

1. Completar la tabla para estimar el límite.

1.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x - 4}{x^2 - 3x - 4}$$

x	3.9	3.99	3.999	4	4.001	4.01	4.1
$f(x)$	0.20408	0.20040	0.20004	0.2	0.19996	0.19960	0.19607

2.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - 1}{x}$$

x	-0.1	-0.001	-0.001	0	0.001	0.01	0.1
$f(x)$	0.5132	0.5013	0.5001	0.5	0.4999	0.4988	0.4881

3.

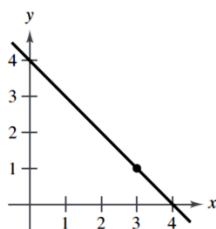
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - 3}{x^2 - 9}$$

x	2.9	2.99	2.999	3	3.001	3.01	3.1
$f(x)$	0.16949	0.16694	0.16669	0.166...	0.16664	0.16639	0.16393

2. Utilice la gráfica para encontrar el límite. Si el límite no existe, explique por qué.

1.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (4 - x)$$

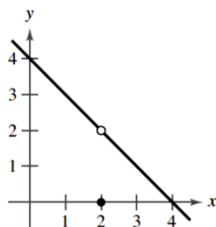


$$\exists \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (x - 4) = -1$$

2.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$$

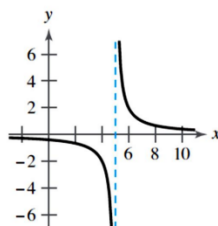
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 4, & x \neq 2 \\ 0, & x = 2 \end{cases}$$



$$\exists \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = -2$$

3.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{2}{x - 5}$$



$$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{2}{x - 5}$$

$$\exists \lim_{x \rightarrow c} L \iff \lim_{x \rightarrow c^-} L = \lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} L$$

Para este caso $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{2}{x - 5}$ no se cumple.

3. Calcule el límite de la función.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (2x - 1) = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} (x^2 + 3x) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} (2x^2 + 4x + 1) = 7$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} (x + 3)^2 = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{3x}{\sqrt{x+2}} = 7$$

4. Escriba una función que simplifique la función dada y determine el límite de la función.

1.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + 3x}{x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{x}(x + 3)}{\cancel{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x + 3)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} ((0) + 3) = 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + 3x}{x} = 3$$

2.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x + 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\cancel{(x + 1)}(x - 1)}{\cancel{x + 1}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x - 1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} ((-1) - 1) = -2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x + 1} = -2$$

3.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+5} - \sqrt{5}}{x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x+5} - \sqrt{5}}{x} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{5}} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{x+5})^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2}{x(\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{5})}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+5-5}{x(\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{5})}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+5-5}{x(\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{5})}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{5}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{(0)+5} + \sqrt{5}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+5} - \sqrt{5}}{x} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}}$$