

SÖRÜ

CEVAP

$$1) \int \frac{\cos^3 x}{1 - \sin x} dx$$

$$\frac{\sin^2(x)}{2} + \sin(x) + C$$

$$2) \int \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx$$

$$-\arctan(\cos(x)) + C$$

$$3) \int \arctan x dx$$

$$x \arctan(x) - \frac{\ln(x^2 + 1)}{2} + C$$

$$4) \int (\ln x)^2 dx$$

$$x(\ln^2(x) - 2\ln(x) + 2) + C$$

$$5) \int (\cos(\ln x)) dx$$

$$\frac{x(\sin(\ln(x)) + \cos(\ln(x)))}{2} + C$$

$$6) \int \frac{\sin^2 x}{1 + \sin^2 x} dx$$

$$* \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2} \tan(x))}{\sqrt{2}} + C$$

$$7) \int \frac{\sin^3 x}{\cos^6 x} dx$$

$$\frac{\sec^5(x)}{5} - \frac{\sec^3(x)}{3} + C$$

$$\frac{5\sec^2(x) - 3}{15\cos^5(x)} + C$$

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$$8) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x-1} + 3}{\sqrt[4]{x-1}} dx$$

$$4(x-1)^{\frac{3}{4}} + \frac{12}{13}(x-1)^{\frac{13}{12}} + C$$

$$9) \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

$$\ln(|\sqrt{x^2-1} + x|) + C$$

$$10) \int \frac{2+x\sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

$$2\ln(|\sqrt{x^2+1} + x|) + \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

$$\checkmark$$

$$2\operatorname{arcsinh}(x) + \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

$$11) \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}}$$

$$\operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{x-2}{2}\right) + C$$

$$\checkmark$$

$$-\operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{4-2x}{4}\right) + C$$

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$$12) \int \frac{4x+5}{\sqrt{2x-x^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{9 \arcsin(x-1) - 4\sqrt{-(x-2)x}}{V} \\ - 4\sqrt{2x-x^2} - 9 \arcsin\left(\frac{2-2x}{2}\right) + C$$

$$13) \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\frac{4(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{3} + C$$

$$14) \int \frac{dx}{(x+1)(1+x^2)}$$

$$\frac{\ln(|x+1|)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^2+1)}{4} + \frac{\arctan x}{2} + C$$

$$15) \int \frac{dx}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$\tan(x) + C$$

$$16) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{3-x^2}} dx$$

$$-\sqrt{3-x^2} + C$$

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$$17) \int \frac{x}{x^2+4x-5} dx$$

$$\frac{5 \ln(|x+5|)}{6} + \frac{\ln(|x-1|)}{6} + C$$

$$18) \int \cos(\ln x) dx$$

$$\frac{x(\sin(\ln(x)) + \cos(\ln(x)))}{2} + C$$

$$19) \int \cos \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$2(\sin(\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x} + \cos(\sqrt{x})) + C$$

$$20) \int \frac{d\theta}{2+\sin\theta}$$

$$x = \frac{\tan\theta}{2}$$

$$21) \int \frac{dx}{5+3\cos x}$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2}\right)}{2} + C$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{2(\cos(x)+1)}\right)}{2} + C$$

$$21-) \int \frac{dx}{5+3\cos x} = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sin x}{2(\cos x+1)}\right)}{2} + C$$

$$22-) \int \ln x dx = x \ln(x) - x + C$$

$$23-) \int \sin^4 x \cos^3 x dx = -\frac{\sin^5(x)(5\sin^2 x - 7)}{35} + C$$

$$24-) \int \sin^5 x \cos^2 x dx = -\frac{15 \cos^3(x) - 42 \cos^5(x) + 35 \cos^7(x)}{105} + C$$

$$25-) \int \sin^5 x dx = -\frac{\cos^5(x)}{5} + \frac{2\cos^3(x)}{3} - \cos(x) + C$$

$$26-) \int \sqrt{3-x^2} dx = \frac{3 \arcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + x\sqrt{3-x^2}}{2} + C$$

$$27-) \int \frac{dx}{1+x^2} = \arctan x + C$$

$$28-) \int x e^{x^2} dx = \frac{e^{x^2}}{2} + C$$

$$29-) \int \frac{\cos x dx}{\sin^4 x} = -\frac{1}{3\sin^3(x)} + C$$

$$30-) \int \frac{dx}{x(1+\ln x)} = \ln(|\ln(x)+1|) + C$$

$$31-) \int \frac{dx}{1+\cos x} = \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} + C$$

$$32-) \int \frac{e^{\theta} d\theta}{e^{2\theta} + 3e^{\theta} + 2} = \ln(e^{\theta} + 1) - \ln(e^{\theta} + 2) + C$$

$$33-) \int \frac{x^4 + 3x^2 + 5}{x^2} dx = \frac{x^3 + 9x}{3} - \frac{5}{x} + C$$

$$34-) \int \frac{1 + \sin x}{\sin x (1 + \cos x)} dx =$$

$$35-) \int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 2} dx = d\sqrt{x^2 - 2} + C$$

$$36-) \int \frac{dx}{\sin x \cos^4 x} dx = -\frac{\ln(\cos x + 1)}{4} + \frac{\ln(1 - \cos x)}{4} + \frac{1}{2 \cos x} + C$$

$$37-) \int \arcsin x dx = x \arcsin(x) + \sqrt{1 - x^2} + C$$

$$38-) \int x^2 \ln x dx = \frac{x^3 (\ln x - 1)}{3} + C$$

$$39-) \int \arccos x dx = x \arccos(x) - \sqrt{1 - x^2} + C$$

$$40-) \int \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{(x^2 + 1)x} dx = \ln(|x|) + \arctan(x) + C$$

$$34-) 2 \left(\frac{\ln \left(\frac{|\sin x|}{\cos(x) + 1} \right)}{4} + \frac{\sin^2(x)}{8(\cos(x) + 1)^2} \right) + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x + 1} + C$$