



Piscine 101

Python 02

*Summary: This document is the subject for the PYTHON module 02 of the Piscine 101 @ 42Tokyo.*

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# Chapter I

## Instructions

- Only this page will serve as reference; do not trust rumors.
- Watch out! This document could potentially change up to an hour before submission.
- Make sure you have the appropriate permissions on your files and directories.
- You have to follow the submission procedures for every exercise.
- Your exercises will be checked and graded by your fellow classmates.
- You cannot leave any additional file in your directory than those specified in the subject.
- Your reference guide is called `Google / man / the Internet / ....`
- Examine the examples thoroughly. They could very well call for details that are not explicitly mentioned in the subject...
- If no other explicit information is displayed, you must assume the following versions of languages : `Python - python3.9.0`.
- No import will be authorized, except the ones explicitly mentioned in the 'Authorized functions' in each exercise's description and your own modules.
- You are allowed to use any function.
- You should use `guacamole.42tokyo.jp` to validate exercises.

# Chapter II

## Foreword

Brendan : Hi, you there! Mysterious stranger! Yooohoo!


Brendan : Year, you! There any other mysterious stranger around here?

Brendan : You know what? How 'bout I tell you a joke?

V : Sure, be my guest.

# Chapter III

## Exercise 00 : Buy this product!

	Exercise 00
a very capable salesperson	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex00/</i>	
Files to turn in : <code>salesperson.py</code> , <code>product.py</code> , <code>main.py</code>	
Allowed functions : n/a	

You created a most powerful energy drink in the world. It's time to sell this product!

- Create the `Product` class as follows inside `product.py`:

```
class Product:
    def __str__(self):
        """
        return a string such as 'This is the best product in the world.'
        """
        pass
```

You cannot start this journey alone. You choose to recruit someone to sell your products, a sales person would be better.

- Create the `Salesperson` class as follows inside `salesperson.py`:

```
class Salesperson:
    def __init__(self, name='nameless salesperson.'):
        """
        assign its value to a name attribute.
        """
        pass


    def __str__(self):
        """
        return name attribute of the instance.
        """
        pass

    def promote(self):
        """
        return a Product instance.
        """
        pass
```

- Turn in your `main.py` file to test this exercise. Your `main.py` will be reviewed at the time of your defense.

# Chapter IV

## Exercise 01 : Be more specific!

	Exercise 01
Because no one buys it	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex01/</i>	
Files to turn in : <code>beverage.py</code> , <code>beverage.py</code> , <code>main.py</code>	
Allowed functions : n/a	

Your catch phrase charm every customer! Unfortunately, You haven't decide the price of your product. Let's set up the price.

- Create the `Product` class as follows inside `product.py`:

```
class Product:
    def __init__(self, name, price, description):
        """
        assign its values to a name attribute, price attribute, and a description attribute.
        """
        pass

    def __str__(self):
        """
        return its name and description attributes in the format.
        <name attribute> : <description attribute>
        """
        pass

    def print_attr(self):
        """
        return its name, price and description attributes in the format.
        name : <name attribute>
        price : <price attribute limited to two decimal points>
        description : <description attribute>
        """
        pass
```

- Create the inherited **Beverage** class from the **Product** class, containing the all the **Product** class functionalities using a function **super** inside **beverage.py**:

```
class Beverage(Product):
    def __init__(self, name, price, description, temperature):
        """
        assign its values to name, price, description, temperature attribute, using super(),
        """
        pass


    def print_attr(self):
        """
        return its name, price, description and temperature attributes as a string in the format
        below.
        name : <name attribute>
        price : <price attribute limited to two decimal points>
        description : <description attribute>
        temperature : <temperature attribute>
        """
        pass
```

- Turn in your **main.py** file to test this exercise. Your **main.py** will be reviewed at the time of your defense.



# Chapter V

## Exercise 02 : Sell them now.

	Exercise 02
Brendan the Vending Machine	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex02/</i>	
Files to turn in : <code>beverage.py</code> , <code>vendingmachine.py</code> , <code>main.py</code>	
Allowed functions : <code>n/a</code>	

Setup a vending machine to gain more profit!

- Create the `Vendingmachine` class as follows inside `vendingmachine.py`:

```
class Vendingmachine:
    def __init__(self, name, stock):
        """
        taking a string, a list of Beverage instances as parameters,
        assign its value to a name attribute and a stock attribute.
        """
        pass

    def __str__(self):
        """
        return its name attributes in the format.
        <name attribute> the vending machine
        """
        pass

    def sell(self, beverage_name):
        """
        taking a string as a parameter, print a message of your choice.
        the message differ when there is a Beverage instance
        named same as beverage_name in the stock, or not.
        """
        pass

    def ask(self):
        """
        print a message to ask the beverage name,
        store the user input,
        then call sell(beverage_name) function.
        """
        pass
```

for example, the `ask` method's output can be like this:

- for example, the `ask` method's output can be like this:

```
Hello, what would you like?  
> coffee  
Here is your coffee!
```

- or this:


```
Hello, what would you like?  
> milk shake  
Sorry! I do not have milk shake...
```

- Turn in your `main.py` file to test this exercise. Your `main.py` will be reviewed at the time of your defense.

# Chapter VI

## Exercise 03 : Sell them more.

Setup a better UX to gain more profit!

	Exercise 03
better UX	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex03/</i>	
Files to turn in : <code>beverage.py</code> , <code>vendingmachine.py</code> , <code>main.py</code>	
Allowed functions : <code>random</code>	

- Create the `Vendingmachine` class as follows inside `vendingmachine.py`:

```
class Vendingmachine:
    def __init__(self, name, greeting, stock):
        """
        taking 2 string, a list of Beverage instances as parameters,
        assign its value to a name attribute, a greeting attribute and a stock attribute.
        """
        pass

    def greet(self):
        """
        print a greeting attribute of the instance.
        """
        pass

    def display(self):
        """
        show its lineup of stocks.
        """
        pass

    def recommend(self):
        """
        choose a random instance from its stock,
        then print a recommendation sentence using the name attribute of the selected Beverage
        instance.
        """
        pass
```

- add `__str__` method from the previous exercise.

```
def __str__(self):
    """
    return its name attributes in the format.
    <name attribute> the vending machine
    """
```

```
"""  
pass
```

- add ask method from the previous exercise.

```
def ask(self):  
    """  
    call display method and print a message to ask the beverage name,  
    store the user input,  
    then call sell(beverage_name) function.  
    """  
    pass
```

- rewrite sell method as follows:

```
def sell(self, beverage_name):  
    """  
    print a message of your choice.  
    the message differ when there is a Beverage instance  
    named same as beverage_name in the stock, or not  
    call recommend method  
    when the given beverage name is not found in its stock.  
    """  
    pass
```


Example of Henry the vending machine's ask method:

```
would you like something?  
> matcha  
  
sorry, I don't have the product called matcha  
I recommend...  
coca-cola : the most popular drink!
```

Turn in your main.py file to test this exercise. Your main.py will be reviewed at the time of your defense.

# Chapter VII

## Exercise 04 : Can't be infinite.

	Exercise 04
	finite stock
	Turn-in directory : <i>ex04/</i>
	Files to turn in : <code>beverage.py</code> , <code>vendingmachine.py</code> , <code>main.py</code>
	Allowed functions : <code>random</code>

The Vending machine doesn't check stocks. We need to fix this as soon as possible! Add or rewrite `Vendingmachine` class as follows:

- `__init__` now takes a list of dictionaries for the stock attribute. Each dictionary contains two key-value pairs:
  - 'product': a Beverage instance
  - 'amount': integer (indicates how many drinks are in stock)

```
class Vendingmachine:
    def __init__(self, name, greeting, stock):
        """
        taking 2 string, a list of dictionaries {'product': a Beverage instance, 'amount':
        integer} as parameters,
        assign its value to a name attribute, a greeting attribute and a stock attribute.
        """
        pass
```

For example, one can instantiate a `Vendingmachine` as follows:

```
coffee = Beverage('coffee', 100, 'It is a must for brainwork!!', 80)
coca = Beverage('coca-cola', 100, 'the most popular drink!', 3)
vm = Vendingmachine("Henry", "Hi, I am Henry", [{'product':coca,'amount':1},{'product':coffee,'
amount':5}])
```


- add all the methods in the previous exercise.
- rewrite A `sell` method from the previous exercise, so that it sells the beverage if there is any stock left and it reduce the stock when it is sold.
- A `add_stock` method.

```
def add_stock(self, beverage_name, number):  
    """  
    taking a string and integer as parameters,  
    increase the amount of that drink in stock.  
    when the Beverage instance with the same name as beverage_name exists in the stock.  
    if not, create a new Beverage instance and add it into its stock with the number  
    """  
    pass
```

Turn in your `main.py` file to test this exercise. Your `main.py` will be reviewed at the time of your defense.

# Chapter VIII

## Exercise 05 : I am your manager.

	Exercise 05
mangers manage their stock	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex05/</i>	
Files to turn in : <code>beverage.py</code> , <code>vendingmachine.py</code> , <code>main.py</code>	
Allowed functions : <code>random</code>	

We need to setup admin mode to be able to fill the stocks.  
Add or rewrite the `Vendingmachine` class as follows:

- `__init__` taking another string as a parameter in addition to all the previous parameters. This parameter should be assigned to a `admin_code` attribute.

```
class Vendingmachine:
    def __init__(self, name, greeting, stock, admin_code):
        """
        taking 3 string, a list of dictionaries {'product': a Beverage instance, 'amount':
        integer} as parameters,
        assign its value to a name attribute, a greeting attribute a stock attribute, and
        admin_code attribute.
        """
        pass
```

For example,

```
vm = Vendingmachine("Henry", "Hi, I am Henry", [{'product':coca,'amount':1},{'product':coffee,'
amount':5}], "I am your admin.")
```

- add all the methods in the previous exercise.
- `ask` method from the previous exercise, yet inputting a string "admin mode" instead of beverage name will not sell a beverage but start its admin mode, calling a method `admin_mode`.

```
def ask(self):
    """
    call display method and print a message to ask the beverage name,
    store the user input,
    then call sell(beverage_name) function.
    if a string "admin mode" is inputted instead of beverage name,
    start its admin mode, calling a method admin_mode.
    """
```

```
pass
```

- `show_stock` method displays all the stocked beverage with each number of stock in the form of your choice.

```
def show_stock(self):  
    """  
    displays all the stocked beverage with each number of stock in the form of your choice.  
    """  
    pass
```

- `admin_mode` method. Implement this method by mimicing the behavior from the example and the docstring. You are free to create your own sentence.

```
def admin_mode(self):  
    """  
    prompt 'Please tell me the admin code:' to the user, wait for the user's input  
    and exit if the user's input doesn't match the admin_code attribute.  
    If the user's input match with admin_code attribute,  
    prompt a name of beverage and the number of stock to add.  
    Then, call the previously implemented add_stock method.  
    If "exit" is inputted, then it will end admin_mode.  
    If "show stock" is inputted instead of a beverage name,  
    this method will call another method show_stock instead.  
    """  
    pass
```

Example of Henry the vending machine's admin mode:

```
would you like something?  
> admin mode  
  
Please tell me the admin code:  
> I am your admin.  
  
Confirmed...  
Do you want to show stock or add a stock? Type "show stock" to show my stock or a beverage name  
to add stock.  
> show stock  
  
Here is my current stock:  
coffee : It is a must for brainwork! ---> 2 left  
coca-cola : the most popular drink! ---> 5 left  
  
Do you want to show stock or add a stock? Type "show stock" to show my stock or a beverage name  
to add stock.  
> coca-cola  
  
How many stock do you want to add?  
> 5  
  
Done.  
  
Do you want to show stock or add a stock? Type "show stock" to show my stock or a beverage name  
to add stock.  
> show stock  
  
Here is my current stock:  
coffee : It is a must for brainwork! ---> 2 left  
coca-cola : the most popular drink! ---> 10 left  
  
Do you want to show stock or add a stock? Type "show stock" to show my stock or a beverage name  
to add stock.  
> AAAAA  
  
How many stock do you want to add?  
> 5  
  
Done.
```



```
Do you want to show stock or add a stock? Type "show stock" to show my stock or a beverage name
to add stock.
> show stock

Here is my current stock:
coffee : It is a must for brainwork! ---> 2 left
coca-cola : the most popular drink! ---> 10 left
AAAAA : no description ---> 5 left

Do you want to show stock or add a stock? Type "show stock" to show my stock or a beverage name
to add stock.
> coca-cola

How many stock do you want to add?
> A


Not a valid input.

Do you want to show stock or add a stock? Type "show stock" to show my stock or a beverage name
to add stock.
> exit
Bye !
```

- Turn in your `main.py` file to test this exercise. Your `main.py` will be reviewed at the time of your defense.

# Chapter IX

## Exercise 06 : Bonus

	Exercise 06
The more original, the better	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex06/</i>	
Files to turn in : *	
Allowed functions : <b>n/a</b>	

Make your vending machine class more original and better to gain more profit. Here are some ideas for the bonus. you can choose from the below, or use your imagination.

- Import previously created **beverage.py** and **product.py**.
- **unittest** (<https://docs.python.org/ja/3/library/unittest.html>)
- A **recommend** method that recommends a beverage yet not randomly and more strategically. For example, it can recommend the beverage with the largest number of stock.
- Implement a feature which vending machine can calculate the earnings from the price attribute of the beverages sold.
- A **say** method that will print the characters slowly so that a vending machine can be seen more humane. (1 letter per 0.1 seconds for example.)
- A **lottery** method which tries one's luck, and reward a drink when one wins the lottery.
- Add the visual of a vending machine, a formatted display and a face to show the friendliness of the machine.

Turn in your **main.py** file to test this exercise. Your **main.py** will be reviewed at the time of your defense.