHING**

The hacker sends an email to employees pretending to be the managing director and asking for sensitive data.

#### **MITIGATION**

Anti-impersonation technology

#### **DETECTION**

Check the sender & domain

### **URL PHISHING**

The hacker sends emails to all employees containing a malicious URL to a website that executes crypto jacking scripts.

#### **MITIGATION**

Restrict web-based Content

#### **DETECTION**

Email sandbox

### **ATTACHMENT PHISHING**

The hacker sends emails to all employees containing a malicious Microsoft Office document which executes scripts to collect user and environment data.

#### **MITIGATION**

Disable MS Office macros

#### **DETECTION**

Email sandbox

### **VALID ACCOUNT VPN**

The hacker discovered a valid VPN account for your network during a data breach that you don't know about.

#### **MITIGATION**

Store credentials securely

#### **DETECTION**

Monitor sites like [haveibeenpwned.com](https://haveibeenpwned.com) for your data

### **USB RUBBER DUCKY**

The hacker was left alone at the reception for a short time and had the opportunity to connect a Rubber Ducky which steals saved passwords from the browser.

#### **MITIGATION**

Blocking USB

#### **DETECTION**

Keystroke speed

### **TRUSTED RELATIONSHIP**

The hacker hacked another company that has a trusted active directory relationship with your network.

#### **MITIGATION**

Network segmentation

#### **DETECTION**

Monitoring for activity conducted by trusted entities

### **SQL INJECTION**

The hacker finds an SQL injection on a website that is used for applications at your company, with which he can execute commands on the server.

#### **MITIGATION**

Sanitize input

#### **DETECTION**

Extended events and SQL monitor

### **WATERING HOLE ATTACK**

The hacker has infected a website that he knows that employees in your company use regularly to obtain credentials.

#### **MITIGATION**

Two-factor authentication

#### **DETECTION**

Splunk User Behaviour Analytics