NAME: Ajay Kumar Mandal

Ex No: 2

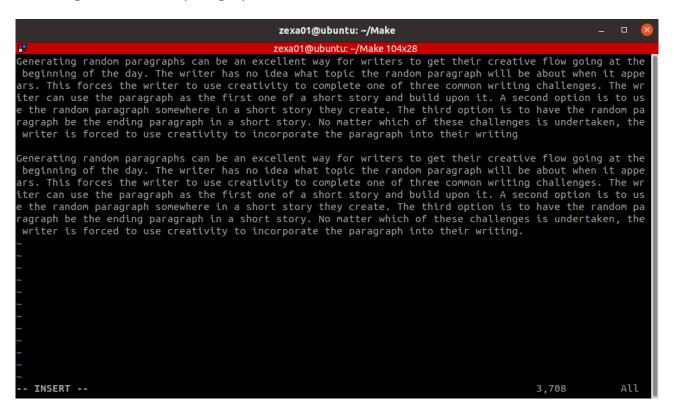
Date: 24th, Feb, 2022

Basic functionality and modes of VI editor

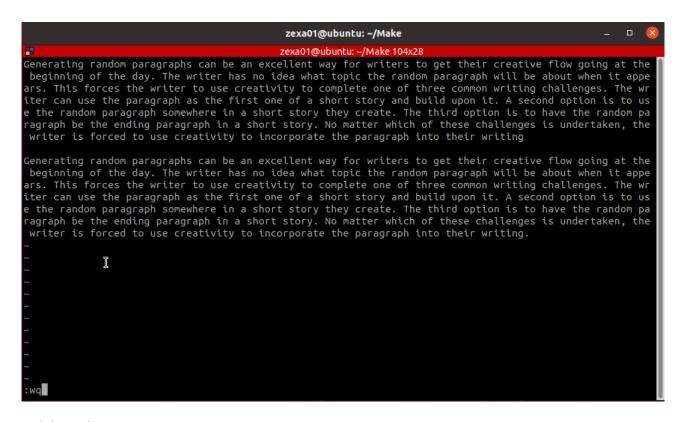
Invoking vi

```
zexa01@ubuntu: ~/Ma
zexa01@ubuntu: ~/Ma
zexa01@ubuntu: ~/Make$ # Invoking file with vi
zexa01@ubuntu: ~/Make$
zexa01@ubuntu: ~/Make$
zexa01@ubuntu: ~/Make$ vi file_exp2
```

Inserting random two paragraph to test all command cases



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Exiting vi

Moving the Cursor

j or <Enter> [or down-arrow] : move cursor down one line k [or up-arrow] : move cursor up one line

h or <Backspace> [left-arrow] : move cursor left one character l or <Space> [or right-arrow]. : move cursor right one character

0 (zero): move cursor to start of the current line (the one with the cursor)

\$: move cursor to the end of the current linew : move cursor to the beginning of next word

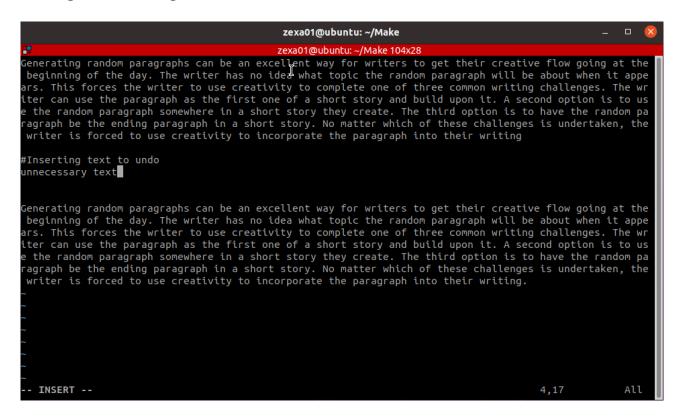
b : move the cursor back to the beginning of preceding word

:0<Enter> or 1G: move the cursor to the first line in the file:\$<Enter> or G: move the cursor to the last line in the file

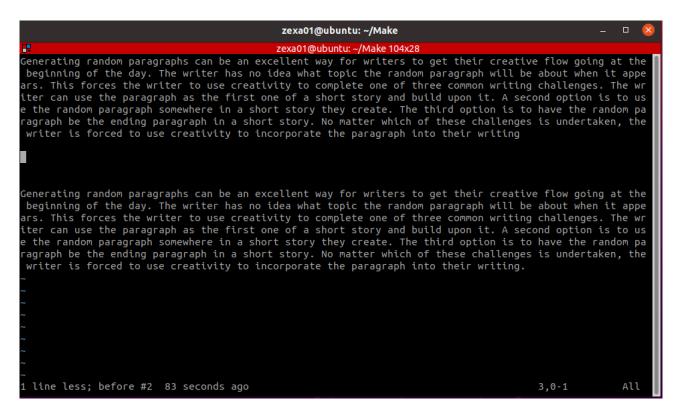
Every commands work well!!

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Adding and Deleting Text



Now undo the written text with u, On clicking u the text disappear



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Inserting or Adding Text

i insert text before the cursor, until <Esc> hit



On clicking 'I', we have option to insert text and as we click <esc>, the insert option disable

Deleting Text

The following commands allow you to delete text:

- 1. X: delete single character under the cursor
- 2. Nx: delete N characters, starting with a character under the cursor
- Dw: delete the single word beginning with a character under the cursor
- 4. dNw: delete N words beginning with a character under cursor; e.g., d5w deletes 5 words
- 5. D: delete the remainder of the line, starting with the current cursor position
- 6. Dd: delete entire current line
- 7. Ndd or dNd: delete N lines, beginning with the current line; e.g., 5dd deletes 5 lines

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Some showdowns:

Using 5x



Starting 5 letters of Generating were deleted. Using Dd, Entire line was deleted.



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Cutting and Pasting Text

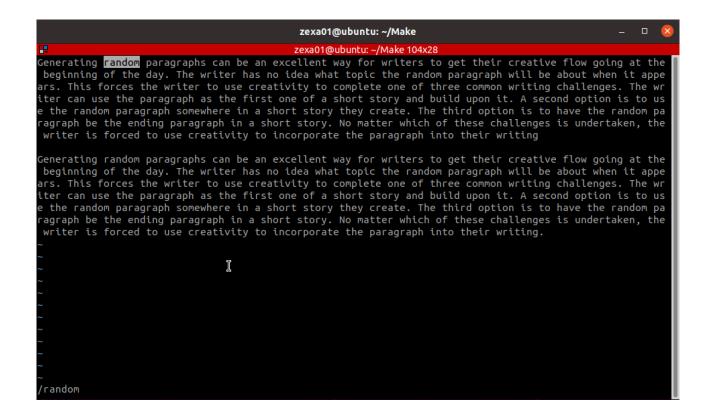
The following commands allow you to copy and paste text:

- Yy : copy (yank, cut) the current line into the buffer
- Nyy or yNy: copy (yank, cut) the next N lines, including the current line, into the buffer
- P: put (paste) the line(s) in the buffer into the text after the current line

Searching Text

A common occurrence in text editing is to replace one word or phrase by another. To locate instances of particular sets of characters (or strings), use the following commands.

- 1. /string : search forward for the occurrence of a string in the text
- 2. ?string : search backward for the occurrence of a string in the text
- 3. n: move to next occurrence of the search string
- 4. N: move to next occurrence of the search string in opposite direction



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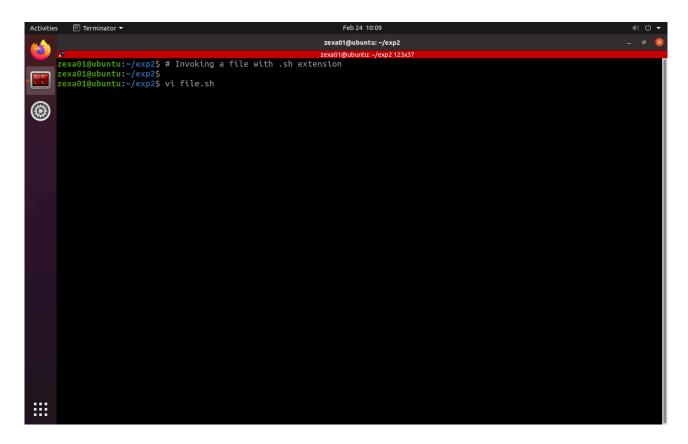
On clicking 'n', cursor move to next 'random' keyword as per search

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Follow the following steps in each case to execute the programs:

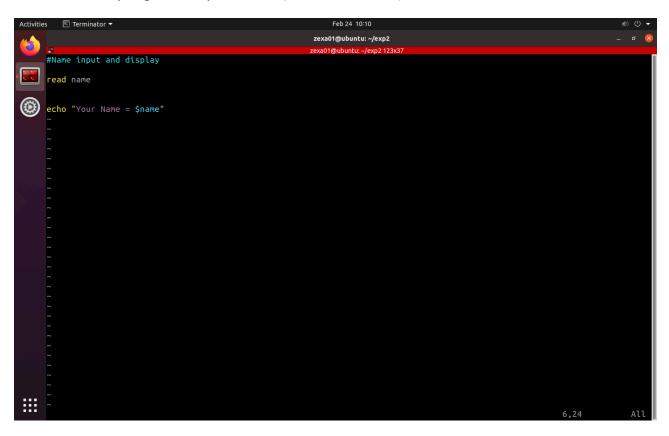
1. To write the programs, create new files for each program by writing in the command

prompt: vi file.sh

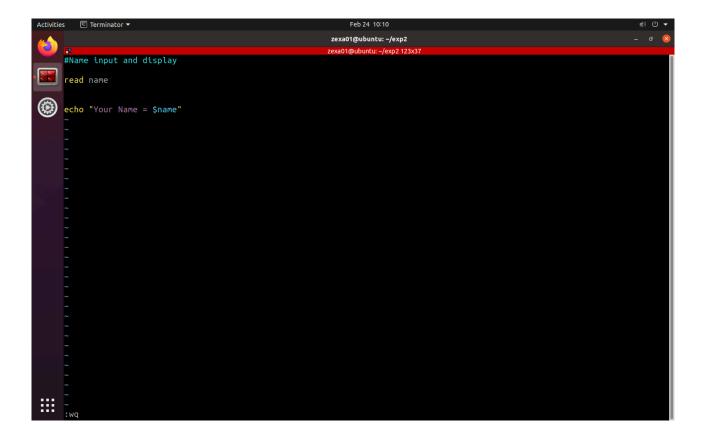


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2. Write the program as plain text (in Insert mode)



3. Save the file and exit



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4. Run the file by giving following command in the command prompt: sh file.sh