



# **Apollo Pro266T North Bridge**

**Socket-370 North Bridge  
with 133 / 100 / 66 MHz Front Side Bus  
for VIA C3 and Intel Celeron,  
Pentium III and Pentium III-M (Tualatin) CPUs  
with AGP 4x and V-Link  
plus Advanced ECC Memory Controller  
supporting DDR266 / DDR200  
(PC2100 / PC1600) DDR SDRAM  
and PC133 / PC100 SDR SDRAM  
for Desktop and Mobile PC Systems**

Revision 1.1  
May 6, 2003

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## REVISION HISTORY

Document Release	Date	Revision	Initials
1.0	1/7/02	Initial external release (same as internal revision 0.4 except for package type update to HSBGA and VIA logo on cover page updated to current style)	DH
1.01	1/31/02	Updated company address; fixed marking spec to remove “Apollo”	DH
1.1	5/6/03	Updated legal page formatting, VIA USA street address, and VIA logos Changed chipset name to be north bridge chip name & removed VT# Fixed V-Link feature bullets; Fixed incorrect JEDEC-spec reference in mech diagram	DH

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with 133 / 100 / 66 MHz Front Side Bus  
for VIA C3 and Intel Celeron,  
Pentium III, and Pentium III-M (Tualatin) CPUs  
with AGP 4x and V-Link  
plus Advanced ECC Memory Controller  
supporting DDR266 / DDR200 (PC2100 / PC1600) DDR SDRAM  
and PC133 / PC100 SDR SDRAM  
for Desktop and Mobile PC Systems

## PRODUCT FEATURES

- **AGP / PCI / ISA Mobile and Deep Green PC Ready**
  - GTL+ compliant host bus supports write-combine cycles
  - Supports separately powered 3.3V LVTTTL (5V tolerant) and 2.5V SSTL-2 interface to system memory
  - Modular power management and clock control for power conscious system applications
  - Combine with VIA VT8233 highly integrated south bridge chip for state-of-the-art system power management
- **High Integration**
  - Single chip implementation for 64-bit Socket-370 CPU, 64-bit SDR/DDR system memory, 266MB/S high bandwidth V-Link NB/SB, and 32-bit AGP interfaces
  - Chipset: **Apollo Pro266T** V-Link Host system controller and **VT8233** V-Link to PCI/LPC bridge
  - Chipset includes UltraDMA-100 / 66 / 33 EIDE, Six USB ports, AC-97 audio and HSP modem, Networking, PCI / LPC buses, SMBus, and Keyboard / PS2-Mouse Interfaces plus RTC / CMOS on chip
- **High Performance CPU Interface**
  - Supports Socket-370 VIA C3™ and Intel Celeron™, Pentium III™ and Pentium III-M™ (Tualatin) processors
  - 133 / 100 / 66 MHz CPU Front Side Bus (FSB)
  - Built-in PLL (Phase Lock Loop) circuitry for optimal skew control within and between clocking regions
  - Eight outstanding transactions (eight-level In-Order Queue)
  - Supports WC (Write Combining) cycles
  - Dynamic deferred transaction support
  - Sleep mode support
  - System management interrupt, memory remap and STPCLK mechanism

- **Full Featured Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) Controller**

- Synchronous and pseudo-synchronous with the host CPU bus with optimal skew control

<u>V-Link</u>	<u>AGP</u>	<u>CPU</u>	<u>Mode</u>
66 MHz	66 MHz	133 MHz	4x synchronous
66 MHz	66 MHz	100 MHz	3x synchronous
66 MHz	66 MHz	66 MHz	2x synchronous

- AGP v2.0 compliant
- Supports SideBand Addressing (SBA) mode (non-multiplexed address / data)
- Supports 266 MHz 4x mode for AD and SBA signaling
- Pipelined split-transaction long-burst transfers up to 1GB/sec
- Eight level read request queue
- Four level posted-write request queue
- Thirty-two level (quadwords) read data FIFO (256 bytes)
- Sixteen level (quadwords) write data FIFO (128 bytes)
- Intelligent request reordering for maximum AGP bus utilization
- Supports Flush/Fence commands
- Graphics Address Relocation Table (GART)
  - One level TLB structure
  - Sixteen entry fully associative page table
  - LRU replacement scheme
  - Independent GART lookup control for host / AGP / PCI master accesses
- Windows 95 OSR-2 VXD and integrated Windows 98 / NT5 miniport driver support

- **High Bandwidth 266 MB/Sec 8-bit V-Link Host Controller**

- Supports 66MHz V-Link Host interface with total bandwidth of 266MB/S
- V-Link operates at 4x or 2x modes
- Full duplex commands with separate STB / CMD
- Request/Data split transaction
- Configurable outstanding transaction queue for Host to V-Link Client accesses
- Supports Defer/Defer-Reply transaction
- Transaction assurance for V-Link Host to Client access. Eliminate V-Link Host-Client Retry cycles
- Intelligent V-Link transaction protocol to eliminate data wait-state/throttle transfer latency. All V-Link transaction both Host and Client have consistent view of transaction data depth and buffer size to avoid data overflow.
- High efficient V-Link arbitration with minimum overhead. All V-Link transaction with predictable cycle length with known CMD/Data duration.



- **Advanced High-Performance DDR / SDR DRAM Controller**

- DRAM interface synchronous with host CPU (133 / 100 / 66 MHz) for most flexible configuration
- DRAM interface may be faster than CPU by 33 MHz to allow use of PC100 / DDR200 memory modules with 66MHz Celeron or use of PC133 / DDR266 with 100MHz Pentium II or Pentium III
- DRAM interface may be slower than CPU by 33 MHz to allow use of older memory modules with newer CPUs (e.g., PC66 memory modules with 100 MHz Pentium II or Pentium III)
- Concurrent CPU, AGP, and PCI access
- Supports DDR and SDR SDRAM memory types
- Dynamic Clock Enable (CKE) control for SDRAM power reduction in high speed systems
- Mixed 1M / 2M / 4M / 8M / 16M / 32M / 64MxN DRAMs
- Supports 8 banks up to 4 GB DRAMs (512Mb x8 / x16 DRAM technology) for registered DDR / SDR modules
- Supports 6 banks up to 3 GB DRAMs (512Mb x8 / x16 DRAM technology) for unbuffered DDR / SDR modules
- Flexible row and column addresses. 64-bit data width only
- LVTTTL 3.3V DRAM interface with 5V-tolerant inputs for SDR SDRAM and 2.5V SSTL-2 DRAM interface for DDR SDRAM
- Programmable I/O drive capability for MA, command, and MD signals
- Dual copies of MA and control signals for improved drive
- Optional ECC (single-bit error correction and multi-bit error detection) or EC (error checking only) for DRAM integrity
- Two-bank interleaving for 16Mbit SDRAM support
- Two-bank and four bank interleaving for 64Mbit SDRAM support
- Supports maximum 16-bank interleave (i.e., 16 pages open simultaneously); banks are allocated based on LRU
- Seamless DRAM command scheduling for maximum DRAM bus utilization (e.g., precharge other banks while accessing the current bank)
- Four cache lines (16 quadwords) of CPU to DRAM write buffers
- Four cache lines of CPU to DRAM read prefetch buffers
- Read around write capability for non-stalled CPU read
- Speculative DRAM read before snoop result
- Burst read and write operation
- x-1-1-1-1-1-1 back-to-back accesses for SDR SDRAM
- x-1/2-1/2-1/2-1-1/2-1/2-1/2 back-to-back accesses for DDR SDRAM
- Supports DDR SDRAM CL 2/2.5/3 and 1T per command
- Decoupled and burst DRAM refresh with staggered RAS timing (CAS before RAS or self refresh)

- **Advanced System Power Management Support**

- Dynamic power down of SDRAM (CKE)
- V-Link and AGP bus clock run and clock generator control
- VTT suspend power plane preserves memory data
- Suspend-to-DRAM and Self-Refresh operation
- SDRAM self-refresh power down
- 8 bytes of BIOS scratch registers
- Low-leakage I/O pads

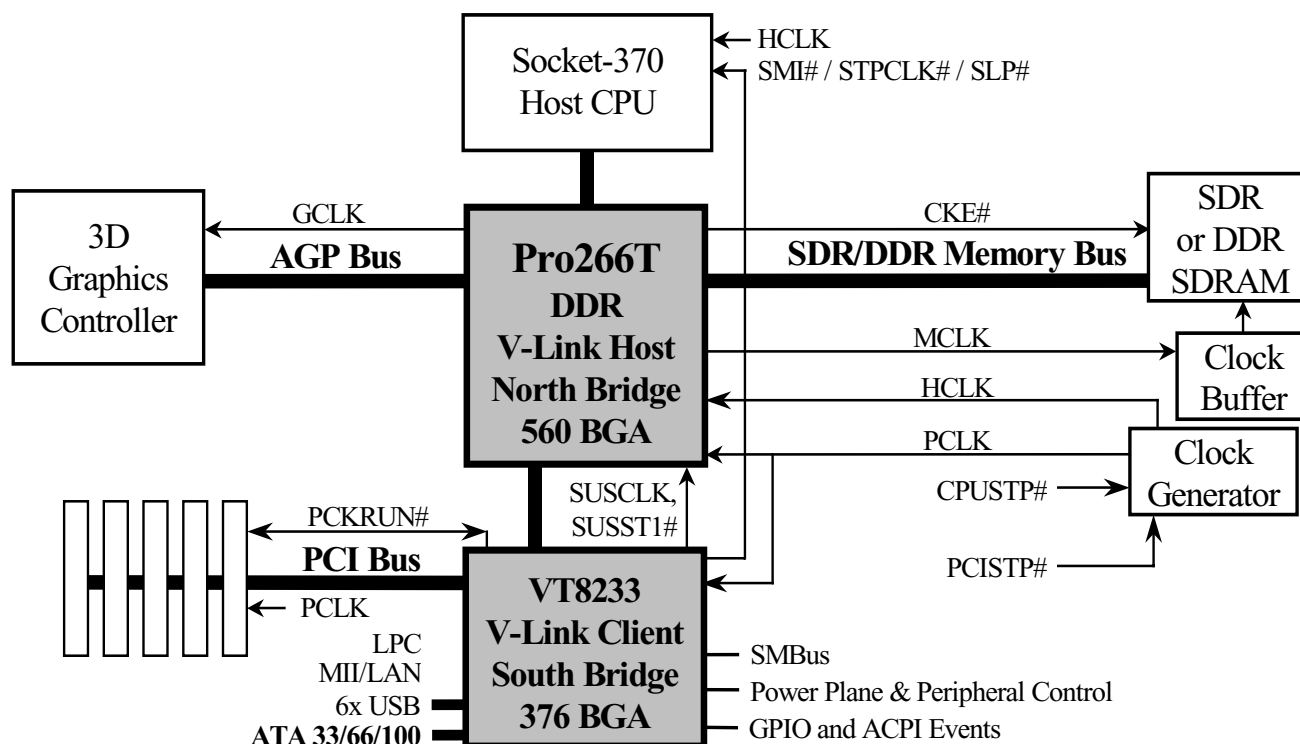
- **Built-in NAND-tree pin scan test capability**

- **2.5V, 0.22um, high speed / low power CMOS process**

- **35 x 35 mm, 560 pin HSBGA Package (Ball Grid Array with Heat Spreader)**

## OVERVIEW

**Apollo Pro266T** is a high performance, cost-effective and energy efficient chip set for the implementation of AGP / V-Link / PCI / LPC desktop personal computer systems with 133, 100 and 66 MHz front side bus frequencies based on 64-bit Socket-370 VIA C3 and Intel Celeron, Pentium-III, and Pentium II-M (Tualatin) super-scalar processors.



**Figure 1. Apollo Pro266T System Block Diagram**

The complete chip set consists of the Apollo Pro266T V-Link DDR Host system controller (560 pin BGA) and the VT8233 highly integrated V-Link Client PCI/LPC controller (376 pin BGA). The Host system controller provides superior performance between the CPU, DRAM, AGP bus, and V-Link interface with pipelined, burst, and concurrent operation. The VT8233 V-Link Client controller is a highly integrated PCI / LPC controller. Its internal bus structure is based on 66 MHz PCI bus that provides 2x bandwidth compare to previous generation PCI/ISA bridge chips. The VT8233 integrated Client V-Link controller with 266MB/S bandwidth between Host/Client V-Link interface, provides a V-Link-PCI and V-Link-LPC controller. It supports five PCI slots of arbitration and decoding for all integrated functions and LPC bus.

The Apollo Pro266T supports eight banks of DDR / SDR SDRAMs up to 4 GB for “registered” SDRAM modules (six banks up to 3GB for “unbuffered” modules). The DRAM controller supports Double-Data-Rate (DDR) SDRAM or can be configured to support standard Synchronous DRAM (SDR SDRAM). The DDR / SDR DRAM interface allows zero wait state bursting between the DRAM and the data buffers at 133 / 100 / 66 MHz. The eight banks of DRAM can be composed of an arbitrary mixture of 1M / 2M / 4M / 8M / 16M / 32M / 64M xN DRAMs. The DRAM controller also supports optional ECC (single-bit error correction and multi-bit detection) or EC (error checking) capability. The DRAM controller can run in either synchronous or pseudo-synchronous mode relative to the host CPU bus frequency (133 / 100 / 66 MHz).

The Apollo Pro266T Host system controller also supports full AGP v2.0 capability for maximum bus utilization including 2x and 4x mode transfers, SBA (SideBand Addressing), Flush/Fence commands, and pipelined grants. An eight level request queue plus a four level post-write request queue with thirty-two and sixteen quadwords of read and write data FIFO's respectively are included for deep pipelined and split AGP transactions. A single-level GART TLB with 16 full associative entries and flexible CPU / AGP / PCI remapping control is also provided for operation under protected mode operating environments. Both Windows-95 VXD and Windows-98 / NT5 miniport drivers are supported for interoperability with major AGP-based 3D and DVD-capable multimedia accelerators.

The Apollo Pro266T host system controller supports a high speed 8-bit 66 MHz Quad Data Transfer interconnect (V-Link) to the VT8233 South Bridge. The chip also contains a built-in bus-to-bus bridge to allow simultaneous concurrent operations on each bus. Five levels (doublewords) of post write buffers are included to allow for concurrent CPU and V-Link operation. For V-Link Host operation, forty-eight levels (doublewords) of post write buffers and sixteen levels (doublewords) of prefetch buffers are included for concurrent V-Link bus and DRAM / cache accesses. When combined the V-Link Host/Client controllers, it realizes a complete PCI sub-system and supports enhanced PCI bus commands such as Memory-Read-Line, Memory-Read-Multiple and Memory-Write-Invalid commands to minimize snoop overhead. In addition, advanced features are supported such as snoop ahead, snoop filtering, L1 write-back forward to PCI master, and L1 write-back merged with PCI post write buffers to minimize PCI master read latency and DRAM utilization. Delay transaction and read caching mechanisms are also implemented for further improvement of overall system performance.

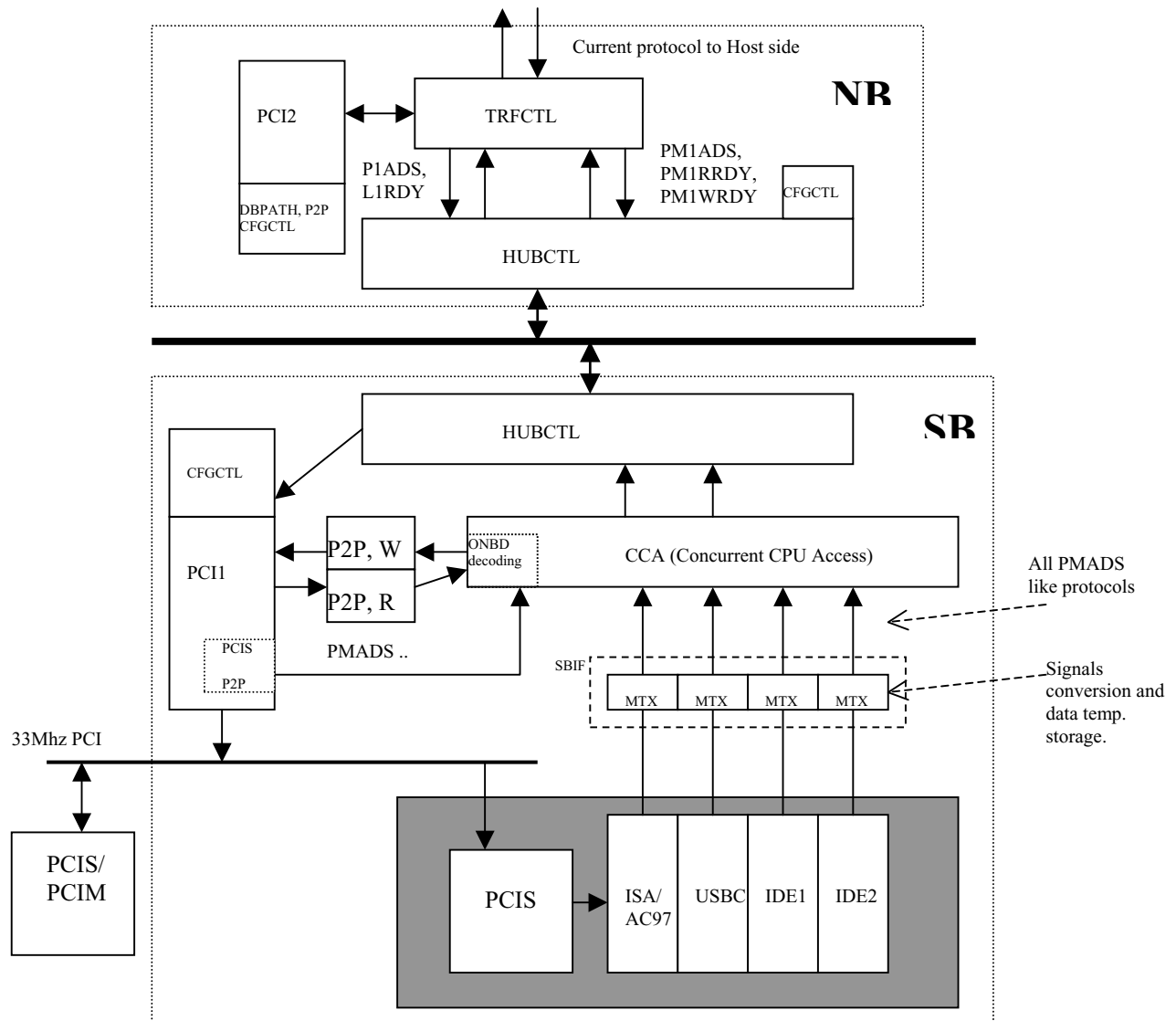
The 376-pin Ball Grid Array VT8233 Client V-Link PCI / LPC controller supports four levels (doublewords) of line buffers, type F DMA transfers and delay transaction to allow efficient PCI bus utilization and (PCI-2.2 compliant). The VT8233 integrated PCI controller and PCI arbitration for up to five PCI slots. One of the PCI REQ / GNT pair can be configured as high-priority to better support a low latency PCI bus master device. The VT8233 integrated networking MAC controller with standard MII interface to an external PHY for 10 / 100Mb base-T Ethernet or 1 / 10Mb PNA home networking.

The VT8233 also includes an integrated keyboard controller with PS2 mouse support, integrated DS12885 style real time clock with extended 256 byte CMOS RAM, integrated master mode enhanced IDE controller with full scatter / gather capability and extension to UltraDMA-100 / 66 / 33 for 100 / 66 / 33 MB/sec transfer rate, integrated USB interface with root hubs and six function ports with built-in physical layer transceivers, Distributed DMA support, and OnNow / ACPI compliant advanced configuration and power management interface.

For sophisticated power management, the Apollo Pro266T chipset provides independent clock stop control for the CPU / SDRAM, PCI, and AGP buses and Dynamic CKE control for powering down of the SDRAM. A separate suspend-well plane is implemented for the SDRAM control signals for Suspend-to-DRAM operation. Coupled with the VT8233 south bridge chip, a complete power conscious PC main board can be implemented with no external TTLs.

The Apollo Pro266T chipset is ideal for high performance, high quality, high energy efficient and high integration desktop and notebook AGP / PCI / LPC computer systems.

**Figure 2. Apollo Pro266T V-Link Chipset Block Diagram**



**PINOUTS**

**Figure 3. Ball Diagram (Top View)**

Key	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26							
A	VCC AGP	VCC AGP	GD16	GD17	AGP VREF	VCC AGP	GD23	GD24	GD28	VCC AGP	SBA7	SBS#	SBA0	VCC AGP	HD62	HD54	HD59	HD49	HD45	HD37	HD34	HD35	HD25	HD24	HD16	VTT							
B	GD15	GBE1#	GBE2#	GND	GD21	VCC AGP	GBE3#	GD27	GD30	VCC AGP	SBA4	SBS	SBA1	VCC AGP	HD50	HD46	HD52	HD51	HD42	HD39	HD22	HD19	HD26	HD23	HD30	HD7							
C	GD11	GD12	GD13	GD14	GD19	GD20	GD22	GD26	GD31	GRBF#	SBA5	GND	GGNT#	HD56	HD60	HD58	HD57	HD47	GND	HD36	HD31	HD32	GND	HD21	HD20	HD13							
D	GD8	GND	GBE0#	GND	GD18	GND	GDEV SEL#	GD25	ST0	ST2	GPIPE#	SBA3	SBA2	GREQ#	HD61	HD53	HD48	HD41	HD27	HD38	HD28	HD33	HD3	HD11	HD14	HD2							
E	VCC AGP	VCC AGP	GDS0#	GD10	G STOP#	GT RDY#	G FRM#	GDS1	GWBF#	GND	SBA6	VCC AGP	ST1	CPU RSTD	VCC	HD55	HD63	GND	HD44	HD43	HD29	HD9	HD18	HD12	HD10	HD17							
F	GD7	GD4	GD6	GDS0	GD9	GND	GND	GDS1#	GD29	GND	GI RDY#	VCC AGP	GND	GND	VCC	GTL VREF	HD40	GND	VTT	GND	GND	HD5	HD8	HD1	HD4	HD15							
G	GD5	GND	GCLK	GND	GPAR	VCC AGP	G7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	VTT	16	17	VCC	VTT	VTT	GND	HD0	HD6	CPU RST#	HA26	HA29							
H	GD1	GD3	GD0	GD2	VCC QQ	VCC AGP	H	AGP Pins							15	18	19	H20	VTT	J	GND	HA27	HA30	GND	HA18	HA24							
J	VCC AGP	G COMP	GND QQ	VAD0 strap	GND	GND	J	Vlink Pins							VCC AGP	VCC AGP	VCC	VCC	VCC AGP	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VTT	K	VTT	VTT	GND	HA20	HA23	HA31	HA22	HA17
K	UP STB	UP STB#	UP CMD	VBE#	VL VREF	VAD1 strap	K	Vlink Pins							VCC AGP	VCC AGP	VCC	VCC	VCC AGP	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VTT	K	VTT	VTT	HCLK	HA25	HA19	HA10	HA21	
L	DN CMD	DN STB	DN STB#	VPAR	VAD4	VAD2 strap	L	Vlink Pins							VCC	L	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	L	VCC	CPU Pins	L	AVCC HCK	AGND HCK	TEST IN#	HA28	HA5	HA12
M	VCC VL	VCC VL	GND	GND	VCC VL	VCC VL	M	Vlink Pins							VCC	M	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	M	VCC	Pins	M	HA6	HA15	HA13	HA16	HA3	HA9
N	VCC VK	VAD6	VAD7	VAD5	VAD3 strap	VCC VL	N	Vlink Pins							VCC VL	N	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	N	VTT	N	HREQ 4#	HA8	HA11	HA14	BNR#	HA4	
P	VL COMP	GND	PWR OK	RE SET#	GND	GND	P	Vlink Pins							VCC M	P	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	P	VTT	P	VTT	GND	GND	HREQ 0#	GND	HREQ 2#	BPRI#
R	MD58	MD63	MD59	VSUS 25	SUST#	VCCM	R	Vlink Pins							VCC	R	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	R	VCC	R	VTT	VTT	HA7	HREQ 1#	H LOCK#	DE FER#	HREQ 3#
T	VCCM	VCCM	GND	GND	MD62	VCCM	T	Vlink Pins							VCC	T	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	T	VCC	T	VTT	GTL VREF	GND	RS1#	HITM#	HIT#	RS0#
U	MD57	DQM7 CKE7	DQS7# CKE7	MD61	MD56	MD60	U	Vlink Pins							VCC M	U10	11	12	13	14	15	16	U17	VCC M	U	AVCC MCK	AGND MCK	HT RDY#	DBSY#	RS2#	DRDY#		
V	MD51	MD55	MD50	MD54	MD53	M VREF	V	Vlink Pins							VCC M	VCC M	VCC	VCC	VCC M	VCC M	VCC	VCC	VCC M	VCC M	V	GND	MCLK F	MCLK	GND	BREQ 0#	GND		
W	DQS6# CKE6	DQM6 CKE6	MD52	AGND DL2	AVCC DL2	GND	W	DDR Pins							DDR Pins	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	Y20	GND	MAB 14	MAA 14	GND	MD0	ADS#	VCCM	VCCM		
Y	VCCM	VCCM	GND	GND	CS7#	VCCM	Y7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	Y20	GND	MAB 14	MAA 14	GND	MD5	MD4							
AA	MD49	MD48	MD47	MD46	CS6#	GND	VCCM	GND	VCCM	AVCC DL1	GND	VCCM	GND	VCCM	VCCM	GND	VCCM	MD18	M VREF	VCCM	GND	MAA 8	MD2	DQM0 CKE0	MD1	DQS0# CKE0							
AB	MD43	DQM5 CKE5	MD42	MAA 11	MAB 11	MAA 12	MD39	MAB 10	VCCM	AGND DL1	MECC6 CKE6	VCCM	MAB 1	MAB 2	MAB 4	MAA 4	VCCM	MD22	MD16	VCCM	MAA 5	MAB 8	GND	MAA 13	GND	MD6							
AC	MD41	GND	DQS5# CKE5	MAB 12	GND	SRAS A#	MD38	GND	MAB 0	NC	GND	MECC5 CKE5	GND	MAA 1	MAB 3	GND	MAA 3	MD28	MD17	MAA 6	MAB 5	DQM1 CKE1	MAB 7	MAA 9	MAB 13	MD7							
AD	MD45	MD44	MD40	CS1#	CS5#	SWE B#	MAA 10	DQS4# CKE4	MD36	MD32	MECC2 CKE2	MECC0 CKE0	MAA 0	MD27	MAA 2	DQM3 CKE3	DQS3# CKE3	MD24	DQS2# CKE2	GND	GND	MD14	MD13	MAA 7	MAB 9	MD3							
AE	CS3#	CS2#	SCAS A#	CS4#	GND	SRAS B#	DQM4 CKE4	GND	MD33	MECC3 CKE3	GND	MECC1 CKE1	GND	MD31	MD30	GND	MD29	MD23	DQM2 CKE2	MAB 6	MD11	MD10	GND	MD9	GND	VCCM							
AF	VCCM	VCCM	CS0#	SCAS B#	SWE A#	MD35	VCCM	MD34	MD37	MECC7 CKE7	DQM8	DQS8#	VCCM	MECC4 CKE4	MD26	VCCM	MD25	MD19	MD21	VCCM	MD20	MD15	DQS1# CKE1	MD12	MD8	VCCM							

**Table 1. Pin List (Numerical Order)**

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name
A01	P VCCAGP	D03	IO GBE0#	G05	IO GPAR	P01	I VLCOMP	Y23	O MAA14	AC25	O MAB13
A02	P VCCAGP	D04	P GND	G06	P VCCAGP	P02	P GND	Y24	P GND	AC26	IO MD07
A03	IO GD16	D05	IO GD18	G21	P GND	P03	I PWROK	Y25	IO MD05	AD01	IO MD45
A04	IO GD17	D06	P GND	G22	IO HD00	P04	I RESET#	Y26	IO MD04	AD02	IO MD44
A05	P AGPVREF	D07	IO GDEVSEL#	G23	IO HD06	P05	P GND	AA01	IO MD49	AD03	IO MD40
A06	P VCCAGP	D08	IO GD25	G24	O CPURST#	P06	P GND	AA02	IO MD48	AD04	O CS1#
A07	IO GD23	D09	O ST0	G25	IO HA26	P21	P GND	AA03	IO MD47	AD05	O CS5#
A08	IO GD24	D10	O ST2	G26	IO HA29	P22	P GND	AA04	IO MD46	AD06	O SWEB#
A09	IO GD28	D11	I GPIPE#	H01	IO GD1	P23	IO HREQ0#	AA05	O CS6#	AD07	O MAA10
A10	P VCCAGP	D12	I SBA3	H02	IO GD3	P24	P GND	AA06	P GND	AD08	IO DQS4# / CKE4
A11	I SBA7	D13	I SBA2	H03	IO GD0	P25	IO HREQ2#	AA07	P VCCCM	AD09	IO MD36
A12	I SBS#	D14	I GREQ#	H04	IO GD2	P26	IO BPRI#	AA08	P GND	AD10	IO MD32
A13	I SBA0	D15	IO HD61	H05	P VCCQO	R01	IO MD58	AA09	P VCCCM	AD11	IO MECC2 / CKE2
A14	P VCCAGP	D16	IO HD53	H06	P VCCAGP	R02	IO MD63	AA10	P AVCCDL1	AD12	IO MECC0 / CKE0
A15	IO HD62	D17	IO HD48	H21	P VTT	R03	IO MD59	AA11	P GND	AD13	O MAA00
A16	IO HD54	D18	IO HD41	H22	IO HA27	R04	P VSUS25	AA12	P VCCCM	AD14	IO MD27
A17	IO HD59	D19	IO HD27	H23	IO HA30	R05	I SUST#	AA13	P GND	AD15	O MAA02
A18	IO HD49	D20	IO HD38	H24	P GND	R06	P VCCCM	AA14	P VCCCM	AD16	O DQM3 / CKE3
A19	IO HD45	D21	IO HD28	H25	IO HA18	R21	P VTT	AA15	P VCCCM	AD17	IO DQS3# / CKE3
A20	IO HD37	D22	IO HD33	H26	IO HA24	R22	IO HA07	AA16	P GND	AD18	IO MD24
A21	IO HD34	D23	IO HD03	J01	P VCCAGP	R23	IO HREQ1#	AA17	P VCCCM	AD19	IO DQS2# / CKE2
A22	IO HD35	D24	IO HD11	J02	I GCOMP	R24	I HLOCK#	AA18	IO MD18	AD20	P GND
A23	IO HD25	D25	IO HD14	J03	P GNDQO	R25	IO DEFER#	AA19	P MVRREF	AD21	P GND
A24	IO HD24	D26	IO HD02	J04	IO VAD0 / strap	R26	IO HREQ3#	AA20	P VCCCM	AD22	IO MD14
A25	IO HD16	E01	P VCCAGP	J05	P GND	T01	P VCCCM	AA21	P GND	AD23	IO MD13
A26	P VTT	E02	P VCCAGP	J06	P GND	T02	P VCCCM	AA22	O MAA08	AD24	O MAA07
B01	IO GD15	E03	IO GDS0#	J21	P GND	T03	P GND	AA23	IO MD02	AD25	O MAB09
B02	IO GBE1#	E04	IO GD10	J22	IO HA20	T04	P GND	AA24	O DQM0 / CKE0	AD26	IO MD03
B03	IO GBE2#	E05	IO GSTOP#	J23	IO HA23	T05	IO MD62	AA25	IO MD01	AE01	O CS3#
B04	P GND	E06	IO GTRDY#	J24	IO HA31	T06	P VCCM	AA26	IO DQS0# / CKE0	AE02	O CS2#
B05	IO GD21	E07	IO GFRM#	J25	IO HA22	T21	P GTLVREF	AB01	IO MD43	AE03	O SCASA#
B06	P VCCAGP	E08	IO GDS1	J26	IO HA17	T22	P GND	AB02	O DQM5 / CKE5	AE04	O CS4#
B07	IO GBE3#	E09	I GWBF#	K01	I UPSTB	T23	IO RS1#	AB03	IO MD42	AE05	P GND
B08	IO GD27	E10	P GND	K02	I UPSTB#	T24	I HITM#	AB04	O MAA11	AE06	O SRASB#
B09	IO GD30	E11	I SBA6	K03	I UPCMD	T25	IO HIT#	AB05	O MAB11	AE07	O DQM4 / CKE4
B10	P VCCAGP	E12	P VCCAGP	K04	IO VBE#	T26	IO RS0#	AB06	O MAA12	AE08	P GND
B11	I SBA4	E13	O ST1	K05	P VLVREF	U01	IO MD57	AB07	IO MD39	AE09	IO MD33
B12	I SBS	E14	O CPURSTD#	K06	IO VAD1 / strap	U02	O DQM7 / CKE7	AB08	O MAB10	AE10	IO MECC3 / CKE3
B13	I SBA1	E15	P VCC	K21	P VCCGTL	U03	IO DQS7# / CKE7	AB09	P VCCM	AE11	P GND
B14	P VCCAGP	E16	IO HD55	K22	I HCLK	U04	IO MD61	AB10	P AGNDDL1	AE12	IO MECC1 / CKE1
B15	IO HD50	E17	IO HD63	K23	IO HA25	U05	IO MD56	AB11	IO MECC6 / CKE6	AE13	P GND
B16	IO HD46	E18	P GND	K24	IO HA19	U06	IO MD60	AB12	P VCCM	AE14	IO MD31
B17	IO HD52	E19	IO HD44	K25	IO HA10	U21	P AVCCMCK	AB13	O MAB01	AE15	IO MD30
B18	IO HD51	E20	IO HD43	K26	IO HA21	U22	P AGNDMCK	AB14	O MAB02	AE16	P GND
B19	IO HD42	E21	IO HD29	L01	O DNCMD	U23	IO HTRDY#	AB15	O MAB04	AE17	IO MD29
B20	IO HD39	E22	IO HD09	L02	O DNSTB	U24	IO DBSY#	AB16	O MAA04	AE18	IO MD23
B21	IO HD22	E23	IO HD18	L03	O DNSTB#	U25	IO RS2#	AB17	P VCCM	AE19	O DQM2 / CKE2
B22	IO HD19	E24	IO HD12	L04	IO VPAR	U26	IO DRDY#	AB18	IO MD22	AE20	O MAB06
B23	IO HD26	E25	IO HD10	L05	IO VAD4	V01	IO MD51	AB19	IO MD16	AE21	IO MD11
B24	IO HD23	E26	IO HD17	L06	IO VAD2 / strap	V02	IO MD55	AB20	P VCCM	AE22	IO MD10
B25	IO HD30	F01	IO GD7	L21	P AVCCCHK	V03	IO MD50	AB21	O MAA05	AE23	P GND
B26	IO HD07	F02	IO GD4	L22	P AGNDHCK	V04	IO MD54	AB22	O MAB08	AE24	IO MD09
C01	IO GD11	F03	IO GD6	L23	I TESTIN#	V05	IO MD53	AB23	P GND	AE25	P GND
C02	IO GD12	F04	IO GDS0	L24	IO HA28	V06	P MYREF	AB24	O MAA13	AE26	P VCCM
C03	IO GD13	F05	IO GD9	L25	IO HA05	V21	P GND	AB25	P GND	AF01	P VCCM
C04	IO GD14	F06	P GND	L26	IO HA12	V22	I MCLKF	AB26	IO MD06	AF02	P VCCM
C05	IO GD19	F07	P GND	M01	P VCCVL	V23	O MCLK	AC01	IO MD41	AF03	O CS0#
C06	IO GD20	F08	IO GDS1#	M02	P VCCVL	V24	P GND	AC02	P GND	AF04	O SCASB#
C07	IO GD22	F09	IO GD29	M03	P GND	V25	O BREQ0#	AC03	IO DQS5# / CKE5	AF05	O SWEA#
C08	IO GD26	F10	P GND	M04	P GND	V26	P GND	AC04	O MAB12	AF06	IO MD35
C09	IO GD31	F11	IO GIRDY#	M05	P VCCVL	W01	IO DQS6# / CKE6	AC05	P GND	AF07	P VCCM
C10	I GRBF#	F12	P VCCAGP	M06	P VCCVL	W02	O DQM6 / CKE6	AC06	O SRASA#	AF08	IO MD34
C11	I SBA5	F13	P GND	M21	IO HA06	W03	IO MD52	AC07	IO MD38	AF09	IO MD37
C12	P GND	F14	P GND	M22	IO HA15	W04	P AGNDDL2	AC08	P GND	AF10	IO MECC7 / CKE7
C13	O GGNT#	F15	P VCC	M23	IO HA13	W05	P AVCCDL2	AC09	O MAB00	AF11	O DQM8
C14	IO HD56	F16	P GTLVREF	M24	IO HA16	W06	P GND	AC10	- NC	AF12	IO DQS8#
C15	IO HD60	F17	IO HD40	M25	IO HA03	W21	P VCCM	AC11	P GND	AF13	P VCCM
C16	IO HD58	F18	P GND	M26	IO HA09	W22	P VCCM	AC12	IO MECC5 / CKE5	AF14	IO MECC4 / CKE4
C17	IO HD57	F19	P VTT	N01	I VCCVK	W23	IO MD00	AC13	P GND	AF15	IO MD26
C18	IO HD47	F20	P GND	N02	IO VAD6	W24	IO ADS#	AC14	O MAA01	AF16	P VCCM
C19	P GND	F21	P GND	N03	IO VAD7	W25	P VCCM	AC15	O MAB03	AF17	IO MD25
C20	IO HD36	F22	IO HD05	N04	IO VAD5	W26	P VCCM	AC16	P GND	AF18	IO MD19
C21	IO HD31	F23	IO HD08	N05	IO VAD3 / strap	Y01	P VCCM	AC17	O MAA03	AF19	IO MD21
C22	IO HD32	F24	IO HD01	N06	P VCCVL	Y02	P VCCM	AC18	IO MD28	AF20	P VCCM
C23	P GND	F25	IO HD04	N21	IO HREQ4#	Y03	P GND	AC19	IO MD17	AF21	IO MD20
C24	IO HD21	F26	IO HD15	N22	IO HA08	Y04	P GND	AC20	O MAA06	AF22	IO MD15
C25	IO HD20	G01	IO GD5	N23	IO HA11	Y05	O CS7#	AC21	O MAB05	AF23	IO DQS1# / CKE1
C26	IO HD13	G02	P GND	N24	IO HA14	Y06	P VCCM	AC22	O DQM1 / CKE1	AF24	IO MD12
D01	IO GD8	G03	I GCLK	N25	IO BNR#	Y21	P GND	AC23	O MAB07	AF25	IO MD08
D02	P GND	G04	P GND	N26	IO HA04	Y22	O MAB14	AC24	O MAA09	AF26	P VCCM

Center VCC Pins (19 pins): G18,J11-12,14-17,L9,18,M9,18,R9,18,T9,18,V11-12,15-16  
 Center GND Pins (36 pins): L11-16, M11-16, N11-16, P11-16, R11-16, T11-16

VCCM (9 pins): P9,U9,18,V9-10,13-14,17-18  
 VTT (11 pins): G15,19-20,J18,K18,20,N18,P18,20,R20,T20  
 VCCAGP (4 pins): J9-10,13,K9  
 VCCVL (1 pin): N9



**Table 2. Pin List (Alphabetical Order)**

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name
W24	IO ADS#	B08	IO GD27	G05	IO GPAR	D18	IO HD41	AB19	IO MD16	D10	O ST2
AB10	P AGNDL1	A09	IO GD28	D11	I GPIPE#	B19	IO HD42	AC19	IO MD17	R05	I SUST#
W04	P AGNDL2	F09	IO GD29	C10	I GRBF#	E20	IO HD43	AA18	IO MD18	AF05	O SWEA#
L22	P AGNDHCK	B09	IO GD30	D14	I GREQ#	E19	IO HD44	AF18	IO MD19	AD06	O SWE#
U22	P AGNDMCK	C09	IO GD31	E05	IO GSTOP#	A19	IO HD45	AF21	IO MD20	L23	I TESTIN#
A05	P AGPVREF	F04	IO GDS0	F16	P GTLVREF	B16	IO HD46	AF19	IO MD21	K03	I UPCMD
AA10	P AVCCDL1	E03	IO GDS0#	T21	P GTLVREF	C18	IO HD47	AB18	IO MD22	K01	I UPSTB
W05	P AVCCDL2	E08	IO GDS1	E06	IO GTRDY#	D17	IO HD48	AE18	IO MD23	K02	I UPSTB#
L21	P AVCCCHCK	F08	IO GDS1#	E09	I GWBF#	A18	IO HD49	AD18	IO MD24	J04	IO VAD0 / strap
U21	P AVCCMCK	D07	IO GDEVSEL#	M25	IO HA03	B15	IO HD50	AF17	IO MD25	K06	IO VAD1 / strap
N25	IO BNR#	E07	IO GFRM#	N26	IO HA04	B18	IO HD51	AF15	IO MD26	L06	IO VAD2 / strap
P26	IO BPRI#	C13	O GGNT#	L25	IO HA05	B17	IO HD52	AD14	IO MD27	N05	IO VAD3 / strap
V25	O BREQ0#	F11	IO GIRDY#	M21	IO HA06	D16	IO HD53	AC18	IO MD28	L05	IO VAD4
G24	O CPURST#	B04	P GND	R22	IO HA07	A16	IO HD54	AE17	IO MD29	N04	IO VAD5
E14	O CPURSTD#	C12	P GND	N22	IO HA08	E16	IO HD55	AE15	IO MD30	N02	IO VAD6
AF03	O CS0#	C19	P GND	M26	IO HA09	C14	IO HD56	AE14	IO MD31	N03	IO VAD7
AD04	O CS1#	C23	P GND	K25	IO HA10	C17	IO HD57	AD10	IO MD32	K04	IO VBE#
AE02	O CS2#	D02	P GND	N23	IO HA11	C16	IO HD58	AE09	IO MD33	E15	P VCC
AE01	O CS3#	D04	P GND	L26	IO HA12	A17	IO HD59	AF08	IO MD34	F15	P VCC
AE04	O CS4#	D06	P GND	M23	IO HA13	C15	IO HD60	AF06	IO MD35	A01	P VCCAGP
AD05	O CS5#	E10	P GND	N24	IO HA14	D15	IO HD61	AD09	IO MD36	A02	P VCCAGP
AA05	O CS6#	E18	P GND	M22	IO HA15	A15	IO HD62	AF09	IO MD37	A06	P VCCAGP
Y05	O CS7#	F06	P GND	M24	IO HA16	E17	IO HD63	AC07	IO MD38	A10	P VCCAGP
U24	IO DBSY#	F07	P GND	J26	IO HA17	T25	IO HIT#	AB07	IO MD39	A14	P VCCAGP
R25	IO DEFER#	F10	P GND	H25	IO HA18	T24	I HITM#	AD03	IO MD40	B06	P VCCAGP
L01	O DNCMD	F13	P GND	K24	IO HA19	R24	I HLOCK#	AC01	IO MD41	B10	P VCCAGP
L02	O DNSTB	F14	P GND	J22	IO HA20	P23	IO HREQ0#	AB03	IO MD42	B14	P VCCAGP
L03	O DNSTB#	F18	P GND	K26	IO HA21	R23	IO HREQ1#	AB01	IO MD43	E01	P VCCAGP
AA24	O DQM0 / CKE0	F20	P GND	J25	IO HA22	P25	IO HREQ2#	AD02	IO MD44	E02	P VCCAGP
AC22	O DQM1 / CKE1	F21	P GND	J23	IO HA23	R26	IO HREQ3#	AD01	IO MD45	E12	P VCCAGP
AE19	O DQM2 / CKE2	G02	P GND	H26	IO HA24	N21	IO HREQ4#	AA04	IO MD46	F12	P VCCAGP
AD16	O DQM3 / CKE3	G04	P GND	K23	IO HA25	U23	IO HTRDY#	AA03	IO MD47	G06	P VCCAGP
AE07	O DQM4 / CKE4	G21	P GND	G25	IO HA26	AD13	O MAA00	AA02	IO MD48	H06	P VCCAGP
AB02	O DQM5 / CKE5	H24	P GND	H22	IO HA27	AC14	O MAA01	AA01	IO MD49	J01	P VCCAGP
W02	O DQM6 / CKE6	J05	P GND	L24	IO HA28	AD15	O MAA02	V03	IO MD50	R06	P VCCM
U02	O DQM7 / CKE7	J06	P GND	G26	IO HA29	AC17	O MAA03	V01	IO MD51	T01	P VCCM
AF11	O DQM8	J21	P GND	H23	IO HA30	AB16	O MAA04	W03	IO MD52	T02	P VCCM
AA26	IO DQS0# / CKE0	M03	P GND	J24	IO HA31	AB21	O MAA05	V05	IO MD53	T06	P VCCM
AF23	IO DQS1# / CKE1	M04	P GND	K22	I HCLK	AC20	O MAA06	V04	IO MD54	W21	P VCCM
AD19	IO DQS2# / CKE2	P02	P GND	G22	IO HD00	AD24	O MAA07	V02	IO MD55	W22	P VCCM
AD17	IO DQS3# / CKE3	P05	P GND	F24	IO HD01	AA22	O MAA08	U05	IO MD56	W25	P VCCM
AD08	IO DQS4# / CKE4	P06	P GND	D26	IO HD02	AC24	O MAA09	U01	IO MD57	W26	P VCCM
AC03	IO DQS5# / CKE5	P21	P GND	D23	IO HD03	AD07	O MAA10	R01	IO MD58	Y01	P VCCM
W01	IO DQS6# / CKE6	P22	P GND	F25	IO HD04	AB04	O MAA11	R03	IO MD59	Y02	P VCCM
U03	IO DQS7# / CKE7	P24	P GND	F22	IO HD05	AB06	O MAA12	U06	IO MD60	Y06	P VCCM
AF12	IO DQS8#	T03	P GND	G23	IO HD06	AB24	O MAA13	U04	IO MD61	AA07	P VCCM
U26	IO DRDY#	T04	P GND	B26	IO HD07	Y23	O MAA14	T05	IO MD62	AA09	P VCCM
D03	IO GBE0#	T22	P GND	F23	IO HD08	AC09	O MAB00	R02	IO MD63	AA12	P VCCM
B02	IO GBE1#	V21	P GND	E22	IO HD09	AB13	O MAB01	AD12	IO MECC0 / CKE0	AA14	P VCCM
B03	IO GBE2#	V24	P GND	E25	IO HD10	AB14	O MAB02	AE12	IO MECC1 / CKE1	AA15	P VCCM
B07	IO GBE3#	V26	P GND	D24	IO HD11	AC15	O MAB03	AD11	IO MECC2 / CKE2	AA17	P VCCM
G03	I GCLK	W06	P GND	E24	IO HD12	AB15	O MAB04	AE10	IO MECC3 / CKE3	AA20	P VCCM
J02	I GCOMP	Y03	P GND	C26	IO HD13	AC21	O MAB05	AF14	IO MECC4 / CKE4	AB09	P VCCM
H03	IO GD0	Y04	P GND	D25	IO HD14	AE20	O MAB06	AC12	IO MECC5 / CKE5	AB12	P VCCM
H01	IO GD1	Y24	P GND	F26	IO HD15	AC23	O MAB07	AB11	IO MECC6 / CKE6	AB17	P VCCM
H04	IO GD2	AA06	P GND	A25	IO HD16	AB22	O MAB08	AF10	IO MECC7 / CKE7	AB20	P VCCM
H02	IO GD3	AA08	P GND	E26	IO HD17	AD25	O MAB09	V06	P MVREF	AE26	P VCCM
F02	IO GD4	AA10	P GND	E23	IO HD18	AB08	O MAB10	AA19	P MVREF	AF01	P VCCM
G01	IO GD5	AA11	P GND	B22	IO HD19	AB05	O MAB11	AC10	- NC	AF02	P VCCM
F03	IO GD6	AA13	P GND	C25	IO HD20	AC04	O MAB12	P03	I PWROK	AF07	P VCCM
F01	IO GD7	AA16	P GND	C24	IO HD21	AC25	O MAB13	P04	I RESET#	AF13	P VCCM
D01	IO GD8	AA21	P GND	B21	IO HD22	Y22	O MAB14	T26	IO RS0#	AF16	P VCCM
F05	IO GD9	AB23	P GND	B24	IO HD23	V22	I MCLKF	T23	IO RS1#	AF20	P VCCM
E04	IO GD10	AB25	P GND	A24	IO HD24	V23	O MCLK	U25	IO RS2#	AF26	P VCCM
C01	IO GD11	AC02	P GND	A23	IO HD25	W23	IO MD00	A13	I SBA0	H05	P VCCQ
C02	IO GD12	AC05	P GND	B23	IO HD26	AA25	IO MD01	B13	I SBA1	N01	P VCCV
C03	IO GD13	AC08	P GND	D19	IO HD27	AA23	IO MD02	D13	I SBA2	M01	P VCCV
C04	IO GD14	AC11	P GND	D21	IO HD28	AD26	IO MD03	D12	I SBA3	M02	P VCCV
B01	IO GD15	AC13	P GND	E21	IO HD29	Y26	IO MD04	B11	I SBA4	M05	P VCCV
A03	IO GD16	AC16	P GND	B25	IO HD30	Y25	IO MD05	C11	I SBA5	M06	P VCCV
A04	IO GD17	AD20	P GND	C21	IO HD31	AB26	IO MD06	E11	I SBA6	N06	P VCCV
D05	IO GD18	AD21	P GND	C22	IO HD32	AC26	IO MD07	A11	I SBA7	P01	I VLCOMP
C05	IO GD19	AE05	P GND	D22	IO HD33	AF25	IO MD08	B12	I SBS	K05	P VLVREF
C06	IO GD20	AE08	P GND	A21	IO HD34	AE24	IO MD09	A12	I SBS#	L04	IO VPAR
B05	IO GD21	AE11	P GND	A22	IO HD35	AE22	IO MD10	AE03	O SCASA#	R04	P VSUS25
C07	IO GD22	AE13	P GND	C20	IO HD36	AE21	IO MD11	AF04	O SCASB#	A26	P VTT
A07	IO GD23	AE16	P GND	A20	IO HD37	AF24	IO MD12	AC06	O SRASA#	F19	P VTT
A08	IO GD24	AE23	P GND	D20	IO HD38	AD23	IO MD13	AE06	O SRASB#	H21	P VTT
D08	IO GD25	AE25	P GND	B20	IO HD39	AD22	IO MD14	D09	O ST0	K21	P VTT
C08	IO GD26	J03	P GNDQ	F17	IO HD40	AF22	IO MD15	E13	O ST1	R21	P VTT

Center VCC Pins (19 pins): G18,J11-12,14-17,L9,18,M9,18,R9,18,T9,18,V11-12,15-16  
Center GND Pins (36 pins): L11-16, M11-16, N11-16, P11-16, R11-16, T11-16

VCCM (9 pins): P9,U9,18,V9-10,13-14,17-18  
VCCAGP (4 pins): J9-10,13,K9  
VTT (11 pins): G15,19-20,J18,K18,20,N18,P18,20,R20,T20  
VCCVL (1 pin): N9

## Pin Descriptions

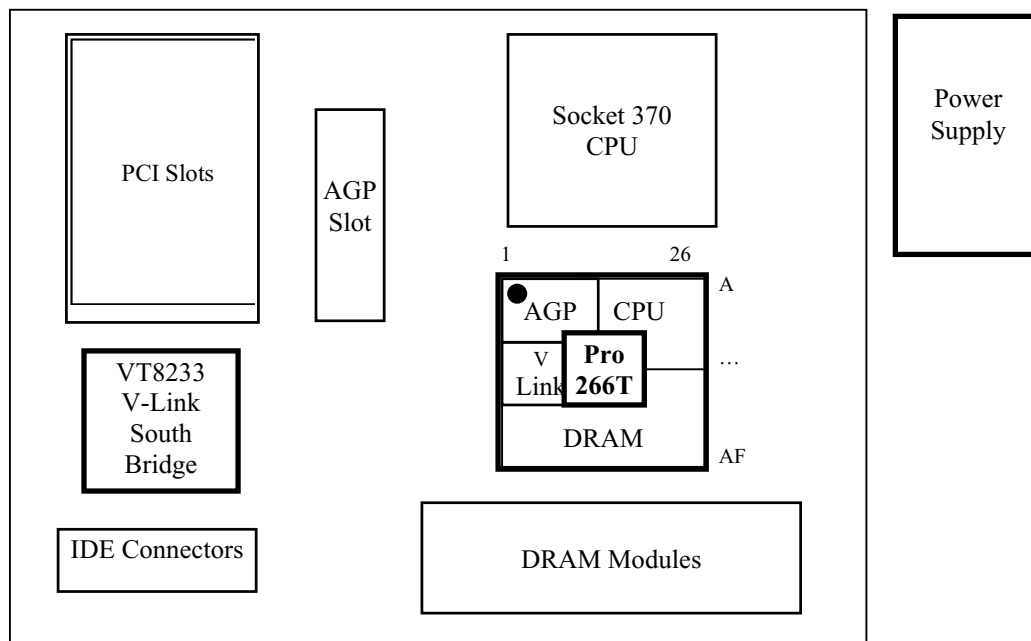
**Table 3. Pin Descriptions**

CPU Interface																					
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description																		
HA[31:3]#	(See Pin List)	IO	<b>Host Address Bus.</b> HA[31:3] connect to the address bus of the host CPU. During CPU cycles HA[31:3] are inputs. These signals are driven by the Pro266T during cache snooping operations.																		
HD[63:0]#	(See Pin List)	IO	<b>Host CPU Data.</b> These signals are connected to the CPU data bus.																		
ADS#	W24	IO	<b>Address Strobe.</b> The CPU asserts ADS# in T1 of the CPU bus cycle.																		
BNR#	N25	IO	<b>Block Next Request.</b> Used to block the current request bus owner from issuing new requests. This signal is used to dynamically control the processor bus pipeline depth.																		
BPRI#	P26	IO	<b>Priority Agent Bus Request.</b> The owner of this signal will always be the next bus owner. This signal has priority over symmetric bus requests and causes the current symmetric owner to stop issuing new transactions unless the HLOCK# signal is asserted. The Pro266T drives this signal to gain control of the processor bus.																		
DBSY#	U24	IO	<b>Data Bus Busy.</b> Used by the data bus owner to hold the data bus for transfers requiring more than one cycle.																		
DEFER#	R25	IO	<b>Defer.</b> The Pro266T uses a dynamic deferring policy to optimize system performance. The Pro266T also uses the DEFER# signal to indicate a processor retry response.																		
DRDY#	U26	IO	<b>Data Ready.</b> Asserted for each cycle that data is transferred.																		
HIT#	T25	IO	<b>Hit.</b> Indicates that a cacheing agent holds an unmodified version of the requested line. Also driven in conjunction with HITM# by the target to extend the snoop window.																		
HITM#	T24	I	<b>Hit Modified.</b> Asserted by the CPU to indicate that the address presented with the last snoop cycle is modified in the L1 cache and needs to be written back.																		
HLOCK#	R24	I	<b>Host Lock.</b> All CPU cycles sampled with the assertion of HLOCK# and ADS# until the negation of HLOCK# must be atomic.																		
HREQ[4:0]#	N21, R26, P25, R23, P23	IO	<b>Request Command.</b> Asserted during both clocks of the request phase. In the first clock, the signals define the transaction type to a level of detail that is sufficient to begin a snoop request. In the second clock, the signals carry additional information to define the complete transaction type.																		
HTRDY#	U23	IO	<b>Host Target Ready.</b> Indicates that the target of the processor transaction is able to enter the data transfer phase.																		
RS[2:0]#	U25, T23, T26	IO	<b>Response Signals.</b> Indicates the type of response per the table below: <table><tr><th>RS[2:0]#</th><th>Response type</th></tr><tr><td>000</td><td>Idle State</td></tr><tr><td>001</td><td>Retry Response</td></tr><tr><td>010</td><td>Defer Response</td></tr><tr><td>011</td><td>Reserved</td></tr><tr><td>100</td><td>Hard Failure</td></tr><tr><td>101</td><td>Normal Without Data</td></tr><tr><td>110</td><td>Implicit Writeback</td></tr><tr><td>111</td><td>Normal With Data</td></tr></table>	RS[2:0]#	Response type	000	Idle State	001	Retry Response	010	Defer Response	011	Reserved	100	Hard Failure	101	Normal Without Data	110	Implicit Writeback	111	Normal With Data
RS[2:0]#	Response type																				
000	Idle State																				
001	Retry Response																				
010	Defer Response																				
011	Reserved																				
100	Hard Failure																				
101	Normal Without Data																				
110	Implicit Writeback																				
111	Normal With Data																				
CPURST#	G24	O	<b>CPU Reset.</b> Reset output to CPU																		
BREQ0#	V25	O	<b>Bus Request 0.</b> Bus request output to CPU.																		

Note: Clocking of the CPU interface is performed with HCLK. See the clock pin group at the end of the pin descriptions section for descriptions of the clock pins.



The Pro266T pinouts were defined assuming the ATX PCB layout model shown below (and general pin layout shown) as a guide for PCB component placement. Other PCB layouts (AT, LPX, and NLX) were also considered and can typically follow the same general component placement.



Apollo Pro266T is an upgrade of Apollo Pro266 but the ballouts are slightly different. The Pro266T has 8 more balls than the Pro266. Seven of the eight new balls are VTT power signals for enhancing the Pentium III-M (Tualatin) CPU termination power supply to the Pro266T. The other ball is used as a VCC power signal. 9 of 13 VCCGTL power signals in the Pro266 used as AGTL+ IO power from a 2.5V power source are replaced by VTT power signals in Pro266T for AGTL(+) IO power. The remaining VCCGTL power signals are replaced by VCC power signals in Pro266T for its own core power. Except for VTT, VCC and VCCGTL power signals and two signals at J1 and AC10, ball assignment for all the remaining signals between both chips is exactly the same. Refer to the table below for more detail on ballout differences between the Pro266T and Pro266 chips. Also refer to the Pro266T Design Guide for details on designing motherboards to accommodate either chip.

**Table 4. Ballout Differences Between Pro266T and Pro266**

Signal Group	Pro266T	Pro266	Ballout assignment
Power	VTT	VCCGTL	A26, F19, H21, J18, K18, K21, N18, P18, R21
	VTT	-	G15, G19, G20, K20, P20, R20, T20
	VCC	VCCGTL	E15, F15, J14, J17
	VCC	-	G18
Signal	VCCAGP	GCOMPP	J1
	NC	DQSFB	AC10

<b>DRAM Interface</b>			
<b><u>Signal Name</u></b>	<b><u>Pin #</u></b>	<b><u>I/O</u></b>	<b><u>Signal Description</u></b>
<b>MD[63:0]</b>	(See Pin List)	IO	<b>Memory Data.</b> These signals are connected to the DRAM data bus.
<b>MECC[7:0] / CKE[7:0]</b>	AF10, AB11, AC12, AF14, AE10, AD11, AE12, AD12	IO	<b>DRAM ECC or EC Data:</b> when ECC is enabled. <b>Clock Enables:</b> For each DRAM bank for powering down the SDRAMs in notebook applications. Also used in desktop systems for clock control to reduce power usage and for reducing heat/temperature in high-speed memory systems.
<b>MAA[14:0]</b>	Y23, AB24, AB6, AB4, AD7, AC24, AA22, AD24, AC20, AB21, AB16, AC17, AD15, AC14, AD13	O	<b>Memory Address A.</b> DRAM address lines (two sets for better drive)
<b>MAB[14:0]</b>	Y22, AC25, AC4, AB5, AB8, AD25, AB22, AC23, AE20, AC21, AB15, AC15, AB14, AB13, AC9	O	<b>Memory Address B.</b> DRAM address lines (two sets for better drive).
<b>CS[7:0]#</b>	Y5, AA5, AD5, AE4, AE1, AE2, AD4, AF3	O	<b>Memory Chip Select.</b> Chip select of each bank.
<b>DQM8, DQM7 / CKE7, DQM6 / CKE6, DQM5 / CKE5, DQM4 / CKE4, DQM3 / CKE3, DQM2 / CKE2, DQM1 / CKE1, DQM0 / CKE0</b>	AF11, U2, W2, AB2, AE7, AD16, AE19, AC22, AA24	O	<b>Memory Data Mask.</b> Data mask of each data byte lane (DQM[0-7] and ECC byte (DQM8)).
<b>SRASA#, SRASB#</b>	AC6, AE6	O	<b>Row Address Command Indicator.</b> (2 pins for better drive)
<b>SCASA#, SCASB#</b>	AE3, AF4	O	<b>Column Address Command Indicator.</b> (2 pins for better drive)
<b>SWEA#, SWEB#</b>	AF5, AD6	O	<b>Write Enable Command Indicator.</b> (2 pins for better drive)
<b>DQS[8]#, DQS[7:0]# / CKE[7:0]</b>	AF12, U3, W1, AC3, AD8, AD17, AD19, AF23, AA26	IO	<b>DDR Data Strobe.</b> DQS[8]# for ECC bit.

<b>V-Link Interface</b>			
<b><u>Signal Name</u></b>	<b><u>Pin #</u></b>	<b><u>I/O</u></b>	<b><u>Signal Description</u></b>
<b>VAD7, VAD6, VAD5, VAD4, VAD3 / strap, VAD2 / strap, VAD1 / strap, VAD0 / strap</b>	<b>N3, N2, N4, L5, N5, L6, K6, J4</b>	<b>IO</b>	<b>V-Link Address/Data Bus.</b>
<b>VPAR</b>	<b>L4</b>	<b>IO</b>	<b>Parity.</b>
<b>VBE#</b>	<b>K4</b>	<b>IO</b>	<b>Byte Enable.</b>
<b>UPCMD</b>	<b>K3</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>Command from Client-to-Host.</b>
<b>UPSTB</b>	<b>K1</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>Strobe from Client-to-Host.</b>
<b>UPSTB#</b>	<b>K2</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>Complement strobe from Client-to-Host.</b>
<b>DNCMD</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>O</b>	<b>Command from Host-to-Client.</b>
<b>DNSTB</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>O</b>	<b>Strobe from Host-to-Client.</b>
<b>DNSTB#</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>O</b>	<b>Complement strobe from Host-to-Client.</b>

<b>AGP Bus Interface</b>			
<b>Signal Name</b>	<b>Pin #</b>	<b>I/O</b>	<b>Signal Description</b>
<b>GD[31:0]</b>	(See Pin List)	IO	<b>Address/Data Bus.</b> The standard AGP/PCI address and data lines. The address is driven with GDS0# and GDS1# assertion for AGP transfers and is driven with GFRM# assertion for PCI transfers.
<b>GBE[3:0]#</b>	B7, B3, B2, D3	IO	<b>Command/Byte Enable.</b> <b>AGP:</b> These pins provide command information (different commands than for PCI) driven by the master (graphics controller) when requests are being enqueued using PIPE#. These pins provide valid byte information during AGP write transactions and are driven by the master. The target (this chip) drives these lines to “0000” during the return of AGP read data, but the state of these pins is ignored by the AGP master. <b>PCI:</b> Commands are driven with GFRM# assertion. Byte enables corresponding to supplied or requested data are driven on following clocks.
<b>GPAR</b>	G5	IO	<b>AGP Parity.</b> A single parity bit is provided over GD[31:0] and GBE[3:0].
<b>GDS0</b>	F4	IO	<b>Bus Strobe 0 (AGP transactions only).</b> Provides timing for 2x data transfer mode on AD[15:0]. The agent that is providing the data drives this signal.
<b>GDS0#</b>	E3	IO	<b>Bus Strobe 0 compliment and Bus Strobe 0 (AGP transactions only).</b> Provides timing for 4x data transfer mode on AD[15:0]. The agent that is providing the data drives this signal.
<b>GDS1</b>	E8	IO	<b>Bus Strobe 1 (AGP transactions only).</b> Provides timing for 2x data transfer mode on AD[31:16]. The agent that is providing the data drives this signal.
<b>GDS1#</b>	F8	IO	<b>Bus Strobe 1 compliment and Bus Strobe 1 (AGP transactions only).</b> Provides timing for 4x data transfer mode on AD[31:16]. The agent that is providing the data drives this signal.
<b>GFRM#</b>	E7	IO	<b>Frame (PCI transactions only).</b> Assertion indicates the address phase of a PCI transfer. Negation indicates that one more data transfer is desired by the cycle initiator.
<b>GIRDY#</b>	F11	IO	<b>Initiator Ready</b> <b>AGP:</b> For write operations, the assertion of this pin indicates that the master is ready to provide <i>all</i> write data for the current transaction. Once this pin is asserted, the master is not allowed to insert wait states. For read operations, the assertion of this pin indicates that the master is ready to transfer a subsequent block of read data. The master is <i>never</i> allowed to insert a wait state during the initial block of a read transaction. However, it may insert wait states after each block transfers. <b>PCI:</b> Asserted when the initiator is ready for data transfer.
<b>GTRDY#</b>	E6	IO	<b>Target Ready:</b> <b>AGP:</b> Indicates that the target is ready to provide read data for the entire transaction (when the transaction can complete within four clocks) or is ready to transfer a (initial or subsequent) block of data when the transfer requires more than four clocks to complete. The target is allowed to insert wait states after each block transfers on both read and write transactions. <b>PCI:</b> Asserted when the target is ready for data transfer.
<b>GSTOP#</b>	E5	IO	<b>Stop (PCI transactions only).</b> Asserted by the target to request the master to stop the current transaction.
<b>GDEVSEL#</b>	D7	IO	<b>Device Select (PCI transactions only).</b> This signal is driven by the Pro266T when a PCI initiator is attempting to access main memory. It is an input when the Pro266T is acting as PCI initiator. Not used for AGP cycles.
<b>GPIPE#</b>	D11	I	<b>Pipelined Request.</b> Asserted by the master (graphics controller) to indicate that a full-width request is to be enqueued by the target Pro266T. The master enqueues one request each rising edge of GCLK while GPIPE# is asserted. When GPIPE# is deasserted no new requests are enqueued across the AD bus.
<b>GRBF#</b>	C10	I	<b>Read Buffer Full.</b> Indicates if the master (graphics controller) is ready to accept previously requested low priority read data. When GRBF# is asserted, the Pro266T will not return low priority read data to the master.
<b>GWBF#</b>	E9	I	<b>Write Buffer Full.</b>

<b>AGP Bus Interface (continued)</b>			
<b>Signal Name</b>	<b>Pin #</b>	<b>I/O</b>	<b>Signal Description</b>
<b>SBA[7:0]</b>	A11, E11, C11, B11, D12, D13, B13, A13	I	<b>SideBand Address.</b> Provides an additional bus to pass address and command information from the master (graphics controller) to the target (the Pro266T, these pins are ignored until enabled).
<b>SBS</b>	B12	I	<b>Sideband Strobe.</b> Provides timing for SBA[7:0] (driven by the master)
<b>SBS#</b>	A12	I	<b>Sideband Strobe compliment and SBS .</b> Provides timing for SBA[7:0] (driven by the master) when 4x timing is supported.
<b>ST[2:0]</b>	D10, E13, D9	O	<b>Status (AGP only).</b> Provides information from the arbiter to a master to indicate what it may do. Only valid while GGNT# is asserted. 000 Indicates that previously requested low priority read or flush data is being returned to the master (graphics controller). 001 Indicates that previously requested high priority read data is being returned to the master. 010 Indicates that the master is to provide low priority write data for a previously enqueued write command. 011 Indicates that the master is to provide high priority write data for a previously enqueued write command. 100 Reserved. (arbiter must not issue, may be defined in the future). 101 Reserved. (arbiter must not issue, may be defined in the future). 110 Reserved. (arbiter must not issue, may be defined in the future). 111 Indicates that the master (graphics controller) has been given permission to start a bus transaction. The master may enqueue AGP requests by asserting PIPE# or start a PCI transaction by asserting GFRM#. ST[2:0] are always outputs from the Pro266T and inputs to the master.
<b>GREQ#</b>	D14	I	<b>Request.</b> Master request for AGP.
<b>GGNT#</b>	C13	O	<b>Grant.</b> Permission is given to the master to use AGP.

Note: For PCI operation on the AGP bus, the following pins are not required:

- PERR# (parity and error reporting not required on transient data devices such as graphics controllers)
- LOCK# (no lock requirement on AGP)
- IDSEL (internally connected to AD16 on AGP-compliant masters)

Note: Separate system interrupts are not provided for AGP. The AGP connector provides interrupts via PCI bus INTA-B#.

Note: The AGP bus supports only one master directly (REQ[3:0]# and GNT[3:0]# are not provided). External logic is required to implement additional master capability. Note that the arbitration mechanism on the AGP bus is different from the PCI bus.

Note: A separate reset is not required for the AGP bus (RESET# resets both PCI and AGP buses)

Note: Two mechanisms are provided by the AGP bus to enqueue master requests: GPIPE# (to send addresses multiplexed on the AD lines) and the SBA port (to send addresses unmultiplexed). AGP masters implement one or the other or select one at initialization time (they are not allowed to change during runtime). Therefore only one of the two will be used and the signals associated with the other will not be used. Therefore the Pro266T has an internal pullup on GRBF# to maintain it in the de-asserted state in case it is not implemented on the master device.

<b>Clock / Reset Control</b>			
<b>Signal Name</b>	<b>Pin #</b>	<b>I/O</b>	<b>Signal Description</b>
<b>HCLK</b>	K22	I	<b>Host Clock.</b> This pin receives the host CPU clock (66 / 100 / 133 MHz). This clock is used by all Pro266T logic that is in the host CPU domain.
<b>GCLK</b>	G3	I	<b>AGP Clock.</b> This pin receives the AGP bus clock (66 MHz). This clock is used by all Pro266T logic that is in the AGP clock domain. The AGP clock must be synchronous / pseudo-synchronous to the host CPU clock (selectable as shown in the table above).
<b>MCLK</b>	V23	O	<b>DRAM Clock.</b> Output from internal clock generator to the external clock buffer.
<b>MCLKF</b>	V22	I	<b>DRAM Clock Feedback Input.</b>
<b>RESET#</b>	P4	I	<b>Reset.</b> Input from south bridge chip. When asserted, this signal resets the Pro266T and sets all register bits to the default value. The same signal that connects to this pin may also be used (connected through an external inverter) to reset the ISA bus (if implemented). The rising edge of this signal is used to sample all power-up strap options.
<b>PWROK</b>	P3	I	<b>Power OK.</b>
<b>CPURST#</b>	G24	O	<b>CPU Reset.</b> CPU Reset output to the CPU.
<b>CPURSTD#</b>	E14	O	<b>CPU Reset Delayed.</b> CPU Reset output to the CPU, 2T delayed from CPURST#.
<b>SUST#</b>	R5	I	<b>Suspend Status.</b> For implementation of the Suspend-to-DRAM feature. Connect to an external pullup to disable.

<b>Power, Ground, Analog, and Test</b>			
<b>Signal Name</b>	<b>Pin #</b>	<b>I/O</b>	<b>Signal Description</b>
<b>VCC</b>	(See Pin List)	P	<b>Core Power.</b> 2.5V $\pm$ 5%.
<b>GND</b>	(See Pin List)	P	<b>Ground</b>
<b>VTT</b>	A26, F19, G15, G19-20, H21, J18, K18, K20-K21, N18, P18, P20, R20-R21, T20	P	<b>CPU Interface Termination Power.</b> 1.2V $\pm$ 5% for Pentium III-M (Tualatin) CPUs, 1.5V $\pm$ 5% for all other Pentium / Celeron / VIA-C3 CPUs (see CPU specs for specific voltage)
<b>VCCVL</b>	M1-M2, M5-M6, N6, N9	P	<b>V-Link Power.</b> 2.5V $\pm$ 5%.
<b>VCCM</b>	P9, R6, T1-T2, T6, U9, U18, V9-V10, V13-V14, V17-V18, W21-W22, W25-W26, Y1-Y2, Y6, AA7, AA9, AA12, AA14, AA15, AA17, AA20, AB9, AB12, AB17, AB20, AE26, AF1, AF2, AF7, AF13, AF16, AF20, AF26	P	<b>DRAM Power.</b> Connect to 2.5V $\pm$ 5% power source for DDR SDRAM or to 3.3V $\pm$ 5% for SDR SDRAM (see Design Guide for details).
<b>VCCAGP</b>	A1-A2, A6, A10, A14, B6, B10, B14, E1-E2, E12, F12, G6, H6, J1, J9-J10, J13, K9	P	<b>AGP Power.</b> 1.5V (AGP 4x) / 3.3V (AGP 2x and 1x) $\pm$ 5%.
<b>VCCQQ</b>	H5	P	<b>AGP Quiet Power.</b> 1.5V (AGP 4x) / 3.3V (AGP 2x and 1x) $\pm$ 5%.
<b>GNDQQ</b>	J3	P	<b>AGP Quiet Ground.</b>
<b>VSUS25</b>	R4	P	<b>Suspend Power.</b> 2.5V $\pm$ 5%.
<b>AVCCHCK</b>	L21	P	<b>PLL Power.</b> Clock generator/deskew. 2.5V $\pm$ 5%.
<b>AGNDHCK</b>	L22	P	<b>PLL Analog Ground.</b> Clock generator/deskew ground. Connect to main ground plane through ferrite bead.
<b>AVCCMCK</b>	U21	P	<b>DRAM Deskew Power.</b> 2.5V $\pm$ 5%.
<b>AGNDMCK</b>	U22	P	<b>DRAM Deskew Analog Ground.</b> Connect to main ground plane through ferrite bead.
<b>AVCCDL1</b>	AA10	P	<b>DLL1 Power.</b> 2.5V $\pm$ 5%.
<b>AGNDDL1</b>	AB10	P	<b>DLL1 Analog ground</b>
<b>AVCCDL2</b>	W5	P	<b>DLL2 Power.</b> 2.5V $\pm$ 5%.
<b>AGNDDL2</b>	W4	P	<b>DLL2 Analog ground</b>
<b>MVREF</b>	V6, AA19	P	<b>DDR SDRAM Memory Voltage Reference.</b> 1.25V
<b>GTLVREF</b>	F16, T21	P	<b>CPU Interface GTL+ Voltage Reference.</b> 2/3 VTT $\pm$ 2%
<b>AGPVREF</b>	A5	P	<b>AGP Voltage Reference.</b> $\frac{1}{2}$ VCCQQ.
<b>VLVREF</b>	K5	P	<b>V-Link Voltage Reference.</b> 0.9V.
<b>VCCVK</b>	N1	I	<b>V-Link Compensation Circuit Power.</b> 2.5V $\pm$ 5%.
<b>VLCOMP</b>	P1	I	<b>P Channel Compensation for V-Link</b>
<b>GCOMP</b>	J2	I	<b>P Channel Compensation for AGP</b>
<b>TESTIN#</b>	L23	I	<b>Test Input.</b> NAND tree / tristate mode test select.

# REGISTERS

## Register Overview

The following tables summarize the configuration and I/O registers of the Pro266T. These tables also document the power-on default value (“Default”) and access type (“Acc”) for each register. Access type definitions used are RW (Read/Write), RO (Read/Only), “—” for reserved / used (essentially the same as RO), and RWC (or just WC) (Read / Write 1’s to Clear individual bits). Registers indicated as RW may have some read-only bits that always read back a fixed value (usually 0 if unused); registers designated as RWC or WC may have some read-only or read write bits (see individual register descriptions following these tables for details). All offset and default values are shown in hexadecimal unless otherwise indicated.

**Table 5. Registers**

### I/O Ports

<b>Port #</b>	<b>I/O Port</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
22	PCI / AGP Arbiter Disable	00	RW
CFB-8	Configuration Address	0000 0000	RW
CFF-C	Configuration Data	0000 0000	RW



**Pro266T Device 0 Registers - Host Bridge**
**Header Registers**

Offset	Configuration Space Header	Default	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	<b>1106</b>	RO
3-2	Device ID	<b>3101</b>	RO
5-4	Command	<b>0006</b>	RW
7-6	Status	<b>0210</b>	WC
8	Revision ID	<b>0n</b>	RO
9	Program Interface	00	RO
A	Sub Class Code	00	RO
B	Base Class Code	<b>06</b>	RO
C	Reserved	00	—
D	Latency Timer	00	RW
E	Header Type	00	RO
F	Built In Self Test (BIST)	00	RO
13-10	Graphics Aperture Base	<b>0000 0008</b>	RW
14-2B	Reserved	00	—
2D-2C	Subsystem Vendor ID	0000	RW
2F-2E	Subsystem ID	0000	RW
33-30	Reserved	00	—
37-34	Capability Pointer	<b>0000 00A0</b>	RO
3F-38	Reserved	00	—

**Device-Specific Registers**

Offset	V-Link Control	Default	Acc
40	V-Link Revision ID	00	RW
41	V-Link NB Capability	<b>18</b>	RW
42	V-Link NB Downlink Command	<b>88</b>	RW
44-43	V-Link NB Uplink Status	<b>8280</b>	RW
45	V-Link NB Bus Timer	<b>44</b>	RW
46	V-Link Misc NB Control	00	RW
47	V-Link Control	00	RW
48	V-Link NB/SB Configuration	<b>18</b>	RW
49	V-Link SB Capability	<b>18</b>	RW
4A	V-Link SB Downlink Status	<b>88</b>	RO
4C-4B	V-Link SB Uplink Command	<b>8280</b>	RO
4D	V-Link SB Bus Timer	<b>44</b>	RW
4E	CCA Master High Priority	00	RW
4F	V-Link SB Miscellaneous Control	00	RW

Offset	Host CPU Protocol Control	Default	Acc
50	CPU Interface Request Phase Control	00	RW
51	CPU Interface Basic Control	00	RW
52	CPU Interface Advanced Control	00	RW
53	CPU Interface Arbitration Control	<b>03</b>	RW
54	Miscellaneous	00	RW

**Device-Specific Registers (continued)**

Offset	DRAM Control	Default	Acc
55	DRAM Control	00	RW
56-57	(see below)		
59-58	MA Map Type	<b>2222</b>	RW
5F-5A	DRAM Row Ending Address:		
5A	Bank 0 Ending (HA[31:24])	<b>01</b>	RW
5B	Bank 1 Ending (HA[31:24])	<b>01</b>	RW
5C	Bank 2 Ending (HA[31:24])	<b>01</b>	RW
5D	Bank 3 Ending (HA[31:24])	<b>01</b>	RW
5E	Bank 4 Ending (HA[31:24])	<b>01</b>	RW
5F	Bank 5 Ending (HA[31:24])	<b>01</b>	RW
<b>56</b>	Bank 6 Ending (HA[31:24])	<b>01</b>	RW
<b>57</b>	Bank 7 Ending (HA[31:24])	<b>01</b>	RW
60	DRAM Type	00	RW
61	ROM Shadow Control C0000-CFFFF	00	RW
62	ROM Shadow Control D0000-DFFFF	00	RW
63	ROM Shadow Control E0000-FFFFF	00	RW
64	DRAM Timing for All Banks	<b>E4</b>	RW
65	DRAM Arbitration Timer	00	RW
66	DRAM Arbitration Control	00	RW
67	DRAM DQS/SDR/MD Read Delay	00	RW
68	DRAM DDR Control	00	RW
69	Extended SMRAM Control	00	RW
6A	DRAM Refresh Counter	00	RW
6B	DRAM Arbitration Control	<b>10</b>	RW
6C	SDRAM Control	00	RW
6D	DRAM Control Drive Strength	00	RW
6E	ECC Control	00	RW
6F	ECC Status	00	<b>RO</b>

Offset	PCI Bus Control	Default	Acc
70	PCI Buffer Control	00	RW
71	CPU to PCI Flow Control	<b>48</b>	RW
72	-reserved-	00	—
73	PCI Master Control	00	RW
74	-reserved-	00	—
75	PCI Arbitration 1	00	RW
76	PCI Arbitration 2	00	RW
77-7F	-reserved-	00	—

Offset	GART/TLB Control	Default	Acc
83-80	GART/TLB Control	0000 0000	RW
84	Graphics Aperture Size	00	RW
85-87	-reserved-	00	—
8B-88	Gr. Aperture TLB Base Register Base	0000 0000	RW
8C-9F	-reserved-	00	—

**Device 0 Device-Specific Registers (continued)**

<b>Offset</b>	<b>AGP Control</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
A0	AGP ID	02	RO
A1	AGP Next Item Pointer	C0	RO
A2	AGP Specification Revision	20	RO
A3	-reserved-	00	—
A7-A4	AGP Status	1F00 0201	RO
AB-A8	AGP Command	0000 0000	RW
AC	AGP Control	00	RW
AD	AGP Latency Timer	02	RW
AE	AGP Miscellaneous Control	00	RW
AF	-reserved-	00	—
B0	AGP Compensation Control / Status	xx	RW
B1	AGP Compensation Drive Strength	63	RW
B2	AGP Drive / Delay Control	08	RW
B3	AGP Strobe Drive Strength		RW

<b>Offset</b>	<b>V-Link Control</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
B4	V-Link NB Compensation Control	00	RW
B5	V-Link NB Drive Control	00	RW
B6-B7	-reserved-	00	—
B8	V-Link SB Compensation Control	00	RW
B9	V-Link SB Drive Control	00	RW
BA-BD	-reserved-	00	—

<b>Offset</b>	<b>DRAM Interface Control</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
BE	MECC Drive Strength	00	RW
BF	MA / SCMD Pad Toggle Reduction	00	RW

<b>Offset</b>	<b>Extended Power Management</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
C0	Capability ID	01	RO
C1	Next Pointer	00	RO
C2	Power Management Capabilities 1	02	RO
C3	Power Management Capabilities 2	00	RO
C4	Power Management Control / Status	00	RW
C5	Power Management Status	00	RW
C6	PCI-to-PCI Bridge Support Extension	00	RW
C7	Power Management Data	00	RW
C8-CF	-reserved-	00	—

<b>Offset</b>	<b>ECC Error Control</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
D3-D0	ECC Error Address	xx	RO
D4	ECC Error Syndrome Bit	xx	RO
D5-DF	-reserved-	00	—

<b>Offset</b>	<b>UMA Control (Reserved)</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
E0-E3	-reserved-	00	—

<b>Offset</b>	<b>DRAM Above 4G Control</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
E4	Low Top Address Low	00	RW
E5	Low Top Address High	FF	RW
E6	SMM / APIC Decoding	01	RW
E7-EF	-reserved-	00	—

<b>Offset</b>	<b>Test</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
F0	PLL Test Mode (do not program)	00	RW
F1	PLL Test Mode Select	00	RW
F2	Chip Test Mode (do not program)	00	RW

<b>Offset</b>	<b>BIOS Scratch &amp; Foundry ID</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
F3-F7	BIOS Scratch Registers	00	RW
F8	Foundry ID	00	RW

<b>Offset</b>	<b>Back Door Control</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
F9	Back Door Control	00	RW
FA	Back-Door Max # of AGP Requests	00	RW
FB	Back-Door Revision ID	00	RW
FD-FC	Back-Door Device ID	0000	RW
FE-FF	-reserved-	00	—

**Pro266T Device 1 - PCI-to-PCI Bridge**
**Header Registers**

<b>Offset</b>	<b>Configuration Space Header</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
1-0	Vendor ID	<b>1106</b>	RO
3-2	Device ID	<b>B101</b>	RO
5-4	Command	<b>0007</b>	<b>RW</b>
7-6	Status	<b>0230</b>	<b>WC</b>
8	Revision ID (R/W if Rx44[7]=1)	<b>0n</b>	<b>RO</b>
9	Program Interface	00	RO
A	Sub Class Code	<b>04</b>	RO
B	Base Class Code	<b>06</b>	RO
C	-reserved-	00	—
D	Latency Timer	00	<b>RW</b>
E	Header Type	<b>01</b>	RO
F	Built In Self Test (BIST)	00	RO
17-10	-reserved-	00	—
18	Primary Bus Number	00	<b>RW</b>
19	Secondary Bus Number	00	<b>RW</b>
1A	Subordinate Bus Number	00	<b>RW</b>
1B	Secondary Latency Timer	00	RO
1C	I/O Base	<b>F0</b>	<b>RW</b>
1D	I/O Limit	00	<b>RW</b>
1F-1E	Secondary Status	0000	RO
21-20	Memory Base	<b>FFF0</b>	<b>RW</b>
23-22	Memory Limit (Inclusive)	0000	<b>RW</b>
25-24	Prefetchable Memory Base	<b>FFF0</b>	<b>RW</b>
27-26	Prefetchable Memory Limit	0000	<b>RW</b>
28-33	-reserved-	00	—
34	Capability Pointer	<b>80</b>	RO
35-3D	-reserved-	00	—
3F-3E	PCI-to-PCI Bridge Control	00	<b>RW</b>

**Device-Specific Registers**

<b>Offset</b>	<b>AGP Bus Control</b>	<b>Default</b>	<b>Acc</b>
40	CPU-to-AGP Flow Control 1	00	RW
41	CPU-to-AGP Flow Control 2	<b>08</b>	RW
42	AGP Master Control	00	RW
43	AGP Master Latency Timer	<b>22</b>	RW
44	Back-Door Register Control	<b>20</b>	RW
45	Fast Write Control	<b>72</b>	RW
47-46	PCI-to-PCI Bridge Device ID	0000	RW
48-7F	-reserved-	00	—
80	Capability ID	<b>01</b>	<b>RO</b>
81	Next Pointer	00	<b>RO</b>
82	Power Management Capabilities 1	<b>02</b>	<b>RO</b>
83	Power Management Capabilities 2	00	<b>RO</b>
84	Power Management Control / Status	00	RW
85	Power Management Status	00	<b>RO</b>
86	PCI-PCI Bridge Support Extensions	00	<b>RO</b>
87	Power Management Data	00	<b>RO</b>
88-FF	-reserved-	00	—

## **Miscellaneous I/O**

One I/O port is defined in the Pro266T: Port 22.

### **Port 22 – PCI / AGP Arbiter Disable ..... RW**

- 7-2 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 1 AGP Arbiter Disable**
  - 0 Respond to GREQ# signal ..... default
  - 1 Do not respond to GREQ# signal
- 0 PCI Arbiter Disable**
  - 0 Respond to all REQ# signals ..... default
  - 1 Do not respond to any REQ# signals, including PREQ#

This port can be enabled for read/write access by setting bit-7 of Device 0 Configuration Register 76.

## **Configuration Space I/O**

All registers in the Pro266T (listed above) are addressed via the following configuration mechanism:

### **Mechanism #1**

These ports respond only to double-word accesses. Byte or word accesses will be passed on unchanged.

### **Port CFB-CF8 - Configuration Address..... RW**

- 31 Configuration Space Enable**
  - 0 Disabled ..... default
  - 1 Convert configuration data port writes to configuration cycles on the PCI bus
- 30-24 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 23-16 PCI Bus Number**  
Used to choose a specific PCI bus in the system
- 15-11 Device Number**  
Used to choose a specific device in the system (devices 0 and 1 are defined for the Pro266T)
- 10-8 Function Number**  
Used to choose a specific function if the selected device supports multiple functions (only function 0 is defined for the Pro266T).
- 7-2 Register Number (also called the "Offset")**  
Used to select a specific DWORD in the Pro266T configuration space
- 1-0 Fixed** ..... always reads 0

### **Port CFF-CFC - Configuration Data..... RW**

Refer to PCI Bus Specification Version 2.1 for further details on operation of the above configuration registers.

## Register Descriptions

### Device 0 Header Registers - Host Bridge

All registers are located in PCI configuration space. They should be programmed using PCI configuration mechanism 1 through CF8 / CFC with bus number, function number, and device number equal to zero.

#### Device 0 Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h).....RO

**15-0 ID Code** (reads 1106h to identify VIA Technologies)

#### Device 0 Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3101h).....RO

**15-0 ID Code** (reads 3101h to identify the Pro266T)

#### Device 0 Offset 5-4 -Command (0006h).....RW

- 15-10 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 9 Fast Back-to-Back Cycle Enable** ..... RO
  - 0 Fast back-to-back transactions only allowed to the same agent.....default
  - 1 Fast back-to-back transactions allowed to different agents
- 8 SERR# Enable**..... RO
  - 0 SERR# driver disabled.....default
  - 1 SERR# driver enabled
 (SERR# is used to report parity errors if bit-6 is set).
- 7 Address / Data Stepping**..... RO
  - 0 Device never does stepping.....default
  - 1 Device always does stepping
- 6 Parity Error Response**.....RW
  - 0 Ignore parity errors & continue.....default
  - 1 Take normal action on detected parity errors
- 5 VGA Palette Snoop**..... RO
  - 0 Treat palette accesses normally.....default
  - 1 Don't respond to palette accesses on PCI bus
- 4 Memory Write and Invalidate Command** ..... RO
  - 0 Bus masters must use Mem Write.....default
  - 1 Bus masters may generate Mem Write & Inval
- 3 Special Cycle Monitoring**..... RO
  - 0 Does not monitor special cycles.....default
  - 1 Monitors special cycles
- 2 Bus Master** ..... RO
  - 0 Never behaves as a bus master
  - 1 Can behave as a bus master.....default
- 1 Memory Space**..... RO
  - 0 Does not respond to memory space
  - 1 Responds to memory space.....default
- 0 I/O Space** ..... RO
  - 0 Does not respond to I/O space .....default
  - 1 Responds to I/O space

#### Device 0 Offset 7-6 - Status (0210h).....RWC

- 15 Detected Parity Error**
  - 0 No parity error detected..... default
  - 1 Error detected in either address or data phase. This bit is set even if error response is disabled (command register bit-6). .....write one to clear
- 14 Signaled System Error (SERR# Asserted)**
  - .....always reads 0
- 13 Signaled Master Abort**
  - 0 No abort received ..... default
  - 1 Transaction aborted by the master ..... write one to clear
- 12 Received Target Abort**
  - 0 No abort received ..... default
  - 1 Transaction aborted by the target ..... write one to clear
- 11 Signaled Target Abort** .....always reads 0
  - 0 Target Abort never signaled
- 10-9 DEVSEL# Timing**
  - 00 Fast
  - 01 Medium .....always reads 01
  - 10 Slow
  - 11 Reserved
- 8 Data Parity Error Detected**
  - 0 No data parity error detected ..... default
  - 1 Error detected in data phase. Set only if error response enabled via command bit-6 = 1 and Pro266T was initiator of the operation in which the error occurred.....write one to clear
- 7 Fast Back-to-Back Capable**.....always reads 0
- 6 User Definable Features** .....always reads 0
- 5 66MHz Capable**.....always reads 0
- 4 Supports New Capability list**.....always reads 1
- 3-0 Reserved** .....always reads 0

#### Device 0 Offset 8 - Revision ID (0nh)..... RO

- 7-0 Chip Revision Code**.....always reads 0nh  
 ..... (n = revision code)

#### Device 0 Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h)..... RO

- 7-0 Interface Identifier** .....always reads 00

#### Device 0 Offset A - Sub Class Code (00h)..... RO

- 7-0 Sub Class Code** .....reads 00 to indicate Host Bridge

#### Device 0 Offset B - Base Class Code (06h)..... RO

- 7-0 Base Class Code**.. reads 06 to indicate Bridge Device

#### Device 0 Offset D - Latency Timer (00h)..... RW

Specifies the latency timer value in PCI bus clocks.

- 7-3 Reserved** ..... always read 0
- 2-0 Guaranteed Time Slice for CPU** (fixed granularity of 8 clks) ..... always read 0  
 Bits 2-1 are writeable but read 0 for PCI specification compatibility. The programmed value may be read back in Offset 75 bits 5-4 (PCI Arbitration 1).

**Device 0 Host Bridge Header Registers (continued)**
**Device 0 Offset E - Header Type (00h).....RO**

7-0 Header Type Code ..... reads 00: single function

**Device 0 Offset F - Built In Self Test (BIST) (00h).....RO**

7 BIST Supported .....reads 0: no supported functions

6-0 Reserved ..... always reads 0

**Device 0 Offset 13-10 - Graphics Aperture Base**
**(00000008h) .....RW**

31-28 Upper Programmable Base Address Bits ..... def=0

27-20 Lower Programmable Base Address Bits ..... def=0

These bits behave as if hardwired to 0 if the corresponding Graphics Aperture Size register bit (Device 0 Offset 84h) is 0.

27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	(This Register)
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	(Gr Aper Size)
RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	1M
RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	0	2M
RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	0	0	4M
RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	0	0	0	8M
RW	RW	RW	RW	0	0	0	0	16M
RW	RW	RW	0	0	0	0	0	32M
RW	RW	0	0	0	0	0	0	64M
RW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	128M
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	256M

19-0 Reserved ..... always reads 00008

Note: The locations in the address range defined by this register are prefetchable.

**Device 0 Offset 2D-2C – Subsystem Vendor ID (0000h) RW**

15-0 Subsystem Vendor ID ..... default = 0

This register may be written once and is then read only.

**Device 0 Offset 2F-2E – Subsystem ID (0000h)..... RW**

15-0 Subsystem ID ..... default = 0

This register may be written once and is then read only.

**Device 0 Offset 37-34 - Capability Pointer (000000A0h) RO**

Contains an offset from the start of configuration space.

31-0 AGP Capability List Pointer .....always reads A0h

## **Device 0 Configuration Registers - Host Bridge**

These registers are normally programmed once at system initialization time.

### **V-Link Control**

#### **Device 0 Offset 40 – V-Link Specification ID (00h) .....RO**

7-0 Specification Revision..... always reads 00

#### **Device 0 Offset 41 – NB V-Link Capability (18h) .....RO**

7-6 Reserved ..... always reads 0

5 16-bit Bus Width Supported .....RO

0 Not Supported .....default  
1 Supported

4 8-Bit Bus Width Supported.....RO

0 Not Supported  
1 Supported .....default

3 4x Rate Supported .....RO

0 Not Supported  
1 Supported .....default

2 2x Rate Supported .....RO

0 Not Supported .....default  
1 Supported

1-0 Reserved ..... always reads 0

#### **Device 0 Offset 42 – NB Downlink Command (88h).....RW**

7-4 DnCmd Max Request Depth (0=1 DnCmd) . def = 8

3-0 DnCmd Write Buffer Size (doublewords)..... def = 8

#### **Device 0 Offset 44-43 – NB Uplink Status (8280h).....RO**

15-12 UpCmd P2C Write Buffer Size (max lines).. def = 8

11-8 UpCmd P2P Write Buffer Size (max lines).. def = 2

7-4 UpCmd Max Request Depth (0=1 UpCmd) . def = 8

3-0 Reserved ..... always reads 0

#### **Device 0 Offset 45 –NB V-Link Bus Timer (44h) .....RW**

7-4 Timer for Normal Priority Requests from SB

3-0 Timer for High Priority Requests from SB

0000 Immediate

0001 1\*4 VCLKs

0010 2\*4 VCLKs

0011 3\*4 VCLKs

0100 4\*4 VCLKs ..... default (both timers)

0101 5\*4 VCLKs

0110 6\*4 VCLKs

0111 7\*4 VCLKs

1000 8\*4 VCLKs

1001 16\*4 VCLKs

1010 32\*4 VCLKs

1011 64\*4 VCLKs

11xx Own the bus for as long as there is a request

#### **Device 0 Offset 46 – NB V-Link Misc Control (00h) .....RW**

7 Downstream High Priority

0 Disable High Priority Down Commands..... def

1 Enable High Priority Down Commands

6 Downlink Priority

0 Treat Downlink Cycles as Normal Priority def

1 Treat Downlink Cycles as High Priority

5-4 Combine Multiple STPGNT Cycles into V-Link Command

00 Compatible, 1 command per V-Link cmd ... def

01 2 commands per V-Link command

10 3 commands per V-Link command

11 1 commands per V-Link command

3-2 V-Link Master Access Ordering Rules

00 High priority read, pass normal read (not pass write) ..... default

01 Read (high/normal) pass write (HR>LR>W)

1x Read / write in order

1-0 Reserved .....always reads 0

#### **Device 0 Offset 47 – V-Link Control (00h)..... RW**

7-3 Reserved .....always reads 0

2 Auto-Disconnect

0 Disable..... default

1 Enable

1 V-Link Disconnect Cycle for HALT cycle

0 Disable..... default

1 Enable

0 V-Link Disconnect Cycle for STPGNT Cycle

0 Disable..... default

1 Enable

#### **Device 0 Offset 48 – NB/SB V-Link Configuration (18h)RW**

7 Reserved .....always reads 0

6 Rest Bus Width Supported

0 Not Supported ..... default

1 Supported

5 16-bit Bus Width Supported

0 Not Supported ..... default

1 Supported

4 8-Bit Bus Width Supported

0 Not Supported

1 Supported ..... default

3 4x Rate Supported

0 Not Supported

1 Supported ..... default

2 2x Rate Supported

0 Not Supported ..... default

1 Supported

1-0 Reserved .....always reads 0



**Device 0 Offset 49 – SB V-Link Capability (18h).....RO**

- 7-6 **Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 5 **16-bit Bus Width Supported**.....RO
  - 0 Not Supported.....default
  - 1 Supported
- 4 **8-Bit Bus Width Supported**.....RO
  - 0 Not Supported
  - 1 Supported.....default
- 3 **4x Rate Supported** .....RO
  - 0 Not Supported
  - 1 Supported.....default
- 2 **2x Rate Supported** .....RO
  - 0 Not Supported.....default
  - 1 Supported
- 1-0 **Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**Device 0 Offset 4A – SB Downlink Status (88h).....RO**

- 7-4 **DnCmd Max Request Depth** (0=1 DnCmd) . def = 8
- 3-0 **DnCmd Write Buffer Size** (doublewords)..... def = 8

**Device 0 Offset 4C-4B – SB Uplink Command (8280h).RW**

- 15-12 **UpCmd P2C Write Buffer Size** (max lines).. def = 8
- 11-8 **UpCmd P2P Write Buffer Size** (max lines) .. def = 2
- 7-4 **UpCmd Max Request Depth** (0=1 UpCmd) . def = 8
- 3-0 **Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**Device 0 Offset 4D – SB V-Link Bus Timer (44h).....RW**

- 7-4 **Timer for Normal Priority Requests from SB**
- 3-0 **Timer for High Priority Requests from SB**
  - 0000 Immediate
  - 0001 1\*4 VCLKs
  - 0010 2\*4 VCLKs
  - 0011 3\*4 VCLKs
  - 0100 4\*4 VCLKs..... default (both timers)
  - 0101 5\*4 VCLKs
  - 0110 6\*4 VCLKs
  - 0111 7\*4 VCLKs
  - 1000 8\*4 VCLKs
  - 1001 16\*4 VCLKs
  - 1010 32\*4 VCLKs
  - 1011 64\*4 VCLKs
  - 11xx Own the bus for as long as there is a request

**Device 0 Offset 4E – CCA Master Priority (00h)..... RW**

- 7 **Packet Bus High Priority**
  - 0 Low priority..... default
  - 1 High priority
- 6 **LAN / NIC High Priority**
  - 0 Low priority..... default
  - 1 High priority
- 5 **Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 4 **USB High Priority**
  - 0 Low priority..... default
  - 1 High priority
- 3 **Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 2 **IDE High Priority**
  - 0 Low priority..... default
  - 1 High priority
- 1 **AC97-ISA High Priority**
  - 0 Low priority..... default
  - 1 High priority
- 0 **PCI High Priority**
  - 0 Low priority..... default
  - 1 High priority

**Device 0 Offset 4F – SB V-Link Misc Control (00h) .... RW**

- 7 **Upstream Command High Priority**
  - 0 Disable high priority up commands..... default
  - 1 Enable high priority up commands
- 6-1 **Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 0 **Down Cycle Wait for Up Cycle Write Flush (Except Down Cycle Post Write)**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable



**Host CPU Control**
**Device 0 Offset 50 – Request Phase Control (00h) ..... RW**

- 7 CPU Hardwired IOQ (In Order Queue) Size**  
Default set from the strap on South Bridge LA18 (communicated to the Pro266T via VAD2). This register can be written 0 to restrict the chip to one level of IOQ.  
0 1-Level  
1 8-Level
- 6 GTL Pullup**  
Default set from the inverse of the strap on South Bridge LA19 (communicated to the Pro266T via VAD3).  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 5 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 4-0 Dynamic Defer Snoop Stall Count**

**Device 0 Offset 51 – CPU Interface Basic Control (00h)RW**

- 7 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 6 Read Around Write**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 5 DRQ Control**  
0 Non pipelined similar to Pro266).....default  
1 Pipelined
- 4 CPU to PCI Read Defer**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 3 Two Defer / Retry Entries**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 2 Two Defer / Retry Entries Shared**  
0 Each entry is dedicated to 1 CPU.....default  
1 Each entry is shared by 2 CPUs
- 1 PCI Master Pipelined Access**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 0 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**Device 0 Offset 52 – CPU Interface Advanced Ctrl (00h)RW**

- 7 CPU RW DRAM 0WS for Back-to-Back Pipeline Access**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 6 HREQ / HPRI**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 5 GTL POS**  
0 Disable (Pro266 Compatible) ..... default  
1 Enable
- 4 Dynamic Snoop Stall for CPU FIFO Full**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 3 Write Retire Policy After 2 Writes**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 2 133 / 100 DADS Fast Conversion**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 1 Consecutive Speculative Read**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 0 Speculative Read**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable

**Device 0 Offset 53 – CPU Arbitration Control (03h) .... RW**

- 7-4 Host Timer** ..... default = 0
- 3-0 BPRI Timer** (units of 4 HCLKs) ..... default = 3

**Device 0 Offset 54 – CPU Frequency (00h) ..... RW**

- 7-6 CPU Frequency** (VAD1-0 strap from SB SA[16-17])  
00 66  
01 100  
1x 133
- 5-2 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 1 AGP Capability Header Support**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 0 VPX Mode**  
0 Disable (AGP Mode)..... default  
1 Enable (VPX Mode)

## **DRAM Control**

These registers are normally set at system initialization time and not accessed after that during normal system operation. Some of these registers, however, may need to be programmed using specific sequences during power-up initialization to properly detect the type and size of installed memory (refer to the VIA Technologies Pro266T BIOS porting guide for details).

**Table 6. System Memory Map**

<b><u>Space</u></b>	<b><u>Start</u></b>	<b><u>Size</u></b>	<b><u>Address Range</u></b>	<b><u>Comment</u></b>
DOS	0	640K	00000000-0009FFFF	Cacheable
VGA	640K	128K	000A0000-000BFFFF	Used for SMM
BIOS	768K	16K	000C0000-000C3FFF	Shadow Ctrl 1
BIOS	784K	16K	000C4000-000C7FFF	Shadow Ctrl 1
BIOS	800K	16K	000C8000-000CBFFF	Shadow Ctrl 1
BIOS	816K	16K	000CC000-000CFFFF	Shadow Ctrl 1
BIOS	832K	16K	000D0000-000D3FFF	Shadow Ctrl 2
BIOS	848K	16K	000D4000-000D7FFF	Shadow Ctrl 2
BIOS	864K	16K	000D8000-000DBFFF	Shadow Ctrl 2
BIOS	880K	16K	000DC000-000DFFFF	Shadow Ctrl 2
BIOS	896K	64K	000E0000-000EFFFF	Shadow Ctrl 3
BIOS	960K	64K	000F0000-000FFFFF	Shadow Ctrl 3
Sys	1MB	—	00100000-DRAM Top	Can have hole
Bus	D Top		DRAM Top-FFFEFFFF	
Init	4G-64K	64K	FFFEFFFF-FFFFFFFF	000Fxxxx alias

## **Device 0 Offset 55 – DRAM Control (00h)..... RW**

- 7 0WS Back-to-Back Write to Different DDR Bank**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 6 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 5 DQS Input DLL Adjustment**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 4 DQS Output DLL Adjustment**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 3 DQM Removal (Always Perform 4-Burst RW)**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 2 DQS Output**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 1 Auto Precharge for TLB Read or CPU WriteBack**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 0 Write Recovery Time**
  - 0 1T ..... default
  - 1 2T

**Device 0 Offset 59-58 - DRAM MA Map Type (2222h).RW**

- 15-13 Bank 5/4 MA Map Type** (see table below)  
**12 Bank 5/4 1T Command Rate**  
0 2T Command .....default  
1 1T Command  
**11-9 Bank 7/6 MA Map Type** (see table below)  
**8 Bank 7/6 1T Command Rate**  
0 2T Command .....default  
1 1T Command  
**7-5 Bank 1/0 MA Map Type** (see table below)  
**4 Bank 1/0 1T Command Rate**  
0 2T Command .....default  
1 1T Command  
**3-1 Bank 3/2 MA Map Type** (see table below)  
**0 Bank 3/2 1T Command Rate**  
0 2T Command .....default  
1 1T Command

**Table 7. MA Map Type Encoding**

000	<u>16Mb</u>	8-bit, 9-bit, 10-bit Column Address
001	<u>64/128Mb</u>	8-bit Column Address .....default
010	<u>64/128Mb</u>	9-bit Column Address
011	<u>64/128Mb</u>	10/11-bit Column Address
100		-reserved-
101	<u>256Mb</u>	8-bit Column Address
110	<u>256Mb</u>	9-bit Column Address
111	<u>256Mb</u>	10/11-bit Column Address

**Device 0 Offset 5F-5A – DRAM Row Ending Address:**

- Offset 5A – Bank 0 Ending (HA[31:24]) (01h)..... RW**  
**Offset 5B – Bank 1 Ending (HA[31:24]) (01h)..... RW**  
**Offset 5C – Bank 2 Ending (HA[31:24]) (01h)..... RW**  
**Offset 5D – Bank 3 Ending (HA[31:24]) (01h)..... RW**  
**Offset 5E – Bank 4 Ending (HA[31:24]) (01h)..... RW**  
**Offset 5F – Bank 5 Ending (HA[31:24]) (01h)..... RW**  
**Offset 56 – Bank 6 Ending (HA[31:24]) (01h)..... RW**  
**Offset 57 – Bank 7 Ending (HA[31:24]) (01h)..... RW**

Note : BIOS is required to fill the ending address registers for all banks even if no memory is populated. The endings have to be in incremental order.

**Device 0 Offset 60 – DRAM Type (00h)..... RW**

- 7-6 DRAM Type for Bank 7/6**  
**5-4 DRAM Type for Bank 5/4**  
**3-2 DRAM Type for Bank 3/2**  
**1-0 DRAM Type for Bank 1/0**  
00 SDR SDRAM..... default  
01 -reserved- (do not program)  
10 DDR SDRAM  
11 -reserved-

**Table 8. Memory Address Mapping Table**

**SDR / DDR SDRAM** (x4 DRAMs supported by SDR only)

MA:	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
<u>16Mb</u> (000)		24		13	12	11	14	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	12 row 10,9,8 col
<u>64/128Mb</u> 2K page 001	14	24	14	13	12	11	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	x16 (14,8) x32 (14,8)
4K page 010	14	25	14	13	12	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	x8 (14,9) x16 (14,9)
8K page 011	14	26	14	13	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	x4 (14,10) x8 (14,10) x4 (14,11)
<u>256Mb</u> 2K page 101	25	24	14	13	12	11	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	x32 (15,8)
4K page 110	26	25	14	13	12	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	x16 (15,9)
8K page 111	27	26	14	13	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	x8 (15,10) x4 (15,11)

**Device 0 Offset 61 - Shadow RAM Control 1 (00h).....RW**

<b>7-6 CC000h-CFFFFh</b>	
00	Read/write disable.....default
01	Write enable
10	Read enable
11	Read/write enable
<b>5-4 C8000h-CBFFFh</b>	
00	Read/write disable.....default
01	Write enable
10	Read enable
11	Read/write enable
<b>3-2 C4000h-C7FFFh</b>	
00	Read/write disable.....default
01	Write enable
10	Read enable
11	Read/write enable
<b>1-0 C0000h-C3FFFh</b>	
00	Read/write disable.....default
01	Write enable
10	Read enable
11	Read/write enable

**Device 0 Offset 62 - Shadow RAM Control 2 (00h).....RW**

<b>7-6 DC000h-DFFFFh</b>	
00	Read/write disable.....default
01	Write enable
10	Read enable
11	Read/write enable
<b>5-4 D8000h-DBFFFh</b>	
00	Read/write disable.....default
01	Write enable
10	Read enable
11	Read/write enable
<b>3-2 D4000h-D7FFFh</b>	
00	Read/write disable.....default
01	Write enable
10	Read enable
11	Read/write enable
<b>1-0 D0000h-D3FFFh</b>	
00	Read/write disable.....default
01	Write enable
10	Read enable
11	Read/write enable

**Device 0 Offset 63 - Shadow RAM Control 3 (00h).....RW**

7-6

E0000h-EFFFFh

00

Read/write disable .....

default

01

Write enable

10

Read enable

11

Read/write enable

5-4

F0000h-FFFFFh

00

Read/write disable .....

default

01

Write enable

10

Read enable

11

Read/write enable

3-2

Memory Hole

00

None .....

default

01

512K-640K

10

15M-16M (1M)

11

14M-16M (2M)

1-0

SMI Mapping Control

SMM

Code

Data

Non-SMM

Code

Data

00

DRAM

DRAM

PCI

PCI

01

DRAM

DRAM

DRAM

DRAM

10

DRAM

PCI

PCI

PCI

11

DRAM

DRAM

DRAM

DRAM

**Device 0 Offset 64 - DRAM Timing for All Banks (E4h)RW**

- 7 **Precharge Command to Active Command Period**  
0 TRP = 2T  
1 TRP = 3T .....default
- 6 **Active Command to Precharge Command Period**  
0 TRAS = 5T  
1 TRAS = 6T .....def
- 5-4 **CAS Latency**  

	SDR	DDR
00	1T	-
01	2T	2T
10	3T	2.5T.....default
11	-	3T
- 3 **Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 2 **ACTIVE to CMD**  
0 2T  
1 3T .....default
- 1-0 **Bank Interleave**  
00 No Interleave.....default  
01 2-way  
10 4-way  
11 Reserved  
For 16Mb SDRAMs bank interleave is always 2-way

**Device 0 Offset 65 - DRAM Arbitration Timer (00h) ....RW**

- 7-4 **AGP Timer** (units of 4 MCLKs) ..... default = 0
- 3-0 **CPU Timer** (units of 4 MCLKs)..... default = 0

**Device 0 Offset 66 - DRAM Arbitration Control (00h)..RW**

- 7 **SDR – Feedback Clock Select**  
**DDR - DQS Input Delay Setting**  
0 Auto (Rx67 reads DLL calibration result) ...def  
1 Manual (Rx67 reads DQS input delay)
- 6 **DDR - DQS Output Delay Setting**  
0 Auto .....default  
1 Manual
- 5-4 **Arbitration Parking Policy**  
00 Park at last bus owner .....default  
01 Park at CPU  
10 Park at AGP  
11 -reserved-
- 3-0 **AGP / CPU Priority** (units of 4 MCLKs)

**Device 0 Offset 67 – DDR Strobe Input Delay (00h) ..... RW**

- SDR:**
- 7-5 **Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 4 **MD Latch Clock Select**  
0 Internal clock..... default  
1 External feedback clock
- 3 **Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 2-0 **MD Latch Delay**
- DDR:**
- 7-6 **CS Early Clock Select** ..... default = 0
- 5-0 **DQS Input Delay** ..... default = 0  
(if Rx66[7]=0, read DLL calibration result)

**Device 0 Offset 68 – DDR Strobe Output Delay (00h)... RW**

- 7-0 **DDR DQS Output Delay** ..... default = 0

**Device 0 Offset 69 – DRAM Clock Select (00h)..... RW**

- 7 CPU Operating Frequency Faster Than DRAM**  
 0 CPU Same As or Equal to DRAM.....default  
 1 CPU Faster Than DRAM by 33 MHz
- 6 DRAM Operating Frequency Faster Than CPU**  
 0 DRAM Same As or Equal to CPU.....default  
 1 DRAM Faster Than CPU by 33 MHz

<u>Rx68[1-0]</u>	<u>Rx69[7-6]</u>	<u>CPU / DRAM</u>
00	00	66 / 66 (def)
00	01	66 / 100†
01	10	100 / 66
01	00	100 / 100
01	01	100 / 133†
1x	10	133 / 100
1x	00	133 / 133

†Rx53[6] must also be set to 1 for DRAM > CPU

- 5 Dynamic CKE**  
 0 Disable .....default  
 1 Enable
- 4 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 3 DRAM 8K Page Enable**  
 0 Disable .....default  
 1 Enable
- 2 DRAM 4K Page Enable**  
 0 Disable .....default  
 1 Enable
- 1 DIMM Type**  
 0 Unbuffered .....default  
 1 Registered
- 0 Multiple Page Mode**  
 0 Disable .....default  
 1 Enable

**Device 0 Offset 6A - Refresh Counter (00h)..... RW**

- 7-0 Refresh Counter** (in units of 16 MCLKs)  
 00 DRAM Refresh Disabled ..... default  
 01 32 MCLKs  
 02 48 MCLKs  
 03 64 MCLKs  
 04 80 MCLKs  
 05 96 MCLKs  
 ... ..

The programmed value is the desired number of 16-MCLK units minus one.

**Device 0 Offset 6B - DRAM Arbitration Control (10h).RW**

<b>7</b>	<b>Fast Read to Write turn-around</b>
0	Disable .....default
1	Enable
<b>6</b>	<b>Page Kept Active When Cross Bank</b>
0	Disable .....default
1	Enable
<b>5</b>	<b>Burst Refresh</b>
0	Disable .....default
1	Enable
<b>4</b>	<b>CKE Function</b>
0	Disable
1	Enable .....default
<b>3</b>	<b>Swap HA14 and HA22</b>
0	Normal .....default
1	Swap to Improve Performance
<b>2-0</b>	<b>SDRAM Operation Mode Select</b>
000	Normal SDRAM Mode.....default
001	NOP Command Enable
010	All-Banks-Precharge Command Enable (CPU-to-DRAM cycles are converted to All-Banks-Precharge commands).
011	MSR Enable CPU-to-DRAM cycles are converted to commands and the commands are driven on MA[14:0]. The BIOS selects an appropriate host address for each row of memory such that the right commands are generated on MA[14:0].
100	CBR Cycle Enable (if this code is selected, CAS-before-RAS refresh is used; if it is not selected, RAS-Only refresh is used)
101	Reserved
11x	Reserved

**Device 0 Offset 6C - Drive Control 1 (00h)..... RW**

<b>7-6</b>	<b>SDRAM A Drive – SRASA/SCASA/SWEA, MAA</b>
00	..... default
01	
10	
11	
<b>5-4</b>	<b>SDRAM B Drive – SRASB/SCASB/SWEB, MAB</b>
00	..... default
01	
10	
11	
<b>3-2</b>	<b>DDR DQS Drive</b>
00	..... default
01	
10	
11	
<b>1-0</b>	<b>MD/MECC/CAS/CKE Early Clock Select</b>
00	..... default
01	
10	
11	

**Device 0 Offset 6D - Drive Control 2 (00h)..... RW**

<b>7-6</b>	<b>Early Clock Select for SCMD, MA Output (for 1T Command)</b>
00	..... default
01	
10	
11	
<b>5-4</b>	<b>DQM Drive</b>
00	..... default
01	
10	
11	
<b>3-2</b>	<b>RAS# Drive</b>
00	..... default
01	
10	
11	
<b>1-0</b>	<b>Memory Data Drive (MD, MECC)</b>
00	..... default
01	
10	
11	

**Device 0 Offset 6E - ECC Control (00h) .....RW**

- 7 ECC / EC Mode Select**  
0 ECC Checking and Reporting .....default  
1 ECC Checking, Reporting, and Correcting
- 6 Perform Read-Modify-Write for Partial Write**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 5 Enable SERR# on ECC / EC Multi-Bit Error**  
0 Don't assert SERR# for multi-bit errors .....def  
1 Assert SERR# for multi-bit errors
- 4 Enable SERR# on ECC / EC Single-Bit Error**  
0 Don't assert SERR# for single-bit errors .....def  
1 Assert SERR# for single-bit errors
- 3 ECC / EC Enable - Bank 7/6 (DIMM 3)**  
0 Disable (no ECC or EC for banks 7/6)...default  
1 Enable (ECC or EC per bit-7)
- 2 ECC / EC Enable - Bank 5/4 (DIMM 2)**  
0 Disable (no ECC or EC for banks 5/4)...default  
1 Enable (ECC or EC per bit-7)
- 1 ECC / EC Enable - Bank 3/2 (DIMM 1)**  
0 Disable (no ECC or EC for banks 3/2)...default  
1 Enable (ECC or EC per bit-7)
- 0 ECC / EC Enable - Bank 1/0 (DIMM 0)**  
0 Disable (no ECC or EC for banks 1/0)...default  
1 Enable (ECC or EC per bit-7)

Error checking / correction may be enabled bank-pair by bank-pair (DIMM by DIMM) by using bits 0-2 above. Bank pairs must be populated with 72-bit memory to enable for EC or ECC since the additional data bits must be present in either case. For this reason, if 64-bit memory is populated in a particular bank pair, the corresponding bit 0-2 should be set to 0 to disable both EC and ECC for that bank pair. For those bank pairs that have 72-bit memory available (and have the corresponding bit 0-2 set), either EC or ECC may be selected via bit-7 above (i.e., all enabled bank pairs will use EC or all will use ECC).

If error checking / reporting only (EC) is selected, all read and write cycles will use normal timing. Partial writes (with EC or ECC enabled) will use read-modify-write cycles to maintain correct error correction codes in the additional 8 data bits. If EC and ECC are disabled for a particular bank pair, partial writes to that bank pair will use the byte enables to write only the selected bytes (using normal write cycles and cycle timing). If error correction (ECC) is selected, the first read of a transaction will always have one additional cycle of latency.

<u>Bit-7</u>	<u>Bits 2-0</u>	<u>RMW</u>	<u>Error Checking</u>	<u>Error Correction</u>
0/1	0	No	No	No
0	1	Yes	Yes	No
1	1	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Device 0 Offset 6F - ECC Status (00h).....RWC**

- 7 Multi-bit Error Detected** ..... write of '1' resets
- 6-4 Multi-bit Error DRAM Bank**..... default=0  
Encoded value of the bank with the multi-bit error.
- 3 Single-bit Error Detected** ..... write of '1' resets
- 2-0 Single-bit Error DRAM Bank** ..... default=0  
Encoded value of the bank with the single-bit error.

**Table 9. DIMM Module Configuration**

<b>Rx6B</b> <b>[4]</b> <b>CKE</b> <b>Ena</b>	<b>Rx6E</b> <b>[3-0]</b> <b>ECC</b> <b>Ena</b>	<b>Rx6E</b> <b>[6]</b> <b>RMW</b> <b>Ena</b>	<b>Rx55</b> <b>[3]</b> <b>No</b> <b>DQM</b> <b>DQM</b>	<b>DIMM</b> <b>Module</b> <b>Configuration</b>	<b>MECC</b> <b>[7-0]</b> <b>Pins</b>	<b>DQM</b> <b>[8-0]</b> <b>Pins</b>	<b>DQS#</b> <b>[8-0]</b> <b>Pins</b>
1	1	0	1	DDR Only x8 with ECC	MECC[7-0]	CKE[7-0]	DQS[8-0]#
1	0	0	0	DDR Only x8 no ECC	CKE[7-0]	DQM[7-0]	DQS[7-0]#
0	0	0	0	184-Pin DDR/SDR Mix	CKE[7-0]	DQM[8-0]	DQS[8-0]#
1	1	x	0	168-Pin SDR Only	MECC[7-0]	DQM[8-0]	CKE[7-0]
1	0	0	1	2 DDR + 2 SDR (SDR Installed)	CKE[7-0]	-	DQS[7-0]#
1	0	0	0	2 DDR + 2 SDR (DDR Installed)	CKE[7-0]	DQM[7-0]	DQS[7-0]#



## PCI Bus Control

These registers are normally programmed once at system initialization time.

### Device 0 Offset 70 - PCI Buffer Control (00h).....RW

- 7 CPU to PCI Post-Write**
  - 0 Disable .....default
  - 1 Enable
- 6 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 5-4 PCI Master to DRAM Prefetch**
  - 00 Always prefetch .....default
  - x1 Prefetch disabled
  - 10 Prefetch only for enhance command
- 3-2 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 1 Delay Transaction**
  - 0 Disable .....default
  - 1 Enable
- 0 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

### Device 0 Offset 71 - CPU to PCI Flow Control 1 (48h)RWC

- 7 Retry Status**
  - 0 No retry occurred .....default
  - 1 Retry occurred..... **write 1 to clear**
- 6 Retry Timeout Action**
  - 0 Retry Forever (record status only)
  - 1 Flush buffer for write  
or return all 1s for read.....**default**
- 5-4 Retry Count and Retry Backoff**
  - 00 Retry 2 times, backoff CPU .....default
  - 01 Retry 16 times
  - 10 Retry 4 times
  - 11 Retry 64 times
- 3 PCI Burst**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable .....**default**
- 2 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 1 Compatible Type 1 Configuration Cycle AD31**
  - 0 Fix AD31 .....default
  - 1
- 0 IDSEL Control**
  - 0 AD11, AD12 .....default
  - 1 AD30, AD31

### Device 0 Offset 73 - PCI Master Control 1 (00h) .....RWC

- 7 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 6 PCI Master 1-Wait-State Write**
  - 0 Zero wait state TRDY# response..... default
  - 1 One wait state TRDY# response
- 5 PCI Master 1-Wait-State Read**
  - 0 Zero wait state TRDY# response..... default
  - 1 One wait state TRDY# response
- 4 WSC# (Write Snoop Complete)**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 3-1 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 0 PCI Master Broken Timer Enable**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable. Force into arbitration when there is no  
FRAME# 16 PCICLK's after the grant.

**Device 0 Offset 75 - PCI Arbitration 1 (00h).....RW**

- 7 Arbitration Mode**
  - 0 REQ-based (arbitrate at end of REQ#) ..default
  - 1 Frame-based (arbitrate at FRAME# assertion)
- 6-4 CPU Latency** ..... read only, reads Rx0D bits 2:1
- 3 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 2-0 PCI Master Bus Time-Out**  
(force into arbitration after a period of time)
  - 000 Disable .....default
  - 001 1x16 PCICLKs
  - 010 2x16 PCICLKs
  - 011 3x16 PCICLKs
  - 100 4x16 PCICLKs
  - ... ..
  - 111 7x16 PCICLKs

**Device 0 Offset 76 - PCI Arbitration 2 (00h)..... RW**

- 7 I/O Port 22 Enable (South Bridge)**
  - 0 CPU access to I/O address 22 is passed on to the PCI bus ..... default
  - 1 CPU access to I/O address 22 is processed internally
- 6 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 5-4 Master Priority Rotation Control**
  - 00 Disable..... default
  - 01 Grant to CPU after every PCI master grant
  - 10 Grant to CPU after every 2 PCI master grants
  - 11 Grant to CPU after every 3 PCI master grants

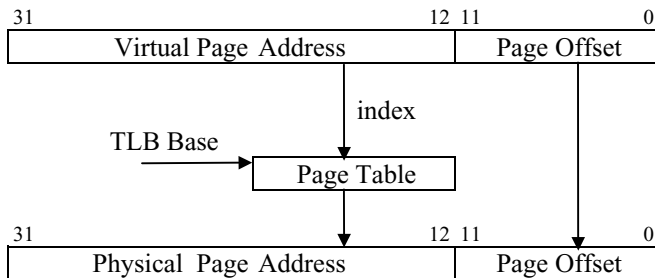
With setting 01, the CPU will always be granted access after the current bus master completes, no matter how many PCI masters are requesting. With setting 10, if other PCI masters are requesting during the current PCI master grant, the highest priority master will get the bus after the current master completes, but the CPU will be guaranteed to get the bus after that master completes. With setting 11, if other PCI masters are requesting, the highest priority will get the bus next, then the next highest priority will get the bus, then the CPU will get the bus. In other words, with the above settings, even if multiple PCI masters are continuously requesting the bus, the CPU is guaranteed to get access after every master grant (01), after every other master grant (10) or after every third master grant (11).
- 3-2 REQn# to REQ4# Mapping**
  - 00 REQ4# ..... default
  - 01 REQ0#
  - 10 REQ1#
  - 11 REQ2#
- 1 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 0 REQ4# is High Priority Master**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable

### GART / Graphics Aperture Control

The function of the Graphics Address Relocation Table (GART) is to translate virtual 32-bit addresses issued by an AGP device into 4K-page based physical addresses for system memory access. In this translation, the upper 20 bits (A31-A12) are remapped, while the lower 12 address bits (A11-A0) are used unchanged.

A one-level fully associative lookup scheme is used to implement the address translation. In this scheme, the upper 20 bits of the virtual address are used to point to an entry in a page table located in system memory. Each page table entry contains the upper 20 bits of a physical address (a "physical page" address). For simplicity, each page table entry is 4 bytes. The total size of the page table depends on the GART range (called the "aperture size") which is programmable in the Pro266T.

This scheme is shown in the figure below.



**Figure 4. Graphics Aperture Address Translation**

Since address translation using the above scheme requires an access to system memory, an on-chip cache (called a "Translation Lookaside Buffer" or TLB) is utilized to enhance performance. The TLB in the Pro266T contains 16 entries. Address "misses" in the TLB require an access of system memory to retrieve translation data. Entries in the TLB are replaced using an LRU (Least Recently Used) algorithm.

Addresses are translated only for accesses within the "Graphics Aperture" (GA). The Graphics Aperture can be any power of two in size from 1MB to 256MB (i.e., 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, 8MB, etc). The base of the Graphics Aperture can be anywhere in the system virtual address space on an address boundary determined by the aperture size (e.g., if the aperture size is 4MB, the base must be on a 4MB address boundary). The Graphics Aperture Base is defined in register offset 10 of device 0. The Graphics Aperture Size and TLB Table Base are defined in the following register group (offsets 84 and 88 respectively) along with various control bits.

### Device 0 Offset 83-80 - GART/TLB Control (00000000h) RW

**31-16 Reserved** .....always reads 0  
**15-8 Reserved (test mode status)** .....RO

**7 Flush Page TLB**  
 0 Disable..... default  
 1 Enable

**6-0 Reserved (always program to 0)** .....RW

Note: For any master access to the Graphics Aperture range, snoop will not be performed.

### Device 0 Offset 84 - Graphics Aperture Size (00h)..... RW

**7-0 Graphics Aperture Size**

11111111 1M  
 11111110 2M  
 11111100 4M  
 11111000 8M  
 11110000 16M  
 11100000 32M  
 11000000 64M  
 10000000 128M  
 00000000 256M

### Offset 8B-88 - GA Translation Table Base (00000000h) RW

**31-12 Graphics Aperture Translation Table Base.**  
 Pointer to the base of the translation table in system memory used to map addresses in the aperture range (the pointer to the base of the "Directory" table).

**11-2 Reserved** .....always reads 0

**1 Graphics Aperture Enable**

0 Disable..... default  
 1 Enable

Note: To disable the Graphics Aperture, set this bit to 0 and set all bits of the Graphics Aperture Size to 0. To enable the Graphics Aperture, set this bit to 1 and program the Graphics Aperture Size to the desired aperture size.

**0 Reserved** .....always reads 0

## AGP Control

### Device 0 Offset A3-A0 - AGP Capability Identifier (0020C002h) .....RO

- 31-24 Reserved** ..... always reads 00h  
**23-20 Major Specification Revision** ..... always reads 2h  
Major rev of AGP spec that device conforms to (2.x)  
**19-16 Minor Specification Revision** ..... always reads 0h  
Minor rev # of AGP spec that device conforms to  
**15-8 Pointer to Next Item** ..... always reads C0 (last item)  
**7-0 AGP ID** .. (always reads 02 to indicate it is AGP)

### Device 0 Offset A7-A4 - AGP Status (1F000201h) .....RO

- 31-24 Maximum AGP Requests** ..... always reads 1F†  
Max # of AGP requests the device can manage (32)  
† See also RxFC[1] and RxFD[4-0]  
**23-10 Reserved** .....always reads 0s  
**9 Supports SideBand Addressing** ..... always reads 1  
**8-6 Reserved** .....always reads 0s  
**5 4G Supported** (can be written at RxAE[5] ..... def=0  
**4 Fast Wr Supported** (can be written at AE[4]... def=0  
**3 Reserved** .....always reads 0s  
**2 4X Rate Supported** (can be written at AE[2]).. def=0  
**1 2X Rate Supported** (can be written at AC[3]) . def=0  
**0 1X Rate Supported** ..... always reads 1

### Device 0 Offset AB-A8 - AGP Command (00000000h) . RW

- 31-24 Request Depth** (reserved for target).. always reads 0s  
**23-10 Reserved** ..... always reads 0s  
**9 SideBand Addressing Enable**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable  
**8 AGP Enable**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable  
**7-6 Reserved** ..... always reads 0s  
**5 4G Enable**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable  
**4 Fast Write Enable**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable  
**3 Reserved** ..... always reads 0s  
**2 4X Mode Enable**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable  
**1 2X Mode Enable**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable  
**0 1X Mode Enable**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable

**Device 0 Offset AC - AGP Control (08h) ..... RW**

- 7 AGP Disable**
  - 0 Enable .....default
  - 1 Disable
- 6 AGP Read Synchronization**
  - 0 Disable .....default
  - 1 Enable
- 5 AGP Read Snoop DRAM Post-Write Buffer**
  - 0 Disable .....default
  - 1 Enable
- 4 GREQ# Priority Becomes Higher When Arbiter is Parked at AGP Master**
  - 0 Disable .....default
  - 1 Enable
- 3 2X Rate Supported (read also at RxA4[1])**
  - 0 Not supported
  - 1 Supported .....default
- 2 LPR In-Order Access (Force Fence)**
  - 0 Fence/Flush functions not guaranteed. AGP read requests (low/normal priority and high priority) may be executed before previously issued write requests. ....default
  - 1 Force all requests to be executed in order (automatically enables Fence/Flush functions). Low (i.e., normal) priority AGP read requests will never be executed before previously issued writes. High priority AGP read requests may still be executed prior to previously issued write requests as required.
- 1 AGP Arbitration Parking**
  - 0 Disable .....default
  - 1 Enable (GGNT# remains asserted until either GREQ# de-asserts or data phase ready)
- 0 AGP to PCI Master or CPU to PCI Turnaround Cycle**
  - 0 2T or 3T Timing .....default
  - 1 1T Timing

**Device 0 Offset AD – AGP Latency Timer (02h)..... RW**

- 7-6 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 5 Input on AGP GD / GBE Pads**
  - 0 Disable Input ..... default
  - 1 Enable Input
- 4 Choose First or Last Ready of DRAM**
  - 0 Last ready chosen ..... default
  - 1 First ready chosen
- 3-0 AGP Data Phase Latency Timer** ..... default = 02h

**Device 0 Offset AE – AGP Miscellaneous Control (00h)RW**

- 7-6 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 5 4G Supported**
  - 0 4G not supported ..... default
  - 1 4G supported
- 4 Fast Write Supported**
  - 0 Fast Write not supported ..... default
  - 1 Fast Write supported
- 3 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 2 4x Rate Supported**
  - 0 4x Rate not supported ..... default
  - 1 4x Rate supported
- 1-0 Reserved** .....always reads 0

**Device 0 Offset B0 – AGP Pad Control / Status (xxh) ...RW**

- 7 AGP 4x Strobe VREF Control**
  - 0 STB VREF is STB# and vice versa
  - 1 STB VREF is AGPREF .....default
- 6 AGP 4x Strobe & GD Pad Drive Strength**
  - 0 Drive strength set to compensation circuit default .....default
  - 1 Drive strength controlled by RxB1[7-0]
- 5-3 AGP Compensation Circuit N Control Output.RO**
- 2-0 AGP Compensation Circuit P Control Output.RO**

**Device 0 Offset B1 – AGP Compensation Drive Strength (63h).....RW**

- 7-4 AGP Output Buffer Drive Strength N Ctrl... def=6**
- 3-0 AGP Output Buffer Drive Strength P Ctrl.... def=3**

**Device 0 Offset B2 – AGP Pad Drive / Delay Ctrl (08h) RW**

- 7 GD/GBE/GDS, SBA/SBS Control**  
**1.5V (Bit-1 = 0)**
  - 0 SBA/SBS = no cap ..... default
  - GD/GBE/GDS = no cap
  - 1 SBA/SBS = no cap
  - GD/GBE/GDS = **cap****3.3V (Bit-1 = 1)**
  - 0 SBA/SBS = **cap** ..... default
  - GD/GBE/GDS = no cap
  - 1 SBA/SBS = **cap**
  - GD/GBE/GDS = **cap**
- 6-5 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 4 GD[31-16] Staggered Delay**
  - 0 None ..... default
  - 1 GD[31:16] delayed by 1 ns
- 3 GD / GDS / GDS# Slew Rate Control**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable..... **default**
- 2 GDS / GDS# Preamble Control**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 1 AGP Bus Voltage**
  - 0 1.5V ..... default
  - 1 3.3V
- 0 GDS Output Delay**
  - 0 None ..... default
  - 1 GDS[1-0] & GDS[1-0]# delayed by 0.4 ns

Note: GDS1 & GDS1# will be delayed an additional 1ns if bit-4 = 1

**Device 0 Offset B3 – AGP Strobe Drive Strength..... RW**

- 7-4 AGP Strobe Output Buffer Drive Strength N Ctrl**
- 3-0 AGP Strobe Output Buffer Drive Strength P Ctrl**

**V-Link Control**
**Device 0 Offset B4 – V-Link NB Compensation Ctrl (00h)RW**

- 7-6 V-Link Autocomp Output Value**..... always reads 0
- 5 Pullup Compensation Selection**
  - 0 Auto Comp (use values in bits 7-6).....default
  - 1 Manual Comp (use values in bits 3-2)
- 4 Pulldown Compensation Selection**
  - 0 Auto Comp (use values in bits 7-6).....default
  - 1 Manual Comp (use values in bits 1-0)
- 3-2 Pullup Compensation Manual Setting** ..... def = 0
- 1-0 Pulldown Compensation Manual Setting** .... def = 0

**Device 0 Offset B5 – V-Link NB Drive Control (00h)....RW**

- 7-6 NB V-Link Strobe Pullup Manual Setting**
- 5-4 NB V-Link Strobe Pulldown Manual Setting**
- 3-1 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 0 NB V-Link Slew Rate Control**
  - 0 Disable .....default
  - 1 Enable

**Device 0 Offset B8 – V-Link SB Compensation Ctrl (00h)RW**

- 7-6 V-Link Autocomp Output Value**..... always reads 0
- 5 Pullup Compensation Selection**
  - 0 Auto Comp (use values in bits 7-6).....default
  - 1 Manual Comp (use values in bits 3-2)
- 4 Pulldown Compensation Selection**
  - 0 Auto Comp (use values in bits 7-6).....default
  - 1 Manual Comp (use values in bits 1-0)
- 3-2 Pullup Compensation Manual Setting** ..... def = 0
- 1-0 Pulldown Compensation Manual Setting** .... def = 0

**Device 0 Offset B9 – V-Link SB Drive Control (00h) ....RW**

- 7-6 SB V-Link Strobe Pullup Manual Setting**
- 5-4 SB V-Link Strobe Pulldown Manual Setting**
- 3-1 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 0 SB V-Link Slew Rate Control**
  - 0 Disable .....default
  - 1 Enable

**DRAM Interface Control**
**Device 0 Offset BE – MECC Drive Strength (00h)..... RW**

- 7-6 MECC Drive Strength** ..... default = 0
- 5-0 Reserved** .....always reads 0

**Device 0 Offset BF – DRAM Pad Toggle Reduction (00h)RW**

- 7 MA / SCMD Pin Toggle Reduction**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable (MA and S command pins won't toggle if not accessed)
- 6 Slew Rate Control for MA / SCMD Group B**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 5 Slew Rate Control for MA / SCMD Group A**
  - 0 Disable..... default
  - 1 Enable
- 4 Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 3 DIMM #3 MAA / MAB Select**
  - 0 MAA ..... default
  - 1 MAB
- 2 DIMM #2 MAA / MAB Select**
  - 0 MAA ..... default
  - 1 MAB
- 1 DIMM #1 MAA / MAB Select**
  - 0 MAA ..... default
  - 1 MAB
- 0 DIMM #0 MAA / MAB Select**
  - 0 MAA ..... default
  - 1 MAB

**Extended Power Management Control**
**Device 0 Offset C0 – Capability ID (01h).....RO**
**Device 0 Offset C1 – Next Pointer (00h).....RO**
**Device 0 Offset C2 – Power Mgmt Capabilities 1 (02h)..RO**
**Device 0 Offset C3 – Power Mgmt Capabilities 2 (00h)..RO**
**Device 0 Offset C4 – Power Mgmt Control/Status (00h)RW**

7-2 Reserved ..... always reads 0

1-0 Power State

00 D0 .....default

11 D3 hot

**Device 0 Offset C5 – Power Management Status (00h) .RW**
**Device 0 Offset C6 – PCI to PCI Bridge Support**
**Extensions (00h) ..... RW**
**Device 0 Offset C7 – Power Management Data (00h)....RW**
**ECC Error Control**
**Device 0 Offset D3-D0 – ECC Error Address (xxh) ..... RO**
**Device 0 Offset D4 – ECC Error Syndrome (xxh)..... RO**



## **DRAM Above 4G Control**

### **Device 0 Offset E4 – Low Top Address Low (00h).....RW**

**7-4 Low Top Address Low** ..... default = 0

**3-0 DRAM Granularity**

- 0 16M Total DRAM less than 4G .....default
- 1 32M Total DRAM less than 8G
- 2 64M Total DRAM less than 16G
- 3 128M Total DRAM less than 32G
- 4 256M Total DRAM less than 64G
- 5-7 -reserved-

### **Device 0 Offset E5 – Low Top Address High (FFh).....RW**

**7-0 Low Top Address High** ..... default = FFh

### **Device 0 Offset E6 – SMM / APIC Decoding (01h).....RW**

**7-6 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**5 Reserved (Do Not Program)**..... default = 0

**4 I/O APIC Decoding**

- 0 FECxxxx accesses go to PCI .....default
- 1 FEC00000 to FEC7FFFF accesses go to PCI
- FEC80000 to FECFFFFFF accesses go to AGP

**3 MSI (Processor Message) Support**

- 0 Disable (master access to FEExxxxx will go to PCI) .....default
- 1 Enable (master access to FEExxxxx will be passed to host side to do snoop)

**2 Top SMM**

- 0 Disable .....default
- 1 Enable

**1 High SMM**

- 0 Disable .....default
- 1 Enable

**0 Compatible SMM**

- 0 Disable .....default
- 1 Enable

**Test Registers****Device 0 Offset F0-F2 – Test (Do Not Program)..... RW****BIOS Scratch Registers****Device 0 Offset F7-F3 – BIOS Scratch Registers..... RW**

7-0 No hardware function..... default = 0

**Back Door Registers****Device 0 Offset F9 – Back Door Control ..... RW****Device 0 Offset FA – Back Door Max AGP Requests ... RW****Device 0 Offset FB – Back Door Revision ..... RW****Device 0 Offset FD-FC – Back Door Device ID..... RW**

**Device 1 Header Registers - PCI-to-PCI Bridge**

All registers are located in PCI configuration space. They should be programmed using PCI configuration mechanism 1 through CF8 / CFC with bus number of 0 and function number equal to 0 and device number equal to one.

**Device 1 Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h).....RO**

**15-0 ID Code** (reads 1106h to identify VIA Technologies)

**Device 1 Offset 3-2 - Device ID (B101h).....RO**

**15-0 ID Code** (reads B101h to identify the Pro266T PCI-to-PCI Bridge device)

**Device 1 Offset 5-4 – Command (0007h).....RW**

**15-10 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**9 Fast Back-to-Back Cycle Enable** ..... RO

0 Fast back-to-back transactions only allowed to the same agent.....default

1 Fast back-to-back transactions allowed to different agents

**8 SERR# Enable**..... RO

0 SERR# driver disabled.....default

1 SERR# driver enabled

(SERR# is used to report parity errors if bit-6 is set).

**7 Address / Data Stepping**..... RO

0 Device never does stepping.....default

1 Device always does stepping

**6 Parity Error Response**.....RW

0 Ignore parity errors & continue.....default

1 Take normal action on detected parity errors

**5 VGA Palette Snoop (Not Supported)** ..... RO

0 Treat palette accesses normally.....default

1 Don't respond to palette writes on PCI bus (10-bit decode of I/O addresses 3C6-3C9 hex)

**4 Memory Write and Invalidate Command** ..... RO

0 Bus masters must use Mem Write.....default

1 Bus masters may generate Mem Write & Inval

**3 Special Cycle Monitoring** ..... RO

0 Does not monitor special cycles.....default

1 Monitors special cycles

**2 Bus Master** .....RW

0 Never behaves as a bus master

1 Enable to operate as a bus master on the primary interface on behalf of a master on the secondary interface .....default

**1 Memory Space**.....RW

0 Does not respond to memory space

1 Enable memory space access .....default

**0 I/O Space** .....RW

0 Does not respond to I/O space

1 Enable I/O space access .....default

**Device 1 Offset 7-6 - Status (Primary Bus) (0230h).....RWC**

**15 Detected Parity Error** .....always reads 0

**14 Signaled System Error (SERR#)**.....always reads 0

**13 Signaled Master Abort**

0 No abort received ..... default

1 Transaction aborted by the master with Master-Abort (except Special Cycles).....

..... write 1 to clear

**12 Received Target Abort**

0 No abort received ..... default

1 Transaction aborted by the target with Target-Abort ..... write 1 to clear

**11 Signaled Target Abort** .....always reads 0

**10-9 DEVSEL# Timing**

00 Fast

01 Medium .....always reads 01

10 Slow

11 Reserved

**8 Data Parity Error Detected** .....always reads 0

**7 Fast Back-to-Back Capable** .....always reads 0

**6 User Definable Features** .....always reads 0

**5 66MHz Capable**.....always reads 1

**4 Supports New Capability list**.....always reads 0

**3-0 Reserved** .....always reads 0

**Device 1 Offset 8 - Revision ID (00h)RO (RW if Rx44[7]=1)**

**7-0 Pro266T Chip Revision Code** (00=First Silicon)

**Device 1 Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h)..... RO**

This register is defined in different ways for each Base/Sub-Class Code value and is undefined for this type of device.

**7-0 Interface Identifier** .....always reads 00

**Device 1 Offset A - Sub Class Code (04h)..... RO**

**7-0 Sub Class Code**..reads 04 to indicate PCI-PCI Bridge

**Device 1 Offset B - Base Class Code (06h)..... RO**

**7-0 Base Class Code**..reads 06 to indicate Bridge Device

**Device 1 Offset D - Latency Timer (00h)..... RO**

**7-0 Reserved** .....always reads 0

**Device 1 Offset E - Header Type (01h) ..... RO**

**7-0 Header Type Code**..... reads 01: PCI-PCI Bridge

**Device 1 Offset F - Built In Self Test (BIST) (00h) ..... RO**

**7 BIST Supported**..... reads 0: no supported functions

**6 Start Test** ..... write 1 to start but writes ignored

**5-4 Reserved** .....always reads 0

**3-0 Response Code**.....0 = test completed successfully

**Device 1 Offset 18 - Primary Bus Number (00h).....RW**

**7-0 Primary Bus Number** ..... default = 0  
This register is read write, but internally the chip always uses bus 0 as the primary.

**Device 1 Offset 19 - Secondary Bus Number (00h) .....RW**

**7-0 Secondary Bus Number**..... default = 0  
Note: AGP must use these bits to convert Type 1 to Type 0.

**Device 1 Offset 1A - Subordinate Bus Number (00h) ....RW**

**7-0 Primary Bus Number** ..... default = 0  
Note: AGP must use these bits to decide if Type 1 to Type 1 command passing is allowed.

**Device 1 Offset 1B – Secondary Latency Timer (00h) ....RO**

**7-0 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**Device 1 Offset 1C - I/O Base (f0h).....RW**

**7-4 I/O Base AD[15:12]**..... default = 1111b  
**3-0 I/O Addressing Capability** ..... default = 0

**Device 1 Offset 1D - I/O Limit (00h).....RW**

**7-4 I/O Limit AD[15:12]** ..... default = 0  
**3-0 I/O Addressing Capability** ..... default = 0

**Device 1 Offset 1F-1E - Secondary Status (0000h).....RO**

**15-0 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**Device 1 Offset 21-20 - Memory Base (fff0h).....RW**

**15-4 Memory Base AD[31:20]** ..... default = FFFh  
**3-0 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**Device 1 Offset 23-22 - Memory Limit (Inclusive) (0000h) RW**

**15-4 Memory Limit AD[31:20]** ..... default = 0  
**3-0 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**Device 1 Offset 25-24 - Prefetchable Memory Base (fff0h) RW**

**15-4 Prefetchable Memory Base AD[31:20]** default = FFFh  
**3-0 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**Device 1 Offset 27-26 - Prefetchable Memory Limit**
**(0000h) .....RW**

**15-4 Prefetchable Memory Limit AD[31:20]** .....  
..... default = 0  
**3-0 Reserved** ..... always reads 0

**Device 1 Offset 37-34 - Capability Pointer (00000080h). RO**

Contains an offset from the start of configuration space.

**31-0 AGP Capability List Pointer** .....always reads 80h

**Device 1 Offset 3F-3E – PCI-to-PCI Bridge Control**
**(0000h) ..... RW**

**15-4 Reserved** .....always reads 0

**3 VGA-Present on AGP**

0 Forward VGA accesses to PCI Bus..... default

1 Forward VGA accesses to AGP Bus

Note: VGA addresses are memory A0000-BFFFFh and I/O addresses 3B0-3BBh, 3C0-3CFh and 3D0-3DFh (10-bit decode). "Mono" text mode uses B0000-B7FFFh and "Color" Text Mode uses B8000-BFFFFh. Graphics modes use Axxxxh. Mono VGA uses I/O addresses 3Bx-3Cxh and Color VGA uses 3Cx-3Dxh. If an MDA is present, a VGA will not use the 3Bxh I/O addresses and B0000-B7FFFh memory space; if not, the VGA will use those addresses to emulate MDA modes.

**2 Block / Forward ISA I/O Addresses**

0 Forward all I/O accesses to the AGP bus if they are in the range defined by the I/O Base and I/O Limit registers (device 1 offset 1C-1D)

..... default

1 Do not forward I/O accesses to the AGP bus that are in the 100-3FFh address range even if they are in the range defined by the I/O Base and I/O Limit registers.

**1-0 Reserved** .....always reads 0

**Device 1 Configuration Registers - PCI-to-PCI Bridge**
**AGP Bus Control**
**Device 1 Offset 40 - CPU-to-AGP Flow Control 1 (00h) RW**

- 7 **CPU-AGP Post Write**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 6 **Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 5 **CPU-to-AGP One Wait State Burst Write**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 4 **AGP to DRAM Prefetch**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 3 **CPU to AGP Post Write Halt**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 2 **MDA Present on AGP**  
0 Forward MDA accesses to AGP .....default  
1 Forward MDA accesses to PCI  
Note: Forward despite IO / Memory Base / Limit  
Note: MDA (Monochrome Display Adapter) addresses are memory addresses B0000h-B7FFFh and I/O addresses 3B4-3B5h, 3B8-3BAh, and 3BFh (10-bit decode). 3BC-3BE are reserved for printers.  
Note: If Rx3E bit-3 is 0, this bit is a don't care (MDA accesses are forwarded to the PCI bus).
- 1 **AGP Master Read Caching**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 0 **AGP Delay Transaction**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable

**Table 10. VGA / MDA Memory / IO Redirection**

<u>3E[3]</u>	<u>40[2]</u>	<u>VGA</u>	<u>MDA</u>	<u>Axxxx,</u>	<u>B0000</u>	<u>3Cx,</u>	
<u>VGA</u>	<u>MDA</u>	<u>is</u>	<u>is</u>	<u>B8xxx</u>	<u>-B7FFF</u>	<u>3Dx</u>	<u>3Bx</u>
<u>Pres.</u>	<u>Pres.</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>Access</u>	<u>Access</u>	<u>I/O</u>	<u>I/O</u>
0	-	PCI	PCI	PCI	PCI	PCI	PCI
1	0	AGP	AGP	AGP	AGP	AGP	AGP
1	1	AGP	PCI	AGP	PCI	AGP	PCI

**Device 1 Offset 41 - CPU-to-AGP Flow Control 2 (08h) RW**

- 7 **Retry Status**  
0 No retry occurred..... default  
1 Retry Occurred ..... **write 1 to clear**
- 6 **Retry Timeout Action**  
0 No action taken except to record status ..... def  
1 Flush buffer for write or return all 1s for read
- 5-4 **Retry Count**  
00 Retry 2, backoff CPU ..... default  
01 Retry 4, backoff CPU  
10 Retry 16, backoff CPU  
11 Retry 64, backoff CPU
- 3 **CPU to PCI Bursting Timeout**  
0 Disable  
1 Enable ..... default
- 2 **Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 1 **Invalidate PCI/AGP Read Buffered Data (Read Caching Data) on CPU-to-PCI/AGP Cycle**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 0 **Reserved** .....always reads 0

**Device 1 Offset 42 - AGP Master Control (00h) ..... RW**

- 7 **Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 6 **AGP Master One Wait State Write**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 5 **AGP Master One Wait State Read**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 4 **Break Consecutive PCI Master Accesses**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 3 **Reserved** .....always reads 0
- 2 **Claim I/O RW and Memory Read Cycles**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 1 **Claim Local APIC FEEs xxxx Cycles**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 0 **Host Side Snoop Cycles 2T Rate**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable

**Device 1 Offset 43 - AGP Master Latency Timer (22h) RW**

- 7-4 Host to AGP Time slot**  
0 Disable (no timer)  
1 16 GCLKs  
2 32 GCLKs .....default  
... ..  
F 128 GCLKs
- 3-0 AGP Master Time Slot**  
0 Disable (no timer)  
1 16 GCLKs  
2 32 GCLKs .....default  
... ..  
F 128 GCLKs

**Device 1 Offset 44 – Backdoor Register Control (20h).RW**

- 7 Rx8 Revision ID Writable**  
0 Disable (Device 1 Rx8 is RO).....default  
1 Enable (Device 1 Rx8 is RW)
- 6 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 5 Power Management Capability Support**  
0 Read Rx34 as 00  
1 Read Rx34 as 80 .....default
- 4 Rx1F-1E Reflect Status in Rx7-6**  
0 Rx1F-1E always read 0 .....default  
1 Rx1F-1E read same as Rx7-6
- 3 Back Door Register for Rx83[2], D2 Support**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 2 Back Door Register for Rx83[1], D1 Support**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 1 Back Door Register for Rx82[5], Device Specific Initialization**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable
- 0 Back Door Register for AGP Device ID**  
0 Disable .....default  
1 Enable

**Device 1 Offset 45 – Fast Write Control (72h)..... RW**

- 7 Force Fast Write Cycle to be QW Aligned**  
(if Rx45[6] = 0)  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 6 Merge Multiple CPU Transactions Into One Fast Write Burst Transaction**  
0 Disable  
1 Enable..... default
- 5 Merge Multiple CPU Write Cycles To Memory Offset 23-20 Into Fast Write Burst Cycles**  
(if Rx45[6] = 0)  
0 Disable  
1 Enable..... default
- 4 Merge Multiple CPU Write Cycles To Prefetchable Memory Offset 27-24 Into Fast Write Burst Cycles (if Rx45[6] = 0)**  
0 Disable  
1 Enable..... default
- 3 Reserved** ..... always reads 0
- 2 Fast Write Burst 4T Max (No Slave Flow Control)**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable
- 1 Fast Write Fast Back to Back**  
0 Disable  
1 Enable..... default
- 0 Fast Write Initial Block 1 Wait State**  
0 Disable..... default  
1 Enable

Rx45 CPU Write		CPU Write	
Bits	Address	Address	
7-4	in Mem1	in Mem2	Fast Write Cycle Alignment
x1xx	-	-	QW aligned, burstable
0000	-	-	DW aligned, nonburstable
x010	0	0	n/a
0010	0	1	DW aligned, non-burstable
x010	1	-	QW aligned, burstable
x001	0	0	n/a
x001	-	1	QW aligned, burstable
0001	1	0	DW aligned, non-burstable
x011	0	0	n/a
x011	1	-	QW aligned, burstable
x011	0	1	QW aligned, burstable
1000	-	-	QW aligned, non-burstable
1010	0	1	QW aligned, non-burstable
1001	1	0	QW aligned, non-burstable

**Device 1 Offset 47-46 – PCI-to-PCI Bridge Device ID...RW**

15-0 PCI-to-PCI Bridge Device ID ..... default = 0000

**Device 1 Offset 80 – Capability ID (01h) ..... RO**

7-0 Capability ID ..... always reads 01h

**Device 1 Offset 81 – Next Pointer (00h)..... RO**

7-0 Next Pointer: Null ..... always reads 00h

**Device 1 Offset 82 – Power Mgmt Capabilities 1 (02h).. RO**

7-0 Power Mgmt Capabilities ..... always reads 02h

**Device 1 Offset 83 – Power Mgmt Capabilities 2 (00h).. RO**

7-0 Power Mgmt Capabilities ..... always reads 00h

**Device 1 Offset 84 – Power Mgmt Ctrl/Status (00h)..... RW**

7-2 Reserved ..... always reads 0

1-0 Power State

00 D0 ..... default

01 -reserved-

10 -reserved-

11 D3 Hot

**Device 1 Offset 85 – Power Mgmt Status (00h)..... RO**

7-0 Power Mgmt Status ..... default = 00

**Device 1 Offset 86 – P2P Br. Support Extensions (00h). RO**

7-0 P2P Bridge Support Extensions ..... default = 00

**Device 1 Offset 87 – Power Management Data (00h) ..... RO**

7-0 Power Management Data ..... default = 00

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Case operating temperature ( $T_C$ )	0	85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature ( $T_S$ )	-55	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	-0.5	$V_{RAIL} + 10\%$	Volts
Output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ )	-0.5	$V_{RAIL} + 10\%$	Volts

Note: Stress above the conditions listed may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of this device should be restricted to the conditions described under operating conditions.

### DC Characteristics

$T_C = 0-85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{RAIL} = V_{CC} \pm 5\%$ ,  $V_{CORE} = 2.5\text{V} \pm 5\%$ ,  $\text{GND} = 0\text{V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
$V_{IL}$	Input low voltage	-0.50	0.8	V	
$V_{IH}$	Input high voltage	2.0	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V	
$V_{OL}$	Output low voltage	-	0.45	V	$I_{OL} = 4.0\text{mA}$
$V_{OH}$	Output high voltage	2.4	-	V	$I_{OH} = -1.0\text{mA}$
$I_{IL}$	Input leakage current	-	$\pm 10$	$\mu\text{A}$	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{CC}$
$I_{OZ}$	Tristate leakage current	-	$\pm 20$	$\mu\text{A}$	$0.45 < V_{OUT} < V_{CC}$



## **Power Characteristics**

$T_C = 0-85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{\text{RAIL}} = V_{\text{CC}} \pm 5\%$ ,  $V_{\text{CORE}} = 2.5\text{V} \pm 5\%$ ,  $\text{GND} = 0\text{V}$

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Condition</b>
$I_{\text{CC}}$	Power supply current – VCC			mA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{CCGTL}}$	Power supply current – VCCGTL			mA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{CCVL}}$	Power supply current – VCCVL			mA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{CCM}}$	Power supply current – VCCM			mA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{CCAGP}}$	Power supply current – VCCAGP			mA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{CCQQ}}$	Power supply current – VCCQQ			mA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{SUS25}}$	Power supply current – VSUS25			mA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{CCAHCCK}}$	Power supply current – AVCCCK			uA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{CCAMCK}}$	Power supply current – AVCCMCK			uA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{CCADL1}}$	Power supply current – AVCCDL1			uA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{CCADL2}}$	Power supply current – AVCCDL2			uA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{MVREF}}$	Reference current – MVREF			uA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{GTLREF}}$	Reference current – GTLREF			uA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{AGPREF}}$	Reference current – AGPREF			mA	Max operation frequency
$I_{\text{VLREF}}$	Reference current – VLREF			uA	Max operation frequency
$P_D$	Power dissipation			W	Max operation frequency

## **AC Timing Specifications**

AC timing specifications provided are based on external zero-pf capacitance load. Min/max cases are based on the following table:

**Table 11. AC Timing Min / Max Conditions**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>
2.5V Power	2.375	2.625	Volts
3.3V Power	3.135	3.465	Volts
5V Reference	4.75	5.25	Volts
Case Temperature	0	85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Drive strength for each output pin is programmable. See (Device 0 Rx??) for details.

## MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

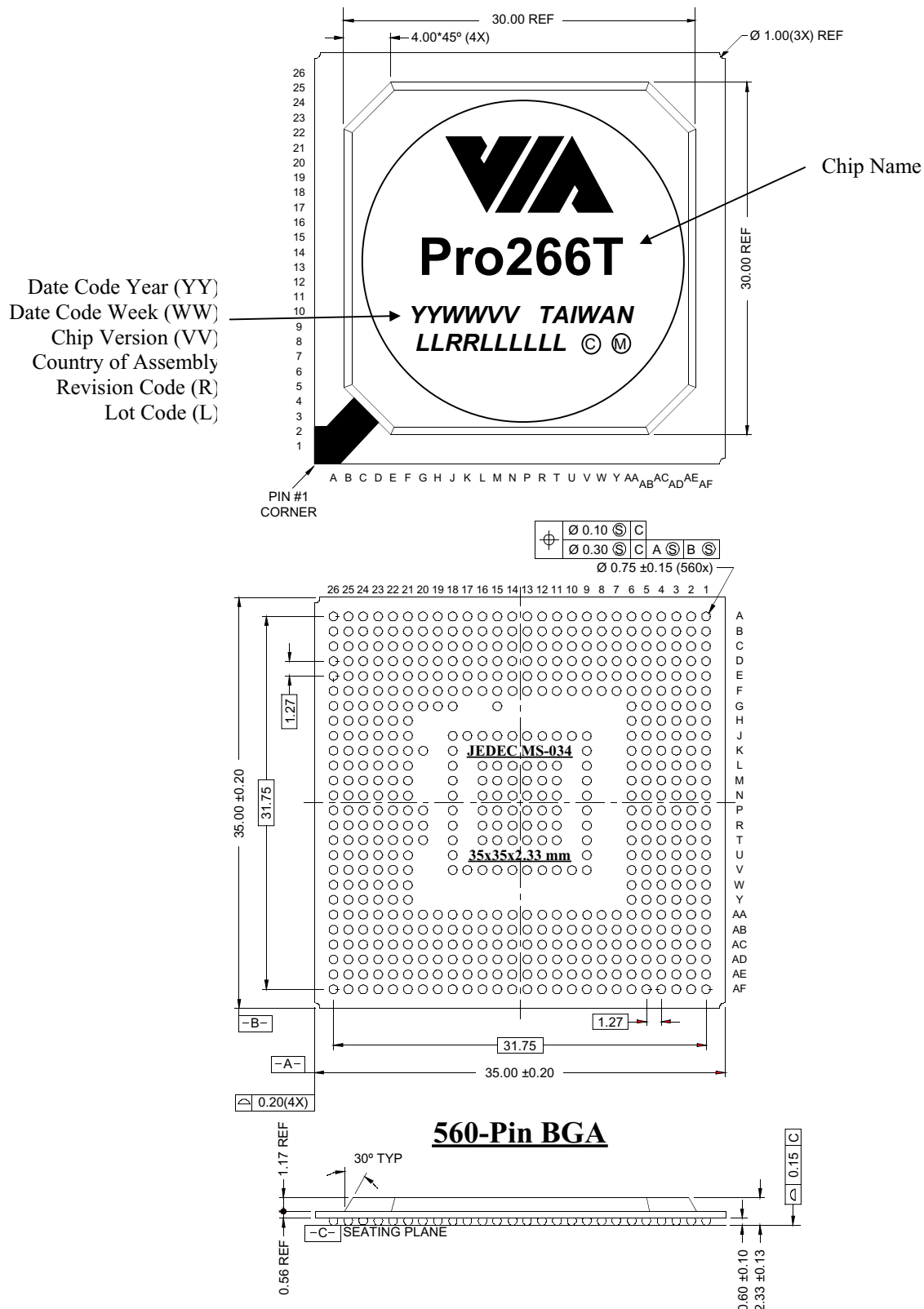


Figure 5. Mechanical Specifications - 560-Pin HSBGA Ball Grid Array Package with Heat Spreader