# Data Sheet

# VT8237R Plus
# South Bridge

Revision 1.03
September 9, 2005

VIA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

# REVISION HISTORY

| Document Release | Date | Revision | Initials |
|:---:|:---:|:---|:---:|
| 1.0 | 4/18/05 | Initial internal release | SV |
| 1.01 | 5/3/05 | Updated offset 3D in D15F0~F1, D16F1~F4, D17F5~F6 and D18F0 Corrected AC97 to be MC97 on page 144 | SV |
| 1.02 | 7/5/05 | Fixed Device ID of D17 F0 in "Function Summary" Removed descriptions related to "SUSST1# assertion supported for C3" Added wordings "for Intel platforms" when referring "Host Stop bit is enabled to put CPU into Stop Clock State" Updated pin descriptions of VCCAO, VCCAS, VCCATS and VCCA33 in "Serial ATA Pin Descriptions" table | CY |
| 1.03 | 9/9/05 | Fixed typo "PCI" in "Dual Channel Serial ATA / RAID Controller" section of "Product Features" Updated IO attribute of pins SMBCK1, SMBCK2, SMBDT1 and SMBDT2 from IO to OD in "System Management Bus (SMB) Interface (I2C Bus)" signal description table Updated pin name—PWROK# to PWROK—in "Pin List" and "Resets, Clocks, and Power Status" signal description tables Fixed strapped high & low functions information of EEDI, and attribute of EXTSMI# Updated D17F0 Rx94[3] | CY |

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# VT8237R PLUS
## "ULTRA V-LINK" SERIAL ATA SOUTH BRIDGE

## 16-BIT V-LINK FOR HIGH BANDWIDTH NORTH BRIDGE DATA TRANSFER, DUAL CHANNEL SERIAL ATA / RAID CONTROLLER, ULTRADMA-133/100/66/33 MASTER MODE EIDE CONTROLLER, INTEGRATED FAST ETHERNET AND EIGHT PORT USB 2.0, DIRECT SOUND AC97 AUDIO, KEYBOARD / MOUSE CONTROLLER, RTC, LPC, SMBUS, SERIAL IRQ, PLUG AND PLAY, ACPI, AND PC2001 COMPLIANT ENHANCED POWER MANAGEMENT

### PRODUCT FEATURES

- **Inter-operable with a wide variety of existing VIA North Bridges**
  - Combines with PT890 / K8T890 for high performance Pentium 4 / Athlon 64 (Opteron) based server / workstation / desktop designs
  - Combines with PT880 / KT600 / KT880 / K8T800 for performance Pentium 4 / Athlon / Athlon 64 (Opteron) based desktop designs
  - Combines with PM880 / PM800 / KM400A for value Pentium 4 / Athlon based desktop designs
  - Combines with PN880 / PN800 / KN400A for complete Pentium 4 / Athlon based mobile designs
  - Combines with CN400 for complete featured, power efficient VIA C3 based desktop / mobile embedded designs

- **High Bandwidth 1GB/sec 16-bit "Ultra V-Link" Client Controller**
  - Supports 16-bit, 66 MHz, 4x and 8x transfer modes, Ultra V-Link interface with 1 GB/sec total bandwidth
    - Full duplex, with separate 8-bit Up and Down data path and command / strobe, in 8x mode
    - Half duplex, with 16-bit data path, in 4x mode
  - Request / Data split-transaction
  - Transaction assurance for V-Link Host-to-Client access eliminates V-Link Host-Client Retry cycles
  - Intelligent V-Link transaction protocol to minimize data wait-state and throttle transfer latency to avoid data overflow
  - Highly efficient V-Link arbitration with minimum overhead

- **Integrated Peripheral Controllers**
  - Dual channel Serial ATA / RAID controller
  - Dual channel UltraDMA-133 / 100 / 66 / 33 master mode EIDE controller
  - Integrated Fast Ethernet Controller with 1 / 10 / 100 Mbit capability
  - Integrated USB 2.0 Controller with four root hubs and eight function ports
  - AC-link interface for AC-97 audio codec and modem codec
  - HSP modem support
  - Integrated DirectSound compatible digital audio controller
  - LPC interface for Low Pin Count interface to Super-I/O or ROM

- **Integrated Legacy Functions**
  - Integrated Keyboard Controller with PS2 mouse support
  - Integrated DS12885-style Real Time Clock with extended 256 byte CMOS RAM and Day/Month Alarm for ACPI
  - Integrated DMA, timer, and interrupt controller
  - Serial IRQ for docking and non-docking applications
  - Fast reset and Gate A20 operation

- **UltraDMA-133 / 100 / 66 / 33 Master Mode EIDE (Parallel ATA) Controller**

  − Dual channel master mode hard disk controller supporting four Enhanced IDE devices
  − Transfer rate up to 133MB/sec to cover PIO mode 4, multi-word DMA mode 2 drives and UltraDMA-133 interface
  − Increased reliability using UltraDMA-133/100/66 transfer protocols
  − Thirty-two levels (doublewords) of prefetch and write buffers
  − Dual DMA engine for concurrent dual channel operation
  − Bus master programming interface for SFF-8038i rev.1.0 and Windows-95 compliant
  − Full scatter gather capability
  − Support ATAPI compliant devices including DVD devices
  − Support PCI native and ATA compatibility modes
  − Complete software driver support

- **Dual Channel Serial ATA / RAID Controller**

  − Complies with Serial ATA Specification Revision 1.0
  − Dual Channel master mode
  − On-chip two-channel Serial ATA (S-ATA) PHY for support of up to two S-ATA devices directly
  − Supports optional external S-ATA PHY on P-ATA secondary port for support of two additional S-ATA devices
  − Primary P-ATA port can support two P-ATA devices (master and slave) along with two S-ATA devices on the P-ATA secondary port (with external S-ATA PHY) plus two more S-ATA devices on the direct S-ATA interface
  − S-ATA devices can be configured in multiple RAID configurations – supports RAID Level 0, RAID Level 1, RAID Level 0+1 and JBOD
  − S-ATA drive transfer rate is capable of up to 150 MB/s per channel (serial speed of 1.5 Gbit/s)
  − External Crystal input for Serial ATA port operation

- **Fast Ethernet Controller**

  − High performance PCI master interface with scatter / gather and bursting capability
  − Standard MII interface to external PHYceiver
  − 1 / 10 / 100 MHz full and half duplex operation
  − Independent 2K byte FIFOs for receive and transmit
  − Flexible dynamically loadable EEPROM algorithm
  − Physical, Broadcast and Multicast address filtering using hashing function
  − Magic packet and wake-on-address filtering
  − Software controllable power down

- **Universal Serial Bus Controller**

  − USB v2.0 and Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) v1.0 compatible
  − USB v1.1 and Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) v1.1 compatible
  − Four root hubs and eight functional ports
  − Integrated physical layer transceivers with optional over-current detection status on USB inputs
  − Port 0 support of direct communication via built-in device controller
  − Eighteen level (doublewords) data FIFO with full scatter and gather capability
  − Legacy keyboard and PS/2 mouse support

- **Direct Sound Ready AC97 Digital Audio Controller**

  − AC-Link access to 4 CODECs (AC97 + AMC97 + MC97)
  − Multichannel Audio
  − Bus Master Scatter / Gather DMA
  − Dedicated read and write channels supporting simultaneous stereo playback and record
  − Dedicated read and write channels supporting simultaneous modem receive and transmit
  − 1 stereo DirectSound channel with source / volume control / mixer
  − 1 shared FM / SPDIF PCM read channel
  − 1 dedicated channel supporting multi-channel audio
  − 32-byte line-bufers for each SGD channel
  − Programmable 8bit / 16bit mono / stereo PCM data format support
  − AC97 2.3 compliant

- **System Management Bus Interface**

    - Host interface for processor communications
    - Slave interface for external SMBus masters

- **Concurrent PCI Bus Controller**

    - 33 MHz operation
    - Supports up to six PCI masters
    - Peer concurrency
    - Concurrent multiple PCI master transactions; i.e., allow PCI masters from both PCI buses active at the same time
    - Zero wait state PCI master and slave burst transfer rate
    - PCI to system memory data streaming up to 132Mbyte/sec (North Bridge data transfer via high speed V-Link)
    - PCI master snoop ahead and snoop filtering
    - Eight DW of CPU to PCI posted write buffers
    - Byte merging in the write buffers to reduce the number of PCI cycles and to create further PCI bursting possibilities
    - Enhanced PCI command optimization (MRL, MRM, MWI, etc.)
    - Four lines of post write buffers from PCI masters to DRAM
    - Sixteen levels (double-words) of prefetch buffers from DRAM for access by PCI masters
    - Delay transaction from PCI master accessing DRAM
    - Transaction timer for fair arbitration between PCI masters (granularity of two PCI clocks)
    - Symmetric arbitration between Host/PCI bus for optimized system performance
    - Complete steerable PCI interrupts
    - PCI-2.2 compliant, 32 bit 3.3V PCI interface with 5V tolerant inputs

- **Sophisticated PC2001-Compatible Mobile Power Management**

    - Supports both ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) and legacy (APM) power management
    - ACPI v2.0 and APM v1.2 Compliant
    - CPU clock throttling and clock stop control for complete ACPI C0 to C3 state support
    - PCI bus clock run, Power Management Enable (PME) control, and PCI/CPU clock generator stop control
    - Supports multiple system suspend types: power-on suspends with flexible CPU/PCI bus reset options, Suspend to DRAM, and suspend to disk (soft-off), all with hardware automatic wake-up
    - Multiple suspend power plane controls and suspend status indicators
    - One idle timer, one peripheral timer and one general purpose timer, plus 24/32-bit ACPI compliant timer
    - Normal, doze, sleep, suspend and conserve modes
    - Global and local device power control
    - System event monitoring with two event classes
    - Primary and secondary interrupt differentiation for individual channels
    - Dedicated input pins for power and sleep buttons, external modem ring indicator, and notebook lid open/close for system wake-up
    - 32 general purpose input ports and 32 output ports
    - Multiple internal and external SMI sources for flexible power management models
    - Enhanced integrated real time clock (RTC) with date alarm, month alarm and century field
    - Thermal alarm on external temperature sensing circuit
    - I/O pad leakage control

- **Plug and Play Controller**

    - PCI interrupts steerable to any interrupt channel
    - Steerable interrupts for integrated peripheral controllers: USB, floppy, serial, parallel and audio
    - Microsoft Windows XP™, Windows NT™, Windows 2000™, Windows 98™ and plug and play BIOS compliant

- **Built-in NAND-tree pin scan test capability**

- **0.22um, 2.5V, low power CMOS process**

- **Single chip 27 x 27 mm, 1.0 mm ball pitch, 539 pin BGA**

# VT8237R PLUS SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The VT8237R Plus South Bridge is a high integration, high performance, power-efficient and high compatibility device that supports Intel and non-Intel based processor to V-Link bus bridge functionality to make a complete Microsoft PC2001-compliant PCI/LPC system. The VT8237R Plus includes standard intelligent peripheral controllers:

a) Serial ATA dual channel controller with RAID capability.

b) Master mode enhanced IDE controller with dual channel DMA engine and interlaced dual channel commands. Dedicated FIFO coupled with scatter and gather master mode operation allows high performance transfers between PCI and IDE devices. In addition to standard PIO and DMA mode operation, the VT8237R Plus also supports the UltraDMA-133, 100, 66 and 33 standards to allow reliable data transfer at rates up to 133 MB/sec. The IDE controller is SFF-8038i v1.0 and Microsoft Windows-family compliant.

c) IEEE 802.3 compliant 10 / 100 Mbps PCI bus master Ethernet MAC with standard MII interface to external PHYceiver.

d) Universal Serial Bus controller that is USB v2.0 / 1.1 and Universal HCI v2.0 / 1.1 compliant. The VT8237R Plus includes four root hubs with eight function ports with integrated physical layer transceivers. The USB controller allows hot plug and play and isochronous peripherals to be inserted into the system with universal driver support. The controller also implements legacy keyboard and mouse support so legacy software can run transparently in a non-USB-aware OS environment.

e) Integrated bus-mastering dual full-duplex direct-sound AC97-link-compatible sound system.

f) Full System Management Bus (SMBus) interface.

g) Keyboard controller with PS2 mouse support.

h) Real Time Clock with 256 byte extended CMOS. In addition to the standard ISA RTC functionality, the integrated RTC also includes the date alarm, century field, and other enhancements for compatibility with the ACPI standard.

i) Notebook-class power management functionality compliant with ACPI and legacy APM requirements. Multiple sleep states (power-on suspend, suspend-to-DRAM, and suspend-to-Disk) are supported with hardware automatic wake-up. Additional functionality includes event monitoring, CPU clock throttling and stop (Intel processor protocol), PCI bus clock stop control, modular power, clock and leakage control, hardware-based and software-based event handling, general purpose I/O, chip select and external SMI.

j) Plug and Play controller that allows complete steerability of all PCI interrupts and internal interrupts / DMA channels to any interrupt channel. One additional steerable interrupt channel is provided to allow plug and play and reconfigurability of on-board peripherals for Windows family compliance.
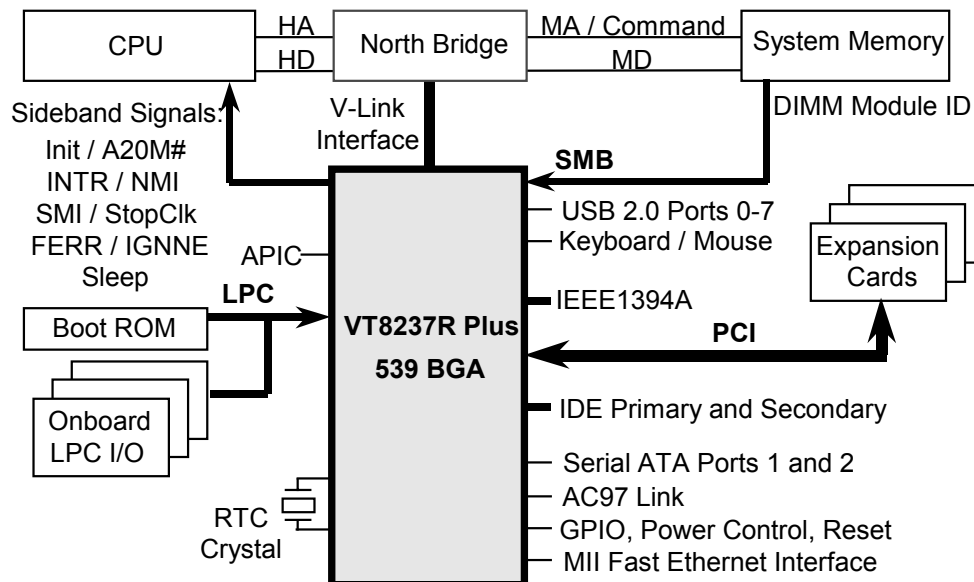


**Figure 1. PC System Configuration Using the VT8237R Plus**

The VT8237R Plus also enhances the functionality of standard integrated peripherals. The integrated interrupt controller supports both edge and level triggered interrupts channel by channel. The integrated DMA controller supports type F DMA in addition to standard ISA DMA modes. Compliant with the PCI-2.2 specification, the VT8237R Plus supports delayed transactions and remote power management so that slower internal ISA peripherals do not block the traffic of the PCI bus. Special circuitry is built in to allow concurrent operation without causing deadlock even in a PCI-to-PCI bridge environment. The chip also includes eight levels (doublewords) of line buffers from the PCI bus to internal ISA bus devices to further enhance overall system performance.

The high performance Serial ATA RAID Controller in the VT8237R Plus supports RAID Level 0, RAID Level 1, RAID Level 0+1 and JBOD. The internal PCI interface of the Serial ATA controller complies with PCI Specification Revision 2.2. The chip also complies with revision 1.0 of the scatter / gather host DMA mechanism of "Programming Interface for Bus Master IDE Controller". The VT8237R Plus complies with Serial ATA Specification Revision 1.0 and includes two internal Serial ATA direct interfaces (i.e., a two-channel S-ATA PHY is provided on-chip) plus two Parallel ATA channels (primary and secondary). An external S-ATA PHY is also supported which is multiplexed on the P-ATA secondary interface. By that mechanism, an external Serial ATA PHY can be implemented on the secondary Parallel ATA interface for support of up to four S-ATA devices total (see figures below) along with two Parallel ATA devices (master and slave) on the Parallel ATA primary channel.
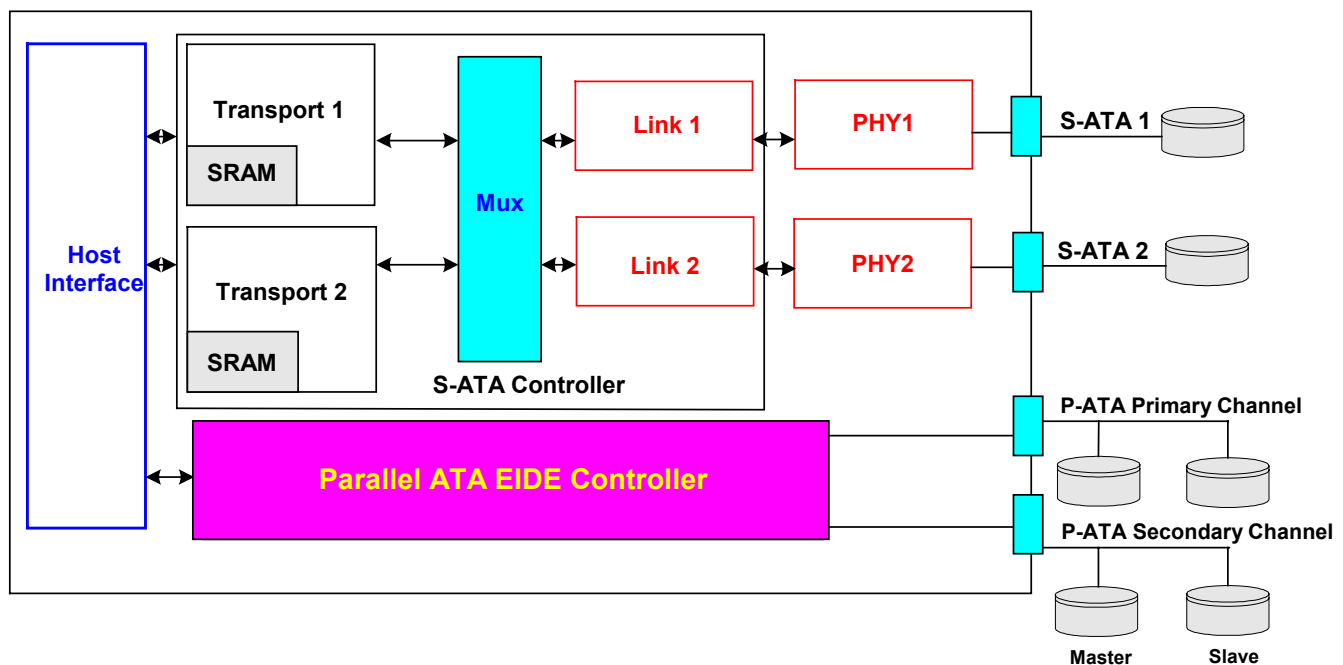


**Figure 2. Block Diagram with 2 Serial–ATA Devices**
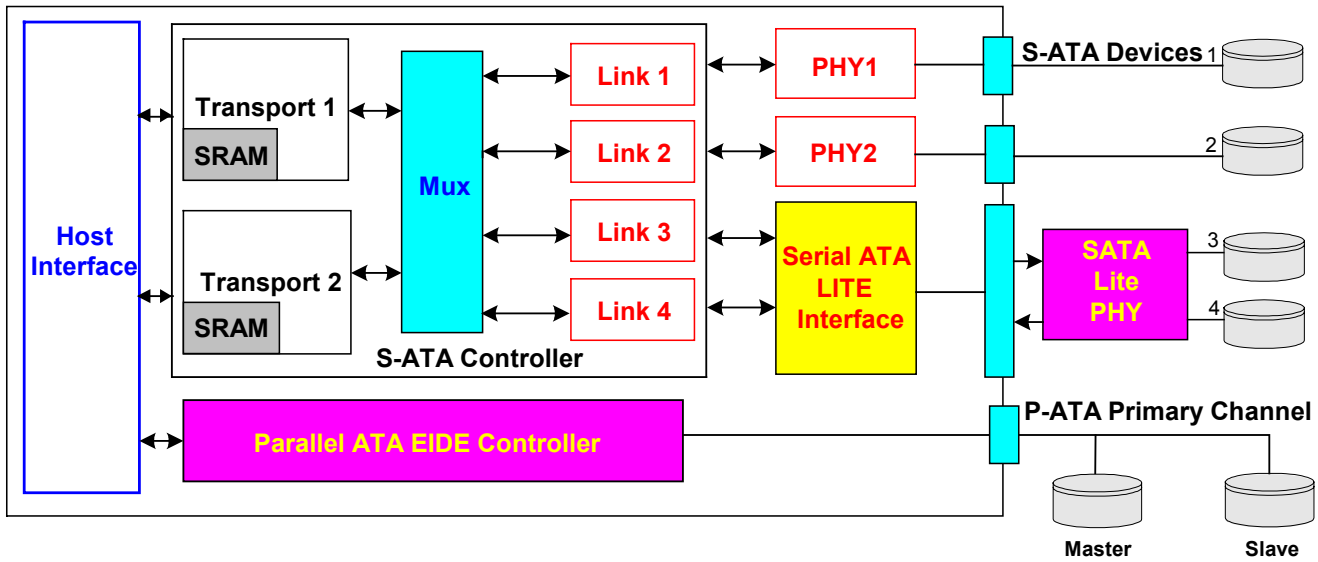
**Figure 3. Block Diagram with 4 Serial ATA Devices**

**PINOUTS**

### Figure 4. Ball Diagram (Top View)

| Key | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | GND | GND | INTG# GPIO14 | INT A# | REQ 0# | GNT 0# | MD CK | MRX D2 | MTX D3 | MTX D0 | M CRS | EE DI | USB GND | USB P7+ | USB GND | USB P5+ | USB GND | USB P3+ | USB GND | USB P1+ | USB GND | USB VCC | USB UPLL / VCC UPLL | USB OC5# | USB OC7# | USB OC6# |
| B | GND | GND | INTH# GPIO15 | INT B# | REQ 1# | GNT 1# | MD IO | MRX D1 | MTX D2 | MTX D1 | M COL | EE DO | USB GND | USB P7– | USB GND | USB P5– | USB GND | USB P3– | USB GND | USB P1– | USB GND | USB VCC | USB UPLL / VCC UPLL | USB OC4# | USB REXT | USB OC2# |
| C | CBE 1# | SERR# | PERR# | INT D# | REQ 2# | GNT 2# | MRX D3 | MRX D0 | MRX CLK | MTX CLK | MTX ENA | EE CK | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB VCC | GND UPLL | VSUS USB | USB OC3# | USB OC0# |
| D | AD11 | AD13 | AD14 | INTE# GPIO12 | REQ 3# | GNT 1# | PHY RST# | MRX DV | MII VCC | MRX ERR | EE CS# | MII VCC25 | USB GND | USB P6+ | USB GND | USB P4+ | USB GND | USB P2– | USB GND | USB P0– | USB GND | USB VCC | GND UPLL | USB OC1# | UPEN# GPO9 | UPWR GPI9 |
| E | AD8 | CBE 0# | AD10 | INTF# GPIO13 | GNT 3# | LAN GND | LAN VCC | GND | MII VCC | MII VCC | MII VCC | MII VCC25 | USB GND | USB P6– | USB GND | USB P4– | USB GND | USB P2+ | USB GND | USB P0+ | USB GND | USB VCC | USB CLK | VD 08 | VD 13 | VD 12 |
| F | AD4 | AD7 | AD15 | PAR | F5 | GND | GND | F8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | F21 | USB VCC | NC | V PAR | GND | VD 04 |
| G | AD5 | AD0 | AD9 | AD12 | G5 | G6 | G7 | LAN | Pins | | | | | | | | USB | Pins | | V-Link | G21 | NC | VD 09 | VBE 0# | VD 05 | VD 01 |
| H | T RDY# | DEV SEL# | AD3 | AD6 | H5 | | | VCC 33 | VCC 33 | VCC 33 | VCC 33 | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | USB GND | | | Pins | H21 | VL VREF | GND | DN STB# | VD 0 | DN STB |
| J | FRM# | I RDY# | AD2 | AD1 | GND | J6 | | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | USB VCC | USB VCC | USB VCC | USB VCC | USB VCC | USB VCC | | J20 | | GND | VL COMP | VD 03 | UP STB# | UP STB |
| K | AD19 | AD18 | AD16 | STOP# | GND | K6 | PCI | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | K10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | K17 | GND | GND | K | VCC VK | VD 06 | UP CMD | VD 07 | DN CMD | VD 02 |
| L | AD23 | AD21 | AD17 | CBE 2# | L5 | | Pins | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | L | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | L | VCC 25 | VCC VK | L | VCC VK | VCC VK | V CLK | VCC VK | VD 14 | VD 11 / VD 10 |
| M | AD25 | AD24 | CBE 3# | AD20 | M5 | | | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | M | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | M | VCC 25 | VCC VK | M | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK | VD 15 |
| N | AD29 | AD28 | AD27 | AD22 | N5 | | | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | N | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | N | VCC 25 | VCC VK | N | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK |
| P | AD30 | AD31 | REQ 4# | AD26 | GND | P6 | | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | P | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | P | VCC 25 | VCC VK | P | DP SLP# | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK | VCC VK |
| R | PCI RST# | GNT5# GPO7 | REQ5# GPI7 | GNT 4# | GND | R6 | | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | R | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | R | VCC 25 | VCC 33 | R | GND | GHI# | PCI CLK | STP CLK# | APICD0 GPIO10 | INIT# |
| T | AC BTCK | AC SYNC | AC RST# | VSUS 25 | T5 | AC97 | | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | T10 | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | GND | T | VCC 25 | VCC 33 | T | GND | PLL VCC | APICD1 GPIO11 | IGN NE# | INTR | NMI |
| U | AC SDI2 | AC SDOUT | AC SDI0 | U5 | | | | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | U10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | U17 | VCC 25 | VCC 33 | U | U21 | PLL GND | APICCK GPI9 | FERR# | SMI# | A20M# |
| V | KB DT | AC SDI1 | AC SDI3 | BAT LOW# | GND | V6 | KB /MS | VCC 33 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 25 | VCC 33 | V | VCC 33 | VCC 33 | PD CS1# | PD CS3# | PD DAK# / PD A1 | SLP# |
| W | MS CK | MS DT | KB CK | PME# | GND | W6 | PM | VCC 33 | VCC 33 | VCC 33 | VCC 33 | VCC 33 | VCC ATS | VCC ATS | VCC ATS | VCC ATS | VCC ATS | VCC 33 | VCC 33 | W | VCC 33 | GND | PD A0 | PD A2 | GND | PD IOR# |
| Y | CPU MISS | RING# | SUS ST# | AOLGI THRM# | Y5 | PM | LPC | Pwr | 9 | 10 | | | SATA | Pins | | | | SIDE | PIDE | Y | VCC 33 | PD RDY | PD DRQ | PD D1 | PD IOW# | PD D14 |
| AA | EXT SMI# | SUSA# GPO2 | GPO 0 | VSUS 33 | AA5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | GND | GND | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | AA20 | GND | PD D0 | PD D15 | PD D13 | PD D3 | PD D2 |
| AB | SMB ALRT# | SMB DT1 | SUS CLK | VSUS 33 | VSUS 33 | VSUS 33 | PCK RUN# | OSC | VDSLP GPIO29 | GND AO | VCC AS | GND AS | STX 1+ | GND ATS | STX 2+ | GND AS | VCC AO | GND | GND | SD D1 | SD COMP | GND | PD D12 | PD D11 | GND | PD D4 |
| AC | LID# | GPI 1 | SMB CK2 | SMB CK1 | PWR GD | GPIOD PCGNTB | CPU STP# | VIDSEL GPIO28 | VGATE GPIO8 | VCC AO | VCC AS | GND AS | STX 1– | GND ATS | STX 2– | GND AS | VCC AO | GND | SD VREF | SD D0 | SD D2 | SDA1 strap | PD D6 | PD D9 | PD D10 | PD D5 |
| AD | SMB DT2 | PWR BTN# | SUSB# | RSM RST# | GPIOB PCREQB | PCI STP# | L AD3 | L AD0 | SER IRQ | AGBZ# GPI6 | SR EXT | GND ATS | GND ATS | GND ATS | GND ATS | GND ATS | SD DRQ | SD D5 | SDD6 | SD D10 | SD D13 | SD D14 | SD DAK# | IRQ 14 | PD D7 | PD D8 |
| AE | IN TRUD# | GPI 0 | GPO 1 | RTC X1 | GPIOA PCREQA | L REQ0# | L AD2 | L REQ1# | TEST | S XO | VCC A33 | GND ATS | SRX 1+ | GND ATS | SRX 2+ | GND ATS | GND | SD D3 | GND | SD D8 | SD D11 | GND | SD IOW# | SDA2 strap | GND | IRQ 15 |
| AF | PWR OK# | SUS C# | RTC X2 | V BAT | GPIOC PCGNTA | L FRM# | L AD1 | SPKR strap | TPO | S XI | S A33 | GND ATS | SRX 1– | GND ATS | SRX 2– | GND ATS | SD RDY | SD D4 | SD D7 | SD D9 | SD D12 | SD D15 | SDA0 strap | SD CS1# | SDCS3# strap | |

## Pin Lists

### Table 1.  Pin List (Listed by Pin Number)

| Pin # | Pin Name | Pin # | Pin Name | Pin # | Pin Name | Pin # | Pin Name | Pin # | Pin Name |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A03 | INTG# / GPIO14 | E03 | AD10 | M19 | **VCCVK** | W23 | PDA0 / strap | AD07 | LAD3 |
| A04 | INTA# | E04 | INTF# / GPIO13 | M21 | **VCCVK** | W24 | PDA2 / strap | AD08 | LAD0 |
| A05 | REQ0# | E05 | GNT3# | M22 | **VCCVK** | W26 | PDIOR# | AD09 | SERIRQ |
| A06 | GNT0# | **E06** | **LANGND** | M23 | **VCCVK** | Y01 | CPUMISS / GPI17 | AD10 | AGPBZ# / GPI6 |
| A07 | MDCK | **E07** | **LANVCC** | M24 | **VCCVK** | Y02 | RING# / GPI3 | AD11 | SREXT |
| A08 | MRXD2 | **E09** | **MIIVCC** | M25 | **VCCVK** | Y03 | SUSST1# / GPO3 | **AD12** | **GNDATS** |
| A09 | MTXD3 | **E10** | **MIIVCC** | M26 | VD15 | Y04 | AOLGPI / THRM# / GPI18 | **AD13** | **GNDATS** |
| A10 | MTXD0 | **E11** | **MIIVCC** | N01 | AD29 | Y22 | PDRDY | **AD14** | **GNDATS** |
| A11 | MCRS | E12 | **MIIVCC25** | N02 | AD28 | Y23 | PDDRQ | **AD15** | **GNDATS** |
| A12 | EEDI / strap | E14 | USBP6– | N03 | AD27 | Y24 | PDD01 | **AD16** | **GNDATS** |
| A14 | USBP7+ | E16 | USBP4– | N04 | AD22 | Y25 | PDIOW# | AD17 | SDDRQ |
| A16 | USBP5+ | E18 | USBP2+ | **N19** | **VCCVK** | Y26 | PDD14 | AD18 | SDD05 |
| A18 | USBP3+ | E20 | USBP0+ | **N21** | **VCCVK** | AA01 | EXTSMI# / GPI2 | AD19 | SDD06 |
| A20 | USBP1+ | E23 | USBCLK | **N22** | **VCCVK** | AA02 | SUSA# / GPO2 | AD20 | SDD10 |
| **A23** | **VCCUPLL** | E24 | VD08 | **N23** | **VCCVK** | AA03 | GPO0 | AD21 | SDD13 |
| A24 | USBOC5# | E25 | VD13 | **N24** | **VCCVK** | **AA04** | **VSUS33** | AD22 | SDD14 |
| A25 | USBOC7# | E26 | VD12 | **N25** | **VCCVK** | AA22 | PDD00 | AD23 | SDDACK# |
| A26 | USBOC6# | F01 | AD04 | **N26** | **VCCVK** | AA23 | PDD15 | AD24 | IRQ14 |
| B03 | INTH# / GPIO15 | F02 | AD07 | P01 | AD30 | AA24 | PDD13 | AD25 | PDD07 |
| B04 | INTB# | F03 | AD15 | P02 | AD31 | AA25 | PDD03 | AD26 | PDD08 |
| B05 | INTC# | F04 | PAR | P03 | REQ4# | AA26 | PDD02 | AE01 | INTRUD# / GPI16 |
| B06 | REQ1# | F23 | NC | P04 | AD26 | AB01 | SMBALRT# | AE02 | GPI0 |
| B07 | MDIO | F24 | VPAR | **P19** | **VCCVK** | AB02 | SMBDT1 | AE03 | GPO1 |
| B08 | MRXD1 | F26 | VD04 | P21 | DPSLP# / GPIO23 | AB03 | SUSCLK / GPO4 | AE04 | RTCX1 |
| B09 | MTXD2 | G01 | AD05 | **P22** | **VCCVK** | **AB04** | **VSUS33** | AE05 | GPIOA / PCREOA / strap |
| B10 | MTXD1 | G02 | AD00 | **P23** | **VCCVK** | **AB05** | **VSUS33** | AE06 | LREQ0# |
| B11 | MCOL | G03 | AD09 | **P24** | **VCCVK** | **AB06** | **VSUS33** | AE07 | LAD2 |
| B12 | EEDO | G04 | AD12 | **P25** | **VCCVK** | AB07 | PCKRUN# | AE08 | LREQ1# |
| B14 | USBP7– | G22 | NC | **P26** | **VCCVK** | AB08 | OSC | AE09 | TEST |
| B16 | USBP5– | G23 | VD09 | R01 | PCIRST# | AB09 | VRDPSLP/GPIO29 | AE10 | SXO |
| B18 | USBP3– | G24 | VBE# | R02 | GNT5# / GPO7 | **AB10** | **GNDAO** | **AE11** | **VCCA33** |
| B20 | USBP1– | G25 | VD05 | R03 | REQ5# / GPI7 | **AB11** | **VCCAS** | **AE12** | **GNDATS** |
| **B23** | **VCCUPLL** | G26 | VD01 | R04 | GNT4# | **AB12** | **GNDAS** | AE13 | SRX1+ |
| B24 | USBOC4# | H01 | TRDY# | R22 | GHI# / GPIO22 | AB13 | STX1+ | **AE14** | **GNDATS** |
| B25 | USBREXT | H02 | DEVSEL# | R23 | PCICLK | **AB14** | **GNDA120** | AE15 | SRX2+ |
| B26 | USBOC2# | H03 | AD03 | R24 | STPCLK# | AB15 | STX2+ | **AE16** | **GNDATS** |
| C01 | CBE1# | H04 | AD06 | R25 | APICD0 / GPIO10 | **AB16** | **GNDAS** | AE18 | SDD03 |
| C02 | SERR# | **H22** | **VLVREF** | R26 | INIT# | **AB17** | **VCCAS** | AE20 | SDD08 |
| C03 | PERR# | H24 | DNSTB# | T01 | ACBITCLK | AB20 | SDD11 | AE21 | SDD01 |
| C04 | INTD# | H25 | VD00 | T02 | ACSYNC / strap | **AB21** | **SDCOMP** | AE23 | SDIOW# |
| C05 | REQ2# | H26 | DNSTB | T03 | ACRST# | AB23 | PDD12 | AE24 | SDA2 |
| C06 | GNT2# | J01 | FRAME# | **T04** | **VSUS25** | AB24 | PDD11 | AE26 | IRQ15 |
| C07 | MRXD3 | J02 | IRDY# | **T22** | **PLLVCC** | AB26 | PDD04 | AF01 | PWROK |
| C08 | MRXD0 | J03 | AD02 | T23 | APICD1 / GPIO11 | AC01 | LID# / GPI4 | AF02 | SUSC# |
| C09 | MRXCLK | J04 | AD01 | T24 | IGNNE# | AC02 | GPI1 | AF03 | RTCX2 |
| C10 | MTXCLK | **J22** | **VLCOMP** | T25 | INTR | AC03 | SMBCK2 / GPIO27 | **AF04** | **VBAT** |
| C11 | MTXENA | J23 | VD03 | T26 | NMI | AC04 | SMBCK1 | AF05 | GPIOC / PCGNTA / strap |
| C12 | EECK | J24 | UPSTB# | U01 | ACSDI2 | AC05 | PWRGD | AF06 | LFRM# |
| **C23** | **GNDUPLL** | J26 | UPSTB | U02 | ACSDOUT / strap | AC06 | GPIOD / PCGNTB / strap | AF07 | LAD1 |
| **C24** | **VSUSUSB** | K01 | AD19 | U03 | ACSDIN0 | AC07 | CPUSTP# / GPO5 | AF08 | SPKR / strap |
| C25 | USBOC3# | K02 | AD18 | **U04** | **VSUS25** | AC08 | VIDSEL / GIO28 | AF09 | TPO |
| C26 | USBOC0# | K03 | AD16 | **U22** | **PLLGND** | AC09 | VGATE / GPIO8 | AF10 | SXI |
| D01 | AD11 | K04 | STOP# | U23 | APICCLK / GPI19 | **AC10** | **VCCAO** | **AF11** | **GNDA33** |
| D02 | AD13 | **K21** | **VCCVK** | U24 | FERR# | **AC11** | **VCCAS** | **AF12** | **GNDATS** |
| D03 | AD14 | K22 | VD06 | U25 | SMI# | **AC12** | **GNDAS** | AF13 | SRX1– |
| D04 | INTE# / GPIO12 | K23 | UPCMD | U26 | A20M# | AC13 | STX1– | **AF14** | **GNDATS** |
| D05 | REQ3# | K24 | VD07 | V01 | KBDT | **AC14** | **GNDATS** | AF15 | SRX2– |
| D06 | GNT1# | K25 | DNCMD | V02 | ACSDIN1 | AC15 | STX2– | **AF16** | **GNDATS** |
| D07 | PHYRST# | K26 | VD02 | V03 | ACSDI3 | **AC16** | **GNDAS** | AF17 | SDRDY |
| D08 | MRXDV | L01 | AD23 | V04 | BATLOW# / GPI5 | **AC17** | **VCCAS** | AF18 | SDD04 |
| **D09** | **MIIVCC** | L02 | AD21 | V22 | PDCS1# / strap | **AC19** | **SDVREF** | AF19 | SDD07 |
| D10 | MRXERR | L03 | AD17 | V23 | PDCS3# / strap | AC20 | SDD00 | AF20 | SDD09 |
| D11 | EECS# | L04 | CBE2# | V24 | PDDACK# / strap | AC21 | SDD02 | AF21 | SDD12 |
| **D12** | **MIIVCC25** | **L19** | **VCCVK** | V25 | PDA1 / strap | AC22 | SDA1 | AF22 | SDD15 |
| D14 | USBP6+ | **L21** | **VCCVK** | V26 | SLP# | AC23 | PDD06 | AF23 | SDIOR# |
| D16 | USBP4+ | L22 | VCLK | W01 | MSCK | AC24 | PDD09 | AF24 | SDA0 |
| D18 | USBP2– | **L23** | **VCCVK** | W02 | MSDT | AC25 | PDD10 | AF25 | SDCS1# |
| D20 | USBP0– | L24 | VD14 | W03 | KBCK | AC26 | PDD05 | AF26 | SDCS3# |
| **D23** | **GNDUPLL** | L25 | VD11 | W04 | PME# | AD01 | SMBDT2 / GPIO26 | | |
| D24 | USBOC1# | L26 | VD10 | **W12** | **VCCATS** | AD02 | PWRBTN# | | |
| D25 | UDPEN# / GPO9 | M01 | AD25 | **W13** | **VCCATS** | AD03 | SUSB# | | |
| D26 | UDPWR / GPI9 | M02 | AD24 | **W14** | **VCCATS** | AD04 | RSMRST# | | |
| E01 | AD08 | M03 | CBE3# | **W15** | **VCCATS** | AD05 | GPIOB / PCREOB / strap | | |
| E02 | CBE0# | M04 | AD20 | **W16** | **VCCATS** | AD06 | PCISTP# / GPO6 / strap | | |

**VCC33** pins  (28 pins):  H9-12, J8, K8, L8, M8, N8, P8, R8,19, T8,19, U8,19, V8,19, 21 W8-11,17-19, 21, Y21  
**VCC25** pins  (29 pins):  J9-12, K9, L9,18, M9,18, N9,18, P9,18, R9,18, T9,18, U9,18, V9-18  
**GND** pins      (71 pins):  A1-2, B1-2, E8, F6-7,25, H23, J5,21,25, K5,18-19, L11-16, M11-16, N11-16, P5,11-16, R5,11-16,21, T11-16,21, V5, W5,22,25,  
                             AA9-10,21, AB18-19,22,25, AC18, AE17,19,22,25  
**USBVCC** pins (12 pins):  A22, B22, C22, D22, E22, F22, J13-18  
**USBGND** pins (35 pins):  A13,15,17,19,21,  B13,15,17,19,21,  C13-21,  D13,15,17,19,21,  E13,15,17,19,21,  H13-18

## Table 2. Pin List (Listed by Pin Name)

| Pin # | Pin Name | Pin # | Pin Name | Pin | Pin Name | Pin # | Pin Name | Pin # | Pin Name |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| U26 | A20M# | AD12 | GNDATS | A10 | MTXD0 | AF21 | SDD12 | K26 | VD02 |
| T01 | ACBITCLK | AD13 | GNDATS | B10 | MTXD1 | AD21 | SDD13 | J23 | VD03 |
| T03 | ACRST# | AD14 | GNDATS | B09 | MTXD2 | AD22 | SDD14 | F26 | VD04 |
| U03 | ACSDIN0 | AD15 | GNDATS | A09 | MTXD3 | AF22 | SDD15 | G25 | VD05 |
| V02 | ACSDIN1 | AD16 | GNDATS | C11 | MTXENA | AD23 | SDDACK# | K22 | VD06 |
| U01 | ACSDI2 /IO20/PCS0# | AE12 | GNDATS | T26 | NMI | AD17 | SDDRQ | K24 | VD07 |
| V03 | ACSDI3 /IO21/PCS1# /SLPB# | AE14 | GNDATS | AB08 | OSC | AF23 | SDIOR# | E24 | VD08 |
| U02 | ACSDOUT / strap | AE16 | GNDATS | F04 | PAR | AE23 | SDIOW# | G23 | VD09 |
| T02 | ACSYNC / strap | AF12 | GNDATS | AB07 | PCKRUN# | AF17 | SDRDY | L26 | VD10 |
| G02 | AD00 | AF14 | GNDATS | R23 | PCICLK# | AC19 | SDVREF | L25 | VD11 |
| J04 | AD01 | AF16 | GNDATS | R01 | PCIRST# | AD09 | SERIRO | E26 | VD12 |
| J03 | AD02 | C23 | GNDUPLL | AD06 | PCISTP#/O6/strap | C02 | SERR# | E25 | VD13 |
| H03 | AD03 | D23 | GNDUPLL | W23 | PDA0 / strap | V26 | SLP# | L24 | VD14 |
| F01 | AD04 | A06 | GNT0# | V25 | PDA1 / strap | AB01 | SMBALRT# | M26 | VD15 |
| G01 | AD05 | D06 | GNT1# | W24 | PDA2 / strap | AC04 | SMBCK1 | AF04 | VBAT |
| H04 | AD06 | C06 | GNT2# | V22 | PDCS1# / strap | AC03 | SMBCK2 / GPIO27 | G24 | VBE# |
| F02 | AD07 | E05 | GNT3# | V23 | PDCS3# / strap | AB02 | SMBDT1 | AE11 | VCCA33 |
| E01 | AD08 | R04 | GNT4# | AA22 | PDD00 | AD01 | SMBDT2 / GPIO26 | AC10 | VCCAO |
| G03 | AD09 | R02 | GNT5# / GPO7 | Y24 | PDD01 | U25 | SMI# | W12 | VCCATS |
| E03 | AD10 | AE02 | GPI0 | AA26 | PDD02 | AF08 | SPKR / strap | W13 | VCCATS |
| D01 | AD11 | AC02 | GPI1 | AA25 | PDD03 | AD11 | SREXT | W14 | VCCATS |
| G04 | AD12 | AE05 | GPIOA / PCREQA / strap | AB26 | PDD04 | AF13 | SRX1– | W15 | VCCATS |
| D02 | AD13 | AD05 | GPIOB / PCREQB / strap | AC26 | PDD05 | AE13 | SRX1+ | W16 | VCCATS |
| D03 | AD14 | AF05 | GPIOC / PCGNTA / strap | AC23 | PDD06 | AF15 | SRX2– | AB11 | VCCAS |
| F03 | AD15 | AC06 | GPIOD / PCGNTB / strap | AD25 | PDD07 | AE15 | SRX2+ | AB17 | VCCAS |
| K03 | AD16 | AA03 | GPO0 | AD26 | PDD08 | AC13 | STX1– | AC17 | VCCAS |
| L03 | AD17 | AE03 | GPO1 | AC24 | PDD09 | AB13 | STX1+ | AC11 | VCCAS |
| K02 | AD18 | T24 | IGNNE# | AC25 | PDD10 | AC15 | STX2– | A23 | VCCUPLL |
| K01 | AD19 | R26 | INIT# | AB24 | PDD11 | AB15 | STX2+ | B23 | VCCUPLL |
| M04 | AD20 | A04 | INTA# | AB23 | PDD12 | K04 | STOP# | K21 | VCCVK |
| L02 | AD21 | B04 | INTB# | AA24 | PDD13 | R24 | STPCLK# | L19 | VCCVK |
| N04 | AD22 | B05 | INTC# | Y26 | PDD14 | AA02 | SUSA# / GPO2 | L21 | VCCVK |
| L01 | AD23 | C04 | INTD# | AA23 | PDD15 | AD03 | SUSB# | L23 | VCCVK |
| M02 | AD24 | D04 | INTE# / GPIO12 | V24 | PDDACK# / strap | AF02 | SUSC# | M19 | VCCVK |
| M01 | AD25 | E04 | INTF# / GPIO13 | Y23 | PDDRQ | AB03 | SUSCLK / GPO4 | M21 | VCCVK |
| P04 | AD26 | A03 | INTG# / GPIO14 | W26 | PDIOR# | Y03 | SUSST1# / GPO3 | M22 | VCCVK |
| N03 | AD27 | B03 | INTH# / GPIO15 | Y25 | PDIOW# | AF10 | SXI | M23 | VCCVK |
| N02 | AD28 | T25 | INTR | Y22 | PDRDY | AE10 | SXO | M24 | VCCVK |
| N01 | AD29 | AE01 | INTRUD# / GPI16 | C03 | PERR# | AE09 | TEST | M25 | VCCVK |
| P01 | AD30 | J02 | IRDY# | D07 | PHYRST# | AF09 | TPO | N19 | VCCVK |
| P02 | AD31 | AD24 | IRQ14 | U22 | PLLGND | H01 | TRDY# | N21 | VCCVK |
| AD10 | AGPBZ# / GPI6 | AE26 | IRQ15 | T22 | PLLVCC | D25 | UDPEN# / GPO9 | N22 | VCCVK |
| Y04 | AOLGPI / THRM# / GPI18 | W03 | KBCK | W04 | PME# | D26 | UDPWR / GPI9 | N23 | VCCVK |
| U23 | APICCLK / GPI19 | V01 | KBDT | AD02 | PWRBTN# | K23 | UPCMD | N24 | VCCVK |
| R25 | APICD0 / GPIO10 | AD08 | LAD0 | AC05 | PWRGD | J26 | UPSTB | N25 | VCCVK |
| T23 | APICD1 / GPIO11 | AF07 | LAD1 | AF01 | PWROK | J24 | UPSTB# | N26 | VCCVK |
| V04 | BATLOW# / GPI5 | AE07 | LAD2 | A05 | REQ0# | E23 | USBCLK | P19 | VCCVK |
| E02 | CBE0# | AD07 | LAD3 | B06 | REQ1# | C26 | USBOC0# | P22 | VCCVK |
| C01 | CBE1# | E06 | LANGND | C05 | REQ2# | D24 | USBOC1# | P23 | VCCVK |
| L04 | CBE2# | E07 | LANVCC | D05 | REQ3# | B26 | USBOC2# | P24 | VCCVK |
| M03 | CBE3# | AF06 | LFRM# | P03 | REQ4# | C25 | USBOC3# | P25 | VCCVK |
| Y01 | CPUMISS / GPI17 | AC01 | LID# / GPI4 | R03 | REQ5# / GPI7 | B24 | USBOC4# | P26 | VCCVK |
| AC07 | CPUSTP# / GPO5 | AE06 | LREQ0# | Y02 | RING# / GPI3 | A24 | USBOC5# | L22 | VCLK |
| H02 | DEVSEL# | AE08 | LREQ1# | AD04 | RSMRST# | A26 | USBOC6# | AC09 | VGATE / GPIO8 |
| K25 | DNCMD | B11 | MCOL | AE04 | RTCX1 | A25 | USBOC7# | AC08 | VIDSEL / GIO28 |
| H26 | DNSTB | A11 | MCRS | AF03 | RTCX2 | D20 | USBP0– | J22 | VLCOMP |
| H24 | DNSTB# | A07 | MDCK | AF24 | SDA0 | E20 | USBP0+ | H22 | VLVREF |
| P21 | DPSLP# / GPIO23 | B07 | MDIO | AC22 | SDA1 | B20 | USBP1– | F24 | VPAR |
| C12 | EECK | D09 | MIIVCC | AE24 | SDA2 | A20 | USBP1+ | AB09 | VRDPSLP/GPIO2 |
| D11 | EECS# | E09 | MIIVCC | AB21 | SDCOMP | D18 | USBP2– | T04 | VSUS25 |
| A12 | EEDI / strap | E10 | MIIVCC | AF25 | SDCS1# | E18 | USBP2+ | U04 | VSUS25 |
| B12 | EEDO | E11 | MIIVCC | AF26 | SDCS3# | B18 | USBP3– | AA04 | VSUS33 |
| AA01 | EXTSMI# / GPI2 | D12 | MIIVCC25 | AC20 | SDD00 | A18 | USBP3+ | AB04 | VSUS33 |
| U24 | FERR# | E12 | MIIVCC25 | AB20 | SDD01 | E16 | USBP4– | AB05 | VSUS33 |
| J01 | FRAME# | C09 | MRXCLK | AC21 | SDD02 | D16 | USBP4+ | AB06 | VSUS33 |
| R22 | GHI# / GPIO22 | C08 | MRXD0 | AE18 | SDD03 | B16 | USBP5– | C24 | VSUSUSB |
| AF11 | GNDA33 | B08 | MRXD1 | AF18 | SDD04 | A16 | USBP5+ | | |
| AB10 | GNDAO | A08 | MRXD2 | AD18 | SDD05 | E14 | USBP6– | | |
| AB12 | GNDAS | C07 | MRXD3 | AD19 | SDD06 | D14 | USBP6+ | | |
| AB16 | GNDAS | D08 | MRXDV | AF19 | SDD07 | B14 | USBP7– | | |
| AC12 | GNDAS | D10 | MRXERR | AE20 | SDD08 | A14 | USBP7+ | | |
| AC16 | GNDAS | W01 | MSCK | AF20 | SDD09 | B25 | USBREXT | | |
| AB14 | GNDATS | W02 | MSDT | AD20 | SDD10 | H25 | VD00 | | |
| AC14 | GNDATS | C10 | MTXCLK | AE21 | SDD11 | G26 | VD01 | | |

**VCC33** pins (28 pins): H9-12, J8, K8, L8, M8, N8, P8, R8,19, T8,19, U8,19, V8,19, 21, W8-11,17-19, 21, Y21

**VCC25** pins (29 pins): J9-12, K9, L9,18, M9,18, N9,18, P9,18, R9,18, T9,18, U9,18, V9-18

**GND** pins (71 pins): A1-2, B1-2, E8, F6-7,25, H23, J5,21,25, K5,18-19, L11-16, M11-16, N11-16, P5,11-16, R5,11-16,21, T11-16,21, V5, W5,22,25, AA9-10,21, AB18-19,22,25, AC18, AE17,19,22,25

**USBVCC** pins (12 pins): A22, B22, C22, D22, E22, F22, J13-18

**USBGND** pins (35 pins): A13,15,17,19,21, B13,15,17,19,21, C13-21, D13,15,17,19,21, E13,15,17,19,21, H13-18

**NC** pins (2 pins): G22, F23

# PIN DESCRIPTIONS

**V-Link Pin Descriptions**

| V-Link Interface | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **VD[15:0]** | (see pin list) | IO | **Data Bus.**  All bits 15-0 are implemented for use with VIA North Bridge chips which support this capability (if not, only bits 7-0 are used).  VD[7:0] are also used to send strap information to the chipset North Bridge (see strap table below for details).  The specific interpretation of these straps is North Bridge chip design dependent. |
| **VPAR** | F24 | IO | **Parity.**  If the VPAR function is implemented in a compatible manner on the North Bridge, this pin should be connected to the North Bridge VPAR pin (KT400 / KM400 / KN400, PT400, PT600).  If VPAR is not implemented in the North Bridge chip or is incompatible with the VT8237R Plus (4x V-Link North Bridges) connect this pin to an 8.2K pullup to 2.5V (Pro266, Pro266T, KT266, KT266A, KT333, P4X266, PN266, KN266, KM266, P4M266, P4N266).  See app note AN222 for details. |
| **VBE#** | G24 | IO | **Byte Enable.**  Connect to same named pin on North Bridge. |
| **VCLK** | L22 | I | **V-Link Clock.**  66 MHz.  Supplied by clock generator. |
| **UPCMD** | K23 | O | **Command from Client-to-Host.**  Connect to same named pin on North Bridge. |
| **DNCMD** | K25 | I | **Command from Host-to-Client.**  Connect to same named pin on North Bridge. |
| **UPSTB** | J26 | O | **Strobe from Client-to-Host.**  Connect to same named pin on North Bridge. |
| **UPSTB#** | J24 | O | **Complement Strobe from Client-to-Host.**  Connect to same named pin on North Bridge. |
| **DNSTB** | H26 | I | **Strobe from Host-to-Client.**  Connect to same named pin on North Bridge. |
| **DNSTB#** | H24 | I | **Complement Strobe from Host-to-Client.**  Connect to same named pin on North Bridge. |

**CPU, APIC and CPU Control Pin Descriptions**

| | | | CPU Interface |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| A20M# | U26 | OD | **A20 Mask.**  Connect to A20 mask input of the CPU to control address bit-20 generation. Logical combination of the A20GATE input (from internal or external keyboard controller) and Port 92 bit-1 (Fast_A20). |
| FERR# | U24 | I | **Numerical Coprocessor Error.**  This signal is tied to the coprocessor error signal on the CPU.  Internally generates interrupt 13 if active.  Input voltage swing is programmable to 1.5V or 2.5V by Device 17 Function 0 Rx67[2]. |
| IGNNE# | T24 | OD | **Ignore Numeric Error.**  This pin is connected to the CPU "ignore error" pin. |
| INIT# | R26 | OD | **Initialization.**  The VT8237R Plus asserts INIT# if it detects a shut-down special cycle on the PCI bus or if a soft reset is initiated by the register |
| INTR | T25 | OD | **CPU Interrupt.**  INTR is driven by the VT8237R Plus to signal the CPU that an interrupt request is pending and needs service. |
| NMI | T26 | OD | **Non-Maskable Interrupt.**  NMI is used to force a non-maskable interrupt to the CPU.  The VT8237R Plus generates an NMI when PCI bus SERR# is asserted. |
| SLP# | V26 | OD | **Sleep.**  Used to put the CPU to sleep. |
| SMI# | U25 | OD | **System Management Interrupt.**  SMI# is asserted by the VT8237R Plus to the CPU in response to different Power-Management events. |
| STPCLK# | R24 | OD | **Stop Clock.**  STPCLK# is asserted by the VT8237R Plus to the CPU to throttle the processor clock. |

Note:  Connect each of the above signals to 150 Ω pullup resistors to VCC_CMOS (see Design Guide).

| | | | CPU Speed Control Interface |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| VGATE / GPI8 / GPO8 | AC9 | I | **Voltage Gate.**  Signal from the CPU voltage regulator.  High indicates the voltage regulator output is stable.  This pin performs the VGATE function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[4] = 1 and E4[3] = 0. |
| VIDSEL / GPI28 / GPO28 | AC8 | OD | **Voltage Regulator ID Select.**  Connected to the CPU voltage regulator.  Low selects the voltage ID from the CPU; high selects a different fixed voltage ID (the lower voltage used for CPU deep sleep mode).  This pin performs the VIDSEL function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[3] = 0. |
| VRDSLP / GPI29 / GPO29 | AB9 | OD | **Voltage Regulator Deep Sleep.**   Connected to the CPU voltage regulator.  High selects the proper voltage for deep sleep mode.  This pin performs the VRDPSLP function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[3] = 0. |
| GHI# / GPI22 / GPO22 | R22 | OD | **CPU Speed Select.**  Connected to the CPU voltage regulator, used to select high speed (L) or low speed (H).  This pin performs the GHI# function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[3] = 0. |
| DPSLP# / GPI23 / GPO23 | P21 | OD | **CPU Deep Sleep.**  This pin performs the DPSLP# function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[3] = 0. |
| CPUMISS / GPI17 | Y1 | I | **CPU Missing.**  Used to detect the physical presence of the CPU chip in its socket.  High indicates no CPU present.  Connect to the CPUMISS pin of the CPU socket.  The state of this pin may be read in the SMBus 2 registers.  This pin may be used as CPUMISS and GPI17 at the same time. |
| AGPBZ# / GPI6 | AD10 | I | **AGP Busy.**  Low indicates that an AGP master cycle is in progress (CPU speed transitions will be postponed if this input is asserted low).  Connected to the AGP Bus AGPBZ# pin. |

| | | | Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller (APIC) Interface |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| APICD1 / GPIO11 | T23 | O | **Internal APIC Data 1.**  Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6] = 1 & APIC Rx3[0] = 0 |
| APICD0 / GPIO10 | R25 | O | **Internal APIC Data 0.**  Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6] = 1 & APIC Rx3[0] = 0 |
| APICCLK / GPI19 | U23 | I | **Internal APIC Clock.**  Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6] = 1 & APIC Rx3[0] = 0 |

**PCI Bus Pin Descriptions**

| PCI Bus Interface | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **AD[31:0]** | (see pin list) | IO | **Address / Data Bus.** Multiplexed address and data. The address is driven with FRAME# assertion and data is driven or received in following cycles. |
| **CBE[3:0]#** | M3, L4, C1, E2 | IO | **Command / Byte Enable.** The command is driven with FRAME# assertion. Byte enables corresponding to supplied or requested data are driven on following clocks. |
| **DEVSEL#** | H2 | IO | **Device Select.** The VT8237R Plus asserts this signal to claim PCI transactions through positive or subtractive decoding. As an input, DEVSEL# indicates the response to a VT8237R Plus-initiated transaction and is also sampled when decoding whether to subtractively decode the cycle. |
| **FRAME#** | J1 | IO | **Frame.** Assertion indicates the address phase of a PCI transfer. Negation indicates that one more data transfer is desired by the cycle initiator. |
| **IRDY#** | J2 | IO | **Initiator Ready.** Asserted when the initiator is ready for data transfer. |
| **TRDY#** | H1 | IO | **Target Ready.** Asserted when the target is ready for data transfer. |
| **STOP#** | K4 | IO | **Stop.** Asserted by the target to request the master to stop the current transaction. |
| **SERR#** | C2 | I | **System Error.** SERR# can be pulsed active by any PCI device that detects a system error condition. Upon sampling SERR# active, the VT8237R Plus can be programmed to generate an NMI to the CPU. |
| **PERR#** | C3 | — | **Parity Error.** PERR#, sustained tri-state, is only for the reporting of data parity errors during all PCI transactions except for a Special Cycle. |
| **PAR** | F4 | IO | **Parity.** A single parity bit is provided over AD[31:0] and C/BE[3:0]#. |
| **INTA#** <br> **INTB#** <br> **INTC#** <br> **INTD#** <br> **INTE#** / GPI12, <br> / GPO12, <br> **INTF#** / GPI13, <br> / GPO13, <br> **INTG#**/ GPI14, <br> / GPO14, <br> **INTH#**/ GPI15, <br> / GPO15 | A4 <br> B4 <br> B5 <br> C4 <br><br> D4 <br><br> E4 <br><br> A3 <br><br> B3 | I | **PCI Interrupt Request**. The INTA# through INTD# pins are typically connected to the PCI bus INTA#-INTD# pins per the table below. INTE-H# are enabled by setting Device 17 Function 0 Rx5B[1] = 1 and RxE4[4] = 0. BIOS settings must match the physical connection method. <br><br>                 INTA#     INTB#     INTC#     INTD# <br> PCI Slot 1    INTA#     INTB#     INTC#     INTD# <br> PCI Slot 2    INTB#     INTC#     INTD#     INTE# <br> PCI Slot 3    INTC#     INTD#     INTE#     INTF# <br> PCI Slot 4    INTD#     INTE#     INTF#     INTG# <br> PCI Slot 5    INTE#     INTF#     INTG#     INTH# <br> PCI Slot 6    INTF#     INTG#     INTH#     INTA# |
| **REQ5#** / GPI7, <br> **REQ4#,** <br> **REQ3#,** <br> **REQ2#,** <br> **REQ1#,** <br> **REQ0#** | R3 <br> P3 <br> D5 <br> C5 <br> B6 <br> A5 | I | **PCI Request.** These signals connect to the VT8237R Plus from each PCI slot (or each PCI master) to request the PCI bus. To use pin R3 as REQ5#, Function 0 RxE4 must be set to 1 otherwise this pin will function as General Purpose Input 7. |
| **GNT5#** / GPO7, <br> **GNT4#,** <br> **GNT3#,** <br> **GNT2#,** <br> **GNT1#,** <br> **GNT0#** | R2 <br> R4 <br> E5 <br> C6 <br> D6 <br> A6 | O | **PCI Grant.** These signals are driven by the VT8237R Plus to grant PCI access to a specific PCI master. To use pin R2 as GNT5#, Function 0 RxE4 must be set to 1 otherwise this pin will function as General Purpose Output 7. |
| **PCIRST#** | R1 | O | **PCI Reset.** This signal is used to reset devices attached to the PCI bus. |
| **PCICLK** | R23 | I | **PCI Clock.** This signal provides timing for all transactions on the PCI Bus. |
| **PCKRUN#** | AB7 | IO | **PCI Bus Clock Run.** This signal indicates whether the PCI clock is or will be stopped (high) or running (low). The VT8237R Plus drives this signal low when the PCI clock is running (default on reset) and releases it when it stops the PCI clock. External devices may assert this signal low to request that the PCI clock be restarted or prevent it from stopping. Connect this pin to ground using a 100 Ω resistor if the function is not used. Refer to the "PCI Mobile Design Guide" and VIA PT400 or K8M400 Design Guides for more details |

**MII, Serial EEPROM and Low Pin Count Pin Descriptions**

| LAN Controller - Media Independent Interface (MII) | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **PU** | **Signal Description** |
| MCOL | B11 | I | PD | **MII Collision Detect.** From the external PHY. |
| MCRS | A11 | I | PD | **MII Carrier Sense.** Asserted by the external PHY when the media is active. |
| MDCK | A7 | O | PD | **MII Management Data Clock.** Sent to the external PHY as a timing reference for MDIO |
| MDIO | B7 | IO | PD | **MII Management Data I/O.** Read from the MDI bit or written to the MDO bit. |
| MRXCLK | C9 | I | PD | **MII Receive Clock.** 2.5 or 25 MHz clock recovered by the PHY. |
| MRXD[3-0] | C7, A8, B8, C8 | I | PD | **MII Receive Data.** Parallel receive data lines driven by the external PHY synchronous with MRXCLK. |
| MRXDV | D8 | I | PD | **MII Receive Data Valid.** |
| MRXERR | D10 | I | PD | **MII Receive Error.** Asserted by the PHY when it detects a data decoding error. |
| MTXCLK | C10 | I | PD | **MII Transmit Clock.** Always active 2.5 or 25 MHz clock supplied by the PHY. |
| MTXD[3-0] | A9, B9, B10, A10 | O | PD | **MII Transmit Data.** Parallel transmit data lines synchronized to MTXCLK. |
| MTXENA | C11 | O | PD | **MII Transmit Enable.** Signals that transmit is active from the MII port to the PHY. |
| PHYRST# | D7 | O | | **External PHY Reset.** |
| MIIVCC | D9, E9 - 11 | Power | | **LAN MII Power.** 3.3V ±5% Suspend Power for LAN Media Independent Interface (interface to external PHY). |
| MIIVCC25 | D12, E12 | Power | | **MII Suspend Power.** 2.5V ±5%. |
| LANVCC | E7 | Power | | **Power For LAN.** 2.5V ±5%. |
| LANGND | E6 | Power | | **Ground For LAN.** |

| Serial EEPROM Interface | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **PU** | **Signal Description** |
| EECS# | D11 | O | - | **Serial EEPROM Chip Select.** |
| EECK | C12 | O | - | **Serial EEPROM Clock.** |
| EEDO | B12 | I | - | **Serial EEPROM Data Output.** Connect to EEPROM Data Out pin. |
| EEDI / strap | A12 | O | - | **Serial EEPROM Data Input.** Connect to EEPROM Data In pin. |

The serial EEPROM Interface signals are disabled if the EEDI pin is strapped high.

| Low Pin Count (LPC) Interface | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **PU** | **Signal Description** |
| LAD[3-0] | AD7, AE7, AF7, AD8 | IO | PU | **LPC Address / Data.** |
| LFRM# | AF6 | O | - | **LPC Frame.** |
| LREQ0# | AE6 | I | - | **LPC DMA / Bus Master Request 0.** |
| LREQ1# | AE8 | I | - | **LPC DMA / Bus Master Request 1.** |

Note: Connect the LPC interface LPCRST# (LPC Reset) signal to PCIRST#

**USB, SMB Pin Descriptions**

| Universal Serial Bus 2.0 Interface | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| USBP0+ | E20 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 0 Data +** |
| USBP0– | D20 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 0 Data –** |
| USBP1+ | A20 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 1 Data +** |
| USBP1– | B20 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 1 Data –** |
| USBP2+ | E18 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 2 Data +** |
| USBP2– | D18 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 2 Data –** |
| USBP3+ | A18 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 3 Data +** |
| USBP3– | B18 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 3 Data –** |
| USBP4+ | D16 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 4 Data +** |
| USBP4– | E16 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 4 Data –** |
| USBP5+ | A16 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 5 Data +** |
| USBP5– | B16 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 5 Data –** |
| USBP6+ | D14 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 6 Data +** |
| USBP6– | E14 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 6 Data –** |
| USBP7+ | A14 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 7 Data +** |
| USBP7– | B14 | IO | **USB 2.0 Port 7 Data –** |
| USBCLK | E23 | I | **USB 2.0 Clock.** 48 MHz clock input for the USB interface |
| USBREXT | B25 | AI | **USB External Resistor.** |
| USBOC0# | C26 | I | **USB 2.0 Port 0 Over Current Detect.** Port 0 is disabled if low. |
| USBOC1# | D24 | I | **USB 2.0 Port 1 Over Current Detect.** Port 1 is disabled if low. |
| USBOC2# | B26 | I | **USB 2.0 Port 2 Over Current Detect.** Port 2 is disabled if low. |
| USBOC3# | C25 | I | **USB 2.0 Port 3 Over Current Detect.** Port 3 is disabled if low. |
| USBOC4# | B24 | I | **USB 2.0 Port 4 Over Current Detect.** Port 4 is disabled if low. |
| USBOC5# | A24 | I | **USB 2.0 Port 5 Over Current Detect.** Port 5 is disabled if low. |
| USBOC6# | A26 | I | **USB 2.0 Port 6 Over Current Detect.** Port 6 is disabled if low. |
| USBOC7# | A25 | I | **USB 2.0 Port 7 Over Current Detect.** Port 7 is disabled if low. |
| UDPWR / GPI9 | D26 | I | **USB 2.0 Power.** (Device 17 Function 0 RxE4[5] = 0) |
| UDPWREN# / GPO9 | D25 | O | **USB 2.0 Power Enable.** (Device 17 Function 0 RxE4[5] = 0) |
| USBVCC | (see pin list) | Power | **USB 2.0 Port Differential Output Interface Logic Voltage.** 3.3V |
| USBGND | (see pin list) | Power | **USB 2.0 Port Differential Output Interface Logic Ground.** |
| VSUSUSB | C24 | Power | **USB 2.0 Suspend Power.** 2.5V ±5%. |
| VCCUPLL | A23, B23 | Power | **USB 2.0 PLL Analog Voltage.** 2.5V ±5%. |
| GNDUPLL | C23, D23 | Power | **USB 2.0 PLL Analog Ground.** |

| System Management Bus (SMB) Interface ($I^2C$ Bus) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| SMBCK1 | AC4 | OD | **SMB / $I^2C$ Channel 1 Clock.** |
| SMBCK2 / GPI27 / GPO27 | AC3 | OD | **SMB / $I^2C$ Channel 2 Clock.** Rx95[2] = 0 |
| SMBDT1 | AB2 | OD | **SMB / $I^2C$ Channel 1 Data.** |
| SMBDT2 / GPI26 / GPO26 | AD1 | OD | **SMB / $I^2C$ Channel 2 Data.** Rx95[2] = 0 |
| SMBALRT# | AB1 | I | **SMB Alert.** Enabled by System Management Bus I/O space Rx8[3] = 1. When the chip is enabled to allow it, assertion generates an IRQ or SMI interrupt or a power management resume event. Connect to a 10K ohm pullup to VSUS33 if not used. |

**Enhanced IDE Interface Pin Descriptions**

| UltraDMA-133 / 100 / 66 / 33 Enhanced IDE Interface | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **PDRDY** / PDDMARDY / PDSTROBE | Y22 | I | EIDE Mode: **Primary I/O Channel Ready.** Device ready indicator <br> UltraDMA Mode: **Primary Device DMA Ready**. Output flow control. The device may assert DDMARDY to pause output transfers <br> **Primary Device Strobe**. Input data strobe (both edges). The device may stop DSTROBE to pause input data transfers |
| **SDRDY** / SDDMARDY / SDSTROBE | AF17 | I | EIDE Mode: **Secondary I/O Channel Ready.** Device ready indicator <br> UltraDMA Mode: **Secondary Device DMA Ready**. Output flow control. The device may assert DDMARDY to pause output transfers <br> **Secondary Device Strobe**. Input data strobe (both edges). The device may stop DSTROBE to pause input data transfers |
| **PDIOR#** / PHDMARDY / PHSTROBE | W26 | O | EIDE Mode: **Primary Device I/O Read.** Device read strobe <br> UltraDMA Mode: **Primary Host DMA Ready**. Primary channel input flow control. The host may assert HDMARDY to pause input transfers <br> **Primary Host Strobe**. Output data strobe (both edges). The host may stop HSTROBE to pause output data transfers |
| **SDIOR#** / SHDMARDY / SHSTROBE | AF23 | O | EIDE Mode: **Secondary Device I/O Read.** Device read strobe <br> UltraDMA Mode: **Secondary Host DMA Ready**. Input flow control. The host may assert HDMARDY to pause input transfers <br> **Second Host Strobe**. Output strobe (both edges). The host may stop HSTROBE to pause output data transfers |
| **PDIOW#** / PSTOP | Y25 | O | EIDE Mode: **Primary Device I/O Write.** Device write strobe <br> UltraDMA Mode: **Primary Stop**. Stop transfer: Asserted by the host prior to initiation of an UltraDMA burst; negated by the host before data is transferred in an UltraDMA burst. Assertion of STOP by the host during or after data transfer in UltraDMA mode signals the termination of the burst. |
| **SDIOW#** / SSTOP | AE23 | O | EIDE Mode: **Secondary Device I/O Write.** Device write strobe <br> UltraDMA Mode: **Secondary Stop**. Stop transfer: Asserted by the host prior to initiation of an UltraDMA burst; negated by the host before data is transferred in an UltraDMA burst. Assertion of STOP by the host during or after data transfer in UltraDMA mode signals the termination of the burst. |
| **PDDRQ** | Y23 | I | **Primary Device DMA Request.** Primary channel DMA request |
| **SDDRQ** | AD17 | I | **Secondary Device DMA Request.** Secondary channel DMA request |
| **PDDACK#** / strap | V24 | O | **Primary Device DMA Acknowledge.** Primary channel DMA acknowledge |
| **SDDACK#** | AD23 | O | **Secondary Device DMA Acknowledge.** Secondary channel DMA acknowledge |
| **IRQ14** | AD24 | I | **Primary Channel Interrupt Request.** |
| **IRQ15** | AE26 | I | **Secondary Channel Interrupt Request.** |

| UltraDMA-133 / 100 / 66 / 33 Enhanced IDE Interface (continued) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **PDCS1#** / strap | V22 | O | **Primary Master Chip Select.** This signal corresponds to CS1FX# on the primary IDE connector. |
| **PDCS3#** / strap | V23 | O | **Primary Slave Chip Select.** This signal corresponds to CS3FX# on the primary IDE connector. |
| **SDCS1#** | AF25 | O | **Secondary Master Chip Select.** This signal corresponds to CS17X# on the secondary IDE connector. |
| **SDCS3#** | AF26 | O | **Secondary Slave Chip Select.** This signal corresponds to CS37X# on the secondary IDE connector. |
| **PDA[2-0]** / strap | W24, V25, W23 | O | **Primary Disk Address.** PDA[2:0] are used to indicate which byte in either the ATA command block or control block is being accessed. Strap information is communicated to the North Bridge via VD[6:4]. |
| **SDA[2-0]** | AE24, AC22, AF24 | O | **Secondary Disk Address.** SDA[2:0] are used to indicate which byte in either the ATA command block or control block is being accessed. |
| **PDD[15-0]** | (see pin list) | IO | **Primary Disk Data.** |
| **SDD[15-0]** | (see pin list) | IO | **Secondary Disk Data.** |

**Serial ATA Pin Descriptions**

| Serial ATA Interface | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **SRX1+** | AE13 | I | **S-ATA Port 1 Receive +** |
| **SRX1−** | AF13 | I | **S-ATA Port 1 Receive −** |
| **SRX2+** | AE15 | I | **S-ATA Port 2 Receive +** |
| **SRX2−** | AF15 | I | **S-ATA Port 2 Receive −** |
| **STX1+** | AB13 | I | **S-ATA Port 1 Transmit +** |
| **STX1−** | AC13 | I | **S-ATA Port 1 Transmit −** |
| **STX2+** | AB15 | I | **S-ATA Port 2 Transmit +** |
| **STX2−** | AC15 | I | **S-ATA Port 2 Transmit −** |
| **SXI** | AF10 | I | **S-ATA Crystal In.** |
| **SXO** | AE10 | O | **S-ATA Crystal Out.** |
| **SREXT** | AD11 | AI | **S-ATA External Resistor.** |
| **SATALED#** / VIDSEL / GPIO28 | AC8 | OD | **S-ATA LED.** Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[0] = 1. |
| **VCCAO** | AC10 | P | **S-ATA Oscillator Power.** 2.5V ±5%. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead. |
| **GNDAO** | AB10 | P | **S-ATA Oscillator Ground.** |
| **VCCAS** | AB11, AB17, AC11, AC17 | P | **S-ATA Power.** 2.5V ±5%. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead. |
| **GNDAS** | AB12, AB16, AC12, AC16 | P | **S-ATA Ground.** |
| **VCCATS** | W12-16 | P | **S-ATA Power.** 2.5V ±5%. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead. |
| **GNDATS** | AB14, AC14, AD12-16, AE12, AE14, AE16, AF12, AF14, AF16 | P | **S-ATA Ground.** |
| **VCCA33** | AE11 | P | **S-ATA Power.** 3.3V ±5%. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead. |
| **GNDA33** | AF11 | P | **S-ATA Ground** |

**AC'97 Audio and Modem Pin Descriptions**

| AC97 Audio / Modem Interface | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **ACRST#** | T3 | O | **AC97 Reset.** |
| **ACBTCK** | T1 | I | **AC97 Bit Clock.** |
| **ACSYNC** / strap | T2 | O | **AC97 Sync.** |
| **ACSDOUT** / strap | U2 | O | **AC97 Serial Data Out.** |
| **ACSDIN0** (VSUS33)† | U3 | I | **AC97 Serial Data In 0.** |
| **ACSDIN1** (VSUS33)† | V2 | I | **AC97 Serial Data In 1.** |
| **ACSDIN2** / GPIO20 / PCS0# | U1 | I | **AC97 Serial Data In 2.** RxE4[6]=0,E5[1]=0, PMIO Rx4C[20]=1 |
| **ACSDIN3** / GPIO21 / PCS1# / SLPBTN# | V3 | I | **AC97 Serial Data In 3.** RxE4[6]=0,E5[2]=0, PMIO Rx4C[21]=1 |

†The supply voltage for ACSDIN0-1 is VSUS33 so these inputs can support wake-up on modem ring.

**Serial IRQ and PC / PCI DMA Pin Descriptions**

| Serial IRQ | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **SERIRQ** | AD9 | I | **Serial IRQ.** This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. |

| PC / PCI DMA | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **PCREQA** / GPI24 / GPO24 (GPIOA) | AE5 | I | **PC / PCI Request A.** Device 17 Function 0 Rx53[7] = 1 |
| **PCREQB** / GPI25 / GPO25 (GPIOB) | AD5 | I | **PC / PCI Request B.** Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[7] = 1 |
| **PCGNTA** / GPI30 / GPO30 (GPIOC) | AF5 | O | **PC / PCI Grant A.** Device 17 Function 0 Rx53[7] = 1 |
| **PCGNTB** / GPI31 / GPO31 (GPIOD) | AC6 | O | **PC / PCI Grant B.** Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[7] = 1 |

**Internal Keyboard Controller and Speaker Pin Descriptions**

| Internal Keyboard Controller | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **PU** | **Signal Description** |
| **MSCK** | W1 | IO | PU | **Mouse Clock.**  From internal mouse controller.  Dev17 Fun0 Rx51[2]=1. |
| **MSDT** | W2 | IO | PU | **Mouse Data.**  From internal mouse controller. Dev17 Fun 0 Rx51[2]=1. |
| **KBCK** / KA20G | W3 | IO | PU | **MultiFunction Pin**  (Internal keyboard controller enabled by Dev17 Fun 0 Rx51[0]) Rx51[0]=1 **Keyboard Clock.**  From internal keyboard controller Rx51[0]=0 **Gate A20.**  Input from external keyboard controller. |
| **KBDT** / KBRC | V1 | IO | PU | **MultiFunction Pin**  (Internal keyboard controller enabled by Dev 17 Fun 0 Rx51[0]) Rx51[0]=1 **Keyboard Data.**  From internal keyboard controller. Rx51[0]=0  **Keyboard Reset.**  From external keyboard controller (KBC) for CPURST# generation |

Note:  KBCK, KBDT, MSCK and MSDT are powered by the VSUS33 suspend voltage plane.

| Speaker | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **PU** | **Signal Description** |
| **SPKR** / strap | AF8 | O | | **Speaker.**  Strap low to enable (high to disable) CPU frequency strapping. |

**Programming Chip Selects Pin Descriptions**

| Programmable Chip Selects | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **PCS0#** / GPIO20 / ACSDIN2 | U1 | O | **Programmable Chip Select 0.** RxE4[6]=1, E5[1]=1 |
| **PCS1#** / GPIO21 / ACSDIN3 / SLPBTN# | V3 | O | **Programmable Chip Select 1.** RxE4[6]=1, E5[2]=1 |

**General Purpose Inputs Pin Descriptions**

| General Purpose Inputs | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **GPI0** *(VBAT)* | AE2 | I | **General Purpose Input 0.** Status on PMIO Rx20[0] |
| **GPI1** *(VSUS33)* | AC2 | I | **General Purpose Input 1.** Status on PMIO Rx20[1] |
| **GPI2** / EXTSMI# *(VSUS33)* | AA1 | I | **General Purpose Input 2.** Status on PMIO Rx20[4] |
| **GPI3** / RING# *(VSUS33)* | Y2 | I | **General Purpose Input 3.** Status on PMIO Rx20[8] |
| **GPI4** / LID# *(VSUS33)* | AC1 | I | **General Purpose Input 4.** Status on PMIO Rx20[11] |
| **GPI5** / BATLOW# *(VSUS33)* | V4 | I | **General Purpose Input 5.** Status on PMIO Rx20[12] |
| **GPI6** / AGPBZ# | AD10 | I | **General Purpose Input 6.** |
| **GPI7** / REQ5# | R3 | I | **General Purpose Input 7.** RxE4[2] = 0 |
| **GPI8** / GPO8 / VGATE | AC9 | I | **General Purpose Input 8.** RxE4[3] = 0, E5[4]=0 |
| **GPI9** / UDPWR | D26 | I | **General Purpose Input 9.** RxE4[5] = 1 |
| **GPI10** / GPO10 / APICD0 | R25 | I | **General Purpose Input 10.** Rx58[6] = 0 or APIC Rx3[0]=1 |
| **GPI11** / GPO11 / APICD1 | T23 | I | **General Purpose Input 11.** Rx58[6] = 0 or APIC Rx3[0]=1 |
| **GPI12** / GPO12 / INTE# | D4 | I | **General Purpose Input 12.** RxE4[4] = 0, 5B[1]=0 |
| **GPI13** / GPO13 / INTF# | E4 | I | **General Purpose Input 13.** RxE4[4] = 0, 5B[1]=0 |
| **GPI14** / GPO14 / INTG# | A3 | I | **General Purpose Input 14.** RxE4[4] = 0, 5B[1]=0 |
| **GPI15** / GPO15 / INTH# | B3 | I | **General Purpose Input 15.** RxE4[4] = 0, 5B[1]=0 |
| **GPI16** / INTRUDER# *(VBAT)* | AE1 | I | **General Purpose Input 16.** Status on PMIO Rx20[6] |
| **GPI17** / CPUMISS *(VSUS33)* | Y1 | I | **General Purpose Input 17.** |
| **GPI18** / THRM# / AOLGPI *(VSUS33)* | Y4 | I | **General Purpose Input 18.** Rx8C[3] = 0 |
| **GPI19** / APICCLK | U23 | I | **General Purpose Input 19.** Rx58[6] = 0 or APIC Rx3[0]=1 |
| **GPI20** / GPO20 / ACSDIN2 / PCS0# | U1 | I | **General Purpose Input 20.** RxE4[6]=1, E5[1]=0, PMIO 4C[20] = 1 |
| **GPI21** / GPO21 / ACSDIN3 / PCS1# / SLPBTN# | V3 | I | **General Purpose Input 21.** RxE4[6]=1, E5[2]=0 PMIO 4C[21] = 1 |
| **GPI22** / GPO22 / GHI# | R22 | I | **General Purpose Input 22.** RxE5[3] = 1, PMIO 4C[22] = 1 |
| **GPI23** / GPO23 / DPSLP# | P21 | I | **General Purpose Input 23.** RxE5[3] = 1, PMIO 4C[23] = 1 |
| **GPI24** / GPO24 (GPIOA) / PCREQA / strap | AE5 | I | **General Purpose Input 24.** RxE6[0] = 0, 53[7] = 0 |
| **GPI25** / GPO25 (GPIOB) / PCREQB / strap | AD5 | I | **General Purpose Input 25.** RxE6[1] = 0, 58[7] = 0 |
| **GPI26** / GPO26 / SMBDT2 *(VSUS33)* | AD1 | I | **General Purpose Input 26.** Rx95[2] = 1, 95[3] = 0 |
| **GPI27** / GPO27 / SMBCK2 *(VSUS33)* | AC3 | I | **General Purpose Input 27.** Rx95[2] = 1, 95[3] = 0 |
| **GPI28** / GPO28 / VIDSEL / SATALED# | AC8 | I | **General Purpose Input 28.** RxE5[0] = 0,E5[3] = 1, PMIO 4C[28] = 1 |
| **GPI29** / GPO29 / VRDSLP | AB9 | I | **General Purpose Input 29.** RxE5[3] = 1, PMIO 4C[29] = 1 |
| **GPI30** / GPO30 (GPIOC) / PCGNTA / strap | AF5 | I | **General Purpose Input 30.** RxE6[6] = 0, 53[7] = 0 |
| **GPI31** / GPO31 (GPIOD) / PCGNTB / strap | AC6 | I | **General Purpose Input 31.** RxE6[7] = 0, 58[7] = 0 |

Note: Register bits referenced above are Device 17 Function 0 unless indicated otherwise.
Note: Default pin function is underlined in the signal name column above.
Note: Input pin status for the above GPI pins 31-0 is available on PMIO Rx48[31-0]
Note: See also Power Management I/O register Rx50 for input pin change status for GPI16-18 and 24-27
Note: See also Power Management I/O register Rx52 for SCI/SMI select for GPI16-18 and 24-27
Note: See also Power Management I/O register Rx4C. General purpose input pins 20-31 are shared with OD (open drain) general purpose output functions, so to use one of these pins as an input pin, a one must be written to the corresponding bit of PMIO Rx4C.

**General Purpose Outputs Pin Descriptions**

| General Purpose Outputs | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **GPO0** *(VSUS33)* | AA3 | O | **General Purpose Output 0.** |
| **GPO1** *(VSUS33)* | AE3 | O | **General Purpose Output 1.** |
| **GPO2** / SUSA# *(VSUS33)* | AA2 | O | **General Purpose Output 2.** Rx94[2] = 1 |
| **GPO3** / SUSST1# *(VSUS33)* | Y3 | O | **General Purpose Output 3.** Rx94[4] = 1 |
| **GPO4** / SUSCLK *(VSUS33)* | AB3 | O | **General Purpose Output 4.** Rx95[1] = 1 |
| **GPO5** / CPUSTP# | AC7 | O | **General Purpose Output 5.** RxE4[0] = 1 |
| **GPO6** / PCISTP# | AD6 | O | **General Purpose Output 6.** RxE4[1] = 1 |
| **GPO7** / GNT5# | R2 | O | **General Purpose Output 7.** RxE4[2] = 0 |
| **GPO8** / GPI8 / VGATE | AC9 | O | **General Purpose Output 8.** RxE4[3] = 1, E5[4]=0 |
| **GPO9** / UDPWREN | D25 | O | **General Purpose Output 9.** RxE4[5] = 1 |
| **GPO10** / GPI10 / APICD0 | R25 | O | **General Purpose Output 10.** Rx58[6]=0 or APIC Rx3[0]=1 |
| **GPO11** / GPI11 / APICD1 | T23 | O | **General Purpose Output 11.** Rx58[6]=0 or APIC Rx3[0]=1 |
| **GPO12** / GPI12 / INTE# | D4 | O | **General Purpose Output 12.** RxE4[4]=1, 5B[1]=0 |
| **GPO13** / GPI13 / INTF# | E4 | O | **General Purpose Output 13.** RxE4[4]=1, 5B[1]=0 |
| **GPO14** / GPI14 / INTG# | A3 | O | **General Purpose Output 14.** RxE4[4]=1, 5B[1]=0 |
| **GPO15** / GPI15 / INTH# | B3 | O | **General Purpose Output 15.** RxE4[4]=1, 5B[1]=0 |
| **GPO20** / GPI20 / ACSDIN2 / PCS0# | U1 | OD | **General Purpose Output 20.** RxE4[6]=1, E5[1]=0 |
| **GPO21** / GPI21 / ACSDIN3 / PCS1# /SLPBTN# | V3 | OD | **General Purpose Output 21.** RxE4[6]=1, E5[2]=0 |
| **GPO22** / GPI22 / GHI# | R22 | OD | **General Purpose Output 22.** RxE5[3]=1, PMIO 4C[22]=1 |
| **GPO23** / GPI23 / DPSLP# | P21 | OD | **General Purpose Output 23.** RxE5[3]=1, PMIO 4C[23]=1 |
| **GPO24** / GPI24 (GPIOA) / PCREQA / strap | AE5 | OD | **General Purpose Output 24.** RxE6[0] = 1, 53[7] = 0 |
| **GPO25** / GPI25 (GPIOB) / PCREQB / strap | AD5 | OD | **General Purpose Output 25.** RxE6[1] = 1, 58[7] = 0 |
| **GPO26** / GPI26 / SMBDT2 *(VSUS33†)* | AD1 | OD | **General Purpose Output 26.** Rx95[2] = 1, 95[3] = 1 |
| **GPO27** / GPI27 / SMBCK2 *(VSUS33†)* | AC3 | OD | **General Purpose Output 27.** Rx95[2] = 1, 95[3] = 1 |
| **GPO28** / GPI28 / VIDSEL / SATALED# | AC8 | OD | **General Purpose Output 28.** RxE5[0] = 0, E5[3] = 1, PMIO 4C[28]=1 |
| **GPO29** / GPI29 / VRDSLP | AB9 | OD | **General Purpose Output 29.** RxE5[3] = 1 |
| **GPO30** / GPI30 (GPIOC) / PCGNTA / strap | AF5 | OD | **General Purpose Output 30.** RxE6[6] = 1, 53[7] = 0 |
| **GPO31** / GPI31 (GPIOD) / PCGNTB / strap | AC6 | OD | **General Purpose Output 31.** RxE6[7] = 1, 58[7] = 0 |

Note:  Register bits referenced above are Device 17 Function 0 unless indicated otherwise.
Note:  The output state for each of the above general purpose outputs is selectable via Power Management I/O registers Rx4C-48
Note:  Default pin functions are underlined in the table above.
† The suspend voltage is only used for maintaining the operation of the SMB function on these pins (Device 17 Function 0 Rx95[3] = 0).  If VCC power is lost, the GPIO function of these pins and the state of PMIO Rx4C[27:26} (which determines the GPO output level) will be lost also.

| General Purpose I/O | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **GPIOA** / GPI24 / GPO24 | AE5 | IO | **General Purpose I/O A / 24.** RxE6[0] = 1 |
| **GPIOB** / GPI25 / GPO25 | AD5 | IO | **General Purpose I/O B / 25.** RxE6[1] = 1 |
| **GPIOC** / GPI30 / GPO30 | AF5 | IO | **General Purpose I/O C / 30.** RxE6[6] = 1 |
| **GPIOD** / GPI31 / GPO31 | AC6 | IO | **General Purpose I/O D / 31.** RxE6[7] = 1 |

The output type of the above pins may be selected as either OD or TTL (see Device 17 Function 0 RxE7)

**Power Management and Event Pin Descriptions**

| Power Management and Event Detection | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| **PWRBTN#** | AD2 | I | **Power Button.** Used by the Power Management subsystem to monitor an external system on/off button or switch. Internal logic powered by VSUS33. |
| **SLPBTN#** / GPIO21 / ACSDIN3 / PCS1# | V3 | I | **Sleep Button.** Used by the Power Management subsystem to monitor an external sleep button or switch. RxE4[6] = 1, 80[6] = 1, E5[2] = 0 and PMIO Rx4C[21] = 1 |
| **RSMRST#** | AD4 | I | **Resume Reset.** Resets the internal logic connected to the VSUS33 power plane and also resets portions of the internal RTC logic. Internal logic powered by VBAT. |
| **EXTSMI#** / GPI2 | AA1 | I | **External System Management Interrupt.** When enabled to allow it, a falling edge on this input causes an SMI# to be generated to the CPU to enter SMI mode. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) (3.3V only) |
| **PME#** | W4 | I | **Power Management Event.** (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) |
| **SMBALRT#** | AB1 | I | **SMB Alert**. When programmed to allow it (SMB I/O Rx8[3]=1), assertion generates an IRQ, SMI, or power management event. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) |
| **LID#** / GPI4 | AC1 | I | **Notebook Computer Display Lid Open / Closed Monitor.** Used by the Power Management subsystem to monitor the opening and closing of the display lid of notebook computers. Can be used to detect either low-to-high or high-to-low transitions to generate an SMI#. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) |
| **INTRUDER#** / GPI16 | AE1 | I | **Intrusion Indicator.** The value of this bit may be read at PMIO Rx20[6] |
| **THRM#** / GPI18 / AOLGPI | Y4 | I | **Thermal Alarm Monitor.** Rx8C[3] = 1. Rising or falling edges (selectable by PMIO Rx2C[6]) may be detected to set status at PMIO Rx20[10]. Setting of this status bit may then be used to generate an SCI or SMI. THRM# may also be used to enable duty cycle control of stop-clock (STPCLK#) to automatically limit maximum temperature (see Device 17 Function 0 Rx8C[7-3]). |
| **RING#** / GPI3 | Y2 | I | **Ring Indicator.** May be connected to external modem circuitry to allow the system to be re-activated by a received phone call. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) |
| **BATLOW#** / GPI5 | V4 | I | **Battery Low Indicator.** (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) (3.3V only) |
| **CPUSTP#** / GPO5 | AC7 | O | **CPU Clock Stop** (RxE4[0] = 0). Signals the system clock generator to disable the CPU clock outputs. Not connected if not used. |
| **PCISTP#** / GPO6 / strap | AD6 | O | **PCI Clock Stop** (RxE4[1] = 0). Signals the system clock generator to disable the PCI clock outputs. Not connected if not used. |
| **SUSA#** / GPO2 | AA2 | O | **Suspend Plane A Control** (Rx94[2]=0). Asserted during power management POS, STR and STD suspend states. Used to control the primary power plane. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) |
| **SUSB#** | AD3 | O | **Suspend Plane B Control**. Asserted during power management STR and STD suspend states. Used to control the secondary power plane. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) |
| **SUSC#** | AF2 | O | **Suspend Plane C Control.** Asserted during power management STD suspend state. Used to control the tertiary power plane. Also connected to ATX power-on circuitry. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) |
| **SUSST1#** / GPO3 | Y3 | O | **Suspend Status 1** (Rx94[4] = 0). Typically connected to the North Bridge to provide information on host clock status. Asserted when the system may stop the host clock, such as Stop Clock or during POS, STR, or STD suspend states. Connect 10K PU to VSUS33. |
| **SUSCLK** | AB3 | O | **Suspend Clock.** 32.768 KHz output clock for use by the North Bridge for DRAM refresh purposes. Stopped during Suspend-to-Disk and Soft-Off modes. Connect 10K PU to VSUS33. |
| **CPUMISS** / GPI17 | Y1 | I | **CPU Missing.** Used to detect the physical presence of the CPU chip in its socket. High indicates no CPU present. Connect to the CPUMISS pin of the CPU socket. The state of this pin may be read in the SMBus 2 registers. This pin may be used as CPUMISS and GPI17 at the same time. |
| **AOLGPI** / GPI18 / THRM# | Y4 | I | **Alert On LAN.** The state of this pin may be read in the SMBus 2 registers. This pin may be used as AOLGPI, GPI18 and THRM# all at the same time. |

**Clocks, Resets, Power Status, Power and Ground Pin Descriptions**

| Resets, Clocks and Power Status | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| PWRGD | AC5 | I | **Power Good.** Connected to the Power Good signal on the Power Supply. Internal logic powered by VBAT. |
| PWROK | AF1 | O | **Power OK.** Internal logic powered by VSUS33. |
| PCIRST# | R1 | O | **PCI Reset.** Active low reset signal for the PCI bus. The VT8237R Plus will assert this pin during power-up or from the control register. |
| OSC | AB8 | I | **Oscillator.** 14.31818 MHz clock signal used by the internal Timer. |
| RTCX1 | AE4 | I | **RTC Crystal Input**: 32.768 KHz crystal or oscillator input. This input is used for the internal RTC and power-well power management logic and is powered by VBAT. |
| RTCX2 | AF3 | O | **RTC Crystal Output**: 32.768 KHz crystal output. Internal logic powered by VBAT. |
| TEST | AE9 | I | **Test.** |
| TPO | AF9 | O | **Test Pin Output.** Output pin for test mode. |

| Power and Ground | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Signal Name** | **Pin #** | **I/O** | **Signal Description** |
| VCC33 | (see pin list) | P | **I/O Power.** 3.3V ±5% |
| VCC | (see pin list) | P | **Core Power.** 2.5V ±5%. This supply is turned on only when the mechanical switch on the power supply is turned on and the PWRON signal is conditioned high. |
| GND | (see pin list) | P | **Ground.** Connect to primary motherboard ground plane. |
| VSUS33 | AA4, AB4-6 | P | **Suspend Power.** 3.3V ±5%. Always available unless the mechanical switch of the power supply is turned off. If the "soft-off" state is not implemented, then this pin can be connected to VCC33. Signals powered by or referenced to this plane are: PWRGD, RSMRST#, PWRBTN#, SMBCK1/2, SMBDT1/2, GPO0, SUSA# / GPO1, SUSB# / GPO2, SUSC#, SUSST1# / GPO3, SUSCLK / GPO4, GPI1, GPI2 / EXTSMI#, GPI3 / RING#, GPI4 / LID, GPI5 / BATLOW#, GPI6 / PME#, SMBALRT# |
| VSUS25 | T4, U4 | P | **Suspend Power.** 2.5V ±5%. |
| VSUSUSB | C24 | P | **USB Suspend Power.** 2.5V ±5%. |
| VBAT | AF4 | P | **RTC Battery.** Battery input for internal RTC (RTCX1, RTCX2) |
| VLVREF | H22 | P | **V-Link Voltage Reference.** 0.9V ±5% for 4x transfers and 0.625V ±5% for 8x transfers. |
| VLCOMP | J22 | AI | **V-Link Compensation.** |
| VCCVK | (see pin list) | P | **V-Link Compensation Circuit Voltage.** 2.5V ±5% |
| MIIVCC | D9, E9-11 | P | **Refer to "LAN Controller – Media Independent Interface (MII)" on page 13 for details.** |
| MIIVCC25 | D12. E12 | P | **LAN MII Suspend Power.** 2.5V ±5%. |
| LANVCC | E7 | P | **LAN Power.** 2.5V ±5%. Power for LAN. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead. |
| LANGND | E6 | P | **LAN Ground.** Connect to GND through a ferrite bead. |
| USBVCC | (see pin list) | P | **USB 2.0 Differential Output Power.** 3.3V ±5%. Power for USB differential outputs (USBP0+, P0–, P1+, P1–, P2+, P2–, P3+, P3–, P4+, P4–, P5+, P5–). Connect to VSUS33 through a ferrite bead. |
| USBGND | (see pin list) | P | **USB 2.0 Differential Output Ground.** Connect to GND through a ferrite bead. |
| VCCUPLL | A23, B23 | P | **USB 2.0 PLL Analog Voltage.** 2.5V ±5%. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead. |
| GNDUPLL | C23, D23 | P | **USB 2.0 PLL Analog Ground.** Connect to GND through a ferrite bead. |
| PLLVCC | T22 | P | **PLL Analog Power.** 2.5V ±5%. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead. |
| PLLGND | U22 | P | **PLL Analog Ground.** Connect to GND through a ferrite bead. |
| SDVREF | AC19 | P | **Parallel ATA Secondary Data Channel Voltage Reference.** 0.9V |
| SDCOMP | AB21 | AI | **Parallel ATA Secondary Data Channel Disk Compensation.** 360Ω 1% to ground |

Created by a resistive voltage divider of 1KΩ 1% to 3.3V and 383Ω 1% to ground (see Design Guide)

**Strap Pin Descriptions**

| Strap Pins | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (External pullup / pulldown straps are required to select "H" / "L") | | | | | |
| Strap Pins for VT8237R Plus Configuration | | | | | |
| **Signal** | **Pin#** | **Function** | **Description** | **Status Bit** | **Note** |
| SPKR | AF8 | CPU Frequency Strapping | L:   Enable CPU Frequency Strapping<br>H:   Disable CPU Frequency Strapping<br>Default setting:   Disable | - | |
| ACSDOUT | U2 | Auto Reboot | L:   Enable Auto Reboot<br>H:   Disable Auto Reboot<br>Default setting:   Disable | - | |
| EEDI | A12 | Use Serial External LAN EEPROM | L:   Enable.  Use external EEPROM<br>H:   Disable.  Do not use external EEPROM<br>Default setting:   Enable (pull low) | - | |
| ACSYNC | T2 | LPC FWH Command | L:   Enable LPC FWH Command<br>H:   Disable LPC FWH Command<br>Default setting:   Disable | - | |
| PDCS1# | V22 | SATA Master / Slave Mode | L:   S-ATA Master Slave Mode<br>H:   S-ATA Master Master Mode<br>Strapping low when using external PHY | D15F0 Rx49[5] | |
| PDDACK# | V24 | External S-ATA PHY | L:   Enable External S-ATA PHY<br>H:   Disable External S-ATA PHY | D15F0 Rx49[6] | |
| PCISTP# / GPO6 | AD6 | Reserved | Reserved for future use.  Must be strapped high | - | |
| Strap Pins for North Bridge ("NB") Configuration | | | | | |
| PDCS3# | V23 | NB Configuration | PDCS3# signal state is reflected on signal pin VD7 during power up for North Bridge configuration. | - | Check the North Bridge DS for details |
| PDA2 | W24 | NB Configuration | PDA2 signal state is reflected on signal pin VD6 during power up for North Bridge configuration. | - | Check the North Bridge DS for details - |
| PDA1 | V25 | NB Configuration | PDA1 signal state is reflected on signal pin VD5 during power up for North Bridge configuration. | - | Check the North Bridge DS for details - |
| GPIOD / PCGNTB | AC6 | NB Configuration | GPIOD/PCGNTB signal state is reflected on signal pin VD3 during power up for North Bridge configuration. | - | Check the North Bridge DS for details - |
| GPIOB / PCREQB | AD5 | NB Configuration | GPIOB/PCREQB signal state is reflected on signal pin VD2 during power up for North Bridge configuration. | - | Check the North Bridge DS for details - |
| PDA0, GPIOA / PCREQA, GPIOC / PCGNTA | W23 AE5 AF5 | NB Configuration | PDA0, GPIOA/PCREQA and GPIOC/PCGNTA signal states are reflected on signal pins VD4, VD1 and VD0 during power up for North Bridge configuration. | - | Check the North Bridge DS for details - |

Summary of Internal Pull-Up / Pull-Down Resistor Implementation
Internal Pullups are present on pins KBCK, KBDT, MSCK, MSDT, SERIRQ, LAD[3:0]
Internal Pulldowns are present on all LAN pins

# REGISTERS

## Register Overview

The following tables summarize the configuration and I/O registers of the VT8237R Plus. These tables also document the power-on default value ("Default") and access type ("Acc") for each register. Access type definitions used are RW (Read/Write), RO (Read/Only), "—" for reserved / used (essentially the same as RO), and RWC (or just WC) (Read / Write 1's to Clear individual bits). Registers indicated as RW may have some read/only bits that always read back a fixed value (usually 0 if unused); registers designated as RWC or WC may have some read-only or read write bits (see individual register descriptions for details).

Detailed register descriptions are provided in the following section of this document. All offset and default values are shown in hexadecimal unless otherwise indicated

### Table 3. Memory Mapped Registers

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| FEC00000 | APIC Index | (8-bit) |
| FEC00010 | APIC Data | (32-bit) |
| FEC00020 | APIC IRQ Pin Assertion | (8-bit) |
| FEC00040 | APIC EOI | (8-bit) |

"APIC" = "Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller"

### Table 4. Function Summary

| Bus | Device | Func | Device ID | Function |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 15 (0Fh) | 0 | 3149h | Serial ATA (SATA) Controller |
| 0 | 15 (0Fh) | 1 | 0571h | Parallel ATA (IDE) Controller |
| 0 | 16 (10h) | 0 | 3038h | USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 0-1 |
| 0 | 16 (10h) | 1 | 3038h | USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 2-3 |
| 0 | 16 (10h) | 2 | 3038h | USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 4-5 |
| 0 | 16 (10h) | 3 | 3038h | USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 6-7 |
| 0 | 16 (10h) | 4 | 3104h | USB 2.0 EHCI Ports 0-7 |
| 0 | 16 (10h) | 5 | D104h | USB 2.0 Communications |
| 0 | 17 (11h) | 0 | 3227h | Bus Control & Power Mgmt |
| 0 | 17 (11h) | 5 | 3059h | AC97 Audio Codec Controller |
| 0 | 17 (11h) | 6 | 3068h | MC97 Modem Codec Ctrlr |
| 0 | 18 (12h) | 0 | 3065h | VIA LAN Controller |

### Table 5. System I/O Map

| Port | Function | Actual Port Decoding |
|---|---|---|
| 00-1F | Master DMA Controller | 0000 0000 000x nnnn |
| 20-3F | Master Interrupt Controller | 0000 0000 001x xxxn |
| 40-5F | Timer / Counter | 0000 0000 010x xxnn |
| 60-6F | Keyboard Controller | 0000 0000 0110 xnxn |
| (60h) | KBC Data | 0000 0000 0110 x0x0 |
| (61h) | Misc Functions & Spkr Ctrl | 0000 0000 0110 xxx1 |
| (64h) | KBC Command / Status | 0000 0000 0110 x1x0 |
| 70-77 | RTC/CMOS/NMI-Disable | 0000 0000 0111 0nnn |
| 78-7F | -available for system use- | 0000 0000 0111 1xxx |
| 80 | -reserved- (debug port) | 0000 0000 1000 0000 |
| 81-8F | DMA Page Registers | 0000 0000 1000 nnnn |
| 90-91 | -available for system use- | 0000 0000 1001 000x |
| 92 | System Control | 0000 0000 1001 0010 |
| 93-9F | -available for system use- | 0000 0000 1001 nnnn |
| A0-BF | Slave Interrupt Controller | 0000 0000 101x xxxn |
| C0-DF | Slave DMA Controller | 0000 0000 110n nnnx |
| E0-FF | -available for system use- | 0000 0000 111x xxxx |
| 100-CF7 | -available for system use* | |
| CF8-CFB | PCI Configuration Address | 0000 1100 1111 10xx |
| CFC-CFF | PCI Configuration Data | 0000 1100 1111 11xx |
| D00-FFFF | -available for system use- | |

### Table 6. Registers

**Legacy I/O Registers**

| Port | Master DMA Controller Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 00 | Channel 0 Base & Current Address | | RW |
| 01 | Channel 0 Base & Current Count | | RW |
| 02 | Channel 1 Base & Current Address | | RW |
| 03 | Channel 1 Base & Current Count | | RW |
| 04 | Channel 2 Base & Current Address | | RW |
| 05 | Channel 2 Base & Current Count | | RW |
| 06 | Channel 3 Base & Current Address | | RW |
| 07 | Channel 3 Base & Current Count | | RW |
| 08 | Status / Command | | RW |
| 09 | Write Request | | **WO** |
| 0A | Write Single Mask | | **WO** |
| 0B | Write Mode | | **WO** |
| 0C | Clear Byte Pointer FF | | **WO** |
| 0D | Master Clear | | **WO** |
| 0E | Clear Mask | | **WO** |
| 0F | Read / Write Mask | | RW |

| Port | Master Interrupt Controller Regs | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 20 | Master Interrupt Control | — | * |
| 21 | Master Interrupt Mask | — | * |
| 20 | Master Interrupt Control Shadow | — | **RW** |
| 21 | Master Interrupt Mask Shadow | — | **RW** |

* RW if shadow registers are disabled

| Port | Timer/Counter Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | Timer / Counter 0 Count | | RW |
| 41 | Timer / Counter 1 Count | | RW |
| 42 | Timer / Counter 2 Count | | RW |
| 43 | Timer / Counter Control | | **WO** |

| Port | Keyboard Controller Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 60 | Keyboard Controller Data | | RW |
| 61 | Misc Functions & Speaker Control | | RW |
| 64 | Keyboard Ctrlr Command / Status | | RW |

| Port | CMOS / RTC / NMI Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 70 | CMOS Memory Address & NMI Disa | | **WO** |
| 71 | CMOS Memory Data (128 bytes) | | RW |
| 74 | CMOS Memory Address | | RW |
| 75 | CMOS Memory Data (256 bytes) | | RW |

NMI Disable is port 70h (CMOS Memory Address) bit-7.
RTC control occurs via specific CMOS data locations (0-Dh).
Ports 74-75 may be used to access CMOS if the internal RTC
is disabled.

**Legacy I/O Registers (continued)**

| Port | DMA Page Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 87 | DMA Page – DMA Channel 0 | | RW |
| 83 | DMA Page – DMA Channel 1 | | RW |
| 81 | DMA Page – DMA Channel 2 | | RW |
| 82 | DMA Page – DMA Channel 3 | | RW |
| 8F | DMA Page – DMA Channel 4 | | RW |
| 8B | DMA Page – DMA Channel 5 | | RW |
| 89 | DMA Page – DMA Channel 6 | | RW |
| 8A | DMA Page – DMA Channel 7 | | RW |

| Port | System Control Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 92 | System Control | | RW |

| Port | Slave Interrupt Controller Regs | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| A0 | Slave Interrupt Control | — | * |
| A1 | Slave Interrupt Mask | — | * |
| A0 | Slave Interrupt Control Shadow | — | **RW** |
| A1 | Slave Interrupt Mask Shadow | — | **RW** |

* RW accessible if shadow registers are disabled

| Port | Slave DMA Controller Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| C0 | Channel 0 Base & Current Address | | RW |
| C2 | Channel 0 Base & Current Count | | RW |
| C4 | Channel 1 Base & Current Address | | RW |
| C6 | Channel 1 Base & Current Count | | RW |
| C8 | Channel 2 Base & Current Address | | RW |
| CA | Channel 2 Base & Current Count | | RW |
| CC | Channel 3 Base & Current Address | | RW |
| CE | Channel 3 Base & Current Count | | RW |
| D0 | Status / Command | | RW |
| D2 | Write Request | | **WO** |
| D4 | Write Single Mask | | **WO** |
| D6 | Write Mode | | **WO** |
| D8 | Clear Byte Pointer FF | | **WO** |
| DA | Master Clear | | **WO** |
| DC | Clear Mask | | **WO** |
| DE | Read / Write Mask | | RW |

**Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Registers (I/O Space)**

| Port | KB / Mouse Wakeup Registers | Default | Acc |
|------|------------------------------|---------|-----|
| 002E | Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Index † | 00 | RW |
| 002F | Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Data † | 00 | RW |

† Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup registers (index values E0-EF defined below) are accessible if Function 0 PCI Configuration register Rx51[1] = 1.

**Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Registers (Indexed via Port 2E/2F)**

| Offset | Reserved | Default | Acc |
|--------|----------|---------|-----|
| 00-DF | -reserved- | — | RO |

| Offset | KB / Mouse Wakeup (Rx51[1]=1) | Default | Acc |
|--------|-------------------------------|---------|-----|
| E0 | Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Enable | **08** | **RW** |
| E1 | Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 0 | **F0** | **RW** |
| E2 | Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 1 | 00 | **RW** |
| E3 | Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 2 | 00 | **RW** |
| E4 | Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 3 | 00 | **RW** |
| E5 | Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 4 | 00 | **RW** |
| E6 | Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 5 | 00 | **RW** |
| E7 | Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 6 | 00 | **RW** |
| E8 | Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 7 | 00 | **RW** |
| E9 | Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 1 | **09** | **RW** |
| EA | Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 2 | 00 | **RW** |
| EB | Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Mask | 00 | **RW** |
| EC-EF | -reserved- | — | RO |

**Game Port Registers  (I/O Space)**

| Offset | Game Port (200-20F typical) | Default | Acc |
|--------|------------------------------|---------|-----|
| 0 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 1 | Game Port Status | | **RO** |
| 1 | Start One-Shot | | **WO** |
| 2-F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Memory Mapped Registers – IOAPIC**

| Address | APIC Index / Data | Default | Acc |
|---------|-------------------|---------|-----|
| FEC00000 | APIC Register Index | 00 | RW |
| FEC00001-0F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| FEC00010-13 | APIC Register Data | 0000 0000 | RW |
| FEC00014-1F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| FEC00020 | APIC IRQ Pin Assertion | xx | **WO** |
| FEC00021-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| FEC00040 | APIC EOI | xx | **WO** |
| FEC00041-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | APIC Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|----------------|---------|-----|
| 0 | APIC ID | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 1 | APIC Version | 0017 8003 | **RO** |
| 2 | APIC Arbitration | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 3 | Boot Configuration | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 4-F | -reserved- | 0000 0000 | — |
| 11-10 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ0 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 13-12 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ1 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 15-14 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ2 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 17-16 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ3 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 19-18 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ4 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 1B-1A | I/O Redirection– AIRQ5 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 1D-1C | I/O Redirection– AIRQ6 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 1F-1E | I/O Redirection– AIRQ7 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 21-20 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ8 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 23-20 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ9 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 25-24 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ10 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 27-26 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ11 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 29-28 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ12 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 2B-2A | I/O Redirection– AIRQ13 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 2D-2C | I/O Redirection– AIRQ14 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 2F-2E | I/O Redirection– AIRQ15 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 31-30 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ16 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 33-32 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ17 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 35-34 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ18 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 37-36 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ19 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 39-38 | I/O Redirection– AIRQ20 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 3B-3A | I/O Redirection– AIRQ21 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 3D-3C | I/O Redirection– AIRQ22 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 3F-3E | I/O Redirection– AIRQ23 | xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx | RW |
| 40-4F | -reserved- | 0000 0000 | — |

Note:  The "I/O Redirection" registers are 64-bit registers, so each uses two consecutive index locations, with the lower 32 bits at the even index and the upper 32 bits at the odd index.

**Device 15 Function 0 Registers – SATA Controller**

**Configuration Space SATA Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **3149** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | RO |
| 7-6 | Status | **0290** | **RW** |
| 8 | Revision ID | **80** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | **8F** | **RW** |
| A | Sub Class Code (RAID Controller) | **04** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code (Mass Storage) | **01** | RO |
| C | Cache Line Size | 00 | RO |
| D | Latency Timer | **20** | **RW** |
| E | Header Type (MultiFunction Device) | **80** | RO |
| F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 13-10 | Base Address – Pri Data / Command | **000001F1** | **RW** |
| 17-14 | Base Address – Pri Control / Status | **000003F5** | **RW** |
| 1B-18 | Base Address – Sec Data / Command | **00000171** | **RW** |
| 1F-1C | Base Address – Sec Control / Status | **00000375** | **RW** |
| 23-20 | Base Address – Bus Master Control | **0000CC01** | **RW** |
| 27-24 | Base Address – SATA Control/Status | **00008C00** | **RW** |
| 28-2B | -reserved- (unassigned) | 00 | — |
| 2D-2C | Sub Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 2F-2E | Sub Device ID | **3149** | RO |
| 30-33 | Base Address – Expansion ROM | 0000 0000 | **RW** |
| 34 | PCI Power Mgmt Capability Pointer | **C0** | RO |
| 35-3B | -reserved- (unassigned) | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | **0D** | RO |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **02** | RO |
| 3E | Minimum Grant | 00 | RO |
| 3F | Maximum Latency | 00 | RO |

**Configuration Space SATA-Specific Registers**

| Offset | SATA Configuration Registerss | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | SATA Channel Enable | **03** | RW |
| 41 | SATA Interrupt Gating | **03** | RW |
| 42 | Native Mode Enable | **F1** | RW |
| 43 | FIFO Threshold Control | 00 | RW |
| 44 | Miscellaneous Control I | **0E** | RW |
| 45 | Miscellaneous Control II | **AF** | RW |
| 46 | Miscellaneous Control III | 00 | RW |
| 47 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 48 | PHY Wakeup Request Control | 00 | RW |
| 49 | PATA / SATA Shared Function Ctrl | **82** | RW |
| 4A | SATA External PHY Pad Control I | **10** | RW |
| 4B | SATA External PHY Pad Control II | **0B** | RW |
| 4E | PHY Port Error Status Control | 00 | RW |
| 4F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | SATA Transport Control Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 50 | Software Ctrl Power Mode Request | 00 | RW |
| 51 | Hardware Ctrl Power Mode | 00 | RW |
| 52 | Transport Miscellaneous Control | 00 | RW |
| 53 | Reserved (Do Not Program) | 00 | RW |

| Offset | SATA Link Control Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 54 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 55 | Reserved (Do Not Program) | 00 | RW |
| 56 | Internal PHY SATA LINK Control | 00 | RW |
| 57 | External PHY SATA LITE Control | 00 | RW |

| Offset | SATA PHY Control Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 58-59 | Reserved (Do Not Program) | — | RW |
| 5A | Internal SATA PHY Control | **10** | RW |
| 5B | External SATA PHY Control | 00 | RW |
| 5C | Internal SATA PHY Control | **05** | RW |
| 5D | SATA PHY Direct Access Mode Ctrl | 00 | RW |
| 5E | SATA Internal PHY Pad Control | 00 | RW |
| 60-77 | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Configuration Space SATA-Specific Registers (continued)**

| Offset | Transport Status Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|---------------------------|---------|-----|
| 78 | Primary Channel Transport Status I | **01** | **RO** |
| 79 | Primary Channel Transport Status II | 00 | **RO** |
| 7A | Sec Channel Transport Status I | **01** | **RO** |
| 7B | Sec Channel Transport Status II | 00 | **RO** |

| Offset | PHY Status Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|---------------------|---------|-----|
| 7C | Internal PHY Status | 00 | **RO** |
| 7D | External PHY Status | 00 | **RO** |
| 7E-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | Channel Control Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|--------------------------|---------|-----|
| 80 | Pri Channel Device Mode Status | 00 | **RO** |
| 81 | Sec Channel Device Mode Status | 00 | **RO** |
| 82-87 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 8B-88 | Primary Channel SG Base Address | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 8F-8C | Secondary Channel SG Base Addr | 0000 0000 | **RO** |

| Offset | Test Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|---------------|---------|-----|
| 90-9F | Reserved (Do Not Program) | 00 | RW |

| Offset | Legacy Power Management Regs | Default | Acc |
|--------|------------------------------|---------|-----|
| A0-C1 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C3-C2 | PCI Power Mgmt Capabilities | **0002** | **RO** |
| C5-C4 | PCI Power Mgmt Control / Status | 0000 | RW |
| C6-CF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | Miscellaneous Control Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|--------------------------------|---------|-----|
| D0 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| D1 | PATA Control | 00 | RW |
| D2-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**I/O Space SATA Registers**

| Offset | Status Control Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|-------------------------|---------|-----|
| 3-0 | SATA Status | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 7-4 | SATA Error | 0000 0000 | **WC** |
| B-8 | SATA Control | **0000 0310** | RW |
| 9-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

Note: The base address for access of these registers is specified in Rx27-24.

**Device 15 Function 1 Registers – PATA (IDE) Controller**

**Configuration Space IDE Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|--------|----------------------------|---------|-----|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **0571** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | **0080** | RO |
| 7-6 | Status | **0290** | **RW** |
| 8 | Revision ID | **nn** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | **85** | **RW** |
| A | Sub Class Code (IDE Controller) | **01** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code (Mass Storage) | **01** | RO |
| C-F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 13-10 | Base Address – Pri Data / Command | **000001F1** | **RW** |
| 17-14 | Base Address – Pri Control / Status | **000003F5** | **RW** |
| 1B-18 | Base Address – Sec Data / Command | **00000171** | **RW** |
| 1F-1C | Base Address – Sec Control / Status | **00000375** | **RW** |
| 23-20 | Base Address – Bus Master Control | **0000CC01** | **RW** |
| 24-2B | -reserved- (unassigned) | 00 | — |
| 2D-2C | Sub Vendor ID | 0000 | RO |
| 2F-2E | Sub Device ID | 0000 | RO |
| 30-33 | -reserved- (expan ROM base addr) | 00 | — |
| 34 | Capability Pointer | **C0** | RO |
| 35-3B | -reserved- (unassigned) | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | **0E** | RO |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **01** | RO |
| 3E | Minimum Grant | 00 | RO |
| 3F | Maximum Latency | 00 | RO |

**Configuration Space IDE-Specific Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space IDE Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----|
| 40 | IDE Chip Enable | 00 | RW |
| 41 | IDE Configuration I | 00 | RW |
| 42 | IDE Configuration II | 00 | RW |
| 43 | IDE FIFO Configuration | **0A** | RW |
| 44 | IDE Miscellaneous Control 1 | **08** | RW |
| 45 | IDE Miscellaneous Control 2 | **10** | RW |
| 46 | IDE Miscellaneous Control 3 | **C0** | RW |
| 4B-48 | IDE Drive Timing Control | **A8A8A8A8** | RW |
| 4C | IDE Address Setup Time | **FF** | RW |
| 4D | -reserved- (do not program) | 00 | RW |
| 4E | Sec Non-170 Port Access Timing | **B6** | RW |
| 4F | Pri Non-1F0 Port Access Timing | **B6** | RW |

**Configuration Space IDE-Specific Registers (continued)**

| Offset | Configuration Space IDE Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----|
| 53-50 | UltraDMA Extended Timing Control | **07070707** | RW |
| 54 | UltraDMA FIFO Control | **04** | RW |
| 55 | IDE Clock Gating | 00 | RW |
| 56-5F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 61-60 | IDE Primary Sector Size | **0200** | RW |
| 62-67 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 69-68 | IDE Secondary Sector Size | **0200** | RW |
| 69-6F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 70 | IDE Primary Status | 00 | RW |
| 71 | IDE Primary Interrupt Control | **01** | RW |
| 72-77 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 78 | IDE Secondary Status | 00 | RW |
| 79 | IDE Secondary Interrupt Control | **01** | RW |
| 7A-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 83-80 | IDE Primary S/G Descriptor Address | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 84-87 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 8B-88 | IDE Secondary S/G Descriptor Addr | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 8C-BF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C3-C0 | Power Management Capabilities | **0002 0001** | RO |
| C7-C4 | Power State | 0000 0000 | RW |
| C8-CF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | IDE Back Door Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|-------------------------|---------|-----|
| D0 | Back Door – Revision ID | **06** | RW |
| D1 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| D3-D2 | Back Door – Device ID | **0571** | RW |
| D5-D4 | Back Door – Sub Vender ID | 0000 | RW |
| D7-D6 | Back Door – Sub Device ID | 0000 | RW |
| D8-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**I/O Registers – IDE Controller (SFF 8038 v1.0 Compliant**

| Offset | IDE I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|-------------------|---------|-----|
| 0 | Primary Channel Command | 00 | RW |
| 1 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2 | Primary Channel Status | 00 | **WC** |
| 3 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 4-7 | Primary Channel PRD Table Addr | 00 | RW |
| 8 | Secondary Channel Command | 00 | RW |
| 9 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| A | Secondary Channel Status | 00 | **WC** |
| B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C-F | Secondary Channel PRD Table Addr | 00 | RW |

**Device 16 Function 0 Registers – USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 0-1**

**Configuration Space USB Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **3038** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | **RW** |
| 7-6 | Status | **0210** | **WC** |
| 8 | Revision ID | **nn** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | 00 | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | **03** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | **0C** | RO |
| C | Cache Line Size | 00 | **RW** |
| D | Latency Timer | **16** | **RW** |
| E | Header Type | **80** | RO |
| F | BIST | 00 | RO |
| 23-20 | USB I/O Registers Base Port Address | **00000301** | **RW** |
| 24-2B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2D-2C | Sub Vendor ID | **1106** | RO† |
| 2F-2E | Sub Device ID | **3038** | RO† |
| 30-33 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 34 | Power Management Capabilities | **80** | RO |
| 35-3B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | 00 | **RW** |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **01** | RO |
| 3E-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers**

| Offset | USB Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | USB Miscellaneous Control 1 | **40** | RW |
| 41 | USB Miscellaneous Control 2 | **10** | RW |
| 42 | USB Miscellaneous Control 3 | **03** | RW |
| 43 | USB Miscellaneous Control 4 | 00 | RW |
| 44-47 | -reserved- (test, do not program) | 00 | — |
| 48 | USB Miscellaneous Control 5 | 00 | RW |
| 49 | USB Miscellaneous Control 6 | 00 | RW |
| 4A | USB Miscellaneous Control 7 | **A0** | RW |
| 4B-5F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 60 | USB Serial Bus Release Number | **10** | **RO** |
| 61-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 83-80 | PM Capability | **FFC20001** | **RO** |
| 84 | PM Capability Status | 00 | RW |
| 85-BF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C1-C0 | USB Legacy Support | **2000** | RW |
| C2-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Memory Mapped I/O Registers – USB Controller**

| Offset | USB I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | USB Command | 0000 | RW |
| 3-2 | USB Status | 0000 | **WC** |
| 5-4 | USB Interrupt Enable | 0000 | RW |
| 7-6 | Frame Number | 0000 | RW |
| B-8 | Frame List Base Address | 00000000 | RW |
| C | Start Of Frame Modify | **40** | RW |
| 11-10 | Port 0 Status / Control | **0080** | **WC** |
| 13-12 | Port 1 Status / Control | **0080** | **WC** |
| 14-1F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Device 16 Function 1 Registers – USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 2-3**

**Configuration Space USB Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **3038** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | **RW** |
| 7-6 | Status | **0210** | **WC** |
| 8 | Revision ID | **nn** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | 00 | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | **03** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | **0C** | RO |
| C | Cache Line Size | 00 | **RW** |
| D | Latency Timer | **16** | **RW** |
| E | Header Type | **80** | RO |
| F | BIST | 00 | RO |
| 23-20 | USB I/O Registers Base Port Address | **00000301** | **RW** |
| 24-2B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2D-2C | Sub Vendor ID | **1106** | RO† |
| 2F-2E | Sub Device ID | **3038** | RO† |
| 30-33 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 34 | Power Management Capabilities | **80** | RO |
| 35-3B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | 00 | **RW** |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **01** | RO |
| 3E-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers**

| Offset | USB Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | USB Miscellaneous Control 1 | **40** | RW |
| 41 | USB Miscellaneous Control 2 | **10** | RW |
| 42 | USB Miscellaneous Control 3 | **03** | RW |
| 43 | USB Miscellaneous Control 4 | 00 | RW |
| 44-47 | -reserved- (test, do not program) | 00 | — |
| 48 | USB Miscellaneous Control 5 | 00 | RW |
| 49 | USB Miscellaneous Control 6 | 00 | RW |
| 4A | USB Miscellaneous Control 7 | **A0** | RW |
| 4B-5F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 60 | USB Serial Bus Release Number | **10** | **RO** |
| 61-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 83-80 | PM Capability | **FFC20001** | **RO** |
| 84 | PM Capability Status | 00 | RW |
| 85-BF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C1-C0 | USB Legacy Support | **2000** | RW |
| C2-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Memory Mapped I/O Registers – USB Controller**

| Offset | USB I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | USB Command | 0000 | RW |
| 3-2 | USB Status | 0000 | **WC** |
| 5-4 | USB Interrupt Enable | 0000 | RW |
| 7-6 | Frame Number | 0000 | RW |
| B-8 | Frame List Base Address | 00000000 | RW |
| C | Start Of Frame Modify | **40** | RW |
| 11-10 | Port 2 Status / Control | **0080** | **WC** |
| 13-12 | Port 3 Status / Control | **0080** | **WC** |
| 14-1F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Device 16 Function 2 Registers – USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 4-5**

**Configuration Space USB Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|--------|---------------------------|---------|-----|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | 1106 | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | 3038 | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | RW |
| 7-6 | Status | 0210 | WC |
| 8 | Revision ID | nn | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | 00 | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | 03 | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | 0C | RO |
| C | Cache Line Size | 00 | RW |
| D | Latency Timer | 16 | RW |
| E | Header Type | 80 | RO |
| F | BIST | 00 | RO |
| 23-20 | USB I/O Registers Base Port Address | 00000301 | RW |
| 24-2B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2D-2C | Sub Vendor ID | 1106 | RO† |
| 2F-2E | Sub Device ID | 3038 | RO† |
| 30-33 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 34 | Power Management Capabilities | 80 | RO |
| 35-3B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | 00 | RW |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | 02 | RO |
| 3E-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers**

| Offset | USB Control | Default | Acc |
|--------|-------------|---------|-----|
| 40 | USB Miscellaneous Control 1 | 40 | RW |
| 41 | USB Miscellaneous Control 2 | 10 | RW |
| 42 | USB Miscellaneous Control 3 | 03 | RW |
| 43 | USB Miscellaneous Control 4 | 00 | RW |
| 44-47 | -reserved- (test, do not program) | 00 | — |
| 48 | USB Miscellaneous Control 5 | 00 | RW |
| 49 | USB Miscellaneous Control 6 | 00 | RW |
| 4A | USB Miscellaneous Control 7 | A0 | RW |
| 4B-5F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 60 | USB Serial Bus Release Number | 10 | RO |
| 61-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 83-80 | PM Capability | FFC20001 | RO |
| 84 | PM Capability Status | 00 | RW |
| 85-BF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C1-C0 | USB Legacy Support | 2000 | RW |
| C2-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Memory Mapped I/O Registers – USB Controller**

| Offset | USB I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|--------|-------------------|---------|-----|
| 1-0 | USB Command | 0000 | RW |
| 3-2 | USB Status | 0000 | WC |
| 5-4 | USB Interrupt Enable | 0000 | RW |
| 7-6 | Frame Number | 0000 | RW |
| B-8 | Frame List Base Address | 00000000 | RW |
| C | Start Of Frame Modify | 40 | RW |
| 11-10 | Port 4 Status / Control | 0080 | WC |
| 13-12 | Port 5 Status / Control | 0080 | WC |
| 14-1F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Device 16 Function 3 Registers – USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 6-7**

**Configuration Space USB Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **3038** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | **RW** |
| 7-6 | Status | **0210** | **WC** |
| 8 | Revision ID | **nn** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | 00 | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | **03** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | **0C** | RO |
| C | Cache Line Size | 00 | **RW** |
| D | Latency Timer | **16** | **RW** |
| E | Header Type | **80** | RO |
| F | BIST | 00 | RO |
| 23-20 | USB I/O Registers Base Port Address | **00000301** | **RW** |
| 24-2B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2D-2C | Sub Vendor ID | **1106** | RO† |
| 2F-2E | Sub Device ID | **3038** | RO† |
| 30-33 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 34 | Power Management Capabilities | **80** | RO |
| 35-3B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | 00 | **RW** |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **02** | RO |
| 3E-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers**

| Offset | USB Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | USB Miscellaneous Control 1 | **40** | RW |
| 41 | USB Miscellaneous Control 2 | **10** | RW |
| 42 | USB Miscellaneous Control 3 | **03** | RW |
| 43 | USB Miscellaneous Control 4 | 00 | RW |
| 44-47 | -reserved- (test, do not program) | 00 | — |
| 48 | USB Miscellaneous Control 5 | 00 | RW |
| 49 | USB Miscellaneous Control 6 | 00 | RW |
| 4A | USB Miscellaneous Control 7 | **A0** | RW |
| 4B-5F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 60 | USB Serial Bus Release Number | **10** | **RO** |
| 61-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 83-80 | PM Capability | **FFC20001** | **RO** |
| 84 | PM Capability Status | 00 | RW |
| 85-BF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C1-C0 | USB Legacy Support | **2000** | RW |
| C2-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Memory Mapped I/O Registers – USB Controller**

| Offset | USB I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | USB Command | 0000 | RW |
| 3-2 | USB Status | 0000 | **WC** |
| 5-4 | USB Interrupt Enable | 0000 | RW |
| 7-6 | Frame Number | 0000 | RW |
| B-8 | Frame List Base Address | 00000000 | RW |
| C | Start Of Frame Modify | **40** | RW |
| 11-10 | Port 6 Status / Control | **0080** | **WC** |
| 13-12 | Port 7 Status / Control | **0080** | **WC** |
| 14-1F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Device 16 Function 4 Registers – USB 2.0 EHCI Ports 0-7**

**Configuration Space USB Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **3104** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | **RW** |
| 7-6 | Status | **0210** | **WC** |
| 8 | Revision ID | **nn** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | **20** | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | **03** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | **0C** | RO |
| C | Cache Line Size | 00 | **RW** |
| D | Latency Timer | **16** | **RW** |
| E-F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 13-10 | EHCI Mem Mapped I/O Base Addr | 0000 0000 | **RW** |
| 14-2B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2D-2C | Sub Vendor ID | **1106** | RO† |
| 2F-2E | Sub Device ID | **3104** | RO† |
| 30-33 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 34 | Power Management Capabilities | **80** | RO |
| 35-3B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | 00 | **RW** |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **03** | RO |
| 3E-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers**

| Offset | USB Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | USB Miscellaneous Control 1 | 00 | RW |
| 41-47 | -reserved- (Do Not Program) | 00 | — |
| 48 | USB Miscellaneous Control 5 | **A0** | RW |
| 49 | USB Miscellaneous Control 6 | **20** | RW |
| 4A-4B | -reserved- (Do Not Program) | 00 | — |
| 4C-4F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 50-57 | -reserved- (test, do not program) | 00 | — |
| 58-59 | -reserved- (Do Not Program) | 00 | — |
| 5A-5B | High-Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor Fine Tune | **8888** | RW |
| 5C | PHY Control | **53** | RW |
| 5D-5E | High-Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor Fine Tune | **8888** | RW |
| 5F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 60 | USB Serial Bus Release Number | **20** | **RO** |
| 61 | Frame Length Adjust | **20** | RW |
| 63-62 | Port Wake Capability | **0001** | RW |
| 64-67 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 6B-68 | Legacy Support Extended Capability | **0000 0001** | RW |
| 6F-6C | Legacy Support Control / Status | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 70-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 83-80 | PM Capability | **FFC20001** | **RO** |
| 84 | PM Capability Status | 00 | RW |
| 85-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Memory Mapped I/O Registers – USB EHCI**

| Offset | EHCI Capabilities | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 00 | Capability Register Length | 00 | RW |
| 01 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 03-02 | Interface Version Number | **0100** | RO† |
| 07-04 | Structure Parameters | **0000 3206** | RO† |
| 0B-08 | Capability Parameters | **0000 6872** | RO† |
| 0C-0F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

| Offset | Host Controller Operation | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 13-10 | USB Command | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 17-14 | USB Status | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 1B-18 | USB Interrupt Enable | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 1F-1C | USB Frame Index | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 23-20 | 4G Segment Selector | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 27-24 | Frame List Base Address | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 2B-28 | Next Asynchronous List Address | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 2C-4F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 53-50 | Configured Flag Register | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 57-54 | Port 0 Status / Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 5B-58 | Port 1 Status / Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 5F-5C | Port 2 Status / Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 63-60 | Port 3 Status / Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 67-64 | Port 4 Status / Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 6B-68 | Port 5 Status / Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 6F-6C | Port 6 Status / Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 73-70 | Port 7 Status / Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 74-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Device 16 Func 5 Registers – USB Device Communications**

**Configuration Space USB Device Comm Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **D104** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | **RW** |
| 7-6 | Status | **0210** | **WC** |
| 8 | Revision ID | **nn** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | **00** | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | **80** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | **02** | RO |
| C | Cache Line Size | 00 | **RW** |
| D | Latency Timer | **16** | **RW** |
| E-F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 13-10 | UDCI Mem Mapped I/O Base Addr | 0000 0000 | **RW** |
| 14-2B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2D-2C | Sub Vendor ID | **1106** | RO† |
| 2F-2E | Sub Device ID | **D104** | RO† |
| 30-33 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 34 | Power Management Capabilities | **80** | RO |
| 35-3B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | 00 | **RW** |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **04** | RO |
| 3E-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

† RW if Rx41[2] = 1.

**Configuration Space USB-Device-Comm-Specific Regs**

| Offset | USB Device Communications Ctrl | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | Miscellaneous Control 1 | 00 | RW |
| 41 | Miscellaneous Control 2 | 00 | RW |
| 42 | Miscellaneous Control 3 | 00 | RW |
| 43 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 44 | PHY Signal Monitoring 1 | 00 | RW |
| 45 | PHY Signal Monitoring 2 | 00 | RW |
| 46-47 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 48 | Miscellaneous Control 5 | **A0** | RW |
| 49 | Miscellaneous Control 6 | **60** | RW |
| **Offset** | **USB Device Comm MAC Control** | **Default** | **Acc** |
| 4A | MAC Receiver Enable Delay | 00 | RW |
| 4B | MAC Turnaround Time Delay | **09** | RW |
| 4C-4F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 50 | Reserved for Test (Do Not Program) | 00 | RW |
| 51 | USB 2.0 MAC Timeout Parameter | **5A** | RW |
| 52-57 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| **Offset** | **USB Device Comm PHY Control** | **Default** | **Acc** |
| 58 | PHY Control 1 | 00 | RW |
| 59 | PHY Control 2 | **08** | RW |
| 5A | Hi Speed Port Pad Fine Tune | **08** | RW |
| 5B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 5C | PHY Control 3 | **53** | RW |
| 5D-6F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Config Space USB-Device-Comm-Specific Regs (cont)**

| Offset | USB Device Comm SRAM Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 71-70 | SRAM Direct Access Address | 0000 | RW |
| 72 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 73 | SRAM Direct Access Control | 00 | RW |
| 77-74 | SRAM Direct Access Data | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 78-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| **Offset** | **USB Device Comm PM Control** | **Default** | **Acc** |
| 83-80 | Power Management     Rx41[1]=0: | **480A0001** | RO |
| | Capabilities     Rx41[1]=1: | **C9C20001** | RO |
| 84 | PM Capabilities Status | 00b or 11b | |
| 85-EF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| **Offset** | **USB Device Comm Reserved Regs** | **Default** | **Acc** |
| F0-F4 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| F5 | Reserved (Do Not Program) | — | RW |
| F6 | Reserved (Do Not Program) | — | **RO** |
| F7-FB | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| FC | Reserved (Do Not Program) | — | RW |
| FD-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Mem Mapped I/O Regs – USB Dev Ctrlr Interface (UDCI)**

| Offset | USB Comm Capability & Shadow | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | Capability Register Length | **10** | **RO** |
| 1 | Interface Version | **10** | **RO** |
| 3-2 | Structure Parameters 1 | **0121** | **RO** |
| 7-4 | Structure Parameters 2 | **0200 0040** | **RO** |
| B-8 | Structure Parameters 3 | **0008 0200** | **RO** |
| F-C | EHCI Port 0 Shadow | — | **RO** |
| **Offset** | **USB Device Controller Operation** | **Default** | **Acc** |
| 11-10 | USB Device Command | **0010** | RW |
| 13-12 | USB Device Status | **0010** | **WC** |
| 15-14 | USB Device Interrupt Enable | 0000 | RW |
| 17-16 | Device Port Control Status | **1000** | **WC** |
| 18 | Device Mode Listen Timeout Param | **10** | RW |
| 19 | Host Mode Waiting Timeout Param | **10** | RW |
| 1A-1F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| **Offset** | **Device Endpoint Ctrlr Operation** | **Default** | **Acc** |
| 23-20 | Endpoint 0 Status & Control | **0040 0000** | RW |
| 37-24 | Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor | — | RW |
| 38-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 43-40 | Endpoint 1 Status & Control | **1200 8000** | RW |
| 5B-44 | Endpoint 1 Transfer Descriptor | — | RW |
| 5C-5F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 63-60 | Endpoint 2 Status & Control | **2200 8000** | RW |
| 7B-64 | Endpoint 2 Transfer Descriptor | — | RW |
| 7C-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 83-80 | Endpoint 3 Status & Control | **3008 4000** | RW |
| 8B-84 | Endpoint 3 Transfer Descriptor | — | RW |
| 8C-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Device 17 Function 0 Registers – Bus Control & Power Management**

**Configuration Space Bus Control & PM Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **3227** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | **0087** | **RW** |
| 7-6 | Status | **0200** | **WC** |
| 8 | Revision ID | **nn** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | 00 | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | **01** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | **06** | RO |
| C | -reserved- (cache line size) | 00 | — |
| D | -reserved- (latency timer) | 00 | — |
| E | Header Type | **80** | RO |
| F | Built In Self Test (BIST) | 00 | RO |
| 10-27 | -reserved- (base address registers) | 00 | — |
| 28-2B | -reserved- (unassigned) | 00 | — |
| 2D-2C | Sub Vendor ID | 00 | RO |
| 2F-2E | Sub Device ID | 00 | RO |
| 30-33 | -reserved- (expan. ROM base addr) | 00 | — |
| 34-3B | -reserved- (unassigned) | 00 | — |
| 3C | -reserved- (interrupt line) | 00 | — |
| 3D | -reserved- (interrupt pin) | 00 | — |
| 3E | -reserved- (min gnt) | 00 | — |
| 3F | -reserved- (max lat) | 00 | — |

**Configuration Space PCI-to-ISA Bridge-Specific Registers**

| Offset | ISA Bus Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | ISA Bus Control | 00 | RW |
| 41 | BIOS ROM Decode Control | 00 | RW |
| 42 | Line Buffer Control | 00 | RW |
| 43 | Delay Transaction Control | 00 | RW |
| 44 | INTE / INTF Routing | 00 | RW |
| 45 | INTG / INTH Routing | 00 | RW |
| 46 | INT Control | 00 | RW |
| 47 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 48 | Read Pass Write Control | 00 | RW |
| 49 | CCA Control | 00 | RW |
| 4A | LPC Firmware Memory Control 1 | 00 | RW |
| 4B | LPC Firmware Memory Control 2 | 00 | RW |

| Offset | Miscellaneous Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4C | IDE Interrupt Routing | 00 | RW |
| 4D | Miscellaneous Control | 00 | RW |
| 4E | Internal RTC Test Mode | 00 | RW |
| 4F | PCI Bus & CPU Interface Control | 00 | RW |

| Offset | Function Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 50 | Function Control 1 | 00 | RW |
| 51 | Function Control 2 | **0C** | RW |

| Offset | Serial IRQ, LPC & PC/PCI Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 52 | Serial IRQ & LPC Control | 00 | RW |
| 53 | PC/PCI DMA Control | 00 | RW |

| Offset | Plug and Play Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 54 | PCI Interrupt Polarity | 00 | RW |
| 55 | PnP Routing for PCI INTA | 00 | RW |
| 56 | PnP Routing for PCI INTB-C | 00 | RW |
| 57 | PnP Routing for PCI INTD | 00 | RW |

| Offset | GPIO and Miscellaneous Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 58 | Miscellaneous Control 0 | **40** | RW |
| 59 | Miscellaneous Control 1 | 00 | RW |
| 5A | DMA Bandwidth Control | 00 | RW |
| 5B | Miscellaneous Control 2 | 00 | RW |

| Offset | Programmable Chip Select Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5D-5C | PCS0# I/O Port Address | 0000 | RW |
| 5F-5E | PCS1# I/O Port Address | 0000 | RW |
| 61-60 | PCS2# I/O Port Address | 0000 | RW |
| 63-62 | PCS3# I/O Port Address | 0000 | RW |
| 64 | PCS[1-0]# I/O Port Address Mask | 00 | RW |
| 65 | PCS[3-2]# I/O Port Address Mask | 00 | RW |
| 66 | Programmable Chip Select Control | 00 | RW |
| 67 | Output Control | **04** | RW |
| 68 | HPET Control | 00 | RW |
| 6B-69 | HPET Memory Base Address | 000000 | RW |

| Offset | Miscellaneous | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6C | ISA Positive Decoding Control 1 | 00 | RW |
| 6D | ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 | 00 | RW |
| 6E | ISA Positive Decoding Control 3 | 00 | RW |
| 6F | ISA Positive Decoding Control 4 | 00 | RW |
| 71-70 | Sub Vendor ID Backdoor | 00 | RW |
| 73-72 | Sub Device ID Backdoor | 00 | RW |
| 70-73 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 74 | PCI I/O Cycle Control | 00 | RW |
| 75-78 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 79-7B | Reserved for Test (Do Not Program) | 00 | RW |
| 7C | I/O Pad Control | 00 | RW |
| 7D-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Configuration Space Power Management Registers**

| Offset | Power Management | Default | Acc |
|--------|------------------|---------|-----|
| 80 | General Configuration 0 | 00 | RW |
| 81 | General Configuration 1 | **04** | RW |
| 82 | ACPI Interrupt Select | 00 | RW |
| 83 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 85-84 | Primary Interrupt Channel | 0000 | RW |
| 87-86 | Secondary Interrupt Channel | 0000 | RW |
| 8B-88 | Power Mgmt I/O Base (256 Bytes) | **0000 0001** | RW |
| 8C | Host Bus Power Mgmt Control | 00 | RW |
| 8D | Throttle / Clock Stop Control | 00 | RW |
| 8E-8F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 93-90 | GP Timer Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 94 | Power Well Control | 00 | RW |
| 95 | Miscellaneous Control | 40 | RW |
| 96 | Power On / Reset Control | 00 | RW |
| 97 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 98 | GP2 / GP3 Timer Control | 00 | RW |
| 99 | GP2 Timer | 00 | RW |
| 9A | GP3 Timer | 00 | RW |
| 9B-A0 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| A1 | Write value for Offset 9 (Prog Intfc) | 00 | **WO** |
| A2 | Write value for Offset A (Sub Class) | 00 | **WO** |
| A3 | Write value for Offset B (Base Class) | 00 | **WO** |
| A4-BF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C3-C0 | Power Management Capability | **0002 0001** | RO |
| C7-C4 | Power Management Capability CSR | **0000 0000** | RW |
| C8-CF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Configuration Space SMBus Registers**

| Offset | System Management Bus | Default | Acc |
|--------|-----------------------|---------|-----|
| D1-D0 | SMBus I/O Base (16 Bytes) | **0001** | RW |
| D2 | SMBus Host Configuration | 00 | RW |
| D3 | SMBus Host Slave Command | 00 | RW |
| D4 | SMBus Slave Address Shadow Port 1 | 00 | RW |
| D5 | SMBus Slave Address Shadow Port 2 | 00 | RW |
| D6 | SMBus Revision ID | **nn** | RO |
| D7-DF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Configuration Space General Purpose I/O Registers**

| Offset | General Purpose I/O | Default | Acc |
|--------|---------------------|---------|-----|
| E0 | GPI Inversion Control | 00 | RW |
| E1 | GPI SCI / SMI Select | 00 | RW |
| E2-E3 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| E4 | GPO Pin Select | 00 | RW |
| E5 | GPIO I/O Select 1 | 00 | RW |
| E6 | GPIO I/O Select 2 | 00 | RW |
| E7 | -reserved- | 00 | RW |

**Configuration Space Watchdog Timer Registers**

| Offset | Watchdog Timer | Default | Acc |
|--------|----------------|---------|-----|
| EB-E8 | Watchdog Timer Memory Base | 0000 0000 | RW |
| EC | Watchdog Timer Control | 00 | RW |
| ED-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**I/O Space Power Management Registers**

| Offset | Basic Control / Status Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Power Management Status | 0000 | **WC** |
| 3-2 | Power Management Enable | 0000 | RW |
| 5-4 | Power Management Control | 0000 | RW |
| 6-7 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| B-8 | Power Management Timer | 0000 0000 | RW |
| C-F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | Processor Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 13-10 | Processor and PCI Bus Control | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 14 | Processor LVL2 | 00 | **RO** |
| 15 | Processor LVL3 | 00 | **RO** |
| 16-1F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | General Purpose Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 21-20 | General Purpose Status | 0000 | **WC** |
| 23-22 | General Purpose SCI Enable | 0000 | RW |
| 25-24 | General Purpose SMI Enable | 0000 | RW |
| 26-27 | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | Generic Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 29-28 | Global Status | 0000 | **WC** |
| 2B-2A | Global Enable | 0000 | RW |
| 2D-2C | Global Control | **0010** | RW |
| 2E | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2F | SMI Command | 00 | RW |
| 33-30 | Primary Activity Detect Status | 0000 0000 | **WC** |
| 37-34 | Primary Activity Detect Enable | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 3B-38 | GP Timer Reload Enable | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 3C-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | General Purpose I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | Extended I/O Trap Status | 00 | **WC** |
| 41 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 42 | Extended I/O Trap Enable | 00 | RW |
| 43-44 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 45 | SMI / IRQ / Resume Status | 00 | **RO** |
| 46-47 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 4B-48 | GPI Port Input Value | **input** | **RO** |
| 4F-4C | GPO Port Output Value | **FFFFCFFF** | RW |
| 50 | GPI Pin Change Status | 00 | RW |
| 51 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 52 | GPI Pin Change SCI/SMI Select | 00 | RW |
| 53-57 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 59-58 | I/O Trap PCI I/O Address | 0000 | **RO** |
| 5A | I/O Trap PCI Command / Byte Ena | 00 | **RO** |
| 5B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 5C | CPU Performance Control | 00 | RW |
| 5D-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**I/O Space System Management Bus Registers**

| Offset | System Management Bus | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | SMBus Host Status | 00 | **WC** |
| 1 | SMBus Slave Status | 00 | RW |
| 2 | SMBus Host Control | 00 | RW |
| 3 | SMBus Host Command | 00 | RW |
| 4 | SMBus Host Address | 00 | RW |
| 5 | SMBus Host Data 0 | 00 | RW |
| 6 | SMBus Host Data 1 | 00 | RW |
| 7 | SMBus Block Data | 00 | RW |
| 8 | SMBus Slave Control | 00 | RW |
| 9 | SMBus Shadow Command | 00 | **RO** |
| A-B | SMBus Slave Event | 0000 | RW |
| C-D | SMBus Slave Data | 0000 | **RO** |
| E | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| F | SMBus GPIO Slave Address | 00 | RW |

**System Management Bus Command Codes**

| Code | System Management Bus | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 00 | SMBus GPIO Slave Input Data | — | **RO** |
| 01 | SMBus GPIO Slave Output Data | 00 | RW |
| 02 | SMBus GPIO Slave Polarity Inversion | **F0** | RW |
| 03 | SMBus GPIO Slave I/O Configuration | **FF** | RW |

**Device 17 Function 5 & 6 Registers – AC/MC97 Codecs**

**Function 5 Configuration Space AC97 Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **3059** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | **RW** |
| 7-6 | Status | **0210** | RO |
| 8 | Revision ID | **50** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | 00 | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | **01** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | **04** | RO |
| C-F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 13-10 | Base Address 0 - SGD Control/Status | **0000 0001** | **RW** |
| 17-14 | Base Address 1 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 1B-18 | Base Address 2 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 1F-1C | Base Address 3 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 23-20 | Base Address 4 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 27-24 | Base Address 5 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 28-29 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2F-2C | Subsystem ID / SubVendor ID | 0000 0000 | **RW** |
| 33-30 | Expansion ROM (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 34 | Capture Pointer | **C0** | **RW** |
| 35-3B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | 00 | **RW** |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **03** | RO |
| 3E | Minimum Grant | 00 | RO |
| 3F | Maximum Latency | 00 | RO |

**Function 6 Configuration Space MC97 Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **3068** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | **RW** |
| 7-6 | Status | **0200** | RO |
| 8 | Revision ID | **70** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | 00 | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | **80** | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | **07** | RO |
| C-F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 13-10 | Base Address 0 - SGD Control/Status | **0000 0001** | **RW** |
| 17-14 | Base Address 1 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 1B-18 | Base Address 2 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 1F-1C | Base Address 3 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 23-20 | Base Address 4 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 27-24 | Base Address 5 (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 28-29 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2F-2C | Subsystem ID / SubVendor ID | 0000 0000 | **RW** |
| 33-30 | Expansion ROM (reserved) | 0000 0000 | — |
| 34 | Capture Pointer | **D0** | **RW** |
| 35-3B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 3C | Interrupt Line | 00 | **RW** |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **03** | RO |
| 3E | Minimum Grant | 00 | RO |
| 3F | Maximum Latency | 00 | RO |

**Configuration Space Audio Codec-Specific Registers**

| Offset | Audio Codec Link Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | AC-Link Interface Status | 00 | **RO** |
| 41 | AC-Link Interface Control | 00 | RW |
| 42 | Function Enable | 00 | RW |
| 43 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 44 | MC97 Interface Control | 00 | **RO** |
| 45-47 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 4B-48 | Test Mode (reserved) | 00 | — |
| 4C-BF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C3-C0 | Power Management Capability | **0602 0001** | RO |
| C7-C4 | Power State | 0000 0000 | RW |
| C8-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Configuration Space Modem Codec-Specific Registers**

| Offset | Modem Codec Link Control | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | AC-Link Interface Status | 00 | **RO** |
| 41 | AC-Link Interface Control | 00 | RW |
| 42 | Function Enable | 00 | **RO** |
| 43 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 44 | MC97 Interface Control | 00 | RW |
| 45-47 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 4B-48 | Test Mode (reserved) | 00 | — |
| 4C-CF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| D3-D0 | Power Management Capability | **0602 0001** | RO |
| D7-D4 | Power State | 0000 0000 | RW |
| D8-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Function 5 I/O Base 0 Registers – AC97 Audio S/G DMA**

| Offset | AC97 SGD I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| x0 | SGD Channel x Status | 00 | **WC** |
| x1 | SGD Channel x Control | 00 | RW |
| x2 | SGD Channel x Left Volume | **3F** | RW |
| x3 | SGD Channel x Right Volume | **3F** | RW |
| x7-x4 | SGD Channel x Table Pointer Base | 0000 0000 | WR |
|  | SGD Channel x Current Address |  | RD |
| xB-x8 | Stop Index / Data Type / Sample Rate | **FF0F FFFF** | RW |
| xF-xC | SGD Channel x Current Count | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 40 | SGD 3D Channel Status | 00 | **WC** |
| 41 | SGD 3D Channel Control | 00 | RW |
| 42 | SGD 3D Channel Format | 00 | RW |
| 43 | SGD 3D Channel Scratch | 00 | RW |
| 47-44 | SGD 3D Channel Table Pointer Base | 0000 0000 | WR |
|  | SGD 3D Channel Current Address |  | RD |
| 4B-48 | SGD 3D Channel Slot Select | **FF00 0000** | RW |
| 4F-4C | SGD 3D Channel Current Count | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 50-5F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 60 | SGD Write Channel 0 Status | 00 | **WC** |
| 61 | SGD Write Channel 0 Control | 00 | RW |
| 62 | SGD Write Channel 0 Format | 00 | RW |
| 63 | SGD Write Channel 0 Select | 00 | RW |
| 67-64 | SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base | 0000 0000 | WR |
|  | SGD Write Channel 0 Current Addr |  | RD |
| 6B-68 | SGD Write Channel 0 Stop Index | **FF00 0000** | RW |
| 6F-6C | SGD Write Channel 0 Current Count | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 70 | SGD Write Channel 1 Status | 00 | **WC** |
| 71 | SGD Write Channel 1 Control | 00 | RW |
| 72 | SGD Write Channel 1 Format | 00 | RW |
| 73 | SGD Write Channel 1 Select | 00 | RW |
| 77-74 | SGD Write Channel 1 Table Ptr Base | 0000 0000 | WR |
|  | SGD Write Channel 1 Current Addr |  | RD |
| 7B-78 | SGD Write Channel 1 Stop Index | **FF00 0000** | RW |
| 7F-7C | SGD Write Channel 1 Current Count | 0000 0000 | **RO** |

**Function 6 I/O Base 0 Registers – MC97 Modem S/G DMA**

| Offset | MC97 SGD I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0-7 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 8-F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 10-17 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 18-1F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 20-27 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 28-2F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 30-37 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 38-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 40 | SGD Read Channel Status | 00 | **WC** |
| 41 | SGD Read Channel Control | 00 | RW |
| 42 | SGD Read Channel Type | 00 | RW |
| 43 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 47-44 | SGD Read Chan Table Pointer Base | 0000 0000 | WR |
|  | SGD Read Channel Current Address |  | RD |
| 4B-48 | -reserved- (Test) | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 4F-4C | SGD Read Channel Current Count | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 50 | SGD Write Channel Status | 00 | **WC** |
| 51 | SGD Write Channel Control | 00 | RW |
| 52 | SGD Write Channel Type | 00 | RW |
| 53 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 57-54 | SGD Write Channel Table Ptr Base | 0000 0000 | WR |
|  | SGD Write Channel Current Address |  | RD |
| 5B-58 | Reserved (Test) | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 5F-5C | SGD Write Channel Current Count | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 60-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | AC97 / Audio Codec I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 83-80 | AC97 Controller Command / Status | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 87-84 | SGD Global IRQ Shadow | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 88 | DX0 FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 89 | DX1 FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 8A | DX2 FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 8B | DX3 FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 8C | 3D FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 8D-8F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 90-9F | Shadow PCI Config Registers 40-4F | n/a | **RO** |
| A0-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

| Offset | AC97 / Modem Codec I/O Registers | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 83-80 | AC97 Controller Command / Status | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 87-84 | SGD Global IRQ Shadow | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 88 | DX0 FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 89 | DX1 FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 8A | DX2 FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 8B | DX3 FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 8C | 3D FIFO Count | 00 | **RO** |
| 8D-8F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 90-9F | Shadow PCI Config Registers 40-4F | n/a | **RO** |
| A0-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Device 18 Function 0 Registers - LAN**

**Configuration Space LAN Header Registers**

| Offset | Configuration Space Header | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1-0 | Vendor ID | **1106** | RO |
| 3-2 | Device ID | **3065** | RO |
| 5-4 | Command | 0000 | RO |
| 7-6 | Status | **0470** | **WC** |
| 8 | Revision ID | **40** | RO |
| 9 | Programming Interface | 00 | RO |
| A | Sub Class Code | 00 | RO |
| B | Base Class Code | 00 | RO |
| C | Cache Line Size | 00 | **RW** |
| D | Latency Timer | 00 | **RW** |
| E | Header Type | 00 | RO |
| F | BIST | 00 | RO |
| 13-10 | I/O Base Address | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 17-14 | Memory Base Address | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 18-27 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 2B-28 | Card Bus CIS Pointer | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 2C-2F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 33-30 | Expansion ROM Base Address | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 34 | Capabilities Offset | **40** | **RO** |
| 35-3C | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 3D | Interrupt Pin | **01** | **RO** |
| 3E-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |

**Configuration Space LAN Device Specific Registers**

| Offset | Power Management | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 | Capability ID | **01** | **RO** |
| 41 | Next Item Pointer | 00 | **RO** |
| 43-42 | Power Management Configuration | **0002** | **RO** |
| 47-44 | Power Management Control / Status | 0000 0000 | **WC** |
| 48-FF | -reserved- | 00 | — |

## I/O Space LAN Registers

| Offset | Power Management | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5-0 | Ethernet Address | | RW |
| 6 | Receive Control | 00 | RW |
| 7 | Transmit Control | **08** | RW |
| 8 | Command 0 | 00 | RW |
| 9 | Command 1 | 00 | RW |
| A-B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| C | Interrupt Status 0 | 00 | RW |
| D | Interrupt Status 1 | 00 | RW |
| E | Interrupt Mask 0 | 00 | RW |
| F | Interrupt Mask 1 | 00 | RW |
| 17-10 | Multicast Address | | RW |
| 1B-18 | Receive Address | | RW |
| 1F-1C | Transmit Address | | RW |
| 23-20 | Receive Status | **0000 0400** | RW |
| 27-24 | Receive Data Buffer Control | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 2B-28 | Receive Data Buffer Start Address | | **RO** |
| 2F-2C | Receive Data Buffer Branch Address | | **RO** |
| 30-3F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 43-40 | Transmit Status | 0000 0000 | RW |
| 47-44 | Transmit Data Buffer Control | 0000 0000 | **RO** |
| 4B-48 | Transmit Data Buffer Start Address | | **RO** |
| 4F-4C | Transmit Data Buffer Branch Addr | | **RO** |
| 50-6B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 6C | PHY Address | **01** | RW |
| 6D | MII Status | **13** | RW |
| 6E | Buffer Control 0 | 00 | RW |
| 6F | Buffer Control 1 | 00 | RW |
| 70 | MII Management Port Command | 00 | RW |
| 71 | MII Management Port Address | **81** | RW |
| 73-72 | MII Management Port Data | 0000 | RW |
| 74 | EEPROM Command / Status | 00 | RW |
| 75-77 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 78 | EEPROM Control | 00 | RW |

## I/O Space LAN Registers (continued)

| Offset | Power Management | Default | Acc |
|---|---|---|---|
| 79 | Configuration 1 | 00 | RW |
| 7A | Configuration 2 | 00 | RW |
| 7B | Configuration 3 | 00 | RW |
| 7C-7F | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 80 | Miscellaneous 1 | 00 | RW |
| 81 | Miscellaneous 2 | 00 | RW |
| 82 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 83 | Sticky Hardware Control | 00 | RW |
| 84 | MII Interrupt Status | 00 | **WC** |
| 85 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 86 | MII Interrupt Mask | 00 | RW |
| 87-8B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 8D-8C | Flash Address | 0000 | RW |
| 8E | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 8F | Flash Write Data Output | 00 | RW |
| 90 | Flash Read / Write Command | 00 | RW |
| 91 | Flash Write Data Input | 00 | **RO** |
| 92 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 93 | Flash Checksum | 00 | RW |
| 95-94 | Suspend Mode MII Address | 0000 | RW |
| 96 | Suspend Mode PHY Address | 00 | RW |
| 97 | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 99-98 | Pause Timer | 0000 | RW |
| 9A | Pause Status | 00 | RW |
| 9B | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| 9D-9C | Soft Timer 0 | 0000 | RW |
| 9F-9E | Soft Timer 1 | 0000 | RW |
| A0/A4 | Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear | 00 / 00 | RW |
| A1/A5 | Power Configuration Set / Clear | 00 / 00 | RW |
| A2/A6 | -reserved- (do not program) | 00 / 00 | — |
| A3/A7 | Wake On LAN Config Set / Clear | 00 / 00 | RW |
| A8-AF | -reserved- | 00 | — |
| B3-B0 | Pattern CRC 0 | 0000 0000 | RW |
| B7-B4 | Pattern CRC 1 | 0000 0000 | RW |
| BB-B8 | Pattern CRC 2 | 0000 0000 | RW |
| BF-BC | Pattern CRC 3 | 0000 0000 | RW |
| CF-C0 | Byte Mask 0 | 0000 0000 | RW |
| DF-D0 | Byte Mask 1 | 0000 0000 | RW |
| EF-E0 | Byte Mask 2 | 0000 0000 | RW |
| FF-F0 | Byte Mask 3 | 0000 0000 | RW |

# Register Descriptions

## Legacy I/O Ports

This group of registers includes the DMA Controllers, Interrupt Controllers, and Timer/Counters as well as a number of miscellaneous ports originally implemented using discrete logic on original PC/AT motherboards. All of the registers listed are integrated on-chip. These registers are implemented in a precise manner for backwards compatibility with previous generations of PC hardware. These registers are listed for information purposes only. Detailed descriptions of the actions and programming of these registers are included in numerous industry publications (duplication of that information here is beyond the scope of this document). All of these registers reside in I/O space.

**Port 61 - Misc Functions & Speaker Control................. RW**

**7 SERR# Status** .....................................................RO
- 0 SERR# has not been asserted ................ default
- 1 SERR# was asserted by a PCI agent
- Note: This bit is set when the PCI bus SERR# signal is asserted. Once set, this bit may be cleared by setting bit-2 of this register. Bit-2 should be cleared to enable recording of the next SERR# (i.e., bit-2 must be set to 0 to enable this bit to be set).

**6 IOCHK# Status** ...................................................RO
- 0 IOCHK# has not been asserted.............. default
- 1 IOCHK # was asserted by an ISA agent
- Note: This bit is set when the ISA bus IOCHCK# signal is asserted. Once set, this bit may be cleared by setting bit-3 of this register. Bit-3 should be cleared to enable recording of the next IOCHCK# (i.e., bit-3 must be set to 0 to enable this bit to be set). IOCHCK# generates NMI to the CPU if NMI is enabled.

**5 Timer/Counter 2 Output** .....................................RO
This bit reflects the output of Timer/Counter 2 without any synchronization.

**4 Refresh Detected**..................................................RO
This bit toggles on every rising edge of the ISA bus REFRESH# signal.

**3 IOCHK# Enable**
- 0 Enable (see bit-6 above) ........................ default
- 1 Disable (force IOCHCK# inactive and clear any "IOCHCK# Active" condition in bit-6)

**2 SERR# Enable**
- 0 Enable (see bit-7 above) ........................ default
- 1 Disable (force SERR# inactive and clear any "SERR# Active" condition in bit-7)

**1 Speaker Enable**
- 0 Disable................................................. default
- 1 Enable Timer/Ctr 2 output to drive SPKR pin

**0 Timer/Counter 2 Enable**
- 0 Disable................................................. default
- 1 Enable Timer/Counter 2

**Port 92h - System Control............................................... RW**

**7-2 Reserved** ......................................always reads 0

**1 A20 Address Line Enable**
- 0 A20 disabled / forced 0 (real mode)...... default
- 1 A20 address line enabled

**0 High Speed Reset**
- 0 Normal
- 1 Briefly pulse system reset to switch from protected mode to real mode

## Keyboard Controller I/O Registers

The keyboard controller handles the keyboard and mouse interfaces. Two ports are used: port 60 and port 64. Reads from port 64 return a status byte. Writes to port 64h are command codes (see command code list following the register descriptions). Input and output data is transferred via port 60.

A "Control" register is also available. It is accessible by writing commands 20h / 60h to the command port (port 64h); The control byte is written by first sending 60h to the command port, then sending the control byte value. The control register may be read by sending a command of 20h to port 64h, waiting for "Output Buffer Full" status = 1, then reading the control byte value from port 60h.

Traditional (non-integrated) keyboard controllers have an "Input Port" and an "Output Port" that control pins dedicated to specific functions. In the integrated version, connections are hard wired as listed below. Outputs are "open-collector" so to allow input on one of these pins, the output value for that pin would be set high (non-driving) and the desired input value read on the input port. These ports are defined as follows:

| Bit | Input Port |
| --- | --- |
| 0 | Keyboard Data In |
| 1 | Mouse Data In |

| Bit | Output Port |
| --- | --- |
| 0 | System Reset (1 = Execute Reset) |
| 1 | Gaste A20 (1 = A20 Enabled) |
| 2 | Mouse Data Out |
| 3 | Mouse Clock Out |
| 6 | Keyboard Clock Out |
| 7 | Keyboard Data Out |

| Bit | Test Port |
| --- | --- |
| 0 | Keyboard Clock In |
| 1 | Mouse Clock In |

### Hardwired Internal Connections
Keyboard Data Out (Open Collector) <=> Keyboard Data In
Keyboard Clock Out (Open Collector) <=> Keyboard Clk In

Mouse Data Out (Open Collector) <=> Mouse Data In
Mouse Clock Out (Open Collector) <=> Mouse Clock In

Keyboard OBF Interrupt => IRQ1
Mouse OBF Interrupt => IRQ12

### Input / Output / Test Port Command Codes
C0h transfers input port data to the output buffer.
D0h copies output port values to the output buffer.
E0h transfers test input port data to the output buffer.

The above definitions are provided for reference only as actual keyboard and mouse control is no longer performed bit-by bit using the above ports but controlled directly by keyboard / mouse controller internal logic. Data is sent and received using the command codes listed on the following page.

## Port 60 - Keyboard Controller Input Buffer.................. WO
Only write to port 60h if port 64h bit-1 = 0 (1=full).

## Port 60 - Keyboard Controller Output Buffer................ RO
Only read from port 60h if port 64h bit-0 = 1 (0=empty).

## Port 64 - Keyboard / Mouse Status ................................. RO
**7**   **Parity Error**
   0   No parity error (odd parity received)..... default
   1   Even parity occurred on last byte received from keyboard / mouse
**6**   **General Receive / Transmit Timeout**
   0   No error .................................. default
   1   Error
**5**   **Mouse Output Buffer Full**
   0   Mouse output buffer empty ................... default
   1   Mouse output buffer holds mouse data
**4**   **Keylock Status**
   0   Locked
   1   Free
**3**   **Command / Data**
   0   Last write was data write ....................... default
   1   Last write was command write
**2**   **System Flag**
   0   Power-On Default................................. default
   1   Self Test Successful
**1**   **Input Buffer Full**
   0   Input Buffer Empty .............................. default
   1   Input Buffer Full
**0**   **Keyboard Output Buffer Full**
   0   Keyboard Output Buffer Empty ............ default
   1   Keyboard Output Buffer Full

## KBC Control Register..........(R/W via Commands 20h/60h)
**7**   **Reserved**  .......................................always reads 0
**6**   **PC Compatibility**
   0   Disable scan conversion
   1   Convert scan codes to PC format; convert 2-byte break sequences to 1-byte PC-compatible break codes ........................................... default
**5**   **Mouse Interface**
   0   Enable................................................ default
   1   Disable
**4**   **Keyboard Interface**
   0   Enable................................................ default
   1   Disable
**3**   **Reserved**  .......................................always reads 0
**2**   **System Flag** .................................default=0
This bit may be read back as status register bit-2
**1**   **Mouse Interrupts**
   0   Disable............................................... default
   1   Enable - Generate interrupt on IRQ12 when mouse data comes into output buffer
**0**   **Keyboard Interrupts**
   0   Disable............................................... default
   1   Enable - Generate interrupt on IRQ1 when output buffer has been written.

<u>**Port 64 - Keyboard / Mouse Command .........................WO**</u>

This port is used to send commands to the keyboard / mouse controller.  The command codes recognized by the VT8237R Plus are listed in the table below.

**Table 7.  Keyboard Controller Command Codes**

| <u>Code</u> | <u>Keyboard Command Code Description</u> |
|---|---|
| 20h | Read Control Byte (next byte is Control Byte) |
| 21-3Fh | Read SRAM Data (next byte is Data Byte) |
| 60h | Write Control Byte (next byte is Control Byte) |
| 61-7Fh | Write SRAM Data (next byte is Data Byte) |
| A1h | Output Keyboard Controller Version # |
| A4h | Test if Password is installed |
| | (always returns F1h to indicate not installed) |
| A7h | Disable Mouse Interface |
| A8h | Enable Mouse Interface |
| A9h | Mouse Interface Test (puts test results in port 60h) |
| | (value: 0=OK, 1=clk stuck low, 2=clk stuck high, |
| | 3=data stuck lo, 4=data stuck hi, FF=general error) |
| AAh | KBC self test (returns 55h if OK, FCh if not) |
| ABh | Keyboard Interface Test (see A9h Mouse Test) |
| ADh | Disable Keyboard Interface |
| AEh | Enable Keyboard Interface |
| AFh | Return Version # |
| C0h | Read Input Port (read input data to output buffer) |
| C1h | Poll Input Port (read Mouse Data In |
| | continuously to status bit 5 |
| C8h | Unblock Mouse Output (use before D1 to change |
| | active mode) |
| C9h | Reblock Mouse Output (protection mechanism |
| | for D1) |
| CAh | Read Mode (output KBC mode info to port 60 |
| | output buffer:  bit-0=0 if ISA, 1 if PS/2) |
| D0h | Read Output Port (copy output port values |
| | to port 60) |
| D1h | Write Output Port (data byte following is written to |
| | keyboard output port as if it came from keyboard) |
| D2h | Write Keyboard Output Buffer & clear status bit-5 |
| | (write following byte to keyboard) |
| D3h | Write Mouse Output Buffer & set status bit-5 (write |
| | following byte to mouse;  put value in mouse input |
| | buffer so it appears to have come from the mouse) |
| D4h | Write Mouse (write following byte to mouse) |
| E0h | Read Keyboard Clock In and Mouse Clock In |
| | (return in bits 0-1 respectively of response byte) |
| Exh | Set Mouse Clock Out per command bit 3 |
| | Set Mouse Data Out per command bit 2 |
| | Set Gate A20 per command bit 1 |
| Fxh | Pulse Mouse Clock Out low for 6usec per cmd bit 3 |
| | Pulse Mouse Data Out low for 6usec per cmd bit 2 |
| | Pulse Gate A20 low for 6usec per command bit 1 |
| | Pulse System Reset low for 6usec per cmd bit 0 |

All other codes not listed are undefined.

**DMA Controller I/O Registers**

**Ports 00-0F - Master DMA Controller**
Channels 0-3 of the Master DMA Controller control System DMA Channels 0-3. There are 16 Master DMA Controller registers:

| I/O Address Bits 15-0 | Register Name | |
|---|---|---|
| 0000 0000 000x 0000 | **Ch 0 Base / Current Address** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 000x 0001 | **Ch 0 Base / Current Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 000x 0010 | **Ch 1 Base / Current Address** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 000x 0011 | **Ch 1 Base / Current Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 000x 0100 | **Ch 2 Base / Current Address** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 000x 0101 | **Ch 2 Base / Current Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 000x 0110 | **Ch 3 Base / Current Address** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 000x 0111 | **Ch 3 Base / Current Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 000x 1000 | **Status / Command** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 000x 1001 | **Write Request** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 000x 1010 | **Write Single Mask** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 000x 1011 | **Write Mode** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 000x 1100 | **Clear Byte Pointer F/F** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 000x 1101 | **Master Clear** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 000x 1110 | **Clear Mask** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 000x 1111 | **R/W All Mask Bits** | **RW** |

**Ports C0-DF - Slave DMA Controller**
Channels 0-3 of the Slave DMA Controller control System DMA Channels 4-7. There are 16 Slave DMA Controller registers:

| I/O Address Bits 15-0 | Register Name | |
|---|---|---|
| 0000 0000 1100 000x | **Ch 4 Base / Current Address** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 1100 001x | **Ch 4 Base / Current Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 1100 010x | **Ch 5 Base / Current Address** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 1100 011x | **Ch 5 Base / Current Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 1100 100x | **Ch 6 Base / Current Address** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 1100 101x | **Ch 6 Base / Current Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 1100 110x | **Ch 7 Base / Current Address** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 1100 111x | **Ch 7 Base / Current Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 1101 000x | **Status / Command** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 1101 001x | **Write Request** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 1101 010x | **Write Single Mask** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 1101 011x | **Write Mode** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 1101 100x | **Clear Byte Pointer F/F** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 1101 101x | **Master Clear** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 1101 110x | **Clear Mask** | **WO** |
| 0000 0000 1101 111x | **Read/Write All Mask Bits** | **WO** |

Note that not all bits of the address are decoded.

The Master and Slave DMA Controllers are compatible with the Intel 8237 DMA Controller chip. Detailed description of 8237 DMA controller operation can be obtained from the Intel Peripheral Components Data Book and numerous other industry publications.

**Ports 80-8F - DMA Page Registers**
There are eight DMA Page Registers, one for each DMA channel. These registers provide bits 16-23 of the 24-bit address for each DMA channel (bits 0-15 are stored in registers in the Master and Slave DMA Controllers). They are located at the following I/O Port addresses:

| I/O Address Bits 15-0 | Register Name | |
|---|---|---|
| 0000 0000 1000 0111 | **Channel 0 DMA Page (M-0)** | .........**RW** |
| 0000 0000 1000 0011 | **Channel 1 DMA Page (M-1)** | .........**RW** |
| 0000 0000 1000 0001 | **Channel 2 DMA Page (M-2)** | .........**RW** |
| 0000 0000 1000 0010 | **Channel 3 DMA Page (M-3)** | .........**RW** |
| 0000 0000 1000 1111 | **Channel 4 DMA Page (S-0)** | ...........**RW** |
| 0000 0000 1000 1011 | **Channel 5 DMA Page (S-1)** | ...........**RW** |
| 0000 0000 1000 1001 | **Channel 6 DMA Page (S-2)** | ...........**RW** |
| 0000 0000 1000 1010 | **Channel 7 DMA Page (S-3)** | ..........**RW** |

**DMA Controller Shadow Registers**
The DMA Controller shadow registers are enabled by setting function 0 Rx77 bit 0. If the shadow registers are enabled, they are read back at the indicated I/O port instead of the standard DMA controller registers (writes are unchanged).

**Port 0 –Channel 0 Base Address** ...................................... **RO**
**Port 1 –Channel 0 Byte Count** ...................................... **RO**
**Port 2 –Channel 1 Base Address** ...................................... **RO**
**Port 3 –Channel 1 Byte Count** ...................................... **RO**
**Port 4 –Channel 2 Base Address** ...................................... **RO**
**Port 5 –Channel 2 Byte Count** ...................................... **RO**
**Port 6 –Channel 3 Base Address** ...................................... **RO**
**Port 7 –Channel 3 Byte Count** ...................................... **RO**

**Port 8 –1st Read Channel 0-3 Command Register** .......... **RO**
**Port 8 –2nd Read Channel 0-3 Request Register** ............. **RO**
**Port 8 –3rd Read Channel 0 Mode Register** ...................... **RO**
**Port 8 –4th Read Channel 1 Mode Register** ...................... **RO**
**Port 8 –5th Read Channel 2 Mode Register** ...................... **RO**
**Port 8 –6th Read Channel 3 Mode Register** ...................... **RO**

**Port F –Channel 0-3 Read All Mask** ................................ **RO**

**Port C4 –Channel 5 Base Address** .................................... **RO**
**Port C6 –Channel 5 Byte Count** .................................... **RO**
**Port C8 –Channel 6 Base Address** .................................... **RO**
**Port CA –Channel 6 Byte Count** .................................... **RO**
**Port CC –Channel 7 Base Address** .................................... **RO**
**Port CE –Channel 7 Byte Count** .................................... **RO**

**Port D0 –1st Read Channel 4-7 Command Register** ....... **RO**
**Port D0 –2nd Read Channel 4-7 Request Register** .......... **RO**
**Port D0 –3rd Read Channel 4 Mode Register** ................... **RO**
**Port D0 –4th Read Channel 5 Mode Register** .................. **RO**
**Port D0 –5th Read Channel 6 Mode Register** .................. **RO**
**Port D0 –6th Read Channel 7 Mode Register** .................. **RO**

**Port DE –Channel 4-7 Read All Mask** ............................. **RO**

### Interrupt Controller I/O Registers

#### Ports 20-21 - Master Interrupt Controller

The Master Interrupt Controller controls system interrupt channels 0-7.  Two registers control the Master Interrupt Controller.  They are:

| I/O Address Bits 15-0 | Register Name | |
|---|---|---|
| 0000 0000 001x xxx0 | **Master Interrupt Control** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 001x xxx1 | **Master Interrupt Mask** | **RW** |

Note that not all bits of the address are decoded.

The Master Interrupt Controller is compatible with the Intel 8259 Interrupt Controller chip.  Detailed descriptions of 8259 Interrupt Controller operation can be obtained from the Intel Peripheral Components Data Book and numerous other industry publications.

#### Ports A0-A1 - Slave Interrupt Controller

The Slave Interrupt Controller controls system interrupt channels 8-15.  The slave system interrupt controller also occupies two register locations:

| I/O Address Bits 15-0 | Register Name | |
|---|---|---|
| 0000 0000 101x xxx0 | **Slave Interrupt Control** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 101x xxx1 | **Slave Interrupt Mask** | **RW** |

Note that not all address bits are decoded.

The Slave Interrupt Controller is compatible with the Intel 8259 Interrupt Controller chip.  Detailed descriptions of 8259 Interrupt Controller operation can be obtained from the Intel Peripheral Components Data Book and numerous other industry publications.

### Interrupt Controller Shadow Registers

The following shadow registers are enabled by setting function 0 Rx47[4].  If the shadow registers are enabled, they are read back at the indicated I/O port instead of the standard interrupt controller registers (writes are unchanged).

**Port 20 - Master Interrupt Control Shadow ................... RO**
**Port A0 - Slave Interrupt Control Shadow .................... RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | Reserved | .........................................always reads 0 |
| 6 | OCW3 bit 2 (POLL) | |
| 5 | OCW3 bit 0 (RIS) | |
| 4 | OCW3 bit 5 (SMM) | |
| 3 | OCW2 bit 7 (R) | |
| 2 | ICW4 bit 4 (SFNM) | |
| 1 | ICW4 bit 1 (AEOI) | |
| 0 | ICW1 bit 3 (LTIM) | |

**Port 21 - Master Interrupt Mask Shadow ...................... RO**
**Port A1 - Slave Interrupt Mask Shadow ....................... RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-5 | Reserved | .........................................always reads 0 |
| 4-0 | T7-T3 of Interrupt Vector Address | |

### Timer / Counter Registers

#### Ports 40-43 - Timer / Counter I/O Registers

There are 4 Timer / Counter registers:

| I/O Address Bits 15-0 | Register Name | |
|---|---|---|
| 0000 0000 010x xx00 | **Timer / Counter 0 Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 010x xx01 | **Timer / Counter 1 Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 010x xx10 | **Timer / Counter 2 Count** | **RW** |
| 0000 0000 010x xx11 | **Timer / Counter Cmd Mode** | **WO** |

Note that not all bits of the address are decoded.

The Timer / Counters are compatible with the Intel 8254 Timer / Counter chip.  Detailed descriptions of 8254 Timer / Counter operation can be obtained from the Intel Peripheral Components Data Book and numerous other industry publications.

#### Timer / Counter Shadow Registers

The following shadow registers are enabled for readback by setting function 0 Rx47[4].  If the shadow registers are enabled, they are read back at the indicated I/O port instead of the standard timer / counter registers (writes are unchanged).

**Port 40 – Counter 0 Base Count Value (LSB 1$^{st}$ MSB 2$^{nd}$)RO**
**Port 41 – Counter 1 Base Count Value (LSB 1$^{st}$ MSB 2$^{nd}$)RO**
**Port 42 – Counter 2 Base Count Value (LSB 1$^{st}$ MSB 2$^{nd}$)RO**

## CMOS / RTC I/O Registers

**Port 70 - CMOS Address**................................................**RW**
  **7**    **NMI Disable** ........................................................ RW
        0    Enable NMI Generation.  NMI is asserted on
             encountering SERR# on the PCI bus.
        1    Disable NMI Generation........................default
  **6-0**  **CMOS Address** (lower 128 bytes) ...................... RW

**Port 71 - CMOS Data**..................................................**RW**
  **7-0**  **CMOS Data** (128 bytes)

Note:    Ports 70-71 may be accessed if Device 17 Function 0
         Rx51 bit-3 is set to one to select the internal RTC.  If
         Rx51 bit-3 is set to zero, accesses to ports 70-71 will
         be directed to an external RTC.

**Port 74 - CMOS Address**..............................................**RW**
  **7-0**  **CMOS Address** (256 bytes) ................................ RW

**Port 75 - CMOS Data**..................................................**RW**
  **7-0**  **CMOS Data** (256 bytes)

Note:    Ports 74-75 may be accessed only if Rx4E bit-3 (Port
         74/75 Access Enable) is set to one to enable port
         74/75 access.

Note:    Ports 70-71 are compatible with PC industry-
         standards and may be used to access the lower 128
         bytes of the 256-byte on-chip CMOS RAM. Ports 74-
         75 may be used to access the full on-chip extended
         256-byte space in cases where the on-chip RTC is
         disabled.

Note:    The system Real Time Clock (RTC) is part of the
         "CMOS" block.   The RTC control registers are
         located at specific offsets in the CMOS data area (0-
         0Dh and 7D-7Fh).  Detailed descriptions of CMOS /
         RTC operation and programming can be obtained
         from the VIA VT82887 Data Book or numerous
         other industry publications.   For reference, the
         definition of the RTC register locations and bits are
         summarized in the following table:

| Offset | Description | | Binary Range | BCD Range |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 00 | **Seconds** | | 00-3Bh | 00-59h |
| 01 | **Seconds Alarm** | | 00-3Bh | 00-59h |
| 02 | **Minutes** | | 00-3Bh | 00-59h |
| 03 | **Minutes Alarm** | | 00-3Bh | 00-59h |
| 04 | **Hours** | am 12hr: | 01-1Ch | 01-12h |
| | | pm 12hr: | 81-8Ch | 81-92h |
| | | 24hr: | 00-17h | 00-23h |
| 05 | **Hours Alarm** | am 12hr: | 01-1Ch | 01-12h |
| | | pm 12hr: | 81-8Ch | 81-92h |
| | | 24hr: | 00-17h | 00-23h |
| 06 | **Day of the Week** Sun=1: | | 01-07h | 01-07h |
| 07 | **Day of the Month** | | 01-1Fh | 01-31h |
| 08 | **Month** | | 01-0Ch | 01-12h |
| 09 | **Year** | | 00-63h | 00-99h |

**0A**    **Register A**
    7    UIP     Update In Progress
    6-4  DV2-0   Divide (010=ena osc & keep time)
    3-0  RS3-0   Rate Select for Periodic Interrupt

**0B**    **Register B**
    7    SET     Inhibit Update Transfers
    6    PIE     Periodic Interrupt Enable
    5    AIE     Alarm Interrupt Enable
    4    UIE     Update Ended Interrupt Enable
    3    SQWE    No function (read/write bit)
    2    DM      Data Mode (0=BCD, 1=binary)
    1    24/12   Hours Byte Format (0=12, 1=24)
    0    DSE     Daylight Savings Enable

**0C**    **Register C**
    7    IRQF    Interrupt Request Flag
    6    PF      Periodic Interrupt Flag
    5    AF      Alarm Interrupt Flag
    4    UF      Update Ended Flag
    3-0  0       Unused (always read 0)

**0D**    **Register D**
    7    VRT     Reads 1 if VBAT voltage is OK
    6-0  0       Unused (always read 0)

**0E-7C**  **Software-Defined Storage Registers** (111 Bytes)

| Offset | Extended Functions | Binary Range | BCD Range |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7D | **Date Alarm** | 01-1Fh | 01-31h |
| 7E | **Month Alarm** | 01-0Ch | 01-12h |
| 7F | **Century Field** | 13-14h | 19-20h |

**80-FF**  **Software-Defined Storage Registers** (128 Bytes)

**Table 8.  CMOS Register Summary**

**Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Index / Data Registers**

The Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup registers are accessed by performing I/O operations to / from an index / data pair of registers in system I/O space at port addresses 2Eh and 2Fh. The registers accessed using this mechanism are used to initialize Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup functions at index values in the range of E0-EF.

Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup initialization is accomplished in three steps:

1) Enter initialization mode (set Function 0 Rx51[1] = 1)

2) Initialize the chip

    a) Write index to port 2Eh
    b) Read / write data from / to port 2Fh
    c) Repeat a and b for all desired registers

3) Exit initialization mode (set Function 0 Rx51[1] = 0)

**Port 2Eh – Keyboard Wakeup Index ..............................RW**
  **7-0  Index Value**
Function 0 PCI configuration space register Rx51[1] must be set to 1 to enable access to the configuration registers.

**Port 2Fh – Keyboard Wakeup Data................................RW**
  **7-0  Data Value**

**Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Registers**

These registers are accessed via the port 2E / 2F index / data register pair with Function 0 Rx51[1] = 1 using the indicated index values below

**Index E0 – Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Enable (08h)....RW**
  **7-5  Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
  **4    Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0
  **3    Win98 Keyboard Power Key Wake-up**
      0  Disable
      1  Enable **..................................................default**
  **2    Password Wake-up**
      0  Disable .................................................default
      1  Enable
  **1    PS/2 Mouse Wake-up**
      0  Disable .................................................default
      1  Enable
  **0    Keyboard Wake-up**
      0  Disable .................................................default
      1  Enable

**Index E1 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 0 (F0h).. RW**
  **7-0  Keyboard Wakeup First Scan Code** .........def = F0h
**Index E2 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 1 (00h) .. RW**
  **7-0  Keyboard Wakeup Second Scan Code** .....def = 00h
**Index E3 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 2 (00h) .. RW**
  **7-0  Keyboard Wakeup Third Scan Code** .......def = 00h
**Index E4 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 3 (00h) .. RW**
  **7-0  Keyboard Wakeup Fourth Scan Code** .....def = 00h
**Index E5 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 4 (00h) .. RW**
  **7-0  Keyboard Wakeup Fifth Scan Code**.........def = 00h
**Index E6 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 5 (00h) .. RW**
  **7-0  Keyboard Wakeup Sixth Scan Code** ........def = 00h
**Index E7 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 6 (00h) .. RW**
  **7-0  Keyboard Wakeup Seventh Scan Code**....def = 00h
**Index E8 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 7 (00h) .. RW**
  **7-0  Keyboard Wakeup Eighth Scan Code**......def = 00h

**Index E9 –Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 1 (09h)......... RW**
  **7-0  Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 1**...............def = 09h
**Index EA –Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 2(00h)......... RW**
  **7-0  Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 2**...............def = 00h

**Index EB –Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Mask (00h)....... RW**
  **7-0  Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Mask**..............def = 00h

**Memory Mapped I/O APIC Registers**

**Memory Address FEC00000 – APIC Index....................RW**

> **7-0**   **APIC Index** .......................................... default = 00h
> 8-bit pointer to APIC registers.

**Memory Address FEC00013-10 – APIC Data ...............RW**

> **31-0**   **APIC Data** ............................ default = 0000 0000h
> Data for the APIC register pointed to by the APIC index

**Memory Address FEC00020 – APIC IRQ Pin AssertionWO**

> **7-5**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
> **4-0**   **APIC IRQ Number**........................default undefined
> IRQ # for this interrupt.  Valid values are 0-23 only.

**Memory Address FEC00040 – APIC EOI ......................WO**

> **7-0**   **Redirection Entry Clear**................default undefined
> When a write is issued to this register, the APIC will check this field and compare it with the vector field for each entry in the I/O redirection table.  When a match is found, the "Remote_IRR" bit for that I/O Redirection Entry will be cleared.

**Indexed I/O APIC Registers**

**Offset 0 – APIC Identification (0000 0000h) .................. RW**

> **31-28**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0
> **27-24**   **APIC Identification**..................................default = 0
> Software must program this value before using the APIC.
> **23-0**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 1 – APIC Version (00178003) ................................ RO**

> **31-24**   **Reserved**   ...................................always reads 00h
> **23-16**   **Maximum Redirection**...................always reads 17h
> Equal to the number of APIC interrupt pins minus one.  For this APIC, this value is 17h (23 decimal).
> **15**   **PCI IRQ**
> Always reads 1 to indicate that the IRQ assertion register is implemented and that PCI devices are allowed to write to it to cause interrupts.
> **14-8**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0
> **7-0**   **APIC Version**..................................always reads 03h
> The implementation version for this APIC is 03h.

**Offset 2 – APIC Arbitration (0000 0000h) ..................... RO**

> **31-28**   **Reserved**   ...................................always reads 00h
> **27-24**   **APIC Arbitration ID**......................always reads 00h
> **23-0**   **Reserved**   ...................................always reads 00h

**Offset 3 – Boot Configuration (0000 0000h)................... RW**

> **31-1**   **Reserved**   ...................................always reads 00h
> **0**   **Interrupt Delivery Mechanism**
> > 0   APIC Serial Bus .................................... default
> > 1   Front Side Bus Message

## Offset 3F-10 – I/O Redirection Table

This table contains 24 registers, with one dedicated table entry for each of the 24 APIC interrupt signals. Each 64-bit register consists of two 32-bit values at consecutive index locations, with the low 32 bits at the even index and the upper 32 bits at the odd index. The default value for all registers is xxx1 xxxx xxxx xxxxh.

| | |
|---|---|
| **Offset 11-10 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ0 ................RW** | |
| **Offset 13-12 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ1 ................RW** | |
| **Offset 15-14 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ2 ................RW** | |
| **Offset 17-16 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ3 ................RW** | |
| **Offset 19-18 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ4 ................RW** | |
| **Offset 1B-1A – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ5................RW** | |
| **Offset 1D-1C – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ6 ...............RW** | |
| **Offset 1F-1E – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ7 ................RW** | |
| **Offset 21-20 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ8 ................RW** | |
| **Offset 23-22 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ9 ................RW** | |
| **Offset 25-24 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ10 ...............RW** | |
| **Offset 27-26 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ11 ...............RW** | |
| **Offset 29-28 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ12 ...............RW** | |
| **Offset 2B-2A – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ13..............RW** | |
| **Offset 2D-2C – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ14 ............RW** | |
| **Offset 2F-2E – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ15 .............RW** | |
| **Offset 31-30 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ16 ..............RW** | |
| **Offset 33-32 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ17 ..............RW** | |
| **Offset 35-34 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ18 ..............RW** | |
| **Offset 37-36 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ19 ...............RW** | |
| **Offset 39-38 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ20 ...............RW** | |
| **Offset 3B-3A – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ21..............RW** | |
| **Offset 3D-3C – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ22 ............RW** | |
| **Offset 3F-3E – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ23 ..............RW** | |

## Format for Each I/O Redirection Table Entry:

Physical Mode (bit-11=0)

**63-60   Reserved** ......................................always reads 0
**59-56   APIC ID** ..............................default = undefined

Logical Mode (bit-11=1)

**63-56   Destination** ...............................default = undefined

**55-17   Reserved** ......................................always reads 0

**16   Interrupt Masked**
  0   Not masked..........................................default
  1   Masked

**15   Trigger Mode**
  0   Edge Sensitive ......................................default
  1   Level Sensitive

**14   Remote IRR (Level Sensitive Interrupts Only)  RO**
  0   EOI message with a matching interrupt vector received from a local APIC
  1   Level sensitive interrupt sent by IOAPIC accepted by local APIC(s)

**13   Interrupt Input Pin Polarity**
  0   Active High ..........................................default
  1   Active Low

**12   Delivery Status.................................... RO**
  Contains the current status of the delivery of this interrupt.
  0   Idle (no activity)
  1   Send Pending (the interrupt has been injected but its delivery is temporarily delayed either because the APIC bus is busy or because the receiving APIC unit cannot currently accept the interrupt)

**11   Destination Mode**
  Determines the interpretation of bits 56-63.
  0   Physical Mode ......................................default
  1   Logical Mode

**10-8   Delivery Mode**
  Specifies how the APICs listed in the destination field should act upon reception of this signal
  000  Fixed ..................................................default
  001  Lowest Priority
  010  SMI
  011  -reserved-
  100  NMI
  101  INIT
  110  -reserved-
  111  External INT

**7-0   Interrupt  Vector**
  Contains the interrupt vector for this interrupt. Vector values range from 10h to FEh.

## Configuration Space I/O

Configuration space accesses for all functions use PCI configuration mechanism 1 (see PCI specification revision 2.2 for more details). The ports respond only to double-word accesses. Byte or word accesses will be passed on unchanged.

There are 8 "functions" implemented in the VT8237R Plus (see Table 5 on page 24). The following sections describe the registers and register bits of these functions.

**Port CFB-CF8 - Configuration Address .........................RW**

   **31**   **Configuration Space Enable**
      0   Disabled ................................................default
      1   Convert configuration data port writes to configuration cycles on the PCI bus
**30-24**  **Reserved**     ....................................... always reads 0
**23-16**  **PCI Bus Number**
        Used to choose a specific PCI bus in the system
**15-11**  **Device Number**
        Used to choose a specific device in the system
 **10-8**  **Function Number**
        Used to choose a specific function if the selected device supports multiple functions
  **7-2**  **Register Number**
        Used to select a specific doubleword in the device's configuration space
  **1-0**  **Fixed**        ....................................... always reads 0

**Port CFF-CFC - Configuration Data ..............................RW**

**Device 15 Function 0 Registers – Serial ATA Controller**

This Serial ATA controller interface is fully compatible with the S-ATA v.1.0 specification. There are two sets of software accessible registers -- PCI configuration registers and I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the device 15 function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The base address of the I/O registers is specified in PCI Configuration register offset 27-24.

**PCI Configuration Space Header**

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h=VIA)................................RO**

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3149h=SATA Controller) ...........RO**

**Offset 5-4 – Command (0000h) .......................................RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15-10 | **Reserved** | always reads 0 |
| 9 | **Fast Back-to-Back Cycles** | def = 0 |
| 8 | **Reserved** | always reads 0 |
| 7 | **Address Stepping** | def = 0 |
| 6 | **Parity Error Response** | def = 0 |
| 5 | **Reserved** | always reads 0 |
| 4 | **Memory-Write-and-Invalidate** | fixed at 0 |
| 3 | **Respond to Special Cycles** | fixed at 0 |
| 2 | **Bus Master** | def = 0 |
| 1 | **Memory Space Access** | def = 0 |
| 0 | **I/O Space Access** | def = 0 |

When the "I/O Space" bit is disabled, the device will not respond to I/O addresses.

**Offset 7-6 – Status (0290h)) ...............................................RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15 | **Detected Parity Error** | fixed at 0 |
| 14 | **Signalled System Error** | fixed at 0 |
| 13 | **Received Master Abort** | default = 0 |
| 12 | **Received Target Abort** | default = 0 |
| 11 | **Signalled Target Abort** | fixed at 0 |
| 10-9 | **DEVSEL# Timing** | **always reads 01** (medium) |
| 8 | **Data Parity Detected** | fixed at 0 |
| 7 | **Fast Back to Back Capability** | fixed at 1 |
| 6-5 | **Reserved** | always reads 0 |
| 4 | **Power Management Capability List** | fixed at 1 |
| 3-0 | **Reserved** | always reads 0 |

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (80) ...............................................RO**

7-0 **Revision Code for SATA Controller Logic Block**

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface (8Fh)........................ RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | **Master Capability** | fixed at 1 (Supported) |
| 6-4 | **Reserved** | always reads 0 |
| 3 | **Programmable Indicator - Secondary** | fixed at 1 |

Supports both modes (may be set to either mode by writing Rx42[6])

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2 | **Channel Operating Mode - Secondary** | |
| | 0 | Compatibility Mode |
| | 1 | Native Mode **........................................ default** |
| 1 | **Programmable Indicator - Primary** | fixed at 1 |

Supports both modes (may be set to either mode by writing Rx42[7])

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | **Channel Operating Mode - Primary** | |
| | 0 | Compatibility Mode |
| | 1 | Native Mode **........................................ default** |

Compatibility Mode (fixed IRQs and I/O addresses):

| Channel | Command Block Registers | Control Block Registers | IRQ |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pri | 1F0-1F7 | 3F6 | 14 |
| Sec | 170-177 | 376 | 15 |

Native PCI Mode (registers are programmable in I/O space)

| Channel | Command Block Registers | Control Block Registers |
|---|---|---|
| Pri | BA @offset 10h | BA @offset 14h |
| Sec | BA @offset 18h | BA @offset 1Ch |

Command register blocks are 8 bytes of I/O space
Control registers are 4 bytes of I/O space (only byte 2 is used)

**Offset A - Sub Class Code (04h=RAID Controller)........ RO**

**Offset B - Base Class Code (01h=Mass Storage Ctrlr) ... RO**

**Offset D – Latency Timer (20h)...................................... RW**

**Offset E – Header Type (80h)........................................ RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | **Multiple Function Device** | always reads 1 |
| 6-0 | **Reserved** | always reads 0 |

<u>**Offset 13-10 - Pri Data / Command Base Address .........RW**</u>
Specifies an 8 byte I/O address space.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 31-16 | Reserved | ...........................................always read 0 |
| 15-3 | Port Address | .......................................default=01F0h |
| 2-0 | Fixed at 001b | ................................................... fixed |

<u>**Offset 17-14 - Pri Control / Status Base Address ...........RW**</u>
Specifies a 4 byte I/O address space of which only the third byte is active (i.e., 3F6h for the default base address of 3F4h).

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 31-16 | Reserved | ...........................................always read 0 |
| 15-2 | Port Address | .......................................default=03F4h |
| 1-0 | Fixed at 01b | ................................................... fixed |

<u>**Offset 1B-18 - Sec Data / Command Base Address ........RW**</u>
Specifies an 8 byte I/O address space.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 31-16 | Reserved | ...........................................always read 0 |
| 15-3 | Port Address | .....................................default=0170h |
| 2-0 | Fixed at 001b | ................................................... fixed |

<u>**Offset 1F-1C - Sec Control / Status Base Address..........RW**</u>
Specifies a 4 byte I/O address space of which only the third byte is active (i.e., 376h for the default base address of 374h).

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 31-16 | Reserved | ...........................................always read 0 |
| 15-2 | Port Address | .....................................default=0374h |
| 1-0 | Fixed at 01b | ................................................... fixed |

<u>**Offset 23-20 - Bus Master Control Regs Base Address..RW**</u>
Specifies a 16 byte I/O address space compliant with the SATA rev 1.0 specification.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 31-16 | Reserved | ...........................................always read 0 |
| 15-4 | Port Address | .....................................default=CC0h |
| 3-0 | Fixed at 0001b | ................................................. fixed |

See Rx42[7-6] for Native / Compatibility mode select for the above registers

<u>**Offset 27-24 - SATA Ctrl/Status Regs Base Address .....RW**</u>
Specifies a 256 byte I/O address space.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 31-16 | Reserved | ...........................................always read 0 |
| 15-8 | Port Address | .........................................default=8Ch |
| 7-6 | SATA Port Select | |
| | 00 SATA 1 (Primary Master) | |
| | 01 SATA 2 (Primary Slave) | |
| | 10 SATA 3 (Secondary Master) | |
| | 11 SATA 4 (Secondary Slave) | |
| 5-0 | Fixed at 000001b | .............................................. fixed |

<u>**Offset 2D-2C – Sub Vendor ID (1106h)...........................RO**</u>

<u>**Offset 2F-2E – Sub Device ID (3149h) ............................RO**</u>

<u>**Offset 34 – Power Mgmt Capabilities Pointer (C0h)...... RO**</u>

<u>**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (0Dh).....................................RO**</u>

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-4 | Reserved | ........................................ always read 0 |
| 3-0 | IDE Interrupt Routing (for native mode) | |
| | 0000 Disable | |
| | 0001 IRQ1 | |
| | 0010 IRQ2 | |
| | … … | |
| | 1101 IRQ13 .................................................... default | |
| | 1110 IRQ14 | |
| | 1111 IRQ15 | |
| | <u>APIC</u> (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6]) | |
| | x000 IRQ16 | |
| | x001 IRQ17 | |
| | x010 IRQ18 | |
| | … … | |
| | x111 IRQ23 | |

<u>**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (02h).......................................RO**</u>

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-0 | Interrupt Pin | ..........................default = 02h (INTB#) |

<u>**Offset 3E - Minimum Grant (00h) ...................................RO**</u>

<u>**Offset 3F - Maximum Latency (00h)...............................RO**</u>

**SATA-Controller-Specific Configuration Registers**

**Offset 40 – SATA Channel Enable (03h) .........................RW**
- **7-4** **Chip ID** .......................................RO, default = 0
- **3-2** **Reserved** ............................................ always reads 0
- **1** **SATA Primary Channel Enable**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable **.................................................default**
- **0** **SATA Secondary Channel Enable**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable **.................................................default**

**Offset 41 – SATA Interrupt Gating (03h) ........................RW**
- **7-4** **Reserved** ............................................ always reads 0
- **3** **PERR Check**
  - 0 Disable .................................................default
  - 1 Enable
- **2** **SERR Check**
  - 0 Disable .................................................default
  - 1 Enable
- **1** **Primary Channel Interrupt Gating**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable **.................................................default**
- **0** **Secondary Channel Interrupt Gating** .......... **def = 1**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable **.................................................default**

**Offset 42 –Native Mode Enable (F1h)............................. RW**
- **7** **Primary Channel I/O Native Mode**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable**................................................. default**
- **6** **Secondary Channel I/O Native Mode**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable**................................................. default**
- **5** **Primary Channel Interrupt Native Mode Enable**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable**................................................. default**
- **4** **Secondary Channel Interrupt Native Mode**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable**................................................. default**
- **3-2** **Reserved**............................................always reads 0
- **1-0** **DEVSEL Timing** ...................................... **def = 01b**

**Offset 43 – FIFO Threshold Control (40h).................... RW**
- **7** **Reserved**............................................always reads 0
- **6-4** **Primary Channel Threshold Control** ....... def = 100
- **3** **Reserved**............................................always reads 0
- **2-0** **Secondary Channel Threshold Control**
  - 000 Zero Threshold ...................................... default
  - 001 1/8
  - 010 1/4
  - 011 3/8
  - 100 1/2
  - 101 5/8
  - 110 3/4
  - 111 7/8

**Offset 44 – Miscellaneous Control I (0Eh) .....................RW**

**7** **Reserved** ............................................ always reads 0
**6** **Master Read Cycle IRDY# Wait States** ....... def = 0
**5** **Master Write Cycle IRDY# Wait States** ...... def = 0
**4** **Reserved** ............................................ always reads 0
**3** **Bus Master IDE Status Register Read Retry**
    0   Disable
    1   Enable **................................................default**
**2** **Change Drive to Clear all FIFO Internal States**
    0   Disable
    1   Enable **................................................default**
**1** **Split 2 Channel Request**
    0   Disable
    1   Enable **................................................default**
**0** **Reserved** ............................................ always reads 0

**Offset 45 – Miscellaneous Control II (AF) ......................RW**

**7** **Sub Class (Rx0A) Write Protect**
    0   Rx0A Write Enable
    1   Rx0A Write Disable**............................default**
**6** **Clock Gating**
    0   Enable ................................................default
    1   Disable
**5** **Latency Timer**
    0   Disable
    1   Enable **................................................default**
Set to 1 only when GNT is deasserted, to improve performance.
**4** **Interrupt Line (Rx3C) Write Protect**
    0   Rx3C Write Enable ................................default
    1   Rx3C Write Disable
**3** **Memory Read Multiple Command**
    0   Disable
    1   Enable **................................................default**
**2** **Memory Write and Invalidate Command**
    0   Disable
    1   Enable **................................................default**
**1** **Pri Channel Read DMA Flush Data After Intrpt**
    0   Disable
    1   Enable **................................................default**
**0** **Sec Channel Read DMA Flush Data After Intrpt**
    0   Disable
    1   Enable **................................................default**

**Offset 46 – Miscellaneous Control III (00h) ................. RW**

**7-3** **Reserved**............................................always reads 0
**5** **IRQ Asserted When Device Is Hot-Plugged**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable
**4** **Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0
**3** **Reserved**............................................always reads 0
**2** **PLL Reset**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable
Occurs when external PCI clock is stopped.
**1** **Improve PIO Performance**
    0   On .......................................................... default
    1   Off
**0** **Mask PCI Bus Input Floating Signal (Vector Mode and Test Only)**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable

**Offset 48 – PHY Wakeup Request Control (00h) .......... RW**

**7-4** **Reserved**............................................always reads 0
**3** **External PHY Port 2 Wakeup Request**........ def = 0
**2** **External PHY Port 1 Wakeup Request**........ def = 0
**1** **Internal PHY Port 2 Wakeup Request**......... def = 0
**0** **Internal PHY Port 1 Wakeup Request**......... def = 0

The internal request is triggerred by the rising edge of each bit written.

**Offset 49 – PATA / SATA Sharing Function Ctrl (82h) RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7 | **PATA Function** |
| | 0    Disable (Rx0E[7] will be 0) |
| | 1    Enable **..............................................default** |
| 6 | **PATA / SATA Sharing Bus Usage** |
| | 0    Use PATA |
| | 1    Use external PHY .................................default |
| 5 | **SATA Ports Master / Slave Configuration** |
| | 0    Master / Master Configuration |
| | 1    Master / Slave Configuration |
| | The default value is set per strap pin PDCS1#. |
| 4-2 | **Reserved** ............................................ always reads 0 |
| 1 | **PATA / SATA Pad Drive Control** |
| | 0    PATA 2/3 drive strength |
| | 1    PATA Full drive strength......................**default** |
| 0 | **PATA Slew Rate Control** |
| | 0    Disable ..................................................default |
| | 1    Enable |

**Offset 4A – SATA External PHY Pad Ctrl I (10h)........ RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7 | **VCOMP Internal Latch Control**........... RO, def = 0 |
| 6-5 | **VCOMP Output Status (valid only when Bit[4] is 0)** ..................................................... RO, def = 0 |
| 4 | **Adjust VCOMP Manually** |
| | 0    Disable |
| | 1    Enable**..................................................... default** |
| 3 | **SATA Strobe Pad VCOMP Control 1** ..........def = 0 |
| 2 | **SATA Strobe Pad VCOMP Control 0** ..........def = 0 |
| 1 | **SATA Data Pad VCOMP Control 1** ............def = 0 |
| 0 | **SATA Data Pad VCOMP Control 0** ............def = 0 |

**Offset 4B – SATA External PHY Pad Ctrl II (0Bh)...... RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7-4 | **Reserved**............................................always reads 0 |
| 3 | **SATA Strobe Pad VREF Source Selection** |
| | 0    Select STBI |
| | 1    Select VREF **......................................... default** |
| 2-0 | **SATA Strobe Pad Delay Modulation Bits (shared with PATA)**.......................................**default = 011b** |

**Offset 4E – PHY Port Error Status Control (00h) ........ RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7 | **Enable External PHY Secondary Port Error Status (2) Output to EEDI Pin** ......................def = 0 |
| 6 | **Enable External PHY Secondary Port Error Status (1) Output to EEDI Pin** ......................def = 0 |
| 5 | **Enable External PHY Primary Port Error Status (2) Output to EEDI Pin**.................................def = 0 |
| 4 | **Enable External PHY Primary Port Error Status (1) Output to EEDI Pin**.................................def = 0 |
| 3 | **Enable Internal PHY Secondary Port Error Status (2) Output to EEDI Pin** ......................def = 0 |
| 2 | **Enable Internal PHY Secondary Port Error Status (1) Output to EEDI Pin** ......................def = 0 |
| 1 | **Enable Internal PHY Primary Port Error Status (2) Output to EEDI Pin**.................................def = 0 |
| 0 | **Enable Internal PHY Primary Port Error Status (1) Output to EEDI Pin**.................................def = 0 |

**SATA Transport Control Registers**

**Offset 50 – Software Ctrl Power Mode Request (00h)...RW**
>    7    **External PHY Port2 SLUMBER Request** ... def = 0
>    6    **External PHY Port2 PARTIAL Request** ..... def = 0
>    5    **External PHY Port1 SLUMBER Request** ... def = 0
>    4    **External PHY Port1 PARTIAL Request** ..... def = 0
>    3    **Internal PHY Port2 SLUMBER Request** .... def = 0
>    2    **Internal PHY Port2 PARTIAL Request** ...... def = 0
>    1    **Internal PHY Port1 SLUMBER Request** .... def = 0
>    0    **Internal PHY Port1 PARTIAL Request** ...... def = 0

The internal request is triggered by rising edge of each bit.

**Offset 51 – Hardware Ctrl Power Mode (00h) ...............RW**
>    7    **Change Drive & Let Idle Device Enter Power Mode**
>         0    Disable ...................................................default
>         1    Enable
>    6    **Change Drive Power Mode Selection for Idle Device**
>         0    Partial ......................................................default
>         1    Slumber
>    5    **Reserved** ............................................ always reads 0
>    4    **Enter to Partial Process (Item1) Disabled**
>         0    Disable ...................................................default
>         1    Enable
>    3    **Enter to Slumber Process (Item2) Disabled**
>         0    Disable ...................................................default
>         1    Enable
>    2-0  **Power Clock Select**
>         000  T = 1t.......................................................default
>         001  T = 2t
>
>         …
>         1. Power Mode Control Process: Partial will be requested if transport idle for at least 2T.
>         2. Slumber will be requested if transport layer idle for at least 10 T.  t = 0.425s

**Offset 52 – Transport Miscellaneous Control (00h).......RW**
>    7    **Reserved** ..............................................**always reads 0**
>    6    **Transport Issue Early Request to Link to improve Performance**............................................. default = 0
>    5    **Reserved** ..............................................**always reads 0**
>    4    **Signal Data FIS Transmission** ................ default = 0
>         Allow over 8k bytes.
>    3    **BIST FIS**.................................................. default = 0
>         Controller can accept BIST FIS when behaves as a device (Rx53[1:0] are set).  This bit is set only for controller to control BIST FIS self-test.
>    2    **SATA Flow Control Water Flag**
>         0    Based on FIFO threshold value (Rx43)..default
>         1    32DW
>    1    **COMRESET (test mode only)** ................ default = 0
>         For reset both master / slave device.
>    0    **Reset Shadow (test mode only)** .............. default = 0

**SATA Link Control Registers**

**Offset 56 – Internal PHY SATA Link Control (00h)..... RW**
>    7    **Reserved**.............................................always reads 0
>    6    **Receive Scrambler**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable
>    5    **Transmit Scrambler**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable
>    4    **Align Primitive Transmission**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable
>    3    **Continue Primitive Transmission**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable
>    2    **Continue Primitive after Align**
>         0    Disable.................................................. default
>         1    Enable
>    1    **Double OOB Burst Number (6 to 12)**
>         0    Disable.................................................. default
>         1    Enable
>    0    **SATA Link Dynamic Clock Gating**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable

**Offset 57 – External PHY SATA LITE Control (00h) .. RW**
>    7    **Reserved**.............................................always reads 0
>    6    **Receive Scrambler**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable
>    5    **Transmit Scrambler**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable
>    4    **Align Primitive Transmission**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable
>    3    **Continue Primitive Transmission**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable
>    2    **Continue Primitive after Align**
>         0    Disable.................................................. default
>         1    Enable
>    1    **Double OOB Burst Number (6 to 12)**
>         0    Disable.................................................. default
>         1    Enable
>    0    **SATA Lite Dynamic Clock Gating**
>         0    Enable................................................... default
>         1    Disable

**SATA PHY Control Registers**

**Offset 5A – Internal SATA PHY Control (10h) ............RW**

 7      **Reserved** ........................................... def = 0
 6      **Bypass Oscillator** ........................................ def = 0
 5      **OSC Latch up Test Control** ......................... def = 0
 4      **OOB Signal Select**
        0    AFE
        1    Digital .................................................**default**
 3      **Reserved** ........................................... def = 0
 2      **TxReady Timer Speed up (simulation only)** def = 0
 1      **Bailout Mode Test Enable**........................... def = 0
 0      **Force PHY Ready (simulation only)** ........... def = 0

**Offset 5B – External SATA PHY Control (00h)............RW**

 7-3    **Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0
 2      **TxReady Timer Speed up (simulation only)** def = 0
 1      **Bailout Mode Test Enable**............................ def = 0
 0      **Force PHY Ready (simulation only)** ........... def = 0

**Offset 5C – Internal SATA PHY Control (05h) ............RW**

 7-6    **Reserved** ........................................ default = 0
 5      **CDR Bandwidth Select Bit1**.................... default = 0
 4      **CDR Bandwidth Select Bit0**.................... default = 0
 3      **OOB2 Current Control Bit 1** .................. default = 0
 2      **OOB2 Current Control Bit 0** ................. **default = 1**
 1      **OOB1 Current Control Bit 1** .................. default = 0
 0      **OOB1 Current Control Bit 0** ................. **default = 1**

**Offset 5D – SATA PHY Direct Access Mode Ctrl (00h) RW**

 7      **Enable SATA PLL Testing Mode**........... default = 0
 6-5    **Reserved** ..........................................**always reads 0**
 4      **Enable Test Pin Data Output**.................. default = 0
 3      **Select External PHY Signals**................... default = 0
 2      **Select Secondary Port Signals**................. default = 0
 1      **Select 10B Receive Signals** ...................... default = 0
 0      **Select 8B Transmit Signals**.................... default = 0

**Offset 5E – SATA Internal PHY Pad Control (00h)......RW**

 7      **VCOMP Internal Latch Ctrl Status**....... default = 0
 6-4    **VCOMP Output Status** .......................... default = 0
        Valid only when Bit 3 = 0
 3      **Adjust VCOMP Manually** ...................... default = 0
 2-0    **VCOMP Control**

**Transport Status Registers**

**Offset 78 – Primary Channel Transport Stats (01h) ...... RO**

 7-5    **Reserved**.............................................always reads 0
 4      **Primary Channel DMA Read Device Cycle Active**
        ...............................................................def = 0
 3      **Primary Channel DMA Write Device Cycle Active**
        ...............................................................def = 0
 2      **Primary Channel SG Operation Active** .......def = 0
 1      **Primary Channel Interrupt Status** ..............def = 0
 0      **Primary Channel FIFO Empty Status ........def = 1**

**Offset 79 – Primary Channel Transport Status (00h).... RO**

 7-5    **Reserved**.............................................always reads 0
 4      **Primary Channel Slave Drive Select** ...........def = 0
 3      **Transmit PIO Data Cycle Active** .................def = 0
 2      **Transmit PIO Data Cycle Receive**................def = 0
 1      **Transmit DMA Data Cycle Active**................def = 0
 0      **Transmit DMA Data Cycle Receive**..............def = 0

**Offset 7A – Secondary Channel Transport Stats I (01h) RO**

 7-5    **Reserved**.............................................always reads 0
 4      **Secondary Channel DMA Read Device Cycle Active**..............................................................def = 0
 3      **Secondary Channel DMA Write Device Cycle Active**..............................................................def = 0
 2      **Secondary Channel SG Operation Active**....def = 0
 1      **Secondary Channel Interrupt Status**............def = 0
 0      **Secondary Channel FIFO Empty Status......def = 1**

**Offset 7B – Secondary Channel Transport Status II...... RO**

 7-5    **Reserved.......................................... always reads 0**
 4      **Primary Channel Slave Drive Select** ...........def = 0
 3      **Transmit PIO Data Cycle Active** ..................def = 0
 2      **Transmit PIO Data Cycle Receive**................def = 0
 1      **Transmit DMA Data Cycle Active**................def = 0
 0      **Transmit DMA Data Cycle Receive**..............def = 0

**PHY Status Registers**

**Offset 7C – Internal PHY Status ....................................RO**
- **7-6   Reserved** .................................... default = 0
- **5     Port2 Auto Check Error Report**............ default = 0
- **4     Port2 Squelch Detector Output**
- **3-2   Reserved** .................................... default = 0
- **1     Port1 Auto Check Error Report**............ default = 0
- **0     Port1 Squelch Detector Output**

**Offset 7D – External PHY Status (00h)...........................RO**
- **7     External PHY Port2 Receive COMINIT** ..... def = 0
- **6     External PHY Port2 Receive COMWAKE** . def = 0
- **5     External PHY Port1 Receive COMINIT** ..... def = 0
- **4     External PHY Port1 Receive COMWAKE** . def = 0
- **3     Internal PHY Port2 Receive COMINIT** ...... def = 0
- **2     Internal PHY Port2 Receive COMWAKE** .. def = 0
- **1     Internal PHY Port1 Receive COMINIT** ...... def = 0
- **0     Internal PHY Port1 Receive COMWAKE** .. def = 0

**Channel Control Registers**

**Offset 80 – Primary Channel Device Mode Status..........RO**
- **7-0   Primary Channel Parsing FIS Number when in Device mode**.............................. default = 0

**Offset 81 – Secondary Channel Device Mode Status ......RO**
- **7-0   Secondary Channel Parsing FIS Number when in Device mode**.............................. default = 0

**Offset 8B-88 – Primary Channel SG Base Address ........RO**

**Offset 8F-8C – Secondary Channel SG Base Address ....RO**

**Power Management Control Registers**

**Offset C3-C2 – PCI Power Mgmt Capabilities (02h) ..... RO**
- **2-0   Version** ...............................**default = 010b**
  The default value indicates this function complies with Revision 1.1 of PCI Power Management Interface Spec.

**Offset C5-C4 – PCI Power Mgmt Ctrl / Status..... RW / RO**
- **15-2   Reserved**.......................................... **always reads 0**
- **1-0   Power State**
  - 00   D0........................................................ default
  - 01   -reserved-
  - 10   -reserved-
  - 11   D3 hot

**Miscellaneous Control Registers**

**Offset D1 – PATA Control (00h)...................................... RO**
- **7-4   Reserved**.......................................... **always reads 0**
- **3     PATA Enable Method**
  - 0   PATA will be enabled with Rx49[7]=1 and SATA function enabled......................... default
  - 1   PATA will be enabled with Rx49[7]=1
- **2-0   Reserved**.......................................... **always reads 0**

**SATA I/O Registers**

The base address for access of these registers is specified in Rx27-24.

**I/O Offset 3-0 – SATA Status..........................................RO**

**31-12  Fixed at 0** .........................................**always reads 0**
**11-8  IPM**
Indicates the current interface power management.
  0000 Device not present or communication not established
  0001 Interface in active state
  0010 Interface in PARTIAL power mgmt state
  0110 Interface in SLUMBER power mgmt state
**7-4  SPD**
Indicates the negotiated interface communication speed established.
  0000 No negotiated speed (device not present or communication not established)
  0001 Generation 1 communication rate negotiated
**3-0  DET**
Indicates the interface device detection and PHY state.
  0000 No device detected and PHY communication not established
  0001 Device presence detected but PHY communication not established
  0011 Device presence detected and PHY communication established
  0100 PHY in offline mode as a result of interface disabled or running in a BIST loopback mode

**Offset 7-4 – SATA Error (00000000h).........................RWC**

**31-26  Reserved** ............................................ always reads 0
**25  Unrecognized FIS Type**........................... default = 0
**24  Transport State Transition Error** .......... default = 0
**23  Link Sequence Error** ............................... default = 0
**22  Handshake Error**.................................... default = 0
**21  CRC Error**................................................ default = 0
**20  Disparity Error** ....................................... default = 0
**19  10B to 8B Decode Error** ......................... default = 0
**18  Comm Wake Detected** ............................. default = 0
**17  PHY Internal Error**................................. default = 0
**16  PHY Ready Change**................................. default = 0
**15-12  Reserved** ..........................................**always reads 0**
**11  Internal Error** ........................................ default = 0
**10  Protocol Error**........................................ default = 0
**9  Non-recovered Persistent Communication or Data Integrity Error** ........................................ default = 0
**8  Non-recovered Transient Data Integrity Error**
................................................................. default = 0
**7-2  Reserved** ...........................................**always reads 0**
**1  Recovered Communications Error** ........ default = 0
**0  Recovered Data Integrity Error** ............. default = 0

**Offset B-8 – SATA Control (00000310h) ......................... RO**

**31-12  Reserved**..............................................always reads 0
**11-18  IPM**
Represents the enabled interface power management states that can be invoked via SATA interface power management capabilities.
  0000 No interface power mgmt state restrictions
  0001 Transitions to the PARTIAL power mgmt state disabled
  0010 Transitions to the SLUMBER power mgmt state disabled
  0011 Transitions to both the PARTIAL and SLUMBER power mgmt states disabled.....**def**
All other values are reserved.
**7-4  SPD**
Represents the maximum communication speed that the interface is allowed.
  0000 No speed negotiation restrictions
  0001 Limit speed negotiation to a rate not greater than Generation 1 communication rate........**def**
All other values are reserved.
**3-0  DET**
Controls the host adapter device detection and interface initialization.
  0000 No device detection or initialization action requested......................................................**def**
  0001 Perform interface communication initialization sequence to establish communication
  0100 Disable the SATA interface and put PHY in offline mode
All other values are reserved.

## Device 15 Function 1 Registers - Enhanced IDE Controller

This Enhanced IDE (Parallel ATA) controller interface is fully compatible with the SFF 8038i v.1.0 specification. There are two sets of software accessible registers -- PCI configuration registers and Bus Master IDE I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the device 15 function 1 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The Bus Master IDE I/O registers are defined in the SFF8038i v1.0 specification.

## PCI Configuration Space Header

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h=VIA)................................RO**

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (0571h=IDE Controller)..............RO**

**Offset 5-4 – Command (0000h).........................................RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15-3 | **Reserved** | ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 2 | **Bus Master** | ............................. default = 0 (disabled) |

      S/G operation can be issued only when the "Bus Master" bit is enabled.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | **Reserved** | ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 0 | **I/O Space** | ............................. default = 0 (disabled) |

      When the "I/O Space" bit is disabled, the device will not respond to any I/O addresses for both compatible and native mode.

**Offset 7-6 – Status (0290h) ..................................................RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15 | **Detected Parity Error** | .................................fixed at 0 |
| 14 | **Signalled System Error** | ...............................fixed at 0 |
| 13 | **Received Master Abort** | ............................ default = 0 |
| 12 | **Received Target Abort** | ............................ default = 0 |
| 11 | **Signalled Target Abort** | ...............................fixed at 0 |
| 10-9 | **DEVSEL# Timing** | .......... **always reads 01** (medium) |
| 8 | **Data Parity Detected** | ...................................fixed at 0 |
| 7 | **Fast Back to Back** | .....................................fixed at 1 |
| 6-5 | **Reserved** | ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 4 | **Capability List** | ............................................fixed at 1 |
| 3-0 | **Reserved** | ........................................ always reads 0 |

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (06) ...............................................RO**

    7-0   **Revision Code for IDE Controller Logic Block**

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface.................................... RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | **Master IDE Capability** | .......... fixed at 1 (Supported) |
| 6-4 | **Reserved** | .........................................always reads 0 |
| 3 | **Programmable Indicator - Secondary** | ...... fixed at 1 |

      Supports both modes (may be set to either mode by writing Rx42[6])

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2 | **Channel Operating Mode - Secondary** | |
| | 0 Compatibility Mode | ............................ default |
| | 1 Native Mode | |
| 1 | **Programmable Indicator - Primary** | ......... fixed at 1 |

      Supports both modes (may be set to either mode by writing Rx42[7])

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | **Channel Operating Mode - Primary** | |
| | 0 Compatibility Mode | ............................ default |
| | 1 Native Mode | |

Compatibility Mode (fixed IRQs and I/O addresses):

In this mode, fixed IRQs are used and IDE controller registers are hard wired to fixed I/O addresses as defined below.

| Channel | Command Block Registers | Control Block Registers | IRQ |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pri | 1F0-1F7 | 3F6 | 14 |
| Sec | 170-177 | 376 | 15 |

Native PCI Mode (registers are programmable in I/O space)

In this mode, IRQs for the primary and secondary IDE channels are programmable via configuration register Rx3C and the registers of the IDE channels are relocatable in I/O space (using base addresses provided in the IDE Controller PCI configuration space). Specific base address registers are used to map the different register blocks as defined below:

| Channel | Command Block Registers | Control Block Registers |
|---|---|---|
| Pri | BA @offset 10h | BA @offset 14h |
| Sec | BA @offset 18h | BA @offset 1Ch |

Command register blocks are 8 bytes of I/O space
Control registers are 4 bytes of I/O space (only byte 2 is used)

**Offset A - Sub Class Code (01h=IDE Controller)........... RO**

**Offset B - Base Class Code (01h=Mass Storage Ctrlr)... RO**

**Offset 13-10 - Pri Data / Command Base Address .........RW**

Specifies an 8 byte I/O address space.

|       |                |                    |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|
| 31-16 | Reserved       | always read 0      |
| 15-3  | Port Address   | default=01F0h      |
| 2-0   | Fixed at 001b  | fixed              |

**Offset 17-14 - Pri Control / Status Base Address ...........RW**

Specifies a 4 byte I/O address space of which only the third byte is active (i.e., 3F6h for the default base address of 3F4h).

|       |                |                    |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|
| 31-16 | Reserved       | always read 0      |
| 15-2  | Port Address   | default=03F4h      |
| 1-0   | Fixed at 01b   | fixed              |

**Offset 1B-18 - Sec Data / Command Base Address ........RW**

Specifies an 8 byte I/O address space.

|       |                |                    |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|
| 31-16 | Reserved       | always read 0      |
| 15-3  | Port Address   | default=0170h      |
| 2-0   | Fixed at 001b  | fixed              |

**Offset 1F-1C - Sec Control / Status Base Address..........RW**

Specifies a 4 byte I/O address space of which only the third byte is active (i.e., 376h for the default base address of 374h).

|       |                |                    |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|
| 31-16 | Reserved       | always read 0      |
| 15-2  | Port Address   | default=0374h      |
| 1-0   | Fixed at 01b   | fixed              |

**Offset 23-20 - Bus Master Control Regs Base Address..RW**

Specifies a 16 byte I/O address space compliant with the **SFF-8038**i **rev 1.0** specification.

|       |                |                    |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|
| 31-16 | Reserved       | always read 0      |
| 15-4  | Port Address   | default=CC0h       |
| 3-0   | Fixed at 0001b | fixed              |

See Rx42[7-6] for Native / Compatibility mode select for the above registers

**Offset 2D-2C – Sub Vendor ID (0000h) ...........................RO**

The readback value may be changed by writing to RxD5-D4.

**Offset 2F-2E – Sub Device ID (0000h) ............................RO**

The readback value may be changed by writing to RxD7-D6.

**Offset 34 - Capability Pointer (C0h) ...............................RO**

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (0Eh) .....................................RO**

| 7-4 | Reserved | always read 0 |
|-----|----------|---------------|

**3-0   IDE Interrupt Routing** (native mode only)

```
0000 Disable
0001 IRQ1
0010 IRQ2
 …   …
1101 IRQ13
1110 IRQ14 .................................................... default
1111 IRQ15
```
APIC (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6])
```
x000 IRQ16
x001 IRQ17
x010 IRQ18
 …   …
x111 IRQ23
```

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (01h).......................................RO**

| 7-0 | Interrupt Pin | default = 01h (INTA#) |
|-----|---------------|-----------------------|

**Offset 3E - Minimum Grant (00h) ................................RO**

**Offset 3F - Maximum Latency (00h)...............................RO**

**IDE-Controller-Specific Configuration Registers**

**Offset 40 - Chip Enable (00h)...........................RW**
- **7-2   Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
- **1     Primary Channel**
  - 0   Disable ...................................................default
  - 1   Enable
- **0     Secondary Channel**
  - 0   Disable ...................................................default
  - 1   Enable

**Offset 41 - IDE Configuration I (00h) .............................RW**
- **7     Primary IDE Read Prefetch Buffer**
  - 0   Disable ...................................................default
  - 1   Enable
- **6     Primary IDE Post Write Buffer**
  - 0   Disable ...................................................default
  - 1   Enable
- **5     Secondary IDE Read Prefetch Buffer**
  - 0   Disable ...................................................default
  - 1   Enable
- **4     Secondary IDE Post Write Buffer**
  - 0   Disable ...................................................default
  - 1   Enable
- **3-0   Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 42 - IDE Configuration II (00h)...........................RW**
- **7     PIO Operating Mode - Primary Channel**
  Selects the mode used in the primary channel for the I/O Base Address (not IRQ routing or sharing)
  - 0   Compatibility Mode (fixed addressing) .default
  - 1   Native PCI Mode (flexible addressing)
- **6     PIO Operating Mode - Secondary Channel**
  Selects the mode used in the secondary channel for the I/O Base Address (not IRQ routing or sharing)
  - 0   Compatibility Mode (fixed addressing) .default
  - 1   Native PCI Mode (flexible addressing)
- **5-0   Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 43 - FIFO Configuration (0Ah)........................... RW**
- **7-4   Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0
- **3-2   Primary Channel FIFO Threshold**
  Determines the threshold required before the primary channel FIFO is flushed.
  - 00   FIFO flushed when 1/4 full
  - 01   FIFO flushed when 1/2 full
  - 10   FIFO flushed when 3/4 full **.................. default**
  - 11   FIFO flushed when completely full (32 DWs)
- **1-0   Secondary Channel FIFO Threshold**
  Determines the threshold required before the secondary channel FIFO is flushed.
  - 00   FIFO flushed when 1/4 full
  - 01   FIFO flushed when 1/2 full
  - 10   FIFO flushed when 3/4 full **.................. default**
  - 11   FIFO flushed when completely full (32 DWs)

**Offset 44 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (08h).......................RW**

**7-5** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**4** **PIO Read Pre-Fetch Byte Counter**
Determines whether the amount of data prefetched under PIO read is limited.
  0 Disable (no limit)...................................default
  1 Enable. The maximum number of bytes that can be prefetched is determined by Rx61-60[11:0] for the primary channel and Rx69-68[11:0] for the secondary channel.

**3** **Bus Master IDE Status Register Read Retry**
Determines whether a read to the bus master IDE status register is retried when DMA operation is not complete.
  0 Disable. Reads will return status even if DMA operation is not complete.
  1 Enable. Reads of the status register are automatically retried while DMA operation is not complete.**...........................................default**

**2** **Packet Command Prefetching**
Determines whether prefetching is enabled for packet commands. Packet commands are commands for ATAPI, which is used for operating devices such as CD-ROM drives.
  0 Disable ...................................................default
  1 Enable

**1** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**0** **UltraDMA Host Must Wait for First Transfer Before Termination**
  0 Enable. The UltraDMA host must wait until at least the first transfer is completed before it can terminate a transaction.....................default
  1 Disable

**Offset 45 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (20h) ...................... RW**

**7** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**6** **Interrupt Steering Swap**
Controls whether primary and secondary channel interrupts are swapped.
  0 Primary channel interrupt is steered to IRQ14, Secondary channel is steered to IRQ15 . default
  1 Primary channel interrupt is steered to IRQ15, Secondary channel interrupt steered to IRQ14

**5** **Reserved** ...................................... **always reads 1**

**4** **Rx3C Write Protect**
  0 Disable (writes to Rx3C are allowed).... default
  1 Enable (writes to Rx3C are ignored). Under Native Mode (Rx9[2]=1 or Rx9[0]=1) Rx3C should not be write protected as it is used to route IRQ lines.

**3** **"Memory-Read-Multiple" Command**
  0 Disable.................................................. default
  1 Enable

**2** **"Memory-Write-and-Invalidate" Command**
  0 Disable.................................................. default
  1 Enable

**1-0** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 46 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (C0h) ..................... RW**

**7** **Primary Channel Read DMA FIFO Flush**
  0 Disable
  1 Enable. The primary channel DMA FIFO is flushed when an interrupt request is generated **.................................................. default**

**6** **Secondary Channel Read DMA FIFO Flush**
  0 Disable
  1 Enable. The secondary channel DMA FIFO is flushed when an interrupt request is generated **.................................................. default**

**5-0** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 4B-48 - Drive Timing Control (A8A8A8A8h)......RW**

The following fields define the Active Pulse Width and Recovery Time for the IDE DIOR# and DIOW# signals when accessing the data ports (1F0 and 170):

**One Completed Cycle**



DIOR# / DIOW#

**Active Time        Recovery Time**
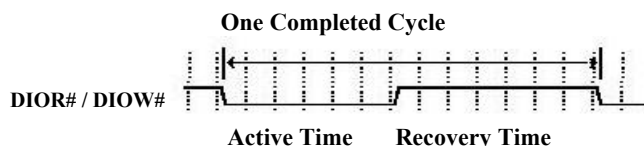
| Bits | Field | Default |
|------|-------|---------|
| 31-28 | **Primary Drive 0 Active Pulse Width** | def=1010b |
| 27-24 | **Primary Drive 0 Recovery Time** | def=1000b |
| 23-20 | **Primary Drive 1 Active Pulse Width** | def=1010b |
| 19-16 | **Primary Drive 1 Recovery Time** | def=1000b |
| 15-12 | **Secondary Drive 0 Active Pulse Width** | def=1010b |
| 11-8 | **Secondary Drive 0 Recovery Time** | def=1000b |
| 7-4 | **Secondary Drive 1 Active Pulse Width** | def=1010b |
| 3-0 | **Secondary Drive 1 Recovery Time** | def=1000b |

The actual value for each field is the encoded value in the field plus one and indicates the number of PCI clocks. For example, if the value in the field is 1010b (10 decimal), the active pulse width or recovery time is 11 PCI clocks.

**Offset 4C - Address Setup Time (FFh)............................RW**

The following fields define the Address Setup Time. The Address Setup Time is measured from the point when address signals are stable to the point when DIOR# and DIOW# are asserted. The IDE specification requires the setup time to not exceed 1T. However, the VT8233 provides flexibility for devices that may not be able to meet the 1T requirement.

| Bits | Field |
|------|-------|
| 7-6 | **Primary Drive 0 Address Setup Time** |
| 5-4 | **Primary Drive 1 Address Setup Time** |
| 3-2 | **Secondary Drive 0 Address Setup Time** |
| 1-0 | **Secondary Drive 1 Address Setup Time** |

For each field above:
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 00 | 1T | |
| 01 | 2T | |
| 10 | 3T | |
| 11 | 4T | **......................................default** |

**Offset 4E – Sec Non-170 Port Access Timing (B6h).......RW**

| Bits | Field | Default |
|------|-------|---------|
| 7-4 | **DIOR# / DIOW# Active Pulse Width** | def = 0Bh |
| 3-0 | **DIOR# / DIOW# Recovery Time** | def = 06h |

**Offset 4F – Pri Non-1F0 Port Access Timing (B6h).......RW**

| Bits | Field | Default |
|------|-------|---------|
| 7-4 | **DIOR# / DIOW# Active Pulse Width** | def = 0Bh |
| 3-0 | **DIOR# / DIOW# Recovery Time** | def = 06h |

The above fields define the primary and secondary channel DIOR# and DIOW# active pulse widths and recovery times when accessing non-data ports. The times are defined in terms of PCI clocks and the actual value is equal to the value encoded in the field plus one.

**Offset 53-50 - UltraDMA Extended Timing Control..... RW**

**31    Pri Drive 0 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method**
    0    Enable by using "Set Feature" command .... def
    1    Enable by setting bit-30 of this register
**30    Pri Drive 0 UltraDMA-Mode Enable**
    0    Disable.................................................. default
    1    Enable UltraDMA-Mode Operation
**29    Pri Drive 0 Transfer Mode**
    0    DMA or PIO Mode ............................... default
    1    UltraDMA Mode
**28    Pri Drive 0 Cable Type Reporting**
    0    40-pin cable is being used ..................... default
    1    80-pin cable is being used
**27-24    Pri Drive 0 Cycle Time (T = 7.5 ns for 133 MHz)**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 0000 | 2T | |
| 0001 | 3T | |
| 0010 | 4T | |
| 0011 | 5T | |
| 0100 | 6T | |
| 0101 | 7T | |
| 0110 | 8T | |
| 0111 | 9T | ............................ default |
| 1000 | 10T | |
| 1001 | 11T | |
| 1010 | 12T | |
| 1011 | 13T | |
| 1100 | 14T | |
| 1101 | 15T | |
| 1110 | 16T | |
| 1111 | 17T | |

**23    Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method**
**22    Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable**
**21    Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode**
**20    Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting**
    0    40-pin cable is being used ..................... default
    1    80-pin cable is being used
**19-16    Pri Drive 1 Cycle Time ...................default = 0111b**

**15    Sec Drive 0 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method**
**14    Sec Drive 0 UltraDMA-Mode Enable**
**13    Sec Drive 0 Transfer Mode**
**12    Sec Drive 0 Cable Type Reporting**
    0    40-pin cable is being used ..................... default
    1    80-pin cable is being used
**11-8    Sec Drive 0 Cycle Time ..................default = 0111b**

**7    Sec Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method**
**6    Sec Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable**
**5    Sec Drive 1 Transfer Mode**
**4    Sec Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting**
    0    40-pin cable is being used ..................... default
    1    80-pin cable is being used
**3-0    Sec Drive 1 Cycle Time ..................default = 0111b**

Each byte defines UltraDMA operation for the indicated drive. The bit definitions are the same within each byte.

**Offset 54 – UltraDMA FIFO Control (04h) ...................RW**

**7 Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**6 Lower ISA Request Priority When Write Device Packet Command is Issued**
The IDE secondary channel shares a bus internally with the ISA interface. When this bit is enabled, the IDE secondary channel is given higher priority over ISA, which results in better performance.
   0 Disable .................................................default
   1 Enable

**5 Clear Native Mode Interrupt on Falling Edge of Gated Interrupt**
   0 Disable .................................................default
   1 Enable. The interrupt will be automatically cleared on the falling edge of the gated interrupt.

**4 Improve PIO Prefetch and Post-Write Performance**
   0 Enable. PIO prefetch and post write performance is increased by being given higher throughput..................................default
   1 Disable

**3 Memory Prefetch Size**
This bit determines how many lines are prefetched from memory for IDE transactions.
   0 Prefetch 1 line .......................................default
   1 Prefetch 2 lines (16 DoubleWords). This setting improves ATA100 throughput.

**2 Change Drive Clears All FIFO & Internal States**
   0 Disable
   1 Command switch from one drive to another drive in the same channel terminates all previous outstanding transactions involving the previous drive.**................................default**

**1 Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**0 Complete DMA Cycle with Transfer Size Less Than FIFO Size**
   0 Enable. DMA transfer size is less than the FIFO size..............................................default
   1 Disable

**Offset 55 – IDE Clock Gating (00h) ............................... RW**

**7-2 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**1 Dynamic 100 / 133 MHz Clock Gating**
   0 Enable.................................................. default
   1 Disable

**0 Dynamic 66 MHz Clock Gating**
   0 Enable.................................................. default
   1 Disable

**Offset 61-60 - Primary Sector Size (0200h) .................... RW**

**15-12 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**11-0 Number of Bytes Per Sector** ...def=200h (512 bytes)
This field determines the maximum number of bytes that can be prefetched when Rx44[4] = 1.

**Offset 69-68 - Secondary Sector Size (0200h)................. RW**

**15-12 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**11-0 Number of Bytes Per Sector** ...def=200h (512 bytes)
This field determines the maximum number of bytes that can be prefetched when Rx44[4] = 1.

**Offset 70 – Primary IDE Status ....................................RO**
  **7    Interrupt Status ........................................RO**
       1    Primary channel interrupt request pending
  **6    Prefetch Buffer Status ..........................RO**
       1    PIO Prefetch transaction in progress
  **5    Post Write Buffer Status ......................RO**
       1    PIO Post Write transaction in progress
  **4    DMA Read Prefetch Status ................RO**
       1    DMA Read Prefetch transaction in progress
  **3    DMA Write Pipeline Status ................RO**
       1    DMA Write transaction in progress
  **2    S/G Operation Complete .....................RO**
       1    Scatter / Gather operation complete
  **1    FIFO Empty Status................................RO**
       1    Primary Channel FIFO empty
  **0    Response to External DMA Request ..................RO**
       1    External pri channel DMA request pending

**Offset 71 – Primary Interrupt Control (01h).................RW**
  **7-1  Reserved        ........................................ always reads 0**
  **0    Interrupt Gating**
       0    Disable
       1    Enable (IRQ output gated until FIFO empty)
                 **....................................................default**

**Offset 78 – Secondary IDE Status....................................RO**
  **7    Interrupt Status ........................................RO**
       1    Secondary channel interrupt request pending
  **6    Prefetch Buffer Status ..........................RO**
       1    PIO Prefetch transaction in progress
  **5    Post Write Buffer Status ......................RO**
       1    PIO Post Write transaction in progress
  **4    DMA Read Prefetch Status ................RO**
       1    DMA Read Prefetch transaction in progress
  **3    DMA Write Pipeline Status ................RO**
       1    DMA Write transaction in progress
  **2    S/G Operation Complete .....................RO**
       1    Scatter / Gather operation complete
  **1    FIFO Empty Status................................RO**
       1    Secondary Channel FIFO empty
  **0    Response to External DMA Request ..................RO**
       1    External sec channel DMA request pending

**Offset 79 - Secondary Interrupt Control (01h)..............RW**
  **7-1  Reserved        ........................................ always reads 0**
  **0    Interrupt Gating**
       0    Disable
       1    Enable (IRQ output gated until FIFO empty)
                 **....................................................default**

**Offset 83-80 – Primary S/G Descriptor Address .............RO**
**Offset 8B-88 – Secondary S/G Descriptor Address.........RO**
These registers are used for debugging purposes only.

**IDE Power Management Registers**

**Offset C3-C0 – Power Management Capabilities .......... RO**
  **31-0  PCI PM Block 1**.................always reads 0002 0001h
       This field reports support details for Power
       Management Capabilities according to the PCI Power
       Management specification.

**Offset C7-C4 – Power State ............................................ RO**
  **31-2  Reserved        ........................................always reads 0**
  **1-0   Power State**
       00   D0        ................................................. default
       01   -reserved-
       10   -reserved-
       11   D3 Hot

**IDE Back Door Registers**

**Offset D0 – Back Door – Revision ID (06h).................... RW**

**Offset D3-D2 – Back Door – Device ID (0571h)............. RW**

**Offset D5-D4 – Back Door – Sub-Vendor ID (0000h) ... RW**

**Offset D7-D6 – Back Door – Sub-Device ID (0000h)..... RW**

**IDE I/O Registers**

These registers are compliant with the SFF 8038I v1.0
standard. Refer to the SFF 8038I v1.0 specification for further
details.

**I/O Offset 0 - Primary Channel Command**

**I/O Offset 2 - Primary Channel Status**

**I/O Offset 4-7 - Primary Channel PRD Table Address**

**I/O Offset 8 - Secondary Channel Command**

**I/O Offset A - Secondary Channel Status**

**I/O Offset C-F - Secondary Channel PRD Table Address**

**Device 16 Function 0 Registers - USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 0-1**

This Universal Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with UHCI specification v1.1. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in UHCI specification v1.1. The registers in this function control USB ports 0-1 (see function 1 for ports 2-3, function 2 for ports 4-5 and function 3 for ports 6-7).

**PCI Configuration Space Header**

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h) ........................................RO**
   15-0   **Vendor ID** ................ (1106h = VIA Technologies)

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3038h) ........................................RO**
   15-0   **Device ID** (3038h = VT8237R Plus USB Controller)

**Offset 5-4 - Command (0000h)........................................RW**
   15-8   **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
   7   **Reserved** (address stepping) ........................fixed at 0
   6   **Reserved** (parity error response).................fixed at 0
   5   **Reserved** (VGA palette snoop) ...................fixed at 0
   4   **Memory Write and Invalidate** . default=0 (disabled)
   3   **Reserved** (special cycle monitoring)............fixed at 0
   2   **Bus Master** .............................. default=0 (disabled)
   1   **Memory Space**.......................... default=0 (disabled)
   0   **I/O Space** .............................. default=0 (disabled)

**Offset 7-6 - Status (0210h) ........................................RWC**
   15   **Reserved** (detected parity error).......... always reads 0
   14   **Signalled System Error** ............................. default=0
   13   **Received Master Abort**............................. default=0
   12   **Received Target Abort** ............................. default=0
   11   **Signalled Target Abort**............................. default=0
   10-9   **DEVSEL# Timing**
      00   Fast
      01   Medium....................................default (fixed)
      10   Slow
      11   Reserved
   8-0   **Reserved** ...............................fixed 10h (PCI PMI)

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh).............................................. RO**
   7-0   Silicon Revision Code (0 indicates first silicon)

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h) .......................... RO**
**Offset A - Sub Class Code (03h=USB Controller) .......... RO**
**Offset B - Base Class Code (0Ch=Serial Bus Controller)RO**
**Offset C – Cache Line Size (00h)................................. RW**

**Offset D - Latency Timer (16h) ...................................... RW**
**Offset E – Header Type (80h)......................................... RO**
**Offset F – BIST (Fixed at 00h) ...................................... RO**

**Offset 23-20 - USB I/O Register Base Address.............. RW**
   31-16   **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
   15-5   **USB I/O Register Base Address.** Port Address for the base of the 32-byte USB I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[15:5]
   4-0   **00001b**

**Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h).......................... RO†**
**Offset 2F-2E - Sub Device ID (3038h).......................... RO†**
† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h) ........ RW**

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h).................................... RW**
   7-4   **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
   3-0   **USB Interrupt Routing**
      0000 Disabled................................................ default
      0001 IRQ1
      0010 Reserved
      0011 IRQ3
      0100 IRQ4
      0101 IRQ5
      0110 IRQ6
      0111 IRQ7
      1000 IRQ8
      1001 IRQ9
      1010 IRQ10
      1011 IRQ11
      1100 IRQ12
      1101 IRQ13
      1110 IRQ14
      1111 Disabled

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (01h).................................... RO**
   7-0   **Interrupt Pin**........................default = 01h (INTA#)

**USB 1.1-Specific Configuration Registers**

**Offset 40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)......................RW**

**7**    **Reserved**    ........................................ always reads 0

**6**    **Babble Option**

This bit controls whether the port is disabled when EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs. Babble is unexpected bus activity that persists into the EOF interval. When this bit is 0, the port with the EOF babble is disabled. When it is 1, it is not disabled

   0    Automatically disable babbled port when EOF babble occurs

   1    Don't disable babbled port**.....................default**

**5**    **PCI Parity Check**

   0    Disable ..................................................default

   1    Enable

**4**    **Frame Interval Select**

   0    1 msec frame time ..................................default

   1    0.1 msec frame time

**3**    **USB Data Length Option**

   0    Support TD length up to 1280................default

   1    Support TD length up to 1023

(TD = Transfer Descriptor)

**2**    **Improve FIFO Latency**

   0    Improve latency if packet size < 64 bytes ....def

   1    Disable improvement

**1**    **DMA Option**

   0    Enhanced performance (8 DW burst access with better FIFO latency).......................default

   1    Normal performance (16 DW burst access with normal FIFO latency)

**0**    **Reserved**    ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (10h) ..................... RW**

**7**    **USB 1.1 Improvement for EOP**

This bit controls whether USB Specification 1.1 or 1.0 is followed when a stuffing error occurs before an EOP (End-Of-Packet). A stuffing error results when the receiver sees seven consecutive ones in a packet. Under USB specification 1.1, when this occurs in the interval just before an EOP, the receiver will accept the packet. Under USB specification 1.0, the packet is ignored.

   0    USB Spec 1.1 Compliant (packet accepted) def

   1    USB Spec 1.0 Compliant (packet ignored)

**6-3**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.....................default = 0

**2**    **Trap Option**

Under the UHCI spec, port 60 / 64 is trapped only when its corresponding enable bits are set. When this bit is set, trap can be set without checking the enable bits.

   0    Set trap 60/64 status bits only when trap 60/64 enable bits are set .................................. default

   1    Set trap 60/64 status bits without checking enable bits

**1**    **A20Gate Pass Through Option**

This bit controls whether the A20Gate pass-through sequence (as defined in UHCI) is followed. The A20Gate sequence consists of 4 commands. When this bit is 0, the 4-command sequence is followed. When this bit is 1, the last command (write FFh to port 64) is skipped.

   0    A20GATE Pass-through command sequence as defined in UHCI................................ default

   1    Last command skipped

**0**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.....................default = 0

**Offset 42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (03h)........................RW**

  7    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0
  6-5  **Reserved**        ......................................... always reads 0
  4    **SubVendor ID / SubDevice ID Backdoor**
       0   Rx2C-2F RO ...........................................default
       1   Rx2C-2F RW
  3-2  **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0
  1-0  **Reserved**        ....................................**always reads 11b**

**Offset 43 - Miscellaneous Control 4 (00h)........................RW**

  7-5  **Reserved**        ......................................... always reads 0
  4    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0
  3    **Continue Transmission of Erroneous Data on FIFO Underrun**
       0   Enable ..................................................default
       1   Disable
  2    **Issue CRC Error Instead of Stuffing Error on FIFO Underrun**
       0   Enable ..................................................default
       1   Disable
  1-0  **Reserved**        ......................................... always reads 0

**Offset 48 - Miscellaneous Control 5................................RW**

  7-5  **Reserved**        ......................................... always reads 0
  4-3  **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0
  2    **Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun**
       0   Enable ..................................................default
       1   Disable
  1    **Lengthen PreSOF Time**
       The preSOF time point determines whether there is enough timein the remaining frame period to perform a 64-byte transaction.  It prevents a packet that may not fit in the remaining frame period from being initiated.  This bit controls whether the preSOF time point is moved back so that the preSOF time is lengthened.
       0   Disable ................................................default
       1   Enable (PreSOF time lengthened)
  0    **Issue Nonzero Bad CRC Code on FIFO Underrun**
       A FIFO underrun occurs when there is no data in the FIFO to supply data transmission.  When this occurs, the South Bridge invalidates the data by sending an incorrect CRC code to the device.  This bit controls the type of incorrect CRC sent.
       0   Non zero CRC (recommended)..............default
       1   All zero CRC
       This option isn't really needed any more as non-zero CRC always works.

**Offset 49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (03h) ...................... RW**

  7-6  **Reserved**        .......................................always reads 0
  5-4  **Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0
  3-2  **Reserved**        .......................................always reads 0
  1    **EHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State**
       0   Not Supported
       1   Supported **............................................ default**
  0    **UHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State**
       0   Not Supported
       1   Supported **............................................ default**

**Offset 4A - Miscellaneous Control 7 (A0h).................... RW**

  7-3  **USB 1.1 Bus Timeout Parameter** ........default = 14h
  2    **Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0
  1    **Reserved**        .......................................always reads 0
  0    **Use External 60 MHz Clock**
       0   Disable.................................................. default
       1   Enable

**Offset 60 - Serial Bus Release Number ............................ RO**

  7-0  **Release Number**............................always reads 10h

**Offset 83-80 – PM Capability ........................................ RO**

  31-0  **PM Capability** ..................always reads FFC2 0001h

**Offset 84 – PM Capability Status.................................... RW**

  7-0  **PM Capability Status**
       00  D0        ................................................. default
       01  -reserved-
       10  -reserved-
       11  D3 Hot

**Offset C1-C0 - Legacy Support ...................................... RO**

  15-0  **UHCI v1.1 Compliant** ................always reads 2000h

## USB 1.1 Ports 0-1 I/O Registers

These registers are compliant with the UHCI v1.1 standard.
Refer to the UHCI v1.1 specification for further details.

## I/O Offset 1-0 - USB Command

## I/O Offset 3-2 - USB Status

## I/O Offset 5-4 - USB Interrupt Enable

## I/O Offset 7-6 - Frame Number

## I/O Offset B-8 - Frame List Base Address

## I/O Offset 0C - Start Of Frame Modify

## I/O Offset 11-10 - Port 0 Status / Control

## I/O Offset 13-12 - Port 1 Status / Control

## Device 16 Function 1 Registers - USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 2-3

This Universal Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with UHCI specification v1.1. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 1 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in UHCI specification v1.1. The registers in this function control USB ports 2-3 (see function 0 for ports 0-1, function 2 for ports 4-5 and function 3 for ports 6-7).

## PCI Configuration Space Header

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h) ........................................RO**

  **15-0 Vendor ID** ................ (1106h = VIA Technologies)

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3038h) .....................................RO**

  **15-0 Device ID** (3038h = VT8237R Plus USB Controller)

**Offset 5-4 - Command (0000h)......................................RW**

  **15-8 Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
    **7 Reserved** (address stepping) ........................fixed at 0
    **6 Reserved** (parity error response)..................fixed at 0
    **5 Reserved** (VGA palette snoop) ....................fixed at 0
    **4 Memory Write and Invalidate** . default=0 (disabled)
    **3 Reserved** (special cycle monitoring)............fixed at 0
    **2 Bus Master** ............................... default=0 (disabled)
    **1 Memory Space**........................... default=0 (disabled)
    **0 I/O Space** ............................... default=0 (disabled)

**Offset 7-6 - Status (0210h) ........................................RWC**

   **15 Reserved** (detected parity error).......... always reads 0
   **14 Signalled System Error** ............................ default=0
   **13 Received Master Abort**............................. default=0
   **12 Received Target Abort** ............................. default=0
   **11 Signalled Target Abort**............................. default=0
  **10-9 DEVSEL# Timing**
      00 Fast
      01 Medium.....................................default (fixed)
      10 Slow
      11 Reserved
  **8-0 Reserved** ...............................fixed 10h (PCI PMI)

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh) ............................................. RO**

  7-0 Silicon Revision Code (0 indicates first silicon)

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h) ......................... RO**
**Offset A - Sub Class Code (03h=USB Controller) .......... RO**
**Offset B - Base Class Code (0Ch=Serial Bus Controller)RO**
**Offset C - Cache Line Size (00h) ................................. RW**

**Offset D - Latency Timer (16h) ...................................... RW**
**Offset E – Header Type (80h)......................................... RO**
**Offset F – BIST (Fixed at 00h) ....................................... RO**

**Offset 23-20 - USB I/O Register Base Address.............. RW**

  **31-16 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
  **15-5 USB I/O Register Base Address.** Port Address for the base of the 32-byte USB I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[15:5]
    **4-0 00001b**

**Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h).......................... RO†**
**Offset 2F-2E - Sub Device ID (3038h)........................... RO†**
† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h)........ RW**

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h).................................... RW**

  **7-4 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
  **3-0 USB Interrupt Routing**
    0000 Disabled................................................. default
    0001 IRQ1
    0010 Reserved
    0011 IRQ3
    0100 IRQ4
    0101 IRQ5
    0110 IRQ6
    0111 IRQ7
    1000 IRQ8
    1001 IRQ9
    1010 IRQ10
    1011 IRQ11
    1100 IRQ12
    1101 IRQ13
    1110 IRQ14
    1111 Disabled

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (01h)...................................... RO**

  **7-0 Interrupt Pin**.........................default = 01h (INTA#)

**USB 1.1-Specific Configuration Registers**

**Offset 40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)......................RW**

**7** **Reserved** .......................................... always reads 0

**6** **Babble Option**
This bit controls whether the port is disabled when EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs. Babble is unexpected bus activity that persists into the EOF interval. When this bit is 0, the port with the EOF babble is disabled. When it is 1, it is not disabled
  0 Automatically disable babbled port when EOF babble occurs
  1 Don't disable babbled port**....................default**

**5** **PCI Parity Check**
  0 Disable ..................................................default
  1 Enable

**4** **Frame Interval Select**
  0 1 msec frame time..................................default
  1 0.1 msec frame time

**3** **USB Data Length Option**
  0 Support TD length up to 1280................default
  1 Support TD length up to 1023
(TD = Transfer Descriptor)

**2** **Improve FIFO Latency**
  0 Improve latency if packet size < 64 bytes ....def
  1 Disable improvement

**1** **DMA Option**
  0 Enhanced performance (8 DW burst access with better FIFO latency).......................default
  1 Normal performance (16 DW burst access with normal FIFO latency)

**0** **Reserved** ......................................... always reads 0

**Offset 41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (10h) ..................... RW**

**7** **USB 1.1 Improvement for EOP**
This bit controls whether USB Specification 1.1 or 1.0 is followed when a stuffing error occurs before an EOP (End-Of-Packet). A stuffing error results when the receiver sees seven consecutive ones in a packet. Under USB specification 1.1, when this occurs in the interval just before an EOP, the receiver will accept the packet. Under USB specification 1.0, the packet is ignored.
  0 USB Spec 1.1 Compliant (packet accepted) def
  1 USB Spec 1.0 Compliant (packet ignored)

**6-3** **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0

**2** **Trap Option**
Under the UHCI spec, port 60 / 64 is trapped only when its corresponding enable bits are set. When this bit is set, trap can be set without checking the enable bits.
  0 Set trap 60/64 status bits only when trap 60/64 enable bits are set .................................. default
  1 Set trap 60/64 status bits without checking enable bits

**1** **A20Gate Pass Through Option**
This bit controls whether the A20Gate pass-through sequence (as defined in UHCI) is followed. The A20Gate sequence consists of 4 commands. When this bit is 0, the 4-command sequence is followed. When this bit is 1, the last command (write FFh to port 64) is skipped.
  0 A20GATE Pass-through command sequence as defined in UHCI................................ default
  1 Last command skipped

**0** **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0

**Offset 42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (03h)........................RW**
> **7**     **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0
> **6-5**    **Reserved**     ........................................ always reads 0
> **4**     **SubVendor ID / SubDevice ID Backdoor**
>> 0    Rx2C-2F RO ........................................default
>> 1    Rx2C-2F RW
> **3-2**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0
> **1-0**    **Reserved**     ..................................**always reads 11b**

**Offset 43 - Miscellaneous Control 4 (00h)........................RW**
> **7-5**    **Reserved**     ........................................ always reads 0
> **4**     **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0
> **3**     **Continue Transmission of Erroneous Data on FIFO Underrun**
>> 0    Enable ..................................................default
>> 1    Disable
> **2**     **Issue CRC Error Instead of Stuffing Error on FIFO Underrun**
>> 0    Enable ..................................................default
>> 1    Disable
> **1-0**    **Reserved**     ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 48 - Miscellaneous Control 5................................RW**
> **7-5**    **Reserved**     ........................................ always reads 0
> **4-3**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0
> **2**     **Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun**
>> 0    Enable ..................................................default
>> 1    Disable
> **1**     **Lengthen PreSOF Time**
>> The preSOF time point determines whether there is enough timein the remaining frame period to perform a 64-byte transaction.  It prevents a packet that may not fit in the remaining frame period from being initiated.  This bit controls whether the preSOF time point is moved back so that the preSOF time is lengthened.
>> 0    Disable ................................................default
>> 1    Enable (PreSOF time lengthened)
> **0**     **Issue Nonzero Bad CRC Code on FIFO Underrun**
>> A FIFO underrun occurs when there is no data in the FIFO to supply data transmission.  When this occurs, the South Bridge invalidates the data by sending an incorrect CRC code to the device.  This bit controls the type of incorrect CRC sent.
>> 0    Non zero CRC (recommended).............default
>> 1    All zero CRC
>> This option isn't really needed any more as non-zero CRC always works.

**Offset 49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (03h) ...................... RW**
> **7-6**    **Reserved**     .......................................always reads 0
> **5-4**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0
> **3-2**    **Reserved**     .......................................always reads 0
> **1**     **EHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State**
>> 0    Not Supported
>> 1    Supported **............................................ default**
> **0**     **UHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State**
>> 0    Not Supported
>> 1    Supported **............................................ default**

**Offset 4A - Miscellaneous Control 7 (A0h).................... RW**
> **7-3**    **USB 1.1 Bus Timeout Parameter** ........default = 14h
> **2**     **Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0
> **1**     **Reserved**     .......................................always reads 0
> **0**     **Use External 60 MHz Clock**
>> 0    Disable................................................. default
>> 1    Enable

**Offset 60 - Serial Bus Release Number ............................ RO**
> **7-0**    **Release Number**.............................always reads 10h

**Offset 83-80 – PM Capability .......................................... RO**
> **31-0**   **PM Capability** ..................always reads FFC2 0001h

**Offset 84 – PM Capability Status.................................... RW**
> **7-0**    **PM Capability Status**
>> 00   D0    .................................................. default
>> 01   -reserved-
>> 10   -reserved-
>> 11   D3 Hot

**Offset C1-C0 - Legacy Support ...................................... RO**
> **15-0**   **UHCI v1.1 Compliant** ................always reads 2000h

<u>**USB 1.1 Ports 2-3 I/O Registers**</u>

These registers are compliant with the UHCI v1.1 standard.
Refer to the UHCI v1.1 specification for further details.

<u>**I/O Offset 1-0 - USB Command**</u>

<u>**I/O Offset 3-2 - USB Status**</u>

<u>**I/O Offset 5-4 - USB Interrupt Enable**</u>

<u>**I/O Offset 7-6 - Frame Number**</u>

<u>**I/O Offset B-8 - Frame List Base Address**</u>

<u>**I/O Offset 0C - Start Of Frame Modify**</u>

<u>**I/O Offset 11-10 - Port 2 Status / Control**</u>

<u>**I/O Offset 13-12 - Port 3 Status / Control**</u>

**Device 16 Function 2 Registers - USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 4-5**

This Universal Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with UHCI specification v1.1. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in UHCI specification v1.1. The registers in this function control USB ports 4-5 (see function 0 for ports 0-1, function 1 for ports 2-3 and function 3 for ports 6-7).

**PCI Configuration Space Header**

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h) ..........................................RO**
   15-0   **Vendor ID**   ................ (1106h = VIA Technologies)

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3038h) ..........................................RO**
   15-0   **Device ID**    (3038h = VT8237R Plus USB Controller)

**Offset 5-4 - Command (0000h)..........................................RW**
   15-8   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
   7   **Reserved** (address stepping) ........................fixed at 0
   6   **Reserved** (parity error response)..................fixed at 0
   5   **Reserved** (VGA palette snoop) ....................fixed at 0
   4   **Memory Write and Invalidate** . default=0 (disabled)
   3   **Reserved** (special cycle monitoring)............fixed at 0
   2   **Bus Master**   ............................... default=0 (disabled)
   1   **Memory Space**........................... default=0 (disabled)
   0   **I/O Space**   ............................... default=0 (disabled)

**Offset 7-6 - Status (0210h) ..........................................RWC**
   15   **Reserved** (detected parity error).......... always reads 0
   14   **Signalled System Error** ............................ default=0
   13   **Received Master Abort**............................ default=0
   12   **Received Target Abort** ............................ default=0
   11   **Signalled Target Abort**............................ default=0
   10-9   **DEVSEL# Timing**
         00   Fast
         01   Medium......................................default (fixed)
         10   Slow
         11   Reserved
   8-0   **Reserved**   ...............................fixed 10h (PCI PMI)

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh) .............................................. RO**
   7-0   Silicon Revision Code (0 indicates first silicon)

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h) ......................... RO**
**Offset A - Sub Class Code (03h=USB Controller) .......... RO**
**Offset B - Base Class Code (0Ch=Serial Bus Controller)RO**
**Offset C - Cache Line Size (00h) ..................................... RW**

**Offset D - Latency Timer (16h) ...................................... RW**
**Offset E - Header Type (80h)........................................... RO**
**Offset F - BIST (Fixed at 00h) ........................................ RO**

**Offset 23-20 - USB I/O Register Base Address.............. RW**
   31-16   **Reserved**   .......................................always reads 0
   15-5   **USB I/O Register Base Address.**  Port Address for the base of the 32-byte USB I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[15:5]
   4-0   **00001b**

**Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h).......................... RO†**
**Offset 2F-2E - Sub Device ID (3038h).......................... RO†**
† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h)........ RW**

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h)................................... RW**
   7-4   **Reserved**   .......................................always reads 0
   3-0   **USB Interrupt Routing**
         0000 Disabled................................................ default
         0001 IRQ1
         0010 Reserved
         0011 IRQ3
         0100 IRQ4
         0101 IRQ5
         0110 IRQ6
         0111 IRQ7
         1000 IRQ8
         1001 IRQ9
         1010 IRQ10
         1011 IRQ11
         1100 IRQ12
         1101 IRQ13
         1110 IRQ14
         1111 Disabled

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (02h)....................................... RO**
   7-0   **Interrupt Pin**........................ default = 02h (INTB#)

**USB 1.1-Specific Configuration Registers**

**Offset 40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)......................RW**

**7**   **Reserved**   ....................................... always reads 0

**6**   **Babble Option**
This bit controls whether the port is disabled when EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs. Babble is unexpected bus activity that persists into the EOF interval. When this bit is 0, the port with the EOF babble is disabled. When it is 1, it is not disabled
  0   Automatically disable babbled port when EOF babble occurs
  1   Don't disable babbled port**....................default**

**5**   **PCI Parity Check**
  0   Disable ..................................................default
  1   Enable

**4**   **Frame Interval Select**
  0   1 msec frame time .................................default
  1   0.1 msec frame time

**3**   **USB Data Length Option**
  0   Support TD length up to 1280................default
  1   Support TD length up to 1023
(TD = Transfer Descriptor)

**2**   **Improve FIFO Latency**
  0   Improve latency if packet size < 64 bytes ....def
  1   Disable improvement

**1**   **DMA Option**
  0   Enhanced performance (8 DW burst access with better FIFO latency)........................default
  1   Normal performance (16 DW burst access with normal FIFO latency)

**0**   **Reserved**   ....................................... always reads 0

**Offset 41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (10h) ..................... RW**

**7**   **USB 1.1 Improvement for EOP**
This bit controls whether USB Specification 1.1 or 1.0 is followed when a stuffing error occurs before an EOP (End-Of-Packet). A stuffing error results when the receiver sees seven consecutive ones in a packet. Under USB specification 1.1, when this occurs in the interval just before an EOP, the receiver will accept the packet. Under USB specification 1.0, the packet is ignored.
  0   USB Spec 1.1 Compliant (packet accepted) def
  1   USB Spec 1.0 Compliant (packet ignored)

**6-3**   **Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0

**2**   **Trap Option**
Under the UHCI spec, port 60 / 64 is trapped only when its corresponding enable bits are set. When this bit is set, trap can be set without checking the enable bits.
  0   Set trap 60/64 status bits only when trap 60/64 enable bits are set .................................. default
  1   Set trap 60/64 status bits without checking enable bits

**1**   **A20Gate Pass Through Option**
This bit controls whether the A20Gate pass-through sequence (as defined in UHCI) is followed. The A20Gate sequence consists of 4 commands. When this bit is 0, the 4-command sequence is followed. When this bit is 1, the last command (write FFh to port 64) is skipped.
  0   A20GATE Pass-through command sequence as defined in UHCI ................................ default
  1   Last command skipped

**0**   **Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0

**Offset 42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (03h)......................RW**

    **7**     **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0
    **6-5**     **Reserved**     ........................................ always reads 0
    **4**     **SubVendor ID / SubDevice ID Backdoor**
        0    Rx2C-2F RO .........................................default
        1    Rx2C-2F RW
    **3-2**     **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0
    **1-0**     **Reserved**     **..................................always reads 11b**

**Offset 43 - Miscellaneous Control 4 (00h)......................RW**

    **7-5**     **Reserved**     ........................................ always reads 0
    **4**     **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0
    **3**     **Continue Transmission of Erroneous Data on FIFO Underrun**
        0    Enable ..................................................default
        1    Disable
    **2**     **Issue CRC Error Instead of Stuffing Error on FIFO Underrun**
        0    Enable ..................................................default
        1    Disable
    **1-0**     **Reserved**     ....................................... always reads 0

**Offset 48 - Miscellaneous Control 5..............................RW**

    **7-5**     **Reserved**     ....................................... always reads 0
    **4-3**     **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0
    **2**     **Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun**
        0    Enable ..................................................default
        1    Disable
    **1**     **Lengthen PreSOF Time**
        The preSOF time point determines whether there is enough timein the remaining frame period to perform a 64-byte transaction. It prevents a packet that may not fit in the remaining frame period from being initiated. This bit controls whether the preSOF time point is moved back so that the preSOF time is lengthened.
        0    Disable .................................................default
        1    Enable (PreSOF time lengthened)
    **0**     **Issue Nonzero Bad CRC Code on FIFO Underrun**
        A FIFO underrun occurs when there is no data in the FIFO to supply data transmission. When this occurs, the South Bridge invalidates the data by sending an incorrect CRC code to the device. This bit controls the type of incorrect CRC sent.
        0    Non zero CRC (recommended).............default
        1    All zero CRC
        This option isn't really needed any more as non-zero CRC always works.

**Offset 49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (03h) ..................... RW**

    **7-6**     **Reserved**     .......................................always reads 0
    **5-4**     **Reserved (Do Not Program)** ................... default = 0
    **3-2**     **Reserved**     .......................................always reads 0
    **1**     **EHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State**
        0    Not Supported
        1    Supported **............................................ default**
    **0**     **UHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State**
        0    Not Supported
        1    Supported **............................................ default**

**Offset 4A - Miscellaneous Control 7 (A0h)..................... RW**

    **7-3**     **USB 1.1 Bus Timeout Parameter** ........default = 14h
    **2**     **Reserved (Do Not Program)** ................... default = 0
    **1**     **Reserved**     .......................................always reads 0
    **0**     **Use External 60 MHz Clock**
        0    Disable................................................... default
        1    Enable

**Offset 60 - Serial Bus Release Number ............................ RO**

    **7-0**     **Release Number**.............................always reads 10h

**Offset 83-80 – PM Capability ........................................ RO**

    **31-0**     **PM Capability** ..................always reads FFC2 0001h

**Offset 84 – PM Capability Status .................................... RW**

    **7-0**     **PM Capability Status**
        00    D0    .................................................. default
        01    -reserved-
        10    -reserved-
        11    D3 Hot

**Offset C1-C0 - Legacy Support ...................................... RO**

    **15-0**     **UHCI v1.1 Compliant** ................always reads 2000h

## USB 1.1 Ports 4-5 I/O Registers

These registers are compliant with the UHCI v1.1 standard.
Refer to the UHCI v1.1 specification for further details.

### I/O Offset 1-0 - USB Command

### I/O Offset 3-2 - USB Status

### I/O Offset 5-4 - USB Interrupt Enable

### I/O Offset 7-6 - Frame Number

### I/O Offset B-8 - Frame List Base Address

### I/O Offset 0C - Start Of Frame Modify

### I/O Offset 11-10 - Port 4 Status / Control

### I/O Offset 13-12 - Port 5 Status / Control

**Device 16 Function 3 Registers - USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 6-7**

This Universal Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with UHCI specification v1.1. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in UHCI specification v1.1. The registers in this function control USB ports 6-7 (see function 0 for ports 0-1, function 1 for ports 2-3 and function 2 for ports 4-5).

**PCI Configuration Space Header**

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h) ...........................................RO**

  15-0  **Vendor ID**  ................ (1106h = VIA Technologies)

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3038h) ...........................................RO**

  15-0  **Device ID**  (3038h = VT8237R Plus USB Controller)

**Offset 5-4 - Command (0000h)...........................................RW**

  15-8  **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
  7  **Reserved** (address stepping) ........................fixed at 0
  6  **Reserved** (parity error response).................fixed at 0
  5  **Reserved** (VGA palette snoop) ...................fixed at 0
  4  **Memory Write and Invalidate** . default=0 (disabled)
  3  **Reserved** (special cycle monitoring)............fixed at 0
  2  **Bus Master**  .............................. default=0 (disabled)
  1  **Memory Space**........................... default=0 (disabled)
  0  **I/O Space**  .............................. default=0 (disabled)

**Offset 7-6 - Status (0210h) ............................................RWC**

  15  **Reserved** (detected parity error).......... always reads 0
  14  **Signalled System Error** ............................. default=0
  13  **Received Master Abort**............................. default=0
  12  **Received Target Abort** ............................. default=0
  11  **Signalled Target Abort**............................. default=0
  10-9  **DEVSEL# Timing**
      00  Fast
      01  Medium.....................................default (fixed)
      10  Slow
      11  Reserved
  8-0  **Reserved**  ...............................fixed 10h (PCI PMI)

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh) .............................................. RO**

  7-0  Silicon Revision Code (0 indicates first silicon)

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h) ......................... RO**
**Offset A - Sub Class Code (03h=USB Controller) .......... RO**
**Offset B - Base Class Code (0Ch=Serial Bus Controller)RO**
**Offset C - Cache Line Size (00)........................................ RW**

**Offset D - Latency Timer (16h) ....................................... RW**
**Offset E - Header Type (80h)............................................ RO**
**Offset F - BIST (Fixed at 00h) ........................................ RO**

**Offset 23-20 - USB I/O Register Base Address.............. RW**

  31-16  **Reserved**  ........................................always reads 0
  15-5  **USB I/O Register Base Address.** Port Address for the base of the 32-byte USB I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[15:5]
  4-0  **00001b**

**Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h)........................... RO†**
**Offset 2F-2E - Sub Device ID (3038h)........................... RO†**
† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h)........ RW**

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h)................................... RW**

  7-4  **Reserved**  ........................................always reads 0
  3-0  **USB Interrupt Routing**
      0000 Disabled................................................ default
      0001 IRQ1
      0010 Reserved
      0011 IRQ3
      0100 IRQ4
      0101 IRQ5
      0110 IRQ6
      0111 IRQ7
      1000 IRQ8
      1001 IRQ9
      1010 IRQ10
      1011 IRQ11
      1100 IRQ12
      1101 IRQ13
      1110 IRQ14
      1111 Disabled

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (02h)....................................... RO**

  7-0  **Interrupt Pin**........................ default = 02h (INTB#)

### USB 1.1-Specific Configuration Registers

**Offset 40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)......................RW**

**7    Reserved**    ........................................ always reads 0

**6    Babble Option**
This bit controls whether the port is disabled when EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs.  Babble is unexpected bus activity that persists into the EOF interval.  When this bit is 0, the port with the EOF babble is disabled.  When it is 1, it is not disabled
    0    Automatically disable babbled port when EOF babble occurs
    1    Don't disable babbled port**....................default**

**5    PCI Parity Check**
    0    Disable ...................................................default
    1    Enable

**4    Frame Interval Select**
    0    1 msec frame time..................................default
    1    0.1 msec frame time

**3    USB Data Length Option**
    0    Support TD length up to 1280................default
    1    Support TD length up to 1023
(TD = Transfer Descriptor)

**2    Improve FIFO Latency**
    0    Improve latency if packet size < 64 bytes ....def
    1    Disable improvement

**1    DMA Option**
    0    Enhanced performance (8 DW burst access with better FIFO latency).......................default
    1    Normal performance (16 DW burst access with normal FIFO latency)

**0    Reserved**    ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (10h) ..................... RW**

**7    USB 1.1 Improvement for EOP**
This bit controls whether USB Specification 1.1 or 1.0 is followed when a stuffing error occurs before an EOP (End-Of-Packet).  A stuffing error results when the receiver sees seven consecutive ones in a packet. Under USB specification 1.1, when this occurs in the interval just before an EOP, the receiver will accept the packet.  Under USB specification 1.0, the packet is ignored.
    0    USB Spec 1.1 Compliant (packet accepted) def
    1    USB Spec 1.0 Compliant (packet ignored)

**6-3    Reserved (Do Not Program)**....................default = 0

**2    Trap Option**
Under the UHCI spec, port 60 / 64 is trapped only when its corresponding enable bits are set.  When this bit is set, trap can be set without checking the enable bits.
    0    Set trap 60/64 status bits only when trap 60/64 enable bits are set ................................. default
    1    Set trap 60/64 status bits without checking enable bits

**1    A20Gate Pass Through Option**
This bit controls whether the A20Gate pass-through sequence (as defined in UHCI) is followed.  The A20Gate sequence consists of 4 commands.  When this bit is 0, the 4-command sequence is followed. When this bit is 1, the last command (write FFh to port 64) is skipped.
    0    A20GATE Pass-through command sequence as defined in UHCI................................ default
    1    Last command skipped

**0    Reserved (Do Not Program)**....................default = 0

**Offset 42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (03h)........................RW**

   **7**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0

  **6-5**  **Reserved**      ................................... always reads 0

   **4**    **SubVendor ID / SubDevice ID Backdoor**

        0   Rx2C-2F RO ...........................................default

        1   Rx2C-2F RW

  **3-2**  **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0

  **1-0**  **Reserved**      **.................................always reads 11b**

**Offset 43 - Miscellaneous Control 4 (00h)........................RW**

  **7-5**  **Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0

   **4**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0

   **3**    **Continue Transmission of Erroneous Data on FIFO Underrun**

        0   Enable ...................................................default

        1   Disable

   **2**    **Issue CRC Error Instead of Stuffing Error on FIFO Underrun**

        0   Enable ...................................................default

        1   Disable

  **1-0**  **Reserved**      ...................................... always reads 0

**Offset 48 - Miscellaneous Control 5.................................RW**

  **7-5**  **Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0

  **4-3**  **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0

   **2**    **Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun**

        0   Enable ...................................................default

        1   Disable

   **1**    **Lengthen PreSOF Time**

The preSOF time point determines whether there is enough timein the remaining frame period to perform a 64-byte transaction. It prevents a packet that may not fit in the remaining frame period from being initiated. This bit controls whether the preSOF time point is moved back so that the preSOF time is lengthened.

        0   Disable ...................................................default

        1   Enable (PreSOF time lengthened)

   **0**    **Issue Nonzero Bad CRC Code on FIFO Underrun**

A FIFO underrun occurs when there is no data in the FIFO to supply data transmission. When this occurs, the South Bridge invalidates the data by sending an incorrect CRC code to the device. This bit controls the type of incorrect CRC sent.

        0   Non zero CRC (recommended)..............default

        1   All zero CRC

This option isn't really needed any more as non-zero CRC always works.

**Offset 49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (03h) ...................... RW**

  **7-6**  **Reserved**      ........................................always reads 0

  **5-4**  **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0

  **3-2**  **Reserved**      ........................................always reads 0

   **1**    **EHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State**

        0   Not Supported

        1   Supported **............................................ default**

   **0**    **UHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State**

        0   Not Supported

        1   Supported **............................................ default**

**Offset 4A - Miscellaneous Control 7 (A0h)..................... RW**

  **7-3**  **USB 1.1 Bus Timeout Parameter** ........default = 14h

   **2**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0

   **1**    **Reserved**      ........................................always reads 0

   **0**    **Use External 60 MHz Clock**

        0   Disable.................................................... default

        1   Enable

**Offset 60 - Serial Bus Release Number ............................ RO**

  **7-0**  **Release Number**.............................always reads 10h

**Offset 83-80 – PM Capability ......................................... RO**

  **31-0**  **PM Capability** ..................always reads FFC2 0001h

**Offset 84 – PM Capability Status.................................... RW**

  **7-0**  **PM Capability Status**

       00  D0   ................................................. default

       01  -reserved-

       10  -reserved-

       11  D3 Hot

**Offset C1-C0 - Legacy Support ...................................... RO**

  **15-0**  **UHCI v1.1 Compliant** ................always reads 2000h

**USB 1.1 Ports 6-7 I/O Registers**

These registers are compliant with the UHCI v1.1 standard.
Refer to the UHCI v1.1 specification for further details.

**I/O Offset 1-0 - USB Command**

**I/O Offset 3-2 - USB Status**

**I/O Offset 5-4 - USB Interrupt Enable**

**I/O Offset 7-6 - Frame Number**

**I/O Offset B-8 - Frame List Base Address**

**I/O Offset 0C - Start Of Frame Modify**

**I/O Offset 11-10 - Port 6 Status / Control**

**I/O Offset 13-12 - Port 7 Status / Control**

## Device 16 Function 4 Registers - USB 2.0 EHCI

This Enhanced Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with EHCI specification v1.0. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 4 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in EHCI specification v1.0. The registers in this function control USB 2.0 functions (see functions 0-3 for USB 1.1 UHCI control).

## PCI Configuration Space Header

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h) ........................................RO**

  **15-0 Vendor ID** ................ (1106h = VIA Technologies)

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3104h).......................................RO**

  **15-0 Device ID** (3104h = VT8237R Plus USB 2.0 EHCI Controller)

**Offset 5-4 - Command (0000h).........................................RW**

  **15-8 Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
  **7 Address Stepping** ...................... default=0 (disabled)
  **6 Reserved** (parity error response)..................fixed at 0
  **5 Reserved** (VGA palette snoop) ....................fixed at 0
  **4 Memory Write and Invalidate** . default=0 (disabled)
  **3 Reserved** (special cycle monitoring)............fixed at 0
  **2 Bus Master** .............................. default=0 (disabled)
  **1 Memory Space**........................... default=0 (disabled)
  **0 I/O Space** ............................... default=0 (disabled)

**Offset 7-6 - Status (0210h) ...........................................RWC**

  **15 Reserved** (detected parity error).......... always reads 0
  **14 Signaled System Error**.............................. default=0
  **13 Received Master Abort**.............................. default=0
  **12 Received Target Abort** ............................. default=0
  **11 Signaled Target Abort**.............................. default=0
  **10-9 DEVSEL# Timing**
      00 Fast
      01 Medium....................................default (fixed)
      10 Slow
      11 Reserved
  **8-0 Reserved** ...............................fixed 10h (PCI PMI)

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh)...........................................RO**

  7-0 Silicon Revision Code

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface (20h) ......................... RO**
**Offset A - Sub Class Code (03h=USB Controller) .......... RO**
**Offset B - Base Class Code (0Ch=Serial Bus Controller)RO**

**Offset C – Cache Line Size (10h)...................................... RW**
**Offset D - Latency Timer (16h) ....................................... RW**

**Offset 13-10 – EHCI Memory Mapped I/O Base Addr. RW**

  **31-8 EHCI Memory Mapped I/O Registers Base Address.** Memory Address for the base of the USB 2.0 EHCI I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[31:8]
  **7-3 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
  **2-1 Memory Mapping**.....reads 00b for 32-bit addressing
  **0 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h)........................ RO†**
**Offset 2F-2E - Sub Device ID (3104h)........................... RO†**
† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h)........ RW**

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h)..................................... RW**

  **7-4 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
  **3-0 USB Interrupt Routing**
    0000 Disabled................................................ default
    0001 IRQ1
    0010 Reserved
    0011 IRQ3
    0100 IRQ4
    0101 IRQ5
    0110 IRQ6
    0111 IRQ7
    1000 IRQ8
    1001 IRQ9
    1010 IRQ10
    1011 IRQ11
    1100 IRQ12
    1101 IRQ13
    1110 IRQ14
    1111 Disabled

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (03h)........................................ RO**

  **7-0 Interrupt Pin**......................... default = 03h (INTC#)

**USB 2.0-Specific Configuration Registers**

**Offset 40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)......................RW**
 7    **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
 6    **Babble Option**
      This bit controls whether the port is disabled when
      EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs.  Babble is
      unexpected bus activity that persists into the EOF
      interval.  When this bit is 0, the port with the EOF
      babble is disabled.  When it is 1, it is not disabled
        0    Automatically disable babbled port when EOF
             babble occurs
        1    Don't disable babbled port**...................default**
 5    **PCI Parity Check**
        0    Disable .................................................default
        1    Enable
 4    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0
 3-2  **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
 1    **DMA Options**
        0    16 DW burst access................................default
        1    8 DW burst access
 0    **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 48 - Miscellaneous Control 5 (A0h) .....................RW**
 7-6  **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0
 5    **CCA Burst Access**
        0    Burst enable
        1    Burst disable**...................................default**
 4-1  **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
 0    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0

**Offset 49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (20h) .......................RW**
 7-6  **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0
 5    **Clock Auto Stop**
        0    Disable, no stop
        1    Enable, auto stop**...............................default**
 4    **Auto Power Down Receiver Squelch Detector**
        0    Auto Power Down.................................default
        1    Always Powered Up
 3-0  **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 5A - High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor**
**Fine Tune 1 (88h) .................................................RW**
 7-4  **CTRL_D[3:0]** ....................................... default = 8h
 3-0  **CTRL_C[3:0]** ....................................... default = 8h

**Offset 5B - High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor**
**Fine Tune 2 (88h) .................................................RW**
 7-4  **CTRL_B[3:0]** ....................................... default = 8h
 3-0  **CTRL_A[3:0]** ....................................... default = 8h

**Offset 5C - PHY Control (53h)......................................... RW**
 7    **DPLL Zero Phase Start Select**
        0    ZPS takes 8-bit times to start................ **default**
        1    ZPS takes 4-bit times to start
 6-4  **Delay DPLL Input Data Control** .... default = 101b†
 3-2  **DPLL Track Speed Select**....................default = 00b
 1-0  **DPLL Lock Speed Select** .....................default = 11b
†Rx5C[6:4] recommended  value = 000b

**Offset 5D - High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor**
**Fine Tune 3 (88h)................................................................ RW**
 7-4  **CTRL_F[3:0]** .......................................default = 8h
 3-0  **CTRL_E[3:0]**........................................default = 8h

**Offset 5E - High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor**
**Fine Tune 4 (88h)................................................................ RW**
 7-4  **CTRL_H[3:0]** .......................................default = 8h
 3-0  **CTRL_G[3:0] .......................................default = 8h**

**Offset 60 - Serial Bus Release Number (20h) .................. RO**
 7-0  **Release Number**......... always reads 20h for USB 2.0

**Offset 61 - Frame Length Adjust (20h)............................ RO**

**Offset 63-62 – Port Wake Capability (0001h) ................. RO**

**Offset 6B-68 - Legacy Support Extended Capability ..... RO**
 31-0  **Capabilities** .......................always reads 0000 0001h

**Offset 6F-6C - Legacy Support Control / Status............ RW**
 31-0  **Control / Status**..................always reads 0000 0000h

**Offset 83-80 – PM Capability ........................................ RO**
 31-0  **PM Capability** ..................always reads FFC2 0001h

**Offset 84 – PM Capability Status................................. RW**
 7-0  **PM Capability Status**
        00    D0   .................................................. default
        01    -reserved-
        10    -reserved-
        11    D3 Hot

**EHCI USB 2.0 I/O Registers**

These registers are compliant with the EHCI v1.0 standard.
Refer to the EHCI v1.0 specification for further details.

**EHCI Capabilities**

**I/O Offset 0 - Capability Register Length (10h)**

**I/O Offset 3-2 - Interface Version Number (0100h) ......RO†**
**I/O Offset 7-4 – Structure Parameters (0000 3206h) ...RO†**
**I/O Offset B-8 – Capability Parameters (0000 6872h) .RO†**
† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Host Controller Operations**

**I/O Offset 13-10 - USB Command**

**I/O Offset 17-14 - USB Status**

**I/O Offset 1B-18 - USB Interrupt Enable**

**I/O Offset 1F-1C - USB Frame Index**

**I/O Offset 23-20 - 4G Segment Selector**

**I/O Offset 27-24 - Frame List Base Address**

**I/O Offset 2B-28 - Next Asynchronous List Address**

**I/O Offset 53-50 - Configured Flags**

**I/O Offset 57-54 - Port 0 Status / Control**

**I/O Offset 5B-58 - Port 1 Status / Control**

**I/O Offset 5F-5C - Port 2 Status / Control**

**I/O Offset 63-60 - Port 3 Status / Control**

**I/O Offset 67-64 - Port 4 Status / Control**

**I/O Offset 6B-88 - Port 5 Status / Control**

**I/O Offset 6F-6C - Port 6 Status / Control**

**I/O Offset 73-70 - Port 7 Status / Control**

## Device 16 Function 5 Registers - USB Direct Device Communications

The registers in this function control USB direct device communications. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI Configuration registers and Memory Mapped I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 5 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The Memory Mapped I/O registers are accessible in the system memory space at an address defined in the UDCI (USB Device Controller Interface) Base Address register at PCI Configuration offset 13-10

## PCI Configuration Space Header

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h) ...............................RO**

  **15-0**   **Vendor ID**  .................(1106h = VIA Technologies)

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (D104h) ...............................RO**

  **15-0**   **Device ID**   (D104h = VT8237R Plus USB UDCI Ctrlr)

**Offset 5-4 - Command (0000h)...........................RW**

  **15-8**   **Reserved**  .......................................always reads 0
    **7**   **Address Stepping** ...................... default=0 (disabled)
    **6**   **Reserved** (parity error response).................fixed at 0
    **5**   **Reserved** (VGA palette snoop) ...................fixed at 0
    **4**   **Memory Write and Invalidate** . default=0 (disabled)
    **3**   **Reserved** (special cycle monitoring)...........fixed at 0
    **2**   **Bus Master** .............................. default=0 (disabled)
    **1**   **Memory Space**.......................... default=0 (disabled)
    **0**   **I/O Space**  .............................. default=0 (disabled)

**Offset 7-6 - Status (0210h) ...........................RWC**

  **15**   **Reserved** (detected parity error).......... always reads 0
  **14**   **Signaled System Error**.............................. default=0
  **13**   **Received Master Abort**.............................. default=0
  **12**   **Received Target Abort** ............................. default=0
  **11**   **Signaled Target Abort**.............................. default=0
  **10-9**   **DEVSEL# Timing**
      00   Fast
      01   Medium....................................default (fixed)
      10   Slow
      11   Reserved
  **8-0**   **Reserved**  ....................... **fixed at 10h (PCI PMI)**

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh)................................RO**

  7-0   Silicon Revision Code

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h) .........................RO**
**Offset A - Sub Class Code (80h).......................................RO**
**Offset B - Base Class Code (02h)......................................RO**

**Offset C – Cache Line Size (00h)................................RW**
**Offset D - Latency Timer (16h) .......................................RW**

**Offset 13-10 – UDCI Memory Mapped I/O Base Addr. RW**

  **31-8**   **UDCI Memory Mapped I/O Registers Base Address.** Memory Address for the base of the USB UDCI I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[31:8]
  **7-3**   **Reserved**  .......................................always reads 0
  **2-1**   **Memory Mapping**.....reads 00b for 32-bit addressing
    **0**   **Reserved**  .......................................always reads 0

**Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h).........................RO†**
**Offset 2F-2E - Sub Device ID (D104h)..........................RO†**
† RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

**Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h)........ RW**

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h)..................................... RW**

  **7-4**   **Reserved**  .......................................always reads 0
  **3-0**   **USB Interrupt Routing**
      0000 Disabled................................................. default
      0001 IRQ1
      0010 Reserved
      0011 IRQ3
      0100 IRQ4
      0101 IRQ5
      0110 IRQ6
      0111 IRQ7
      1000 IRQ8
      1001 IRQ9
      1010 IRQ10
      1011 IRQ11
      1100 IRQ12
      1101 IRQ13
      1110 IRQ14
      1111 Disabled

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (04h)....................................... RO**

  **7-0**   **Interrupt Pin**..........................default = 04h (INTD#)

**USB-Device-Communications-Specific Registers**

**USB Device Communications Control**

**Offset 40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (00h)......................RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-2 | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 | |
| 1 | **DMA Options** | |
| | 0 16 DW burst access..............................default | |
| | 1 8 DW burst access | |
| 0 | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 | |

**Offset 41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (00h)......................RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7-1 | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 0 | **IRQ Generation Test** |
| | 0 Normal operation ..................................default |
| | 1 Generate USB IRQ |

**Offset 42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (00h)......................RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7-5 | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 4 | **Subsystem ID / Subvendor ID Backdoor** |
| | 0 Disable (Rx2F-2C are RO) ....................default |
| | 1 Enable (Rx2F-2C are RW) |
| 3-0 | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 |

**Offset 44 - PHY Signal Monitoring 1 (00h)....................RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7-1 | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 0 | **PHY Signal Monitoring** |
| | 0 Disable ..................................................default |
| | 1 Enable |

**Offset 45 - PHY Signal Monitoring 2 (00h)....................RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7-4 | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 3 | **PHY Signal Status - Receive Data** |
| 2 | **PHY Signal Status - Squelch** |
| 1 | **PHY Signal Status - Disconnect** |
| 0 | **PHY Signal Status – Term On** |

**Offset 48 - Miscellaneous Control 5 (A0h) .................... RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7 | **USB 2.0 EOP Pattern (FEh) Error Check** |
| | 0 **Enable** |
| | 1 **Disable ................................................ default** |
| 6 | **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0 |
| 5 | **CCA Burst Access** |
| | 0 **Enable** |
| | 1 **Disable ................................................ default** |
| 4-0 | **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0 |

**Offset 49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (60h) ...................... RW**

| | |
|---|---|
| 7 | **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0 |
| 6 | **Full Speed Clock Auto Stop** |
| | 0 Disable (no stop) |
| | 1 Enable (auto stop)**................................ default** |
| 5 | **High Speed Clock Auto Stop** |
| | 0 Disable (no stop) |
| | 1 Enable (auto stop)**................................ default** |
| 4 | **Auto Power Down Receiver Squelch Detector** |
| | 0 **Enable** (auto power down)................... default |
| | 1 **Disable** (always powered up) |
| 3-0 | **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0 |

## USB Device Communications MAC Control

**Offset 4A – MAC Receiver Enable Delay (00h).............RW**

**7-0** **MAC Receiver Enable Delay Parameter** . def = 00h

**Offset 4B – MAC Turnaround Time Delay (09h) ..........RW**

**7-5** **Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0

**4** **Automatic Hardware Reset of Device Address When USB Bus Reset is Received**
  0 **Enable** (auto reset)................................default
  1 **Disable** (no reset)

**3-0** **USB 2.0 MAC Transmit Turnaround Time Parameter** .......................................... default = 9h

**Offset 51 – USB 2.0 MAC Timeout Parameter (5Ah)....RW**

This register contains the USB 2.0 receive timeout parameter in units of bytes. The host controller of a device expecting a response to a transmission must not timeout the transaction if the inter-packet delay is between 736 and 816 bit times. The worst-case round trip delay is 721 bit times.

**7-0** **USB 2.0 Receive Timeout Parameter ......def = 5Ah**

## USB Device Communications PHY Control

**Offset 58 – PHY Control 1 (00h) .................................... RW**

**7** **Test UTM Elastic Buffer Error Control**
  0 Disable................................................. default
  1 Enable

**6** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**5** **Internal Receive Block During Transmission**
  0 Disable................................................. default
  1 Enable

**4** **UTM Test Mode Clock Select**
  0 Use APLL Clock ................................. default
  1 Use External Input

**3** **Internal Loopback Mode**
  0 Disable................................................. default
  1 Enable

**2-0** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**Offset 59 – PHY Control 2 (08h) .................................... RW**

**7** **PHY Auto Power Down**
  0 **Enable** (if the port is suspended, the port will auto power down)................................. default
  1 **Disable**

**6** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**5** **UTM Autocheck**
  0 Disable................................................. default
  1 Enable

**4** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**3** **Digital PLL Fast Lock**
  0 Disable
  1 Enable**................................................ default**

**2** **Digital PLL Loop Back**
  0 Disable................................................. default
  1 Enable

**1-0** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**Offset 5A – High Speed Port Pad Fine Tune (08h)........ RW**

**7-4** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**3-0** **High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor Fine Tune** ...........................................default = 8h

**Offset 5C – PHY Control 3 (53h) .................................... RW**

**7** **Fast Start (DPLL Zero Phase Start Select)**
  0 ZPS takes 8 bit-times to start................. default
  1 ZPS takes 4 bit-times to start

**6-4** **DPLL Input Data Delay............................ def=101b**

**3-2** **DPLL Track Speed Select........................... def=00b**

**1-0** **DPLL Lock Speed Select ........................... def=11b**

**USB Device Communications SRAM Control**

**Offset 71-70 – SRAM Direct Access Address (0000h)....RW**

  15-9  **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

   8-0  **SRAM Direct Access Address**.................... def=00h
        The valid address range for SRAM 0 is 0 to 011h.
        The valid address range for SRAM 1 is 0 to 100h
        The valid address range for SRAM 2 is 0 to 100h

**Offset 73 – SRAM Direct Access Control (00h)..............RW**

   7-6  **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

   5-4  **SRAM Select**
        There are three SRAMs in the device controller:
          00  SRAM 0 - Control Endpoint (18x32).....default
          01  SRAM 1 - Bulk Endpoint (129x32)
          10  SRAM 2 - Bulk Endpoint (129x32)
          11  -reserved-

   3-2  **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

    1  **SRAM Operation Start ................write 1 to trigger**

    0  **SRAM Read / Write Control**
          0  Read ....................................................default
          1  Write

**Offset 77-74 – SRAM Direct Access Data (00000000h) .RW**

This 32-bit register stores data read from the SRAM or data to write to the SRAM.

**USB Device Communications Power Management Control**

**Offset 83-80 – PM Capability ........................................... RO**

  31-0  **PM Capability** ......... Rx41[1]=0: reads **480A 0001h**
            ........... Rx41[1]=1: reads **C9C2 0001h**

**Offset 84 – PM Capability Status..................................... RW**

   7-0  **PM Capability Status**
          00  D0 ................................................... default
          01  -reserved-
          10  -reserved-
          11  D3 Hot

**USB Device Controller Interface (UDCI) Memory Mapped I/O Registers**

**USB Communications Capability**

**Offset 0 – Capability Register Length (10h) .....................RO**
   7-0    **Capability Register Length ..........always reads 10h**

**Offset 1 – Interface Version (10h)....................................RO**
   7-0    **Interface Version Number ...........always reads 10h**

**Offset 3-2 – Structure Parameters 1 (0121h) ...................RO**
   15-12   **Number of Isochronous Endpoints Implemented**
                      ....................................... always reads 0h
   11-8   **Number of Interrupt In Endpoints Implemented**
                      ....................................**always reads 1h**
   7-4    **Number of Bulk Endpoints Implemented**
                      ....................................**always reads 2h**
      This field shows the actual hardware that is capable of independently managing streams.
   3-0    **Number of Control Endpoints Implemented**
                      ....................................**always reads 1h**

**Offset 7-4 – Structure Parameters 2 (0200 0040h) ..........RO**
   31-16   **Endpoint 1 Max FIFO Size ......always reads 0200h**
   15-0    **Endpoint 0 Max FIFO Size ......always reads 0040h**

**Offset B-8 – Structure Parameters 3 (0008 0200h)..........RO**
   31-16   **Endpoint 3 Max FIFO Size ......always reads 0008h**
   15-0    **Endpoint 2 Max FIFO Size ......always reads 0200h**

**USB Shadow Registers**

**Offset F-C – EHCI Port 0 Shadow................................... RO**
This register shadows the EHCI Port 0 Status register.

## USB Device Controller Operation

**Offset 11-10 – USB Device Command (0010h) ...............RW**

**15** **Device Address Change**.......................... default = 0
This bit is cleared by hardware when the next SETUP command is received. When this bit is 1, hardware will decode both the old address and the newly changed address. When changing the device address, this bit must also be set for status phase decoding.

**14-8** **Device Address**..................................... default = 00h
This field specifies the device address. This field is reset to its default value if a USB bus reset is received. This field should be programmed by software after the address setup procedure is complete.

**7-5** **Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0

**4** **Device Controller High Speed Support**
   0   Disable (full speed only).......................default
   1   Enable (high speed supported)

**3** **Device Force Resume**
   0   Disable ................................................default
   1   Enable
This bit forces the suspended device port to issue a resume signal to wakeup the host. Hardware clears this bit automatically after it is set by software. Suspend status must be checked before setting this bit.

**2** **Automatic Device Mode**
   0   Manual mode ........................................default
   1   Automatic Mode (the device controller automatically controls the dedicated port for device operation)

**1** **Controller Reset**
   0   Disable ................................................default
   1   Enable (writing a 1 to this bit resets the device controller; this bit is set to 0 by hardware when the reset process is complete)

**0** **Run / Stop**
   0   Stop ....................................................default
   1   Run (setting this bit enables device controller operations, including host / device negotiation and endpoint DMA)

**Offset 13-12 – USB Device Status (0010h)..................... WC**

**15-8** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**7** **Device Port Resume Detected**..........**write 1 to clear**
This bit indicates whether the controller has detected bus host resume.
   0   No resume detected ................................ default
   1   Host resume detected

**6** **Device Port Bus Suspend Detected** .**write 1 to clear**
This bit indicates whether the controller has detected bus suspend. If the bus suspend is detected, pullup resistor status will also be set.
   0   No suspend detected.............................. default
   1   Bus suspend detected

**5** **Device Reset**........................................................ **RO**
This bit is set by the controller if the USB bus reset is complete.
   0   Not emulated ........................................ default
   1   Emulated

**4** **Controller Halted** .............................................. **RO**
This bit is zero whenever the Run / Stop bit is one. This bit is set if the controller is stopped.
   0   Running
   1   Halted **................................................. default**

**3** **Controller System Error**.................**write 1 to clear**
The controller sets this bit to one when a serious error occurs during a system access. If this bit is set, the controller also clears the "Run/Stop" bit and sets the "Halted" bit.
   0   No error ................................................ default
   1   System error

**2** **Bus Activities Interrupt** ...................**write 1 to clear**
The controller sets this bit when any USB bus activities interrupt is generated. Bus activities include bus reset, bus suspend and bus resume.
   0   No bus activities interrupt ..................... default
   1   Bus activities interrupt generated

**1** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**0** **Transaction Complete Interrupt**.....**write 1 to clear**
The controller sets this bit when a transaction is completed. Software must clear the interrupts from all endpoints first before clearing this bit.
   0   No interrupt ......................................... default
   1   Interrupt generated

**Offset 15-14 – USB Device Interrupt Enable (0000h) ....RW**

**15-4** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**3** **Controller System Error Interrupt Enable**
    0 Disable ...................................................default
    1 Enable (the controller will generate an interrupt if a system error occurs)
**2** **Bus Activities Interrupt Enable**
    0 Disable ...................................................default
    1 Enable (the controller will generate an interrupt if any bus activity occurs - bus activities include bus reset, bus suspend and bus resume)
**1** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**0** **Transaction Complete Interrupt Enable**
    0 Disable ...................................................default
    1 Enable (the controller will generate an interrupt on completion of a transaction)

**Offset 17-16 – USB Device Port Control Status (1000h) WC**

**15-13** **Reserved for Test (Do Not Program)**.... default = 0h
**12** **Device Port Power Control............................... RW**
This bit enables power on the device port connector.
    0 Disable Port Power
    1 Enable Port Power **............................... default**
**11** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**10** **USB Host Controller Is Using This Device Port RO**
Indicates if UHCI or EHCI is using the device port.
**9** **USB Bus Line Status (D+) .................................. RO**
**8** **USB Bus Line Status (D–)................................... RO**
Bits 8-9 show the current state of the USB signals.
**7** **Pullup Resistor Status......................................... RO**
Indicates whether the pullup resistor is connected. If connected, the host is not USB 2.0 capable.
    0 Not connected........................................ default
    1 Connected
**6** **Termination Resistor Status............................... RO**
Indicates whether the termination resistor is connected. If connected, the host is USB 2.0 capable.
    0 Not connected........................................ default
    1 Connected
**5** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**4** **Port Owner ....................................................... RW**
This bit selects the owner of the dedicated port. This bit is set by the device controller in automatic mode.
    0 Host owned........................................... default
    1 Device owned
**3** **Pullup Resistor ................................................. RW**
This bit enables the 1.5K ohm pullup resistor of the D+ line. This bit is used only in manual mode.
    0 Disable.................................................. default
    1 Enable
**2** **Termination Resistor ........................................ RW**
This bit enables the 45 ohm termination resistor. This bit is used only in manual mode.
    0 Disable.................................................. default
    1 Enable
**1** **Connection Change ........................ Write 1 to Clear**
    0 No change.............................................. default
    1 Status changed (set if the bit-0 state changes)
**0** **Remote Host Connected..................................... RO**
    0 Not connected........................................ default
    1 Connected (set if the remote host is connected to the device port)

**Offset 18 – Device Mode Listen Timeout (10h).............. RW**

**7-0** **Device Mode Listen Timeout Parameter... def=10h**

**Offset 19 – Host Mode Waiting Timeout (10h).............. RW**

**7-0** **Host Mode Waiting Timeout Parameter... def=10h**

**USB Device Endpoint Controller Operation**

**Offset 23-20 – Endpoint 0 Status/Control (0040 0000h) WC**
This endpoint is a "Control" endpoint with a default maximum packet size of 64 bytes. See right-hand column for Status / Control bit descriptions for all 4 endpoints.

**Offset 37-24 – Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor ..............RW**
See following pages for "Control Endpoint" transfer descriptor definition.

**Offset 43-40 – Endpoint 1 Status/Control (1200 8000h) RW**
This endpoint is a "Bulk In" endpoint with a default maximum packet size of 512 bytes. See right-hand column for Status / Control bit descriptions for all 4 endpoints.

**Offset 5B-44 – Endpoint 1 Transfer Descriptor .............RW**
See following pages for "Bulk In" transfer descriptor definition.

**Offset 63-60 – Endpoint 2 Status/Control (2200 8000h) RW**
This endpoint is a "Bulk Out" endpoint with a default maximum packet size of 512 bytes. See right-hand column for Status / Control bit descriptions for all 4 endpoints.

**Offset 7B-64 – Endpoint 2 Transfer Descriptor .............RW**
See following pages for "Bulk Out" transfer descriptor definition.

**Offset 83-80 – Endpoint 3 Status/Control (3008 4000h) RW**
This endpoint is an "Interrupt In" endpoint with a default maximum packet size of 8 bytes. See right-hand column for Status / Control bit descriptions for all 4 endpoints.

**Offset 8B-84 – Endpoint 3 Transfer Descriptor .............RW**
See following pages for "Interrupt In" transfer descriptor definition.

**Endpoints 0-3 Status / Control Bit Definitions**

**31-28  Endpoint ID Number** ............................default = 0h
Only the 2 lsbs are writable since only four endpoints are implemented in this design.

**27  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**26-16  Endpoint Max Packet Size**. default = max FIFO size
This field specifies the maximum packet size of this endpoint. The value programmed must not exceed that defined in the capability registers.
.................................default = 64 bytes for endpoint 0
........................ default = 512 bytes for endpoints 1-2
...................................default = 8 bytes for endpoint 3

**15-14  Endpoint Type ..................................................... RO**
00  Control endpoint.......... **default for endpoint 0**
01  Interrupt endpoint ....... **default for endpoint 3**
10  Bulk I/O endpoint .. **default for endpoints 1-2**
11  Isochronous endpoint....(unused in this design)

**13  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**12  Endpoint DMA Engine Active Status................ RO**
Set by the endpoint controller if it starts the DMA engine (including USB & OCI bus traffic), cleared on DMA process complete. When this bit is 1, software must not modify the related data buffer. ....default = 0

**11  Endpoint Stalled**
If this bit is set, the DMA engine will halt immediately and return a STALL handshake to USB bus queries. The endpoint controller will also set this bit if the DMA engine encounters a serious error.
0  Endpoint not stalled.............................. default
1  Endpoint stalled

**10  Endpoint Transfer Complete ....... Write 1 to Clear**
The controller sets this bit when it completes a transfer if the schedule has its IOC bit set. If interrupts are enabled, the controller will also generate an interrupt..................................default = 0

**9-3  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**2  Endpoint Light Reset**
This bit is cleared by hardware on reset complete. Software should wait until this bit goes back to 0 before initiating any further operations)
0  No reset ................................................ default
1  Endpoint light reset

**1  Endpoint DMA Engine**
Software may disable the DMA engine by clearing this bit to remove the schedule. Software must check to make sure the DMA active status is zero before removing or modifying the schedule.
0  Disable................................................. default
1  Enable (activate the DMA engine)

**0  Endpoint Run / Stop**
Hardware clears this bit if a serious error is detected.
0  Stop (the controller will not respond to any USB host packets) ................................ default
1  Run (when set, the endpoint controller starts executing the specified descriptor)

**Endpoint Transfer Descriptor – "Control" Endpoint**

**Offset 27-24 – Transfer Control.........................RW**

- **31** **Data Toggle** (initial data toggle of this transfer)
  - 0 Data 0
  - 1 Data 1
- **30-29** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
- **28-16** **Total Bytes to Transfer**................... Max = 4K Bytes
- **15** **Interrupt On Complete (IOC)**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable (an interrupt will be issued when data phase transfer or setup command transfer is complete or a short packet is received)
- **14-13** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
- **12** **Buffer Pointer Page**
  Index into data phase descriptor buffer pointer list.
- **11** **Transfer Direction**
  - 0 Out (from the viewpoint of the host)
  - 1 In (from the viewpoint of the host)
- **10-4** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
- **3** **Transfer Status – Active**
  1 = DMA engine is active.
- **2** **Transfer Status – Short Packet Detected**
  1 = If IOC is set, an interrupt is also generated.
- **1** **Transfer Status – Babble Detected**
  1 does not generate an interrupt.
- **0** **Transfer Status – Transaction Error**
  1 does not generate an interrupt.

**Offset 2C-28 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 0 ..............RW**

- **31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 0)**
- **11-0** **Current Offset**

The buffer pointers for pages 0-1 point to the physical memory address that stores all the data to transfer.

**Offset 2F-2D – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 1..............RW**

- **31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 1)**
- **11-1** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
- **0** **Valid 8-Byte Setup Command Received**
  - 0 Setup command sequence not received..default
  - 1 Setup command sequence received (data is contained in the following two double words)

**Offset 30 – Command Byte 0.........................................RW**
**Offset 31 – Command Byte 1.........................................RW**
**Offset 32 – Command Byte 2.........................................RW**
**Offset 33 – Command Byte 3.........................................RW**
**Offset 34 – Command Byte 4.........................................RW**
**Offset 35 – Command Byte 5.........................................RW**
**Offset 36 – Command Byte 6.........................................RW**
**Offset 37 – Command Byte 7.........................................RW**

**Endpoint Transfer Descriptor – "Interrupt In" Endpoint**

**Offset 87-84 – Transfer Control ...................................... RW**

- **31** **Data Toggle** (initial data toggle of this transfer)
  - 0 Data 0
  - 1 Data 1
- **30-20** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
- **19-16** **Total Bytes to Transfer**......................Max = 8 Bytes
- **15** **Interrupt On Complete (IOC)**
  - 0 Disable
  - 1 Enable (an interrupt will be issued when this transaction is complete or a short packet is received)
- **14-4** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
- **3** **Transfer Status – Active**
- **2-1** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
- **0** **Transfer Status – Transaction Error**
  Includes timeout or PID error. 1 does not generate an interrupt.

**Offset 90 – Data Byte 0.................................................. RW**
**Offset 91 – Data Byte 1.................................................. RW**
**Offset 92 – Data Byte 2.................................................. RW**
**Offset 93 – Data Byte 3.................................................. RW**
**Offset 94 – Data Byte 4.................................................. RW**
**Offset 95 – Data Byte 5.................................................. RW**
**Offset 96 – Data Byte 6.................................................. RW**
**Offset 97 – Data Byte 7.................................................. RW**

**Endpoint Transfer Descriptor – "Bulk In" Endpoint**

**Offset 47-44 – Transfer Control........................................RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **31** | **Data Toggle** (initial data toggle of this transfer) | |
| | 0 | Data 0 |
| | 1 | Data 1 |
| **30-16** | **Total Bytes to Transfer**................. Max = 16K Bytes | |
| **15** | **Interrupt On Complete (IOC)** | |
| | 0 | Disable |
| | 1 | Enable (an interrupt will be issued when transfer is complete or a short packet is received) |
| **14-12** | **Buffer Pointer Page** | |
| | Index into the descriptor buffer pointer list. Valid values are in the range of 0-4. | |
| **11** | **Transfer Direction** | |
| | 0 | Out (from the viewpoint of the host) |
| | 1 | In (from the viewpoint of the host) |
| **10-4** | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 | |
| **3** | **Transfer Status – Active** | |
| **2** | **Transfer Status – Short Packet Detected** | |
| | 1 = If IOC is set, an interrupt is also generated. | |
| **1** | **Transfer Status – Babble Detected** | |
| | 1 does not generate an interrupt. | |
| **0** | **Transfer Status – Transaction Error** | |
| | 1 does not generate an interrupt. | |

**Offset 4B-48 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 0 ..............RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 0)**
**11-0** **Current Offset**

**Offset 4F-4C – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 1..............RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 1)**
**11-0** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 53-50 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 2 ...............RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 2)**
**11-0** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 57-54 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 3 ...............RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 3)**
**11-0** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 5B-58 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 4 ..............RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 4)**
**11-0** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

The buffer pointers for pages 0-4 point to the physical memory address that stores all the data to transfer.

**Endpoint Transfer Descriptor – "Bulk Out" Endpoint**

**Offset 67-64 – Transfer Control...................................... RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **31** | **Data Toggle** (initial data toggle of this transfer) | |
| | 0 | Data 0 |
| | 1 | Data 1 |
| **30-16** | **Total Bytes to Transfer** .................Max = 16K Bytes | |
| **15** | **Interrupt On Complete (IOC)** | |
| | 0 | Disable |
| | 1 | Enable (an interrupt will be issued when transfer is complete or a short packet is received) |
| **14-12** | **Buffer Pointer Page** | |
| | Index into the descriptor buffer pointer list. Valid values are in the range of 0-4. | |
| **11** | **Transfer Direction** | |
| | 0 | Out (from the viewpoint of the host) |
| | 1 | In (from the viewpoint of the host) |
| **10-4** | **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0 | |
| **3** | **Transfer Status – Active** | |
| **2** | **Transfer Status – Short Packet Detected** | |
| | 1 = If IOC is set, an interrupt is also generated. | |
| **1** | **Transfer Status – Babble Detected** | |
| | 1 does not generate an interrupt. | |
| **0** | **Transfer Status – Transaction Error** | |
| | 1 does not generate an interrupt. | |

**Offset 6B-68 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 0.............. RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 0)**
**11-0** **Current Offset**

**Offset 6F-6C – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 1 ............. RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 1)**
**11-0** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 73-70 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 2............... RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 2)**
**11-0** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 77-74 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 3............... RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 3)**
**11-0** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 7B-78 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 4.............. RW**

**31-12** **Buffer Pointer (Page 4)**
**11-0** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

The buffer pointers for pages 0-4 point to the physical memory address that stores all the data to transfer.

**Device 17 Function 0 Registers – Bus Control and Power Management**

All registers are located in the device 17 function 0 configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. These registers are accessed through PCI configuration mechanism #1 via I/O address 0CF8h / 0CFCh.

**PCI Configuration Space Header**

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h) .......................................RO**

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3227h) ........................................RO**

**Offset 5-4 - Command.....................................................RW**
  **15-8   Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0
  **7   Address / Data Stepping**
    0   Disable
    1   Enable ................................................default
  **6-4   Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0
  **3   Special Cycle Enable** .......................RW, default = 0
  **2   Bus Master** ....................................... always reads 1
  **1   Memory Space**.................................. RO, reads as 1
  **0   I/O Space** ....................................... RO, reads as 1

**Offset 7-6 - Status........................................................RWC**
  **15   Detected Parity Error**....................write one to clear
  **14   Signalled System Error** ..................... always reads 0
  **13   Signalled Master Abort** ................write one to clear
  **12   Received Target Abort** .................write one to clear
  **11   Signalled Target Abort**.................write one to clear
  **10-9   DEVSEL# Timing**.................... fixed at 01 (medium)
  **8   Data Parity Detected**
    Reads 1 if PERR# is asserted (driven or observed) or a bus master data parity error occurred.
  **7   Fast Back-to-Back Capable**.............. always reads 0
  **6-0   Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh)............................................ RO**
  **7-0   Revision ID**

**Offset 9 - Program Interface (00h)................................... RO**

**Offset A - Sub Class Code (01h)........................................ RO**

**Offset B - Class Code (06h)............................................... RO**

**Offset E - Header Type (80h)............................................. RO**
  **7-0   Header Type Code.........** 80h (Multifunction Device)

**Offset F - BIST (00h)........................................................ RO**

**Offset 2F-2C - Subsystem ID ........................................... RO**
Use offset 70-73 to change the value returned.

**ISA Bus Control**

**Offset 40 - ISA Bus Control (00h)....................................RW**

**7    ISA Command Delay**
    0   Normal ..................................................default
    1   Extra

**6    I/O Recovery Time**
The number of clocks between 2 I/O commands
    0   Disable ................................................default
    1   Enable (Rx4C[7:6] determines the # of clocks)

**5    ROM Wait States**
    0   1 Wait State..........................................default
    1   0 Wait State

**4    ROM Write**
    0   Disable (ROM writes are ignored).........default
    1   Enable (ROM can be written)

**3    Double DMA Clock**
    0   DMA clock runs at 4 MHz.....................default
    1   DMA clock runs at 8 MHz

**2    4D0 / 4D1 Port Configuration**
Controls whether ports 4D0 / 4D1 can be configured.
Ports 4D0 / 4D1 determine whether IRQ requests are
edge or level triggered (4D0[7-0] for IRQ7-0, 4D1[7-
0] for IRQ15-8) (0 = level, 1 = edge).
    0   Disable ................................................default
    1   Enable

**1    DMA / Interrupt / Timer Shadow Register Read**
    0   Disable ................................................default
    1   Enable (shadow register values can be read)

**0    Double ISA Bus Clock**
    0   Bus clock runs at PCLK / 4 (8 MHz).....default
    1   Bus clock runs at PCLK / 2 (16 MHz)

**Offset 41 – BIOS ROM Decode Control (00h)................RW**

Setting these bits to 1 enables the indicated address range to be
included in the LPC BIOS ROM address decode:

**7    000E0000h-000EFFFFh**.............. default=0 (disable)
**6    FFF00000h-FFF7FFFFh** ........... default=0 (disable)
**5    FFE80000h-FFEFFFFFh** ........... default=0 (disable)
**4    FFE00000h-FFE7FFFFh**............ default=0 (disable)
**3    FFD80000h-FFDFFFFFh** .......... default=0 (disable)
**2    FFD00000h-FFD7FFFFh** .......... default=0 (disable)
**1    FFC80000h-FFCFFFFFh** .......... default=0 (disable)
**0    FFC00000h-FFC7FFFFh** ........... default=0 (disable)

Note: The LPC BIOS ROM is always accessed when ISA
addresses FFF80000-FFFFFFFF and 000F0000-000FFFFF are
decoded.

**Offset 42 – Line Buffer Control (00h)............................ RW**

**7    ISA Master DMA Line Buffer**
Controls whether the DMA line buffer is used.
    0   Disable................................................ default
    1   Enable.  Master DMA waits until the line
         buffer is full (8 DWords) before transmitting
         data (bit-6 must also be enabled to insure that
         there are no coherency issues).

**6    Gate Interrupt Until Line Buffer Flush Complete**
This bit should be enabled if bit-7 is enabled.
    0   Disable................................................ default
    1   Enable.  IRQs are gated until the line buffer is
         flushed to insure that there are no coherency
         issues.

**5    Flush Line Buffer for Interrupt**
This bit controls whether the line buffer is flushed
when an interrupt request is generated.  This bit
should be enabled if bit-7 is enabled.
    0   Disable................................................ default
    1   Enable

**4    Uninterruptable Burst Read**
    0   Disable................................................ default
    1   Enable.  The PCI bus is not granted to DMA
         until burst read transactions from the North
         Bridge are completed.

**3    Gate IRQ Until Line Buffer Flush Completed**
    0   Disable................................................ default
    1   Enable

**2-0  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 43 – Delay Transaction Control (00h) ................ RW**

**7-4  Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0
**3    Delayed Transactions (PCI Spec Rev 2.1)**
This bit controls whether delayed transactions
(delayed read / write and posted write) are enabled.
    0   Disable................................................ default
    1   Enable

**2    Only Posted Write**
This bit controls whether posted write is enabled, as
opposed to bit-3 which controls whether delayed read
/ write as well as posted write are enabled.
    0   Disable................................................ default
    1   Enable

**1    Write Delay Transaction Timeout Timer**
When enabled, if a delayed transaction (write cycle
only) is not retried after $2^{12}$ PCI clocks, the
transaction is terminated.
    0   Disable................................................ default
    1   Enable

**0    Read Delay Transaction Timeout Timer**
When enabled, if a delayed transaction (read cycle
only) is not retried after $2^{12}$ PCI clocks, the
transaction is terminated.
    0   Disable................................................ default
    1   Enable

**Offset 44 – PCI PNP Interrupt Routing INTE/F............RW**
**7-4** **PCI INTF# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing Table 11)
**3-0** **PCI INTE# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing Table 11)

**Offset 45 – PCI PNP Interrupt Routing INTG/H ...........RW**
**7-4** **PCI INTH# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing Table 11)
**3-0** **PCI INTG# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing Table 11)

**Offset 46 – PCI INTE-F Interrupt Control ....................RW**
**7-5** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**4** **PCI INT Sharing Control**
   0   INTE shared with INTA ........................default
       INTF shared with INTB
       INTG shared with INTC
       INTH shared with INTD
   1   INTE-INTH routing per Rx44-45

The following bits all default to "level" triggered (0)
**3** **PCI INTH# Invert (edge) / Non-invert (level)** .(1/0)
**2** **PCI INTG# Invert (edge) / Non-invert (level)** .(1/0)
**1** **PCI INTF# Invert (edge) / Non-invert (level)** ..(1/0)
**0** **PCI INTE# Invert (edge) / Non-invert (level)** ..(1/0)

Note: For routing control of PCI INTA-INTD, see Device 17 Function 0 Rx54-57 and Table 11.

**Offset 48 – Read Pass Write Control...............................RW**
**7** **APIC FSB Fixed at Low DW**
   0   Disable (Address Bit-2 not masked) ......default
   1   Enable (force A2 from APIC FSB to low)
Address bit A2 controls whether data is in the lower (0) or upper (1) doubleword of a quadword sent to the CPU. When this bit is enabled, A2 is masked which means it is always 0 to select the lower doubleword.
**6-4** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**3** **AC97 / LPC Read Pass Write**
   0   Disable (a read cannot be performed before a preceeding write has been completed) ...default
   1   Enable (internal AC97 and LPC devices are allowed to perform a read before a preceeding write)
**2** **IDE Read Pass Write**
   0   Disable (a read cannot be performed before a preceeding write has been completed) ...default
   1   Enable (the internal IDE controller is allowed to perform a read before a preceeding write)
**1** **USB Read Pass Write**
   0   Disable (a read cannot be performed before a preceeding write has been completed) ...default
   1   Enable (the internal USB controllers are allowed to perform a read before a preceeding write)
**0** **NIC Read Pass Write**
   0   Disable (a read cannot be performed before a preceeding write has been completed) ...default
   1   Enable (the internal LAN controller is allowed to perform a read before a preceeding write)

**Offset 49 – CCA Control.................................................. RW**
**7** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**6** **South Bridge Internal Master Devices Priority Higher Than External PCI Master**
   0   Disable.................................................... default
   1   Enable
The "CCA" is an internal arbiter that controls the priority of external PCI masters vs. internal master devices. Normally priority is the same for internal and external PCI master devices, but when this bit is enabled, internal master devices are given higher priority than external PCI masters (3/4 : 1/4).
**5** **CCA Clean to Mask Off IRQ**
Controls whether interrupt requests are gated until data is written to memory.
   0   Disable.................................................... default
   1   Enable
**4-3** **Reserved (Do Not Program)** ....................default = 0
**2** **WSC Mask Off INTR**
Controls whether INTR is masked until write snoop is complete.
   0   Disable.................................................... default
   1   Enable
**1-0** **Reserved (Do Not Program)** ....................default = 0

**LPC Firmware Memory Control**

**Offset 4A – LPC Firmware Memory Control 1 ............. RW**
**7-1** **LPC Firmware Memory Base Address A[23:17]**
**0** **LPC Firmware Memory Programmable IDSEL**
   0   Disable.................................................... default
   1   Enable

**Offset 4B – LPC Firmware Memory Control 2 ............. RW**
**7** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**6-4** **LPC Firmware Memory Base Address Mask**
bit-6 = 1 to mask A19 decoding
bit-5 = 1 to mask A18 decoding
bit-4 = 1 to mask A17 decoding
**3-0** **LPC Firmware Memory IDSEL Value**

**Miscellaneous Control**

**Offset 4C - IDE Interrupt Routing (04h) .......................RW**

**7-6** **I/O Recovery Time Select**
When Rx40[6] is enabled, this field determines the I/O recovery time.
00  1 Bus Clock..........................................default
01  2 Bus Clock
10  4 Bus Clock
11  8 Bus Clock

**5-4** **Reserved (do not program)** .................... default = 0

**3-2** **IDE Secondary Channel IRQ Routing**
00  IRQ14
01  IRQ15...................................................default
10  IRQ10
11  IRQ11

**1-0** **IDE Primary Channel IRQ Routing**
00  IRQ14...................................................default
01  IRQ15
10  IRQ10
11  IRQ11

Note: When the internal APIC is enabled, internal IRQ routing to the APIC is fixed as follows:

INTA# => IRQ16
INTB# => IRQ17
INTC# => IRQ18
INTD# => IRQ19
IDE (Native Mode)/SATA IRQ & INTE => IRQ20
USB IRQ (all 5 functions) and INTF => IRQ21
AC'97 / MC'97 IRQ and INTG => IRQ22
LAN IRQ and INTH => IRQ23

**Table 9.  APIC Fixed IRQ Routing**

**Offset 4D – Miscelleneous Control (00h)........................RW**

**7-6** **LPC Firmware Burst Length Select**
00  Disable burst read.................................default
01  Support 4-byte burst read
10  -reserved-
11  Support 4-byte burst read / write & 16-byte burst read

**5-3** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**2** **Serial IRQs Always Shared in APIC Mode**
0  Disable .................................................default
1  Enable

**1** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**0** **LPC TPM Function**
0  Disable .................................................default
1  Enable

**Offset 4E - Internal RTC Test Mode ............................ RW**

**7** **RTC High Bank Rx38-3F R/W Protect**
0  Disable (allow R/W)............................ default
1  Enable (Protect)

**6** **RTC Low Bank Rx38-3F R/W Protect**
0  Disable (allow R/W)............................ default
1  Enable (Protect)

**5** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**4** **Last Port 70/74 Written Status**
0  Last write was to port 70 ....................... default
1  Last write was to port 74

**3** **Extra RTC Port 74/75**
The RTC is normally accessed though ports 70/74. This bit controls whether two extra ports (74 / 75) can be used to access the RTC.
0  Disable................................................. default
1  Enable

**2-0** **Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0

**Offset 4F – PCI Bus and CPU Interface Control........... RW**

**7-4** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**3** **CPU Reset Source**
This bit determines whether CPU Reset (generated through port 92 or the keyboard) uses INIT or CPURST.
0  Do not use CPURST as CPU Reset....... default
1  Use INIT as CPU Reset

**2** **Reserved (Do Not Program)** .................... default = 0

**1** **Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**0** **Software PCI Reset** ......write 1 to generate PCI reset

**Function Control**

**Offset 50 – Function Control 1 (00h)..............................RW**

**7    Device 17 Function 6 MC97**
    0    Enable ..................................................default
    1    Disable

**6    Device 17 Function 5 AC97**
    0    Enable ..................................................default
    1    Disable

**5    Device 16 Function 1 USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 2-3**
    0    Enable ..................................................default
    1    Disable

**4    Device 16 Function 0 USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 0-1**
    0    Enable ..................................................default
    1    Disable

**3    Device 15 Function 0 Serial ATA**
    0    Enable ..................................................default
    1    Disable

**2    Device 16 Function 2 USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 4-5**
    0    Enable ..................................................default
    1    Disable

**1    Device 16 Function 4 USB 2.0 EHCI**
    0    Enable ..................................................default
    1    Disable

**0    Device 16 Function 3 USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 6-7**
    0    Enable ..................................................default
    1    Disable

**Offset 51 – Function Control 2 (0Ch) ........................... RW**

**7    USB Device Mode**
    0    Enable.................................................. default
    1    Disable

**6    Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**5    Internal LAN Controller Clock Gating**
When bit-4 of this register is disabled, the LAN function is disabled but the LAN controller clock is not gated automatically. This bit controls whether the clock is actually gated.
    0    Disable.................................................. default
    1    Enable

**4    Internal LAN Controller**
    0    Disable.................................................. default
    1    Enable

**3    Internal RTC**
    0    Disable
    1    Enable**................................................. default**

**2    Internal PS2 Mouse**
    0    Disable
    1    Enable**................................................. default**

**1    Internal KBC Configuration**
    0    Disable ports 2E / 2F offsets E0-EF ...... default
    1    Enable ports 2E / 2F offsets E0-EF

**0    Internal Keyboard Controller**
    0    Disable.................................................. default
    1    Enable

**Serial IRQ, LPC and PC/PCI DMA Control**

**Offset 52 – Serial IRQ & LPC Control (00h) .................RW**
  **7**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
  **6**   **LPC Short Wait Abort**
      0   Disable ................................................default
      1   Enable.  During a short wait, the cycle is aborted after 8Ts.
  **5**   **LPC Frame Wait State Time**
      0   Frame Wait State is 1T...........................default
      1   Frame Wait State is 2T
  **4**   **LPC Stop to Start Frame Wait State**
      0   Enable.  One idle state is inserted between Stop and Start.........................................default
      1   Disable.  Stop is followed immediately by Start.
  **3**   **Serial IRQ**
      0   Disable ................................................default
      1   Enable (IRQ asserted via Serial IRQ pin AD9)
  **2**   **Serial IRQ Quiet Mode**
      0   Continuous Mode..................................default
      1   Quiet Mode
**1-0**   **Serial IRQ Start-Frame Width**
      00  4 PCI Clocks .......................................default
      01  6 PCI Clocks
      10  8 PCI Clocks
      11  10 PCI Clocks

**Offset 53 – PC/PCI DMA Control ...................................RW**
  **7**   **PCI DMA Pair A**
      0   Disable (AE5=GPIO24, AF5=GPIO30) default
      1   Enable (AE5=PCREQA, AF5=PCGNTA)
  **6**   **PCI DMA Channel 7**
      0   Disable ................................................default
      1   Enable
  **5**   **PCI DMA Channel 6**
      0   Disable ................................................default
      1   Enable
  **4**   **PCI DMA Channel 5**
      0   Disable ................................................default
      1   Enable
  **3**   **PCI DMA Channel 3**
      0   Disable ................................................default
      1   Enable
  **2**   **PCI DMA Channel 2**
      0   Disable ................................................default
      1   Enable
  **1**   **PCI DMA Channel 1**
      0   Disable ................................................default
      1   Enable
  **0**   **PCI DMA Channel 0**
      0   Disable ................................................default
      1   Enable

**Plug and Play Control - PCI**

**Offset 54 - PCI Interrupt Polarity...................................RW**
 **7-4**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0
      The following bits all default to "Non-inverted" triggered (0)
  **3**   **PCI INTA# Invert / Non-invert**........................ (1/0)
  **2**   **PCI INTB# Invert / Non-invert** ...................... (1/0)
  **1**   **PCI INTC# Invert / Non-invert** ...................... (1/0)
  **0**   **PCI INTD# Invert / Non-invert**........................ (1/0)
Note:   PCI INTA-D# normally connect to PCI interrupt pins INTA-D# (see pin definitions for more information).

**Offset 55 – PCI PNP Interrupt Routing 1 ...................... RW**
 **7-4**   **PCI INTA# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing table)
 **3-0**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 56 – PCI PNP Interrupt Routing 2 ...................... RW**
 **7-4**   **PCI INTC# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing table)
 **3-0**   **PCI INTB# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing table)

**Offset 57 – PCI PNP Interrupt Routing 3 ...................... RW**
 **7-4**   **PCI INTD# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing table)
 **3-0**  **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0

**Table 10.  PnP IRQ Routing Table**

    0000 Disabled.................................................. default
    0001 IRQ1
    0010 Reserved
    0011 IRQ3
    0100 IRQ4
    0101 IRQ5
    0110 IRQ6
    0111 IRQ7
    1000 Reserved
    1001 IRQ9
    1010 IRQ10
    1011 IRQ11
    1100 IRQ12
    1101 Reserved
    1110 IRQ14
    1111 IRQ15

**GPIO and Miscellaneous Control**

**Offset 58 – Miscellaneous Control 0 (40h) ...................... RW**

**7  PCI DMA Pair B**
  0  Disable (AD5=GPIO25, AC6=GPIO31)default
  1  Enable (AD5=PCREQB, AC6=PCGNTB)

**6  Internal APIC**
  0  Disable
     (R25=GPIO10,T23=GPIO11,U23=GPI19)
  1  Enable **.................................................default**
     (R25=APICD0,T23=APICD1,U23=APICCK)

**5  South Bridge Interrupt Cycles Run at 33 MHz**
  0  Disable .................................................default
  1  Enable

**4  Address Decode**
  0  Subtractive ...........................................default
  1  Positive

**3  RTC High Bank Access**
  0  Disable access to upper 128 bytes..........default
  1  Enable access to upper 128 bytes

**2  RTC Rx32 Write Protect**
  0  Disable (not protected)..........................default
  1  Enable (write protected)

**1  RTC Rx0D Write Protect**
  0  Disable (not protected)..........................default
  1  Enable (write protected)

**0  RTC Rx32 Map to Century Byte**
  Controls whether RTC Rx32 is mapped to the century byte.
  0  Disable .................................................default
  1  Enable

**Offset 59 – Miscellaneous Control 1 (00h)..................... RW**

**7  ROM Memory Cycles Go To LPC**
  0  Disable (all memory cycles go to LPC). default
  1  Enable (only ROM memory cycles go to LPC)

**6  Internal ISA Cycles Arbitrate with Secondary IDE**
  0  Disable (Internal ISA cycles do not arbitrate with secondary IDE)............................. default
  1  Enable (all internal ISA cycles arbitrate with secondary IDE)

**5  LPC RTC**
  0  Disable................................................. default
  1  Enable

**4  LPC Keyboard**
  0  Disable (ISA Keyboard)........................ default
  1  Enable (LPC Keyboard)

**3  Port 62h / 66h (MCCS#) to LPC**
  0  Disable................................................. default
  1  Enable

**2  Port 62h / 66h (MCCS#) Decoding**
  0  Disable................................................. default
  1  Enable

**1  A20M# Active**
  0  Disable (A20M# signal not asserted) .... default
  1  Enable (A20M# signal asserted)

**0  NMI on PCI Parity Error**
  0  Disable................................................. default
  1  Enable (to generate NMI, Port 61[3] and Port 70[7] must also be set)

**Offset 5A – DMA Bandwidth Control (00h)....................RW**

    **7**   **DMA Channel 7 Bandwidth**
        0   Normal .................................................default
        1   Improved
    **6**   **DMA Channel 6 Bandwidth**
        0   Normal .................................................default
        1   Improved
    **5**   **DMA Channel 5 Bandwidth**
        0   Normal .................................................default
        1   Improved
    **4**   **DMA Single Transfer Mode Bandwidth**
        0   Normal .................................................default
        1   Improved
    **3**   **DMA Channel 3 Bandwidth**
        0   Normal .................................................default
        1   Improved
    **2**   **DMA Channel 2 Bandwidth**
        0   Normal .................................................default
        1   Improved
    **1**   **DMA Channel 1 Bandwidth**
        0   Normal .................................................default
        1   Improved
    **0**   **DMA Channel 0 Bandwidth**
        0   Normal .................................................default
        1   Improved

The above bits determine if DMA bandwidth is improved for the specified channel. If enabled, bandwidth improvement is accomplished by reducing the transaction latency between the DMA Controller and the LPC Bus Controller.

**Offset 5B – Miscellaneous Control 2 (01h).................... RW**

    **7-6**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0
    **5**   **PCI/DMA Memory Cycles Output to PCI Bus**
        0   Disable.................................................. default
        1   Enable
    **4**   **LPC PCS2**
        0   Disable.................................................. default
        1   Enable
    **3**   **Bypass APIC De-Assert Message**
        0   Disable.................................................. default
        1   Enable
    **2**   **APIC HyperTransport Mode**
        0   Disable.................................................. default
        1   Enable
    **1**   **INTE#, INTF#, INTG#, INTH#** (pins GPIO12-15)
        0   Disable (GPIO)..................................... default
        1   Enable (INT)
    **0**   **Dynamic Clock Stop**
        0   Disable
        1   Enable**................................................. default**

**Programmable Chip Select Control**

**Offset 5D-5C – PCS 0 I/O Port Address (0000h)............RW**
  **15-0   PCS 0 I/O Port Address**.......................... default = 0

**Offset 5F-5E – PCS 1 I/O Port Address (0000h) ............RW**
  **15-0   PCS 1 I/O Port Address**.......................... default = 0

**Offset 61-60 – PCS 2 I/O Port Address (0000h) .............RW**
  **15-0   PCS 2 I/O Port Address**.......................... default = 0

**Offset 63-62 – PCS 3 I/O Port Address (0000h) .............RW**
  **15-0   PCS 3 I/O Port Address**.......................... default = 0

**Offset 65-64 – PCS I/O Port Address Mask (0000h)......RW**
  **15-12  PCS 3 I/O Port Address Mask 3-0**
         0000 Decode range is 1 byte...........................default
         0001 Decode range is 2 bytes
         0011 Decode range is 4 bytes
         0111 Decode range is 8 bytes
         1111 Decode range is 16 bytes
  **11-8   PCS 2 I/O Port Address Mask 3-0**
         0000 Decode range is 1 byte...........................default
         0001 Decode range is 2 bytes
         0011 Decode range is 4 bytes
         0111 Decode range is 8 bytes
         1111 Decode range is 16 bytes
  **7-4    PCS 1 I/O Port Address Mask 3-0**
         0000 Decode range is 1 byte...........................default
         0001 Decode range is 2 bytes
         0011 Decode range is 4 bytes
         0111 Decode range is 8 bytes
         1111 Decode range is 16 bytes
  **3-0    PCS 0 I/O Port Address Mask 3-0**
         0000 Decode range is 1 byte...........................default
         0001 Decode range is 2 bytes
         0011 Decode range is 4 bytes
         0111 Decode range is 8 bytes
         1111 Decode range is 16 bytes

**Offset 66 – PCS Control (00h) ........................................ RW**
  **7    PCS 3 Internal I/O**
       0   Disable (External)................................. default
       1   Enable (Internal)
  **6    PCS 2 Internal I/O**
       0   Disable (External)................................. default
       1   Enable (Internal)
  **5    PCS 1 Internal I/O**
       0   Disable (External)................................. default
       1   Enable (Internal)
  **4    PCS 0 Internal I/O**
       0   Disable (External)................................. default
       1   Enable (Internal)
The above 4 bits determine whether Programmable Chip Selects 0-3 are treated as internal I/O

  **3    PCS 3**
       0   Disable................................................. default
       1   Enable
  **2    PCS 2**
       0   Disable................................................. default
       1   Enable
  **1    PCS 1**
       0   Disable................................................. default
       1   Enable
  **0    PCS 0**
       0   Disable................................................. default
       1   Enable

**Output Control**

**Offset 67 – Output Control (04h)....................................RW**
   7-3   **Reserved**   ....................................... always reads 0
    2    **FERR Voltage**
         0   2.5V
         1   1.5V **....................................default**
   1-0   **Reserved**   ....................................... always reads 0

**High Precision Event Timers (HPET)**

**Offset 68 – HPET Control (00h).................................... RW**
    7    **High Precision Event Timers**
         0   Disable.................................................. default
         1   Enable
   6-0   **Reserved**   .......................................always reads 0

**Offset 6B-69 – HPET Memory Base Address (000000h)RW**
   23-22   **Reserved**   .......................................always reads 0
   21-0   **HPET Memory Base Address [31:10]**

**ISA Decoding Control**

**Offset 6C – ISA Positive Decoding Control 1 .................RW**

**7   On-Board I/O (Ports 00-FFh) Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable

**6   Microsoft-Sound System I/O Port Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable (bits 5-4 determine the decode range)

**5-4   Microsoft Sound System I/O Decode Range**
    00   0530h-0537h ..........................................default
    01   0604h-060Bh
    10   0E80-0E87h
    11   0F40h-0F47h

**3   Internal APIC Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable

**2   BIOS ROM Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable

**1   Internal PCS1# Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable

**0   Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable

**Offset 6D – ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 .................RW**

**7   FDC Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable

**6   LPT Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable

**5-4   LPT Decode Range**
    00   3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh ......................default
    01   378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah
    10   278h-27Fh, 678h-67Ah
    11   -reserved-

**3   Game Port Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable

**2   MIDI Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable ..................................................default
    1   Enable

**1-0   MIDI Decode Range**
    00   300-303h ..............................................default
    01   310-313h
    10   320-323h
    11   330-333h

**Offset 6E – ISA Positive Decoding Control 3 ................. RW**

**7   COM Port B Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable

**6-4   COM-Port B Decode Range**
    000   3F8h-3FFh   (COM1)........................... default
    001   2F8h-2FFh   (COM2)
    010   220h-227h
    011   228h-22Fh
    100   238h-23Fh
    101   2E8h-2EFh   (COM4)
    110   338h-33Fh
    111   3E8h-3EFh   (COM3)

**3   COM Port A Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable

**2-0   COM-Port A Decode Range**
    000   3F8h-3FFh   (COM1)........................... default
    001   2F8h-2FFh   (COM2)
    010   220h-227h
    011   228h-22Fh
    100   238h-23Fh
    101   2E8h-2EFh   (COM4)
    110   338h-33Fh
    111   3E8h-3EFh   (COM3)

**Offset 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4 ................. RW**

**7   Reserved   .......................................always reads 0**

**6   LPC TPM Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable

**5   PCS2# and PCS3# Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable

**4   I/O Port 0CF9h Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable

**3   FDC Decoding Range**
    0   Primary ................................................ default
    1   Secondary

**2   Sound Blaster Positive Decoding**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable

**1-0   Sound Blaster Decode Range**
    00   220-233h.............................................. default
    01   240-253h
    10   260-273h
    11   280-293h

**PCI I/O Cycle Control**

**Offset 74 – PCI I/O Cycle Control (00h) .........................RW**
  **7-6**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
    **5**    **Forward LPC Cycles to External PCI Bus**
        0   Disable ...................................................default
        1   Enable
    **4**    **Forward LAN Cycles to External PCI Bus**
        0   Disable ...................................................default
        1   Enable
    **3**    **Forward USB 2.0 Cycles to External PCI Bus**
        0   Disable ...................................................default
        1   Enable
    **2**    **Forward USB 1.1 Cycles to External PCI Bus**
        0   Disable ...................................................default
        1   Enable
    **1**    **Forward SATA Cycles to External PCI Bus**
        0   Disable ...................................................default
        1   Enable
    **0**    **Forward PATA Cycles to External PCI Bus**
        0   Disable ...................................................default
        1   Enable

**I/O Pad Control**

**Offset 7C – I/O Pad Control (00h) ................................. RW**
  **7-6**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0
  **5-4**   **IDE (PATA) Interface Output Drive Strength**
        00  Lowest .................................................... default
        …   …
        11  Highest
  **3-0**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0

## Power Management-Specific Configuration Registers

**Offset 80 – General Configuration 0 (00h).....................RW**

**7** **Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0

**6** **Sleep Button**
  0 Disable ..................................................default
  1 Sleep Button is on GPI21 / ACSDIN3 pin (V3)

**5** **Debounce LID and PWRBTN# Inputs for 16ms**
  This bit controls whether the debounce circuit for the LID# and PWRBTN# inputs is enabled to reduce possible noise.
  0 Disable ..................................................default
  1 Enable

**4** **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0

**3** **Microsoft Sound Monitor in Audio Access**
  This bit controls whether an I/O access to the sound port sets I/O Rx33-30[10] (Audio Access Status) = 1.
  0 Disable ..................................................default
  1 Enable

**2** **Game Port Monitor in Audio Access**
  This bit controls whether an I/O access to the game port sets I/O Rx33-30[10] (Audio Access Status) = 1.
  0 Disable ..................................................default
  1 Enable

**1** **Sound Blaster Monitor in Audio Access**
  This bit controls whether an I/O access to the sound blaster port sets I/O Rx33-30[10] (Audio Access Status) = 1.
  0 Disable ..................................................default
  1 Enable

**0** **MIDI Monitor in Audio Access**
  This bit controls whether an I/O access to the MIDI port sets I/O Rx33-30[10] (Audio Access Status) = 1.
  0 Disable ..................................................default
  1 Enable

**Offset 81 - General Configuration 1 (04h)...................... RW**

**7** **I/O Enable for ACPI I/O Base**
  0 Disable access to ACPI I/O block ......... default
  1 Allow access to Power Management I/O Register Block (see offset 8B-88 to set the base address for this register block). The definitions of the registers in the Power Management I/O Register Block are included later in this document, following the Power Management Subsystem overview.

**6-4** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**3** **ACPI Timer Count Select**
  0 24-bit Timer.......................................... default
  1 32-bit Timer

**2** **RTC Enable Signal Gated with PSON (SUSC#) in Soft-Off Mode**
  This bit controls whether RTC control signals are gated during system suspend state. This is to prevent CMOS and Power-Well register data from being corrupted during system on/off when the control signals (PWRGD) may not be stable.
  0 Disable
  1 Enable**.................................................. default**

**1** **Clock Throttling Clock Select (STPCLK#)**
  This bit controls the timer tick base for the throttle timer.
  0 30 usec (480 usec cycle time when using a 4-bit timer)............................................... default
  1 1 msec (16 msec cycle time when using a 4-bit timer)
  The timer tick base can be further lowered to 7.5 usec (120 usec cycle time when using a 4-bit timer) by setting Rx8D[4] = 1. When Rx8D[4] = 1, the setting of this bit is ignored.

**0** **Reserved (Do Not Program)**................... default = 0

**Offset 82 - ACPI Interrupt Select ....................................RW**

    **7**    **ATX / AT Power Indicator** .................................**RO**
           0   ATX
           1   AT

    **6**    **PSON (SUSC#) Gating** ........................................**RO**
        During system on/off, this status bit reports whether
        PSON gating state has been completed, 0 meaning
        that gating is active now and 1 meaning that gating is
        complete. Software should not access any CMOS or
        Power-Well registers until this bit becomes 1 if
        Rx81[2] = 1 (see register description on previous
        page).
           0   PSON Gating Active
           1   PSON Gating Complete

    **5**    **Reserved**    ........................................ always reads 0

    **4**    **SUSC# AC-Power-On Default Value** .................**RO**
        This bit is written at RTC Index 0D bit-7. If this bit
        is 0, the system is configured to "default on" when
        power is connected.

  **3-0**   **SCI Interrupt Assignment**
        This field determines the routing of the ACPI IRQ.
      0000 Disabled .................................................default
      0001 IRQ1
      0010 Reserved
      0011 IRQ3
      0100 IRQ4
      0101 IRQ5
      0110 IRQ6
      0111 IRQ7
      1000 IRQ8
      1001 IRQ9
      1010 IRQ10
      1011 IRQ11
      1100 IRQ12
      1101 IRQ13
      1110 IRQ14
      1111 IRQ15

**Offset 85-84 - Primary Interrupt Channel (0000h)........RW**

If a device IRQ is enabled as a Primary IRQ, that device's IRQ can be used to generate wake events. The bits in this register are used in conjunction with:

■ PMIO Rx28[7] – Primary Resume Status
■ PMIO Rx2A[7] – Primary Resume Enable

If a device on one of the IRQ's is set to enable the Primary Interrupt, once the device generates an IRQ, the PMIO Rx28[7] status bit will become 1 to report the occurrence of the Primary IRQ. If PMIO Rx2A[7] is set to 1 to enable Resume-on-Primary-IRQ, the IRQ then becomes a wake event.

| | |
|---|---|
| 15 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ15 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 14 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ14 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 13 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ13 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 12 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ12 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 11 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ11 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 10 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ10 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 9 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ9 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 8 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ8 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 7 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ7 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 6 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ6 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 5 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ5 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 4 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ4 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 3 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ3 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 2 | Reserved ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 1 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ1 as Primary Intrpt Channel |
| 0 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ0 as Primary Intrpt Channel |

**Offset 87-86 - Secondary Interrupt Channel (0000h).... RW**

For legacy PMU, the bits in this register are used in conjunction with:

■ PMIO Rx28[1] – Secondary Event Timer Timeout Status
■ PMIO Rx2A[7] – SMI on Secondary Event Timer Timeout

Secondary IRQ's are different from Primary IRQ's in that systems that resume due to a Secondary IRQ can return directly to suspend state after the secondary event timer times out. For this to work, PMIO Rx2A[1] needs to be set to one to enable SMI-on-Secondary-Event-Timer-Timeout (when PMIO Rx28[1] = 1). The timer's count value can be set via Rx93-90[27-26].

| | |
|---|---|
| 15 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ15 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 14 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ14 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 13 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ13 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 12 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ12 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 11 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ11 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 10 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ10 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 9 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ9 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 8 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ8 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 7 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ7 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 6 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ6 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 5 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ5 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 4 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ4 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 3 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ3 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 2 | Reserved ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 1 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ1 as Secondary Intr Channel |
| 0 | 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ0 as Secondary Intr Channel |

**Offset 8B-88 – Power Management I/O Base ..................RW**

**31-16** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**15-7** **Power Management I/O Register Base Address**
Port Address for the base of the 128-byte Power Management I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[15:7]. See "Power Management I/O Space Registers" in this document for definitions of the registers in the Power Management I/O Register Block

**6-0** **0000001b**

**Offset 8C – Host Bus Power Management Control........RW**

**7-4** **Thermal Duty Cycle**
This field determines the duty cycle of STPCLK# when the THRM# pin is asserted. The STPCLK# duty cycle when THRM# is NOT asserted is controlled by PMIO Rx10[3:0]. The duty cycle indicates the percentage of performance (the lower the percentage, the lower the performance and the higher the power savings). If the Throttling Timer Width (Function 0 Rx8D[6-5]) is set to 3-bit width, bit-0 of this field should be set to 0 (and the performance increment will be 12.5%). If the Throttling Timer Width is set to 2-bit width, bits 1-0 of this field should be set to 0 (and the performance increment will be 25%).

Throttling Timer Width

| | 4-Bit | 3-Bit | 2-Bit |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0000 | -reserved- | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 0001 | 6.25% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 0010 | 12.50% | 12.50% | -reserved- |
| 0011 | 18.75% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 0100 | 25.00% | 25.00% | 25.00% |
| 0101 | 31.25% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 0110 | 37.50% | 37.50% | -reserved- |
| 0111 | 43.75% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 1000 | 50.00% | 50.00% | 50.00% |
| 1001 | 56.25% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 1010 | 62.50% | 62.50% | -reserved- |
| 1011 | 68.75% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 1100 | 75.00% | 75.00% | 75.00% |
| 1101 | 81.25% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 1110 | 87.50% | 87.50% | -reserved- |
| 1111 | 93.75% | -reserved- | -reserved- |

**3** **THRM Enable**
0 Disable ..................................................default
1 Enable

**2** **Processor Break Event**
0 Disable ..................................................default
1 Enable

**1-0** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 8D – Throttle / Clock Stop Control...................... RW**

**7** **Throttle Timer Reset**....................................def = 0

**6-5** **Throttle Timer**
This field determines the number of bits used for the throttle timer, which in conjunction with the throttle timer tick determines the cycle time of STPCLK#. For example, if a 2-bit timer and a 7.5 usec timer tick are selected, the STPCLK# cycle time would be 30 usec ($2^{**}2$ x 7.5). If a 4-bit timer and a 7.5 usec timer tick is selected, the cycle time would be 120 usec ($2^{**}4$ x 7.5).
0x 4-Bit .................................................. default
10 3-Bit
11 2-Bit
(see also Rx8C[7-4] and PMIO Rx10[3-0])

**4** **Fast Clock (7.5us) as Throttle Timer Tick**
This bit controls whether the throttle timer tick uses 7.5 usec as its time base (120 usec cycle time when using a 4-bit timer).
0 Timer Tick is selected by Rx81[1] ........ default
1 Timer Tick is 7.5 usec (Rx81[1] is ignored)

**3** **SMI Level Output (Low)**
0 Disable................................................. default
1 Enable (during an SMI event, SMI# is held low until SMI event status is cleared)

**2** **Internal Clock Stop for PCI Idle**
This bit controls whether the internal PCI clock is stopped when PCKRUN# is high.
0 PCI clock is not stopped ........................ default
1 PCI clock is stopped

**1** **Internal Clock Stop During C3**
This bit controls whether the internal PCI clock is stopped during C3 state.
0 PCI clock is not stopped ........................ default
1 PCI clock is stopped

**0** **Internal Clock Stop During Suspend**
This bit controls whether the internal PCI clock is stopped during Suspend state.
0 PCI clock is not stopped ........................ default
1 PCI clock is stopped

**Offset 93-90 - GP Timer Control (0000 0000h) ..............RW**

**31-30 Conserve Mode Timer Count Value**
    00  1/16 second ...........................................default
    01  1/8 second
    10  1 second
    11  1 minute

**29 Conserve Mode Status**
This bit reads 1 when in Conserve Mode

**28 Conserve Mode**
This bit controls whether conserve mode (throttling) is enabled. When this bit is set, the system can enter conserve mode when primary activity is not detected within a given time period (determined by bits 31-30 of this register). Primary activity is defined in PMIO Rx33-30.
    0  Disable ..................................................default
    1  Enable

**27-26 Secondary Event Timer Count Value**
    00  2 milliseconds ........................................default
    01  64 milliseconds
    10  ½ second
    11  by EOI + 0.25 milliseconds

**25 Secondary Event Occurred Status**
This bit reads 1 to indicate that a secondary event has occurred (to resume the system from suspend) and the secondary event timer is counting down.

**24 Secondary Event Timer Enable**
    0  Disable ..................................................default
    1  Enable

**23-16 GP1 Timer Count Value** (base defined by bits 5-4)
Write to load count value; Read to get current count

**15-8 GP0 Timer Count Value** (base defined by bits 1-0)
Write to load count value; Read to get current count

**7 GP1 Timer Start**
On setting this bit to 1, the GP1 timer loads the value defined by bits 23-16 of this register and starts counting down. The GP1 timer is reloaded at the occurrence of certain peripheral events enabled in the GP Timer Reload Enable Register (Power Management I/O Space Offset 38h). If no such event occurs and the GP1 timer counts down to zero, then the GP1 Timer Timeout Status bit is set to one (bit-3 of the Global Status register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 28h). Additionally, if the GP1 Timer Timeout Enable bit is set (bit-3 of the Global Enable register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 2Ah), then an SMI is generated.

**6 GP1 Timer Automatic Reload**
    0  GP1 Timer stops at 0 ............................ default
    1  Reload GP1 timer automatically after counting down to 0

**5-4 GP1 Timer Base**
    00  Disable.................................................. default
    01  1/16 second
    10  1 second
    11  1 minute

**3 GP0 Timer Start**
On setting this bit to 1, the GP0 timer loads the value defined by bits 15-8 of this register and starts counting down. The GP0 timer is reloaded at the occurrence of certain peripheral events enabled in the GP Timer Reload Enable Register (Power Management I/O Space Offset 38h). If no such event occurs and the GP0 timer counts down to zero, then the GP0 Timer Timeout Status bit is set to one (bit-2 of the Global Status register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 28h). Additionally, if the GP0 Timer Timeout Enable bit is set (bit-2 of the Global Enable register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 2Ah), then an SMI is generated.

**2 GP0 Timer Automatic Reload**
    0  GP0 Timer stops at 0 ............................ default
    1  Reload GP0 timer automatically after counting down to 0

**1-0 GP0 Timer Base**
    00  Disable.................................................. default
    01  1/16 second
    10  1 second
    11  1 minute

**Offset 94 – Power Well Control .......................................WO**

**7    SMBus Clock Select**
    0    SMBus Clock from 14.31818 MHz Divider
    1    SMBus Clock from RTC 32.768 KHz ..default

**6    Check Power Button Enable for STR/STD Wake-up by PWRBTN#**
    0    Disable .................................................default
    1    Enable

**5    Internal PLL Reset During Suspend**
    0    **Enable** ................................................default
    1    **Disable**

**4    SUSST1# / GPO3 Select (Pin Y3)**
    0    SUSST1# ..............................................default
    1    GPO3

**3    Gating Command D2 Interrupt**
    0    Disable (not gating D2 command INT)..default
    1    Enable (gating D2 command INT)

**2    GPO2 / SUSA# Select (Pin AD3)**
    0    SUSA# ................................................default
    1    GPO2

**1-0  GPO0 Output Select (Pin AA3)**
This field controls the GPO0 output signal for Pulse Width Modulation.
    00   GPO0 Fixed Output Level (defined by PMIO Rx4C[0]) ................................................default
    01   GPO0 output is 1 Hz "SLOWCLK"
    10   GPO0 output is 4 Hz "SLOWCLK"
    11   GPO0 output is 16 Hz "SLOWCLK"

**Offset 95 – Miscellaneous Power Well Control............. RW**

**7    CPUSTP# to SUSST# Delay Select**
This bit controls the delay between the deassertion of CPUSTP# and the deassertion of SUSST# during a resume.
    0    1 msec minimum .................................. default
    1    125 usec minimum

**6    SUSST# Deasserted Before PWRGD for STD**
    0    Disable
    1    Enable (SUST# is deasserted before PWRGD when resuming from STD).................... default

**5    Keyboard / Mouse Port Swap**
This bit determines whether the keyboard and mouse ports can be swapped.
    0    Disable................................................. default
    1    Enable

**4    Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**3    SMB2 / GPO Select**
    0    SMBDT2 / SMBCK2 ........................... default
    1    GPO26 / GPO27

**2    AOL 2 SMB Slave**
This bit controls whether external SMB masters can access internal SMB registers (for Alert-On-LAN).
    0    Enable................................................... default
    1    Disable

**1    SUSCLK / GPO4 Select**
    0    SUSCLK.............................................. default
    1    GPO4

**0    USB Wakeup for STR / STD / Soft Off**
This bit controls whether USB Wakeup is enabled when PMIO Rx21-20[14] (USB Wakeup Status) = 1. This allows wakeup from STR, STD, Soft Off and POS.
    0    Disable................................................. default
    1    Enable

**Offset 96 – Power On / Reset Control............................ RW**

**7-4  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**3-0  CPU Frequency Strapping Value Output to NMI, INTR, IGNNE# and A20M# during RESET#**
The value written to this field is strapped through NMI, INTR, IGNNE# and A20M# during RESET# to determine the multiplier for setting the CPU's internal frequency. If the CPU hangs due to inappropriate settings written here, the GP3 timer (second timeout) can be used to initiate a system reboot (PMIO Rx42[2] = 1). Refer to the BIOS Porting Guide for additional details.

**Offset 98 – GP2 / GP3 Timer Control .............................RW**

   **7**   **GP3 Timer Start**

On setting this bit to 1, the GP3 timer loads the value defined by Rx9A and starts counting down. The GP3 timer is reloaded at the occurrence of certain events enabled in the GP Timer Reload Enable Register (Power Management I/O Space Offset 38h). If no such event occurs and the GP3 timer counts down to zero, then the GP3 Timer Timeout Status bit is set to one (bit-13 of the Global Status register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 28h). Additionally, if the GP3 Timer Timeout Enable bit is set (bit-13 of the Global Enable register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 2Ah), then an SMI is generated.

   **6**   **GP3 Timer Automatic Reload**

      0   GP3 Timer stops at 0 ............................default
      1   Reload GP3 timer automatically after counting down to 0

  **5-4**  **GP3 Timer Tick Select**

      00  Disable ..................................................default
      01  1/16 second
      10  1 second
      11  1 minute

   **3**   **GP2 Timer Start**

On setting this bit to 1, the GP2 timer loads the value defined by Rx99 and starts counting down. The GP2 timer is reloaded at the occurrence of certain events enabled in the GP Timer Reload Enable Register (Power Management I/O Space Offset 38h). If no such event occurs and the GP2 timer counts down to zero, then the GP2 Timer Timeout Status bit is set to one (bit-12 of the Global Status register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 28h). Additionally, if the GP2 Timer Timeout Enable bit is set (bit-12 of the Global Enable register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 2Ah), then an SMI is generated.

   **2**   **GP2 Timer Automatic Reload**

      0   GP2 Timer stops at 0 ............................default
      1   Reload GP2 timer automatically after counting down to 0

  **1-0**  **GP2 Timer Tick Select**

      00  Disable ..................................................default
      01  1/16 second
      10  1 second
      11  1 minute

**Offset 99 – GP2 Timer ..................................................... RW**

   **7**   **Write: GP2 Timer Load Value** .............. default = 0
       **Read: GP2 Timer Current Count**

**Offset 9A – GP3 Timer...................................................... RW**

   **7**   **Write: GP3 Timer Load Value** .............. default = 0
       **Read: GP3 Timer Current Count**

**Offset C3-C0 – Power Management Capability.............. RO**

 **31-16**  **Power Management Capability**.always reads 0002h
  **15-8**  **Next Pointer**....................................always reads 00h
   **7-0**  **Capability ID** .................................always reads 01h

**Offset C7-C4 – Power Mgmt Capability CSR............... RW**

 **31-24**  **Power Management Data** ..............always reads 00h
 **23-16**  **PM CSR P2P Support Extensions** always reads 00h
  **15-0**  **PM Control / Status (D0/D3 Only)**..default = 0000h

**System Management Bus-Specific Configuration Registers**

**Offset D1-D0 – SMBus I/O Base ......................................RW**
  15-4  **I/O Base (16-byte I/O space)** .............. default = 00h
  3-0  **Fixed**  ............................... always reads 0001b

**Offset D2 – SMBus Host Configuration..........................RW**
  7-4  **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
  3  **SMBus Interrupt Type**
    0  SMI  ....................................................default
    1  SCI
  2  **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
  1  **SMBus Interrupt Enable**
    0  Disable SCI / SMI..................................default
    1  Enable SCI / SMI
  0  **SMBus Host Controller Enable**
    0  Disable SMB controller functions..........default
    1  Enable SMB controller functions

**Offset D3 – SMBus Host Slave Command ......................RW**
  7-0  **SMBus Host Slave Command Code** ......... default=0

**Offset D4 – SMBus Slave Address for Port 1 .................RW**
  7-1  **SMBus Slave Address for Port 1** ............. default=0
  0  **Read / Write for Shadow Port 1**

**Offset D5 – SMBus Slave Address for Port 2 .................RW**
  7-1  **SMBus Slave Address for Port 2** ............. default=0
  0  **Read / Write for Shadow Port 2**

**Offset D6 – SMBus Revision ID........................................RO**
  7-0  **SMBus Revision Code**

**SMB GPIO Slave Command Codes**

**SMBus Command Code 0 – GPIO Slave Input Port...... RO**
  7-0  **Input Data**  ...................................... default per pins
    Reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins,
    regardless of whether the pin is defined as an input or
    an output.  Writes to this register have no effect.

**SMBus Command Code 1 – GPIO Slave Output Port.. RW**
  7-0  **Output Data**.............................................. default = 0
    Controls the levels of the GPIO output pins defined
    as outputs.  Bit values in this register have no effect
    on pins defined as inputs.  Reads from this register
    reflect the saved value last written, not the actual pin
    value.

**SMBus Cmd Code 2 – GPIO Slave Polarity Inversion . RW**
  7-0  **Polarity Inversion**..................................default = 0Fh
    This register enables polarity inversion of pins
    defined as inputs by Command Code 3.
      0  Corresponding pin's polarity unchanged
      1  Corresponding pin's polarity inverted

**SMBus Cmd Code 3 – GPIO Slave I/O Configuration . RW**
  7-0  **Input / Output Configuration**............default = 0FFh
    This register configures the directions of the I/O pins.
      0  Corresponding pin is an output
      1  Corresponding pin is an input**.............. default**

**General Purpose I/O Control Registers**

**Offset E0 – GPI Inversion Control ...................................RW**

**7-4**  **GPI[27-24] Input Inversion**
   0   Non-inverted .........................................default
   1   Inverted

**3-0**  **GPI[19-16] Input Inversion**
   0   Non-inverted .........................................default
   1   Inverted

**Offset E1 – GPI SCI / SMI Select ...................................RW**

**7-4**  **GPI[27-24] SCI / SMI Select**
   When GPI[27-24, 19-16] are set to enable SCI / SMI generation (PMIO Rx52), this field determines whether an SCI or SMI is generated.
   0   SCI   ....................................................default
   1   SMI

**3-0**  **GPI[19-16] SCI / SMI Select**
   0   SCI   ....................................................default
   1   SMI

**Offset E4 – GPO Pin Select ............................................RW**

**7**  **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
**6**  **ACSDIN2,3 / GPIO20,21 Select (Pins U1, V3)**
   This bit is ignored if any of RxE5 bits 1, 2, 4, or 5 = 1
   0   U1 = ACSDIN2, V3 = ACSDIN3 ..........default
   1   U1 = GPIO20, V3 = GPIO21
**5**  **UDPWRxx / GPIO9 Select (Pins D25, D26)**
   0   D25 = UDPWREN#, D26 = UDPWR  ..default
   1   D25 = GPO9, D26 = GPI9
**4**  **GPIO[15:12] Direction (Pins B3, A3, E4, D4)**
   0   Input (pins are GPI[15:12] / INT[H:E]) .default
   1   Output (pins are GPO[15:12])
   (see also Rx5B[1] for GPO/Int select)
**3**  **GPIO8 Pin Direction (Pin AC9)**
   0   Input (AC9=GPI8 / VGATE).................default
        (see RxE5[4] for GPI8 / VGATE select)
   1   Output (AC9=GPO8)
**2**  **GNT5# / GPO7 Select (Pin R2)**
     **REQ5# / GPI7 Select (Pin R3)**
   0   R2 = GPO7, R3 = GPI7 .........................default
   1   R2 = GNT5#, R3 = REQ5#
**1**  **PCISTP# / GPO6 Select (Pin AF6)**
   0   AF6 = PCISTP#....................................default
   1   AF6 = GPO6
**0**  **CPUSTP# / GPO5 Select (Pin AC7)**
   0   AC7 = CPUSTP# ..................................default
   1   AC7 = GPO5

**Offset E5 – GPIO I/O Select 1 ......................................... RW**

**7**  **Voltage Regulator Change Timer Select**
   0   100 usec.................................................. default
   1   200 usec
**6**  **AGPBZ# Source of Bus Master Status**
   0   Disable.................................................... default
   1   Enable
**5**  **External APIC Wakeup from INTH#**
   0   Disable.................................................... default
   1   Enable
**4**  **VGATE on GPIO8 (Pin AC9)**
   0   AC9 = GPIO8.......................................... default
   1   AC9 = VGATE (bit 1 & RxE4[6] are ignored)
**3**  **CPU Frequency Change** ..........................default = 0

| | AC8 | R22 | AB9 | P21 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | Enable | VIDSEL | GHI# | VRDSLP | DPSLP# |
| 1 | Disable | GPIO28 | GPIO22 | GPIO29 | GPIO23 |

**2**  **PCS1# on ACSDIN3 (Pin V3)**
   0   V3 = ACSDIN3 / GPIO21 / SLPBTN#. default
   1   V3 = PCS1# (RxE4[6] ignored)
**1**  **PCS0# on ACSDIN2 (Pin U1)**
   0   U1 = ACSDIN2 / GPIO20..................... default
   1   U1 = PCS0# (RxE4[6] ignored)
**0**  **SATALED# Function on GPIO28 (Pin AC8)**
   0   Disable.................................................... default
   1   Enable

**Offset E6 – GPIO I/O Select 2 ......................................... RW**

**7**  **GPI31 / GPO31 (GPIOD) Select (Pin AC6)**
   0   AC6 = GPI31........................................ default
   1   AC6 = GPO31 / GPIOD
**6**  **GPI30 / GPO30 (GPIOC) Select (Pin AF5)**
   0   AF5 = GPI30........................................ default
   1   AF5 = GPO30 / GPIOC
**5-2**  **Reserved**   ......................................always reads 0
**1**  **GPI25 / GPO25 (GPIOB) Select (Pin AD5)**
   0   AD5 = GPI25......................................... default
   1   AD5 = GPO25 / GPIOB
**0**  **GPI24 / GPO24 (GPIOA) Select (Pin AE5)**
   0   AE5 = GPI24......................................... default
   1   AE5 = GPO24 / GPIOA

**Watchdog Timer Registers**

**Offset EB-E8 – Watchdog Timer Memory Base ............RW**
   31-8   **Watchdog Timer Memory Base [31:8]**
   7-0    **Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset EC – Watchdog Timer Control (00h)...................RW**
   7-3    **Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0
   2      **C3 VID / FID Latency Reduce to 5us**
   1      **Watchdog Timer**
              0    Disable ..................................................default
              1    Enable (after being set to 1, this bit can only
                   be set to 0 by PCI reset)
   0      **Watchdog Timer Memory**
              0    Disable ..................................................default
              1    Enable

**Power Management I/O-Space Registers**

**Basic Power Management Control and Status**

**I/O Offset 1-0 - Power Management Status ................ RWC**
The bits in this register are set only by hardware and can be reset by software by writing a one to the desired bit position.

**15** **Wakeup Status** ........................................ default = 0
This bit is set when the system is in the suspend state and an enabled resume event occurs. Upon setting this bit, the system automatically transitions from the suspend state to the normal working state (from C3 to C0 for the processor).

**14-12** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**11** **Abnormal Power-Off Status** ................... default = 0

**10** **RTC Alarm Status** .................................. default = 0
This bit is set when the RTC generates an alarm (on assertion of the RTC IRQ signal).

**9** **Sleep Button Status** ................................. default = 0
This bit is set when the sleep button is pressed (SLPBTN# signal asserted low).

**8** **Power Button Status** ............................... default = 0
This bit is set when the PWRBTN# signal is asserted low. If the PWRBTN# signal is held low for more than four seconds and this bit is cleared, the system will transition into the soft off state.

**7-6** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**5** **Global Status** .......................................... default = 0
This bit is set by hardware when the BIOS Release bit is set (typically by an SMI routine to release control of the SCI / SMI lock). When this bit is cleared by software (by writing a one to this bit position) the BIOS Release bit is also cleared at the same time by hardware.

**4** **Bus Master Status** .................................. default = 0
This bit is set when a system bus master requests the system bus. All PCI master, ISA master and ISA DMA devices are included.

**3-1** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**0** **ACPI Timer Carry Status** ....................... default = 0
The bit is set when the $23^{rd}$ (31st) bit of the 24 (32) bit ACPI power management timer changes.

**I/O Offset 3-2 - Power Management Enable ................. RW**
The bits in this register correspond to the bits in the Power Management Status Register at offset 1-0.

**15** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**14-12** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**11** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**10** **RTC Alarm Enable** ................................. default = 0
This bit may be set to trigger either an SCI or an SMI (depending on the setting of the SCI Enable bit) to be generated when the RTC Status bit is set.

**9** **Sleep Button Enable** ................................ default = 0
This bit may be set to trigger either an SCI or SMI when the Sleep Button Status bit is set.

**8** **Power Button Enable** ............................... default = 0
This bit may be set to trigger either an SCI or an SMI (depending on the setting of the SCI Enable bit) to be generated when the Power Button Status bit is set.

**7-6** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**5** **Global Enable** ......................................... default = 0
This bit may be set to trigger either an SCI or an SMI (depending on the setting of the SCI Enable bit) to be generated when the Global Status bit is set.

**4** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**3-1** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**0** **ACPI Timer Enable** ................................ default = 0
This bit may be set to trigger either an SCI or an SMI (depending on the setting of the SCI Enable bit) to be generated when the Timer Status bit is set.

**I/O Offset 5-4 - Power Management Control .................RW**

**15    Soft Resume**
This bit is used to allow a system using an AT power supply to operate as if an ATX power supply were being used.  Refer to the BIOS Porting Guide for implementation details.
    0    Disable ................................................default
    1    Enable

**14    Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**13    Sleep Enable** ................................ Write 1 to activate
This is a write-only bit;  reads from this bit always return zero.  Writing a one to this bit causes the system to sequence into the sleep (suspend) state defined by the Sleep Type field.

**12-10  Sleep Type**
    000   Normal On
    001   Suspend to RAM (STR)
    010   Suspend to Disk (STD) (also called Soft Off). The VCC power plane is turned off while the VSUS33 and VBAT planes remain on.
    011   Reserved
    100   Power On Suspend without Reset
    101   Power On Suspend with CPU/PCI Reset
    11x   Reserved
In any sleep state, there is minimal interface between powered and non-powered planes so that the effort for hardware design may be well managed.

**9    Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**8    STD Command Generates System Reset Only**
    0    Disable ................................................default
    1    Enable (STD command generates a system reset and not STD)

**7-3    Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**2    Global Release** ................................ **WO**, default = 0
This bit is set by ACPI software to indicate the release of the SCI / SMI lock.  Upon setting of this bit, the hardware automatically sets the BIOS Status bit.  The bit is cleared by hardware when the BIOS Status bit is cleared by software.  Note that the setting of this bit will cause an SMI to be generated if the BIOS Enable bit is set (bit-5 of the Global Enable register at offset 2Ah).

**1    Bus Master Reload**
This bit controls whether bus master requests (PMIO Rx00[4] = 1) transition the processor from C3 to C0 state.
    0    Bus master requests are ignored by power management logic ..................................default
    1    Bus master requests transition the processor from the C3 state to the C0 state

**0    SCI / SMI Select**
This bit controls whether SCI or SMI is generated for power management events triggered by the Power Button, Sleep Button and RTC (when PMIO Rx1-0 bits 8, 9, or 10 equal one).
    0    Generate SMI ....................................... default
    1    Generate SCI
Note that certain power management events can be programmed individually to generate an SCI or SMI independent of the setting of this bit (refer to the General Purpose SCI Enable and General Purpose SMI Enable registers at offsets 22 and 24).  Also, Timer Status & Global Status always generate SCI and BIOS Status always generates SMI.

**I/O Offset 0B-08 - Power Management Timer.............. RW**

**31-24  Extended Timer Value**
This field reads back 0 if the 24-bit timer option is selected (Rx81 bit-3).

**23-0   Timer Value**
This read-only field returns the running count of the power management timer.  This is a 24/32-bit counter that runs off a 3.579545 MHz clock and counts while in the S0 (working) system state.  The timer is reset to an initial value of zero during a reset, and then continues counting until the 14.31818 MHz input to the chip is stopped.  If the clock is restarted without a reset, then the counter will continue counting from where it stopped.

**Processor Power Management Registers**

**I/O Offset 13-10 - Processor & PCI Bus Control ...........RW**

**31-12  Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0

**11  Disable PCISTP# When PCKRUN# is Deasserted**
- 0  Enable ...................................................default
- 1  Disable

**10  PCI Bus Clock Run Without Stop**
- 0  PCKRUN# is always asserted................default
- 1  PCKRUN# will be de-activated after the PCI bus is idle for 26 clocks

**9  Host Clock Stop**
This bit controls whether CPUSTP# is asserted in C3 and S1 states.  Normally CPUSTP# is not asserted in C3 and S1 states, only STPCLK# is asserted.
- 0  CPUSTP# <u>will not</u> be asserted in C3 and S1 states (only STPCLK# is asserted).........default
- 1  CPUSTP# <u>will</u> be asserted in C3 and S1 states

**8  Assert SLP# for Processor Level 3 Read**
This bit controls whether SLP# is asserted in C3 state.
- 0  SLP# is not asserted in C3 state .............default
- 1  SLP# is asserted in C3 state

Used with Intel CPUs only.

**7  Lower CPU Voltage During C3 / S1**
This bit controls whether the CPU <u>voltage</u> is lowered when in C3/S1 state.  The voltage is lowered using the VRDSLP signal to the voltage regulator.  PMIO RxE5[3] must be 0 to enable the voltage change function.  Bits 8 and 9 of this register must also be set to 1.
- 0  Disable (normal voltage during C3/S1) .......def
- 1  Enable (lower voltage during C3/S1)

**6-5  Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0

**4  Throttling Enable**
Setting this bit starts clock throttling (modulating the STPCLK# signal) regardless of the CPU state.  The throttling duty cycle is determined by bits 3-0 of this register.

**3-0  Throttling Duty Cycle**
This field determines the duty cycle of the STPCLK# signal when the system is in throttling mode ("Throttling Enable" bit of this register set to one).  The duty cycle indicates the percentage of performance (the lower the percentage, the lower the performance and the higher the power savings).  If the Throttling Timer Width (Function 0 Rx8D[6-5]) is set to 3-bit width, bit-0 of this field should be set to 0 (and the performance increment will be 12.5%).  If the Throttling Timer Width is set to 2-bit width, bits 1-0 of this field should be set to 0 (and the performance increment will be 25%).

| | Throttling Timer Width | | |
|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 4-Bit | 3-Bit | 2-Bit |
| 0000 | -reserved- | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 0001 | 6.25% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 0010 | 12.50% | 12.50% | -reserved- |
| 0011 | 18.75% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 0100 | 25.00% | 25.00% | 25.00% |
| 0101 | 31.25% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 0110 | 37.50% | 37.50% | -reserved- |
| 0111 | 43.75% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 1000 | 50.00% | 50.00% | 50.00% |
| 1001 | 56.25% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 1010 | 62.50% | 62.50% | -reserved- |
| 1011 | 68.75% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 1100 | 75.00% | 75.00% | 75.00% |
| 1101 | 81.25% | -reserved- | -reserved- |
| 1110 | 87.50% | 87.50% | -reserved- |
| 1111 | 93.75% | -reserved- | -reserved- |

**I/O Offset 14 - Processor Level 2.................................... RO**

**7-0  Level 2**  ........................................always reads 0
Reads from this register put the processor into the Stop Grant state (the VT8237R Plus asserts STPCLK# to suspend the processor).  Wake up from Stop Grant state is by interrupt (INTR, SMI and SCI).

Reads from this register return all zeros; writes to this register have no effect.

**I/O Offset 15 - Processor Level 3.................................... RO**

**7-0  Level 3**  ........................................always reads 0
Reads from this register put the processor in the C3 clock state with the STPCLK# signal asserted.  If Rx10[9] = 1 then the CPU clock is also stopped by asserting CPUSTP#.  Wakeup from the C3 state is by interrupt (INTR, SMI and SCI).

Reads from this register return all zeros; writes to this register have no effect.

**General Purpose Power Management Registers**

**I/O Offset 21-20 - General Purpose Status..................RWC**

| | |
|---|---|
| 15 | **North Bridge SERR# Status** |
| 14 | **USB Wake-Up Status** |
| | For STR / STD / Soff |
| 13 | **AC97 Wake-Up Status** |
| | Can be set only in suspend mode |
| 12 | **Battery Low Status** |
| | Set when the BATLOW# input is asserted low. |
| 11 | **Notebook Lid Status** |
| | Set when the LID input detects the edge selected by Rx2C bit-7 (0=rising, 1=falling). |
| 10 | **Thermal Detect Status** |
| | Set when the THRM# input detects the edge selected by Rx2C bit-6 (0=rising, 1=falling). |
| 9 | **Internal Mouse Controller PME Status** |
| 8 | **Ring Status** |
| | Set when the RING# input is asserted low. |
| 7 | **GP3 Timer Timeout Status** |
| 6 | **INTRUDER# Status** |
| | Set when the INTRUDER# pin is asserted low. |
| 5 | **PME# Status** |
| | Set when the PME# pin is asserted low. |
| 4 | **EXTSMI# Status** |
| | Set when the EXTSMI# pin is asserted low. |
| 3 | **Internal LAN PME Status** |
| | Set when the internal LAN PME signal is asserted. |
| 2 | **Internal Keyboard Controller PME Status** |
| | Set when the internal KBC PME signal is asserted. |
| 1 | **GPI1 Status** |
| | Set when the GPI1 pin is asserted low. |
| 0 | **GPI0 Status** |
| | Set when the GPI0 pin is asserted low. |

Note that the above bits correspond one for one with the bits of the General Purpose SCI Enable and General Purpose SMI Enable registers at offsets 22 and 24: an SCI or SMI is generated if the corresponding bit of the General Purpose SCI or SMI Enable registers, respectively, is set to one.

The above bits are set by hardware only and can only be cleared by writing a one to the desired bit.

**I/O Offset 23-22 - General Purpose SCI Enable ............ RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[15]** | def=0 |
| 14 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[14]** | def=0 |
| 13 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[13]** | def=0 |
| 12 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[12]** | def=0 |
| 11 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[11]** | def=0 |
| 10 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[10]** | def=0 |
| 9 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[9]** | def=0 |
| 8 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[8]** | def=0 |
| 7 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[7]** | def=0 |
| 6 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[6]** | def=0 |
| 5 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[5]** | def=0 |
| 4 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[4]** | def=0 |
| 3 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[3]** | def=0 |
| 2 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[2]** | def=0 |
| 1 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[1]** | def=0 |
| 0 | **Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[0]** | def=0 |

These bits allow generation of an SCI using a separate set of conditions from those used for generating an SMI.

**I/O Offset 25-24 - General Purpose SMI Enable ........... RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[15]** | def=0 |
| 14 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[14]** | def=0 |
| 13 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[13]** | def=0 |
| 12 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[12]** | def=0 |
| 11 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[11]** | def=0 |
| 10 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[10]** | def=0 |
| 9 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[9]** | def=0 |
| 8 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[8]** | def=0 |
| 7 | **Reserved** | always reads 0 |
| 6 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[6]** | def=0 |
| 5 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[5]** | def=0 |
| 4 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[4]** | def=0 |
| 3 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[3]** | def=0 |
| 2 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[2]** | def=0 |
| 1 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[1]** | def=0 |
| 0 | **Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[0]** | def=0 |

These bits allow generation of an SMI using a separate set of conditions from those used for generating an SCI.

**Generic Power Management Registers**

**I/O Offset 29-28 - Global Status....................................RWC**

**15**  **PCS1 Access Status**.................................. default = 0
**14**  **PCS0 Access Status**.................................. default = 0
**13**  **GP3 Timer Timeout Status** ..................... default = 0
**12**  **GP2 Timer Timeout Status** ..................... default = 0
**11**  **SERIRQ SMI Status**.............................. default = 0
**10**  **Rx5[5] Write SMI Status**......................... default = 0
        This bit reports whether Rx5[5] is written. If Rx2B[3] is set to enable SMI, an SMI in generated when this bit = 1.
**9**   **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
**8**   **PCKRUN# Resume Status**...................... default = 0
        This bit is set when PCI bus peripherals wake up the system by asserting PCKRUN#
**7**   **Primary IRQ/INIT/NMI/SMI Resume Status**def=0
        This bit is set at the occurrence of primary IRQs as defined in Rx85-84 of PCI configuration space
**6**   **Software SMI Status**................................ default = 0
        This bit is set when the SMI Command port (Rx2F) is written.
**5**   **BIOS Status**............................................. default = 0
        This bit is set when the Global Release bit is set to one (typically by the ACPI software to release control of the SCI/SMI lock). When this bit is reset (by writing a one to this bit position) the Global Release bit is reset at the same time by hardware.
**4**   **Legacy USB Status**................................... default = 0
        This bit is set when a legacy USB event occurs. This is normally used for USB keyboards.
**3**   **GP1 Timer Time Out Status** ................... default = 0
        This bit is set when the GP1 timer times out.
**2**   **GP0 Timer Time Out Status** ................... default = 0
        This bit is set when the GP0 timer times out.
**1**   **Secondary Event Timer Time Out Status**...... def=0
        This bit is set when the secondary event timer times out.
**0**   **Primary Activity Status**........................... default = 0
        This bit is set at the occurrence of any enabled primary system activity (see the Primary Activity Detect Status register at offset 30h and the Primary Activity Detect Enable register at offset 34h). After checking this bit, software can check the status bits in the Primary Activity Detect Status register at offset 30h to identify the specific source of the primary event. Note that setting this bit can be enabled to reload the GP0 timer (see bit-0 of the GP Timer Reload Enable register at offset 38).

Note that SMI can be generated based on the setting of any of the above bits (see the Rx2A Global Enable register bit descriptions in the right hand column of this page).

The bits in this register are set by hardware only and can only be cleared by writing a one to the desired bit position.

The bits in this register are for SMI's only while the bits in Rx21-20 are for SMI's and SCI's

**I/O Offset 2B-2A - Global Enable ..................................... RW**

**15**  **PCS1 SMI Enable**................................... default = 0
**14**  **PCS0 SMI Enable**................................... default = 0
**13**  **GP3 Timer Timeout SMI Enable**............ default = 0
**12**  **GP2 Timer Timeout SMI Enable**............ default = 0
**11**  **SERIRQ SMI Enable**.............................. default = 0
**10**  **SMI on Sleep Enable Write** ..................... default = 0


**9**   **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
**8**   **PCKRUN# Resume Enable** ..................... default = 0
        This bit may be set to trigger an SMI to be generated when the PCKRUN# Resume Status bit is set.
**7**   **Primary IRQ/INIT/NMI/SMI Resume Enable In Post State**  ............................................. default = 0
        This bit may be set to trigger an SMI to be generated when the Primary IRQ / INIT / NMI / SMI Resume Status bit is set.
**6**   **SMI on Software SMI** .............................. default = 0
        This bit may be set to trigger an SMI to be generated when the Software SMI Status bit is set.
**5**   **SMI on BIOS Status**................................ default = 0
        This bit may be set to trigger an SMI to be generated when the BIOS Status bit is set.




**4**   **SMI on Legacy USB** ................................. default = 0
        This bit may be set to trigger an SMI to be generated when the Legacy USB Status bit is set.
**3**   **SMI on GP1 Timer Time Out** ................. default = 0
        This bit may be set to trigger an SMI to be generated when the GP1 Timer Timeout Status bit is set.
**2**   **SMI on GP0 Timer Time Out** ................. default = 0
        This bit may be set to trigger an SMI to be generated when the GP0 Timer Timeout Status bit is set.
**1**   **SMI on Secondary Event Timer Time Out** ....def=0
        This bit may be set to trigger an SMI to be generated when the Secondary Event Timer Timeout Status bit is set.
**0**   **SMI on Primary Activity** ......................... default = 0
        This bit may be set to trigger an SMI to be generated when the Primary Activity Status bit is set.

**I/O Offset 2D-2C - Global Control ..................................RW**

**15-12  Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
  **11  IDE Secondary Bus Power-Off**
      0  Disable ..................................default
      1  Enable
  **10  IDE Primary Bus Power-Off**
      0  Disable ..................................default
      1  Enable
  **9  Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
  **8  SMI Active**
      0  SMI Inactive..........................................default
      1  SMI Active.  If the SMI Lock bit is set, this bit needs to be written with a 1 to clear it before the next SMI can be generated.
  **7  LID Triggering Polarity**
      0  Rising Edge...........................................default
      1  Falling Edge
  **6  THRM# Triggering Polarity**
      0  Rising Edge...........................................default
      1  Falling Edge
  **5  Battery Low Resume Disable**
      0  Enable resume.......................................default
      1  Disable resume from suspend when BATLOW# is asserted
  **4-3  Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
  **2  Power Button Triggering Select**
      0  SCI/SMI generated by PWRBTN# rising edge .....................................................default
      1  SCI/SMI generated by PWRBTN# falling edge
      Set to zero to avoid the situation where the Power Button Status bit is set to wake up the system then reset again by PBOR Status to switch the system into the soft-off state.
  **1  BIOS Release**
      This bit is set by legacy software to indicate release of the SCI/SMI lock.  Upon setting of this bit, hardware automatically sets the Global Status bit. This bit is cleared by hardware when the Global Status bit cleared by software.
      Note that if the Global Enable bit is set (Power Management Enable register Rx2[5]), then setting this bit causes an SCI to be generated (because setting this bit causes the Global Status bit to be set).
  **0  SMI Enable**
      0  Disable all SMI generation ...................default
      1  Enable SMI generation

**I/O Offset 2F - SMI Command........................................ RW**

  **7-0  SMI Command**
      Writing to this port sets the Software SMI Status bit. Note that if the Software SMI Enable bit is set (see Global Enable register Rx2A[6]), then an SMI is generated.

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**I/O Offset 33-30 - Primary Activity Detect Status.......RWC**

These bits correspond to the Primary Activity Detect Enable bits in Rx37-34. If the corresponding bit is set in that register, setting of a bit below will cause the Primary Activity Status (PACT_STS) bit to be set (Global Status register Rx28[0]). All bits in this register default to 0, are set by hardware only, and may only be cleared by writing 1s to the desired bit.

**31-11  Reserved**    ..........................................always read 0
 **10  Audio Access Status.............................. (AUD_STS)**
  Set if Audio is accessed.

 **9  Keyboard Controller Access Status .... (KBC_STS)**
  Set if the KBC is accessed via I/O port 60h.

 **8  VGA Access Status ...............................(VGA_STS)**
  Set if the VGA port is accessed via I/O ports 3B0-3DFh or memory space A0000-BFFFFh.
 **7  Parallel Port Access Status.................... (LPT_STS)**
  Set if the parallel port is accessed via I/O ports 278-27Fh or 378-37Fh (LPT2 or LPT1).
 **6  Serial Port B Access Status ...............(COMB_STS)**
  Set if the serial port is accessed via I/O ports 2F8-2FFh or 2E8-2Efh (COM2 and COM4 respectively).
 **5  Serial Port A Access Status.............. (COMA_STS)**
  Set if the serial port is accessed via I/O ports 3F8-3FFh or 3E8-3EFh (COM1 and COM3, respectively).
 **4  Floppy Access Status ..............................(FDC_STS)**
  Set if the floppy controller is accessed via I/O ports 3F0-3F5h or 3F7h.
 **3  Secondary IDE Access Status ..............(SIDE_STS)**
  Set if the IDE controller is accessed via I/O ports 170-177h or 376h.
 **2  Primary IDE Access Status.................. (PIDE_STS)**
  Set if the IDE controller is accessed via I/O ports 1F0-1F7h or 3F6h.
 **1  Primary Interrupt Activity Status......(PIRQ_STS)**
  Set on the occurrence of a primary interrupt (enabled via the "Primary Interrupt Channel" register at Device 17 Function 0 PCI configuration register offset 84h).
 **0  PCI Master Access Status ....................(DRQ_STS)**
  Set on the occurrence of PCI master activity.

Note: Setting of Primary Activity Status (PACT_STS) may be done to enable a "Primary Activity Event": an SMI will be generated if the Primary Activity Enable bit is set (Global Enable register Rx2A[0]) and/or the GP0 timer will be reloaded if the "GP0 Timer Reload on Primary Activity" bit is set (GP Timer Reload Enable register Rx38[0]).

Note: Bits 2-9 above also correspond to bits of GP Timer Reload Enable register Rx38: If bits are set in that register, setting a corresponding bit in this register will cause the GP1 timer to be reloaded.

**I/O Offset 37-34 - Primary Activity Detect Enable........ RW**

These bits correspond to the Primary Activity Detect Status bits in Rx33-30. Setting of any of these bits also sets the Primary Activity Status (PACT_STS) bit (Rx28[0]) which causes the GP0 timer to be reloaded (if the Primary Activity GP0 Enable bit is set) or generates an SMI (if Primary Activity Enable is set).

**31-11  Reserved**    ......................................... always read 0
 **10  SMI on Audio Status.............................. (AUD_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if AUD_STS is set.... def
   1  Set PACT_STS if AUD_STS is set
 **9  SMI on Keyboard Controller Status .... (KBC_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if KBC_STS is set .... def
   1  Set PACT_STS if KBC_STS is set
 **8  SMI on VGA Status .............................. (VGA_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if VGA_STS is set.... def
   1  Set PACT_STS if VGA_STS is set
 **7  SMI on Parallel Port Status.................... (LPT_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if LPT_STS is set ..... def
   1  Set PACT_STS if LPT_STS is set
 **6  SMI on Serial Port B Status ...............(COMB_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if COMB_STS is set. def
   1  Set PACT_STS if COMB_STS is set
 **5  SMI on Serial Port A Status.............. (COMA_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if COMA_STS is set. def
   1  Set PACT_STS if COMA_STS is set
 **4  SMI on Floppy Status ............................(FDC_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if FDC_STS is set..... def
   1  Set PACT_STS if FDC_STS is set
 **3  SMI on Secondary IDE Status ..............(SIDE_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if SIDE_STS is set.... def
   1  Set PACT_STS if SIDE_STS is set
 **2  SMI on PrimaryIDE Status....................(PIDE_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if PIDE_STS is set.... def
   1  Set PACT_STS if PIDE_STS is set
 **1  SMI on Primary IRQ Status ................ (PIRQ_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if PIRQ_STS is set ... def
   1  Set PACT_STS if PIRQ_STS is set

 **0  SMI on PCI Master Status ....................(DRQ_EN)**
   0  Don't set PACT_STS if DRQ_STS is set .... def
   1  Set PACT_STS if DRQ_STS is set

**I/O Offset 3B-38 - GP Timer Reload Enable ..................RW**

All bits in this register default to 0 on power up.

**31-8** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**7** **GP1 Timer Reload on <u>KBC Access</u>**
    0   Normal GP1 Timer Operation...............default
    1   Setting of KBC_STS causes the GP1 timer to reload.

**6** **GP1 Timer Reload on <u>Serial Port Access</u>**
    0   Normal GP1 Timer Operation ..............default
    1   Setting of COMA_STS or COMB_STS causes the GP1 timer to reload.

**5** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**4** **GP1 Timer Reload on <u>VGA Access</u>**
    0   Normal GP1 Timer Operation ..............default
    1   Setting of VGA_STS causes the GP1 timer to reload.

**3** **GP1 Timer Reload on <u>IDE/Floppy Access</u>**
    0   Normal GP1 Timer Operation ..............default
    1   Setting of FDC_STS, SIDE_STS, or PIDE_STS causes the GP1 timer to reload.

**2** **GP3 Timer Reload on <u>GPIO Range 1 Access</u>**
    0   Normal GP3 Timer Operation ..............default
    1   Setting of GR1_STS causes the GP3 timer to reload.

**1** **GP2 Timer Reload on <u>GPIO Range 0 Access</u>**
    0   Normal GP2 Timer Operation ..............default
    1   Setting of GR0_STS causes the GP2 timer to reload.

**0** **GP0 Timer Reload on <u>Primary Activity</u>**
    0   Normal GP0 Timer Operation ...............default
    1   Setting of PACT_STS causes the GP0 timer to reload. Primary activities are enabled via the Primary Activity Detect Enable register (offset 37-34) with status recorded in the Primary Activity Detect Status register (offset 33-30).

**I/O Offset 40 – Extended I/O Trap Status...................RWC**

**7-5** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**4** **BIOS Write Access Status**
**3** **GP3 Timer Second Timeout With No Cycles**
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable (GP3 timer timed out twice with no cycles in between)
**2** **GP3 Timer Second Timeout Status**
**1** **GPIO Range 3 Access Status**
**0** **GPIO Range 2 Access Status**

**I/O Offset 42 – Extended I/O Trap Enable ...................RW**

**7-5** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**4** **SMI on BIOS Write Access**
This bit controls whether SMI is generated when BIOS Write Access Status Rx40[4] = 1.
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable (can be reset only by OCI_Reset)
**3** **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**2** **GP3 Timer Second Timeout Reboot**
This bit controls whether the system is rebooted when the GP3 timer times out twice (Rx40[2] = 1).
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable
**1** **SMI on GPIO Range 3 Access**
This bit controls whether SMI is generated when GPIO range 3 is accessed (Rx40[1] = 1)
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable
**0** **SMI on GPIO Range 2 Access**
This bit controls whether SMI is generated when GPIO range 2 is accessed (Rx40[0] = 1)
    0   Disable.................................................. default
    1   Enable

**General Purpose I/O Registers**

**I/O Offset 45 – SMI / IRQ / Resume Status .....................RO**

  **7-5    Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0
  **4    Latest PCSn Status**
       0    Latest PCSn was an I/O Read
       1    Latest PCSn was an I/O Write
  **3    Serial SMI Status**
       This bit is used to report a Serial-IRQ-generated SMI.
  **2    Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0
  **1    SMBus IRQ Status**
       This bit is used to report an SMBus SMI.
  **0    SMBus Resume Status**
       This bit is used to report an SMBus Resume Event.

**I/O Offset 4B-48 - GPI Port Input Value (GPIVAL) ......RO**

  **31-0    GPI[31-0] Input Value**..............................Read Only

**I/O Offset 4F-4C - GPO Port Output Value (GPOVAL)RW**

Reads from this register return the last value written (held on chip). Some GPIO pins can be used as both input and output (GPIO pins 8-15 and 20-31). The output type of these pins is OD (open drain) so to use one of these pins as an input pin, a one must be written to the corresponding bit of this register. See also Function 0 RxE4[4-3] for I/O control of GPIO pins 8-15.

  **31-0    GPO[31-0] Output Value** .............def = FFFFFFFFh

**I/O Offset 50 – GPI Pin Trigger Control ........................RW**

  **7-4    GPI[27-24] Status**
       0    Falling Triggered ........................... default = 0
       1    Rising Triggered
  **3-0    GPI[19-16] Status**
       0    Falling Triggered ........................... default = 0
       1    Rising Triggered

**I/O Offset 52 – GPI Pin Change SCI/SMI Enable .........RW**

  **7-4    GPI[27-24] SCI / SMI Enable**
       Dev17 Fun0  RxE1[7:4] determines whether a SCI or SMI would be generated
       0    Disable
       1    Enable
  **3-0    GPI[19-16] SCI / SMI Enable**
       Dev17 Fun0 RxE1[3:0] determines whether a SCI or SMI would be generated
       0    Disable
       1    Enable

**I/O Trap Registers**

**I/O Offset 57-54 – I/O Trap PCI Data ............................ RO**

  **31-0    PCI Data During I/O Trap SMI**

**I/O Offset 59-58 – I/O Trap PCI I/O Address................ RO**

  **15-0    PCI Address During I/O Trap SMI**

**I/O Offset 5A – I/O Trap PCI Command / Byte Enable  RO**

  **7-4    PCI Command Type During I/O Trap SMI**
  **3-0    PCI Byte Enable During I/O Trap SMI**

**I/O Offset 5C – CPU Performance Control.................... RW**

  **7-1    Reserved**      ........................................always reads 0
  **0    Lower CPU Frequency During C3 / S1**
       This bit controls the CPU frequency in C3/S1 state. The frequency is lowered using the GHI# signal (Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[3] must be 0 to enable the frequency change function).
       0    Enable (lower voltage / frequency during C3/S1)...........................................def
       1    Disable (normal voltage / frequency during C3/S1)

**System Management Bus I/O-Space Registers**

The base address for these registers is defined in RxD1-D0 of the Device 17 Function 0 PCI configuration registers. The System Management Bus I/O space is enabled for access by the system if Device 17 Function 0 RxD2[0] = 1.

**I/O Offset 00 – SMBus Host Status.............................RWC**

**7  Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**6  SMB Semaphore ..............................................RWC**
This bit is used as a semaphore among various independent software threads that may need to use the Host SMBus logic and has no effect on hardware. After reset, this bit reads 0. Writing 1 to this bit causes the next read to return 0, then all reads after that return 1. Writing 0 to this bit has no effect. Software can therefore write 1 to request control and if readback is 0 then it will own usage of the host controller.

**5  Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**4  Failed Bus Transaction....................................RWC**
0  SMBus interrupt not caused by failed bus transaction.............................................default
1  SMBus interrupt caused by failed bus transaction. This bit may be set when the KILL bit (I/O Rx02[1]) is set and can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.

**3  Bus Collision.....................................................RWC**
0  SMBus interrupt not caused by transaction collision...................................................default
1  SMBus interrupt caused by transaction collision. This bit is only set by hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.

**2  Device Error.....................................................RWC**
0  SMBus interrupt not caused by generation of an SMBus transaction error....................default
1  SMBus interrupt caused by generation of an SMBus transaction error (illegal command field, unclaimed host-initiated cycle, or host device timeout). This bit is only set by hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.

**1  SMBus Interrupt.............................................RWC**
0  SMBus interrupt not caused by host command completion...........................................default
1  SMBus interrupt caused by host command completion. This bit is only set by hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.

**0  Host Busy  .........................................................RO**
0  SMBus controller host interface is not processing a command...........................default
1  SMBus host controller is busy processing a command. None of the other SMBus registers should be accessed if this bit is set.

**I/O Offset 01h – SMBus Slave Status........................... RWC**

**7-6  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**5  Alert Status ..................................................... RWC**
0  SMBus interrupt not caused by SMBALERT# signal .................................................... default
1  SMBus interrupt caused by SMBALERT# signal. This bit will be set only if the Alert Enable bit is set in the SMBus Slave Control Register at I/O Offset R08[3]. This bit is only set by hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.

**4  Shadow 2 Status............................................. RWC**
0  SMBus interrupt not caused by address match to SMBus Shadow Address Port 2 ........ default
1  SMBus interrupt or resume event caused by slave cycle address match to SMBus Shadow Address Port 2. This bit is only set by hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.

**3  Shadow 1 Status............................................. RWC**
0  SMBus interrupt not caused by address match to SMBus Shadow Address Port 1 ........ default
1  SMBus interrupt or resume event caused by slave cycle address match to SMBus Shadow Address Port 1. This bit is only set by hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.

**2  Slave Status ................................................... RWC**
0  SMBus interrupt not caused by slave event match .................................................... default
1  SMBus interrupt or resume event caused by slave cycle event match of the SMBus Slave Command Register at PCI Function 4 Configuration Offset D3h (command match) and the SMBus Slave Event Register at SMBus Base + Offset 0Ah (data event match). This bit is only set by hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.

**1  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**0  Slave Busy  ...................................................... RO**
0  SMBus controller slave interface is not processing data ...................................... default
1  SMBus controller slave interface is busy receiving data. None of the other SMBus registers should be accessed if this bit is set.

**I/O Offset 02h – SMBus Host Control............................RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **7** | **Reserved** | ........................................ always reads 0 |
| **6** | **Start** | ........................................ always reads 0 |

    0   Writing 0 has no effect.........................default

    1   Start Execution of Command
       Writing a 1 to this bit causes the SMBus controller host interface to initiate execution of the command programmed in the SMBus Command Protocol field (bits 4-2). All necessary registers should be programmed prior to writing a 1 to this bit. The Host Busy bit (SMBus Host Status Register bit-0) can be used to identify when the SMBus controller has completed command execution.

**5-2   SMBus Command Protocol**
    Selects the type of command the SMBus host controller will execute. Reads or Writes are determined by Rx04[0].
    0000 Quick default
    0001 Byte
    0010 Byte Data
    0011 Word Data
    0100 Process Call
    0101 Block
    0110 I2C with 10-bit Address
    0111 -reserved-
    10xx -reserved-
    1100 I2C Process Call
    1101 I2C Block
    1110 I2C with 7-bit Address
    1111 Universal

**1   Kill Transaction in Progress**
    0   Normal host controller operation ...........default
    1   Stop host transaction currently in progress. Setting this bit also sets the FAILED status bit (Host Status bit-4) and asserts the interrupt selected by the SMB Interrupt Select bit (Function 4 SMBus Host Configuration Register RxD2[3]).

**0   Interrupt Enable**
    0   Disable interrupt generation...................default
    1   Enable generation of interrupts on completion of the current host transaction.

**I/O Offset 03h – SMBus Host Command ...................... RW**

   **7-0   SMBUS Host Command** ......................... default = 0
      This field contains the data transmitted in the command field of the SMBus host transaction.

**I/O Offset 04h – SMBus Host Address .......................... RW**

The contents of this register are transmitted in the address field of the SMBus host transaction.
   **7-1   SMBUS Address**......................................default = 0
      This field contains the 7-bit address of the targeted slave device.
    **0   SMBUS Read or Write**
       0   Execute a WRITE command ................. default
       1   Execute a READ command

**I/O Offset 05h – SMBus Host Data 0 ............................. RW**

The contents of this register are transmitted in the Data 0 field of SMBus host transaction writes. On reads, Data 0 bytes are stored here.
   **7-0   SMBUS Data 0**.........................................default = 0
      For Block Write commands, this field is programmed with the block transfer count (a value between 1 and 32). Counts of 0 or greater than 32 are undefined. For Block Read commands, the count received from the SMBus device is stored here.

**I/O Offset 06h – SMBus Host Data 1 ............................. RW**

The contents of this register are transmitted in the Data 1 field of SMBus host transaction writes. On reads, Data 1 bytes are stored here.
   **7-0   SMBUS Data 1**.........................................default = 0

**I/O Offset 07h – SMBus Block Data .............................. RW**

Reads and writes to this register are used to access the 32-byte block data storage array. An internal index pointer is used to address the array. It is reset to 0 by reads of the SMBus Host Control register (I/O Offset 2) and incremented automatically by each access to this register. The transfer of block data into (read) or out of (write) this storage array during an SMBus transaction always starts at index address 0.
   **7-0   SMBUS Block Data**.................................default = 0

**I/O Offset 08h – SMBus Slave Control...........................RW**

**7-5   Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0
**4     SMBus GPIO Slave Enable**
    0     Disable ................................................default
    1     Enable generation of a resume event upon an external SMBus master generating a transaction with an address that matches the GPIO Slave Address register (I/O offset 0Fh).
**3     SMBus Alert Enable**
    0     Disable ................................................default
    1     Enable generation of an interrupt or resume event on the assertion of the SMBALERT# signal
**2     SMBus Shadow Port 2 Enable**
    0     Disable ................................................default
    1     Enable generation of an interrupt or resume event on external SMBus master generation of a transaction with an address that matches the SMBus Slave Shadow Port 2 register (PCI function 4 configuration register RxD5).
**1     SMBus Shadow Port 1 Enable**
    0     Disable ................................................default
    1     Enable generation of an interrupt or resume event on external SMBus master generation of a transaction with an address that matches the SMBus Slave Shadow Port 1 register (PCI function 4 configuration register RxD4).
**0     SMBus Slave Enable**
    0     Disable ................................................default
    1     Enable generation of an interrupt or resume event on external SMBus master generation of a transaction with an address that matches the SMBus host controller slave port of 10h, a command field which matches the SMBus Slave Command register (PCI function 4 configuration register RxD3), and a match of one of the corresponding enabled events in the SMBus Slave Event Register (I/O Offset 0Ah).

**I/O Offset 09h – SMBus Shadow Command....................RO**

This register is used to store command values for external SMBus master accesses to the host slave and slave shadow ports.
**7-0   Shadow Command**................................... default = 0
This field contains the command value which was received during an external SMBus master access whose address field matched the host slave address (10h) or one of the slave shadow port addresses.

**I/O Offset 0B-0Ah – SMBus Slave Event ....................... RW**

This register is used to enable generation of interrupt or resume events for accesses to the host controller's slave port.
**15-0  SMBus Slave Event** .................................. default = 0
This field contains data bits used to compare against incoming data to the SMBus Slave Data Register (I/O Offset 0Ch). When a bit in this register is set and the corresponding bit the Slave Data register is also set, an interrupt or resume event will be generated if the command value matches the value in the SMBus Slave Command register and the access was to SMBus host address 10h.

**I/O Offset 0D-0Ch – SMBus Slave Data .......................... RO**

This register is used to store data values for external SMBus master accesses to the shadow ports or the SMBus host controller's slave port.
**15-0  SMBus Slave Data** ................................... default = 0
This field contains the data value which was transmitted during an external SMBus master access whose address field matched one of the slave shadow port addresses or the SMBus host controller slave port address of 10h.

**I/O Offset 0Fh – SMBus GPIO Slave Address (30h) ..... RW**

**7-1   SMBus GPIO Slave Address** ................... default = 0
This field specifies the address to match against incoming SMBus addresses for a GPIO slave.
**0     Reserved**      ........................................always reads 0

## Device 17 Function 5 Registers - AC97 Audio Controller

The audio controller interface is hardware compatible with AC97. The PCI configuration registers for the audio controller are located in the function 5 PCI configuration space. The I/O registers are located in the system I/O space.

## PCI Configuration Space Header

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID ........................................RO**
  **15-0  Vendor ID**  .................(1106h = VIA Technologies)

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID........................................RO**
  **15-0  Device ID**  (3059h = VT8237R Plus Audio Controller)

**Offset 5-4 - Command.........................................RW**
  **15-10  Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
    **9**    **Reserved** (fast back-to-back) .......................fixed at 0
    **8**    **SERR# Enable**.........................................fixed at 0
    **7**    **Reserved** (address stepping) .......................fixed at 0
    **6**    **Reserved** (parity error response).................fixed at 0
    **5**    **Reserved** (VGA palette snoop) ...................fixed at 0
    **4**    **Reserved** (memory write and invalidate) .....fixed at 0
    **3**    **Reserved** (special cycle monitoring)............fixed at 0
    **2**    **Bus Master**  ................................................fixed at 0
    **1**    **Memory Space**...........................................fixed at 0
    **0**    **I/O Space**  .............................. default=0 (disabled)

**Offset 7-6 - Status.............................................RO**
  **15**    **Detected Parity Error**................................fixed at 0
  **14**    **Signalled System Error** ..............................fixed at 0
  **13**    **Received Master Abort**...............................fixed at 0
  **12**    **Received Target Abort** ...............................fixed at 0
  **11**    **Signalled Target Abort**..............................fixed at 0
  **10-9**  **DEVSEL# Timing**
        00  Fast
        01  Medium.................................................. fixed
        10  Slow
        11  Reserved
    **8**    **Data Parity Error** ......................................fixed at 0
    **7**    **Fast Back-to-Back Capable**.......................fixed at 0
  **6-5**  **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
    **4**    **PM 1.1**  ...............................................fixed at 1
  **3-0**  **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh)...............................RO**
  **7-0**  **Silicon Revision Code** ......................... default = nnh

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface** (00h)**...........................RO**

**Offset A - Sub Class Code** (01h=Audio Device) **..............RO**

**Offset B - Base Class Code** (04h=Multimedia Device)**......RO**

**Offset 13-10 - Base Address 0 – SGD Control / Status .. RW**
  **31-16  Reserved**  ........................................always reads 0
    **15-8  Base Address**........................................default = 00h
    **7-0**    **00000001b (256 bytes)**

**Device 0 Offset 2D-2C – Subsystem Vendor ID (0000h)*RO**
  **15-0  Subsystem Vendor ID** .............................. default = 0
*This register is RW if function 5 Rx42[5] = 1

**Device 0 Offset 2F-2E – Subsystem ID (0000h)............. *RO**
  **15-0  Subsystem ID**...........................................default = 0
*This register is RW if function 5 Rx42[5] = 1

**Offset 34 – Capture Pointer (C0h) .................................. RO**

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line ............................................ RW**
    **7-4**    **Reserved**  ........................................always reads 0
    **3-0**    **Audio Interrupt Routing**
        0000 Disabled................................................ default
        0001 IRQ1
        0010 Reserved
        0011 IRQ3
        0100 IRQ4
        0101 IRQ5
        0110 IRQ6
        0111 IRQ7
        1000 IRQ8
        1001 IRQ9
        1010 IRQ10
        1011 IRQ11
        1100 IRQ12
        1101 IRQ13
        1110 IRQ14
        1111 Disabled
        APIC (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6])
        x000 IRQ16
        x001 IRQ17
        x010 IRQ18
        …  …
        x111 IRQ23

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (03h).......................................RO**
  **7-0**    **Interrupt Pin**........................ default = 03h (INTC#)

**Offset 3E - Minimum Grant (00h) ................................. RO**
**Offset 3F - Maximum Latency (00h).............................. RO**

**Audio-Specific PCI Configuration Registers**

**Offset 40 – AC Link Interface Status ..............................RO**
  **7-6**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
  **5**   **Codec CID=11b Ready Status ...........................RO**
      0   Codec Not Ready
      1   Codec Ready (audio ctrlr can access codec)
  **4**   **Codec CID=10b Ready Status ...........................RO**
      0   Codec Not Ready
      1   Codec Ready (audio ctrlr can access codec)
  **3**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
  **2**   **Codec CID=01b Ready Status ...........................RO**
      0   Codec Not Ready
      1   Codec Ready (audio ctrlr can access codec)
  **1**   **AC97 Low-Power Status ....................................RO**
      0   AC97 Codecs not in low-power mode
      1   AC97 Codecs in low-power mode
        This bit reports 1 when Rx26[12] of the codecs
        is 1. It is used to determine whether the bit-
        clock should be gated.
  **0**   **Codec CID=00b Ready Status ...........................RO**
      0   Codec Not Ready
      1   Codec Ready (audio ctrlr can access codec)

**Offset 41 – AC Link Interface Control .......................... RW**
  **7**   **AC-Link Interface**
      0   Disable................................................. default
      1   Enable
  **6**   **AC-Link Reset**
      0 Assert AC-Link Reset (used for cold reset) ......... def
      1 De-assert AC-Link Reset
  **5**   **AC-Link Sync**
      0   Release SYNC....................................... default
      1   Force SYNC High (used for warm reset)
  **4**   **AC-Link Serial Data Out**
      0   Release SDO........................................ default
      1   Force SDO High
  **3**   **Variable-Sample-Rate On-Demand Mode**
      0   Disable (AC Link sends data every frame).. def
      1   Enable (AC Link sends data only when there is
        a request from the codec)
  **2**   **3D Audio Channel Slots 3/4**
      0   Disable................................................. default
      1   Enable
    Note that slots 7/8 and 6/9 do not have to be selected
    as they are not muxed with DXS as are slots 3/4)
  **1**   **Free Running Clock**
      0   Dynamic Stop Clock.............................. default
      1   Free Running Clock
  **0**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 42 – Function Enable** ............................................. **RW**

**7-6** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**5** **Function 5 Config Reg Rx2C Writable** ............. **RW**
  0 Device 17 Function 5 Rx2C-2F RO ....... default
  1 Device 17 Function 5 Rx2C-2F RW
**4-0** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0


**Offset 44 – MC97 Interface Control** ................................ **RO**
Mapped RO to function 5 (RW in func 6) for status reporting.

**7** **AC-Link Interface for Slot-5 (Modem)** .............. **RO**
  0 Disable ................................................. default
  1 Enable
**6** **Secondary Codec Support** ................................... **RO**
  0 Disable ................................................. default
  1 Enable
**5** **Function 6 Config Reg Rx9-B Writable** ............. **RO**
  0 Device 17 Function 6 Rx9-B RO ........... default
  1 Device 17 Function 6 Rx9-B RW
**4** **Function 6 Config Reg 2Ch Writable** ................. **RO**
  0 Device 17 Function 6 Rx2C-2F RO ....... default
  1 Device 17 Function 6 Rx2C-2F RW
**3** **Sync** ......................................................... **RO**
  This bit reports whether there is activity in function 6
  (modem). When function 5 (audio) enters low-power
  state and wants to gate bit-clock, software needs to
  check this bit to see whether bit-clock can actually be
  gated, as function 6 shares the same bit-clock.
  0 Function 6 activity in progress that requires
    bit-clock
  1 Function 6 does not need bit-clock so bit-clock
    can be gated
**2** **AC97 Supports Modem Power States D1/D2** .... **RO**
  0 Can't support D1/D2 power states ......... default
  1 Can support D1/D2 power states
**1-0** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset C3-C0 – Power Mgmt Capability** ......................... **RO**
**31-0** **Power Mgmt Capability** .... always reads 0602 0001h

**Offset C7-C4 – Power State** ............................................. **RW**
**31-2** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**1-0** **Power State**
  00 D0 .................................................... default
  01 D1
  10 D2
  11 D3

**I/O Base 0 Regs – Audio Scatter / Gather DMA**

**DXS Channel 0-3 SGD Registers (x = 0-3)**

**I/O Offset x0 – DXS Channel x SGD Status ................ RWC**

**7  SGD Active .......................................................... RO**
  0  SGD has completed or been terminated . default
  1  SGD Active
**6-5  Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0
**4  Current SGD Index Equals Stop Index ............. RO**
  0  SGD index not equal to stop index ........ default
  1  SGD index being processed equals the stop index.  This bit differs from bit-2 of this register in that this bit becomes 1 as soon as the SGD *reaches* the index equal to the stop index.  Bit-2 becomes 1 after the SGD *finishes processing* the index equal to the stop index.  So this bit will always turn on before bit-2.
**3  SGD Trigger Queued.............................................. RO**
  This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset x1[1] = 1 while the SGD engine is running).
  0  SGD trigger not queued ......................... default
  1  SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EOL, it will restart).
**2  SGD Stop Interrupt Status.............................. RWC**
  1  SGD finished the index equal to the stop index set in xB-x8[31-24].
**1  SGD EOL (End Of Link) ............................... RWC**
  1  Block is the last of the link.  May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset x1[1] = 1.
**0  SGD Flag ..................................................... RWC**
  1  Block complete.  May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset x1[0] = 1.

**I/O Offset x1 – DXS Channel x SGD Control ............... RW**

**7  SGD Start ............................ WO (always reads 0)**
  0  No effect
  1  Start SGD operation
**6  SGD Terminate....................... WO (always reads 0)**
  0  No effect
  1  Terminate SGD operation
**5  SGD Auto-Start**
  0  Stop at EOL .......................................... default
  1  Auto Restart at EOL
**4  Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**3  SGD Pause**
  0  Release pause and resume the transfer
  1  Pause SGD read operation (SGD pointer stays at the current address).  SGD will finish transferring the current block before pausing.
**2  Interrupt on Stop Index = Current Index and End of Block**
  Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (x0[2] = 1).
  0  Disable.................................................... default
  1  Enable
**1  Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block**
  Controls whether an interrupt is generated on EOL (x0[1] = 1).
  0  Disable.................................................... default
  1  Enable
**0  Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Block**
  Controls whether an interrupt is generated on FLAG (x0[0] = 1).
  0  Disable.................................................... default
  1  Enable

**I/O Offset x2 – DXS Left Channel x Volume (3Fh)........RW**

**I/O Offset x3 – DXS Right Channel x Volume (3Fh) .....RW**

  **7-6**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**...........always write 0's

  **5-0**    **Volume Control**

       000000  0 db

       …      …

       000111  -10.5 db

       …      …

       011111  -46.5 db

       …      …

       111111  Muted (instead of -94.5 db) ..............default

**I/O Offset x7-x4 – DXS Chan x SGD Table Ptr Base.....RW**

  **31-0**   **SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr) ....W**

        **Current Pointer Address........................................R**

**I/O Offset xB-x8 – StopIndex / DataType / SampleRate RW**

  **31-24** **SGD Stop Index Setting**......................default = FFh

  **23-22** **Reserved**  .......................................always reads 0

  **21-20** **PCM Format**

       Selects the format used by the controller to process the incoming sample.

        00  8-bit Mono ............................................default

        01  8-bit Stereo

        10  16-bit Mono

        11  16-bit Stereo

  **19-0**  **Sample Rate**........................default = FFFFFh (48K)

       This field allows the sample rate converter to know the sample rate of an incoming sample so the converter can properly convert the sample into the required 48 KHz sample output. Program as $(2^{20} / 48.000)$ * Sample Rate

**I/O Offset xF-xC – DXS Chan x SGD Current Count ... RO**

  **31-24** **Current SGD Index**

       This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.

  **23-0**  **Current SGD Count**

       This field reports the count remaining in the current entry being processed. For example, if 10 bytes of a 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.

**Audio SGD Table Format**

| 63 | 62 | 61-56 | 55-32 | 31-0 |
|----|----|-------|-------|------|
| EOL | FLAG | -reserved- | Base Count [23:0] | Base Address [31:0] |

**EOL**    End Of Link. 1 indicates this block is the last of the link. If the channel "Interrupt on EOL" bit is set, then an interrupt is generated at the end of the transfer.

**FLAG**  Block Flag. If set, transfer pauses at the end of this block. If the channel "Interrupt on FLAG" bit is set, then an interrupt is generated at the end of this block.

**Multichannel SGD Registers**

**I/O Offset 40 – Multichannel SGD Status ................... RWC**

**7** **SGD Active ........................................................ RO**
   0   SGD has completed or been terminated .default
   1   SGD Active

**6-5** **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**4** **Current SGD Index Equals Stop Index ............. RO**
   0   SGD index not equal to stop index ........default
   1   SGD index being processed equals the stop index. This bit differs from bit-2 of this register in that this bit becomes 1 as soon as the SGD *reaches* the index equal to the stop index. Bit-2 becomes 1 after the SGD *finishes processing* the index equal to the stop index. So this bit will always turn on before bit-2.

**3** **SGD Trigger Queued........................................... RO**
This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset 41[1] = 1 while the SGD engine is running).
   0   SGD trigger not queued ........................default
   1   SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EOL, it will restart).

**2** **SGD Stop Interrupt Status.............................. RWC**
   1   SGD finished the index equal to the stop index set in 4B-48[31-24].

**1** **SGD EOL (End Of Link) ................................ RWC**
   1   Block is the last of the link. May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset 41[1] = 1.

**0** **SGD Flag ....................................................... RWC**
   1   Block complete. May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset 41[0] = 1.

**I/O Offset 41 – Multichannel SGD Control................... RW**

**7** **SGD Start ..........................WO (always reads 0)**
   0   No effect
   1   Start SGD operation

**6** **SGD Terminate......................WO (always reads 0)**
   0   No effect
   1   Terminate SGD operation

**5** **SGD Auto-Start**
   0   Stop at EOL .......................................... default
   1   Auto Restart at EOL

**4** **Center / LFE Playback Order**
   0   Keep Center & LFE playback order (3,4,6,9,7,8) .......................................... default
   1   Swap Center & LFE playback order (3,4,9,6,7,8)

**3** **SGD Pause**
   0   Release pause and resume the transfer
   1   Pause SGD read operation (SGD pointer stays at the current address). SGD will finish transferring the current block before pausing.

**2** **Interrupt on Stop Index = Current Index and End of Block**
Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (40[2] = 1).
   0   Disable.................................................. default
   1   Enable

**1** **Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block**
Controls whether an interrupt is generated on EOL (40[1] = 1).
   0   Disable.................................................. default
   1   Enable

**0** **Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Block**
Controls whether an interrupt is generated on FLAG (40[0] = 1).
   0   Disable.................................................. default
   1   Enable

**I/O Offset 42 – Multichannel SGD Format.....................RW**

    **7**    **PCM Format**
        Selects the PCM format used by the controller to process the incoming sample.
          0   8-bit ...................................................default
          1   16-bit
  **6-4**    **Number of Channels Supported**
          001  One Channel...........................................default
          010  Two Channels
          100  Four Channels
          110  Six Channels
        All the other values are invalid
  **3-0**    **Reserved**    ........................................ always reads 0

**I/O Offset 43 – Multichannel Scratch Register...............RW**

  **7-0**    **No Hardware Function**........................ default = 00h

**I/O Offset 47-44 – Multichannel SGD Table Ptr Base ...RW**

  **31-0**    **SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr) ....W**
        **Current Pointer Address........................................R**

**I/O Offset 4B-48 – Multichannel SGD Slot Select ......... RW**

  **31-24**  **SGD Stop Index Setting**.......................default = FFh
   **23-0**   **Reserved**    .......................................always reads 0

**I/O Offset 4F-4C – Multichannel SGD Current Count.. RO**

  **31-24**  **Current SGD Index**
        This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.
   **23-0**   **Current SGD Count**
        This field reports the count remaining in the current entry being processed.  For example, if 10 bytes of a 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.

**Write Channel 0 SGD Registers**

**I/O Offset 60 – Write Channel 0 SGD Status .............RWC**

**7    SGD Active .........................................................RO**
  0    SGD has completed or been terminated .default
  1    SGD Active
**6    SGD Paused.........................................................RO**
  0    SGD not paused ....................................default
  1    SGD Paused
**5    Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**4    Current SGD Index Equals Stop Index .............RO**
  0    SGD index not equal to stop index ........default
  1    SGD index being processed equals the stop index.  This bit differs from bit-2 of this register in that this bit becomes 1 as soon as the SGD *reaches* the index equal to the stop index. Bit-2 becomes 1 after the SGD *finishes processing* the index equal to the stop index. So this bit will always turn on before bit-2.
**3    SGD Trigger Queued...........................................RO**
  This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset 61[1] = 1 while the SGD engine is running).
  0    SGD trigger not queued ........................default
  1    SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EOL, it will restart).
**2    SGD Stop Interrupt Status..............................RWC**
  1    SGD finished the index equal to the stop index set in 6B-68[31-24].
**1    SGD EOL (End Of Link) ...............................RWC**
  1    Block is the last of the link.  May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset 61[1] = 1.
**0    SGD Flag    .....................................................RWC**
  1    Block complete.  May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset 61[0] = 1.

**I/O Offset 61 – Write Channel 0 SGD Control .............. RW**

**7    SGD Start    ...........................WO (always reads 0)**
  0    No effect
  1    Start SGD operation
**6    SGD Terminate.......................WO (always reads 0)**
  0    No effect
  1    Terminate SGD operation
**5    SGD Auto-Start**
  0    Stop at EOL .......................................... default
  1    Auto Restart at EOL
**4    Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**3    SGD Pause**
  0    Release pause and resume the transfer
  1    Pause SGD read operation (SGD pointer stays at the current address).  SGD will finish transferring the current block before pausing.
**2    Interrupt on Stop Index = Current Index and End of Block**
  Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1).
  0    Disable.................................................. default
  1    Enable
**1    Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block**
  Controls whether an interrupt is generated on EOL (60[1] = 1).
  0    Disable.................................................. default
  1    Enable
**0    Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Block**
  Controls whether an interrupt is generated on FLAG (60[0] = 1).
  0    Disable.................................................. default
  1    Enable

**I/O Offset 62 – Write Channel 0 SGD Format ...............RW**

> **7    Reserved (Do Not Program)**............. always write 0
> **6    Recording FIFO**
>> 0    Disable .................................................default
>> 1    Enable
> **5-0    Reserved**    ....................................... always reads 0

**I/O Offset 63 – Write Channel 0 Input Select.................RW**

> **7-3    Reserved**    ....................................... always reads 0
> **2    Input Source Select**
>> 0    Line In (Slot 3, 4)..................................default
>> 1    Mic In (Slot 6)
> **1-0    Recording Source Select**
>> 00    Primary Codex ....................................default
>> 01    Secondary Codec 01
>> 10    Secondary Codec 10
>> 11    Secondary Codec 11

**I/O Offset 67-64 – Wr Channel 0 SGD Table Ptr Base..RW**

> **31-0    SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr) ....W**
>     **Current Pointer Address.......................................R**

**I/O Offset 6B-68 – Write Channel 0 SGD Stop Index ... RW**

> **31-24    SGD Stop Index Setting**.......................default = FFh
> **23-22    Reserved**    .......................................always reads 0
> **21-20    PCM Format**
>     Selects the PCM format used by the controller to process the incoming sample.
>> 00    8-bit Mono............................................ default
>> 01    8-bit Stereo
>> 10    16-bit Mono
>> 11    16-bit Stereo
> **19-16    Reserved**    ....................................................... RW
> **15-0    Reserved**    .......................................always reads 0

**I/O Offset 6F-6C – Wr Channel 0 SGD Current Count. RO**

> **31-24    Current SGD Index**
>     This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.
> **23-0    Current SGD Count**
>     This field reports the count remaining in the current entry being processed.  For example, if 10 bytes of a 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.

**Write Channel 1 SGD Registers**

**I/O Offset 70 – Write Channel 1 SGD Status ..............RWC**

**7   SGD Active ..........................................................RO**
    0   SGD has completed or been terminated .default
    1   SGD Active
**6   SGD Paused.........................................................RO**
    0   SGD not paused ....................................default
    1   SGD Paused
**5   Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
**4   Current SGD Index Equals Stop Index .............RO**
    0   SGD index not equal to stop index ........default
    1   SGD index being processed equals the stop index.  This bit differs from bit-2 of this register in that this bit becomes 1 as soon as the SGD *reaches* the index equal to the stop index.  Bit-2 becomes 1 after the SGD *finishes processing* the index equal to the stop index. So this bit will always turn on before bit-2.
**3   SGD Trigger Queued............................................RO**
    This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset 71[1] = 1 while the SGD engine is running).
    0   SGD trigger not queued .........................default
    1   SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EOL, it will restart).
**2   SGD Stop Interrupt Status..............................RWC**
    1   SGD finished the index equal to the stop index set in 7B-78[31-24].
**1   SGD EOL (End Of Link) ...............................RWC**
    1   Block is the last of the link.  May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset 71[1] = 1.
**0   SGD Flag   ......................................................RWC**
    1   Block complete.  May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset 71[0] = 1.

**I/O Offset 71 – Write Channel 1 SGD Control .............. RW**

**7   SGD Start   ...........................WO (always reads 0)**
    0   No effect
    1   Start SGD operation
**6   SGD Terminate......................WO (always reads 0)**
    0   No effect
    1   Terminate SGD operation
**5   SGD Auto-Start**
    0   Stop at EOL.......................................... default
    1   Auto Restart at EOL
**4   Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0
**3   SGD Pause**
    0   Release pause and resume the transfer
    1   Pause SGD read operation (SGD pointer stays at the current address).   SGD will finish transferring the current block before pausing.
**2   Interrupt on Stop Index = Current Index and End of Block**
    Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (70[2] = 1).
    0   Disable................................................. default
    1   Enable
**1   Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block**
    Controls whether an interrupt is generated on EOL (70[1] = 1).
    0   Disable................................................. default
    1   Enable
**0   Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Block**
    Controls whether an interrupt is generated on FLAG (70[0] = 1).
    0   Disable................................................. default
    1   Enable

**I/O Offset 72 – Write Channel 1 SGD Format ...............RW**

   **7**    **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.............. always write 0
   **6**    **Recording FIFO**
        0   Disable .................................................default
        1   Enable
 **5-0**   **Reserved**    ........................................ always reads 0

**I/O Offset 73 – Write Channel 1 Input Select.................RW**

 **7-3**   **Reserved**    ........................................ always reads 0
   **2**    **Input Source Select**
        0   Line In (Slot 3, 4)..................................default
        1   Mic In (Slot 6)
 **1-0**   **Recording Source Select**
        00  Primary Codex .....................................default
        01  Secondary Codec 01
        10  Secondary Codec 10
        11  Secondary Codec 11

**I/O Offset 77-74 – Wr Channel 1 SGD Table Ptr Base..RW**

**31-0**   **SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr) ....W**
         **Current Pointer Address........................................R**

**I/O Offset 7B-78 – Write Channel 1 SGD Stop Index ... RW**

**31-24**  **SGD Stop Index Setting** ......................default = FFh
**23-22**  **Reserved**    .......................................always reads 0
**21-20**  **PCM Format**
      Selects the PCM format used by the controller to
      process the incoming sample.
        00  8-bit Mono............................................ default
        01  8-bit Stereo
        10  16-bit Mono
        11  16-bit Stereo
**19-16**  **Reserved**    ...................................................... RW
**15-0**  **Reserved**    .......................................always reads 0

**I/O Offset 7F-7C – Wr Channel 1 SGD Current Count. RO**

**31-24**  **Current SGD Index**
      This field reports the index the SGD engine is
      currently processing.
 **23-0**  **Current SGD Count**
      This field reports the count remaining in the current
      entry being processed. For example, if 10 bytes of a
      30-byte count have been transferred, this field would
      read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.

## Codec Command / Status SGD Registers

These registers are used to send commands to the codecs

**I/O Offset 83-80 – AC97 Controller Cmd (W) / Status (R)**

This register may be accessed from either function 5 or 6

**31-30 Codec ID** .......................................................**RW**
  00  Select Codec CID = 00
  01  Select Codec CID = 01
  10  Select Codec CID = 10
  11  Select Codec CID = 11

**29  Codec 11 Data / Status / Index Valid**.................**WC**
  0  Not Valid
  1  Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)

**28  Codec 10 Data / Status / Index Valid**.................**WC**
  0  Not Valid
  1  Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)

**27  Codec 01 Data / Status / Index Valid**.................**WC**
  0  Not Valid
  1  Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)

**26  Reserved** .........................................always reads 0

**25  Codec 00 Data / Status / Index Valid**.................**WC**
  0  Not Valid
  1  Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)

**24  AC97 Controller Busy** ..........................................RO
  0  Codec is ready for a register access command
  1  AC97 Controller is sending a command to the codec (commands are not accepted)

**23  Codec Register Read / Write Mode**....................**RW**
  0  Select Codec register write mode
  1  Select Codec register read mode

**22-16 Codec Register Index [7:1]**..................................**RW**
  Index of the AC97 codec register to access (in the attached codec). Data must be written before or at the same time as Index because writing to the index triggers the AC97 controller to access the addressed codec register over the AC-link interface.

**15-0  Codec Register Data** ...........................................**RW**

Note: "WC" in the above bit descriptions indicates "write one to clear".

**I/O Offset 87-84 – Audio SGD Status Shadow**................ **RO**
  **31  Audio Record 1 SGD Active Shadow** ......(Rx70[7])
  **30  Audio Record 1 SGD Stop Shadow**..........(Rx70[2])
  **29  Audio Record 1 SGD EOL Shadow**.........(Rx70[1])
  **28  Audio Record 1 SGD Flag Shadow**..........(Rx70[0])
  **27  Audio Record 0 SGD Active Shadow** ......(Rx60[7])
  **26  Audio Record 0 SGD Stop Shadow**..........(Rx60[2])
  **25  Audio Record 0 SGD EOL Shadow**.........(Rx60[1])
  **24  Audio Record 0 SGD Flag Shadow**..........(Rx60[0])

  **23-20  Reserved** .........................................always reads 0
  **19  MultiChannel SGD Active Shadow** .........(Rx60[7])
  **18  MultiChannel SGD Stop Shadow** ............(Rx60[2])
  **17  MultiChannel SGD EOL Shadow**............(Rx60[1])
  **16  MultiChannel SGD Flag Shadow**............(Rx60[0])

  **15  DX Channel 3 SGD Active Shadow** .........(Rx30[7])
  **14  DX Channel 3 SGD Stop Shadow** ............(Rx30[2])
  **13  DX Channel 3 SGD EOL Shadow**............(Rx30[1])
  **12  DX Channel 3 SGD Flag Shadow** ............(Rx30[0])
  **11  DX Channel 2 SGD Active Shadow** .........(Rx20[7])
  **10  DX Channel 2 SGD Stop Shadow** ............(Rx20[2])
  **9  DX Channel 2 SGD EOL Shadow**............(Rx20[1])
  **8  DX Channel 2 SGD Flag Shadow** ............(Rx20[0])

  **7  DX Channel 1 SGD Active Shadow** .........(Rx10[7])
  **6  DX Channel 1 SGD Stop Shadow** ............(Rx10[2])
  **5  DX Channel 1 SGD EOL Shadow**............(Rx10[1])
  **4  DX Channel 1 SGD Flag Shadow** ............(Rx10[0])
  **3  DX Channel 0 SGD Active Shadow** .........(Rx00[7])
  **2  DX Channel 0 SGD Stop Shadow** ............(Rx00[2])
  **1  DX Channel 0 SGD EOL Shadow**............(Rx00[1])
  **0  DX Channel 0 SGD Flag Shadow** ............(Rx00[0])

The following registers 88-8C may be accessed from either function 5 or 6:

**I/O Offset 88 – DX0 FIFO Count**....................................**RO**
  **7-0  Total Valid Data Bytes in DX0 Engine**

**I/O Offset 89 – DX1 FIFO Count**....................................**RO**
  **7-0  Total Valid Data Bytes in DX1 Engine**

**I/O Offset 8A – DX2 FIFO Count**....................................**RO**
  **7-0  Total Valid Data Bytes in DX2 Engine**

**I/O Offset 8B – DX3 FIFO Count**....................................**RO**
  **7-0  Total Valid Data Bytes in DX3 Engine**

**I/O Offset 8C – 3D Audio FIFO Count**...........................**RO**
  **7-0  Total Valid Data Bytes in 3D Audio Engine**

**Offset 90-9F – Mapped from Function 5/6 Rx40-4F ......RO**

## Device 17 Function 6 Registers - MC97 Modem Controller

The modem controller interface is hardware compatible with MC97. The PCI configuration registers for the modem controller are located in the function 6 PCI configuration space. The I/O registers are located in the system I/O space.

## PCI Configuration Space Header

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h) ..........................RO**

  **15-0**  **Vendor ID**  ................ (1106h = VIA Technologies)

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3068h) ..........................RO**

  **15-0**  **Device ID**  (3068h = VT8237R Plus Modem Controller)

**Offset 5-4 – Command (0000h) ..........................RW**

  **15-10**  **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
  **9**     **Reserved** (fast back-to-back) ......................fixed at 0
  **8**     **SERR# Enable**..............................................fixed at 0
  **7**     **Reserved** (address stepping) .......................fixed at 0
  **6**     **Reserved** (parity error response).................fixed at 0
  **5**     **Reserved** (VGA palette snoop) ...................fixed at 0
  **4**     **Reserved** (memory write and invalidate) .....fixed at 0
  **3**     **Reserved** (special cycle monitoring)............fixed at 0
  **2**     **Bus Master**  .................................................fixed at 0
  **1**     **Memory Space**...............................................fixed at 0
  **0**     **I/O Space**  .............................. default=0 (disabled)

**Offset 7-6 - Status (0200h) ...............................RO**

  **15**    **Detected Parity Error**........................ always reads 0
  **14**    **Signalled System Error** ...............................fixed at 0
  **13**    **Received Master Abort**...............................fixed at 0
  **12**    **Received Target Abort** ...............................fixed at 0
  **11**    **Signalled Target Abort**...............................fixed at 0
  **10-9**  **DEVSEL# Timing**
       00  Fast
       01  Medium................................................... fixed
       10  Slow
       11  Reserved
  **8**     **Data Parity Error** .......................................fixed at 0
  **7**     **Fast Back-to-Back Capable**........................fixed at 0
  **6-0**   **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh)..............................RO**

  **7-0**   **Silicon Revision Code** .......................... default = nnh

**Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h)........................*RO**

**Offset A - Sub Class Code (80h)....................................*RO**

**Offset B - Base Class Code (07h) ..................................*RO**
*Registers 9-B are RW if function 6 Rx44[5] = 1

**Offset 13-10 - Base Address 0 – SGD Control / Status .. RW**

  **31-16**  **Reserved**  ........................................always reads 0
  **15-8**  **Base Address**........................................ default = 00h
  **7-0**    **00000001b (256 bytes)**

**Device 0 Offset 2D-2C – Subsystem Vendor ID (0000h)*RO**

  **15-0**  **Subsystem Vendor ID** .............................. default = 0
*This register is RW if function 6 Rx44[4] = 1

**Device 0 Offset 2F-2E – Subsystem ID (0000h)............. *RO**

  **15-0**  **Subsystem ID**............................................. default = 0
*This register is RW if function 6 Rx44[4] = 1

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h).................................... RW**

  **7-4**    **Reserved**  ........................................always reads 0
  **3-0**    **Modem Interrupt Routing**
       0000 Disabled................................................ default
       0001 IRQ1
       0010 Reserved
       0011 IRQ3
       0100 IRQ4
       0101 IRQ5
       0110 IRQ6
       0111 IRQ7
       1000 IRQ8
       1001 IRQ9
       1010 IRQ10
       1011 IRQ11
       1100 IRQ12
       1101 IRQ13
       1110 IRQ14
       1111 Disabled
       APIC (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6])
       x000 IRQ16
       x001 IRQ17
       x010 IRQ18
       …   …
       x111 IRQ23

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (03h)....................................... RO**

    **7-0**    **Interrupt Pin**  default = 03h (INTC#)

**Offset 3E - Minimum Grant (00h) .................................. RO**

**Offset 3F - Maximum Latency (00h)............................... RO**

**Modem-Specific PCI Configuration Registers**

**Offset 40 – AC Link Interface Status ..............................RO**

  **7-6  Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

  **5  Codec CID=11b Ready Status ...........................RO**
    0  Codec Not Ready
    1  Codec Ready (modem ctrlr can access codec)

  **4  Codec CID=10b Ready Status ...........................RO**
    0  Codec Not Ready
    1  Codec Ready (modem ctrlr can access codec)

  **3  Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

  **2  Codec CID=01b Ready Status ...........................RO**
    0  Codec Not Ready
    1  Codec Ready (modem ctrlr can access codec)

  **1  AC97 Low-Power Status ....................................RO**
    0  AC97 Codecs not in low-power mode
    1  AC97 Codecs in low-power mode
      This bit reports 1 when Rx26[4] of the codecs
      is 1. It is used to determine whether the bit-
      clock should be gated.

  **0  Codec CID=00b Ready Status ...........................RO**
    0  Codec Not Ready
    1  Codec Ready (modem ctrlr can access codec)

**Offset 41 – AC Link Interface Control .......................... RW**

  **7  AC-Link Interface**
    0  Disable................................................... default
    1  Enable

  **6  AC-Link Reset**
    0 Assert AC-Link Reset (used for cold reset) ......... def
    1 De-assert AC-Link Reset

  **5  AC-Link Sync**
    0  Release SYNC...................................... default
    1  Force SYNC High (used for warm reset)

  **4  AC-Link Serial Data Out**
    0  Release SDO....................................... default
    1  Force SDO High

  **3  Variable-Sample-Rate On-Demand Mode ........ RO**
  This bit is controlled through function 5 but may be
  read from function 6.
    0  Disable (AC Link sends data every frame).. def
    1  Enable (AC Link sends data only when there is
      a request from the codec)

  **2  3D Audio Channel Slots 3/4............................... RO**
  This bit is controlled through function 5 but may be
  read from function 6.
    0  Disable.................................................. default
    1  Enable
  Note that slots 7/8 and 6/9 do not have to be selected
  as they are not muxed with DXS as are slots 3/4)

  **1  Free Running Clock**
    0  Dynamic Stop Clock.............................. default
    1  Free Running Clock

  **0  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 42 – Function Enable ................................................RO**

This register is controlled through function 5 but may be read from function 6.

   **7-6**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0
     **5**   **Function 5 Config Reg Rx2C Writable ..............RO**
         0   Device 17 Function 5 Rx2C-2F RO.......default
         1   Device 17 Function 5 Rx2C-2F RW
   **4-0**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset 44 – MC97 Interface Control................................RW**

     **7**   **AC-Link Interface for Slot-5 (Modem)**
         0   Disable ..................................................default
         1   Enable
     **6**   **Secondary Codec Support**
         0   Disable ..................................................default
         1   Enable
     **5**   **Function 6 Config Reg Rx9-B Writable**
         0   Device 17 Function 6 Rx9-B RO ...........default
         1   Device 17 Function 6 Rx9-B RW
     **4**   **Function 6 Config Reg 2C-2Fh Writable**
         0   Device 17 Function 6 Rx2C-2F RO.......default
         1   Device 17 Function 6 Rx2C-2F RW
     **3**   **Sync**
        This bit reports whether there is activity in function 6 (modem). When function 5 (audio) enters low-power state and wants to gate bit-clock, software needs to check this bit to see whether bit-clock can actually be gated, as function 6 shares the same bit-clock.
         0   Function 6 activity in progress that requires bit-clock
         1   Function 6 does not need bit-clock so bit-clock can be gated
     **2**   **AC97 Supports Modem Power States D1/D2 ....RO**
         0   Can't support D1/D2 power states .........default
         1   Can support D1/D2 power states
   **1-0**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0

**Offset D3-D0 – Power Mgmt Capability .........................RO**

   **31-0**   **Power Mgmt Capability**....always reads 0602 0001h

**Offset D7-D4 – Power State ............................................RW**

   **31-2**   **Reserved**   .......................................always reads 0
   **1-0**   **Power State**
         00   D0   .................................................. default
         01   D1
         10   D2
         11   D3

### I/O Base 0 Regs – Modem Scatter / Gather DMA

### Modem SGD Read Channel Registers

#### I/O Offset 40 – Modem SGD Read Channel Status.....RWC
**7**  **SGD Active** .........................................................**RO**
  0  SGD has completed or been terminated .default
  1  SGD Active
**6**  **SGD Paused**........................................................**RO**
  0  SGD not paused ....................................default
  1  SGD Paused
**5-4**  **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
**3**  **SGD Trigger Queued**............................................**RO**
  This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset 41[1] = 1 while the SGD engine is running).
  0  SGD trigger not queued ........................default
  1  SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EOL, it will restart).
**2**  **SGD Stop Interrupt Status..............................RWC**
  1  SGD finished the index equal to the stop index set in 4B-48[31-24].
**1**  **SGD EOL (End Of Link)** ..............................**RWC**
  1  Block is the last of the link. May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset 41[1] = 1.
**0**  **SGD Flag**  .....................................................**RWC**
  1  Block complete. May be used by software as a signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O Offset 41[0] = 1.

#### I/O Offset 41 – Modem SGD Read Channel Control.....RW
**7**  **SGD Start**  ............................ **WO (always reads 0)**
  0  No effect
  1  Start SGD read channel operation
**6**  **SGD Terminate ...................... WO (always reads 0)**
  0  No effect
  1  Terminate SGD read channel operation
**5-4**  **Test (Do Not Program)**...................... always write 0
**3**  **SGD Pause** ......................................................**RW**
  0  Release SGD read channel pause and resume the transfer from the paused line
  1  Pause SGD read channel operation (SGD read channel pointer stays at the current address)
**2-1**  **Reserved**  ........................................ always reads 0
**0**  **Modem SGD Read Reset**
  0  Normal Operation ..................................default
  1  Reset Modem SGD read channel operation

#### I/O Offset 42 – Modem SGD Read Channel Type......... RW
**7**  **Auto-Start SGD at EOL**
  0  Stop at EOL.......................................... default
  1  Auto restart at EOL
**6-4**  **Reserved**  .......................................always reads 0
**3-2**  **Interrupt Select**
  This bit determines the timing of interrupt generation when bit-1 or bit-0 of this register are equal to 1.
  00  Interrupt at PCI Read of Last Line ........ default
  01  Interrupt at Last Sample Sent
  10  Interrupt at Less Than One Line to Send
  11  -reserved-
**1**  **Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block**
  0  Disable.................................................. default
  1  Enable
**0**  **Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Blk**
  0  Disable.................................................. default
  1  Enable

#### I/O Offset 47-44 – Modem SGD R Ch Table Ptr Base .. RW
**31-0**  **SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr).... W**
  **Current Pointer Address ....................................... R**

#### I/O Offset 4F-4C – Modem SGD R Ch Current Count.. RO
**31-24**  **Current Modem SGD Read Channel Index**
  This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.
**23-0**  **Current Modem SGD Read Channel Count**
  This field reports the count remaining in the current entry being processed. For example, if 10 bytes of a 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.

#### Modem SGD Table Format

| 63 | 62 | 61 | 60-56 | 55-32 | 31-0 |
|----|----|----|-------|-------|------|
| EOL | FLAG | STOP | -reserved- | Base Count [23:0] | Base Address [31:0] |

**Modem SGD Write Channel Registers**

**I/O Offset 50 – Modem SGD Write Channel Status .......RO**

  **7**   **SGD Active ........................................................RO**
    0   SGD has completed or been terminated .default
    1   SGD Active

  **6**   **SGD Paused........................................................RO**
    0   SGD not paused ....................................default
    1   SGD Paused

  **5-4** **Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0

  **3**   **SGD Trigger Queued............................................RO**
This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the
SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset 51[1] = 1 while
the SGD engine is running).
    0   SGD trigger not queued ........................default
    1   SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EOL,
       it will restart).

  **2**   **Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0

  **1**   **SGD EOL (End Of Link) ................................RWC**
    1   Block is the last of the link.  May be used by
       software as a signal to generate an interrupt
       request if I/O Offset 51[1] = 1.

  **0**   **SGD Flag    ......................................................RWC**
    1   Block complete.  May be used by software as a
       signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O
       Offset 51[0] = 1.

**I/O Offset 51 – Modem SGD Write Channel Control....RW**

  **7**   **SGD Start   ............................ WO (always reads 0)**
    0   No effect
    1   Start SGD write channel operation

  **6**   **SGD Terminate ..................... WO (always reads 0)**
    0   No effect
    1   Terminate SGD write channel operation

  **5-4** **Test (Do Not Program)**...................... always write 0

  **3**   **SGD Pause**
    0   Release SGD write channel pause and resume
       the transfer from the paused line
    1   Pause SGD write channel operation (SGD
       write channel pointer stays at current address)

  **2**   **Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0

  **1**   **Reset Modem SGD Write Operation**

  **0**   **Reserved**      ........................................ always reads 0

**I/O Offset 52 – Modem SGD Write Channel Type........ RW**

  **7**   **Auto-Start SGD at EOL**
    0   Stop at EOL.......................................... default
    1   Auto restart at EOL

  **6-2** **Reserved**      .......................................always reads 0

  **1**   **Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block**
    0   Disable................................................. default
    1   Enable

  **0**   **Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Blk**
    0   Disable................................................. default
    1   Enable

**I/O Offset 57-54 – Modem SGD W Ch Table Ptr Base . RW**

  **31-0** **SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr).... W**
        **Current Pointer Address ....................................... R**

**I/O Offset 5F-5C – Modem SGD W Ch Current Count. RO**

  **31-24** **Current Modem SGD Write Channel Index**
This field reports the index the SGD engine is
currently processing.

  **23-0** **Current Modem SGD Write Channel Count**
This field reports the count remaining in the current
entry being processed.  For example, if 10 bytes of a
30-byte count have been transferred, this field would
read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.

**EOL**   End Of Link.  1 indicates this block is the last of the
link.  If the channel "Interrupt on EOL" bit is set,
then an interrupt is generated at the end of the
transfer.

**FLAG**  Block Flag.  If set, transfer pauses at the end of this
block.  If the channel "Interrupt on FLAG" bit is set,
then an interrupt is generated at the end of this block.

**STOP**  Block Stop.  If set, transfer pauses at the end of this
block.  To resume the transfer, write 1 to Rx?0[2].

**Codec Command / Status SGD Registers**

These registers are used to send commands to the codecs

**Offset 83-80 – AC97 Controller Command (W) / Status (R)**

This register may be accessed from either function 5 or 6

**31-30 Codec ID** ....................................................... RW
  00 Select Codec CID = 00
  01 Select Codec CID = 01
  10 Select Codec CID = 10
  11 Select Codec CID = 11
**29 Codec 11 Data / Status / Index Valid**.................. RO
  0 Not Valid
  1 Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)
**28 Codec 10 Data / Status / Index Valid**.................. RO
  0 Not Valid
  1 Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)
**27 Codec 01 Data / Status / Index Valid**.................. RO
  0 Not Valid
  1 Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)
**26 Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**25 Codec 00 Data / Status / Index Valid**.................. RO
  0 Not Valid
  1 Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)
**24 AC97 Controller Busy** .......................................... RO
  0 Codec is ready for a register access command
  1 AC97 Controller is sending a command to the codec (commands are not accepted)
**23 Codec Register Read / Write Mode**.................... RW
  0 Select Codec register write mode
  1 Select Codec register read mode
**22-16 Codec Register Index [7:1]**.................................. RW
  Index of the AC97 codec register to access (in the attached codec). Data must be written before or at the same time as Index because writing to the index triggers the AC97 controller to access the addressed codec register over the AC-link interface.
**15-0 Codec Register Data** ........................................... RW

**Offset 87-84 – Modem SGD Status Shadow .................... RO**

**31-30 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**29 Modem Write SGD Active Shadow** .........(Rx50[7])
**28 Modem Read SGD Active Shadow** ..........(Rx40[7])
**27-26 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**25 Modem Write SGD Stop Shadow** ...........(Rx50[2])
**24 Modem Read SGD Stop Shadow** ............(Rx40[2])

**23-22 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**21 Modem Write SGD EOL Shadow**...........(Rx50[1])
**20 Modem Read SGD EOL Shadow**............(Rx40[1])
**19-18 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**17 Modem Write SGD Flag Shadow**............(Rx50[0])
**16 Modem Read SGD Flag Shadow**..............(Rx40[0])

**15-0 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 8B-88 – Codec GPI Interrupt Status / GPIO ... RWC**

This register may be accessed from either function 5 or 6

**31-16 GPI Interrupt Status**........................................RWC
  R GPI[15-0] Interrupt Status
  W 1 to clear
**15-0 Codec GPIO**.........................................................RW
  R Reflect status of Codec GPI[15-0]
  W Triggers AC-Link slot-12 output to codec

**Offset 8F-8C – Codec GPI Interrupt Enable ................. RW**

This register may be accessed from either function 5 or 6

**31-16 Interrupt on GPI[15-0] Change of Status** .........RW
  0 Disable
  1 Enable
**15-0 Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 90-9F – Mapped from Function 5/6 Rx40-4F ...... RO**

**Device 18 Function 0 Registers - LAN**

All registers are located in the Device 18 Function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. These registers are accessed through PCI configuration mechanism #1 via I/O address CF8 / CFC.

**PCI Configuration Space Header**

**Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID = 1106h** ......................................**RO**

**Offset 3-2 - Device ID = 3065h** ......................................**RO**

**Offset 5-4 - Command** .....................................................**RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15-3 | Reserved | ...................................... always reads 0 |
| 2 | Bus Master | ...................................... always reads 0 |
| 1 | Memory Space | ...................................... always reads 0 |
| 0 | I/O Space | ....................................RW, default = 0 |

**Offset 7-6 – Status (0400h)** ...........................................**RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15 | Detected Parity Error | ........................ always reads 0 |
| 14 | Signalled System Error | ...................... always reads 0 |
| 13 | Received Master Abort | ....................... always reads 0 |
| 12 | Received Target Abort | ....................... always reads 0 |
| 11 | Signalled Target Abort | ...................... always reads 0 |
| 10-9 | DEVSEL# Timing | ......................... fixed at 10 (slow) |
| 8 | Data Parity Detected | .......................... always reads 0 |
| 7 | Fast Back-to-Back Capable | .............. always reads 0 |
| 6 | UDF Support | .................................... always reads 1 |
| 5 | 66 MHz Capable | ............................... always reads 1 |
| 4 | Capabilities (e.g. PCI Pwr Mgmt) | .... always reads 1 |
| 3-0 | Reserved | ...................................... always reads 0 |

**Offset 8 - Revision ID (40h)** ..........................................**RO**

**Offset 9 - Program Interface** .........................................**RO**

**Offset A - Sub Class Code** ..............................................**RO**

**Offset B - Class Code** .....................................................**RO**

**Offset C – Cache Line Size** .............................................**RW**

This register must be implemented by master devices that can generate the memory-write-and-invalidate command.

**Offset D – Latency Timer** ..............................................**RW**

This register must be implemented as writable by any master that can burst more than two data phases.

**Offset E - Header Type (00h)** .........................................**RO**

**Offset F - BIST (00h)** .....................................................**RO**

**Offset 13-10 – I/O Base Address (0000 0000h)** ...............**RW**

**Offset 17-14 – Memory Base Address (0000 0000h)** .......**RW**

**Offset 2B-28 – Card Bus CIS Pointer (0000 0000h)** .......**RW**

**Offset 33-30 – Expansion ROM Base (0000 0000h)** ........**RW**

**Offset 34 – Capabilities Offset (40h)** ...............................**RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-0 | Capabilities Offset | |

Offset into the LAN function PCI space pointing to the location of the <u>first</u> item in the function's capability list.

**Offset 3C - Interrupt Line** .............................................**RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-4 | Reserved | ...................................... always reads 0 |
| 3-0 | LAN Interrupt Routing | |
| | 0000 Disabled | ................................... default |
| | 0001 IRQ1 | |
| | 0010 Reserved | |
| | 0011 IRQ3 | |
| | 0100 IRQ4 | |
| | 0101 IRQ5 | |
| | 0110 IRQ6 | |
| | 0111 IRQ7 | |
| | 1000 IRQ8 | |
| | 1001 IRQ9 | |
| | 1010 IRQ10 | |
| | 1011 IRQ11 | |
| | 1100 IRQ12 | |
| | 1101 IRQ13 | |
| | 1110 IRQ14 | |
| | 1111 Disabled | |
| | <u>APIC</u> (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6]) | |
| | x000 IRQ16 | |
| | x001 IRQ17 | |
| | x010 IRQ18 | |
| | … … | |
| | x111 IRQ23 | |

**Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (01h)** ......................................**RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-0 | Interrupt Pin | .........................default = 01h (INTA#) |

**LAN-Specific PCI Configuration Registers**

**Offset 40 – Capability ID (01h)** ......................................**RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-0 | Capability ID | ................................. always reads 01h |

Identifies the linked list item as being PCI power management registers

**Offset 41 – Next Item Pointer (00h)** ................................**RO**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-0 | Next Item Pointer | ........................... always reads 00h |

Offset into the LAN function PCI space pointing to the location of the <u>next</u> item in the function's capability list.

**Offset 43-42 – Power Mgmt Configuration (0002h)........RO**

**15-11 Power State In Which LAN Can Assert PME#**.......
.............................................. default = 0
    **1xxxx PME# can be asserted from D3C**
    **x1xxx PME# can be asserted from D3H**
    **xx1xx PME# can be asserted from D2**
    **xxx1x PME# can be asserted from D1**
    **xxxx1 PME# can be asserted from D0**
  **10 D2 PM State**
    0  Not Supported ......................................default
    1  Supported
   **9 D1 PM State**
    0  Not Supported ......................................default
    1  Supported
**8-6 PCI 3.3V Auxiliary Current Requirements**............
......................................... always reads 0
   **5 Device-Specific Initialization** ............ always reads 0
   **4 Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
   **3 PME# Operation Uses PCI Clock**
    0  No PCI clock req'd for PME# generation ....def
    1  PME# generated using PCI clock
**2-0 Power Management Interface Revision** . reads 010b
   Readback of 010b indicates compliance with revision
   1.1 of the power management interface specification

**Offset 47-44 – Power Management Control / Status .. RWC**

**31-0 Control / Status**........................default = 0000 0000h
   (see Power Management Specification 1.0)

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**LAN I/O Registers**

**Offset 05-00 – Ethernet Address .....................................RW**
Unless the EEPROM is disabled, the Ethernet Address is loaded to this register from the EEPROM every time the system starts up.

**Offset 06 – Receive Control (00h) ...................................RW**
  **7-5   Reserved** .....................................Do not program
  **4     Physical Address Packets Accepted**
       0   Packets with a physical destination address are not accepted .........................................default
       1   All packets with a physical destination address are accepted...........................................default
  **3     Broadcast Packets Accepted**
       0   Broadcast packets are rejected ...............default
       1   Broadcast packets are accepted
  **2     Multicast Packets Accepted**
       0   Multicast packets are rejected ................default
       1   Multicast packets are accepted
  **1     Small Packets Accepted**
       0   Packets smaller than 64 bytes are rejected...def
       1   Packets smaller than 64 bytes are accepted
  **0     Error Packets Accepted**
       0   Packets with receive errors are rejected .......def
       1   Packets with receive errors are accepted

**Offset 07 – Transmit Control (08h)................................ RW**
  **7-3   Reserved** .....................................Do not program
  **2-1   Transmit Loopback Mode**
      00  Normal................................................... default
      01  Internal loopback (signal is looped back to the host from the MAC)
      10  MII loopback (signal is looped back to the host from the PHY)
      11  -reserved- (do not program)
  **0     Reserved** .......................................always reads 0

**Offset 08 – Command 0 (00h) ...........................................RW**

7     **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

6     **Receive Poll Demand** .............................. default = 0
If this bit is set to 1, the Receive Descriptor (RD) will be polled once (this bit will be cleared by hardware after the polling is complete)

5     **Transmit Poll Demand** ........................... default = 0
If this bit is set to 1, the Transmit Descriptor (TD) will be polled once (this bit will be cleared by hardware after the polling is complete)

4     **Transmit Process**
     0    Transmit engine disabled .......................default
     1    Transmit engine enabled (transmit may occur)

3     **Receive Process**
     0    Receive disabled ....................................default
     1    Receive enabled

2     **Stop NIC**
     0    NIC enabled ..........................................default
     1    NIC disabled (transmit/receive cannot occur)

1     **Start NIC**
     0    No command entered .............................default
     1    Start the NIC

0     **Reserved** ..................................... Do not program

**Offset 09 – Command 1 (00h)......................................... RW**

7     **Software Reset**
     0    No reset ............................................... default
     1    Reset the MAC

6     **Receive Poll Demand 1**............................. default = 0
This bit functions the same as Rx8[6]. The function can be enabled by setting either bit (for backward compatibility).

5     **Transmit Poll Demand 1**.......................... default = 0
This bit functions the same as Rx8[5]. The function can be enabled by setting either bit (for backward compatibility).

4     **Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

3     **TD / RD Auto Polling**
     0    Enable (polling interval is determined by Rx6F[2:0] )........................................... default
     1    Disable

2     **Full Duplex**
     0    Set MAC to half duplex mode.............. default
     1    Set MAC to full duplex mode

1-0   **Reserved** ......................................Do not program

**Offset 0C – Interrupt Status 0 (00h)...............................RW**

> **7   CRC or Miss Packet Tally Counter Overflow**
> Set if either counter overflows (both counters are 16 bits)
>
> **6   PCI Bus Error**
> Set if PCI bus error occurred.
>
> **5   Receive Buffer Link Error**
> Set when there is not enough buffer space for a packet requiring multiple buffers.
>
> **4   Reserved** .....................................Do not program
>
> **3   Transmit Error (Packet Transmit Aborted)**
> Set due to excessive collisions (more than 16), transmit underflow, or transmit data linking error
>
> **2   Receive Error**
> Set due to CRC error, frame alignment error, FIFO overflow, or received data linking error
>
> **1   Packet Transmitted Successfully**
>
> **0   Packet Received Successfully**

**Offset 0D – Interrupt Status 1 (00h)...............................RW**

> **7   General Purpose Interrupt**
> This bit is set when there is a general purpose interrupt event (Rx84). This bit is set when any bit in Rx84 equals one and when its corresponding mask bit in Rx86 also equals one.
>
> **6   Port State Change (PHY)**
>
> **5   Transmit Abort Due to Excessive Collisions**
> Set when there is a transmit error that is due to excessive collisions. Alternatively, Rx0C[3] is set for all transmit errors.
>
> **4   Receive Buffer Full**
> Set when there is no more buffer space available in system memory.
>
> **3   Receive Packet Race**
> Set when there is not enough room in the FIFO to receive an additional packet.
>
> **2   Receive FIFO Overflow**
>
> **1-0   Reserved** .....................................Do not program

**Offset 0E – Interrupt Mask 0 (00h)................................ RW**

Bits correspond to the bits in Interrupt Status Register 0. An interrupt is generated when corresponding bits in both registers equal 1.

**Offset 0F – Interrupt Mask 1 (00h)................................ RW**

Bits correspond to the bits in Interrupt Status Register 1. An interrupt is generated when corresponding bits in both registers equal 1.

**Offset 17-10 – Multicast Address .................................... RW**

The value in this register determines which Multicast addresses are received.

**Offset 1B-18 – RX Address............................................. RW**

This register reports the receive transcriptor address that is being accessed.

**Offset 1F-1C – TX Address............................................. RW**

This register reports the transmit transcriptor address that is being accessed.

**Offset 23-20 – Receive Status (0000 0400h).....................RW**

**31   Descriptor Owner**
    0   Descriptor Owned By Host (NIC cannot access descriptor)
    1   Descriptor Owned by NIC (NIC can access descriptor)
    <u>This bit has no default so must be set by the driver at initialization.</u>

**30-27   Reserved** .........................................always reads 0
**26-16   Received Packet Length** .........................**RO,** def = 0
  **15   Received Packet Successfully** ................**RO,** def = 0
  **14   Reserved** .........................................always reads 0
  **13   NIC Accepted Multicast Packet**............**RO,** def = 0
  **12   NIC Accepted Broadcast Packet**..........**RO,** def = 0
  **11   NIC Accepted Physical Address Packet** **RO,** def = 0
  **10   Chain Buffer**.......................................always reads 1
Set if packet too large to occupy a single receive descriptor.

**9-8   Buffer Descriptor Start / End** ..............................**RO**
For packets too large to fit into a single receive descriptor and thus occupy multiple RD's, this field reports whether this RD is the start, middle or end.
    00  Chain Buffer Middle Descriptor ............default
    01  Chain Buffer End Descriptor
    10  Chain Buffer Start Descriptor
    11  Single Buffer Descriptor (packet occupies only one descriptor)

   **7   Reserved** .......................................Do not program
   **6   System Error**...................................**RO,** default = 0
   **5   Runt Packet** (< 64 bytes)..................**RO,** default = 0
   **4   Long Packet** (> 2500 bytes) .............**RO,** default = 0
   **3   FIFO Overflow Error**......................**RO,** default = 0
   **2   Frame Alignment Error**..................**RO,** default = 0
   **1   CRC Error** .....................................**RO,** default = 0
   **0   Receiver Error** ................................**RO,** default = 0

**Offset 27-24 – Rx Data Buffer Control  (0000 0000h) .... RO**

**31-11   Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**10-0   Rx Data Buffer Size**.................................default = 0
The receive data buffer size for this descriptor. The total byte count of the entire frame will be stored in the last descriptor.

**Offset 2B-28 – Rx Data Buffer Start Address ................ RO**

**31-0   Rx Data Buffer Start Address**

**Offset 2F-2C – Rx Data Buffer Branch Address ............ RO**

**31-0   Rx Data Buffer Branch Address**

<u>Note:  Rx20-2F reflect values from the RD being accessed.</u>

<u>**Offset 43-40 – Transmit Status (0000 0000h).................RW**</u>

**31    Descriptor Owner**
    0    Descriptor Owned By Host (NIC cannot access descriptor)
    1    Descriptor Owned by NIC (NIC can access descriptor)
<u>This bit has no default so must be set by the driver at initialization.</u>

**30-16  Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**15    Transmit Error** ............................... **RO,** default = 0
    0    Transmit Successful ..............................default
    1    Excessive Collisions During Transmit Attempt
**14    Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**13    System Error** ................................... **RO,** default = 0
**12    Invalid TD Format or Structure or TD Overflow**
           ........................................ **RO,** default = 0
**11    Reserved** .................................... Do not program
**10    Carrier Sense Lost During Transmit** ... **RO,** def = 0
**9    Out of Window Collision** ....................... **RO,** def = 0
    (collision outside initial 64 bytes)
**8    Transmit Abort (Excessive Collisions)**. **RO,** def = 0
**7    CD Heartbeat Issued** (10BaseT Only)... **RO,** def = 0
**6-5   Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0
**4    Collision Detected During Transmit** .... **RO,** def = 0
**3-0   Collision Retry Count** ........................... **RO,** def = 0

<u>**Offset 47-44 – Tx Data Buffer Control (0000 0000h)...... RO**</u>

**31-24  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**23    Send-Complete Interrupt**
    0    Interrupt not generated .......................... default
    1    Interrupt generated after send complete
**22    End of Transmit Packet**
    For packets too large to fit into a single transmit descriptor and thus occupy multiple TD's, this bit reports whether this TD is the End TD.
    0    This TD is not the End TD ................... default
    1    This TD is the End TD
**21    Start of Transmit Packet**
    For packets too large to fit into a single transmit descriptor and thus occupy multiple TD's, this bit reports whether this TD is the Start TD.
    0    This TD is not the Start TD .................. default
    1    This TD is the Start TD
**20-17  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**16    Disable CRC Generation** ........................ default = 0
**15    Chain Buffer** ............................................ default = 0
**14-11  Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**10-0   Tx Data Buffer Size** ................................. default = 0
    The transmit data buffer size for this descriptor. The total byte count of the entire frame will be stored in the last descriptor.

<u>**Offset 4B-48 – Tx Data Buffer Start Address ................. RO**</u>

**31-0   Tx Data Buffer Start Address**

<u>**Offset 4F-4C – Tx Data Buffer Branch Address............. RO**</u>

**31-4   Tx Data Buffer Branch Address**
**3-1    Reserved** ........................................always reads 0
**0    Tx Interrupt Enable**
    0    Issue interrupt for this packet ................ default
    1    No interrupt generated

**Offset 6C – PHY Address (01h) .......................................RW**

**7-6 MII Management Polling Timer Interval (Polling PHY)**

00 1024 MDC Clock Cycles .......................default
01 512 MDC Clock Cycles
10 128 MDC Clock Cycles
11 64 MDC Clock Cycles
MDC is an internal clock with a 960 ns cycle time.

**5 Accelerate MDC Speed**

0 Normal .................................................default
1 4x Accelerated

**4-0 Extended PHY Device Address.......... default = 01h**
Stored from EEPROM during power-up or EEPROM auto-reload but can be programmed by software

**Offset 6D – MII Status (13h) ...........................................RW**

**7 PHY Reset**

0 PHY reset not asserted ...........................default
1 PHY reset asserted

**6-5 Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**4 PHY Option**

0 PHY address updated from EEPROM
1 Use default PHY address of 0001h **.......default**

**3 PHY Device Received Error**

0 No MII error...........................................default
1 MII Error

**2 Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0

**1 Link Failure**

0 Link successful
1 Link unsuccessful (no connection)**........default**

**0 PHY Speed**

0 100 Mb
1 10 Mb**.................................................default**

**Offset 6E – Buffer Control 0 (00h)................................. RW**

**7-3 Reserved** .....................................Do not program

**2-0 DMA Length**

000 32 bytes      8 DW................................ default
001 64 bytes      16 DW
010 128 bytes    32 DW
011 256 bytes    64 DW
100 512 bytes    128 DW
101 1024 bytes  256 DW
11x Store & Forward

**Offset 6F – Buffer Control 1 (00h)................................. RW**

**7-3 Reserved** .....................................Do not program

**2-0 Polling Interval Timer**
This field determines the polling interval when TX / RX Auto-Polling is enabled (LAN I/O Rx09[3]=0).

000 $2^{13}$ V-Link Clocks................................. default
001 $2^{15}$ V-Link Clocks
001 $2^{14}$ V-Link Clocks
001 $2^{12}$ V-Link Clocks
001 $2^{11}$ V-Link Clocks
001 $2^{10}$ V-Link Clocks
001 $2^{9}$ V-Link Clocks
001 $2^{8}$ V-Link Clocks

**Offset 70 – MII Management Port Command (00h)......RW**

**7  MII (PHY) Auto Polling**
   0  Disable ...............................................default
   1  Enable (polling interval determined by Rx6C[7:6] )

**6  PHY Read**
   Every time this bit is set to one, the Phy is read once. The address read is determined by Rx71[4:0] and the data is stored in Rx73-72.
   0  Disable ...............................................default
   1  Enable

**5  PHY Write**
   Every time this bit is set to one, the PHY is written once. The address written is determined by Rx71[4:0] and the value in Rx73-72 will be written to the PHY.
   0  Disable ...............................................default
   1  Enable

**4  PHY Direct Programming Mode**
   0  Disable (bits 3-0 are ignored, see bits 6-5)...def
   1  Enable (bits 6-5 are ignored, see bits 2-0)

**3  MDIO Output Enable Indicator**

**2  Phy Direct Programming Write Data Out**
   During direct programming (write), the value in this bit is written to the Phy every time bit-0 of this register (the "clock") toggles.

**1  Phy Direct Programming Read Data In ............RO**
   During direct programming (read), every time the "clock" (bit-0) toggles, the value from the Phy is stored in this bit.

**0  Phy Direct Programming Clock**
   This bit acts as the clock during direct reads from and direct writes to the Phy.

**Offset 71 – MII Management Port Address (81h)..........RW**

**7  Polling Status**
   0  Polling mechanism is busy (polling can't be initiated)
   1  Polling mechanism is idle (polling can be initiated)**...............................................default**

**6  Polling Type**
   0  Poll One Cycle ....................................default
   1  Auto polling – close the pause function at bit-5

**5  Polling Complete**
   0  Polling not complete ..............................default
   1  Polling complete (auto polling data ready)

**4-0  MII Management Port Address Bits 4-0..def = 01h**
   This field contains the address of the PHY register to be read or written.

**Offset 73-72 – MII Management Port Data Data...........RW**

After a Phy read, the data read from the PHY is stored in this register.  For writes to the Phy, the data to be written is placed in this register.

**Offset 74 – EEPROM Command / Status (00h)............. RW**

**7  EEPROM Program Complete...............RO, def = 0**
   Set when EEPROM loading is complete.

**6  EEPROM Embedded Program Enable........def = 0**
   When this bit is set, configuration data (in Rx6E, 6F, 74, 78, 79, 7A and 7B) will start to be programmed into the EEPROM.

**5  Dynamically Reload EEPROM Content ......def = 0**
   When this bit toggles, the Ethernet ID (Rx5-0) is reloaded from EEPROM.

**4  EEPROM Direct Program Mode**
   0  Disable.................................................. default
   1  Enable (see bits 3-0)

**3  EEPROM Direct Programming Chip Select**
   This bit must be set to allow proramming of the EEPROM using bits 2-0

**2  EEPROM Direct Programming Clock**
   This bit acts as the clock for direct programming of the EEPROM.

**1  EEPROM Direct Programming Write Data**
   During direct programming (write), the value in this bit is presented to the EEPROM Data In pin and written to the EEPROM every time bit-2 of this register (the "clock") toggles.

**0  EEPROM Direct Programming Read Data......RO**
   During direct programming (read), every time bit-2 of this register (the "clock") toggles, the value on the EEPROM Data Out pin is stored in this bit.

**Offset 78 – EEPROM Control (00h).............................. RW**

**7  EEPROM Embedded & Direct Programming**
   0  Disable (EEPROM cannot be programmed)def
   1  Enable (allow EEPROM to be programmed)

**6  Extension Clock**
   0  Disable.................................................. default
   1  Enable (the clock to the EEPROM is sent prior to the start of data to allow more time for the EEPROM to return to the ready state)

**5-0  Reserved**  ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 79 – Configuration 1 (00h) ....................................RW**

**7    Transmit Frame Queuing**
   0    Enable (frames from the PCI bus can be queued in the transmit FIFO – a maximum of 2 packets may be queued) ......................default
   1    Disable

**6    Data Parity Generation and Checking**
   This bit controls whether PCI parity is enabled.
   0    Enable ...................................................default
   1    Disable

**5    Memory-Read-Line Supported**
   This bit controls whether PCI Memory-Read-Line is supported.
   0    Enable ...................................................default
   1    Disable

**4    Transmit FIFO DMA Interleaved to Receiving FIFO DMA After 32 DW Transaction**
   This bit controls whether during a transmit, priority can be given to a receive transaction.
   0    Disable .................................................default
   1    Enable (during a transmit, if a receive request is seen, the transmit is paused after 32 DW's and priority is given to the receive)

**3    Receive FIFO DMA Interleaved to Transmitting FIFO DMA After 32 DW Transaction**
   This bit controls whether during a receive, priority can be given to a transmit transaction.
   0    Disable .................................................default
   1    Enable (during a receive, if a transmit request is seen, the receive is paused after 32 DW's and priority is given to the transmit)

**2    Memory Read Wait States** (for ISA only)
   0    None ...................................................default
   1    Insert one wait state 2222

**1    Memory Write Wait States s** (for ISA only)
   0    None ...................................................default
   1    Insert one wait state 2222

**0    Latency Timer**
   This bit controls whether PCI Delayed Transactions are enabled.
   0    Disable .................................................default
   1    Enable

**Offset 7A – Configuration 2 (00h).................................. RW**

**7    Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**6    Unused BootROM Address MA**
   This bit controls whether unused BootROM memory address bits are tied high.
   0    Not tied high.......................................... default
   1    Tied high

**5    Delayed Transactions for BootROM Memory Read**
   This bit controls whether PCI delayed transactions are enabled.
   0    Disable.................................................. default
   1    Enable

**4-0    Reserved** ........................................always reads 0

**Offset 7B – Configuration 3 (00h) .................................. RW**

**7    Memory Mapped I/O Access**
   0    Disable.................................................. default
   1    Enable

**6-4    Reserved (Do Not Program)**....................default = 0

**3    Backoff Algorithm**
   0    Fixed .................................................... default
   1    Random

**2-1    Reserved (Do Not Program)**....................default = 0

**0    Backoff Algorithm Optional**
   0    Disable.................................................. default
   1    Enable

**Offset 80 – Miscellaneous 1 (00h) ....................................RW**

   **7-4**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0

   **3**   **Full Duplex Flow Control**
        0   Disable ................................................default
        1   Enable

   **2**   **Half Duplex Flow Control**
        0   Disable ................................................default
        1   Enable

   **1**   **Soft Timer 0 Status / Start**
        0   Timer Counting....................................default
           (write 0 after time out to start timer counting)
        1   Timer Timed Out

   **0**   **Soft Timer 0 Enable**
        0   Disable ................................................default
        1   Enable timer to count

**Offset 81 – Miscellaneous 2 (00h) ...................................RW**

   **7**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0

   **6**   **Force Software Reset**
       Setting this bit resets the MAC. This bit functions differently from Rx09[7] in that when Rx09[7] is set, the MAC will reset only after all state machines are in idle mode (all on-going transactions have been completed). When this bit is set, the MAC will be reset regardless of the status of the state machines. This bit is used when Rx09[7] cannot force a reset due to issues with the state machines.
        0   Normal ................................................default
        1   Force Reset

   **5**   **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0
   **4-1**   **Reserved**   ........................................ always reads 0

   **0**   **Soft Timer 1 Enable**
        0   Disable ................................................default
        1   Enable timer to count

**Offset 83 – Sticky Hardware Control (00h)................... RW**

   **7**   **Legacy WOL Status (for software reference) ... RO**
       This bit reports whether legacy WOL is supported.
        0   Disable................................................. default
        1   Enable

   **6-4**   **Reserved**   ........................................always reads 0

   **3**   **Legacy WOL Status ......................................... RO**
       This bit is set when there is a legacy WOL event.
        0   No legacy WOL event occurred ............ default
        1   Legacy WOL event occurred

   **2**   **Legacy WOL Enable**
       This bit controls whether legacy WOL is a wake event.
        0   Disable (if a wake event is detected (bit-3 = 1), PME# will not be asserted).................... default
        1   Enable (if a wake event is detected (bit-3 = 1), PME# will be asserted)

   **1-0**   **Sticky DS Shadow**
       This field reports the current power management state of the device.
        00   D0 State................................................ default
        01   D1 State
        10   D2 State
        11   D3 State

**Offset 84 – MII Interrupt Status (00h)..........................RWC**

The bits in this register correspond to bits in the MII Interrupt Mask register (Rx86). An interrupt is generated when corresponding bits in both registers equal one.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | **Power Event Report in Test Mode (RO)**...... | def = 0 |
| 6 | **User Defined Host Driven Interrupt**............ | def = 0 |
| 5 | **Reserved** ........................................ | always reads 0 |
| 4 | **Suspend Mode MII Polling Status Change**.. | def = 0 |
| 3 | **Transmit Data Write Buffer Queue Race**.... | def = 0 |
| | (will be set by transmit shutdown) | |
| 2 | **Reserved** ........................................ | always reads 0 |
| 1 | **Soft Timer 1 Timeout**.................................. | def = 0 |
| 0 | **Soft Timer 0 Timeout**.................................. | def = 0 |
| | All bits above: write 0 to clear the interrupt | |

**Offset 86 – MII Interrupt Mask (00h).............................RW**

The bits in this register correspond to bits in the MII Interrupt Status register (Rx84). An interrupt is generated when corresponding bits in both registers equal one.

| | |
|---|---|
| 7 | **Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-7** |
| 6 | **Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-6** |
| 5 | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 4 | **Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-4** |
| 3 | **Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-3** |
| 2 | **Reserved** ........................................ always reads 0 |
| 1 | **Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-1** |
| 0 | **Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-0** |
| | All bits above: |
| |    0  Disable ..................................................default |
| |    1  Enable |

**Offset 8D-8C – Flash Address ......................................... RW**

This register stores the address that is read from or written to when reading or configuring the BootROM.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15-0 | **Flash Address [15:0]** ............................... | default = 0 |

**Offset 8F – Flash Write Data Out .................................... RW**

This register stores the data that is written to the BootROM.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-0 | **Flash Write Data Out**............................... | default = 0 |

**Offset 90 – Flash Read / Write Command...................... RW**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-2 | **Reserved** ........................................ | always reads 0 |
| 1 | **Boot ROM Embedded Write Command**...... | def = 0 |
| | Setting this bit initiates a write transaction (data in Rx8F will be written to the address specified in Rx8D-8C). | |
| 0 | **Boot ROM Embedded Read Command**....... | def = 0 |
| | Setting this bit initiates a read transaction (data in the address specified in Rx8D-8C will be read and stored in Rx91). | |

**Offset 91 – Flash Write Data In ...................................... RO**

This register stores the data that is read from the BootROM.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-0 | **Flash Write Data In** ................................ | default = 0 |

**Offset 93 – Flash Checksum (00h)................................... RW**

This register stores the checksum from the BootROM after programming.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7-0 | **EEPROM Checksum** ............................... | default = 0 |

**Offset 95-94 – Suspend Mode MII Address (0000h) ......RW**

15-0    **MII Address During Suspend**................. default = 0
Functionally, this field is the same as Rx71[4:0].
However, during suspend state this field is used
because Rx71[4:0] cannot be accessed.

**Offset 96 – Suspend Mode PHY Address (00h) ..............RW**

7-0    **PHY Address During Suspend** .............. default = 0
This field stores the address of the PHY to access
during suspend state.   This field selects the PHY
while Rx95-94 selects the specific register within the
PHY.

**Offset 99-98 – Pause Timer (0000h)............................... RW**

7-0    **Pause Timer Value**........................................def = 0
This field is used for full duplex flow control.  When
the Receive FIFO is nearly full, The transmitter can
send a pause frame to the transmitting side (generally
a switch) to request a pause.   The length of pause
time is determined by this field.

**Offset 9A – Pause Status (00h) ...................................... RW**

7-1    **Reserved**        .......................................always reads 0
0    **Pause Status**
0    Not paused............................................. default
1    Paused

**Offset 9D-9C – Soft Timer 0 (0000h) ............................. RW**

7-0    **Soft Timer 0 Count Value**........................default = 0
This field reports the count value of soft timer 0.

**Offset 9F-9E – Soft Timer 1 (0000h)............................... RW**

7-0    **Soft Timer 1 Count Value**........................default = 0
This field reports the count value of soft timer 1.

**Offset A0 – Wake On LAN Control Set  (00h) ...............RW**

**Offset A4 – Wake On LAN Control Clear (00h) ............RW**

**7    Link Off Detected** (determines whether the system wakes up from link <u>off</u> detection)

**6    Link On Detected** (determines whether the system wakes up from link <u>on</u> detection)

**5    Magic Packet Filter** (determines whether the system wakes up when a Magic Packet is detected)

**4    Unicast Filter** (determines whether the system wakes up when a Unicast Packet is detected)

**3    CRC3 Pattern Match Filtering** (determines whether the system wakes up when packet matching CRC3 pattern is detected)

**2    CRC2 Pattern Match Filtering** (determines whether the system wakes up when packet matching CRC2 pattern is detected)

**1    CRC1 Pattern Match Filtering** (determines whether the system wakes up when packet matching CRC1 pattern is detected)

**0    CRC0 Pattern Match Filtering** (determines whether the system wakes up when packet matching CRC0 pattern is detected)
<u>All bits above:</u>
   0    Disable ...................................................default
   1    Enable

**Offset A1 – Power Configuration Set (00h) ....................RW**

**Offset A5 – Power Configuration Clear (00h) ...............RW**

**7-6    Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0
**5      WOL Type**
   0    Driven by Level ....................................default
   1    Driven By Pulse
**4      Legacy WOL**
   0    Disable .................................................default
   1    Enable
**3-2    Reserved** ....................................... always reads 0
**1-0    Reserved (Do Not Program)**.................... default = 0

**Offset A3 – Wake On LAN Configuration Set (00h)..... RW**

**Offset A7 – Wake On LAN Configuration Clear (00h). RW**

**7    Force Power Management Enable over PME Enable Bit (Legacy Use Only)**

**6    Full Duplex During Suspend**

**5    Accept Multicast During Suspend**
This bit controls whether multicast packets are accepted during suspend state.  Whether a multicast packet will actually wake up the system depends on whether the packet is a type of packet set to wake up the system, as determined by RxA0[5:0].

**4    Accept Broadcast During Suspend**
This bit controls whether broadcast packets are accepted during suspend state.  Whether a broadcast packet will actually wake up the system depends on whether the packet is a type of packet set to wake up the system, as determined by RxA0[5:0].

**3    MDC Acceleration**

**2    Extend Clock During Suspend**
When enabled, the clock to the PHY is sent prior to the start of data to allow more time for the PHY to return to ready state.

**1-0    Reserved** .........................................always reads 0
<u>All bits above:</u>
   0    Disable.................................................. default
   1    Enable

**Offset B3-B0 – Pattern CRC0........................................... RW**
**127-0  CRC0 Pattern** ...........................................default = 0

**Offset B7-B4 – Pattern CRC1........................................ RW**
**127-0  CRC1 Pattern** ...........................................default = 0

**Offset BB-B8 – Pattern CRC2....................................... RW**
**127-0  CRC2 Pattern** ...........................................default = 0

**Offset BF-BC – Pattern CRC3 ...................................... RW**
**127-0  CRC3 Pattern** ...........................................default = 0

**Offset CF-C0 – Byte Mask 0........................................... RW**

**Offset DF-D0 – Byte Mask 1........................................... RW**

**Offset EF-E0 – Byte Mask 2 .......................................... RW**

**Offset FF-F0 – Byte Mask 3........................................... RW**

# FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

## Power Management

### Power Management Subsystem Overview

The power management function of the VT8237R Plus is indicated in the following block diagram:

Refer to ACPI Specification v2.0 and APM specification v1.2 for additional information.
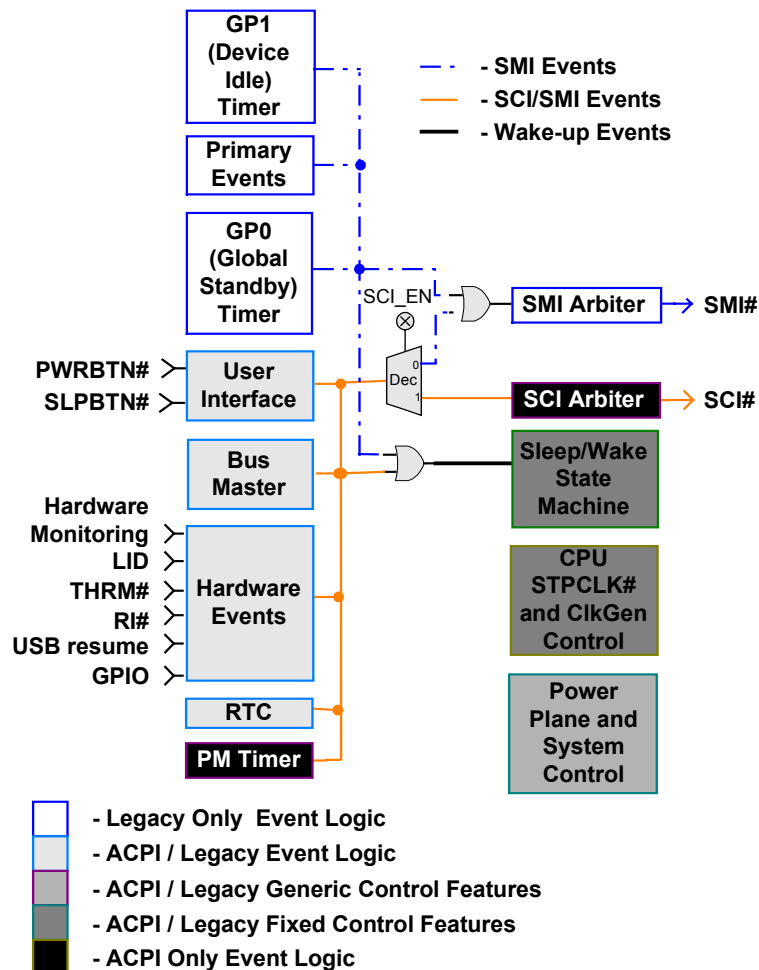


**Figure 5. Power Management Subsystem Block Diagram**

**Processor Bus States**

The VT8237R Plus supports the complete set of C0 to C3 processor states as specified in the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) specification (and defined in ACPI I/O space Registers 10-15):

C0: Normal Operation
C1: CPU Halt (controlled by software).
C2: Stop Clock. Entered when the Processor Level 2 register (PMIO Rx14) is read. The STPCLK# signal is asserted to put the processor in the Stop Grant State. The CPUSTP# signal is not asserted so that host clocks remain running. To exit this state, the chip negates STPCLK#.
C3: Suspend. Entered when the Processor Level 3 register (PMIO Rx15) is read. For Intel platforms, if the Host Stop bit is enabled, then CPUSTP# is also asserted to stop clock generation and put the CPU into Stop Clock State. To exit this state, the chip negates CPUSTP# and allows time for the processor PLL to lock. Then the STPCLK# signal is negated to resume to normal operation.

During normal operation, two mechanisms are provided to modulate CPU execution and control power consumption by throttling the duty cycle of STPCLK#:

a. Setting the Throttle Enable bit to 1, the duty cycle defined in Throttle Duty Cycle (PMIO Rx10) is used.
b. THRM# pin assertion enables automatic clock throttling with duty cycle pre-configured in THRM# Duty Cycle (PCI configuration Rx4C).

**System Suspend States and Power Plane Control**

There are three power planes inside the VT8237R Plus. The first power plane (VSUS33) is always on unless turned off by the mechanical switch. The second power plane (VCC) is controlled by chip output SUSC# (also called "PSON"). The third plane (VCCRTC) is powered by the combination of the VSUS33 and the external battery (VBAT) for the integrated real time clock. Most of the circuitry inside the VT8237R Plus is powered by VCC. The amount of logic powered by VSUS33 is very small; its main function is to control the supply of VCC and other power planes. VCCRTC is always on unless both the mechanical switch and VBAT are removed.

The VT8237R Plus supports multiple system suspend states by configuring the SLP_TYP field of ACPI I/O space register Rx4-5:

a) **POS (Power On Suspend):** Most devices in the system remain powered. The host bus is put into an equivalent of the C3 state. In particular, the CPU is put into the Stop Grant State or Stop Clock State depending on the setting of the Host Stop bit for Intel Platforms. SUSST1# is asserted to tell the North Bridge to switch to "Suspend DRAM Refresh" mode based on the 32KHz SUSCLK provided by the VT8237R Plus. As to the PCI bus, setting the PCLK Run bit to 0 enables the CLKRUN protocol defined in the PCI Mobile Design Guide. That is, the PCKRUN# pin will be de-activated after the PCI bus is idle for 26 clocks. Any PCI bus masters including the North Bridge may resume PCI clock operation by pulling the PCKRUN# pin low. During the PCKRUN# de-activation period, the PCISTP# pin may be activated to disable the output of the PCI clock generator if the PCI_STP bit is enabled. When the system resumes from POS, the VT8237R Plus can optionally resume without resetting the system, can reset the processor only, or can reset the entire system. When no reset is performed, the chip only needs to wait for the clock synthesizer and processor PLL to lock before the system is resumed, which typically takes 20ms.

b) **STR (Suspend to RAM):** Power is removed from most of the system except the system DRAM. Power is supplied to the suspend refresh logic in the North Bridge (e.g., VSUS25 or equivalent) and the suspend logic of the VT8237R Plus (VSUS33).

c) **STD (Suspend to Disk, also called Soft-off):** Power is removed from most of the system except the suspend logic of VT8237R Plus (VSUS33).

d) **Mechanical Off:** This is not a suspend state. All power in the system is removed except the RTC battery.

The suspend state is entered by setting the Sleep Enable bit to 1. Three power plane control signals (SUSA#, SUSB# and SUSC#) are provided to turn off more system power planes as the system moves to deeper power-down states, i.e., from normal operation to POS (only SUSA# asserted), to STR (both SUSA# and SUSB# asserted), and to STD (all three SUS# signals asserted). In particular, the assertion of SUSC# can be used to turn off the VCC supply to the VT8237R Plus.

One additional suspend status indicator (SUSST1#) is provided to inform the North Bridge and the rest of the system of the processor and system suspend states. SUSST1# is asserted when the system enters the suspend state. SUSST1# is connected to the North Bridge to switch between normal and suspend-DRAM-refresh modes.

## General Purpose I/O Ports

As ACPI compliant hardware, the VT8237R Plus includes PWRBTN#, SLPBTN# and RI# pins to implement power button, sleep button, and ring indicator functionality, respectively. Furthermore, the VT8237R Plus offers many general-purpose I/O ports with the following capabilities:

- **I$^2$C / SMB Support**
- **Thermal Detect**
- **Notebook Lid Open / Close Detect**
- **Battery Low Detect**
- **Twelve General Purpose Input Ports** (multiplexed with other functions).
- **Nineteen General Purpose Output Ports** (1 dedicated and 18 multiplexed with other functions)
- **Four General Purpose Input / Output Ports** (multiplexed with other functions)

In addition, the VT8237R Plus provides an external dedicated SMI pin (EXTSMI#). The external SMI input can be programmed to trigger an SCI or SMI at both the rising and falling edges of the corresponding input signal. Software can check the status of the input pin and take appropriate actions.

## Power Management Events

Three types of power management events are supported:

1) **ACPI-required Fixed Events** defined in the PM1a Status and PM1a Enable registers. These events can trigger either SCI or SMI depending on the SCI Enable bit:

   - PWRBTN# Triggering
   - RTC Alarm
   - Sleep Button
   - ACPI Power Management Timer Carry (always SCI)
   - BIOS Release (always SCI)

2) **ACPI-aware General Purpose Function Events** defined in the GP Status and GP SCI Enable, and GP SMI Enable registers. These events can trigger either SCI or SMI depending on the setting of individual SMI and SCI enable bits:

   - External SMI triggering
   - USB Resume
   - Ring Indicator (RI#)
   - Battery Low Detect (BATLOW#)
   - Notebook Lid Open/Close Detect (LID)
   - Thermal Detect (THRM#)

3) **Generic Global Events** defined in the Global Status and Global Enable registers. These registers are mainly used for SMI:

- PCI Bus Clock Run Resume
- Primary Interrupt Occurrence
- GP0 and GP1 Timer Time Out
- Secondary Event Timer Time Out
- Occurrence of Primary Events

    (defined in the Primary Activity Status and Primary Activity Enable registers)

- Legacy USB accesses (keyboard and mouse)
- Software SMI

### System and Processor Resume Events

Depending on the system suspend state, different features can be enabled to resume the system. There are two classes of resume events:

a) VSUS-based events. Event logic resides in the VSUS plane and thus can resume the system from any suspend state. Such events include PWRBTN#, RI#, BATLOW#, LID, SMBus resume event, RTC alarm, EXTSMI#, and GP1 (EXTSMI1#).

b) VCC-Based Events. Event logic resides in the VCC plane and thus can only resume the system from the POS state. Such events include the ACPI PM timer, USB resume, and EXTSMIn#.
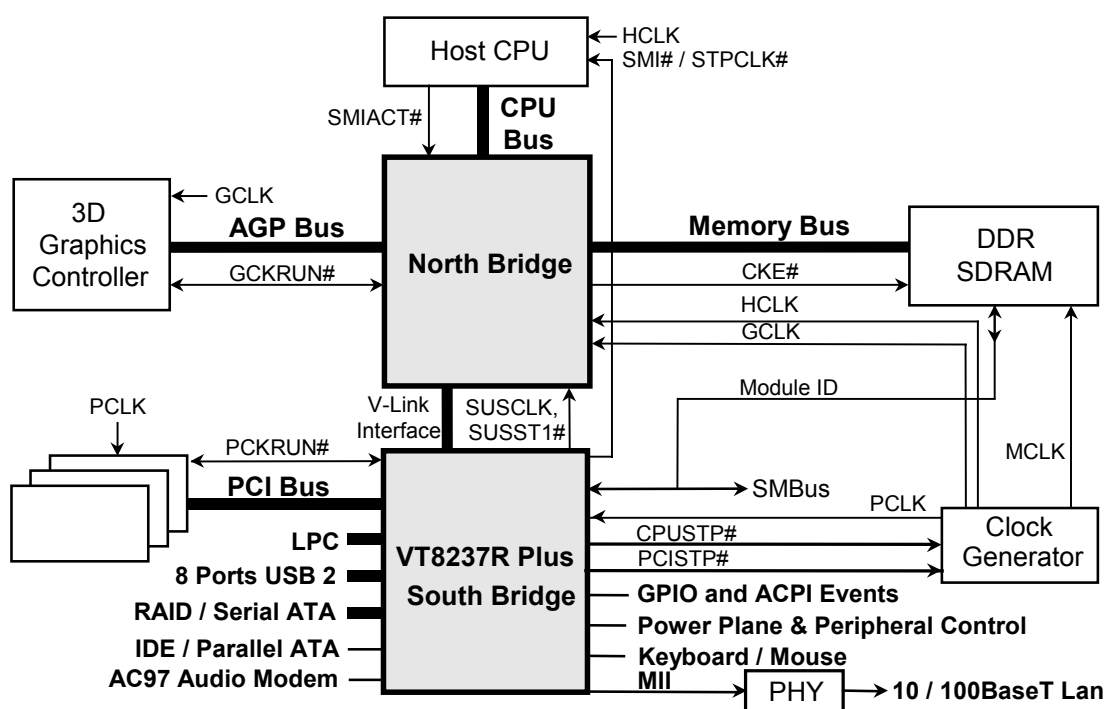


**Figure 6. System Block Diagram Using the PT800 North Bridge**

**Legacy Power Management Timers**

In addition to the ACPI power management timer, the VT8237R Plus includes the following four legacy power management timers:

**GP0 Timer**:  general purpose timer with primary event

**GP1 Timer**:  general purpose timer with peripheral event reload

**Secondary Event Timer**:  to monitor secondary events

**Conserve Mode Timer**:  Hardware-controlled return to standby

The normal sequence of operations for a general purpose timer (GP0 or GP1) is to

1) First program the time base and timer value of the initial count (register GP Timer Count).

2) Then activate counting by setting the GP0 Start or GP1 Start bit to one:  the timer will start with the initial count and count down towards 0.

3) When the timer counts down to zero, an SMI will be generated if enabled (GP0 Timeout Enable and GP1 Timeout Enable in the Global Enable register) with status recorded (GP0 Timeout Status and GP1 Timeout Status in the Global Status register).

4) Each timer can also be programmed to reload the initial count and restart counting automatically after counting down to 0.  This feature is not used in standard VIA BIOS.

The GP0 and GP1 timers can be used just as the general purpose timers described above.  However, they can also be programmed to reload the initial count by system primary events or peripheral events thus used as primary event (global standby) timer and peripheral timer, respectively.  The secondary event timer is solely used to monitor secondary events.

**System Primary and Secondary Events**

Primary system events are distinguished in the Primary Activity Status and Primary Activity Enable registers:

| Bit | Event | Trigger |
|---|---|---|
| 7 | **Keyboard Access** | I/O port 60h |
| 6 | **Serial Port Access** | I/O ports 3F8h-3FFh, 2F8h-2FFh, 3E8h-3EFh, or 2E8h-2EFh |
| 5 | **Parallel Port Access** | I/O ports 378h-37Fh or 278h-27Fh |
| 4 | **Video Access** | I/O ports 3B0h-3DFh or memory A/B segments |
| 3 | **IDE/Floppy Access** | I/O ports 1F0h-1F7h, 170h-177h, or 3F5h |
| 2 | **Reserved** | |
| 1 | **Primary Interrupts** | Each channel of the interrupt controller can be programmed to be a primary or secondary interrupt |
| 0 | **ISA Master/DMA Activity** | |

Each category can be enabled as a primary event by setting the corresponding bit of the Primary Activity Enable register to 1.  If enabled, the occurrence of the primary event reloads the

GP0 timer if the Primary Activity GP0 Enable bit is also set to 1.  The cause of the timer reload is recorded in the corresponding bit of Primary Activity Status register while the timer is reloaded.  If no enabled primary event occurs during the count down, the GP0 timer will time out (count down to 0) and the system can be programmed (setting the GP0 Timeout Enable bit in the Global Enable register to one) to trigger an SMI to switch the system to a power down mode.

The VT8237R Plus distinguishes two kinds of interrupt requests as far as power management is concerned:  the primary and secondary interrupts.  Like other primary events, the occurrence of a primary interrupt demands that the system be restored to full processing capability.  Secondary interrupts, however, are typically used for housekeeping tasks in the background unnoticeable to the user.  The VT8237R Plus allows each channel of interrupt request to be declared as either primary, secondary, or ignorable in the Primary IRQ Channel and Secondary IRQ Channel registers.  Secondary interrupts are the only system secondary events defined in the VT8237R Plus.

Like primary events, primary interrupts can be made to reload the GP0 timer by setting the PIRQ Enable bit to 1.  Secondary interrupts do not reload the GP0 timer.  Therefore the GP0 timer will time out and the SMI routine can put the system into power down mode if no events other than secondary interrupts are happening periodically in the background.

Primary events can be programmed to trigger an SMI (setting of the Primary Activity Enable bit).  Typically, this SMI triggering is turned off during normal system operation to avoid degrading system performance.  Triggering is turned on by the SMI routine before entering the power down mode so that the system may be returned to normal operation at the occurrence of primary events.  At the same time, the GP0 timer is reloaded and the count down process is restarted.

**Peripheral Events**

Primary and secondary events define system events in general and the response is typically expressed in terms of system events.  Individual peripheral events can also be monitored by the VT8237R Plus through the GP1 timer.  The following four categories of peripheral events are distinguished (via the GP Reload Enable register):

Bit-7    **Keyboard Access**
Bit-6    **Serial Port Access**
Bit-4    **Video Access**
Bit-3    **IDE/Floppy Access**

The four categories are subsets of the primary events as defined in Primary Activity Enable and the occurrence of these events can be checked through a common register Primary Activity Status. As a peripheral timer, GP1 can be used to monitor one (or more than one) of the above four device types by programming the corresponding bit to one and the other bits to zero.  Time out of the GP1 timer indicates no activity of the corresponding device type and appropriate action can be taken as a result.

# ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit | Comment |
|--------|-----------|-----|-----|------|---------|
| $T_S$ | Storage Temperature | −55 | 125 | ºC | |
| $T_C$ | Case Operating Temperature | 0 | 85 | ºC | |
| $V_{CC}$ | Core Voltage | −0.5 | 2.625 | Volts | 2.5V |
| $V_{SUS25}$ | Suspend Voltage – 2.5V | −0.5 | $V_{CC}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 2.5V |
| $V_{SUSUSB}$ | Suspend Voltage – USB | −0.5 | $V_{CC}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 2.5V |
| $V_{SUSMII}$ | Suspend Voltage – LAN | −0.5 | $V_{CC}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 2.5V |
| $V_{CCVK}$ | V-Link Voltage | −0.5 | $V_{CC}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 2.5V |
| $V_{CCPLL}$ | PLL Voltage | −0.5 | $V_{CC}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 2.5V |
| $V_{CCUPLL}$ | USB PLL Voltage | −0.5 | $V_{CC}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 2.5V |
| $V_{CCLAN}$ | LAN Power Voltage | −0.5 | $V_{CC}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 2.5V |
| $V_{CC33}$ | I/O Voltage | −0.5 | 3.6 | Volts | 3.3V |
| $V_{SUS33}$ | Suspend Voltage – 3.3V | −0.5 | $V_{CC33}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 3.3V |
| $V_{CCUSB}$ | USB Voltage | −0.5 | $V_{CC33}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 3.3V |
| $V_{CCMII}$ | LAN Voltage | −0.5 | $V_{CC33}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 3.3V |
| $V_{BAT}$ | Battery Voltage | $V_{CC33}$ − 0.9 | $V_{CC33}$ + 0.3 | Volts | 3.3V |
| $V_{VLVREF}$ | Reference Voltage – V-Link | −0.5 | $V_{CCVK}$ * 0.38 | Volts | 0.9V |
| $V_{SDVREF}$ | Reference Voltage – Secondary IDE | −0.5 | | Volts | |
| | Input voltage (3.3V only inputs) | −0.5 | $V_{CC33}$ + 0.3 | Volts | FERR#, USBCLK, PWRBTN#, EXTSMI#, BATLOW#, SMBCK1-2, SMBDT1-2 |

Note: Stress above the conditions listed may cause permanent damage to the device.
Functional operation of this device should be restricted to the conditions described under operating conditions.

## DC Characteristics

$T_C$ = 0 - 85°C

$V_{CC} = V_{SUS25} = V_{SUSUSB} = V_{SUSMII} = V_{CCVK} = V_{CCPLL} = V_{CCUPLL} = V_{CCLAN}$ = 2.5V ±5%,

$V_{CC33} = V_{SUS33} = V_{CCUSB} = V_{CCMII}$ = 3.3V ±5%, $V_{BAT}$ = 3.3V +0.3 / −0.9V, $V_{SDVREF} = V_{VLVREF}$ = 0.9V ±5%, GND = 0V

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit | Condition |
|--------|-----------|-----|-----|------|-----------|
| $V_{IL}$ | Input low voltage | −0.5 | 0.8 | V | |
| $V_{IH}$ | Input high voltage | 2.0 | $V_{CC33}$ + 0.3 | V | |
| $V_{OL}$ | Output low voltage | – | 0.45 | V | $I_{OL}$ = 4.0mA |
| $V_{OH}$ | Output high voltage | 2.4 | – | V | $I_{OH}$ = −1.0mA |
| $I_{IL}$ | Input leakage current | – | ±10 | uA | 0 < $V_{IN}$ < $V_{CC33}$ |
| $I_{OZ}$ | Tristate leakage current | – | ±20 | uA | 0.45 < $V_{OUT}$ < $V_{CC33}$ |

## Register Bits Powered by VBAT

| Register | Description |
|---|---|
| RTC Rx0D[7] | VBAT Voltage OK |
| F0 Rx96[3:0] | CPU Frequency Strapping Value |
| PMIO Rx20[0] | GPI0 Status |
| PMIO Rx20[6] | INTRUDER# Status |
| PMIO Rx22[2] | Enable SCI on KBC PME Asserted |

## Register Bits Powered by VSUS25

| Register | Description |
|---|---|
| F0 Rx81[2] | RTC Enable Gated During Soft Off |
| F0 Rx94[7:0] | Power Well Control Register |
| F0 Rx95[3:0] | Misc Power Well Control Register |
| PMIO Rx00[15,11,10,8] | Wake, Abnormal PowerOff, RTC Alarm and Power Button Status bits |
| PMIO Rx02[10,8] | RTC Alarm and Power Button Enables |
| PMIO Rx04[12:10] | Sleep Type |
| PMIO Rx20[13,11,9:8,5:2] | AC97 Wakeup, LID, USB Resume, Ring, PME#, EXTSMI#, LAN PME and KBC PME Status bits |
| PMIO Rx22[13,11,8,6:3,1:0] | SCI on corresponding bits of PMIO Rx20 |
| PMIO Rx24[13,11,8,6:3,1:0] | SMI on corresponding bits of PMIO Rx20 |
| PMIO Rx2C[7,5,2] | LID polarity, Battery Low Resume Disable, Power Button triggering select |
| PMIO Rx4C[4:0] | GPO 4:0 Output Value |

## Power Requirements

$T_C = 0 - 85°C$

$V_{CC} = V_{SUS25} = V_{SUSUSB} = V_{SUSMII} = V_{CCVK} = V_{CCPLL} = V_{CCUPLL} = V_{CCLAN} = 2.5V \pm 5\%,$

$V_{CC33} = V_{SUS33} = V_{CCUSB} = V_{CCMII} = 3.3V \pm 5\%, V_{BAT} = 3.3V +0.3 / -0.9V, V_{SDVREF} = V_{VLVREF} = 0.9V \pm 5\%, GND = 0V$

| Symbol | Parameter | Typ | Max | Unit | Condition |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $I_{CC33}$ | Power Supply Current – I/O (3.3V) | 50 | 140 | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | 50 | uA | STR / STD |
| | | – | <1 | uA | Soft Off |
| $I_{CC}$ | Power Supply Current – Core (2.5V) | 425 | 534 | mA | Normal operation |
| | | | <1 | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{CCVK}$ | Power Supply Current – V-Link (2.5V) | 34 | 62 | mA | Normal operation |
| | | 120 | 160 | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{SUS33}$ | Power Supply Current – Suspend (3.3V) | 13 | 110 | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | 1920 | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{SUS25}$ | Power Supply Current – Suspend (2.5V) | 4.1 | 4.5 | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | 254 | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{SUSUSB}$ | Power Supply Current – Suspend (2.5V) USB | 4 | | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{SUSMII}$ | Power Supply Current – Suspend (2.5V) LAN | | | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{CCUSB}$ | Power Supply Current – USB I/O (3.3V) | 9 | | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{CCUPLL}$ | Power Supply Current – USB PLL (2.5V) | 63 | | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{CCMII}$ | Power Supply Current – LAN MII (3.3V) | | | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{CCLAN}$ | Power Supply Current – LAN Power (2.5V) | | | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{CCA33}$ | Power Supply Current – SATA (3.3V) | | | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{CCAS+ATS}$ | Power Supply Current – SATA (2.5V) | | | mA | Normal operation |
| | | – | | uA | STR / STD / SoftOff |
| $I_{CCAO}$ | Power Supply Current – SATA Oscillator (2.5V) | – | | uA | Normal operation |
| $I_{VLVREF}$ | Power Supply Current – V-Link Reference (0.9V) | – | | uA | Normal operation |
| $I_{SDVREF}$ | Power Supply Current – IDE Reference (0.9) | – | | uA | Normal operation |
| $I_{BAT}$ | Power Supply Current – RTC Battery (3.3V) | – | 5 | uA | Normal operation |
| $P_D$ | Power Dissipation | 1.1 | 2.5 | W | Normal operation |
| | | – | | W | STR / STD / SoftOff |

Note: If there is a possibility that both SATA ports and all eight USB 2.0 ports will have devices attached and transferring data simultaneously, a heat spreader is recommended on the chip (see Design Guide for additional information).
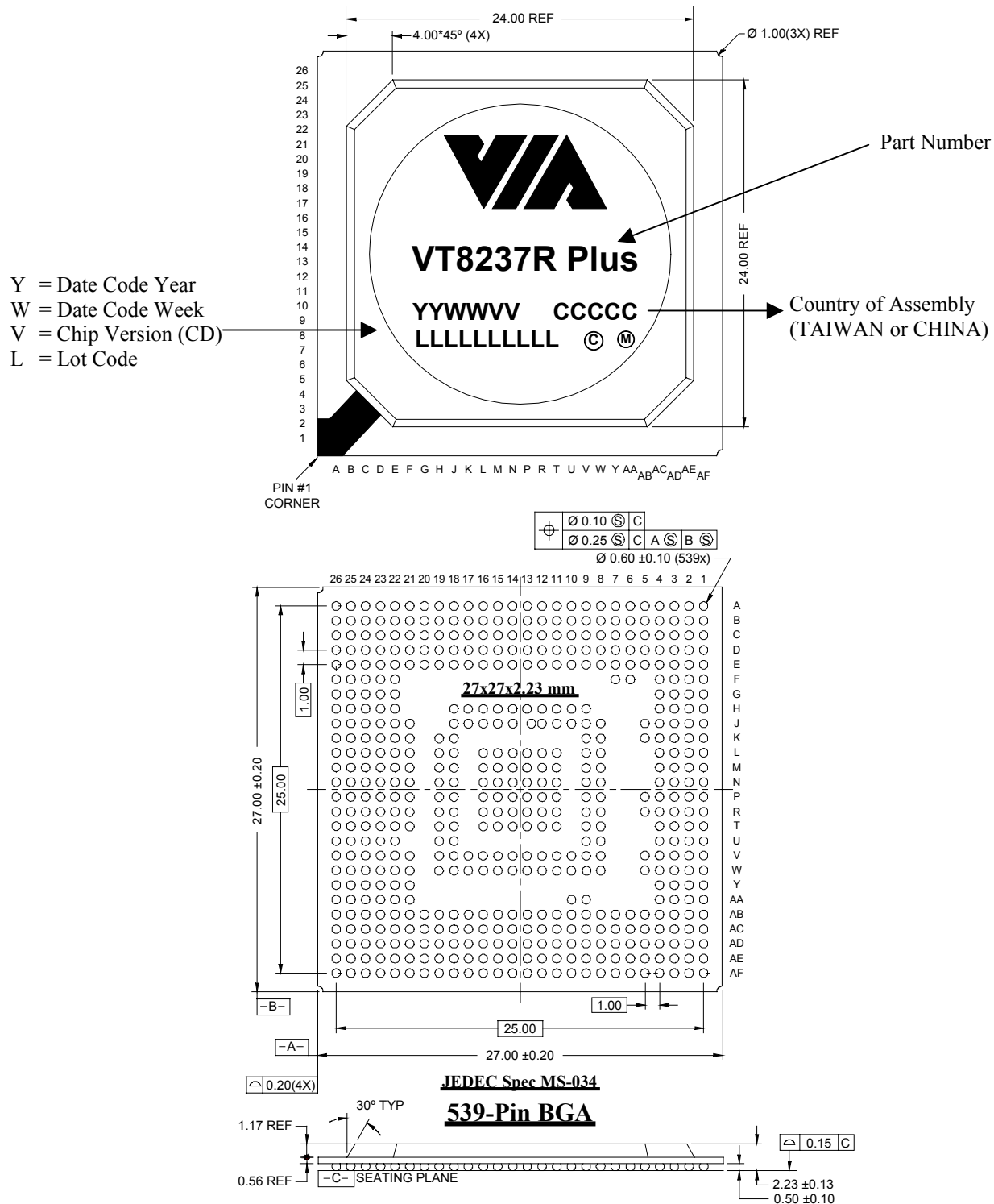
# PACKAGE MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



Y = Date Code Year
W = Date Code Week
V = Chip Version (CD)
L = Lot Code

**Figure 7. Mechanical Specifications – 539 Pin Ball Grid Array Package**

24.00 REF

4.00*45° (4X)

Ø 1.00(3X) REF

Part Number

**VT8237R Plus**

24.00 REF

YYWWVV    CCCCC

LLLLLLLLLL  G  C  M

Country of Assembly
(TAIWAN or CHINA)

Indicates "Lead-Free" Package

Y = Date Code Year
W = Date Code Week
V = Chip Version (CD)
L = Lot Code

PIN #1
CORNER

A B C D E F G H J K L M N P R T U V W Y AA AB AC AD AE AF

Ø 0.10 S C
Ø 0.25 S C A S B S

Ø 0.60 ±0.10 (539x)

**27x27x2.23 mm**

27.00 ±0.20

25.00

1.00

−B−

−A−

25.00

1.00

27.00 ±0.20

0.20(4X)

**JEDEC Spec MS-034**

**539-Pin BGA**

30° TYP

1.17 REF

0.56 REF

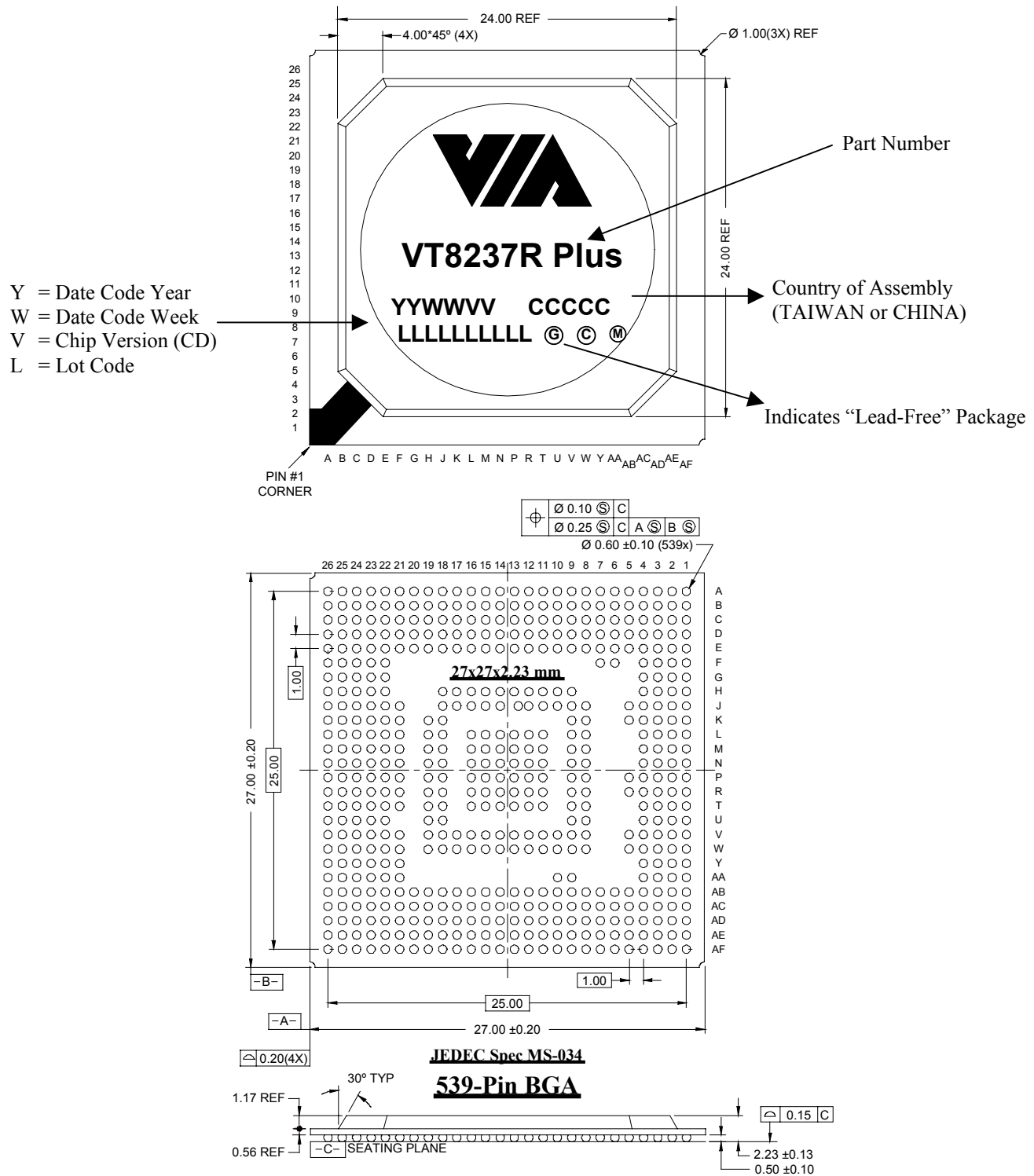−C−  SEATING PLANE

0.15 C

2.23 ±0.13
0.50 ±0.10

**Figure 8.  Lead-Free Mechanical Specifications – 539 Pin Ball Grid Array Package**