

# Project Euler #58: Spiral primes

This problem is a programming version of [Problem 58](#) from [projecteuler.net](#)

Starting with 1 and spiralling anticlockwise in the following way, a square spiral with side length 7 is formed.

```
\begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{37} & 36 & 35 & 34 & 33 & 32 & \textbf{31} \\ 38 & \textbf{17} & 16 & 15 & 14 & \textbf{13} & 30 \\ 39 & 18 & \textbf{5} & 4 & \textbf{3} & 12 & 29 \\ 40 & 19 & 6 & 1 & 2 & 11 & 28 \\ 41 & 20 & \textbf{7} & 8 & 9 & 10 & 27 \\ 42 & 21 & 22 & 23 & 24 & 25 & 26 \\ \textbf{43} & 44 & 45 & 46 & 47 & 48 & 49 \end{array}
```

It is interesting to note that the odd squares lie along the bottom right diagonal, but what is more interesting is that 8 out of the 13 numbers lying along both diagonals are prime; that is, a ratio of  $8/13 \approx 62\%$ .

If one complete new layer is wrapped around the spiral above, a square spiral with side length 9 will be formed. If this process is continued, what is the side length of the square spiral for which the ratio of primes along both diagonals first falls below  $N\%$ ?

### Input Format

Input contains an integer  $N$

### Output Format

Print the answer corresponding to the test case.

### Constraints

$8 \leq N \leq 60$

### Sample Input

60

### Sample Output

5