Ornek: y[n] - = y [n-1] + = y [n-2] = 2 x [n] seklinde tanımlaran fark derklemine sahip LTI sistemin X [n] = (1/4) u[n] girisine cevabi-

Sozian: Denklemin fourier donisimi alinis. $Y(Q) - \frac{3}{4} e^{j\Omega} Y(\Omega) + \frac{1}{8} e^{-j2\Omega} Y(\Omega) = 2 X(\Omega)$ $\left(1-\frac{3}{4}e^{j\Omega}+\frac{1}{8}e^{-j2\Omega}\right)Y(\Omega)=2\times(\Omega)$

 $H(\Omega) = \frac{Y(\Omega)}{X(\Omega)} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{3}{4}e^{\frac{3}{4}\Omega} + \frac{1}{8}e^{\frac{3}{4}\Omega}}$

 $\times [n] = (\frac{1}{4})^{n} u(n) \xrightarrow{\longrightarrow} \times (\Omega) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{e^{j\Omega}}$ Tablodan

Y(2) = H(2). X(2)

 $Y(2) = \frac{2}{1 - \frac{3}{4}e^{3} + \frac{1}{8}e^{3} 2 \Lambda} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{4}e^{j} \Lambda}$ $Y(2) = \frac{2}{(1 - \frac{1}{4}e^{3} \Lambda)(1 - \frac{1}{4}e^{3} \Lambda)} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{4}e^{j} \Lambda}$

$$Y(D) = \frac{A}{(1 - \frac{1}{2} \bar{e}^{j^{2}})} + \frac{B}{(1 - \frac{1}{4} \bar{e}^{j^{2}})} + \frac{C}{(1 - \frac{1}{4} \bar{e}^{j^{2}})^{2}}$$

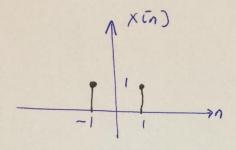
$$A = 8$$
 $B = -4$ $C = -2$

$$Y(-R) = \frac{8}{1 - \frac{1}{2}\bar{e}^{\hat{j}R}} - \frac{4}{1 - \frac{1}{4}\bar{e}^{\hat{j}R}} - \frac{2}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{4}\bar{e}^{\hat{j}R}\right)^{2}}$$

Pers Fourier dénaissime

$$y(n) = 8(\frac{1}{2})^{2}u(n) - 4(\frac{1}{4})^{2}u(n) - 2(n+1)(\frac{1}{4})^{2}u(n)$$

Ornet.



$$\chi(\pi) = 7$$

Gozin:

$$X [n] = S [n+1] + S [n-1]$$

$$\int_{a}^{\infty} X(\Omega) = e^{3R} + e^{3R}$$

$$X(\Omega) = \frac{2}{2} (e^{3R} + e^{3R})$$

$$X(\Omega) = \frac{2}{2} (e^{3R} + e^{3R})$$

$$X(\Omega) = 2 (e^{3R} + e^{3R})$$

$$X(\Omega) = 2 (e^{3R} + e^{3R})$$