

re:Invent Builder Session Permission Boundaries

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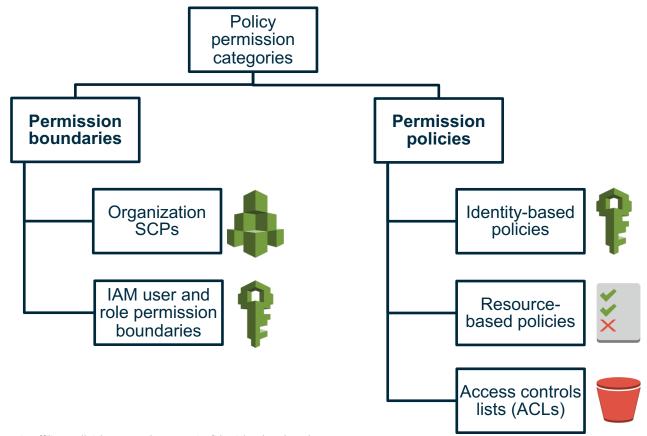
Agenda

- Policy categories
- Permission boundary basics
- Resource restrictions

https://awssecworkshops.com/builder-sessions/



Policy permission categories





Permission boundary basics



Before and After Permission Boundaries

Before

- Certain IAM policy actions (e.g. PutUserPolicy, AttachRolePolicy) were essentially god-like permissions.
- Doing any form of self-service permissions management was non-trivial.

Now

- Administrator can grant previously god-like permissions, but specify a "permissions boundary."
- Allow developers to create principals for their applications and attach policies, but only within the boundary.



Permission Boundaries – mechanism

Admins





Delegated admins





"Bound" IAM users and roles







Restricted resources



Create delegated admins

Admins create delegated admins with permissions such that users and roles created must have a permission boundary

Create "bound" user & roles

Delegated admins create users and roles that have permission boundaries attached

Permission boundary restricts the users and roles

Delegated admins attach the IAM roles to resources (or use the IAM user)

Resource permissions restricted

Effective permissions of resources like Lambda functions are limited by permission boundary



A condition



A condition applied to principal creation actions (users and roles)



Mechanism

App developer creates role with delegated permissions

Step 1: Create role

```
$ aws iam create-role -role-name MyTestAppRole
-assume-role-policy-document file://Role_Trust_Policy_Text.json
-permissions-boundary_arn:aws:iam::<ACCOUNT_NUMBER>:policy/DynamoDB_Boundary_Frankfurt
```

Step 2: Create policy

No change

Step 3: Attach policy

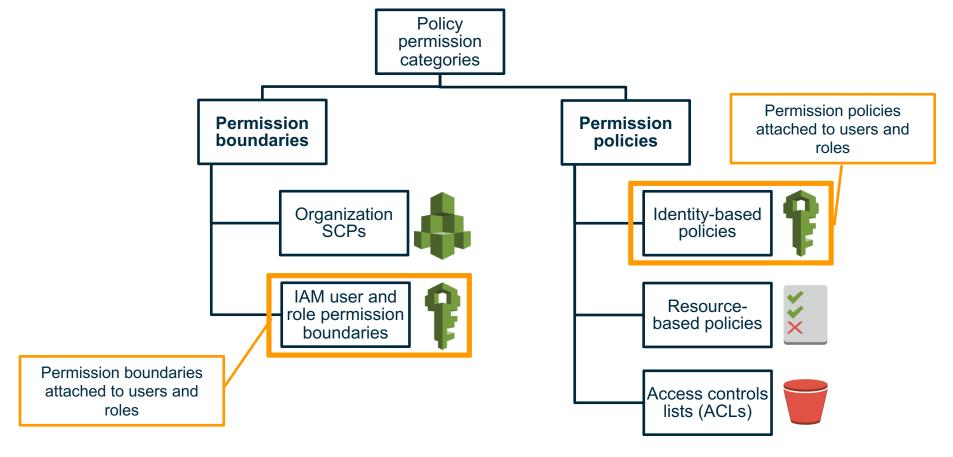
No change



Permission boundary mechanisms



Policy permission categories

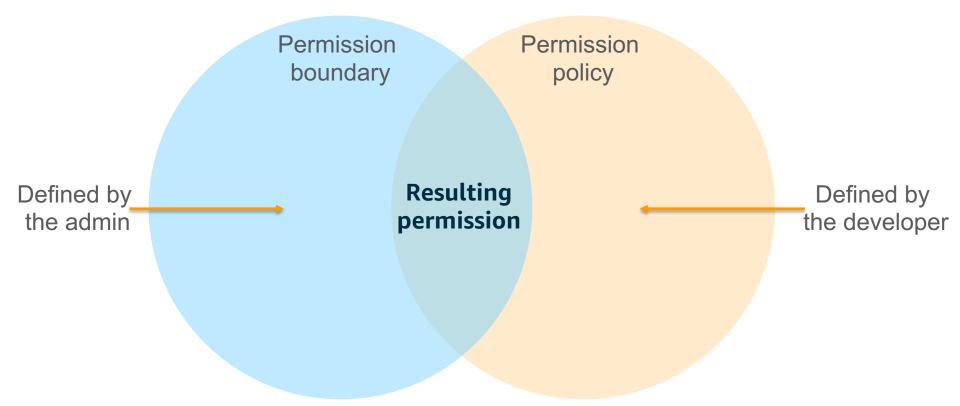


Everything after authentication

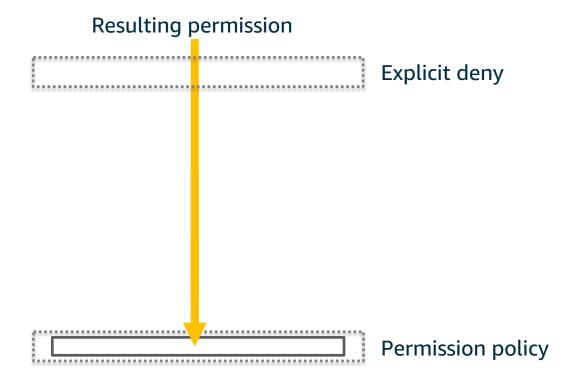
- 1. Authenticate the principal
- 2. Determine which **policies** apply to the request
- 3. **Evaluate** the different policy types that apply which affect the order in which they are evaluated.
- 4. **Allow or Deny** the request



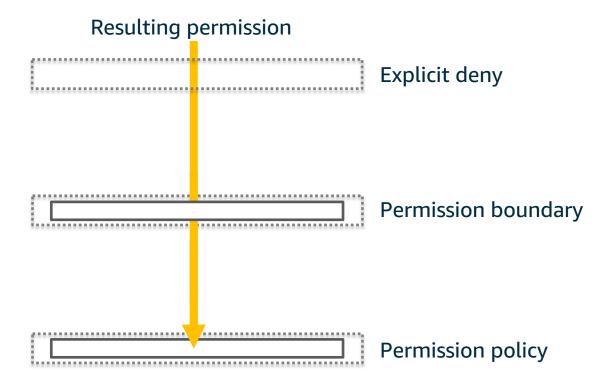
Effective Permissions - intersection



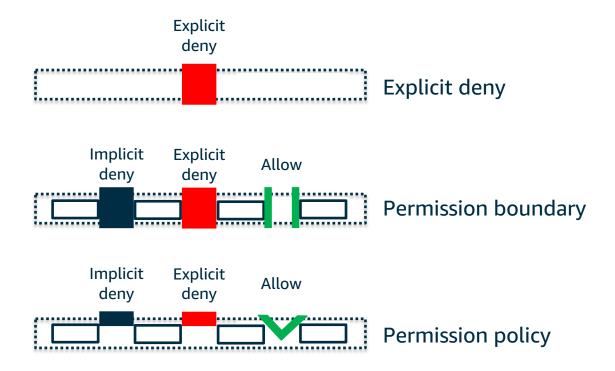




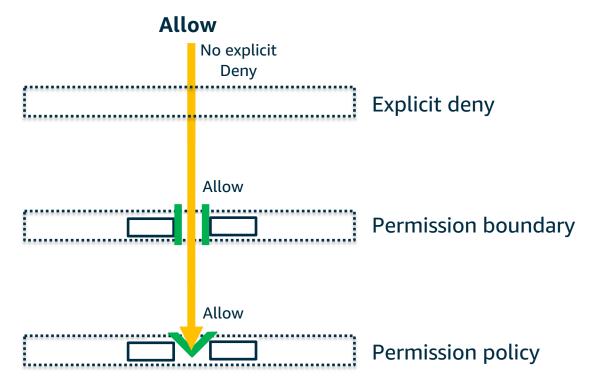














Request: s3:GetObject / bucket name: example1

Permission Boundary

Permission Policy



Resulting permission Request: s3:getobject **Explicit deny Implicit** deny Request Permission boundary Denied Permission policy



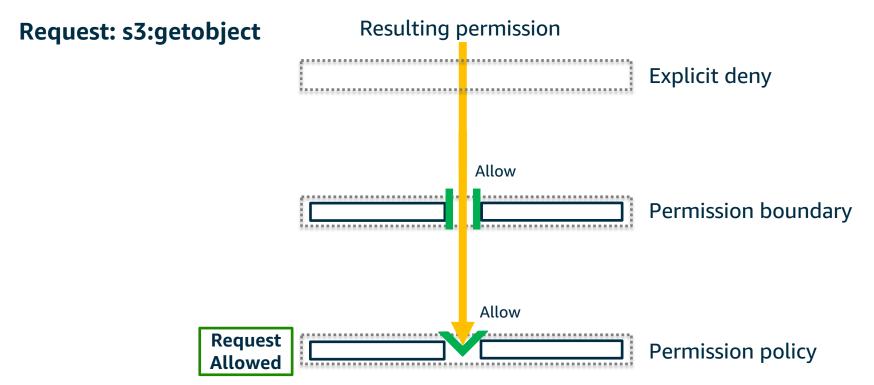
Request: s3:GetObject / bucket name: example1

Permission Boundary

```
"version": "2012-10-17",
"Statement": [
    "Effect": "Allow",
     "Action": [
          "logs:CreateLogGroup",
          "logs:CreateLogStream",
          "logs:PutLogEvents"
   "Resource": "arn:aws:logs:*:*:*"
    "Effect": "Allow",
    "Action": ["s3:GetObject"],
    "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::example1/*"
```

Permission Policy







Request: s3:GetObject / bucket name: example1

Permission Boundary

```
"version": "2012-10-17",
"Statement": [
    "Effect": "Allow",
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          "logs:CreateLogGroup",
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    "Action": ["s3:GetObject"],
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```

Permission Policy



Resulting permission Request: s3:getobject **Explicit deny** Allow Permission boundary **Implicit** deny Request Permission policy Denied



Resource Restrictions

- Use of ARNs to specify individual resources in the policy
- Wild cards so that any names within that namespace can be used
- Can then use polices to restrict access based on name and/or path
- Primarily concerned with IAM roles, policies and users. Also could be useful for EC2 instances and Lambda functions



Resource Restrictions

Not all actions support resource level permissions:
 https://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/reference_aws-services-that-work-with-iam.html

ARNs

- arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/example-path/*
- arn:aws:iam::123456789012:policy/example-name*
- arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user/example-path/example-name*



Resource Restrictions

 Goal: carving out a space for the delegated admins to be able to modify resources without impacting other resources. Yet they can still use other resources like AWS managed policies.



Resource Restrictions - policies

- Consider permissions assigned to a delegated admin to create policies
- If not restricted then delegated admins could modify existing customer managed policies.
- Complementary but not required for a permission boundary strategy

```
"Effect": "Allow",
"Action": [
    "iam:CreatePolicy",
    "iam:DeletePolicy",
    "iam:CreatePolicyVersion",
    "iam:DeletePolicyVersion",
    "iam:SetDefaultPolicyVersion"
],
"Resource": "*"
```

VS

```
"Effect": "Allow",
"Action": [
    "iam:CreatePolicy",
    "iam:DeletePolicy",
    "iam:CreatePolicyVersion",
    "iam:DeletePolicyVersion",
    "iam:SetDefaultPolicyVersion"
    ],
"Resource":
"arn:aws:iam::ACCOUNT_ID:policy/path/name*"
```



Resource Restrictions - roles

- Just like with policies we want to carve out a safe space for roles.
- Permission boundaries play a part here, but not all actions support the condition
- In addition different teams could be using the same permission boundaries

```
"Effect": "Allow",
"Action": [
     "iam:UpdateRole",
     "iam:DeleteRole"
    ],
"Resource": "*"
```

VS

```
"Effect": "Allow",
"Action": [
        "iam:UpdateRole",
        "iam:DeleteRole"
        ],
"Resource":
"arn:aws:iam::ACCOUNT_ID:role/path/name*"
```



Resource Restrictions - roles

Here are the actions that the support the permission boundary condition:

AttachRolePolicy

AttachUserPolicy

CreateRole

CreateUser

DeleteUserPermissionsBoundary

DeleteUserPolicy

DetachRolePolicy

DetachUserPolicy

PutRolePermissionsBoundary

PutRolePolicy

PutUserPermissionsBoundary



Resource Restrictions – other resources

 Where else would resource restrictions for a permission boundary strategy make sense?

