

Data Sheet

VT8237R Plus South Bridge

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VIA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

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REVISION HISTORY

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		Removed descriptions related to "SUSST1# assertion supported for C3"	
		Added wordings "for Intel platforms" when referring "Host Stop bit is	
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		Updated pin descriptions of VCCAO, VCCAS, VCCATS and VCCA33 in	
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		Added SATA I/O registers Rx40-4B and Rx80-8B	



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VT8237R PLUS

"ULTRA V-LINK" SERIAL ATA SOUTH BRIDGE

16-BIT V-LINK FOR HIGH BANDWIDTH NORTH BRIDGE DATA TRANSFER,
DUAL CHANNEL SERIAL ATA / RAID CONTROLLER,
ULTRADMA-133/100/66/33 MASTER MODE EIDE CONTROLLER,
INTEGRATED FAST ETHERNET AND EIGHT PORT USB 2.0,
DIRECT SOUND AC97 AUDIO, KEYBOARD / MOUSE CONTROLLER,
RTC, LPC, SMBUS, SERIAL IRQ, PLUG AND PLAY, ACPI,
AND PC2001 COMPLIANT ENHANCED POWER MANAGEMENT

PRODUCT FEATURES

• Inter-operable with a wide variety of existing VIA North Bridges

- Combines with PT890 / K8T890 for high performance Pentium 4 / Athlon 64 (Opteron) based server / workstation / desktop designs
- Combines with PT880 / KT600 / KT880 / K8T800 for performance Pentium 4 / Athlon / Athlon 64 (Opteron) based desktop designs
- Combines with PM880 / PM800 / KM400A for value Pentium 4 / Athlon based desktop designs
- Combines with PN880 / PN800 / KN400A for complete Pentium 4 / Athlon based mobile designs
- Combines with CN400 for complete featured, power efficient VIA C3 based desktop / mobile embedded designs

High Bandwidth 1GB/sec 16-bit"Ultra V-Link" Client Controller

- Supports 16-bit, 66 MHz, 4x and 8x transfer modes, Ultra V-Link interface with 1 GB/sec total bandwidth
 - Full duplex, with separate 8-bit Up and Down data path and command / strobe, in 8x mode
 - Half duplex, with 16-bit data path, in 4x mode
- Request / Data split-transaction
- Transaction assurance for V-Link Host-to-Client access eliminates V-Link Host-Client Retry cycles
- Intelligent V-Link transaction protocol to minimize data wait-state and throttle transfer latency to avoid data overflow
- Highly efficient V-Link arbitration with minimum overhead

Integrated Peripheral Controllers

- Dual channel Serial ATA / RAID controller
- Dual channel UltraDMA-133 / 100 / 66 / 33 master mode EIDE controller
- Integrated Fast Ethernet Controller with 1 / 10 / 100 Mbit capability
- Integrated USB 2.0 Controller with four root hubs and eight function ports
- AC-link interface for AC-97 audio codec and modem codec
- HSP modem support
- Integrated DirectSound compatible digital audio controller
- LPC interface for Low Pin Count interface to Super-I/O or ROM

Integrated Legacy Functions

- Integrated Keyboard Controller with PS2 mouse support
- Integrated DS12885-style Real Time Clock with extended 256 byte CMOS RAM and Day/Month Alarm for ACPI
- Integrated DMA, timer, and interrupt controller
- Serial IRQ for docking and non-docking applications
- Fast reset and Gate A20 operation



• UltraDMA-133 / 100 / 66 / 33 Master Mode EIDE (Parallel ATA) Controller

- Dual channel master mode hard disk controller supporting four Enhanced IDE devices
- Transfer rate up to 133MB/sec to cover PIO mode 4, multi-word DMA mode 2 drives and UltraDMA-133 interface
- Increased reliability using UltraDMA-133/100/66 transfer protocols
- Thirty-two levels (doublewords) of prefetch and write buffers
- Dual DMA engine for concurrent dual channel operation
- Bus master programming interface for SFF-8038i rev.1.0 and Windows-95 compliant
- Full scatter gather capability
- Support ATAPI compliant devices including DVD devices
- Support PCI native and ATA compatibility modes
- Complete software driver support

• Dual Channel Serial ATA / RAID Controller

- Complies with Serial ATA Specification Revision 1.0
- Dual Channel master mode
- On-chip two-channel Serial ATA (S-ATA) PHY for support of up to two S-ATA devices directly
- Supports optional external S-ATA PHY on P-ATA secondary port for support of two additional S-ATA devices
- Primary P-ATA port can support two P-ATA devices (master and slave) along with two S-ATA devices on the P-ATA secondary port (with external S-ATA PHY) plus two more S-ATA devices on the direct S-ATA interface
- S-ATA devices can be configured in multiple RAID configurations supports RAID Level 0, RAID Level 1, RAID Level 0+1 and JBOD
- S-ATA drive transfer rate is capable of up to 150 MB/s per channel (serial speed of 1.5 Gbit/s)
- External Crystal input for Serial ATA port operation

• Fast Ethernet Controller

- High performance PCI master interface with scatter / gather and bursting capability
- Standard MII interface to external PHYceiver
- 1 / 10 / 100 MHz full and half duplex operation
- Independent 2K byte FIFOs for receive and transmit
- Flexible dynamically loadable EEPROM algorithm
- Physical, Broadcast and Multicast address filtering using hashing function
- Magic packet and wake-on-address filtering
- Software controllable power down

Universal Serial Bus Controller

- USB v2.0 and Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) v1.0 compatible
- USB v1.1 and Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) v1.1 compatible
- Four root hubs and eight functional ports
- Integrated physical layer transceivers with optional over-current detection status on USB inputs
- Port 0 support of direct communication via built-in device controller
- Eighteen level (doublewords) data FIFO with full scatter and gather capability
- Legacy keyboard and PS/2 mouse support

Direct Sound Ready AC97 Digital Audio Controller

- AC-Link access to 4 CODECs (AC97 + AMC97 + MC97)
- Multichannel Audio
- Bus Master Scatter / Gather DMA
- Dedicated read and write channels supporting simultaneous stereo playback and record
- Dedicated read and write channels supporting simultaneous modem receive and transmit
- 1 stereo DirectSound channel with source / volume control / mixer
- 1 shared FM / SPDIF PCM read channel
- 1 dedicated channel supporting multi-channel audio
- 32-byte line-bufers for each SGD channel
- Programmable 8bit / 16bit mono / stereo PCM data format support
- AC97 2.3 compliant



• System Management Bus Interface

- Host interface for processor communications
- Slave interface for external SMBus masters

Concurrent PCI Bus Controller

- 33 MHz operation
- Supports up to six PCI masters
- Peer concurrency
- Concurrent multiple PCI master transactions; i.e., allow PCI masters from both PCI buses active at the same time
- Zero wait state PCI master and slave burst transfer rate
- PCI to system memory data streaming up to 132Mbyte/sec (North Bridge data transfer via high speed V-Link)
- PCI master snoop ahead and snoop filtering
- Eight DW of CPU to PCI posted write buffers
- Byte merging in the write buffers to reduce the number of PCI cycles and to create further PCI bursting possibilities
- Enhanced PCI command optimization (MRL, MRM, MWI, etc.)
- Four lines of post write buffers from PCI masters to DRAM
- Sixteen levels (double-words) of prefetch buffers from DRAM for access by PCI masters
- Delay transaction from PCI master accessing DRAM
- Transaction timer for fair arbitration between PCI masters (granularity of two PCI clocks)
- Symmetric arbitration between Host/PCI bus for optimized system performance
- Complete steerable PCI interrupts
- PCI-2.2 compliant, 32 bit 3.3V PCI interface with 5V tolerant inputs

Sophisticated PC2001-Compatible Mobile Power Management

- Supports both ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) and legacy (APM) power management
- ACPI v2.0 and APM v1.2 Compliant
- CPU clock throttling and clock stop control for complete ACPI C0 to C3 state support
- PCI bus clock run, Power Management Enable (PME) control, and PCI/CPU clock generator stop control
- Supports multiple system suspend types: power-on suspends with flexible CPU/PCI bus reset options,
 Suspend to DRAM, and suspend to disk (soft-off), all with hardware automatic wake-up
- Multiple suspend power plane controls and suspend status indicators
- One idle timer, one peripheral timer and one general purpose timer, plus 24/32-bit ACPI compliant timer
- Normal, doze, sleep, suspend and conserve modes
- Global and local device power control
- System event monitoring with two event classes
- Primary and secondary interrupt differentiation for individual channels
- Dedicated input pins for power and sleep buttons, external modem ring indicator, and notebook lid open/close for system wake-up
- 32 general purpose input ports and 32 output ports
- Multiple internal and external SMI sources for flexible power management models
- Enhanced integrated real time clock (RTC) with date alarm, month alarm and century field
- Thermal alarm on external temperature sensing circuit
- I/O pad leakage control

Plug and Play Controller

- PCI interrupts steerable to any interrupt channel
- Steerable interrupts for integrated peripheral controllers: USB, floppy, serial, parallel and audio
- Microsoft Windows XP[™], Windows NT[™], Windows 2000[™], Windows 98[™] and plug and play BIOS compliant

Built-in NAND-tree pin scan test capability

- 0.22um, 2.5V, low power CMOS process
- Single chip 27 x 27 mm, 1.0 mm ball pitch, 539 pin BGA



VT8237R PLUS SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The VT8237R Plus South Bridge is a high integration, high performance, power-efficient and high compatibility device that supports Intel and non-Intel based processor to V-Link bus bridge functionality to make a complete Microsoft PC2001-compliant PCI/LPC system. The VT8237R Plus includes standard intelligent peripheral controllers:

- a) Serial ATA dual channel controller with RAID capability.
- b) Master mode enhanced IDE controller with dual channel DMA engine and interlaced dual channel commands. Dedicated FIFO coupled with scatter and gather master mode operation allows high performance transfers between PCI and IDE devices. In addition to standard PIO and DMA mode operation, the VT8237R Plus also supports the UltraDMA-133, 100, 66 and 33 standards to allow reliable data transfer at rates up to 133 MB/sec. The IDE controller is SFF-8038i v1.0 and Microsoft Windows-family compliant.
- c) IEEE 802.3 compliant 10 / 100 Mbps PCI bus master Ethernet MAC with standard MII interface to external PHYceiver.
- d) Universal Serial Bus controller that is USB v2.0 / 1.1 and Universal HCI v2.0 / 1.1 compliant. The VT8237R Plus includes four root hubs with eight function ports with integrated physical layer transceivers. The USB controller allows hot plug and play and isochronous peripherals to be inserted into the system with universal driver support. The controller also implements legacy keyboard and mouse support so legacy software can run transparently in a non-USB-aware OS environment.
- e) Integrated bus-mastering dual full-duplex direct-sound AC97-link-compatible sound system.
- f) Full System Management Bus (SMBus) interface.
- g) Keyboard controller with PS2 mouse support.
- h) Real Time Clock with 256 byte extended CMOS. In addition to the standard ISA RTC functionality, the integrated RTC also includes the date alarm, century field, and other enhancements for compatibility with the ACPI standard.
- i) Notebook-class power management functionality compliant with ACPI and legacy APM requirements. Multiple sleep states (power-on suspend, suspend-to-DRAM, and suspend-to-Disk) are supported with hardware automatic wake-up. Additional functionality includes event monitoring, CPU clock throttling and stop (Intel processor protocol), PCI bus clock stop control, modular power, clock and leakage control, hardware-based and software-based event handling, general purpose I/O, chip select and external SMI.
- j) Plug and Play controller that allows complete steerability of all PCI interrupts and interrupts / DMA channels to any interrupt channel. One additional steerable interrupt channel is provided to allow plug and play and reconfigurability of onboard peripherals for Windows family compliance.

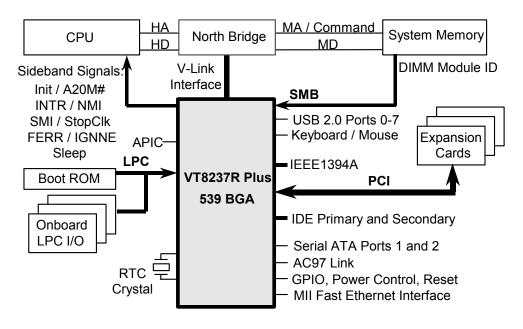


Figure 1. PC System Configuration Using the VT8237R Plus



The VT8237R Plus also enhances the functionality of standard integrated peripherals. The integrated interrupt controller supports both edge and level triggered interrupts channel by channel. The integrated DMA controller supports type F DMA in addition to standard ISA DMA modes. Compliant with the PCI-2.2 specification, the VT8237R Plus supports delayed transactions and remote power management so that slower internal ISA peripherals do not block the traffic of the PCI bus. Special circuitry is built in to allow concurrent operation without causing deadlock even in a PCI-to-PCI bridge environment. The chip also includes eight levels (doublewords) of line buffers from the PCI bus to internal ISA bus devices to further enhance overall system performance.

The high performance Serial ATA RAID Controller in the VT8237R Plus supports RAID Level 0, RAID Level 1, RAID Level 0+1 and JBOD. The internal PCI interface of the Serial ATA controller complies with PCI Specification Revision 2.2. The chip also complies with revision 1.0 of the scatter / gather host DMA mechanism of "Programming Interface for Bus Master IDE Controller". The VT8237R Plus complies with Serial ATA Specification Revision 1.0 and includes two internal Serial ATA direct interfaces (i.e., a two-channel S-ATA PHY is provided on-chip) plus two Parallel ATA channels (primary and secondary). An external S-ATA PHY is also supported which is multiplexed on the P-ATA secondary interface. By that mechanism, an external Serial ATA PHY can be implemented on the secondary Parallel ATA interface for support of up to four S-ATA devices total (see figures below) along with two Parallel ATA devices (master and slave) on the Parallel ATA primary channel.

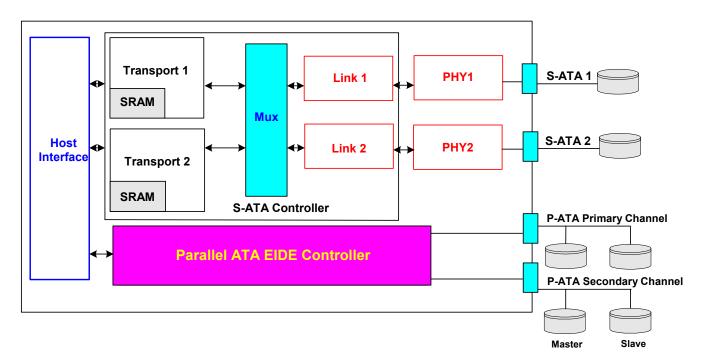


Figure 2. Block Diagram with 2 Serial–ATA Devices



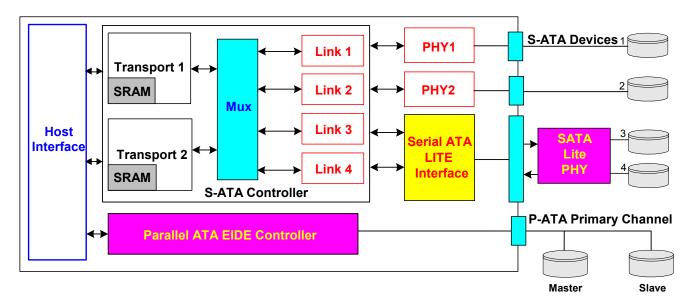


Figure 3. Block Diagram with 4 Serial ATA Devices



PIN	OUTS									F	igure	4. Ba	ll Dia	gram	(Top	View)										
Key	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
A	GND	GND	INTG# GPIO14	INT A#	REQ 0#	GNT 0#	MD CK	MRX D2	MTX D3	MTX D0	M CRS	EE DI	USB GND	USB P7+	USB GND	USB P5+	USB GND	USB P3+	USB GND	USB P1+	USB GND	USB VCC	VCC UPLL	USB OC5#	USB OC7#	USB OC6#
В	GND	GND	INTH# GPIO15	INT B#	INT C#	REQ 1#	MD IO	MRX D1	MTX D2	MTX D1	M COL	EE DO	USB GND	USB P7–	USB GND	USB P5-	USB GND	USB P3-	USB GND	USB P1–	USB GND	USB VCC	VCC UPLL	USB OC4#	USB REXT	USB OC2#
C	CBE 1#	SERR#	PERR#	INT D#	REQ 2#	GNT 2#	MRX D3	MRX D0	MRX CLK	MTX CLK	MTX ENA	EE CK	USB GND	USB GND	USB GND	USB VCC	GND UPLL	VSUS USB	USB OC3#	USB OC0#						
D	AD11	AD13	AD14	INTE# GPIO12	REQ 3#	GNT 1#	PHY RST#	MRX DV	MII VCC	MRX ERR	EE CS#	MII VCC25	USB GND	USB P6+	USB GND	USB P4+	USB GND	USB P2-	USB GND	USB P0-	USB GND	USB VCC	GND UPLL	USB OC1#	UPEN# GPO9	UPWR GPI9
E	AD8	CBE 0#	AD10	INTF# GPIO13	GNT 3#	LAN GND	LAN VCC	GND	MII VCC	MII VCC	MII VCC	MII VCC25	USB GND	USB P6–	USB GND	USB P4–	USB GND	USB P2+	USB GND	USB P0+	USB GND	USB VCC	USB CLK	VD 08	VD 13	VD 12
F	AD4	AD7	AD15	PAR	F5	GND	GND	F8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	F21	USB VCC	NC	V PAR	GND	VD 04
G	AD5	AD0	AD9	AD12	G5	G6	G7		LAN	Pins							USB	Pins		V- Link	G21	NC	VD 09	VBE 0#	VD 05	VD 01
н	T RDY#	DEV SEL#	AD3	AD6	Н5				VCC 33	VCC 33	VCC 33	VCC 33	USB GND	USB GND	USB GND	USB GND	USB GND	USB GND		Pins	H21	VL VREF	GND	DN STB#	VD 0	DN STB
J	FRM#	I RDY#	AD2	AD1	GND	J6		VCC 33	VCC 25	VCC 25	VCC 25	VCC 25	USB VCC	USB VCC	USB VCC	USB VCC	USB VCC	USB VCC		J20	GND	VL COMP	VD 03	UP STB#	GND	UP STB
K	AD19	AD18	AD16	STOP#	GND	K6	PCI	VCC 33	VCC 25	K10	11	12	13	14	15	16	K17	GND	GND	K	VCC VK	VD 06	UP CMD	VD 07	DN CMD	VD 02
1.	AD23	AD21	AD17	CBE 2#	L5		Pins	VCC	VCC	L	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	L	VCC 25	VCC	L	VCC VK	V	VCC	VD	VD	VD
M	AD25	AD24	CBE	AD20	M5			VCC	VCC	M	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	M	VCC	VK VCC VK	M	VCC	VCC VK	VK VÇÇ	VCC VK	VCC VK	10 VD
N	AD29	AD28	3# AD27	AD22	N5			VCC	VCC	N	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	N	VCC	VCC	N	VK VCC	VK VCC VK	VK VCC	VK VCC VK	VCC VK	VCC
P	AD30	AD31	REQ	AD26	GND	P6		33 VCC	25 VCC	P	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	P	VCC	VK VCC	P	VK DP	VCC	VK VCC	VCC	VCC	VK VCC
R	PCI	GNT5#	4# REQ5#	GNT	GND	R6		33 VCC	25 VCC	R	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	R	25 VCC	VCC	R	SLP#	VK GHI#	PCI CLK	STP CLK#	VK APICD0	VK INIT#
Т.	AC_AC	AC SYNC	GPI7 AC RST#	VSUS 25	T5	AC97	Ī	VCC	25 VCC	T10	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	Т	VCC	33 VCC	Т	GND	PLL	APICD1	IGN	GPIO10 INTR	NMI
1	BTCK AC	AC SDOUT	AC SDI0	VSUS 25	U5	ПСЭТ	<u> </u>	33 VCC	25 VCC	U10	11	12	13	14	15	16	U17	VCC	33 VCC	U	U21	VCC PLL	GPIO11 APICCK	NE# FERR#		
-	AC SDI2 KB			25 BAT		N/C	KB	33 VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	33 VCC		VCC	GND PD	GPI9 PD	PD	PD	
V	MS CK	AC SDI1 MS DT	AC SDI3 KB CK	LOW#	GND GND	V6	/MS	33 VCC 33	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	V W	33 VCC	CS1#	CS3# PD	DAK# PD	A1 GND	SLP# PD
W	CK CPU			PME#		W6	PM		33	33	33	ATS	ATS	ATS	ATS	ATS	33	33	33		33 VCC	PD	A0 PD	A2 PD	PD	IOR# PD
Y	MISS	RING# SUSA#	SUS ST# GPO	AOLGI THRM# VSUS	Y5	PM	LPC	Pwr	9	10	١		SATA	Pins				SIDE	PIDE	Y	33	RDY PD	DRQ PD	DI PD	IOW# PD	D14 PD
AA	SMI#	GPO2	0	33	AA5	6 Vene	7 DCV	8	GND	GND	11 VCC	12	13	14	15 STV	16	17 VCC	18	19	AA20	GND	D0	D15	D13	D3	D2
AB	SMB ALRT#		SUS	VSUS 33	VSUS 33	VSUS 33	PCK RUN#	OSC	VDSLP GPIO29	GND AO	VCC AS	GND AS	STX 1+	GND ATS	STX 2+	GND AS	VCC AO	GND	GND	SD D1	COMP	GND	PD D12	PD D11	GND	PD D4
AC	LID#	GPI 1	SMB CK2	SMB CK1	PWR GD	GPIOD PCGNTB	CPU STP#	VIDSEL GPIO28	GPIO8	VCC AO	VCC AS	GND AS	STX 1-	GND ATS	STX 2-	GND AS	VCC AO	GND	SD VREF	SD D0	SD D2	SDA1 strap	PD D6	PD D9	PD D10	PD D5
AD	SMB DT2	PWR BTN#	SUSB#	_	GPIOB PCREQB	PCI STP#	AD3	AD0	SER IRQ	AGBZ# GPI6	SR EXT	GND ATS	GND ATS	GND ATS	GND ATS	GND ATS	SD DRQ	SD D5	SDD6	SD D10	SD D13	SD D14	SD DAK#	IRQ 14	PD D7	PD D8
AE	IN TRUD#	GPI 0	GPO 1	RTC X1	GPIOA PCREQA	REQ 0 #	AD2	L REQ1#	TEST	xo xo	VCC A33	GND ATS	SRX 1+	GND ATS	SRX 2+	GND ATS	GND	SD D3	GND	SD D8	SD D11	GND	SD IOW#	SDA2 strap	GND	IRQ 15
AF	PWR OK#	SUS C#	RTC X2	V BAT	GPIOC PCGNTA	L FRM#	AD1	SPKR strap	TPO	S XI	GND A33	GND ATS	SRX 1-	GND ATS	SRX 2-	GND ATS	SD RDY	SD D4	SD D7	SD D9	SD D12	SD D15	SD IOR#	SDA0 strap	SD CS1#	SDCS3# strap



Pin Lists

Table 1. Pin List (Listed by Pin Number)

ADD INTIGE GPIO14 F03 AD10 INTIGE CPIO15 MIS VCCVK V24 PDA0 straup AD08 LAD3 AD08	Pin#	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name
Add STROP							11/22	PD 40 / /	_	
ADD MITCHO ADD A							W23	PDA0 / strap	11	
ADD MITCHO ADD A							W24	PDA2 / strap	AD08	CERIDO
ADD MITCHO ADD A							W20	CDI MISS / CDI 17	AD10	ACDD7# / CDI6
ADD MITCHO ADD A							Y02	RING# / GPI3	AD10	SREXT
ADD MITCHO ADD A							Y03	SUSST1# / GPO3	AD11	GNDATS
ADD MICKED STATE STATE					1/126	V/D15			AD13	GNDATS
B18 USBP1- G25			E11		N01	AD29	Y22	PDRDY	AD14	GNDATS
B18 USBP1- G25					N02	AD28	Y23	PDDRQ		
B18 USBP1- G25					N03	AD27	Y24	PDD01		
B18 USBP1- G25					N04	AD22	Y25	PDIOW#	AD17	SDDRQ
B18 USBP1- G25					NI9	VCCVK	Y 26	PDD14 EVTSMI# / CDI2	ADI8	SDD00
B18 USBP1- G25					N21 N22	VCCVK	AA01	SUSA#/GDO2	AD19	SDD10
B18 USBP1- G25					N23	VCCVK	AA03	GPO0		
B18 USBP1- G25					N24	VCCVK	AA04	VSUS33		
B18 USBP1- G25					N25	VCCVK	AA22	PDD00		
B18 USBP1- G25					N26	VCCVK	AA23	PDD15		
B18 USBP1- G25					P01	AD30	AA24	PDD13		
B18 USBP1- G25					P02	AD31	AA25	PDD03	AD26	PDD08
B18 USBP1- G25					P03	REO4#	AA26	PDD02	AE01	INTRUD# / GPI16
B18 USBP1- G25					PU4	ADZ0 VCCVK	ABUI	SWBALKI#	AE02	
B18 USBP1- G25					P19 P21	DPSLP# / GPIO23	AB02	SUSCI K / GPO4	AE03	PTCY1
B18 USBP1- G25					P22	VCCVK	AR04	VSUS33	AF05	GPIOA / PCREOA / stran
B18 USBP1- G25					P23	VCCVK	AB05	VSUS33	AE06	LREO0#
B18 USBP1- G25					P24	VCCVK	AB06	VSUS33	4 1007	LAD2
B18 USBP1- G25			G04	AD12	P25	VCCVK	AB07	PCKRUN#	AE08	LREO1#
B18 USBP1- G25	B14	USBP7-	G22	NC	P26	VCCVK	AB08	OSC	AE09	TEST
B18 USBP1- G25					R01	PCIRST#	AB09	VRDPSLP/GPIO29	AE10	SXO
C25					R02	GNT5# / GPO7	AB10	GNDAO	AE11	VCCA33
C25					R03	REQ5# / GPI/	ABII	CNDAS	AE12	GNDATS
C25					R04	GN14# GHI# / GDIO22	AB12	GNDAS CTV1	AE13	
C25					R23	PCICI K	AB13	GNDA120	AE14	SRX2+
C25					R24	STPCLK#	AB15	STX2+	AE16	
C25					R25	APICD0 / GPIO10	AB16	GNDAS	AE18	
C25	C02	SERR#	H22	VLVREF	R26	INIT#	AB17	VCCAS	AE20	SDD08
C25					T01	ACBITCLK	AB20	SDD01	AE21	
C25					T02	ACSYNC / strap	AB21	SDCOMP	AE23	
C25					103	ACRS1#	AB23	PDD12	AE24	
C25					T04	VSUS25	AB24	PDD04	AE26	IKO15
C25					T23	APICD1 / GPIO11	AB26	I ID# / GPI/	AF01	PWROK SUSC#
C25					T24	IGNNE#	AC02	GPI1	AF03	RTCX2
C25					T25	INTR	AC03	SMBCK2 / GPIO27	AF04	VBAT
C25					T26	NMI	AC04	SMBCK1	AF05	GPIOC / PCGNTA / strap
C25			J24	UPSTB#	U01	ACSDI2	AC05	PWRGD	AF06	LFRM#
C25				UPSTB	U02	ACSDOUT / strap	AC06	GPIOD / PCGNTB / strap	AF07	LAD1
DOS REG3# K24 VD07 V01 KBDT AC14 GNDATS AF15 SRX2-		VSUSUSB	K01	AD19	U03	ACSDIN0	AC07	CPUSTP# / GPO5	AF08	SPKR / strap
DOS REG3# K24 VD07 V01 KBDT AC14 GNDATS AF15 SRX2-		USBOC3#	K02	AD18	U04	VSUS25	AC08	VIDSEL / GIO28	AF09	IPU
DOS REG3# K24 VD07 V01 KBDT AC14 GNDATS AF15 SRX2-		AD11	K04	STOP#	1123	ADICCI K / CDI10	AC10	VCCAO	AFIU AFII	CNDA33
DOS REG3# K24 VD07 V01 KBDT AC14 GNDATS AF15 SRX2-		AD13	K21	VCCVK	U23	FERR#	AC10	VCCAS	AF11	GNDATS
DOS REG3# K24 VD07 V01 KBDT AC14 GNDATS AF15 SRX2-	D03	AD14	K22	VD06	U25	SMI#	AC12	GNDAS	AF13	SRX1-
DOS REQ3# DOS REQ3# CS NDCMD VOI RBD1 AC14 GNDATS AF15 SRX2-	D04	INTE# / GPIO12	K23	UPCMD	U26	A20M#	AC13	STX1-	AF14	GNDATS
D07		REQ3#	K24	VD0/	V01	KBDT	AC14	GNDATS	AF15	SRX2-
D08 MRXDV D09 MIVCC	D06	GNT1#	K25	DNCMD		ACSDIN1	AC15	STX2-	AF16	GNDATS
D09 MIIVCC					V03	ACSDI3	AC16	GNDAS		
D10 MRXERR L03 AD17 V23 PDCS3# / strap AC20 SDD00 AF20 SDD09										
D11 EECS# L04 CBE2# V24 PDDACK#/strap AC21 SDD02 AF21 SDD12 D12 MIIVCC25 L19 VCCVK V25 PDA1/strap AC22 SDA1 AF22 SDD15 D14 USBP6+ L21 VCCVK V26 SLP# AC23 PDD06 AF23 SDI0R# D18 USBP4+ L22 VCLK W01 MSCK AC24 PDD09 AF24 SDA0 D18 USBP2- L23 VCCVK W02 MSDT AC25 PDD10 AF25 SDCS1# D20 USBP0- L24 VD14 W03 KBCK AC26 PDD05 AF26 SDCS3# D23 GNDUPLL L25 VD11 W04 PME# AD01 SMBDT2 / GPI026 D24 USBOC1# L26 VD10 W12 VCCATS AD02 PWRBTN# D25 UDPEN#/GP09 D26 UDPWR / GP19 M02 AD24 W14 VCCATS AD03 SUSB# E01 AD08 M03 CBE3# W15 VCCATS AD05 GPIOB / PCREOB / strap D26 UDPWR / GP19 M02 AD24 W14 VCCATS AD05 GPIOB / PCREOB / strap D26 UDPWR / GP19 M03 CBE3# W15 VCCATS AD05 GPIOB / PCREOB / strap D27 CDR / CONTROL CO										
D12 MIIVCC25 D14 USBP6+ L21 VCCVK V26 SLP# AC23 PDD06 AF23 SDIOR#										
D14 USBP6+ L21 VCCVK V26 SLP# AC23 PDD06 AF23 SDIOR# D18 USBP4+ L22 VCLK W01 MSCK AC24 PDD09 AF24 SDA0 D20 USBP0- L24 VD14 W03 KBCK AC26 PDD05 AF26 SDCS1# D23 GNDUPLL L25 VD11 W04 PME# AD01 SMBDT2 / GPIO26 D24 USBOC1# L26 VD10 W12 VCCATS AD02 PWRBTN# D25 UDPEN# / GPO9 D26 UDPWR / GPI9 M02 AD24 W14 VCCATS AD04 RSMRST# E01 AD08 M03 CBE3# W15 VCCATS AD05 GPIOB / PCREOB / strap D26 UDPWR / GPI9 M02 AD24 W15 VCCATS AD05 GPIOB / PCREOB / strap D26 UDPWR / GPI9 M03 CBE3# W15 VCCATS AD05 GPIOB / PCREOB / strap D27 CAC25										
D16 USBP4+ L22 VCLK W01 MSCK AC24 PDD09 AF24 SDA0										
D18 USBP2- L24 VD14 W02 MSDT AC25 PDD10 AF25 SDCS1#				VCLK		MSCK	AC24	PDD09		
D23 GNDUPLL L25 VD11 W04 PME# AD01 SMBDT2 / GPIO26	D18	USBP2-	L23	VCCVK	W02	MSDT	AC25	PDD10	AF25	SDCS1#
D24 USBOC1#									AF26	SDCS3#
D25 UDPEN# / GP09 M01 AD25 W13 VCCATS AD03 SUSB#										
D26 UDPWR / GPI9 M02 AD24 W14 VCCATS AD04 RSMRST# E01 AD08 M03 CBE3# W15 VCCATS AD05 GPIOB / PCREOB / strap									1	
E01 AD08 M03 CBE3# W15 VCCATS AD05 GPIOB / PCREOB / strap										
	E02	CBE0#	M04	AD20	W16	VCCATS				

VCC33 pins (28 pins):

(29 pins): (71 pins): VCC25 pins

H9-12, J8, K8, L8, M8, N8, P8, R8,19, T8,19, U8,19, V8,19, 21 W8-11,17-19, 21, Y21

J9-12, K9, L9,18, M9,18, P9,18, R9,18, T9,18, U9,18, V9-18

A1-2, B1-2, E8, F6-7,25, H23, J5,21,25, K5,18-19, L11-16, M11-16, N11-16, P5,11-16, R5,11-16,21, T11-16,21, V5, W5,22,25, A49-10,21, AB18-19,22,25, AC18, AE17,19,22,25

A22, B22, C22, D22, E22, F22, J13-18 GND pins

USBVCC pins (12 pins):

A13,15,17,19,21, B13,15,17,19,21, C13-21, D13,15,17,19,21, E13,15,17,19,21, H13-18 USBGND pins (35 pins):



Table 2. Pin List (Listed by Pin Name)

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name	Pin #	Pin Name
	A20M#								
U26 T01			GNDATS		MTXD0		SDD12	K26	VD02
	ACBITCLK		GNDATS	B10	MTXD1		SDD13	J23	VD03
U03	ACRST# ACSDIN0		GNDATS GNDATS	B09 A09	MTXD2 MTXD3		SDD14 SDD15	F26 G25	VD04 VD05
V02	ACSDIN1		GNDATS	C11	MTXENA		SDD13 SDDACK#	K22	VD05 VD06
U01			GNDATS	T26	NMI		SDDACK# SDDRQ	K24	VD07
V03		AE14	GNDATS	AB08			SDIOR#	E24	VD08
U02				F04	PAR		SDIOW#	G23	VD09
T02	ACSYNC / strap	AF12	GNDATS GNDATS	AB07	PCKRUN#	AF17	SDRDY	L26	VD10
	AD00		GNDATS		PCICLK		SDVREF	L25	VD11
J04	AD01		GNDATS		PCIRST#		SERIRO	E26	VD12
J03	AD02		GNDUPLL		PCISTP#/O6/strap		SERR#	E25	VD13
H03 F01	AD03 AD04		GNDUPLL GNT0#		PDA0 / strap PDA1 / strap	V26	SLP# SMBALRT#	L24	VD14 VD15
G01	AD04 AD05		GNT1#		PDA1 / strap		SMBCK1	M26	VBAT
H04	AD06		GNT1# GNT2#	V22			SMBCK1 / GPIO27		VBE#
F02	AD07		GNT3#				SMBDT1		VCCA33
E01	AD08		GNT4#		PDD00		SMBDT2 / GPIO26		VCCAO
G03	AD09	R02	GNT5# / GPO7		PDD01		SMI#	W12	VCCATS
E03	AD10	AE02			PDD02		SPKR / strap	W13	
	AD11		GPI1		PDD03		SREXT		VCCATS
	AD12		GPIOA / PCREOA / strap		PDD04		SRX1-	W15	VCCATS
D02 D03	AD13 AD14		GPIOB / PCREQB / strap		PDD05 PDD06		SRX1+		VCCAS
F03	AD14 AD15		GPIOC / PCGNTA / strap GPIOD / PCGNTB / strap		PDD06 PDD07		SRX2- SRX2+		VCCAS VCCAS
	AD16		GPO0		PDD07 PDD08		STX1-		VCCAS
L03	AD10 AD17		GPO1		PDD09		STX1+		VCCAS
	AD18		IGNNE#		PDD10		STX2-	A23	
K01	AD19	R26	INIT#		PDD11		STX2+	B23	
M04	AD20		INTA#		PDD12	K04		K21	VCCVK
ll .	AD21		INTB#		PDD13	R24	STPCLK#	L19	VCCVK
N04	AD22		INTC#		PDD14		SUSA# / GPO2	L21	VCCVK
	AD23		INTD#		PDD15		SUSB#	L23	VCCVK
M02 M01	AD24 AD25		INTE# / GPIO12 INTF# / GPIO13	V24	PDDACK# / strap PDDRO		SUSC# SUSCLK / GPO4	M19 M21	VCCVK
P04	AD26		INTG# / GPIO13		PDIOR#		SUSST1# / GPO3	M22	VCCVK VCCVK
N03	AD27	B03	INTH# / GPIO15	Y25	PDIOW#	AF10		M23	VCCVK
	AD28		INTR	Y22	PDRDY	AE10		M24	VCCVK
N01	AD29	AE01	INTRUD# / GPI16	C03	PERR#		TEST	M25	VCCVK
	AD30	J02	IRDY#	D07	PHYRST#	AF09		N19	VCCVK
	AD31		IRO14	U22	PLLGND	H01	TRDY#	N21	VCCVK
	AGPBZ# / GPI6		IRO15		PLLVCC	D25	UDPEN# / GPO9	N22	VCCVK
Y04 U23	ADLGELY / CDI10		KBCK		PME#	D26	UDPWR / GPI9	N23	VCCVK
	APICCLK / GPI19 APICD0 / GPIO10		KBDT LAD0		PWRBTN# PWRGD	K23 J26	UPCMD UPSTB	N24 N25	VCCVK VCCVK
	APICD1 / GPIO11		LAD0 LAD1		PWROK	J24	UPSTB#	N26	VCCVK
V04	BATLOW# / GPI5		LAD2		REQ0#	E23	USBCLK	P19	VCCVK
E02	CBE0#		LAD3		REO1#	C26	USBOC0#	P22	VCCVK
C01	CBE1#	E06	LANGND	C05	REQ2#	D24	USBOC1#	P23	VCCVK
L04	CBE2#		LANVCC		REQ3#	B26	USBOC2#	P24	VCCVK
	CBE3#		LFRM#		REQ4#	C25	USBOC3#	P25	VCCVK
	CPUMISS / GPI17		LID# / GPI4		REQ5# / GPI7	B24	USBOC4#	P26	VCCVK
	CPUSTP# / GPO5 DEVSEL#		LREQ0# LREQ1#		RING# / GPI3 RSMRST#	A24	USBOC5# USBOC6#	L22	VCLK VGATE / GPIO8
	DNCMD		MCOL		RTCX1	A25	USBOC0#		VIDSEL / GIO28
	DNSTB		MCRS		RTCX1	D20	USBOC7# USBP0–		VLCOMP
	DNSTB#		MDCK		SDA0	E20	USBP0+	H22	
P21	DPSLP# / GPIO23	B07	MDIO		SDA1	B20	USBP1-	F24	VPAR
	EECK		MIIVCC		SDA2	A20	USBP1+		VRDPSLP/GPIO2
ll .	EECS#		MIIVCC		SDCOMP	D18	USBP2-		VSUS25
	EEDI / strap EEDO		MIIVCC		SDCS1#	E18	USBP2+	U04	
	EXTSMI# / GPI2		MIIVCC MIIVCC25		SDCS3# SDD00	B18 A18	USBP3- USBP3+		VSUS33 VSUS33
	FERR#		MIIVCC25 MIIVCC25		SDD00 SDD01	E16	USBP3+ USBP4-		VSUS33 VSUS33
	FRAME#		MRXCLK		SDD01 SDD02	D16	USBP4+		VSUS33
	GHI# / GPIO22		MRXD0		SDD03	B16	USBP5-	C24	
AF11	GNDA33	B08	MRXD1	AF18	SDD04	A16	USBP5+		
	GNDAO		MRXD2		SDD05	E14	USBP6-		
	GNDAS		MRXD3		SDD06	D14	USBP6+		
	GNDAS		MRXDV		SDD07	B14	USBP7-		
	GNDAS CNDAS		MRXERR		SDD08	A14	USBP7+ USBREXT		
	GNDAS GNDATS		MSCK MSDT		SDD09 SDD10	B25 H25	VD00		
	GNDATS		MTXCLK		SDD10 SDD11	G26	VD00 VD01		
41017	J. 12/11D			11				ı———	l .

(28 pins): (29 pins): (71 pins):

VCC33 pins VCC25 pins

H9-12, J8, K8, L8, M8, N8, P8, R8, I9, T8, I9, U8, I9, V8, I9, 21, W8-11,17-19, 21, Y21

J9-12, K9, L9, I8, M9, I8, N9, I8, P9, I8, R9, I8, T9, I8, U9, I8, V9-18

A1-2, B1-2, E8, F6-7,25, H23, J5,21,25, K5, I8-19, L11-16, M11-16, N11-16, P5, I1-16, R5, I1-16, 21, T11-16, 21, V5, W5, 22, 25, A49-10, 21, AB18-19, 22, 25, AC18, AE17, I9, 22, 25 GND pins

USBVCC pins (12 pins): USBGND pins (35 pins): NC pins (2 pins): A22, B22, C22, D22, E22, I3-18 A13,15,17,19,21, B13,15,17,19,21, C13-21, D13,15,17,19,21, E13,15,17,19,21, H13-18

G22, F23



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

V-Link Pin Descriptions

			V-Link Interface
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description
VD[15:0]	(see pin list)	Ю	Data Bus. All bits 15-0 are implemented for use with VIA North Bridge chips which support this capability (if not, only bits 7-0 are used). VD[7:0] are also used to send strap information to the chipset North Bridge (see strap table below for details). The specific interpretation of these straps is North Bridge chip design dependent.
VPAR	F24	IO	Parity. If the VPAR function is implemented in a compatible manner on the North Bridge, this pin should be connected to the North Bridge VPAR pin (KT400 / KM400, PT400, PT600). If VPAR is not implemented in the North Bridge chip or is incompatible with the VT8237R Plus (4x V-Link North Bridges) connect this pin to an 8.2K pullup to 2.5V (Pro266, Pro266T, KT266, KT266A, KT333, P4X266, PN266, KN266, KM266, P4M266, P4N266). See app note AN222 for details.
VBE#	G24	IO	Byte Enable. Connect to same named pin on North Bridge.
VCLK	L22	I	V-Link Clock. 66 MHz. Supplied by clock generator.
UPCMD	K23	О	Command from Client-to-Host. Connect to same named pin on North Bridge.
DNCMD	K25	I	Command from Host-to-Client. Connect to same named pin on North Bridge.
UPSTB	J26	О	Strobe from Client-to-Host. Connect to same named pin on North Bridge.
UPSTB#	J24	О	Complement Strobe from Client-to-Host. Connect to same named pin on North Bridge.
DNSTB	H26	I	Strobe from Host-to-Client. Connect to same named pin on North Bridge.
DNSTB#	H24	I	Complement Strobe from Host-to-Client. Connect to same named pin on North Bridge.



CPU, APIC and CPU Control Pin Descriptions

			CPU Interface
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description
A20M#	U26	OD	A20 Mask. Connect to A20 mask input of the CPU to control address bit-20 generation. Logical combination of the A20GATE input (from internal or external keyboard controller) and Port 92 bit-1 (Fast_A20).
FERR#	U24	I	Numerical Coprocessor Error. This signal is tied to the coprocessor error signal on the CPU. Internally generates interrupt 13 if active. Input voltage swing is programmable to 1.5V or 2.5V by Device 17 Function 0 Rx67[2].
IGNNE#	T24	OD	Ignore Numeric Error. This pin is connected to the CPU "ignore error" pin.
INIT#	R26	OD	Initialization. The VT8237R Plus asserts INIT# if it detects a shut-down special cycle on the PCI bus or if a soft reset is initiated by the register
INTR	T25	OD	CPU Interrupt. INTR is driven by the VT8237R Plus to signal the CPU that an interrupt request is pending and needs service.
NMI	T26	OD	Non-Maskable Interrupt. NMI is used to force a non-maskable interrupt to the CPU. The VT8237R Plus generates an NMI when PCI bus SERR# is asserted.
SLP#	V26	OD	Sleep. Used to put the CPU to sleep.
SMI#	U25	OD	System Management Interrupt. SMI# is asserted by the VT8237R Plus to the CPU in response to different Power-Management events.
STPCLK#	R24	OD	Stop Clock. STPCLK# is asserted by the VT8237R Plus to the CPU to throttle the processor clock.

Note: Connect each of the above signals to 150 Ω pullup resistors to VCC_CMOS (see Design Guide).

			CPU Speed Control Interface
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description
VGATE / GP18 / GPO8	AC9	I	Voltage Gate. Signal from the CPU voltage regulator. High indicates the voltage regulator output is stable. This pin performs the VGATE function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[4] = 1 and E4[3] = 0.
VIDSEL / GPI28 / GPO28	AC8	OD	Voltage Regulator ID Select. Connected to the CPU voltage regulator. Low selects the voltage ID from the CPU; high selects a different fixed voltage ID (the lower voltage used for CPU deep sleep mode). This pin performs the VIDSEL function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[3] = 0.
VRDSLP/ GPI29 / GPO29	AB9	OD	Voltage Regulator Deep Sleep. Connected to the CPU voltage regulator. High selects the proper voltage for deep sleep mode. This pin performs the VRDPSLP function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[3] = 0.
GHI # / GPI22 / GPO22	R22	OD	CPU Speed Select. Connected to the CPU voltage regulator, used to select high speed (L) or low speed (H). This pin performs the GHI# function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[3] = 0.
DPSLP# / GPI23 / GPO23	P21	OD	CPU Deep Sleep. This pin performs the DPSLP# function if Device 17 Function 0 RxE5[3] = 0.
CPUMISS / GPI17	Y1	I	CPU Missing. Used to detect the physical presence of the CPU chip in its socket. High indicates no CPU present. Connect to the CPUMISS pin of the CPU socket. The state of this pin may be read in the SMBus 2 registers. This pin may be used as CPUMISS and GPI17 at the same time.
AGPBZ# / GPI6	AD10	I	AGP Busy. Low indicates that an AGP master cycle is in progress (CPU speed transitions will be postponed if this input is asserted low). Connected to the AGP Bus AGPBZ# pin.

Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller (APIC) Interface							
Signal Name Pin # I/O Signal Description							
APICD1 / GPIO11	T23	OD	Internal APIC Data 1. Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6] = 1 & APIC Rx3[0] = 0				
APICD0 / GPIO10	R25	OD	Internal APIC Data 0. Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6] = 1 & APIC Rx3[0] = 0				
APICCLK / GPI19	U23	I	Internal APIC Clock. Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6] = 1 & APIC Rx3[0] = 0				



PCI Bus Pin Descriptions

	PCI Bus Interface									
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description							
AD[31:0]	(see pin	Ю	Address / Data Bus. Multiplexed address and data. The address is driven with FRAME#							
CDEIA AIII	list)	10	assertion and data is driven or received in following cycles.							
CBE[3:0]#	M3, L4,	Ю	Command / Byte Enable. The command is driven with FRAME# assertion. Byte							
DEVCEL#	C1, E2	10	enables corresponding to supplied or requested data are driven on following clocks.							
DEVSEL#	H2	IO	Device Select. The VT8237R Plus asserts this signal to claim PCI transactions through positive or subtractive decoding. As an input, DEVSEL# indicates the response to a							
			positive or subtractive decoding. As an input, DEVSEL# indicates the response to a VT8237R Plus-initiated transaction and is also sampled when decoding whether to							
			subtractively decode the cycle.							
FRAME#	J1	Ю	Frame. Assertion indicates the address phase of a PCI transfer. Negation indicates that							
			one more data transfer is desired by the cycle initiator.							
IRDY#	J2	IO	Initiator Ready. Asserted when the initiator is ready for data transfer.							
TRDY#	H1	IO	Target Ready. Asserted when the target is ready for data transfer.							
STOP#	K4	IO	Stop. Asserted by the target to request the master to stop the current transaction.							
SERR#	C2	I	System Error. SERR# can be pulsed active by any PCI device that detects a system error							
			condition. Upon sampling SERR# active, the VT8237R Plus can be programmed to							
DEDD#	C2		generate an NMI to the CPU.							
PERR#	C3	_	Parity Error. PERR#, sustained tri-state, is only for the reporting of data parity errors							
PAR	F4	Ю	during all PCI transactions except for a Special Cycle. Parity. A single parity bit is provided over AD[31:0] and C/BE[3:0]#.							
INTA#	A4		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
INTA# INTB#	B4	I	PCI Interrupt Request . The INTA# through INTD# pins are typically connected to the PCI bus INTA#-INTD# pins per the table below. INTE-H# are enabled by setting Device 17							
INTC#	B5		Function 0 Rx5B[1] = 1 and RxE4[4] = 0. BIOS settings must match the physical							
INTD#	C4		connection method.							
INTE#/GPI12,			INTA# INTB# INTC# INTD#							
/ GPO12,	D4		PCI Slot 1 INTA# INTB# INTC# INTD#							
INTF#/GPI13,			PCI Slot 2 INTB# INTC# INTD# INTE#							
/ GPO13,	E4		PCI Slot 3 INTC# INTD# INTE# INTF#							
INTG#/ GPI14,			PCI Slot 4 INTD# INTE# INTF# INTG#							
/ GPO14,	A3		PCI Slot 5 INTE# INTF# INTG# INTH#							
INTH#/ GPI15,	D2		PCI Slot 6 INTF# INTG# INTH# INTA#							
/ GPO15	B3	-	DOLD TO THE STATE OF THE STATE							
REQ5 # / GPI7,	R3	I	PCI Request. These signals connect to the VT8237R Plus from each PCI slot (or each							
REQ4#, REQ3#,	P3 D5		PCI master) to request the PCI bus. To use pin R3 as REQ5#, Function 0 RxE4 must be set to 1 otherwise this pin will function as General Purpose Input 7.							
REQ2#,	C5		set to 1 otherwise this pill will function as deficial 1 dipose hiput 7.							
REQ1#,	B6									
REQ0#	A5									
GNT5# / GPO7,	R2	О	PCI Grant. These signals are driven by the VT8237R Plus to grant PCI access to a							
GNT4#,	R4		specific PCI master. To use pin R2 as GNT5#, Function 0 RxE4 must be set to 1							
GNT3#,	E5		otherwise this pin will function as General Purpose Output 7.							
GNT2#,	C6									
GNT1#,	D6									
GNT0#	A6	0	DOVE A TILL IN THE REAL POINT							
PCIRST#	R1	0	PCI Reset. This signal is used to reset devices attached to the PCI bus.							
PCICLK	R23	I	PCI Clock. This signal provides timing for all transactions on the PCI Bus.							
PCKRUN#	AB7	IO	PCI Bus Clock Run. This signal indicates whether the PCI clock is or will be stopped (high) or running (low). The VTS237P Plus drives this signal low when the PCI clock is							
			(high) or running (low). The VT8237R Plus drives this signal low when the PCI clock is							
			running (default on reset) and releases it when it stops the PCI clock. External devices may assert this signal low to request that the PCI clock be restarted or prevent it from stopping.							
			Connect this pin to ground using a 100 Ω resistor if the function is not used. Refer to the							
			"PCI Mobile Design Guide" and VIA PT400 or K8M400 Design Guides for more details							
<u> </u>	1	1	1 C. 1 1100 IIC Design Guide und 1 11 1 1 700 01 Kolvitoo Design Guides 101 mole details							



MII, Serial EEPROM and Low Pin Count Pin Descriptions

	LAN Controller - Media Independent Interface (MII)				
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	PU	Signal Description	
MCOL	B11	I	PD	MII Collision Detect. From the external PHY.	
MCRS	A11	I	PD	MII Carrier Sense. Asserted by the external PHY when the media is active.	
MDCK	A7	О	PD	MII Management Data Clock. Sent to the external PHY as a timing reference for MDIO	
MDIO	B7	Ю	PD	MII Management Data I/O. Read from the MDI bit or written to the MDO bit.	
MRXCLK	C9	I	PD	MII Receive Clock. 2.5 or 25 MHz clock recovered by the PHY.	
MRXD[3-0]	C7, A8, B8, C8	I	PD	MII Receive Data. Parallel receive data lines driven by the external PHY synchronous with MRXCLK.	
MRXDV	D8	I	PD	MII Receive Data Valid.	
MRXERR	D10	I	PD	MII Receive Error. Asserted by the PHY when it detects a data decoding error.	
MTXCLK	C10	I	PD	MII Transmit Clock. Always active 2.5 or 25 MHz clock supplied by the PHY.	
MTXD[3-0]	A9, B9, B10, A10	О	PD	MII Transmit Data. Parallel transmit data lines synchronized to MTXCLK.	
MTXENA	C11	О	PD	MII Transmit Enable. Signals that transmit is active from the MII port to the PHY.	
PHYRST#	D7	О		External PHY Reset.	
MIIVCC	D9, E9 - 11	Power		LAN MII Power. 3.3V ±5% Suspend Power for LAN Media Independent Interface (interface to external PHY).	
MIIVCC25	D12, E12	Power		MII Suspend Power. 2.5V ±5%.	
LANVCC	E7	Power		Power For LAN. 2.5V ±5%.	
LANGND	E6	Power		Ground For LAN.	

Serial EEPROM Interface						
Signal Name Pin # I/O PU Signal Description						
EECS#	D11	О	-	Serial EEPROM Chip Select.		
EECK	C12	О	-	Serial EEPROM Clock.		
EEDO	B12	I	-	Serial EEPROM Data Output. Connect to EEPROM Data Out pin.		
EEDI / strap	A12	О	-	Serial EEPROM Data Input. Connect to EEPROM Data In pin.		

The serial EEPROM Interface signals are disabled if the EEDI pin is strapped high.

Low Pin Count (LPC) Interface						
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	PU	Signal Description		
LAD[3-0]	AD7, AE7, AF7, AD8	IO	PU	LPC Address / Data.		
LFRM#	AF6	О	-	LPC Frame.		
LREQ0#	AE6	I	-	LPC DMA / Bus Master Request 0.		
LREQ1#	AE8	I	-	LPC DMA / Bus Master Request 1.		

Note: Connect the LPC interface LPCRST# (LPC Reset) signal to PCIRST#



USB, SMB Pin Descriptions

Universal Serial Bus 2.0 Interface						
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description			
USBP0+	E20	IO	USB 2.0 Port 0 Data +			
USBP0-	D20	IO	USB 2.0 Port 0 Data –			
USBP1+	A20	IO	USB 2.0 Port 1 Data +			
USBP1-	B20	IO	USB 2.0 Port 1 Data –			
USBP2+	E18	IO	USB 2.0 Port 2 Data +			
USBP2-	D18	IO	USB 2.0 Port 2 Data –			
USBP3+	A18	IO	USB 2.0 Port 3 Data +			
USBP3-	B18	IO	USB 2.0 Port 3 Data –			
USBP4+	D16	IO	USB 2.0 Port 4 Data +			
USBP4-	E16	IO	USB 2.0 Port 4 Data –			
USBP5+	A16	IO	USB 2.0 Port 5 Data +			
USBP5-	B16	IO	USB 2.0 Port 5 Data –			
USBP6+	D14	IO	USB 2.0 Port 6 Data +			
USBP6-	E14	IO	USB 2.0 Port 6 Data –			
USBP7+	A14	IO	USB 2.0 Port 7 Data +			
USBP7–	B14	IO	USB 2.0 Port 7 Data –			
USBCLK	E23	I	USB 2.0 Clock. 48 MHz clock input for the USB interface			
USBREXT	B25	AI	USB External Resistor.			
USBOC0#	C26	I	USB 2.0 Port 0 Over Current Detect. Port 0 is disabled if low.			
USBOC1#	D24	I	USB 2.0 Port 1 Over Current Detect. Port 1 is disabled if low.			
USBOC2#	B26	I	USB 2.0 Port 2 Over Current Detect. Port 2 is disabled if low.			
USBOC3#	C25	I	USB 2.0 Port 3 Over Current Detect. Port 3 is disabled if low.			
USBOC4#	B24	I	USB 2.0 Port 4 Over Current Detect. Port 4 is disabled if low.			
USBOC5#	A24	I	USB 2.0 Port 5 Over Current Detect. Port 5 is disabled if low.			
USBOC6#	A26	I	USB 2.0 Port 6 Over Current Detect. Port 6 is disabled if low.			
USBOC7#	A25	I	USB 2.0 Port 7 Over Current Detect. Port 7 is disabled if low.			
UDPWR / GPI9	D26	I	USB 2.0 Power. (Device 17 Function $0 \text{ RxE4}[5] = 0$)			
UDPWREN# / GPO9	D25	О	USB 2.0 Power Enable. (Device 17 Function $0 \text{ RxE4}[5] = 0$)			
USBVCC	(see pin list)	Power	USB 2.0 Port Differential Output Interface Logic Voltage. 3.3V			
USBGND	(see pin list)	Power	USB 2.0 Port Differential Output Interface Logic Ground.			
VSUSUSB	C24	Power	USB 2.0 Suspend Power. 2.5V ±5%.			
VCCUPLL	A23, B23	Power	USB 2.0 PLL Analog Voltage. 2.5V ±5%.			
GNDUPLL	C23, D23	Power	USB 2.0 PLL Analog Ground.			

	System Management Bus (SMB) Interface (I ² C Bus)						
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description				
SMBCK1	AC4	OD	SMB / I ² C Channel 1 Clock.				
SMBCK2 / GPI27 / GPO27	AC3	OD	SMB / I^2C Channel 2 Clock. Rx95[2] = 0				
SMBDT1	AB2	OD	SMB / I ² C Channel 1 Data.				
SMBDT2 / GPI26 / GPO26	AD1	OD	SMB / I^2C Channel 2 Data. $Rx95[2] = 0$				
SMBALRT#	AB1	I	SMB Alert. Enabled by System Management Bus I/O space Rx8[3] = 1.				
			When the chip is enabled to allow it, assertion generates an IRQ or SMI				
			interrupt or a power management resume event. Connect to a 10K ohm				
			pullup to VSUS33 if not used.				



Enhanced IDE Interface Pin Descriptions

	UltraDMA-133 / 100 / 66 / 33 Enhanced IDE Interface								
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description						
PDRDY / PDDMARDY / PDSTROBE	Y22	I	EIDE Mode: Primary I/O Channel Ready. Device ready indicator UltraDMA Mode: Primary Device DMA Ready. Output flow control. The device may assert DDMARDY to pause output transfers Primary Device Strobe. Input data strobe (both edges). The device may stop DSTROBE to pause input data transfers						
SDRDY / SDDMARDY / SDSTROBE	AF17	Ι	EIDE Mode: Secondary I/O Channel Ready. Device ready indicator UltraDMA Mode: Secondary Device DMA Ready. Output flow control. The device may assert DDMARDY to pause output transfers Secondary Device Strobe. Input data strobe (both edges). The device may stop DSTROBE to pause input data transfers						
PDIOR# / PHDMARDY / PHSTROBE	W26	О	EIDE Mode: Primary Device I/O Read. Device read strobe UltraDMA Mode: Primary Host DMA Ready. Primary channel input flow control. The host may assert HDMARDY to pause input transfers Primary Host Strobe. Output data strobe (both edges). The host may stop HSTROBE to pause output data transfers						
SDIOR# / SHDMARDY / SHSTROBE	AF23	O	EIDE Mode: Secondary Device I/O Read. Device read strobe UltraDMA Mode: Secondary Host DMA Ready. Input flow control. The host may assert HDMARDY to pause input transfers Second Host Strobe. Output strobe (both edges). The host may stop HSTROBE to pause output data transfers						
PDIOW# / PSTOP	Y25	0	EIDE Mode: Primary Device I/O Write. Device write strobe UltraDMA Mode: Primary Stop. Stop transfer: Asserted by the host prior to initiation of an UltraDMA burst; negated by the host before data is transferred in an UltraDMA burst. Assertion of STOP by the host during or after data transfer in UltraDMA mode signals the termination of the burst.						
SDIOW# / SSTOP	AE23	0	EIDE Mode: Secondary Device I/O Write. Device write strobe UltraDMA Mode: Secondary Stop. Stop transfer: Asserted by the host prior to initiation of an UltraDMA burst; negated by the host before data is transferred in an UltraDMA burst. Assertion of STOP by the host during or after data transfer in UltraDMA mode signals the termination of the burst.						
PDDRQ	Y23	I	Primary Device DMA Request. Primary channel DMA request						
SDDRQ	AD17	I	Secondary Device DMA Request. Secondary channel DMA request						
PDDACK# / strap	V24	О	Primary Device DMA Acknowledge. Primary channel DMA acknowledge						
SDDACK#	AD23	O	Secondary Device DMA Acknowledge. Secondary channel DMA acknowledge						
IRQ14	AD24	I	Primary Channel Interrupt Request.						
IRQ15	AE26	I	Secondary Channel Interrupt Request.						



	UltraDMA-133 / 100 / 66 / 33 Enhanced IDE Interface (continued)						
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description				
PDCS1# / strap	V22	О	Primary Master Chip Select. This signal corresponds to CS1FX# on the primary IDE connector.				
PDCS3# / strap	V23	О	Primary Slave Chip Select. This signal corresponds to CS3FX# on the primary IDE connector.				
SDCS1#	AF25	О	Secondary Master Chip Select. This signal corresponds to CS17X# on the secondary IDE connector.				
SDCS3#	AF26	О	Secondary Slave Chip Select. This signal corresponds to CS37X# on the secondary IDE connector.				
PDA[2-0] / strap	W24, V25, W23	О	Primary Disk Address. PDA[2:0] are used to indicate which byte in either the ATA command block or control block is being accessed. Strap information is communicated to the North Bridge via VD[6:4].				
SDA[2-0]	AE24, AC22, AF24	О	Secondary Disk Address. SDA[2:0] are used to indicate which byte in either the ATA command block or control block is being accessed.				
PDD[15-0]	(see pin list)	Ю	Primary Disk Data.				
SDD[15-0]	(see pin list)	IO	Secondary Disk Data.				

Serial ATA Pin Descriptions

	Serial ATA Interface					
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description			
SRX1+	AE13	I	S-ATA Port 1 Receive +			
SRX1-	AF13	I	S-ATA Port 1 Receive –			
SRX2+	AE15	I	S-ATA Port 2 Receive +			
SRX2-	AF15	I	S-ATA Port 2 Receive –			
STX1+	AB13	I	S-ATA Port 1 Transmit +			
STX1-	AC13	I	S-ATA Port 1 Transmit –			
STX2+	AB15	I	S-ATA Port 2 Transmit +			
STX2-	AC15	I	S-ATA Port 2 Transmit –			
SXI	AF10	I	S-ATA Crystal In.			
SXO	AE10	O	S-ATA Crystal Out.			
SREXT	AD11	ΑI	S-ATA External Resistor.			
SATALED# /	AC8	OD	S-ATA LED. Device 17 Function $0 \text{ RxE5}[0] = 1$.			
VIDSEL / GPIO28						
VCCAO	AC10	P	S-ATA Oscillator Power. $2.5V \pm 5\%$. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead.			
GNDAO	AB10	P	S-ATA Oscillator Ground.			
VCCAS	AB11, AB17, AC11, AC17	P	S-ATA Power. $2.5V \pm 5\%$. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead.			
GNDAS	AB12, AB16, AC12, AC16	P	S-ATA Ground.			
VCCATS	W12-16	P	S-ATA Power. $2.5V \pm 5\%$. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead.			
GNDATS	AB14, AC14,	P	S-ATA Ground.			
	AD12-16,					
	AE12, AE14, AE16,					
	AF12, AF14, AF16					
VCCA33	AE11	P	S-ATA Power. $3.3V \pm 5\%$. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead.			
GNDA33	AF11	P	S-ATA Ground			



AC'97 Audio and Modem Pin Descriptions

AC97 Audio / Modem Interface							
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description				
ACRST#	Т3	О	AC97 Reset.				
ACBTCK	T1	I	AC97 Bit Clock.				
ACSYNC / strap	T2	О	AC97 Sync.				
ACSDOUT / strap	U2	О	AC97 Serial Data Out.				
ACSDINO (VSUS33	† U3	I	AC97 Serial Data In 0.				
ACSDIN1 (VSUS33	† V2	I	AC97 Serial Data In 1.				
ACSDIN2 / GPIO20 / PCS0#	U1	I	AC97 Serial Data In 2. RxE4[6]=0,E5[1]=0, PMIO Rx4C[20]=1				
ACSDIN3 / GPIO21 / PCS1# / SLPBTN	# V3	I	AC97 Serial Data In 3. RxE4[6]=0,E5[2]=0, PMIO Rx4C[21]=1				

[†]The supply voltage for ACSDIN0-1 is VSUS33 so these inputs can support wake-up on modem ring.

Serial IRQ and PC / PCI DMA Pin Descriptions

Serial IRQ							
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description				
SERIRQ	AD9	I	Serial IRQ. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.				

PC / PCI DMA								
Signal Name	Pin#	I/O	Signal Description					
PCREQA / GPI24 / GPO24 (GPIOA)	AE5	I	PC / PCI Request A. Device 17 Function 0 Rx53[7] = 1					
PCREQB / GPI25 / GPO25 (GPIOB)	AD5	I	PC / PCI Request B. Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[7] = 1					
PCGNTA / GPI30 / GPO30 (GPIOC)	AF5	О	PC / PCI Grant A. Device 17 Function 0 Rx53[7] = 1					
PCGNTB / GPI31 / GPO31 (GPIOD)	AC6	О	PC / PCI Grant B. Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[7] = 1					



Internal Keyboard Controller and Speaker Pin Descriptions

Internal Keyboard Controller								
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	PU	Signal Description				
MSCK	W1	IO	PU	Mouse Clock. From internal mouse controller. Dev17 Fun0 Rx51[2]=1.				
MSDT	W2	IO	PU	Mouse Data. From internal mouse controller. Dev17 Fun 0 Rx51[2]=1.				
KBCK / KA20G	W3	IO	PU	MultiFunction Pin (Internal keyboard controller enabled by Dev17 Fun 0 Rx51[0]) Rx51[0]=1 Keyboard Clock. From internal keyboard controller Rx51[0]=0 Gate A20. Input from external keyboard controller.				
KBDT / KBRC	V1	IO	PU	MultiFunction Pin (Internal keyboard controller enabled by Dev 17 Fun 0 Rx51[0]) Rx51[0]=1 Keyboard Data. From internal keyboard controller. Rx51[0]=0 Keyboard Reset. From external keyboard controller (KBC) for CPURST# generation				

Note: KBCK, KBDT, MSCK and MSDT are powered by the VSUS33 suspend voltage plane.

Speaker								
Signal Name Pin # I/O PU Signal Description								
SPKR / strap	AF8	О		Speaker. Strap low to enable (high to disable) CPU frequency strapping.				



Programming Chip Selects Pin Descriptions

Programmable Chip Selects								
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description					
PCS0# / GPIO20 / ACSDIN2	U1	О	Programmable Chip Select 0. RxE4[6]=1, E5[1]=1					
PCS1# / GPIO21 / ACSDIN3 / SLPBTN#	V3	О	Programmable Chip Select 1. RxE4[6]=1, E5[2]=1					

General Purpose Inputs Pin Descriptions

General Purpose Inputs								
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description					
GPIO (VBAT)	AE2	I	General Purpose Input 0. Status on PMIO Rx20[0]					
GPI1 (VSUS33)	AC2	I	General Purpose Input 1. Status on PMIO Rx20[1]					
GPI2 / EXTSMI# (VSUS33)	AA1	I	General Purpose Input 2. Status on PMIO Rx20[4]					
GPI3 / RING# (VSUS33)	Y2	I	General Purpose Input 3. Status on PMIO Rx20[8]					
GPI4 / LID# (VSUS33)	AC1	I	General Purpose Input 4. Status on PMIO Rx20[11]					
GPI5 / BATLOW# (VSUS33)	V4	I	General Purpose Input 5. Status on PMIO Rx20[12]					
GPI6 / AGPBZ#	AD10	I	General Purpose Input 6.					
GPI7 / REQ5#	R3	I	General Purpose Input 7. $RxE4[2] = 0$					
GPI8 / GPO8 / VGATE	AC9	I	General Purpose Input 8. $RxE4[3] = 0$, $E5[4]=0$					
GPI9 / UDPWR	D26	I	General Purpose Input 9. $RxE4[5] = 1$					
GPI10 / GPO10 / APICD0	R25	I	General Purpose Input 10. $Rx58[6] = 0$ or APIC $Rx3[0]=1$					
GPI11 / GPO11 / APICD1	T23	I	General Purpose Input 11. $Rx58[6] = 0$ or APIC $Rx3[0]=1$					
GPI12 / GPO12 / INTE#	D4	I	General Purpose Input 12. $RxE4[4] = 0, 5B[1] = 0$					
GPI13 / GPO13 / INTF#	E4	I	General Purpose Input 13. $RxE4[4] = 0, 5B[1] = 0$					
GPI14 / GPO14 / INTG#	A3	I	General Purpose Input 14. $RxE4[4] = 0, 5B[1] = 0$					
GPI15 / GPO15 / INTH#	В3	I	General Purpose Input 15. $RxE4[4] = 0, 5B[1]=0$					
GPI16 / INTRUDER# (VBAT)	AE1	I	General Purpose Input 16. Status on PMIO Rx20[6]					
GPI17 / CPUMISS (VSUS33)	Y1	I	General Purpose Input 17.					
GPI18 / THRM# / AOLGPI (VSUS33)	Y4	I	General Purpose Input 18. $Rx8C[3] = 0$					
GPI19 / APICCLK	U23	I	General Purpose Input 19. $Rx58[6] = 0$ or APIC $Rx3[0]=1$					
GPI20 / GPO20 / ACSDIN2 / PCS0#	U1	I	General Purpose Input 20. RxE4[6]=1, E5[1]=0,					
GPI21 / GPO21 / ACSDIN3 / PCS1# / SLPBTN#	V3	I	PMIO 4C[20] = 1 General Purpose Input 21. RxE4[6]=1, E5[2]=0					
GP121 / GPO21 / ACSDIN3 / PCS1# / SLPB1N#	V 3	1	PMIO 4C[21] = 1					
GPI22 / GPO22 / GHI#	R22	I	General Purpose Input 22. $RxE5[3] = 1$, PMIO $4C[22] = 1$					
GPI23 / GPO23 / DPSLP#	P21	I	General Purpose Input 22. $RXE5[3] = 1, TMIO 4C[22] = 1$					
GPI24 / GPO24 (GPIOA) / PCREQA / strap	AE5	I	General Purpose Input 24. $RxE6[0] = 0, 53[7] = 0$					
GPI25 / GPO25 (GPIOB) / PCREQB / strap	AD5	I	General Purpose Input 24. $RXE[0] = 0$, $SS[7] = 0$ General Purpose Input 25. $RXE[1] = 0$, $SS[7] = 0$					
GP126 / GPO26 / SMBDT2 (VSUS33)	AD3	I	General Purpose Input 26. $Rx95[2] = 1,95[3] = 0$					
GP127 / GPO27 / SMBCK2 (VSUS33)	AC3	I	General Purpose Input 20. $Rx95[2] = 1,95[3] = 0$ General Purpose Input 27. $Rx95[2] = 1,95[3] = 0$					
GP128 / GPO28 / VIDSEL / SATALED#	AC8	I	General Purpose Input 27. $RX95[2] = 1, 95[3] = 0$ General Purpose Input 28. $RXE5[0] = 0, E5[3] = 1, PMIO$					
G1120 / UFU20 / VIDSEL / SATALED#	ACO	1	4C[28] = 1					
GPI29 / GPO29 / VRDSLP	AB9	I	General Purpose Input 29. $RxE5[3] = 1$, PMIO $4C[29] = 1$					
GPI30 / GPO30 (GPIOC) / PCGNTA / strap	AF5	I	General Purpose Input 30. $RxE6[6] = 0, 53[7] = 0$					
GPI31 / GPO31 (GPIOD) / PCGNTB / strap	AC6	I	General Purpose Input 31. $RxE6[0] = 0, 55[7] = 0$					
GI 151 / GI O51 (GI IOD) / I COINID / Strap	ACO	1	General Fulpose Input 31. INALO[/] 0, 30[/] = 0					

Note: Register bits referenced above are Device 17 Function 0 unless indicated otherwise.

Note: Default pin function is underlined in the signal name column above.

Note: Input pin status for the above GPI pins 31-0 is available on PMIO Rx48[31-0]

Note: See also Power Management I/O register Rx50 for input pin change status for GPI16-18 and 24-27

Note: See also Power Management I/O register Rx52 for SCI/SMI select for GPI16-18 and 24-27

Note: See also Power Management I/O register Rx4C. General purpose input pins 20-31 are shared with OD (open drain) general purpose output functions, so to use one of these pins as an input pin, a one must be written to the corresponding bit of PMIO Rx4C.



General Purpose Outputs Pin Descriptions

General Purpose Outputs									
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description						
GPO0 (VSUS33)	AA3	О	General Purpose Output 0.						
GPO1 (VSUS33)	AE3	О	General Purpose Output 1.						
GPO2 / SUSA# (VSUS33)	AA2	О	General Purpose Output 2. Rx94[2] = 1						
GPO3 / SUSST1# (VSUS33)	Y3	O	General Purpose Output 3. Rx94[4] = 1						
GPO4 / SUSCLK (VSUS33)	AB3	О	General Purpose Output 4. Rx95[1] = 1						
GPO5 / CPUSTP#	AC7	О	General Purpose Output 5. RxE4[0] = 1						
GPO6 / PCISTP#	AD6	О	General Purpose Output 6. RxE4[1] = 1						
GPO7 / GNT5#	R2	O	General Purpose Output 7. RxE4[2] = 0						
GPO8 / GPI8 / VGATE	AC9	0	General Purpose Output 8. RxE4[3] = 1, E5[4]=0						
GPO9 / UDPWREN	D25	О	General Purpose Output 9. RxE4[5] = 1						
GPO10 / GPI10 / APICD0	R25	O	General Purpose Output 10. Rx58[6]=0 or APIC Rx3[0]=1						
GPO11 / GPI11 / APICD1	T23	О	General Purpose Output 11. Rx58[6]=0 or APIC Rx3[0]=1						
GPO12 / GPI12 / INTE#	D4	О	General Purpose Output 12. RxE4[4]=1, 5B[1]=0						
GPO13 / <u>GPI13</u> / INTF#	E4	О	General Purpose Output 13. RxE4[4]=1, 5B[1]=0						
GPO14 / GPI14 / INTG#	A3	O	General Purpose Output 14. RxE4[4]=1, 5B[1]=0						
GPO15 / GPI15 / INTH#	В3	О	General Purpose Output 15. RxE4[4]=1, 5B[1]=0						
GPO20 / GPI20 / ACSDIN2 / PCS0#	U1	OD	General Purpose Output 20. RxE4[6]=1, E5[1]=0						
GPO21 / GPI21 / ACSDIN3 / PCS1# /SLPBTN#	V3	OD	General Purpose Output 21. RxE4[6]=1, E5[2]=0						
GPO22 / GPI22 / GHI#	R22	OD	General Purpose Output 22. RxE5[3]=1, PMIO 4C[22]=1						
GPO23 / GPI23 / DPSLP#	P21	OD	General Purpose Output 23. RxE5[3]=1, PMIO 4C[23]=1						
GPO24 / GPI24 (GPIOA) / PCREQA / strap	AE5	OD	General Purpose Output 24. $RxE6[0] = 1,53[7] = 0$						
GPO25 / GPI25 (GPIOB) / PCREQB / strap	AD5	OD	General Purpose Output 25. $RxE6[1] = 1, 58[7] = 0$						
GPO26 / GPI26 / SMBDT2 (<i>VSUS33†</i>)	AD1	OD	General Purpose Output 26. $Rx95[2] = 1, 95[3] = 1$						
GPO27 / GPI27 / SMBCK2 (VSUS33†)	AC3	OD	General Purpose Output 27. $Rx95[2] = 1, 95[3] = 1$						
GPO28 / GPI28 / VIDSEL / SATALED#	AC8	OD	General Purpose Output 28. $RxE5[0] = 0$, $E5[3] = 1$,						
			PMIO 4C[28]=1						
GPO29 / GPI29 / VRDSLP	AB9	OD	General Purpose Output 29. RxE5[3] = 1						
GPO30 / GPI30 (GPIOC) / PCGNTA / strap	AF5	OD	General Purpose Output 30. $RxE6[6] = 1, 53[7] = 0$						
GPO31 / GPI31 (GPIOD) / PCGNTB / strap	AC6	OD	General Purpose Output 31. $RxE6[7] = 1, 58[7] = 0$						

Note: Register bits referenced above are Device 17 Function 0 unless indicated otherwise.

Note: The output state for each of the above general purpose outputs is selectable via Power Management I/O registers Rx4C-48 Note: Default pin functions are underlined in the table above.

† The suspend voltage is only used for maintaining the operation of the SMB function on these pins (Device 17 Function 0 Rx95[3] = 0). If VCC power is lost, the GPIO function of these pins and the state of PMIO Rx4C[27:26] (which determines the GPO output level) will be lost also.

General Purpose I/O							
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description				
GPIOA / GPI24 / GPO24	AE5	IO	General Purpose I/O A / 24. $RxE6[0] = 1$				
GPIOB / GPI25 / GPO25	AD5	IO	General Purpose I/O B / 25. RxE6[1] = 1				
GPIOC / GPI30 / GPO30	AF5	IO	General Purpose I/O C / 30. RxE6[6] = 1				
GPIOD / GPI31 / GPO31	AC6	IO	General Purpose I/O D / 31. RxE6[7] = 1				

The output type of the above pins may be selected as either OD or TTL (see Device 17 Function 0 RxE7)



Power Management and Event Pin Descriptions

Power Management and Event Detection							
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description				
PWRBTN#	AD2	I	Power Button. Used by the Power Management subsystem to monitor an external system on/off button or switch. Internal logic powered by VSUS33.				
SLPBTN# / GPIO21 / ACSDIN3 / PCS1#	V3	I	Sleep Button. Used by the Power Management subsystem to monitor an external sleep button or switch. $RxE4[6] = 1$, $80[6] = 1$, $E5[2] = 0$ and $PMIO Rx4C[21] = 1$				
RSMRST#	AD4	I	Resume Reset. Resets the internal logic connected to the VSUS33 power plane and also resets portions of the internal RTC logic. Internal logic powered by VBAT.				
EXTSMI# / GPI2	AA1	I	External System Management Interrupt. When enabled to allow it, a falling edge on this input causes an SMI# to be generated to the CPU to enter SMI mode. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) (3.3V only)				
PME#	W4	I	Power Management Event. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used)				
SMBALRT#	AB1	I	SMB Alert. When programmed to allow it (SMB I/O Rx8[3]=1), assertion generates an IRQ, SMI, or power management event. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used)				
LID# / GPI4	AC1	I	Notebook Computer Display Lid Open / Closed Monitor. Used by the Power Management subsystem to monitor the opening and closing of the display lid of notebook computers. Can be used to detect either low-to-high or high-to-low transitions to generate an SMI#. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used)				
INTRUDER# / GPI16	AE1	I	Intrusion Indicator. The value of this bit may be read at PMIO Rx20[6]				
THRM# / GPI18 / AOLGPI	Y4	I	Thermal Alarm Monitor. Rx8C[3] = 1. Rising or falling edges (selectable by PMIO Rx2C[6]) may be detected to set status at PMIO Rx20[10]. Setting of this status bit may then be used to generate an SCI or SMI. THRM# may also be used to enable duty cycle control of stop-clock (STPCLK#) to automatically limit maximum temperature (see Device 17 Function 0 Rx8C[7-3]).				
RING# / GPI3	Y2	I	Ring Indicator. May be connected to external modem circuitry to allow the system to be re-activated by a received phone call. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used)				
BATLOW# / GPI5	V4	I	Battery Low Indicator. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used) (3.3V only)				
CPUSTP# / GPO5	AC7	0	CPU Clock Stop (RxE4[0] = 0). Signals the system clock generator to disable the				
	1107		CPU clock outputs. Not connected if not used.				
PCISTP# / GPO6 / strap	AD6	О	PCI Clock Stop (RxE4[1] = 0). Signals the system clock generator to disable the PCI clock outputs. Not connected if not used.				
SUSA# / GPO2	AA2	О	Suspend Plane A Control (Rx94[2]=0). Asserted during power management POS, STR and STD suspend states. Used to control the primary power plane. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used)				
SUSB#	AD3	О	Suspend Plane B Control. Asserted during power management STR and STD suspend states. Used to control the secondary power plane. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used)				
SUSC#	AF2	О	Suspend Plane C Control. Asserted during power management STD suspend state. Used to control the tertiary power plane. Also connected to ATX power-on circuitry. (10K PU to VSUS33 if not used)				
SUSST1# / GPO3	Y3	О	Suspend Status 1 (Rx94[4] = 0). Typically connected to the North Bridge to provide information on host clock status. Asserted when the system may stop the host clock, such as Stop Clock or during POS, STR, or STD suspend states. Connect 10K PU to VSUS33.				
SUSCLK	AB3	О	Suspend Clock. 32.768 KHz output clock for use by the North Bridge for DRAM refresh purposes. Stopped during Suspend-to-Disk and Soft-Off modes. Connect 10K PU to VSUS33.				
CPUMISS / GPI17	Y1	I	CPU Missing. Used to detect the physical presence of the CPU chip in its socket. High indicates no CPU present. Connect to the CPUMISS pin of the CPU socket. The state of this pin may be read in the SMBus 2 registers. This pin may be used as CPUMISS and GPI17 at the same time.				
AOLGPI / GPI18 / THRM#	Y4	I	Alert On LAN. The state of this pin may be read in the SMBus 2 registers. This pin may be used as AOLGPI, GPI18 and THRM# all at the same time.				



Clocks, Resets, Power Status, Power and Ground Pin Descriptions

	Resets, Clocks and Power Status						
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description				
PWRGD	AC5	I	Power Good. Connected to the Power Good signal on the Power Supply. Internal logic powered by VBAT.				
PWROK	AF1	О	Power OK. Internal logic powered by VSUS33.				
PCIRST#	R1	О	PCI Reset. Active low reset signal for the PCI bus. The VT8237R Plus will assert this pin during power-up or from the control register.				
OSC	AB8	I	Oscillator. 14.31818 MHz clock signal used by the internal Timer.				
RTCX1	AE4	I	RTC Crystal Input : 32.768 KHz crystal or oscillator input. This input is used for the internal RTC and power-well power management logic and is powered by VBAT.				
RTCX2	AF3	О	RTC Crystal Output: 32.768 KHz crystal output. Internal logic powered by VBAT.				
TEST	AE9	I	Test.				
TPO	AF9	О	Test Pin Output. Output pin for test mode.				

	Power and Ground					
Signal Name	Pin #	I/O	Signal Description			
VCC33	(see pin list)	P	I/O Power. 3.3V ±5%			
VCC	(see pin list)	P	Core Power. 2.5V \pm 5%. This supply is turned on only when the mechanical switch on the power supply is turned on and the PWRON signal is conditioned high.			
GND	(see pin list)	P	Ground. Connect to primary motherboard ground plane.			
VSUS33	AA4, AB4-6	P	Suspend Power. 3.3V ±5%. Always available unless the mechanical switch of the power supply is turned off. If the "soft-off" state is not implemented, then this pin can be connected to VCC33. Signals powered by or referenced to this plane are: PWRGD, RSMRST#, PWRBTN#, SMBCK1/2, SMBDT1/2, GPO0, SUSA# / GPO1, SUSB# / GPO2, SUSC#, SUSST1# / GPO3, SUSCLK / GPO4, GPI1, GPI2 / EXTSMI#, GPI3 / RING#, GPI4 / LID, GPI5 / BATLOW#, GPI6 / PME#, SMBALRT#			
VSUS25	T4, U4	P	Suspend Power. 2.5V ±5%.			
VSUSUSB	C24	P	USB Suspend Power. 2.5V ±5%.			
VBAT	AF4	P	RTC Battery. Battery input for internal RTC (RTCX1, RTCX2)			
VLVREF	H22	P	V-Link Voltage Reference. $0.9V \pm 5\%$ for 4x transfers and $0.625V \pm 5\%$ for 8x transfers.			
VLCOMP	J22	AI	V-Link Compensation.			
VCCVK	(see pin list)	P	V-Link Compensation Circuit Voltage. 2.5V ±5%			
MIIVCC	D9, E9-11	P	Refer to "LAN Controller – Media Independent Interface (MII)" on page 13 for details.			
MIIVCC25	D12. E12	P	LAN MII Suspend Power. 2.5V ±5%.			
LANVCC	E7	P	LAN Power. 2.5V ±5%. Power for LAN. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead.			
LANGND	E6	P	LAN Ground. Connect to GND through a ferrite bead.			
USBVCC	(see pin list)	P	USB 2.0 Differential Output Power. 3.3V ±5%. Power for USB differential outputs (USBP0+, P0-, P1+, P1-, P2+, P2-, P3+, P3-, P4+, P4-, P5+, P5-). Connect to VSUS33 through a ferrite bead.			
USBGND	(see pin list)	P	USB 2.0 Differential Output Ground. Connect to GND through a ferrite bead.			
VCCUPLL	A23, B23	P	USB 2.0 PLL Analog Voltage. 2.5V ±5%. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead.			
GNDUPLL	C23, D23	P	USB 2.0 PLL Analog Ground. Connect to GND through a ferrite bead.			
PLLVCC	T22	P	PLL Analog Power. 2.5V ±5%. Connect to VCC through a ferrite bead.			
PLLGND	U22	P	PLL Analog Ground. Connect to GND through a ferrite bead.			
SDVREF	AC19	P	Parallel ATA Secondary Data Channel Voltage Reference. 0.9V			
SDCOMP	AB21	ΑI	Parallel ATA Secondary Data Channel Disk Compensation. 360Ω 1% to ground			

Created by a resistive voltage divider of 1KΩ 1% to 3.3V and 383Ω 1% to ground (see Design Guide)



Strap Pin Descriptions

			Strap Pins						
		(External	pullup / pulldown straps are required to select	"H" / "L")					
Strap Pins for VT8237R Plus Configuration									
Signal	Pin#	Function	Description	Status Bit	Note				
SPKR	AF8	CPU	L: Enable CPU Frequency Strapping	-					
		Frequency	H: Disable CPU Frequency Strapping						
		Strapping	Default setting: Disable						
ACSDOUT	U2	Auto Reboot	L: Enable Auto Reboot	-					
			H: Disable Auto Reboot						
			Default setting: Disable						
EEDI	A12	Use Serial	L: Enable. Use external EEPROM	-					
		External LAN	H: Disable. Do not use external EEPROM						
		EEPROM	Default setting: Enable (pull low)						
ACSYNC	T2	LPC FWH	L: Enable LPC FWH Command	-					
		Command	H: Disable LPC FWH Command						
			Default setting: Disable						
PDCS1#	V22	SATA Master	L: S-ATA Master Slave Mode	D15F0					
		/ Slave Mode	H: S-ATA Master Master Mode	Rx49[5]					
			Strapping low when using external PHY						
PDDACK#	V24	External	L: Enable External S-ATA PHY	D15F0					
		S-ATA PHY	H: Disable External S-ATA PHY	Rx49[6]					
PCISTP#/	AD6	Reserved	Reserved for future use. Must be strapped	-					
GPO6			high						
			- Strap Pins for North Bridge ("NB") Configurat	ion					
PDCS3#	V23	NB	PDCS3# signal state is reflected on signal pin	-	Check the North Bridge				
		Configuration	VD7 during power up for North Bridge		DS for details				
		_	configuration.						
PDA2	W24	NB	PDA2 signal state is reflected on signal pin	-	Check the North Bridge				
		Configuration	VD6 during power up for North Bridge		DS for details -				
		_	configuration.						
PDA1	V25	NB	PDA1 signal state is reflected on signal pin	-	Check the North Bridge				
		Configuration	VD5 during power up for North Bridge		DS for details -				
		_	configuration.						
GPIOD /	AC6	NB	GPIOD/PCGNTB signal state is reflected on	-	Check the North Bridge				
PCGNTB		Configuration	signal pin VD3 during power up for North		DS for details -				
			Bridge configuration.						
GPIOB /	AD5	NB	GPIOB/PCREQB signal state is reflected on	-	Check the North Bridge				
PCREQB		Configuration	signal pin VD2 during power up for North		DS for details -				
			Bridge configuration.						
PDA0,	W23	NB	PDA0, GPIOA/PCREQA and	_	Check the North Bridge				
GPIOA /	AE5	Configuration	GPIOC/PCGNTA signal states are reflected		DS for details -				
PCREQA,	AF5		on signal pins VD4, VD1 and VD0 during						
GPIOC /			power up for North Bridge configuration.						
PCGNTA									

Summary of Internal Pull-Up / Pull-Down Resistor Implementation
Internal Pullups are present on pins KBCK, KBDT, MSCK, MSDT, SERIRQ, LAD[3:0]
Internal Pulldowns are present on all LAN pins



REGISTERS

Register Overview

The following tables summarize the configuration and I/O registers of the VT8237R Plus. These tables also document the power-on default value ("Default") and access type ("Acc") for each register. Access type definitions used are RW (Read/Write), RO (Read/Only), "—" for reserved / used (essentially the same as RO), and RWC (or just WC) (Read / Write 1's to Clear individual bits). Registers indicated as RW may have some read/only bits that always read back a fixed value (usually 0 if unused); registers designated as RWC or WC may have some read-only or read write bits (see individual register descriptions for details).

Detailed register descriptions are provided in the following section of this document. All offset and default values are shown in hexadecimal unless otherwise indicated

Table 3. Memory Mapped Registers

FEC00000	APIC Index	(8-bit)
FEC00010	APIC Data	(32-bit)
FEC00020	APIC IRQ Pin Assertion	(8-bit)
FEC00040	APIC EOI	(8-bit)

[&]quot;APIC" = "Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller"

Table 4. Function Summary

Bus	Device	Func	Device ID	Function
0	15 (0Fh)	0	3149h	Serial ATA (SATA) Controller
0	15 (0Fh)	1	0571h	Parallel ATA (IDE) Controller
0	16 (10h)	0	3038h	USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 0-1
0	16 (10h)	1	3038h	USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 2-3
0	16 (10h)	2	3038h	USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 4-5
0	16 (10h)	3	3038h	USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 6-7
0	16 (10h)	4	3104h	USB 2.0 EHCI Ports 0-7
0	16 (10h)	5	D104h	USB 2.0 Communications
0	17 (11h)	0	3227h	Bus Control & Power Mgmt
0	17 (11h)	5	3059h	AC97 Audio Codec Controller
0	17 (11h)	6	3068h	MC97 Modem Codec Ctrlr
0	18 (12h)	0	3065h	VIA LAN Controller

Table 5. System I/O Map

Function	Actual Port Decoding
Master DMA Controller	0000 0000 000x nnnn
Master Interrupt Controller	0000 0000 001x xxxn
Timer / Counter	0000 0000 010x xxnn
Keyboard Controller	0000 0000 0110 xnxn
KBC Data	0000 0000 0110 x0x0
Misc Functions & Spkr Ctrl	0000 0000 0110 xxx1
KBC Command / Status	0000 0000 0110 x1x0
RTC/CMOS/NMI-Disable	0000 0000 0111 0nnn
-available for system use-	0000 0000 0111 1xxx
-reserved- (debug port)	0000 0000 1000 0000
DMA Page Registers	0000 0000 1000 nnnn
-available for system use-	0000 0000 1001 000x
System Control	0000 0000 1001 0010
-available for system use-	0000 0000 1001 nnnn
Slave Interrupt Controller	0000 0000 101x xxxn
Slave DMA Controller	0000 0000 110n nnnx
-available for system use-	0000 0000 111x xxxx
-available for system use*	
PCI Configuration Address	0000 1100 1111 10xx
PCI Configuration Data	0000 1100 1111 11xx
-available for system use-	
	Master DMA Controller Master Interrupt Controller Timer / Counter Keyboard Controller KBC Data Misc Functions & Spkr Ctrl KBC Command / Status RTC/CMOS/NMI-Disable -available for system use- reserved- (debug port) DMA Page Registers -available for system use- System Control -available for system use- Slave Interrupt Controller Slave DMA Controller -available for system use- available for system use- PCI Configuration Address PCI Configuration Data



Table 6. Registers

Legacy I/O Registers

Port	Master DMA Controller Registers	Default	Acc
00	Channel 0 Base & Current Address		RW
01	Channel 0 Base & Current Count		RW
02	Channel 1 Base & Current Address		RW
03	Channel 1 Base & Current Count		RW
04	Channel 2 Base & Current Address		RW
05	Channel 2 Base & Current Count		RW
06	Channel 3 Base & Current Address		RW
07	Channel 3 Base & Current Count		RW
08	Status / Command		RW
09	Write Request		WO
0A	Write Single Mask		WO
0B	Write Mode		WO
0C	Clear Byte Pointer FF		WO
0D	Master Clear		WO
0E	Clear Mask		WO
0F	Read / Write Mask		RW

Port	Master Interrupt Controller Regs	Default	Acc
20	Master Interrupt Control	_	*
21	Master Interrupt Mask	_	*
20	Master Interrupt Control Shadow		$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
21	Master Interrupt Mask Shadow	_	RW

^{*} RW if shadow registers are disabled

<u>Port</u>	Timer/Counter Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
40	Timer / Counter 0 Count		RW
41	Timer / Counter 1 Count		RW
42	Timer / Counter 2 Count		RW
43	Timer / Counter Control		wo

Port	Keyboard Controller Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
60	Keyboard Controller Data		RW
61	Misc Functions & Speaker Control		RW
64	Keyboard Ctrlr Command / Status		RW

Port	CMOS / RTC / NMI Registers	Default	Acc
70	CMOS Memory Address & NMI Disa		WO
71	CMOS Memory Data (128 bytes)		RW
74	CMOS Memory Address		RW
75	CMOS Memory Data (256 bytes)		RW

NMI Disable is port 70h (CMOS Memory Address) bit-7. RTC control occurs via specific CMOS data locations (0-Dh). Ports 74-75 may be used to access CMOS if the internal RTC is disabled.

Legacy I/O Registers (continued)

<u>Port</u>	DMA Page Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
87	DMA Page – DMA Channel 0		RW
83	DMA Page – DMA Channel 1		RW
81	DMA Page – DMA Channel 2		RW
82	DMA Page – DMA Channel 3		RW
8F	DMA Page – DMA Channel 4		RW
8B	DMA Page – DMA Channel 5		RW
89	DMA Page – DMA Channel 6		RW
8A	DMA Page – DMA Channel 7		RW

<u>Port</u>	System Control Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
92	System Control		RW

Port	Slave Interrupt Controller Regs	Default	Acc
A0	Slave Interrupt Control	_	*
A1	Slave Interrupt Mask		*
A0	Slave Interrupt Control Shadow		RW
A1	Slave Interrupt Mask Shadow	_	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$

^{*} RW accessible if shadow registers are disabled

Port	Slave DMA Controller Registers	Default	Acc
C0	Channel 0 Base & Current Address		RW
C2	Channel 0 Base & Current Count		RW
C4	Channel 1 Base & Current Address		RW
C6	Channel 1 Base & Current Count		RW
C8	Channel 2 Base & Current Address		RW
CA	Channel 2 Base & Current Count		RW
CC	Channel 3 Base & Current Address		RW
CE	Channel 3 Base & Current Count		RW
D0	Status / Command		RW
D2	Write Request		WO
D4	Write Single Mask		WO
D6	Write Mode		WO
D8	Clear Byte Pointer FF		WO
DA	Master Clear		WO
DC	Clear Mask		WO
DE	Read / Write Mask		RW



Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Registers (I/O Space)

Port	KB / Mouse Wakeup Registers	Default	Acc
002E	Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Index †	00	RW
002F	Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Data †	00	RW

[†] Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup registers (index values E0-EF defined below) are accessible if Function 0 PCI Configuration register Rx51[1] = 1.

<u>Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Registers (Indexed via Port 2E/2F)</u>

Offset	Reserved	Default	Acc
00-DF	-reserved-		RO

Offset	KB / Mouse Wakeup (Rx51[1]=1)	<u>Default</u>	Acc
E0	Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Enable	08	RW
E1	Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 0	F0	RW
E2	Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 1	00	RW
E3	Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 2	00	RW
E4	Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 3	00	RW
E5	Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 4	00	RW
E6	Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 5	00	RW
E7	Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 6	00	RW
E8	Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 7	00	RW
E9	Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 1	09	RW
EA	Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 2	00	RW
EB	Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Mask	00	RW
EC-EF	-reserved-	_	RO

Game Port Registers (I/O Space)

Offset	Game Port (200-20F typical)	Default	Acc
0	-reserved-	00	
1	Game Port Status		RO
1	Start One-Shot		WO
2-F	-reserved-	00	

Memory Mapped Registers - IOAPIC

Address	APIC Index / Data	Default	Acc
FEC00000	APIC Register Index	00	RW
FEC00001-0F	-reserved-	00	
FEC00010-13	APIC Register Data	0000 0000	RW
FEC00014-1F	-reserved-	00	_
FEC00020	APIC IRQ Pin Assertion	XX	WO
FEC00021-3F	-reserved-	00	_
FEC00040	APIC EOI	XX	WO
FEC00041-FF	-reserved-	00	

0.00	L DIC D	D.C. II	
Offset		<u>Default</u>	Acc
0	APIC ID	0000 0000	RW
1	APIC Version	0017 8003	RO
2	APIC Arbitration	0000 0000	RO
3	Boot Configuration	0000 0000	RW
4-F	-reserved-	0000 0000	—
11-10	I/O Redirection– AIRQ0	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx	RW
13-12	I/O Redirection- AIRQ1	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx	RW
15-14	I/O Redirection– AIRQ2	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
17-16	I/O Redirection– AIRQ3	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx	RW
19-18	I/O Redirection– AIRQ4	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
1B-1A	I/O Redirection– AIRQ5	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx	RW
1D-1C	I/O Redirection– AIRQ6	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx	RW
1F-1E	I/O Redirection– AIRQ7	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx	RW
21-20	I/O Redirection– AIRQ8	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx	RW
23-20	I/O Redirection– AIRQ9	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxxx	RW
25-24	I/O Redirection– AIRQ10	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
27-26	I/O Redirection– AIRQ11	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
29-28	I/O Redirection– AIRQ12	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
2B-2A	I/O Redirection– AIRQ13	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	
2D-2C	I/O Redirection– AIRQ14	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
2F-2E	I/O Redirection– AIRQ15	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	
31-30	I/O Redirection– AIRQ16	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
33-32	I/O Redirection– AIRQ17	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
35-34	I/O Redirection– AIRQ18	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	
37-36	I/O Redirection– AIRQ19	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
39-38	I/O Redirection– AIRQ20	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	
3B-3A	I/O Redirection– AIRQ21	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	
3D-3C	I/O Redirection– AIRQ22	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	RW
3F-3E	I/O Redirection– AIRQ23	xxx1xxxx xxxxxxx	
40-4F	-reserved-	0000 0000	
	1 (/1/0 P 1' ')	64.1::	

Note: The "I/O Redirection" registers are 64-bit registers, so each uses two consecutive index locations, with the lower 32 bits at the even index and the upper 32 bits at the odd index.



<u>Device 15 Function 0 Registers – SATA Controller</u>

Configuration Space SATA Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	Default	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3149	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RO
7-6	Status	0290	RW
8	Revision ID	80	RO
9	Programming Interface	8F	RW
A	Sub Class Code (RAID Controller)	04	RO
В	Base Class Code (Mass Storage)	01	RO
С	Cache Line Size	00	RO
D	Latency Timer	20	RW
Е	Header Type (MultiFunction Device)	80	RO
F	-reserved-	00	_
13-10	Base Address – Pri Data / Command	000001F1	RW
17-14	Base Address – Pri Control / Status	000003F5	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
1B-18	Base Address – Sec Data / Command	00000171	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
1F-1C	Base Address – Sec Control / Status	00000375	RW
23-20	Base Address – Bus Master Control	0000CC01	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
27-24	Base Address – SATA Control/Status	00008C00	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
28-2B	-reserved- (unassigned)	00	
2D-2C	Sub Vendor ID	1106	RO
	Sub Device ID	3149	RO
30-33	Base Address – Expansion ROM	0000 0000	RW
34	PCI Power Mgmt Capability Pointer	C0	RO
35-3B	-reserved- (unassigned)	00	_
3C	Interrupt Line	0D	RO
3D	Interrupt Pin	02	RO
3E	Minimum Grant	00	RO
3F	Maximum Latency	00	RO

Configuration Space SATA-Specific Registers

Offset	SATA Configuration Registers	<u>Default</u>	<u>Acc</u>
40	SATA Channel Enable	03	RW
41	SATA Interrupt Gating	03	RW
42	Native Mode Enable	F1	RW
43	FIFO Threshold Control	00	RW
44	Miscellaneous Control I	0E	RW
45	Miscellaneous Control II	AF	RW
46	Miscellaneous Control III	00	RW
47	-reserved-	00	
48	PHY Wakeup Request Control	00	RW
49	PATA / SATA Shared Function Ctrl	82	RW
4A	SATA External PHY Pad Control I	10	RW
4B	SATA External PHY Pad Control II	0B	RW
4E	PHY Port Error Status Control	00	RW
4F	-reserved-	00	

Offset	SATA Transport Control Registers	Default	Acc
50	Software Ctrl Power Mode Request	00	RW
51	Hardware Ctrl Power Mode	00	RW
52	Transport Miscellaneous Control	00	RW
53	Reserved (Do Not Program)	00	RW

Offset	SATA Link Control Registers	Default	Acc
54	-reserved-	00	
55	Reserved (Do Not Program)	00	RW
56	Internal PHY SATA LINK Control	00	RW
57	External PHY SATA LITE Control	00	RW

Offset	SATA PHY Control Registers	Default	Acc
58-59	Reserved (Do Not Program)	_	RW
5A	Internal SATA PHY Control	10	RW
5B	External SATA PHY Control	00	RW
5C	Internal SATA PHY Control	05	RW
5D	SATA PHY Direct Access Mode Ctrl	00	RW
5E	SATA Internal PHY Pad Control	00	RW
60-77	-reserved-	00	



Configuration Space SATA-Specific Registers (continued)

Offset	Transport Status Registers	<u>Default</u>	<u>Acc</u>
78	Primary Channel Transport Status I	01	RO
79	Primary Channel Transport Status II	00	RO
7A	Sec Channel Transport Status I	01	RO
7B	Sec Channel Transport Status II	00	RO

Offset	PHY Status Registers	Default	Acc
7C	Internal PHY Status	00	RO
7D	External PHY Status	00	RO
7E-7F	-reserved-	00	_

Offset	Channel Control Registers	Default	Acc
80	Pri Channel Device Mode Status	00	RO
81	Sec Channel Device Mode Status	00	RO
82-87	-reserved-	00	
8B-88	Primary Channel SG Base Address	0000 0000	RO
8F-8C	Secondary Channel SG Base Addr	0000 0000	RO

Offset	Test Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
90-9F	Reserved (Do Not Program)	00	RW

Offset	Legacy Power Management Regs	Default	Acc
A0-C1	-reserved-	00	
C3-C2	PCI Power Mgmt Capabilities	0002	RO
C5-C4	PCI Power Mgmt Control / Status	0000	RW
C6-CF	-reserved-	00	—

Offset	Miscellaneous Control Registers	Default	Acc
D0	-reserved-	00	
D1	PATA Control	00	RW
D2-FF	-reserved-	00	

I/O Space SATA Registers

Offset	Status Control Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
3-0	SATA Status - Port 0	0000 0000	RO
7-4	SATA Error - Port 0	0000 0000	WC
B-8	SATA Control - Port 0	0000 0310	RW
43-40	SATA Status - Port 1	0000 0000	RO
47-44	SATA Error - Port 1	0000 0000	WC
4B-48	SATA Control - Port 1	0000 0310	RW
83-80	SATA Status - Port 2	0000 0000	RO
87-84	SATA Error - Port 2	0000 0000	WC
8B-88	SATA Control - Port 2	0000 0310	RW
9-FF	-reserved-	00	

Note: The base address for access of these registers is specified in Rx27-24.



<u>Device 15 Function 1 Registers – PATA (IDE) Controller</u>

Configuration Space IDE Header Registers

Configuration Space IDE freader Registers			
<u>Offset</u>	Configuration Space Header	<u>Default</u>	<u>Acc</u>
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	0571	RO
5-4	Command	0080	RO
7-6	Status	0290	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
8	Revision ID	nn	RO
9	Programming Interface	85	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
A	Sub Class Code (IDE Controller)	01	RO
В	Base Class Code (Mass Storage)	01	RO
C-F	-reserved-	00	_
13-10	Base Address – Pri Data / Command	000001F1	RW
17-14	Base Address – Pri Control / Status	000003F5	RW
1B-18	Base Address – Sec Data / Command	00000171	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
1F-1C	Base Address – Sec Control / Status	00000375	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
23-20	Base Address – Bus Master Control	0000CC01	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
24-2B	-reserved- (unassigned)	00	_
2D-2C	Sub Vendor ID	0000	RO
2F-2E	Sub Device ID	0000	RO
30-33	-reserved- (expan ROM base addr)	00	_
34	Capability Pointer	C0	RO
35-3B	-reserved- (unassigned)	00	
3C	Interrupt Line	0E	RO
3D	Interrupt Pin	01	RO
3E	Minimum Grant	00	RO
3F	Maximum Latency	00	RO

Configuration Space IDE-Specific Registers

Offset	Configuration Space IDE Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
40	IDE Chip Enable	00	RW
41	IDE Configuration I	00	RW
42	IDE Configuration II	00	RW
43	IDE FIFO Configuration	0A	RW
44	IDE Miscellaneous Control 1	08	RW
45	IDE Miscellaneous Control 2	10	RW
46	IDE Miscellaneous Control 3	C0	RW
4B-48	IDE Drive Timing Control	A8A8A8A8	RW
4C	IDE Address Setup Time	FF	RW
4D	-reserved- (do not program)	00	RW
4E	Sec Non-170 Port Access Timing	B6	RW
4F	Pri Non-1F0 Port Access Timing	B6	RW

Configuration Space IDE-Specific Registers (continued)

Offset	Configuration Space IDE Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
53-50	UltraDMA Extended Timing Control	07070707	RW
54	UltraDMA FIFO Control	04	RW
55	IDE Clock Gating	00	RW
56-5F	-reserved-	00	
61-60	IDE Primary Sector Size	0200	RW
62-67	-reserved-	00	
69-68	IDE Secondary Sector Size	0200	RW
69-6F	-reserved-	00	
70	IDE Primary Status	00	RW
71	IDE Primary Interrupt Control	01	RW
72-77	-reserved-	00	
78	IDE Secondary Status	00	RW
79	IDE Secondary Interrupt Control	01	RW
7A-7F	-reserved-	00	
83-80	IDE Primary S/G Descriptor Address	0000 0000	RW
84-87	-reserved-	00	
8B-88	IDE Secondary S/G Descriptor Addr	0000 0000	RW
8C-BF	-reserved-	00	
C3-C0	Power Management Capabilities	0002 0001	RO
C7-C4	Power State	0000 0000	RW
C8-CF	-reserved-	00	

Offset	IDE Back Door Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
D0	Back Door – Revision ID	06	RW
D1	-reserved-	00	
D3-D2	Back Door – Device ID	0571	RW
D5-D4	Back Door – Sub Vender ID	0000	RW
D7-D6	Back Door – Sub Device ID	0000	RW
D8-FF	-reserved-	00	

I/O Registers – IDE Controller (SFF 8038 v1.0 Compliant

Offset	IDE I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
0	Primary Channel Command	00	RW
1	-reserved-	00	_
2	Primary Channel Status	00	WC
3	-reserved-	00	_
4-7	Primary Channel PRD Table Addr	00	RW
8	Secondary Channel Command	00	RW
9	-reserved-	00	_
Α	Secondary Channel Status	00	WC
В	-reserved-	00	_
C-F	Secondary Channel PRD Table Addr	00	RW



Device 16 Function 0 Registers – USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 0-1

Configuration Space USB Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	<u>Default</u>	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3038	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RW
7-6	Status	0210	WC
8	Revision ID	nn	RO
9	Programming Interface	00	RO
A	Sub Class Code	03	RO
В	Base Class Code	0C	RO
С	Cache Line Size	00	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
D	Latency Timer	16	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
Е	Header Type	80	RO
F	BIST	00	RO
23-20	USB I/O Registers Base Port Address	00000301	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
24-2B	-reserved-	00	_
2D-2C	Sub Vendor ID	1106	RO†
2F-2E	Sub Device ID	3038	RO†
30-33	-reserved-	00	—
34	Power Management Capabilities	80	RO
35-3B	-reserved-	00	_
3C	Interrupt Line	00	RW
3D	Interrupt Pin	01	RO
3E-3F	-reserved-	00	_

[†] RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers

Offset	USB Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
40	USB Miscellaneous Control 1	40	RW
41	USB Miscellaneous Control 2	10	RW
42	USB Miscellaneous Control 3	03	RW
43	USB Miscellaneous Control 4	00	RW
44-47	-reserved- (test, do not program)	00	_
48	USB Miscellaneous Control 5	00	RW
49	USB Miscellaneous Control 6	00	RW
4A	USB Miscellaneous Control 7	A0	RW
4B-5F	-reserved-	00	_
60	USB Serial Bus Release Number	10	RO
61-7F	-reserved-	00	_
83-80	PM Capability	FFC20001	RO
84	PM Capability Status	00	RW
85-BF	-reserved-	00	
C1-C0	USB Legacy Support	2000	RW
C2-FF	-reserved-	00	

Offset	USB I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
1-0	USB Command	0000	RW
3-2	USB Status	0000	WC
5-4	USB Interrupt Enable	0000	RW
7-6	Frame Number	0000	RW
B-8	Frame List Base Address	00000000	RW
C	Start Of Frame Modify	40	RW
11-10	Port 0 Status / Control	0080	WC
13-12	Port 1 Status / Control	0080	WC
14-1F	-reserved-	00	



Device 16 Function 1 Registers – USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 2-3

Configuration Space USB Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	Default	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3038	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RW
7-6	Status	0210	WC
8	Revision ID	nn	RO
9	Programming Interface	00	RO
A	Sub Class Code	03	RO
В	Base Class Code	0C	RO
C	Cache Line Size	00	RW
D	Latency Timer	16	RW
Е	Header Type	80	RO
F	BIST	00	RO
23-20	USB I/O Registers Base Port Address	00000301	RW
24-2B	-reserved-	00	_
2D-2C	Sub Vendor ID	1106	RO†
2F-2E	Sub Device ID	3038	RO†
30-33	-reserved-	00	_
34	Power Management Capabilities	80	RO
35-3B	-reserved-	00	_
3C	Interrupt Line	00	RW
3D	Interrupt Pin	01	RO
3E-3F	-reserved-	00	_

[†] RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers

Offset	USB Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
40	USB Miscellaneous Control 1	40	RW
41	USB Miscellaneous Control 2	10	RW
42	USB Miscellaneous Control 3	03	RW
43	USB Miscellaneous Control 4	00	RW
44-47	-reserved- (test, do not program)	00	_
48	USB Miscellaneous Control 5	00	RW
49	USB Miscellaneous Control 6	00	RW
4A	USB Miscellaneous Control 7	A0	RW
4B-5F	-reserved-	00	_
60	USB Serial Bus Release Number	10	RO
61-7F	-reserved-	00	
83-80	PM Capability	FFC20001	RO
84	PM Capability Status	00	RW
85-BF	-reserved-	00	
C1-C0	USB Legacy Support	2000	RW
C2-FF	-reserved-	00	

Offset	USB I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
1-0	USB Command	0000	RW
3-2	USB Status	0000	WC
5-4	USB Interrupt Enable	0000	RW
7-6	Frame Number	0000	RW
B-8	Frame List Base Address	00000000	RW
C	Start Of Frame Modify	40	RW
11-10	Port 2 Status / Control	0080	WC
13-12	Port 3 Status / Control	0080	WC
14-1F	-reserved-	00	_



Device 16 Function 2 Registers – USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 4-5

Configuration Space USB Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	Default	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3038	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RW
7-6	Status	0210	WC
8	Revision ID	nn	RO
9	Programming Interface	00	RO
Α	Sub Class Code	03	RO
В	Base Class Code	0C	RO
С	Cache Line Size	00	RW
D	Latency Timer	16	RW
E	Header Type	80	RO
F	BIST	00	RO
23-20	USB I/O Registers Base Port Address	00000301	RW
24-2B	-reserved-	00	_
2D-2C	Sub Vendor ID	1106	RO†
2F-2E	Sub Device ID	3038	RO†
30-33	-reserved-	00	_
34	Power Management Capabilities	80	RO
35-3B	-reserved-	00	_
3C	Interrupt Line	00	RW
3D	Interrupt Pin	02	RO
3E-3F	-reserved-	00	_

[†] RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers

Offset	USB Control	<u>Default</u>	<u>Acc</u>
40	USB Miscellaneous Control 1	40	RW
41	USB Miscellaneous Control 2	10	RW
42	USB Miscellaneous Control 3	03	RW
43	USB Miscellaneous Control 4	00	RW
44-47	-reserved- (test, do not program)	00	-
48	USB Miscellaneous Control 5	00	RW
49	USB Miscellaneous Control 6	00	RW
4A	USB Miscellaneous Control 7	A0	RW
4B-5F	-reserved-	00	
60	USB Serial Bus Release Number	10	RO
61-7F	-reserved-	00	_
83-80	PM Capability	FFC20001	RO
84	PM Capability Status	00	RW
85-BF	-reserved-	00	
C1-C0	USB Legacy Support	2000	RW
C2-FF	-reserved-	00	

Offset	USB I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
1-0	USB Command	0000	RW
3-2	USB Status	0000	WC
5-4	USB Interrupt Enable	0000	RW
7-6	Frame Number	0000	RW
B-8	Frame List Base Address	00000000	RW
C	Start Of Frame Modify	40	RW
11-10	Port 4 Status / Control	0080	WC
13-12	Port 5 Status / Control	0080	WC
14-1F	-reserved-	00	



Device 16 Function 3 Registers – USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 6-7

Configuration Space USB Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	Default	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3038	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RW
7-6	Status	0210	WC
8	Revision ID	nn	RO
9	Programming Interface	00	RO
Α	Sub Class Code	03	RO
В	Base Class Code	0C	RO
C	Cache Line Size	00	RW
D	Latency Timer	16	RW
Е	Header Type	80	RO
F	BIST	00	RO
23-20	USB I/O Registers Base Port Address	00000301	RW
24-2B	-reserved-	00	_
2D-2C	Sub Vendor ID	1106	RO†
2F-2E	Sub Device ID	3038	RO†
30-33	-reserved-	00	_
34	Power Management Capabilities	80	RO
35-3B	-reserved-	00	_
3C	Interrupt Line	00	RW
3D	Interrupt Pin	02	RO
3E-3F	-reserved-	00	

[†] RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers

Offset	USB Control	<u>Default</u>	<u>Acc</u>
40	USB Miscellaneous Control 1	40	RW
41	USB Miscellaneous Control 2	10	RW
42	USB Miscellaneous Control 3	03	RW
43	USB Miscellaneous Control 4	00	RW
44-47	-reserved- (test, do not program)	00	-
48	USB Miscellaneous Control 5	00	RW
49	USB Miscellaneous Control 6	00	RW
4A	USB Miscellaneous Control 7	A0	RW
4B-5F	-reserved-	00	
60	USB Serial Bus Release Number	10	RO
61-7F	-reserved-	00	_
83-80	PM Capability	FFC20001	RO
84	PM Capability Status	00	RW
85-BF	-reserved-	00	
C1-C0	USB Legacy Support	2000	RW
C2-FF	-reserved-	00	

Offset	USB I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
1-0	USB Command	0000	RW
3-2	USB Status	0000	WC
5-4	USB Interrupt Enable	0000	RW
7-6	Frame Number	0000	RW
B-8	Frame List Base Address	00000000	RW
C	Start Of Frame Modify	40	RW
11-10	Port 6 Status / Control	0080	WC
13-12	Port 7 Status / Control	0080	WC
14-1F	-reserved-	00	



Device 16 Function 4 Registers – USB 2.0 EHCI Ports 0-7

Configuration Space USB Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	<u>Default</u>	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3104	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RW
7-6	Status	0210	WC
8	Revision ID	nn	RO
9	Programming Interface	20	RO
Α	Sub Class Code	03	RO
В	Base Class Code	0C	RO
С	Cache Line Size	00	RW
D	Latency Timer	16	RW
E-F	-reserved-	00	_
13-10	EHCI Mem Mapped I/O Base Addr	0000 0000	RW
14-2B	-reserved-	00	_
2D-2C	Sub Vendor ID	1106	RO†
2F-2E	Sub Device ID	3104	RO†
30-33	-reserved-	00	_
34	Power Management Capabilities	80	RO
35-3B	-reserved-	00	
3C	Interrupt Line	00	RW
3D	Interrupt Pin	03	RO
3E-3F	-reserved-	00	_

[†] RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

Configuration Space USB-Specific Registers

Offset	USB Control	Default	Acc
40	USB Miscellaneous Control 1	00	RW
41-47	-reserved- (Do Not Program)	00	
48	USB Miscellaneous Control 5	A0	RW
49	USB Miscellaneous Control 6	20	RW
4A-4B	-reserved- (Do Not Program)	00	
4C-4F	-reserved-	00	_
50-57	-reserved- (test, do not program)	00	_
58-59	-reserved- (Do Not Program)	00	_
5A-5B	High-Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor Fine Tune	8888	RW
5C	DHV Control	53	RW
5D-5E	High-Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor Fine Tune	8888	RW
5F	-reserved-	00	_
60	USB Serial Bus Release Number	20	RO
61	Frame Length Adjust	20	RW
63-62	Port Wake Capability	0001	RW
64-67	-reserved-	00	
6B-68	Legacy Support Extended Capability	0000 0001	RW
6F-6C	Legacy Support Control / Status	0000 0000	RW
70-7F	-reserved-	00	
83-80	PM Capability	FFC20001	RO
84	PM Capability Status	00	RW
85-FF	-reserved-	00	

Memory Mapped I/O Registers - USB EHCI

Offset	EHCI Capabilities	<u>Default</u>	Acc
00	Capability Register Length	00	RW
01	-reserved-	00	
03-02	Interface Version Number	0100	RO†
07-04	Structure Parameters	0000 3206	RO†
0B-08	Capability Parameters	0000 6872	RO†
0C-0F	-reserved-	00	

[†] RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

Offset	Host Controller Operation	<u>Default</u>	Acc
13-10	USB Command	0000 0000	RW
	USB Status	0000 0000	RW
1B-18	USB Interrupt Enable	0000 0000	RW
1F-1C	USB Frame Index	0000 0000	RW
23-20	4G Segment Selector	0000 0000	RW
27-24	Frame List Base Address	0000 0000	RW
2B-28	Next Asynchronous List Address	0000 0000	RW
2C-4F	-reserved-	00	_
53-50	Configured Flag Register	0000 0000	RW
57-54	Port 0 Status / Control	0000 0000	RW
5B-58	Port 1 Status / Control	0000 0000	RW
5F-5C	Port 2 Status / Control	0000 0000	RW
63-60	Port 3 Status / Control	0000 0000	RW
67-64	Port 4 Status / Control	0000 0000	RW
6B-68	Port 5 Status / Control	0000 0000	RW
6F-6C	Port 6 Status / Control	0000 0000	RW
73-70	Port 7 Status / Control	0000 0000	RW
74-FF	-reserved-	00	



Device 16 Func 5 Registers – USB Device Communications

Configuration Space USB Device Comm Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	<u>Default</u>	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	D104	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RW
7-6	Status	0210	WC
8	Revision ID	nn	RO
9	Programming Interface	00	RO
A	Sub Class Code	80	RO
В	Base Class Code	02	RO
C	Cache Line Size	00	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
D	Latency Timer	16	RW
E-F	-reserved-	00	_
13-10	UDCI Mem Mapped I/O Base Addr	0000 0000	RW
14-2B	-reserved-	00	_
2D-2C	Sub Vendor ID	1106	RO†
2F-2E	Sub Device ID	D104	RO†
30-33	-reserved-	00	_
34	Power Management Capabilities	80	RO
35-3B	-reserved-	00	
3C	Interrupt Line	00	RW
3D	Interrupt Pin	04	RO
	-reserved-	00	_

RW if Rx41[2] = 1.

Configuration Space USB-Device-Comm-Specific Regs

Offset	USB Device Communications Ctrl	Default	Acc
40	Miscellaneous Control 1	00	RW
41	Miscellaneous Control 2	00	RW
42	Miscellaneous Control 3	00	RW
43	-reserved-	00	_
44	PHY Signal Monitoring 1	00	RW
45	PHY Signal Monitoring 2	00	RW
46-47	-reserved-	00	_
48	Miscellaneous Control 5	A0	RW
49	Miscellaneous Control 6	60	RW
Offset	USB Device Comm MAC Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
4A	MAC Receiver Enable Delay	00	RW
4B	MAC Turnaround Time Delay	09	RW
4C-4F	-reserved-	00	_
50	Reserved for Test (Do Not Program)	00	RW
51	USB 2.0 MAC Timeout Parameter	5A	RW
52-57	-reserved-	00	_
Offset	USB Device Comm PHY Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
58	PHY Control 1	00	RW
59	PHY Control 2	08	RW
5A	Hi Speed Port Pad Fine Tune	08	RW
5B	-reserved-	00	
5C	PHY Control 3	53	RW
5D-6F	-reserved-	00	

Config Space USB-Device-Comm-Specific Regs (cont)

Offset	USB Device Comm SRAM Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
71-70	SRAM Direct Access Address	0000	RW
72	-reserved-	00	
73	SRAM Direct Access Control	00	RW
77-74	SRAM Direct Access Data	0000 0000	RW
78-7F	-reserved-	00	
Offset	USB Device Comm PM Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
83-80	Power Management Rx41[1]=0:	480A0001	RO
	Capabilities Rx41[1]=1:	C9C20001	RO
84	PM Capabilities Status	00b or 11b	
85-EF	-reserved-	00	
Offset	USB Device Comm Reserved Regs	<u>Default</u>	Acc
F0-F4	-reserved-	00	
F5	Reserved (Do Not Program)	_	RW
F6	Reserved (Do Not Program)	1	RO
F7-FB	-reserved-	00	
FC	Reserved (Do Not Program)	_	RW
FD-FF	-reserved-	00	—

Mem Mapped I/O Regs – USB Dev Ctrlr Interface (UDCI)

Offset	USB Comm Capability & Shadow	Default	Acc
0	Capability Register Length	10	RO
1	Interface Version	10	RO
3-2	Structure Parameters 1	0121	RO
7-4	Structure Parameters 2	0200 0040	RO
B-8	Structure Parameters 3	0008 0200	RO
F-C	EHCI Port 0 Shadow	_	RO
Offset	USB Device Controller Operation	<u>Default</u>	Acc
11-10	USB Device Command	0010	RW
13-12	USB Device Status	0010	WC
15-14	USB Device Interrupt Enable	0000	RW
17-16	Device Port Control Status	1000	WC
18	Device Mode Listen Timeout Param	10	RW
19	Host Mode Waiting Timeout Param	10	RW
1A-1F	-reserved-	00	_
Offset	Device Endpoint Ctrlr Operation	<u>Default</u>	Acc
	Device Endpoint Ctrlr Operation Endpoint 0 Status & Control	<u>Default</u> 0040 0000	Acc RW
23-20			
23-20 37-24	Endpoint 0 Status & Control		RW
23-20 37-24 38-3F	Endpoint 0 Status & Control Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor	0040 0000	RW
23-20 37-24 38-3F 43-40	Endpoint 0 Status & Control Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor -reserved-	0040 0000 — 00	RW RW
23-20 37-24 38-3F 43-40 5B-44	Endpoint 0 Status & Control Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor -reserved- Endpoint 1 Status & Control	0040 0000 — 00	RW RW — RW
23-20 37-24 38-3F 43-40 5B-44 5C-5F	Endpoint 0 Status & Control Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor -reserved- Endpoint 1 Status & Control Endpoint 1 Transfer Descriptor	0040 0000 — 00 1200 8000 — —	RW RW — RW
23-20 37-24 38-3F 43-40 5B-44 5C-5F 63-60	Endpoint 0 Status & Control Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor -reserved- Endpoint 1 Status & Control Endpoint 1 Transfer Descriptor -reserved-	0040 0000 — 00 1200 8000 — 00	RW RW RW RW
23-20 37-24 38-3F 43-40 5B-44 5C-5F 63-60 7B-64	Endpoint 0 Status & Control Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor -reserved- Endpoint 1 Status & Control Endpoint 1 Transfer Descriptor -reserved- Endpoint 2 Status & Control	0040 0000 — 00 1200 8000 — 00	RW RW RW RW RW RW
23-20 37-24 38-3F 43-40 5B-44 5C-5F 63-60 7B-64 7C-7F	Endpoint 0 Status & Control Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor -reserved- Endpoint 1 Status & Control Endpoint 1 Transfer Descriptor -reserved- Endpoint 2 Status & Control Endpoint 2 Transfer Descriptor	0040 0000 00 1200 8000 00 2200 8000	RW RW RW RW RW RW RW
23-20 37-24 38-3F 43-40 5B-44 5C-5F 63-60 7B-64 7C-7F 83-80	Endpoint 0 Status & Control Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor -reserved- Endpoint 1 Status & Control Endpoint 1 Transfer Descriptor -reserved- Endpoint 2 Status & Control Endpoint 2 Transfer Descriptor -reservedreserved-	0040 0000	RW RW RW RW RW RW RW



<u>Device 17 Function 0 Registers – Bus Control & Power Management</u>

Configuration Space Bus Control & PM Header Registers

		_	T . 1
<u>Offset</u>	Configuration Space Header	<u>Default</u>	<u>Acc</u>
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3227	RO
5-4	Command	0087	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
7-6	Status	0200	WC
8	Revision ID	nn	RO
9	Programming Interface	00	RO
A	Sub Class Code	01	RO
В	Base Class Code	06	RO
С	-reserved- (cache line size)	00	
D	-reserved- (latency timer)	00	
Е	Header Type	80	RO
F	Built In Self Test (BIST)	00	RO
10-27	-reserved- (base address registers)	00	
28-2B	-reserved- (unassigned)	00	
2D-2C	Sub Vendor ID	00	RO
2F-2E	Sub Device ID	00	RO
30-33	-reserved- (expan. ROM base addr)	00	
34-3B	-reserved- (unassigned)	00	
3C	-reserved- (interrupt line)	00	
3D	-reserved- (interrupt pin)	00	
3E	-reserved- (min gnt)	00	
3F	-reserved- (max lat)	00	

Configuration Space PCI-to-ISA Bridge-Specific Registers

Offset	ISA Bus Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
40	ISA Bus Control	00	RW
41	BIOS ROM Decode Control	00	RW
42	Line Buffer Control	00	RW
43	Delay Transaction Control	00	RW
44	INTE / INTF Routing	00	RW
45	INTG / INTH Routing	00	RW
46	INT Control	00	RW
47	-reserved-	00	
48	Read Pass Write Control	00	RW
49	CCA Control	00	RW
4A	LPC Firmware Memory Control 1	00	RW
4B	LPC Firmware Memory Control 2	00	RW

Offset	Miscellaneous Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
4C	IDE Interrupt Routing	00	RW
4D	Miscellaneous Control	00	RW
4E	Internal RTC Test Mode	00	RW
4F	PCI Bus & CPU Interface Control	00	RW

Offset	Function Control	Default	Acc
50	Function Control 1	00	RW
51	Function Control 2	0C	RW

Offset	Serial IRQ, LPC & PC/PCI Control	Default	<u>Acc</u>
52	Serial IRQ & LPC Control	00	RW
53	PC/PCI DMA Control	00	RW

Offset	Plug and Play Control	<u>Default</u>	<u>Acc</u>
54	PCI Interrupt Polarity	00	RW
55	PnP Routing for PCI INTA	00	RW
56	PnP Routing for PCI INTB-C	00	RW
57	PnP Routing for PCI INTD	00	RW

Offset	GPIO and Miscellaneous Control	Default	Acc
58	Miscellaneous Control 0	40	RW
59	Miscellaneous Control 1	00	RW
5A	DMA Bandwidth Control	00	RW
5B	Miscellaneous Control 2	00	RW

Offset	Programmable Chip Select Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
5D-5C	PCS0# I/O Port Address	0000	RW
5F-5E	PCS1# I/O Port Address	0000	RW
61-60	PCS2# I/O Port Address	0000	RW
63-62	PCS3# I/O Port Address	0000	RW
64	PCS[1-0]# I/O Port Address Mask	00	RW
65	PCS[3-2]# I/O Port Address Mask	00	RW
66	Programmable Chip Select Control	00	RW
67	Output Control	04	RW
68	HPET Control	00	RW
6B-69	HPET Memory Base Address	000000	RW

Offset	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	<u>Default</u>	Acc
6C	ISA Positive Decoding Control 1	00	RW
6D	ISA Positive Decoding Control 2	00	RW
6E	ISA Positive Decoding Control 3	00	RW
6F	ISA Positive Decoding Control 4	00	RW
71-70	Sub Vendor ID Backdoor	00	RW
73-72	Sub Device ID Backdoor	00	RW
70-73	-reserved-	00	_
74	PCI I/O Cycle Control	00	RW
75-78	-reserved-	00	_
79-7B	Reserved for Test (Do Not Program)	00	RW
7C	I/O Pad Control	00	RW
7D-7F	-reserved-	00	



Configuration Space Power Management Registers

Offset	Power Management	Default	Acc
80	General Configuration 0	00	RW
81	General Configuration 1	04	RW
82	ACPI Interrupt Select	00	RW
83	-reserved-	00	
85-84	Primary Interrupt Channel	0000	RW
87-86	Secondary Interrupt Channel	0000	RW
8B-88	Power Mgmt I/O Base (256 Bytes)	0000 0001	RW
8C	Host Bus Power Mgmt Control	00	RW
8D	Throttle / Clock Stop Control	00	RW
8E-8F	-reserved-	00	_
93-90	GP Timer Control	0000 0000	RW
94	Power Well Control	00	RW
95	Miscellaneous Control	40	RW
96	Power On / Reset Control	00	RW
97	-reserved-	00	_
98	GP2 / GP3 Timer Control	00	RW
99	GP2 Timer	00	RW
9A	GP3 Timer	00	RW
9B-A0	-reserved-	00	_
A1	Write value for Offset 9 (Prog Intfc)	00	WO
A2	Write value for Offset A (Sub Class)	00	WO
A3	Write value for Offset B (Base Class)	00	WO
A4-BF	-reserved-	00	
C3-C0	Power Management Capability	0002 0001	RO
C7-C4	Power Management Capability CSR	0000 0000	RW
C8-CF	-reserved-	00	_

Configuration Space SMBus Registers

Offset	System Management Bus	Default	Acc
D1-D0	SMBus I/O Base (16 Bytes)	0001	RW
D2	SMBus Host Configuration	00	RW
D3	SMBus Host Slave Command	00	RW
D4	SMBus Slave Address Shadow Port 1	00	RW
D5	SMBus Slave Address Shadow Port 2	00	RW
D6	SMBus Revision ID	nn	RO
D7-DF	-reserved-	00	_

Configuration Space General Purpose I/O Registers

Offset	General Purpose I/O	<u>Default</u>	Acc
E0	GPI Inversion Control	00	RW
E1	GPI SCI / SMI Select	00	RW
E2-E3	-reserved-	00	_
E4	GPO Pin Select	00	RW
E5	GPIO I/O Select 1	00	RW
E6	GPIO I/O Select 2	00	RW
E7	-reserved-	00	RW

Configuration Space Watchdog Timer Registers

Offset	Watchdog Timer	<u>Default</u>	Acc
EB-E8	Watchdog Timer Memory Base	0000 0000	RW
EC	Watchdog Timer Control	00	RW
ED-FF	-reserved-	00	



I/O Space Power Management Registers

Offset	Basic Control / Status Registers	<u>Default</u>	<u>Acc</u>
1-0	Power Management Status	0000	WC
3-2	Power Management Enable	0000	RW
5-4	Power Management Control	0000	RW
6-7	-reserved-	00	_
B-8	Power Management Timer	0000 0000	RW
C-F	-reserved-	00	

Offset	Processor Registers	Default	Acc
13-10	Processor and PCI Bus Control	0000 0000	RW
14	Processor LVL2	00	RO
15	Processor LVL3	00	RO
16-1F	-reserved-	00	_

Offset	General Purpose Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
21-20	General Purpose Status	0000	WC
23-22	General Purpose SCI Enable	0000	RW
25-24	General Purpose SMI Enable	0000	RW
26-27	-reserved-	00	_

Offset	Generic Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
29-28	Global Status	0000	WC
2B-2A	Global Enable	0000	RW
2D-2C	Global Control	0010	RW
2E	-reserved-	00	_
2F	SMI Command	00	RW
33-30	Primary Activity Detect Status	0000 0000	WC
37-34	Primary Activity Detect Enable	0000 0000	RW
3B-38	GP Timer Reload Enable	0000 0000	RW
3C-3F	-reserved-	00	_

Offset	General Purpose I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
40	Extended I/O Trap Status	00	WC
41	-reserved-	00	
42	Extended I/O Trap Enable	00	RW
43-44	-reserved-	00	_
45	SMI / IRQ / Resume Status	00	RO
46-47	-reserved-	00	_
4B-48	GPI Port Input Value	input	RO
4F-4C	GPO Port Output Value	FFFFCFFF	RW
50	GPI Pin Change Status	00	RW
51	-reserved-	00	
52	GPI Pin Change SCI/SMI Select	00	RW
53-57	-reserved-	00	
59-58	I/O Trap PCI I/O Address	0000	RO
5A	I/O Trap PCI Command / Byte Ena	00	RO
5B	-reserved-	00	
5C	CPU Performance Control	00	RW
5D-FF	-reserved-	00	

I/O Space System Management Bus Registers

Offset	System Management Bus	<u>Default</u>	Acc
0	SMBus Host Status	00	WC
1	SMBus Slave Status	00	RW
2	SMBus Host Control	00	RW
3	SMBus Host Command	00	RW
4	SMBus Host Address	00	RW
5	SMBus Host Data 0	00	RW
6	SMBus Host Data 1	00	RW
7	SMBus Block Data	00	RW
8	SMBus Slave Control	00	RW
9	SMBus Shadow Command	00	RO
A-B	SMBus Slave Event	0000	RW
C-D	SMBus Slave Data	0000	RO
Е	-reserved-	00	
F	SMBus GPIO Slave Address	00	RW

System Management Bus Command Codes

Code	System Management Bus	Default	Acc
00	SMBus GPIO Slave Input Data	_	RO
01	SMBus GPIO Slave Output Data	00	RW
02	SMBus GPIO Slave Polarity Inversion	F0	RW
03	SMBus GPIO Slave I/O Configuration	FF	RW



Device 17 Function 5 & 6 Registers – AC/MC97 Codecs

Function 5 Configuration Space AC97 Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	Default	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3059	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RW
7-6	Status	0210	RO
8	Revision ID	50	RO
9	Programming Interface	00	RO
A	Sub Class Code	01	RO
В	Base Class Code	04	RO
C-F	-reserved-	00	_
13-10	Base Address 0 - SGD Control/Status	0000 0001	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
17-14	Base Address 1 (reserved)	0000 0000	
1B-18	Base Address 2 (reserved)	0000 0000	_
1F-1C	Base Address 3 (reserved)	0000 0000	
23-20	Base Address 4 (reserved)	0000 0000	
27-24	Base Address 5 (reserved)	0000 0000	
28-29	-reserved-	00	
2F-2C	Subsystem ID / SubVendor ID	0000 0000	RW
33-30	Expansion ROM (reserved)	0000 0000	
34	Capture Pointer	C0	RW
35-3B	-reserved-	00	_
3C	Interrupt Line	00	RW
3D	Interrupt Pin	03	RO
3E	Minimum Grant	00	RO
3F	Maximum Latency	00	RO

Configuration Space Audio Codec-Specific Registers

Offset	Audio Codec Link Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
40	AC-Link Interface Status	00	RO
41	AC-Link Interface Control	00	RW
42	Function Enable	00	RW
43	-reserved-	00	
44	MC97 Interface Control	00	RO
45-47	-reserved-	00	
4B-48	Test Mode (reserved)	00	
4C-BF	-reserved-	00	
C3-C0	Power Management Capability	0602 0001	RO
C7-C4	Power State	0000 0000	RW
C8-FF	-reserved-	00	

Function 6 Configuration Space MC97 Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	<u>Default</u>	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3068	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RW
7-6	Status	0200	RO
8	Revision ID	70	RO
9	Programming Interface	00	RO
Α	Sub Class Code	80	RO
В	Base Class Code	07	RO
C-F	-reserved-	00	
13-10	Base Address 0 - SGD Control/Status	0000 0001	RW
17-14	Base Address 1 (reserved)	0000 0000	
1B-18	Base Address 2 (reserved)	0000 0000	
1F-1C	Base Address 3 (reserved)	0000 0000	
23-20	Base Address 4 (reserved)	0000 0000	
27-24	Base Address 5 (reserved)	0000 0000	
28-29	-reserved-	00	
2F-2C	Subsystem ID / SubVendor ID	0000 0000	RW
33-30	Expansion ROM (reserved)	0000 0000	
34	Capture Pointer	D 0	RW
35-3B	-reserved-	00	
3C	Interrupt Line	00	RW
3D	Interrupt Pin	03	RO
3E	Minimum Grant	00	RO
3F	Maximum Latency	00	RO

Configuration Space Modem Codec-Specific Registers

Offset	Modem Codec Link Control	<u>Default</u>	Acc
40	AC-Link Interface Status	00	RO
41	AC-Link Interface Control	00	RW
42	Function Enable	00	RO
43	-reserved-	00	_
44	MC97 Interface Control	00	RW
45-47	-reserved-	00	_
4B-48	Test Mode (reserved)	00	_
4C-CF	-reserved-	00	_
D3-D0	Power Management Capability	0602 0001	RO
D7-D4	Power State	0000 0000	RW
D8-FF	-reserved-	00	



Function 5 I/O Base 0 Registers - AC97 Audio S/G DMA

Offset	AC97 SGD I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
x0	SGD Channel x Status	00	WC
x1	SGD Channel x Control	00	RW
x2	SGD Channel x Left Volume	3F	RW
x3	SGD Channel x Right Volume	3F	RW
x7-x4	SGD Channel x Table Pointer Base	0000 0000	WR
	SGD Channel x Current Address		RD
xB-x8	Stop Index / Data Type / Sample Rate	FF0F FFFF	RW
xF-xC	SGD Channel x Current Count	0000 0000	RO
40	SGD 3D Channel Status	00	WC
41	SGD 3D Channel Control	00	RW
42	SGD 3D Channel Format	00	RW
43	SGD 3D Channel Scratch	00	RW
47-44	SGD 3D Channel Table Pointer Base	0000 0000	WR
	SGD 3D Channel Current Address		RD
4B-48	SGD 3D Channel Slot Select	FF00 0000	RW
4F-4C	SGD 3D Channel Current Count	0000 0000	RO
	-reserved-	00	_
	-reserved- SGD Write Channel 0 Status	00	— WC
50-5F			_
50-5F 60	SGD Write Channel 0 Status	00	— WC
50-5F 60 61	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control	00	WC RW
50-5F 60 61 62	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format	00 00 00	WC RW RW
50-5F 60 61 62 63	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select	00 00 00 00	WC RW RW RW
50-5F 60 61 62 63 67-64	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base	00 00 00 00	WC RW RW RW WR
50-5F 60 61 62 63 67-64 6B-68	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base SGD Write Channel 0 Current Addr	00 00 00 00 000 0000	WC RW RW RW WR RD
50-5F 60 61 62 63 67-64 6B-68	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base SGD Write Channel 0 Current Addr SGD Write Channel 0 Stop Index	00 00 00 00 0000 0000 FF00 0000	
50-5F 60 61 62 63 67-64 6B-68 6F-6C 70	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base SGD Write Channel 0 Current Addr SGD Write Channel 0 Stop Index SGD Write Channel 0 Current Count	00 00 00 00 0000 0000 FF00 0000	WC RW RW RW WR RD RW
50-5F 60 61 62 63 67-64 6B-68 6F-6C 70	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base SGD Write Channel 0 Current Addr SGD Write Channel 0 Stop Index SGD Write Channel 0 Current Count SGD Write Channel 1 Status	00 00 00 00 0000 0000 FF00 0000 0000 0000	WC RW RW RW WR RD RW RO
50-5F 60 61 62 63 67-64 6B-68 6F-6C 70	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base SGD Write Channel 0 Current Addr SGD Write Channel 0 Stop Index SGD Write Channel 0 Current Count SGD Write Channel 1 Status SGD Write Channel 1 Control	00 00 00 000 0000 0000 FF00 0000 0000 0000 00	WC RW RW RW RD RW RO RW
50-5F 60 61 62 63 67-64 6B-68 6F-6C 70 71	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base SGD Write Channel 0 Current Addr SGD Write Channel 0 Stop Index SGD Write Channel 0 Current Count SGD Write Channel 1 Status SGD Write Channel 1 Control SGD Write Channel 1 Format	00 00 00 00 0000 0000 FF00 0000 0000 0000 00 00	WC RW RW RD RW RO WC RW
50-5F 60 61 62 63 67-64 6B-68 6F-6C 70 71 72 73	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base SGD Write Channel 0 Current Addr SGD Write Channel 0 Stop Index SGD Write Channel 0 Current Count SGD Write Channel 1 Status SGD Write Channel 1 Control SGD Write Channel 1 Format SGD Write Channel 1 Select	00 00 00 00 0000 0000 FF00 0000 0000 0000 00 00 00	RW RW RW RD RW RO RW RO RW RO
50-5F 60 61 62 63 67-64 6B-68 6F-6C 70 71 72 73 77-74	SGD Write Channel 0 Status SGD Write Channel 0 Control SGD Write Channel 0 Format SGD Write Channel 0 Select SGD Write Channel 0 Table Ptr Base SGD Write Channel 0 Current Addr SGD Write Channel 0 Stop Index SGD Write Channel 0 Current Count SGD Write Channel 1 Status SGD Write Channel 1 Control SGD Write Channel 1 Format SGD Write Channel 1 Select SGD Write Channel 1 Table Ptr Base	00 00 00 00 0000 0000 FF00 0000 0000 0000 00 00 00	RW RW RD RW RO RW RW RO RW RW RW RW

Function 6 I/O Base 0 Registers – MC97 Modem S/G DMA

Offset	MC97 SGD I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
0-7	-reserved-	00	
8-F	-reserved-	00	
10-17	-reserved-	00	_
18-1F	-reserved-	00	_
20-27	-reserved-	00	
28-2F	-reserved-	00	
30-37	-reserved-	00	
38-3F	-reserved-	00	
40	SGD Read Channel Status	00	WC
41	SGD Read Channel Control	00	RW
42	SGD Read Channel Type	00	RW
43	-reserved-	00	
47-44	SGD Read Chan Table Pointer Base	0000 0000	WR
	SGD Read Channel Current Address		RD
4B-48	-reserved- (Test)	0000 0000	RO
4F-4C	SGD Read Channel Current Count	0000 0000	RO
50	SGD Write Channel Status	00	WC
51	SGD Write Channel Control	00	RW
52	SGD Write Channel Type	00	RW
53	-reserved-	00	
57-54	SGD Write Channel Table Ptr Base	0000 0000	WR
	SGD Write Channel Current Address		RD
5B-58	Reserved (Test)	0000 0000	RO
5F-5C	SGD Write Channel Current Count	0000 0000	RO
60-7F	-reserved-	00	

<u>Offset</u>	AC97 / Audio Codec I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	<u>Acc</u>
83-80	AC97 Controller Command / Status	0000 0000	RW
87-84	SGD Global IRQ Shadow	0000 0000	RO
88	DX0 FIFO Count	00	RO
89	DX1 FIFO Count	00	RO
8A	DX2 FIFO Count	00	RO
8B	DX3 FIFO Count	00	RO
8C	3D FIFO Count	00	RO
8D-8F	-reserved-	00	_
90-9F	Shadow PCI Config Registers 40-4F	n/a	RO
A0-FF	-reserved-	00	_

Offset	AC97 / Modem Codec I/O Registers	<u>Default</u>	Acc
83-80	AC97 Controller Command / Status	0000 0000	RW
87-84	SGD Global IRQ Shadow	0000 0000	RO
88	DX0 FIFO Count	00	RO
89	DX1 FIFO Count	00	RO
8A	DX2 FIFO Count	00	RO
8B	DX3 FIFO Count	00	RO
8C	3D FIFO Count	00	RO
8D-8F	-reserved-	00	—
90-9F	Shadow PCI Config Registers 40-4F	n/a	RO
A0-FF	-reserved-	00	



Device 18 Function 0 Registers - LAN

Configuration Space LAN Header Registers

Offset	Configuration Space Header	Default	Acc
1-0	Vendor ID	1106	RO
3-2	Device ID	3065	RO
5-4	Command	0000	RO
7-6	Status	0470	WC
8	Revision ID	40	RO
9	Programming Interface	00	RO
Α	Sub Class Code	00	RO
В	Base Class Code	00	RO
C	Cache Line Size	00	RW
D	Latency Timer	00	RW
Е	Header Type	00	RO
F	BIST	00	RO
13-10	I/O Base Address	0000 0000	RW
17-14	Memory Base Address	0000 0000	RW
18-27	-reserved-	00	_
2B-28	Card Bus CIS Pointer	0000 0000	RW
2C-2F	-reserved-	00	_
33-30	Expansion ROM Base Address	0000 0000	RW
34	Capabilities Offset	40	RO
35-3C	-reserved-	00	
3D	Interrupt Pin	01	RO
3E-3F	-reserved-	00	

Configuration Space LAN Device Specific Registers

Offset	Power Management	<u>Default</u>	Acc
40	Capability ID	01	RO
41	Next Item Pointer	00	RO
43-42	Power Management Configuration	0002	RO
47-44	Power Management Control / Status	0000 0000	WC
48-FF	-reserved-	00	_



I/O Space LAN Registers

Offset	Power Management	Default	Acc
5-0	Ethernet Address		RW
6	Receive Control	00	RW
7	Transmit Control	08	RW
8	Command 0	00	RW
9	Command 1	00	RW
A-B	-reserved-	00	_
С	Interrupt Status 0	00	RW
D	Interrupt Status 1	00	RW
Е	Interrupt Mask 0	00	RW
F	Interrupt Mask 1	00	RW
17-10	Multicast Address		RW
1B-18	Receive Address		RW
1F-1C	Transmit Address		RW
23-20	Receive Status	0000 0400	RW
27-24	Receive Data Buffer Control	0000 0000	RO
2B-28	Receive Data Buffer Start Address		RO
2F-2C	Receive Data Buffer Branch Address		RO
30-3F	-reserved-	00	
43-40	Transmit Status	0000 0000	
47-44	Transmit Data Buffer Control	0000 0000	RO
4B-48	Transmit Data Buffer Start Address		RO
4F-4C	Transmit Data Buffer Branch Addr		RO
50-6B	-reserved-	00	—
6C	PHY Address	01	RW
6D	MII Status	13	RW
6E	Buffer Control 0	00	RW
6F	Buffer Control 1	00	RW
70	MII Management Port Command	00	RW
71	MII Management Port Address	81	RW
73-72	MII Management Port Data	0000	RW
74	EEPROM Command / Status	00	RW
75-77	-reserved-	00	
78	EEPROM Control	00	RW

I/O Space LAN Registers (continued)

7A Configuration 2 00 RW 7B Configuration 3 00 RW 7C-7F -reserved- 00 — 80 Miscellaneous 1 00 RW 81 Miscellaneous 2 00 RW 82 -reserved- 00 — 83 Sticky Hardware Control 00 RW 84 MII Interrupt Status 00 WC 85 -reserved- 00 — 86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 0000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW	Offset	Power Management	<u>Default</u>	Acc
7B Configuration 3 00 RW 7C-7F -reserved- 00 — 80 Miscellaneous 1 00 RW 81 Miscellaneous 2 00 RW 82 -reserved- 00 — 83 Sticky Hardware Control 00 RW 84 MII Interrupt Status 00 WC 85 -reserved- 00 — 86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 0000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 95 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 —	79	Configuration 1	00	RW
7C-7F -reserved- 00 — 80 Miscellaneous 1 00 RW 81 Miscellaneous 2 00 RW 82 -reserved- 00 — 83 Sticky Hardware Control 00 RW 84 MII Interrupt Status 00 WC 85 -reserved- 00 — 86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 0000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Address 0000 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 000 RW 97 -reserved- 00 —				RW
80 Miscellaneous 1 00 RW 81 Miscellaneous 2 00 RW 82 -reserved- 00 — 83 Sticky Hardware Control 00 RW 84 MII Interrupt Status 00 WC 85 -reserved- 00 — 86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 00000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 000 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW	7B	Configuration 3	00	RW
81 Miscellaneous 2 00 RW 82 -reserved- 00 — 83 Sticky Hardware Control 00 RW 84 MII Interrupt Status 00 WC 85 -reserved- 00 — 86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 00000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW	7C-7F	-reserved-	00	—
82 -reserved- 00 — 83 Sticky Hardware Control 00 RW 84 MII Interrupt Status 00 WC 85 -reserved- 00 — 86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 00000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>RW</td>				RW
83 Sticky Hardware Control 00 RW 84 MII Interrupt Status 00 WC 85 -reserved- 00 — 86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 0000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW		Miscellaneous 2		RW
84 MII Interrupt Status 00 WC 85 -reserved- 00 — 86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 00000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW			00	—
85 -reserved- 00 — 86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 00000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW				RW
86 MII Interrupt Mask 00 RW 87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 00000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00	84			WC
87-8B -reserved- 00 — 8D-8C Flash Address 0000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW				_
8D-8C Flash Address 0000 RW 8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	86	MII Interrupt Mask		RW
8E -reserved- 00 — 8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	87-8B	-reserved-	00	_
8F Flash Write Data Output 00 RW 90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	8D-8C	Flash Address		RW
90 Flash Read / Write Command 00 RW 91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	8E	-reserved-	00	_
91 Flash Write Data Input 00 RO 92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	8F	Flash Write Data Output	00	RW
92 -reserved- 00 — 93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	90	Flash Read / Write Command	00	RW
93 Flash Checksum 00 RW 95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW				RO
95-94 Suspend Mode MII Address 0000 RW 96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	92	-reserved-	00	_
96 Suspend Mode PHY Address 00 RW 97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 00000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW		Flash Checksum	00	RW
97 -reserved- 00 — 99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	95-94	Suspend Mode MII Address	0000	RW
99-98 Pause Timer 0000 RW 9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	96	Suspend Mode PHY Address	00	RW
9A Pause Status 00 RW 9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	97	-reserved-	00	_
9B -reserved- 00 — 9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	99-98	Pause Timer	0000	RW
9D-9C Soft Timer 0 0000 RW 9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	9A	Pause Status	00	RW
9F-9E Soft Timer 1 0000 RW A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	9B	-reserved-	00	_
A0/A4 Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	9D-9C	Soft Timer 0	0000	RW
	9F-9E	Soft Timer 1	0000	RW
A1/A5 Power Configuration Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	A0/A4	Wake On LAN Control Set / Clear	00 / 00	RW
	A1/A5	Power Configuration Set / Clear	00 / 00	RW
A2/A6 -reserved- (do not program) 00 / 00 —	A2/A6	-reserved- (do not program)	00 / 00	_
A3/A7 Wake On LAN Config Set / Clear 00 / 00 RW	A3/A7	Wake On LAN Config Set / Clear	00 / 00	RW
A8-AF -reserved- 00 —	A8-AF	-reserved-	00	_
B3-B0 Pattern CRC 0 0000 0000 RW	B3-B0	Pattern CRC 0	0000 0000	RW
B7-B4 Pattern CRC 1 0000 0000 RW	B7-B4	Pattern CRC 1	0000 0000	RW
BB-B8 Pattern CRC 2 0000 0000 RW	BB-B8	Pattern CRC 2	0000 0000	RW
BF-BC Pattern CRC 3 0000 0000 RW				
CF-C0 Byte Mask 0 0000 0000 RW				
DF-D0 Byte Mask 1 0000 0000 RW				
EF-E0 Byte Mask 2 0000 0000 RW				
FF-F0 Byte Mask 3 0000 0000 RW				



Register Descriptions

Legacy I/O Ports

This group of registers includes the DMA Controllers, Interrupt Controllers, and Timer/Counters as well as a number of miscellaneous ports originally implemented using discrete logic on original PC/AT motherboards. All of the registers listed are integrated on-chip. These registers are implemented in a precise manner for backwards compatibility with previous generations of PC hardware. These registers are listed for information purposes only. Detailed descriptions of the actions and programming of these registers are included in numerous industry publications (duplication of that information here is beyond the scope of this document). All of these registers reside in I/O space.

Port 61	- Misc Functions & Speaker ControlRW
7	SERR# Status RO
	0 SERR# has not been asserted default
	1 SERR# was asserted by a PCI agent
	Note: This bit is set when the PCI bus SERR# signal
	is asserted. Once set, this bit may be cleared
	by setting bit-2 of this register. Bit-2 should
	be cleared to enable recording of the next
	SERR# (i.e., bit-2 must be set to 0 to enable
	this bit to be set).
6	IOCHK# StatusRO
	0 IOCHK# has not been asserted default
	1 IOCHK # was asserted by an ISA agent
	Note: This bit is set when the ISA bus IOCHCK#
	signal is asserted. Once set, this bit may be
	cleared by setting bit-3 of this register. Bit-3
	should be cleared to enable recording of the
	next IOCHCK# (i.e., bit-3 must be set to 0 to
	enable this bit to be set). IOCHCK# generates
	NMI to the CPU if NMI is enabled.
5	Timer/Counter 2 OutputRO
	This bit reflects the output of Timer/Counter 2
	without any synchronization.
4	Refresh Detected RO
	This bit toggles on every rising edge of the ISA bus
	REFRESH# signal.
3	IOCHK# Enable
	0 Enable (see bit-6 above) default
	1 Disable (force IOCHCK# inactive and clear
	any "IOCHCK# Active" condition in bit-6)
2	SERR# Enable
	0 Enable (see bit-7 above) default
	1 Disable (force SERR# inactive and clear any
	"SERR# Active" condition in bit-7)
1	Speaker Enable
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable Timer/Ctr 2 output to drive SPKR pin
0	Timer/Counter 2 Enable
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable Timer/Counter 2
Dont 021	h System Control DW
	h - System Control
7-2	Reserved always reads 0
1	A20 Address Line Enable
	0 A20 disabled / forced 0 (real mode) default
Λ	1 A20 address line enabled
0	High Speed Reset
	0 Normal
	1 Briefly pulse system reset to switch from
	protected mode to real mode

Port 60 - Keyboard Controller Input Buffer......WO



Keyboard Controller I/O Registers

The keyboard controller handles the keyboard and mouse interfaces. Two ports are used: port 60 and port 64. Reads from port 64 return a status byte. Writes to port 64h are command codes (see command code list following the register descriptions). Input and output data is transferred via port 60.

A "Control" register is also available. It is accessable by writing commands 20h / 60h to the command port (port 64h); The control byte is written by first sending 60h to the command port, then sending the control byte value. The control register may be read by sending a command of 20h to port 64h, waiting for "Output Buffer Full" status = 1, then reading the control byte value from port 60h.

Traditional (non-integrated) keyboard controllers have an "Input Port" and an "Output Port" that control pins dedicated to specific functions. In the integrated version, connections are hard wired as listed below. Outputs are "open-collector" so to allow input on one of these pins, the output value for that pin would be set high (non-driving) and the desired input value read on the input port. These ports are defined as follows:

Bit Input Port

- 0 Keyboard Data In
- 1 Mouse Data In

Bit Output Port

- 0 System Reset (1 = Execute Reset)
- 1 Gaste A20 (1 = A20 Enabled)
- 2 Mouse Data Out
- 3 Mouse Clock Out
- 6 Keyboard Clock Out
- 7 Keyboard Data Out

Bit Test Port

- 0 Keyboard Clock In
- 1 Mouse Clock In

Hardwired Internal Connections

Keyboard Data Out (Open Collector) <=> Keyboard Data In Keyboard Clock Out (Open Collector) <=> Keyboard Clk In

Mouse Data Out (Open Collector) <=> Mouse Data In Mouse Clock Out (Open Collector) <=> Mouse Clock In

Keyboard OBF Interrupt => IRQ1

Mouse OBF Interrupt => IRQ12

Input / Output / Test Port Command Codes

C0h transfers input port data to the output buffer. D0h copies output port values to the output buffer. E0h transfers test input port data to the output buffer.

The above definitions are provided for reference only as actual keyboard and mouse control is no longer performed bit-by bit using the above ports but controlled directly by keyboard / mouse controller internal logic. Data is sent and received using the command codes listed on the following page.

Only w	rite to port 60h if port 64h bit-1 = 0 (1=full).
Port 60	- Keyboard Controller Output BufferRO
Only re	and from port 60h if port 64h bit-0 = 1 (0=empty).
Port 64	4 - Keyboard / Mouse StatusRO
7	Parity Error
	0 No parity error (odd parity received) default
	1 Even parity occurred on last byte received
_	from keyboard / mouse
6	General Receive / Transmit Timeout
	0 No error
_	1 Error
5	Mouse Output Buffer Full
	0 Mouse output buffer empty
4	1 Mouse output buffer holds mouse data
4	Keylock Status 0 Locked
	1 Free
3	Command / Data
3	0 Last write was data writedefault
	1 Last write was command write
2	System Flag
-	0 Power-On Defaultdefault
	1 Self Test Successful
1	Input Buffer Full
	0 Input Buffer Emptydefault
	1 Input Buffer Full
0	Keyboard Output Buffer Full
	0 Keyboard Output Buffer Empty default
	 Keyboard Output Buffer Full
KBC C	Control Register(R/W via Commands 20h/60h)
7	Reservedalways reads 0
6	PC Compatibility
	0 Disable scan conversion
	1 Convert scan codes to PC format; convert 2-
	byte break sequences to 1-byte PC-compatible
	break codes default
5	Mouse Interface
	0 Enable default
	1 Disable
4	Keyboard Interface
	0 Enable default
_	1 Disable
3	Reserved always reads 0
2	System Flag default=0
1	This bit may be read back as status register bit-2
1	Mouse Interrupts 0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable - Generate interrupt on IRQ12 when
	mouse data comes into output buffer
0	Keyboard Interrupts
U	0 Disable default
	1 Enable - Generate interrupt on IRQ1 when
	output buffer has been written.
	1



Port 64 - Keyboard / Mouse CommandWO

This port is used to send commands to the keyboard / mouse controller. The command codes recognized by the VT8237R Plus are listed in the table below.

Table 7. Keyboard Controller Command Codes

Code	Keyboard Command Code Description
20h	Read Control Byte (next byte is Control Byte)
21-3Fh	Read SRAM Data (next byte is Data Byte)
60h	Write Control Byte (next byte is Control Byte)
61-7Fh	Write SRAM Data (next byte is Data Byte)
Alh	Output Keyboard Controller Version #
A4h	Test if Password is installed
	(always returns F1h to indicate not installed)
A7h	Disable Mouse Interface
A8h	Enable Mouse Interface
A9h	Mouse Interface Test (puts test results in port 60h) (value: 0=OK, 1=clk stuck low, 2=clk stuck high, 3=data stuck lo, 4=data stuck hi, FF=general error)
AAh	KBC self test (returns 55h if OK, FCh if not)
ABh	Keyboard Interface Test (see A9h Mouse Test)
ADh	Disable Keyboard Interface
AEh	Enable Keyboard Interface
AFh	Return Version #
C0h	Read Input Port (read input data to output buffer)
C1h	Poll Input Port (read Mouse Data In
	continuously to status bit 5
C8h	Unblock Mouse Output (use before D1 to change
G01	active mode)
C9h	Reblock Mouse Output (protection mechanism for D1)
CAh	Read Mode (output KBC mode info to port 60
	output buffer: bit-0=0 if ISA, 1 if PS/2)
D0h	Read Output Port (copy output port values
	to port 60)
D1h	Write Output Port (data byte following is written to
	keyboard output port as if it came from keyboard)
D2h	Write Keyboard Output Buffer & clear status bit-5
	(write following byte to keyboard)
D3h	Write Mouse Output Buffer & set status bit-5 (write
	following byte to mouse; put value in mouse input
	buffer so it appears to have come from the mouse)
D4h	Write Mouse (write following byte to mouse)
E0h	Read Keyboard Clock In and Mouse Clock In
2011	(return in bits 0-1 respectively of response byte)
Exh	Set Mouse Clock Out per command bit 3
Lan	Set Mouse Data Out per command bit 2
	Set Gate A20 per command bit 1
Fxh	Pulse Mouse Clock Out low for 6usec per cmd bit 3
1 /111	Pulse Mouse Data Out low for 6usec per cmd bit 2
	Pulse Gate A20 low for 6usec per command bit 1
	Pulse System Reset low for 6usec per condition to 1
	I disc bystem reset fow for ousee per emid off o

All other codes not listed are undefined.



DMA Controller I/O Registers

Ports 00-0F - Master DMA Controller

Channels 0-3 of the Master DMA Controller control System DMA Channels 0-3. There are 16 Master DMA Controller registers:

I/O Address Bits 15-0 Register Name 0000 0000 000x 0000 Ch 0 Base / Current Address RW0000 0000 000x 0001 Ch 0 Base / Current Count RW0000 0000 000x 0010 Ch 1 Base / Current Address RW0000 0000 000x 0011 Ch 1 Base / Current Count RW0000 0000 000x 0100 Ch 2 Base / Current Address RWCh 2 Base / Current Count 0000 0000 000x 0101 **RW** Ch 3 Base / Current Address 0000 0000 000x 0110 RWCh 3 Base / Current Count 0000 0000 000x 0111 RW Status / Command **RW** 0000 0000 000x 1000 0000 0000 000x 1001 Write Request WO Write Single Mask 0000 0000 000x 1010 WO Write Mode WO 0000 0000 000x 1011 Clear Byte Pointer F/F 0000 0000 000x 1100 WO 0000 0000 000x 1101 **Master Clear** WO 0000 0000 000x 1110 Clear Mask WO 0000 0000 000x 1111 R/W All Mask Bits **RW**

Ports C0-DF - Slave DMA Controller

Channels 0-3 of the Slave DMA Controller control System DMA Channels 4-7. There are 16 Slave DMA Controller registers:

I/O Address Bits 15-0	Register Name	
0000 0000 1100 000x	Ch 4 Base / Current Address	\mathbf{RW}
0000 0000 1100 001x	Ch 4 Base / Current Count	RW
0000 0000 1100 010x	Ch 5 Base / Current Address	\mathbf{RW}
0000 0000 1100 011x	Ch 5 Base / Current Count	\mathbf{RW}
0000 0000 1100 100x	Ch 6 Base / Current Address	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
0000 0000 1100 101x	Ch 6 Base / Current Count	\mathbf{RW}
0000 0000 1100 110x	Ch 7 Base / Current Address	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
0000 0000 1100 111x	Ch 7 Base / Current Count	\mathbf{RW}
0000 0000 1101 000x	Status / Command	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
0000 0000 1101 001x	Write Request	WO
0000 0000 1101 010x	Write Single Mask	WO
0000 0000 1101 011x	Write Mode	WO
0000 0000 1101 100x	Clear Byte Pointer F/F	WO
0000 0000 1101 101x	Master Clear	WO
0000 0000 1101 110x	Clear Mask	WO
0000 0000 1101 111x	Read/Write All Mask Bits	WO

Note that not all bits of the address are decoded.

The Master and Slave DMA Controllers are compatible with the Intel 8237 DMA Controller chip. Detailed description of 8237 DMA controller operation can be obtained from the Intel Peripheral Components Data Book and numerous other industry publications.

Ports 80-8F - DMA Page Registers

There are eight DMA Page Registers, one for each DMA channel. These registers provide bits 16-23 of the 24-bit address for each DMA channel (bits 0-15 are stored in registers in the Master and Slave DMA Controllers). They are located at the following I/O Port addresses:

I/O Address Bits 15-0	Register Name
0000 0000 1000 0111	Channel 0 DMA Page (M-0)RW
0000 0000 1000 0011	Channel 1 DMA Page (M-1)RW
0000 0000 1000 0001	Channel 2 DMA Page (M-2)RW
0000 0000 1000 0010	Channel 3 DMA Page (M-3)RW
0000 0000 1000 1111	Channel 4 DMA Page (S-0)RW
0000 0000 1000 1011	Channel 5 DMA Page (S-1)RW
0000 0000 1000 1001	Channel 6 DMA Page (S-2)RW
0000 0000 1000 1010	Channel 7 DMA Page (S-3)RW

DMA Controller Shadow Registers

The DMA Controller shadow registers are enabled by setting function 0 Rx77 bit 0. If the shadow registers are enabled, they are read back at the indicated I/O port instead of the standard DMA controller registers (writes are unchanged).

Port 0 - Channel 0 Base AddressRO
Port 1 -Channel 0 Byte CountRO
Port 2 - Channel 1 Base AddressRO
Port 3 - Channel 1 Byte CountRO
Port 4 - Channel 2 Base AddressRO
Port 5 - Channel 2 Byte CountRO
Port 6 - Channel 3 Base AddressRO
Port 7 - Channel 3 Byte CountRO
Port 8 –1 st Read Channel 0-3 Command Register RO
Port 8 – 2 nd Read Channel 0-3 Request RegisterRO
Port 8 – 3 rd Read Channel 0 Mode RegisterRO
Port 8 –4 th Read Channel 1 Mode RegisterRO
Port 8 –5 th Read Channel 2 Mode RegisterRO
Port 8 –6 th Read Channel 3 Mode RegisterRO
Port F - Channel 0-3 Read All MaskRO
Port C4 - Channel 5 Base AddressRO
Port C6 - Channel 5 Byte CountRO
Port C8 -Channel 6 Base AddressRO
Port CA - Channel 6 Byte CountRO
Port CC -Channel 7 Base AddressRO
Port CE -Channel 7 Byte CountRO
Port D0 –1 st Read Channel 4-7 Command Register RO
Port D0 –2 nd Read Channel 4-7 Request RegisterRO
Port D0 –3 rd Read Channel 4 Mode RegisterRO
Port D0 –4 th Read Channel 5 Mode RegisterRO
Port D0 –5 th Read Channel 6 Mode RegisterRO
Port D0 -6 th Read Channel 7 Mode RegisterRO
Port DE -Channel 4-7 Read All MaskRO



Interrupt Controller I/O Registers

Ports 20-21 - Master Interrupt Controller

The Master Interrupt Controller controls system interrupt channels 0-7. Two registers control the Master Interrupt Controller. They are:

I/O Address Bits 15-0	Register Name	
0000 0000 001x xxx0	Master Interrupt Control	RW
0000 0000 001x xxx1	Master Interrupt Mask	RW

Note that not all bits of the address are decoded.

The Master Interrupt Controller is compatible with the Intel 8259 Interrupt Controller chip. Detailed descriptions of 8259 Interrupt Controller operation can be obtained from the Intel Peripheral Components Data Book and numerous other industry publications.

Ports A0-A1 - Slave Interrupt Controller

The Slave Interrupt Controller controls system interrupt channels 8-15. The slave system interrupt controller also occupies two register locations:

I/O Address Bits 15-0	Register Name	
0000 0000 101x xxx0	Slave Interrupt Control	RW
0000 0000 101x xxx1	Slave Interrupt Mask	RW

Note that not all address bits are decoded.

The Slave Interrupt Controller is compatible with the Intel 8259 Interrupt Controller chip. Detailed descriptions of 8259 Interrupt Controller operation can be obtained from the Intel Peripheral Components Data Book and numerous other industry publications.

Interrupt Controller Shadow Registers

The following shadow registers are enabled by setting function 0 Rx47[4]. If the shadow registers are enabled, they are read back at the indicated I/O port instead of the standard interrupt controller registers (writes are unchanged).

	- Master Interrupt Control ShadowRO - Slave Interrupt Control ShadowRO
7	Reservedalways reads 0
6	OCW3 bit 2 (POLL)
5	OCW3 bit 0 (RIS)
4	OCW3 bit 5 (SMM)
3	OCW2 bit 7 (R)
2	ICW4 bit 4 (SFNM)
1	ICW4 bit 1 (AEOI)
0	ICW1 bit 3 (LTIM)
Port 21	- Master Interrupt Mask ShadowRO
Port A	l - Slave Interrupt Mask ShadowRO
7-5	Reserved always reads 0
4-0	T7-T3 of Interrupt Vector Address
Timer /	Counter Registers

Ports 40-43 - Timer / Counter I/O Registers

There are 4 Timer / Counter registers:

I/O Address Bits 15-0	Register Name	
0000 0000 010x xx00	Timer / Counter 0 Count	RW
0000 0000 010x xx01	Timer / Counter 1 Count	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$
0000 0000 010x xx10	Timer / Counter 2 Count	RW
0000 0000 010x xx11	Timer / Counter Cmd Mode	WO

Note that not all bits of the address are decoded.

The Timer / Counters are compatible with the Intel 8254 Timer / Counter chip. Detailed descriptions of 8254 Timer / Counter operation can be obtained from the Intel Peripheral Components Data Book and numerous other industry publications.

Timer / Counter Shadow Registers

The following shadow registers are enabled for readback by setting function 0 Rx47[4]. If the shadow registers are enabled, they are read back at the indicated I/O port instead of the standard timer / counter registers (writes are unchanged).

Port 40 – Counter 0 Base Count Value (LSB 1st MSB 2nd)RO Port 41 – Counter 1 Base Count Value (LSB 1st MSB 2nd)RO Port 42 – Counter 2 Base Count Value (LSB 1st MSB 2nd)RO



Port 70	- CMOS AddressRW
7	NMI Disable
	0 Enable NMI Generation. NMI is asserted on encountering SERR# on the PCI bus.
	1 Disable NMI Generationdefault
6-0	CMOS Address (lower 128 bytes)RW
Port 71	- CMOS DataRW
7-0	CMOS Data (128 bytes)
Note:	Ports 70-71 may be accessed if Device 17 Function 0
	Rx51 bit-3 is set to one to select the internal RTC. If
	Rx51 bit-3 is set to zero, accesses to ports 70-71 will
	be directed to an external RTC.
Port 74	- CMOS AddressRW
7-0	CMOS Address (256 bytes) RW
<u>Port 75</u>	- CMOS DataRW
7-0	CMOS Data (256 bytes)

Note: Ports 74-75 may be accessed only if Rx4E bit-3 (Port 74/75 Access Enable) is set to one to enable port 74/75 access.

Note: Ports 70-71 are compatible with PC industrystandards and may be used to access the lower 128 bytes of the 256-byte on-chip CMOS RAM. Ports 74-75 may be used to access the full on-chip extended 256-byte space in cases where the on-chip RTC is disabled.

Note: The system Real Time Clock (RTC) is part of the "CMOS" block. The RTC control registers are located at specific offsets in the CMOS data area (0-0Dh and 7D-7Fh). Detailed descriptions of CMOS / RTC operation and programming can be obtained from the VIA VT82887 Data Book or numerous other industry publications. For reference, the definition of the RTC register locations and bits are summarized in the following table:

Offset	<u>Description</u>	<u>E</u>	Binary Range	BCD Range
00	Seconds		00-3Bh	00-59h
01	Seconds Alarm		00-3Bh	00-59h
02	Minutes		00-3Bh	00-59h
03	Minutes Alarm		00-3Bh	00-59h
04	Hours	am 12hr:	01-1Ch	01-12h
		pm 12hr:	81-8Ch	81-92h
		24hr:	00-17h	00-23h
05	Hours Alarm	am 12hr:	01-1Ch	01-12h
		pm 12hr:	81-8Ch	81-92h
		24hr:	00-17h	00-23h
06	Day of the Wee	kMon=1:	01-07h	01-07h
07	Day of the Mon	th	01-1Fh	01-31h
08	Month		01-0Ch	01-12h
09	Year		00-63h	00-99h

0A	Regist	<u>ter A</u>	
	7	UIP	Update In Progress
	6-4	DV2-0	Divide (010=ena osc & keep time)
	3-0	RS3-0	Rate Select for Periodic Interrupt

0B	Regist	er B	
	7	SET	Inhibit Update Transfers
	6	PIE	Periodic Interrupt Enable
	5	AIE	Alarm Interrupt Enable
	4	UIE	Update Ended Interrupt Enable
	3	SQWE	No function (read/write bit)
	2	DM	Data Mode (0=BCD, 1=binary)
	1	24/12	Hours Byte Format (0=12, 1=24)
	0	DSE	Daylight Savings Enable

0C	Register C		
	7	IRQF	Interrupt Request Flag
	6	PF	Periodic Interrupt Flag
	5	AF	Alarm Interrupt Flag
	4	UF	Update Ended Flag
	3-0	0	Unused (always read 0)

0D	Regist	er D	
	7	VRT	Reads 1 if VBAT voltage is OK
	6-0	0	Unused (always read 0)

0E-7C Software-Defined Storage Registers (111 Bytes)

<u>Offset</u>	Extended Functions	Binary Range	BCD Range
7D	Date Alarm	01-1Fh	01-31h
7 E	Month Alarm	01-0Ch	01-12h
7F	Century Field	13-14h	19-20h

80-FF Software-Defined Storage Registers (128 Bytes)

Table 8. CMOS Register Summary



Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Index / Data Registers

The Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup registers are accessed by performing I/O operations to / from an index / data pair of registers in system I/O space at port addresses 2Eh and 2Fh. The registers accessed using this mechanism are used to initialize Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup functions at index values in the range of E0-EF.

Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup initialization is accomplished in three steps:

- 1) Enter initialization mode (set Function 0 Rx51[1] = 1)
- 2) Initialize the chip
 - a) Write index to port 2Eh
 - b) Read / write data from / to port 2Fh
 - c) Repeat a and b for all desired registers
- 3) Exit initialization mode (set Function 0 Rx51[1] = 0)

Port 2Eh – Keyboard Wakeup IndexRW 7-0 Index Value

Function 0 PCI configuration space register Rx51[1] must be set to 1 to enable access to the configuration registers.

Port 2Fh - Keyboard Wakeup Data.....RW

7-0 Data Value

Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Registers

These registers are accessed via the port 2E / 2F index / data register pair with Function 0 Rx51[1] = 1 using the indicated index values below

Index E0 – Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Enable (08h)....RW 7-5 always reads 0 4 **Reserved (Do Not Program)**......default = 0 3 Win98 Keyboard Power Key Wake-up 0 Disable Enabledefault 1 2 Password Wake-up 0 Disabledefault 1 Enable 1 PS/2 Mouse Wake-up 0 Disabledefault Enable **Keyboard Wake-up** 0 Disabledefault

Index E1	- Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 0 (I	F0h) R	W
7-0	Keyboard Wakeup First Scan Code	.def = F	0h
Index E2	2 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 1 (00h) R	W
7-0	Keyboard Wakeup Second Scan Code	. def = 0	0h
Index E3	8 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 2 (00h) R	W
7-0	Keyboard Wakeup Third Scan Code	. def = 0	0h
Index E4	– Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 3 (t	00h) R	W
7-0	Keyboard Wakeup Fourth Scan Code	. def = 0	0h
Index E5	5 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 4 (t	00h) R	W
7-0	Keyboard Wakeup Fifth Scan Code	. def = 0	0h
Index E6	<u> 5 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 5 (1</u>	00h) R	W
7-0	Keyboard Wakeup Sixth Scan Code	. def = 0	0h
Index E7	<u> </u>	00h) R	W
7-0	Keyboard Wakeup Seventh Scan Code	. def = 0	0h
Index E8	<u> 8 – Keyboard Wakeup Scan Code Set 7 (</u> 1	00h) R	W
7-0	Keyboard Wakeup Eighth Scan Code	. def = 0	0h
Index E9	-Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 1 (09h)	R	W
7-0	Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 1	def = 0	9h
Index EA	A –Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 2(00h)	R	W
7-0	Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Set 2	. def = 0	0h
Index El	3 –Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Mask (00h) R	W
-	Mouse Wakeup Scan Code Mask		
	=		

Enable



Memory Mapped I/O APIC Registers

Memor	Memory Address FEC00000 - APIC IndexRW				
7-0	APIC Index default = 00h				
	8-bit pointer to APIC registers.				
Memor	y Address FEC00013-10 – APIC DataRW				
31-0	APIC Data default = 0000 0000h				
	Data for the APIC register pointed to by the APIC				
	index				
Memor	y Address FEC00020 – APIC IRQ Pin AssertionWO				
7-5	Reserved always reads 0				
4-0	APIC IRQ Number default undefined				
	IRQ # for this interrupt. Valid values are 0-23 only.				
Memor	y Address FEC00040 – APIC EOIWO				
7-0	Redirection Entry Cleardefault undefined				
	When a write is issued to this register, the APIC will				
	check this field and compare it with the vector field				

for each entry in the I/O redirection table. When a match is found, the "Remote_IRR" bit for that I/O

Redirection Entry will be cleared.

Indexed I/O APIC Registers

Offset 0	- APIC Identification (0000 0000h)RW		
31-28	Reserved always reads 0		
	APIC Identification default = 0		
	Software must program this value before using the APIC.		
23-0	Reserved always reads 0		
Offset 1	- APIC Version (00178003)RO		
31-24	Reserved always reads 00h		
23-16	Maximum Redirectionalways reads 17h		
	Equal to the number of APIC interrupt pins minus one. For this APIC, this value is 17h (23 decimal).		
15	PCI IRQ		
	Always reads 1 to indicate that the IRQ assertion		
	register is implemented and that PCI devices are		
	allowed to write to it to cause interrupts.		
14-8	Reserved always reads 0		
7-0	APIC Version always reads 03h		
	The implementation version for this APIC is 03h.		
Offset 2	APIC Arbitration (0000 0000h)RO		
31-28	Reservedalways reads 00h		
27-24	APIC Arbitration IDalways reads 00h		
23-0	Reserved always reads 00h		
Offset 3 – Boot Configuration (0000 0000h)RW			
31-1	Reservedalways reads 00h		
0	Interrupt Delivery Mechanism		
	0 APIC Serial Busdefault		
	1 Front Side Bus Message		



Offset 3F-10 - I/O Redirection Table

This table contains 24 registers, with one dedicated table entry for each of the 24 APIC interrupt signals. Each 64-bit register consists of two 32-bit values at consecutive index locations, with the low 32 bits at the even index and the upper 32 bits at the odd index. The default value for all registers is xxx1 xxxx xxxx xxxxxh.

Offset 11-10 - I/O Redirection - APIC IRQ0	RW
Offset 13-12 - I/O Redirection - APIC IRQ1	RW
Offset 15-14 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ2	RW
Offset 17-16 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ3	RW
Offset 19-18 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ4	RW
Offset 1B-1A – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ5	RW
Offset 1D-1C – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ6	
Offset 1F-1E – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ7	
Offset 21-20 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ8	
Offset 23-22 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ9	
Offset 25-24 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ10	
Offset 27-26 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ11	
Offset 29-28 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ12	RW
Offset 2B-2A – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ13	RW
Offset 2D-2C - I/O Redirection - APIC IRQ14	RW
Offset 2F-2E - I/O Redirection - APIC IRQ15	
Offset 31-30 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ16	RW
Offset 33-32 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ17	RW
Offset 35-34 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ18	RW
Offset 37-36 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ19	RW
Offset 39-38 – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ20	RW
Offset 3B-3A – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ21	
Offset 3D-3C - I/O Redirection - APIC IRQ22	RW
Offset 3F-3E – I/O Redirection – APIC IRQ23	

Format for Each I/O Redirection Table Entry:

Format for Each I/O Redirection Table Entry:				
Physical	1 Mode (bit-11=0)			
	Reserved always reads 0			
	APIC ID default = undefined			
Logical	Mode (bit-11=1)			
63-56	Destination default = undefined			
55-17	Reserved always reads 0			
16	Interrupt Masked			
	0 Not masked default			
	1 Masked			
15	Trigger Mode			
	0 Edge Sensitive default			
	1 Level Sensitive			
14	Remote IRR (Level Sensitive Interrupts Only) RO			
	0 EOI message with a matching interrupt vector			
	received from a local APIC			
	1 Level sensitive interrupt sent by IOAPIC			
	accepted by local APIC(s)			
13	Interrupt Input Pin Polarity			
	0 Active High default			
10	1 Active Low			
12	Delivery Status			
	Contains the current status of the delivery of this			
	interrupt.			
	0 Idle (no activity) 1 Send Pending (the interrupt has been injected			
	1 Send Pending (the interrupt has been injected but its delivery is temporarily delayed either			
	because the APIC bus is busy or because the			
	receiving APIC unit cannot currently accept			
	the interrupt)			
11	Destination Mode			
	Determines the interpretation of bits 56-63.			
	0 Physical Modedefault			
	1 Logical Mode			
	E			
10-8	Delivery Mode			
	Specifies how the APICs listed in the destination			
	field should act upon reception of this signal			
	000 Fixeddefault			
	001 Lowest Priority			
	010 SMI			
	011 -reserved-			
	100 NMI			
	101 INIT			
	110 -reserved-			
	111 External INT			

7-0 Interrupt Vector

Contains the interrupt vector for this interrupt. Vector values range from 10h to FEh.



Configuration Space I/O

Configuration space accesses for all functions use PCI configuration mechanism 1 (see PCI specification revision 2.2 for more details). The ports respond only to double-word accesses. Byte or word accesses will be passed on unchanged.

There are 8 "functions" implemented in the VT8237R Plus (see Table 5 on page 24). The following sections describe the registers and register bits of these functions.

Port CFB-CF8 - Configuration AddressRW				
31 Configuration Space Enable				
0 Disableddefault				
1 Convert configuration data port writes to				
configuration cycles on the PCI bus				
30-24 Reserved always reads 0				
23-16 PCI Bus Number				
Used to choose a specific PCI bus in the system				
15-11 Device Number				
Used to choose a specific device in the system				
10-8 Function Number				
Used to choose a specific function if the selected				
device supports multiple functions				
7-2 Register Number				
Used to select a specific doubleword in the device's				
configuration space				
1-0 Fixedalways reads 0				
= 0 =				
Port CFF-CFC - Configuration DataRW				



<u>Device 15 Function 0 Registers – Serial ATA Controller</u>

This Serial ATA controller interface is fully compatible with the S-ATA v.1.0 specification. There are two sets of software accessible registers -- PCI configuration registers and I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the device 15 function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The base address of the I/O registers is specified in PCI Configuration register offset 27-24.

PCI Configuration Space Header

Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h=VIA)RO				
Offset 3-2 - Device ID (3149h=SATA Controller)RO Offset 5-4 - Command (0000h)RW				
	Reserved			
9	Fast Back-to-Back Cycles			
8	Reserved	always reads 0		
7	Address Stepping	$def = 0$		
6	Parity Error Response			
5	Reserved			
4	Memory-Write-and-Invalidate	fixed at 0		
3	Respond to Special Cycles	fixed at 0		
2	Bus Master	$def = 0$		
1	Memory Space Access			
0	I/O Space Access	$def = 0$		
	When the "I/O Space" bit is disable	ed, the device will		
	not respond to I/O addresses.			

Offset 7	<u>7-6 – Status (0290h))</u>	RO
15	Detected Parity Error	fixed at 0
14	Signalled System Error	fixed at 0
13	Received Master Abort	default = 0
12	Received Target Abort	default = 0
11	Signalled Target Abort	fixed at 0
10-9	DEVSEL# Timing always	s reads 01 (medium)
8	Data Parity Detected	fixed at 0
7	Fast Back to Back Capability	fixed at 1
6-5	Reserved	always reads 0
4	Power Management Capability	Listfixed at 1
3-0	Reserved	always reads 0

Offset 8 - Revision ID (80)RO
7-0 Revision Code for SATA Controller Logic Block

		, ,		
0.00	.		(OEL)	DIII
			ace (8Fh)	
7			fixed at 1 (
6-4			alw	
3			tor - Secondary	
	Supp	orts both modes (1	may be set to either	er mode by
	writi	ng Rx42[6])		
2	Chai	nnel Operating M		
	0			
	1	Native Mode	•••••	default
1			tor - Primary	
	Supp	orts both modes (1	may be set to either	er mode by
	writi	ng Rx42[7])	-	
0	Chai	nnel Operating M	ode - Primary	
	0	Compatibility Me	ode	
	1	Native Mode	•••••	default
_				
Compat	-	, -	and I/O addresses	<u>):</u>
		Command Block	Control Block	
<u>Chann</u>	<u>el</u>	<u>Registers</u>	Registers	<u>IRQ</u>
Pri		1F0-1F7	3F6	14
Sec		170-177	376	15
Native 1	PCI M	ode (registers are p	orogrammable in I/O	O space)
		Command Block		
Chann	el	Registers	Registers	
Pri	101	Registers BA @offset 10h	BA @offset 14h	
Sec		BA @offset 18h	BA @offset 1Ch	
		_	_	
		ister blocks are 8 b		
Control	regist	ers are 4 bytes of L	O space (only byte	2 is used)
Offset A	4 - Su	b Class Code (04h	=RAID Controlle	r)RO
Off 4 I	n n.	Cl C. d. (01)	. M C4	(4-1-) DO
Offset	5 - Ба	se Class Code (01)	h=Mass Storage C	trir) KO
Offset 1	<u>D – La</u>	tency Timer (20h)	RW
Offset I	Е – Не	eader Type (80h)	•••••	RO
7			ricealwa	
6-0			alw	
0-0	17636	1 TCU	aiw	uys icaus 0



Offset 13-10 - Pri Data / Command Base AddressRW Specifies an 8 byte I/O address space.	Offset 2D-2C – Sub Vendor ID (1106h)RO
31-16 Reserved always read 0 15-3 Port Address default=01F0h 2-0 Fixed at 001b fixed	Offset 2F-2E – Sub Device ID (3149h)RO
Offset 17-14 - Pri Control / Status Base AddressRW Specifies a 4 byte I/O address space of which only the third byte is active (i.e., 3F6h for the default base address of 3F4h).	Offset 34 – Power Mgmt Capabilities Pointer (C0h) RO
31-16 Reserved always read 0 15-2 Port Address default=03F4h 1-0 Fixed at 01b fixed	7-4 Reserved
Offset 1B-18 - Sec Data / Command Base AddressRW Specifies an 8 byte I/O address space.	0001 IRQ1 0010 IRQ2
31-16 Reserved always read 0 15-3 Port Address default=0170h 2-0 Fixed at 001b fixed	1101 IRQ13
Offset 1F-1C - Sec Control / Status Base AddressRW Specifies a 4 byte I/O address space of which only the third byte is active (i.e., 376h for the default base address of 374h).	<u>APIC</u> (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6]) x000 IRQ16 x001 IRQ17 x010 IRQ18
31-16 Reserved always read 0 15-2 Port Address default=0374h 1-0 Fixed at 01b fixed	x111 IRQ23
Offset 23-20 - Bus Master Control Regs Base AddressRW Specifies a 16 byte I/O address space compliant with the SATA rev 1.0 specification.	Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (02h)
31-16 Reserved always read 0 15-4 Port Address default=CC0h 3-0 Fixed at 0001b fixed	Offset 3E - Minimum Grant (00h)RO
3-0 Place at 0001b	OCC 4.2E M I. 4 (001)
See Rx42[7-6] for Native / Compatibility mode select for the above registers	Offset 3F - Maximum Latency (00h)RO
See Rx42[7-6] for Native / Compatibility mode select for the	Offset 3F - Maximum Latency (00h)RO
See Rx42[7-6] for Native / Compatibility mode select for the above registers Offset 27-24 - SATA Ctrl/Status Regs Base AddressRW	Offset 3F - Maximum Latency (00h)



SATA-Controller-Specific Configuration Registers

Offset 4	<u>40 – SATA Channel Enable (03h)</u>)RW
7-4	Chip ID	RO, $default = 0$
3-2		always reads 0
1	SATA Primary Channel Enable	
	0 Disable	
	1 Enable	default
0	SATA Secondary Channel Ena	
	0 Disable	
	1 Enable	default
Offset 4	41 – SATA Interrupt Gating (031	<u>ı)RW</u>
7-4	Reserved	always reads 0
3	PERR Check	
	0 Disable	default
	1 Enable	
2	SERR Check	
	0 Disable	default
	1 Enable	
1	Primary Channel Interrupt Ga	ting
	0 Disable	8
	1 Enable	default
0	Secondary Channel Interrupt (Gating def = 1
	0 Disable	8
	1 Enable	default

Offset 4	42 –Native Mode Enable (F1h)RW
7	Primary Channel I/O Native Mode
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
6	Secondary Channel I/O Native Mode
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
5	Primary Channel Interrupt Native Mode Enable
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
4	Secondary Channel Interrupt Native Mode
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
3-2	=======================================
1-0	DEVSEL Timing def = 01b
Offset 4	43 – FIFO Threshold Control (40h)RW
7	Reserved always reads 0
6-4	Primary Channel Threshold Control def = 100
3	Reserved always reads 0
2-0	Secondary Channel Threshold Control
	000 Zero Threshold default
	001 1/8
	001 1/8 010 1/4
	* * *
	010 1/4
	010 1/4 011 3/8
	010 1/4 011 3/8 100 1/2



Offset 4	44 – Miscellaneous Control I (0Eh)RW
7	Reserved always reads 0
6	Master Read Cycle IRDY# Wait States def = 0
5	Master Write Cycle IRDY# Wait States def = 0
4	Reserved always reads 0
3	Bus Master IDE Status Register Read Retry
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
2	Change Drive to Clear all FIFO Internal States
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
1	Split 2 Channel Request
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
0	Reserved always reads 0
Offset 4	45 – Miscellaneous Control II (AF)RW
7	Sub Class (Rx0A) Write Protect
,	0 Rx0A Write Enable
	1 Rx0A Write Disable default
6	Clock Gating
U	0 Enabledefault
	1 Disable
5	Latency Timer
3	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
	Set to 1 only when GNT is deasserted, to improve
	performance.
4	Interrupt Line (Rx3C) Write Protect
-	0 Rx3C Write Enabledefault
	1 Rx3C Write Disable
3	Memory Read Multiple Command
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
2	Memory Write and Invalidate Command
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
1	Pri Channel Read DMA Flush Data After Intrpt
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
0	Sec Channel Read DMA Flush Data After Intrpt
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault

Offset -	46 – Miscellaneous Control III (00h)RW
7-3	Reserved always reads 0
5	IRQ Asserted When Device Is Hot-Plugged
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
3	Reserved always reads 0
2	PLL Reset
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
	Occurs when external PCI clock is stopped.
1	Improve PIO Performance
	0 Ondefault
	1 Off
0	Mask PCI Bus Input Floating Signal (Vector
	Mode and Test Only)
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
Offset -	48 – PHY Wakeup Request Control (00h) RW
7-4	Reserved always reads 0
3	External PHY Port 2 Wakeup Requestdef = 0
2	External PHY Port 1 Wakeup Requestdef = 0
1	Internal PHY Port 2 Wakeup Request def = 0
0	Internal PHY Port 1 Wakeup Request def = 0
The int	ernal request is triggerred by the rising edge of each bit

The internal request is triggerred by the rising edge of each bit written.



mset 4	<u> 19 – PATA / SATA Snaring Function Ctri (82n) i</u>	KW
7	PATA Function	
	0 Disable (Rx0E[7] will be 0)	
	1 Enabledef	ault
6	PATA / SATA Sharing Bus Usage	
	0 Use PATA	
	1 Use external PHYdef	àul
5	SATA Ports Master / Slave Configuration	
	0 Master / Master Configuration	
	1 Master / Slave Configuration	
	The default value is set per strap pin PDCS1#.	
4-2	Reserved always rea	ds 0
1	PATA / SATA Pad Drive Control	
	0 PATA 2/3 drive strength	
	1 PATA Full drive strengthdef	ault
0	PATA Slew Rate Control	
	0 Disabledef	ault
	1 Enable	

Offset -	<u>4A – SATA External PHY Pad Ctrl I (10h) RW</u>
7	VCOMP Internal Latch Control RO, def = 0
6-5	VCOMP Output Status (valid only when Bit[4] is
	0) RO, def = 0
4	Adjust VCOMP Manually
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
3	SATA Strobe Pad VCOMP Control 1def = 0
2	SATA Strobe Pad VCOMP Control $0 \dots def = 0$
1	SATA Data Pad VCOMP Control 1def = 0
0	SATA Data Pad VCOMP Control 0 def = 0
Offset	4B – SATA External PHY Pad Ctrl II (0Bh) RW
7-4	Reservedalways reads 0
3	SATA Strobe Pad VREF Source Selection
	0 Select STBI
	1 Select VREFdefault
2-0	SATA Strobe Pad Delay Modulation Bits (shared
	with PATA) default = 011b
Offset	4E – PHY Port Error Status Control (00h) RW
7	Enable External PHY Secondary Port Error
	Status (2) Output to EEDI Pindef = 0
6	Enable External PHY Secondary Port Error
	Status (1) Output to EEDI Pin def = 0
5	Enable External PHY Primary Port Error Status
	(2) Output to EEDI Pindef = 0
4	Enable External PHY Primary Port Error Status
	(1) Output to EEDI Pindef = 0
3	Enable Internal PHY Secondary Port Error
	Status (2) Output to EEDI Pin $def = 0$
2	Enable Internal PHY Secondary Port Error
	Status (1) Output to EEDI Pin $def = 0$
1	Enable Internal PHY Primary Port Error Status
	(2) Output to EEDI Pindef = 0
0	Enable Internal PHY Primary Port Error Status
	(1) Output to EEDI Pin def = 0



SATA Transport Control Registers

Offset 5 7 6 5 4 3 2	External PHY Port2 SLUMBER Request def = 0 External PHY Port1 SLUMBER Request def = 0 External PHY Port1 SLUMBER Request def = 0 External PHY Port1 PARTIAL Request def = 0 Internal PHY Port2 SLUMBER Request def = 0 Internal PHY Port2 PARTIAL Request def = 0
1	Internal PHY Port1 SLUMBER Request def = 0
0	Internal PHY Port1 PARTIAL Request def = 0
The inte	ernal request is triggered by rising edge of each bit.
Offset 5	51 - Hardware Ctrl Power Mode (00h)RW
7	Change Drive & Let Idle Device Enter Power
	Mode
	0 Disabledefault 1 Enable
6	1 Enable Change Drive Power Mode Selection for Idle
Ū	Device
	0 Partialdefault
_	1 Slumber
5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Enter to Partial Process (Item1) Disabled 0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
3	Enter to Slumber Process (Item2) Disabled
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
2-0	Power Clock Select 000 T = 1tdefault
	000 T - 1t default $001 T = 2t$
	1. Power Mode Control Process: Partial will be
	requested if transport idle for at least 2T.
	2. Slumber will be requested if transport layer idle
	for at least 10 T. $t = 0.425s$
Offset 5	52 – Transport Miscellaneous Control (00h)RW
7	Reserved always reads 0
6	Transport Issue Early Request to Link to improve Performance default = 0
5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Signal Data FIS Transmission default = 0
	Allow over 8k bytes.
3	BIST FIS default = 0
	Controller can accept BIST FIS when behaves as a device (Rx53[1:0] are set). This bit is set only for
	controller to control BIST FIS self-test.
2	SATA Flow Control Water Flag
	0 Based on FIFO threshold value (Rx43)default
_	1 32DW
1	COMRESET (test mode only) default = 0 For reset both master / slave device.
0	Reset Shadow (test mode only) default = 0
-	

SATA Link Control Registers

Offset	56 - Internal PHY SATA Link Control (00h)	\mathbf{RW}
7	Reserved always rea	
6	Receive Scrambler	
ŭ	0 Enable de	fault
	1 Disable	100110
5	Transmit Scrambler	
	0 Enable de	fault
	1 Disable	100110
4	Align Primitive Transmission	
-	0 Enable de	fault
	1 Disable	100110
3	Continue Primitive Transmission	
	0 Enable de	fault
	1 Disable	
2	Continue Primitive after Align	
_	0 Disablede	fault
	1 Enable	10011
1	Double OOB Burst Number (6 to 12)	
_	0 Disablede	fault
	1 Enable	
0	SATA Link Dynamic Clock Gating	
	0 Enable de	fault
	1 Disable	
Off.		DII
Officer	'5/= EXTERNAL PH Y SALA LILE (ONTROLUUM)	
	57 - External PHY SATA LITE Control (00h)	
7	Reservedalways rea	
	Reserved always rea	ds 0
7	Reserved always rea Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de	ds 0
7 6	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable	ds 0
7	Reserved always rea Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler	nds 0 fault
7 6	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de	nds 0 fault
7 6 5	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable	nds 0 fault
7 6	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission	nds 0 fault fault
7 6 5	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de	nds 0 fault fault
7 6 5	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable	nds 0 fault fault
7 6 5	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission	fault fault
7 6 5	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de	fault fault
7 6 5 4	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable	fault fault
7 6 5	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission	fault fault fault fault
7 6 5 4	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable de 1 Dis	fault fault fault fault
7 6 5 4 3	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler O Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler O Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission O Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission O Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission O Enable de 1 Disable de 1 Disable Transmission O Enable de 1 Disable de 1 Enable	fault fault fault fault
7 6 5 4	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler O Enable de la Disable Transmit Scrambler O Enable de la Disable Align Primitive Transmission O Enable de la Disable Continue Primitive Transmission O Enable de la Disable Continue Primitive Transmission O Enable de la Disable Continue Primitive after Align O Disable de la Enable Double OOB Burst Number (6 to 12)	fault fault fault fault fault
7 6 5 4 3	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler O Enable de la Disable Transmit Scrambler O Enable de la Disable Align Primitive Transmission O Enable de la Disable Continue Primitive Transmission O Enable de la Disable Continue Primitive Transmission O Enable de la Disable Transmission O Enable de la Disable Continue Primitive after Align O Disable de la Enable Double OOB Burst Number (6 to 12) O Disable de	fault fault fault fault fault
7 6 5 4 3 2	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive after Align 0 Disable de 1 Enable Double OOB Burst Number (6 to 12) 0 Disable de 1 Enable	fault fault fault fault fault
7 6 5 4 3	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive after Align 0 Disable de 1 Enable Double OOB Burst Number (6 to 12) 0 Disable de 1 Enable SATA Lite Dynamic Clock Gating	fault fault fault fault fault fault
7 6 5 4 3 2	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive after Align 0 Disable de 1 Enable Double OOB Burst Number (6 to 12) 0 Disable de 1 Enable SATA Lite Dynamic Clock Gating 0 Enable de	fault fault fault fault fault fault
7 6 5 4 3 2	Reserved always real Receive Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Transmit Scrambler 0 Enable de 1 Disable Align Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive Transmission 0 Enable de 1 Disable Continue Primitive after Align 0 Disable de 1 Enable Double OOB Burst Number (6 to 12) 0 Disable de 1 Enable SATA Lite Dynamic Clock Gating	fault fault fault fault fault fault



SATA PHY Control Registers

Offset 5	<u> 5A – Internal SATA PHY Control (10</u>	h)RW
7	Reserved	$def = 0$
6	Bypass Oscillator	$def = 0$
5	OSC Latch up Test Control	$def = 0$
4	OOB Signal Select	
	0 AFE	
	1 Digital	default
3	Reserved	$def = 0$
2	TxReady Timer Speed up (simulation	\mathbf{n} only) $def = 0$
1	Bailout Mode Test Enable	$def = 0$
0	Force PHY Ready (simulation only)	$def = 0$
Offset 5	5B – External SATA PHY Control (00	<u>h)RW</u>
7-3	Reserved	
2	TxReady Timer Speed up (simulation	\mathbf{n} only) $def = 0$
1	Bailout Mode Test Enable	
0	Force PHY Ready (simulation only)	$def = 0$
Offset 5	5C – Internal SATA PHY Control (05	h)RW
7-6	Reserved	$default = 0$
5	CDR Bandwidth Select Bit1	$default = 0$
4	CDR Bandwidth Select Bit0	$default = 0$
3	OOB2 Current Control Bit 1	$default = 0$
2	OOB2 Current Control Bit 0	default = 1
1	OOB1 Current Control Bit 1	$default = 0$
0	OOB1 Current Control Bit 0	default = 1
Offset 5	5D – SATA PHY Direct Access Mode	
7	Enable SATA PLL Testing Mode	$default = 0$
6-5	Reserved	
4	Enable Test Pin Data Output	
3	Select External PHY Signals	
2	Select Secondary Port Signals	
1	Select 10B Receive Signals	
0	Select 8B Transmit Signals	$default = 0$
Offset 5	5E – SATA Internal PHY Pad Contro	l (00h)RW
7	VCOMP Internal Latch Ctrl Status.	
6-4	VCOMP Output Status	$default = 0$
	Valid only when Bit $3 = 0$	
3	Adjust VCOMP Manually	$default = 0$
2-0	VCOMP Control	

Transport Status Registers

Offset /	8 – Primary Channel Transport Stats (UTn) RO
7-5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Primary Channel DMA Read Device Cycle Active
	def = 0
3	Primary Channel DMA Write Device Cycle Active
	def = 0
2	Primary Channel SG Operation Active $def = 0$
1	Primary Channel Interrupt Status $def = 0$
0	Primary Channel FIFO Empty Statusdef = 1
Offset 7	79 – Primary Channel Transport Status (00h) RO
7-5	Reservedalways reads 0
4	Primary Channel Slave Drive Select def = 0
3	Transmit PIO Data Cycle Active def = 0
2	Transmit PIO Data Cycle Receivedef = 0
1	Transmit DMA Data Cycle Activedef = 0
0	Transmit DMA Data Cycle Receive def = 0
	7A – Secondary Channel Transport Stats I (01h) RO
7-5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Secondary Channel DMA Read Device Cycle Active
3	Secondary Channel DMA Write Device Cycle
3	Activedef = 0
2	Secondary Channel SG Operation Active def = 0
1	Secondary Channel Interrupt Status
0	Secondary Channel FIFO Empty Statusdef = 1
	/B – Secondary Channel Transport Status II RO
7-5	Reservedalways reads 0
7-3 4	Primary Channel Slave Drive Selectdef = 0
4	
2	
3	Transmit PIO Data Cycle Active def = 0
2	Transmit PIO Data Cycle Active $def = 0$ Transmit PIO Data Cycle Receive $def = 0$
2 1	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
2	Transmit PIO Data Cycle Active $def = 0$ Transmit PIO Data Cycle Receive $def = 0$



PHY Status Registers

Offset 7	7C – Internal PHY StatusRO
7-6	Reserved default = 0
5	Port2 Auto Check Error Report default = 0
4	Port2 Squelch Detector Output
3-2	Reserved default = 0
1	Port1 Auto Check Error Report default = 0
0	Port1 Squelch Detector Output
Offset 7	7D – External PHY Status (00h)RO
7	External PHY Port2 Receive COMINIT def = 0
6	External PHY Port2 Receive COMWAKE . def = 0
5	External PHY Port1 Receive COMINIT def = 0
4	External PHY Port1 Receive COMWAKE . def = 0
3	Internal PHY Port2 Receive COMINIT def = 0
2	Internal PHY Port2 Receive COMWAKE def = 0
1	Internal PHY Port1 Receive COMINIT def = 0
0	Internal PHY Port1 Receive COMWAKE def = 0

Channel Control Registers

Onset 80 – Primary Channel Device Mode StatusRO				
7-0	Primary Channel	Parsing FIS	Number	when in
	Device mode		d	lefault = 0
Offset 8	81 – Secondary Cha	nnel Device N	Iode Stat ı	ısRO
7-0	Secondary Channe	el Parsing FI	S Number	when in
	Device mode		d	efault = 0

Offset 8B-88 - Primary Channel SG Base AddressRO

Offset 8F-8C - Secondary Channel SG Base AddressRO

Power Management Control Registers

Offset C3-C2 – PCI Power Mgmt Capabilities (02h) RO			
2-0	Version		
0.00	Interface Spec.		
Offset (C5-C4 – PCI Power Mgmt Ctrl / Status RW / RO		
15-2	Reservedalways reads 0		
1-0	Power State		
	00 D0default		
	01 -reserved-		
	10 -reserved-		

Miscellaneous Control Registers

11 D3 hot

Offset D1 – PATA Control (00h)RO				
7-4	Reservedalways reads 0			
3	PATA Enable Method			
	0 PATA will be enabled with Rx49[7]=1 and			
	SATA function enabled default			
	1 PATA will be enabled with Rx49[7]=1			
2-0	Reserved always reads 0			



SATA I/O Registers

The base address for access of these registers is specified in Rx27-24.

I/O Off	set 3-0 – SATA Status - Port 0	RO	I/O Off	set B-8 – SATA Control - Port 0 (00000310h) RW
31-12	Fixed at 0alwa	ays reads 0	31-12	Reserved always reads 0
	IPM	•	11-8	IPM
	Indicates the current interface power mana	gement.		Represents the enabled interface power management
	0000 Device not present or communi			states that can be invoked via SATA interface power
	established			management capabilities.
	0001 Interface in active state			0000 No interface power mgmt state restrictions
	0010 Interface in PARTIAL power mgmt	state		0001 Transitions to the PARTIAL power mgmt state
	0110 Interface in SLUMBER power mgm			disabled
7-4	SPD			0010 Transitions to the SLUMBER power mgmt
	Indicates the negotiated interface com	munication		state disabled
	speed established.			0011 Transitions to both the PARTIAL and
	0000 No negotiated speed (device not	present or		SLUMBER power mgmt states disableddef
	communication not established)	present or		All other values are reserved.
	0001 Generation 1 communication rate no	egotiated	7-4	SPD
3-0	DET	gonatea	, .	Represents the maximum communication speed that
	Indicates the interface device detection	and PHV		the interface is allowed.
	state.	una 1111		0000 No speed negotiation restrictions
	0000 No device detected and PHY com	munication		0001 Limit speed negotiation to a rate not greater
	not established	mameation		than Generation 1 communication ratedef
		out PHY		All other values are reserved.
	communication not established	out IIII	3-0	DET
		nd PHY	3-0	Controls the host adapter device detection and
	communication established	ild 1111		interface initialization.
	0100 PHY in offline mode as a result of	of interface		0000 No device detection or initialization action
	disabled or running in a BIST loopb			requesteddef
	disabled of fullling in a DIST 100po	ack mode		0001 Perform interface communication initialization
I/O Off	<u> set 7-4 – SATA Error - Port 0 (000000001</u>	1)RWC		sequence to establish communication
31-26	Reservedalw	ays reads 0		0100 Disable the SATA interface and put PHY in
25	Unrecognized FIS Type	•		offline mode
24	Transport State Transition Error			All other values are reserved.
23	Link Sequence Error			All other values are reserved.
22	Handshake Error		I/O Off	<u> Set 43-40 – SATA Status - Port 1RO</u>
21	CRC Error			offset 3-0 for detail.
20	Disparity Error			
19	10B to 8B Decode Error		I/O Off	set 47-44 – SATA Error - Port 1 (00000000h).RWC
18	Comm Wake Detected		See I/O	offset 7-4 for detail.
17	PHY Internal Error		I/O Off	Cot AD AQ CATA Control Dont 1 (00000210h) DW
16	PHY Ready Change		_	set 4B-48 – SATA Control - Port 1 (00000310h) RW
	Reservedalwa		See I/O	offset B-8 for detail.
11	Internal Error		I/O Off	set 83-80 – SATA Status - Port 2RO
10	Protocol Error			offset 3-0 for detail.
9	Non-recovered Persistent Communication		See 1/O	onset 3-0 for detail.
,	Integrity Error		I/O Off	set 87-84 – SATA Error - Port 2 (00000000h)RWC
8	Non-recovered Transient Data Integrity			offset 7-4 for detail.
o				
7.2	Reserved always			<u>set 8B-88 – SATA Control - Port 2 (00000310h) RW</u>
7-2 1	Recovered Communications Error		See I/O	offset B-8 for detail.
1				
0	Recovered Data Integrity Error	ueraurt = 0		

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Device 15 Function 1 Registers - Enhanced IDE Controller

This Enhanced IDE (Parallel ATA) controller interface is fully compatible with the SFF 8038i v.1.0 specification. There are two sets of software accessible registers -- PCI configuration registers and Bus Master IDE I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the device 15 function 1 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The Bus Master IDE I/O registers are defined in the SFF8038i v1.0 specification.

PCI Configuration Space Header

Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h=VIA)RO			
Offset 3-2 - Device ID (0571h=IDE Controller)RO			
Offset 5-4 – Command (0000h)			
15-3	Reserved always reads 0		
2	Bus Master default = 0 (disabled)		
	S/G operation can be issued only when the "Bus		
	Master" bit is enabled.		
1	Reserved always reads 0		
0	I/O Space default = 0 (disabled)		
	When the "I/O Space" bit is disabled, the device will		
	not respond to any I/O addresses for both compatible		
	and native mode.		

Offset 7	7-6 – Status (0290h)	RO
15	Detected Parity Error	fixed at 0
14	Signalled System Error	fixed at 0
13	Received Master Abort.	default = 0
12	Received Target Abort	default = 0
11	Signalled Target Abort.	fixed at 0
10-9	DEVSEL# Timing	. always reads 01 (medium)
8	Data Parity Detected	fixed at 0
7	Fast Back to Back	fixed at 1
6-5	Reserved	always reads 0
4	Capability List	fixed at 1
3-0	Reserved	always reads 0

Offset 8 - Revision ID (06)RO
7-0 Revision Code for IDE Controller Logic Block

Offset 9	9 - Programming InterfaceRW			
7	Master IDE Capability fixed at 1 (Supported)			
6-4	Reserved always reads 0			
3	Programmable Indicator - Secondary fixed at 1			
	Supports both modes (may be set to either mode by			
	writing Rx42[6])			
2	Channel Operating Mode - Secondary			
	0 Compatibility Modedefault			
	1 Native Mode			
1	Programmable Indicator - Primary fixed at 1			
	Supports both modes (may be set to either mode by			
	writing Rx42[7])			
0	Channel Operating Mode - Primary			
	0 Compatibility Modedefault			
	1 Native Mode			

Compatibility Mode (fixed IRQs and I/O addresses):

In this mode, fixed IRQs are used and IDE controller registers are hard wired to fixed I/O addresses as defined below.

	Command Block	Control Block	
Channel	Registers	Registers	<u>IRQ</u>
Pri	1F0-1F7	3F6	14
Sec	170-177	376	15

Native PCI Mode (registers are programmable in I/O space)

In this mode, IRQs for the primary and secondary IDE channels are programmable via configuration register Rx3C and the registers of the IDE channels are relocatable in I/O space (using base addresses provided in the IDE Controller PCI configuration space). Specific base address registers are used to map the different register blocks as defined below:

	Command Block	Control Block
Channel	Registers	Registers
Pri	BA @offset 10h	BA @offset 14h
Sec	BA @offset 18h	BA @offset 1Ch

Command register blocks are 8 bytes of I/O space Control registers are 4 bytes of I/O space (only byte 2 is used)

Offset A - Sub Class Code (01h=IDE Controller).....RO

Offset B - Base Class Code (01h=Mass Storage Ctrlr)... RO



Offset 13-10 - Pri Data / Command Base AddressRW Specifies an 8 byte I/O address space.	Offset 2D-2C – Sub Vendor ID (0000h)RO The readback value may be changed by writing to RxD5-D4.
31-16 Reserved always read 0 15-3 Port Address default=01F0h 2-0 Fixed at 001b fixed	Offset 2F-2E – Sub Device ID (0000h)RO The readback value may be changed by writing to RxD7-D6.
Offset 17-14 - Pri Control / Status Base AddressRW Specifies a 4 byte I/O address space of which only the third byte is active (i.e., 3F6h for the default base address of 3F4h). 31-16 Reservedalways read 0 15-2 Port Addressdefault=03F4h	Offset 34 - Capability Pointer (C0h)RO
1-0 Fixed at 01b fixed Offset 1B-18 - Sec Data / Command Base AddressRW Specifies an 8 byte I/O address space. 31-16 Reserved always read 0 15-3 Port Address default=0170h 2-0 Fixed at 001b fixed Offset 1F-1C - Sec Control / Status Base AddressRW Specifies a 4 byte I/O address space of which only the third byte is active (i.e., 376h for the default base address of 374h). 31-16 Reserved always read 0 15-2 Port Address default=0374h 1-0 Fixed at 01b fixed	Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (0Eh) RO 7-4 Reserved always read 0 3-0 IDE Interrupt Routing (native mode only) 0000 Disable 0001 IRQ1 0001 IRQ1 0010 IRQ2 1101 IRQ13 1110 IRQ14 default 1111 IRQ15 APIC (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6]) x000 IRQ16 x001 IRQ17 x010 IRQ18 x111 IRQ23
Specifies a 16 byte I/O address space compliant with the SFF-8038i rev 1.0 specification. 31-16 Reserved	Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (01h) RO 7-0 Interrupt Pin default = 01h (INTA#) Offset 3E - Minimum Grant (00h) RO Offset 3F - Maximum Latency (00h) RO



IDE-Controller-Specific Configuration Registers

Offset 4	40 - Chip Enable (00h)RW
7-2	Reserved always reads 0
1	Primary Channel
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
0	Secondary Channel
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
Offset 4	41 - IDE Configuration I (00h)RW
7	Primary IDE Read Prefetch Buffer
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
6	Primary IDE Post Write Buffer
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
5	Secondary IDE Read Prefetch Buffer
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
4	Secondary IDE Post Write Buffer
	0 Disabledefault
2.0	1 Enable
3-0	Reserved always reads 0
Offset 4	42 - IDE Configuration II (00h)RW
7	PIO Operating Mode - Primary Channel
	Selects the mode used in the primary channel for the
	I/O Base Address (not IRQ routing or sharing)
	0 Compatibility Mode (fixed addressing) .default
	1 Native PCI Mode (flexible addressing)
6	PIO Operating Mode - Secondary Channel
	Selects the mode used in the secondary channel for
	the I/O Base Address (not IRQ routing or sharing) O Compatibility Mode (fixed addressing) default
	0 Compatibility Mode (fixed addressing) .default1 Native PCI Mode (flexible addressing)
5-0	Reservedalways reads 0
3-0	reserved arways reads 0

fiset 4	<u>- FIFO Configuration (UAh) RV</u>	<u>v</u>		
7-4	Reservedalways reads	0		
3-2	Primary Channel FIFO Threshold			
	Determines the threshold required before the primar	y		
	channel FIFO is flushed.			
	00 FIFO flushed when 1/4 full			
	01 FIFO flushed when 1/2 full			
	10 FIFO flushed when 3/4 full defaul	t		
	11 FIFO flushed when completely full (32 DWs)			
1-0	Secondary Channel FIFO Threshold			
	Determines the threshold required before th	e		
	secondary channel FIFO is flushed.			
	00 FIFO flushed when 1/4 full			
	01 FIFO flushed when 1/2 full			
	10 FIFO flushed when 3/4 full defaul	t		
	11 FIFO flushed when completely full (32 DWs)			
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

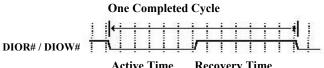


7-5	Reserved always reads 0	7	Reservedalways reads 0
4	PIO Read Pre-Fetch Byte Counter Determines whether the amount of data prefetched under PIO read is limited. 0 Disable (no limit)	5	Interrupt Steering Swap Controls whether primary and secondary channel interrupts are swapped. 0 Primary channel interrupt is steered to IRQ14, Secondary channel is steered to IRQ15. default 1 Primary channel interrupt is steered to IRQ15, Secondary channel interrupt steered to IRQ14 Reserved
3	Bus Master IDE Status Register Read Retry Determines whether a read to the bus master IDE status register is retried when DMA operation is not complete. 0 Disable. Reads will return status even if DMA operation is not complete. 1 Enable. Reads of the status register are automatically retried while DMA operation is not complete	3	Rx3C Write Protect 0 Disable (writes to Rx3C are allowed) default 1 Enable (writes to Rx3C are ignored). Under Native Mode (Rx9[2]=1 or Rx9[0]=1) Rx3C should not be write protected as it is used to route IRQ lines. "Memory-Read-Multiple" Command 0 Disable
2	Packet Command Prefetching Determines whether prefetching is enabled for packet commands. Packet commands are commands for ATAPI, which is used for operating devices such as CD-ROM drives. 0 Disable	1-0	"Memory-Write-and-Invalidate" Command 0 Disable default 1 Enable Reserved always reads 0
1 0	Reserved	<u>Offset</u> 7	Primary Channel Read DMA FIFO Flush O Disable 1 Enable. The primary channel DMA FIFO is flushed when an interrupt request is generated default Secondary Channel Read DMA FIFO Flush O Disable 1 Enable. The secondary channel DMA FIFO is flushed when an interrupt request is generated default
		5-0	Reserved always reads 0



Offset 4B-48 - Drive Timing Control (A8A8A8A8h).....RW

The following fields define the Active Pulse Width and Recovery Time for the IDE DIOR# and DIOW# signals when accessing the data ports (1F0 and 170):



DIOR#/	DIOW# TALLEL TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO T
	Active Time Recovery Time
31-28	Primary Drive 0 Active Pulse Width def=1010b
27-24	Primary Drive 0 Recovery Timedef=1000b
23-20	Primary Drive 1 Active Pulse Width def=1010b
19-16	Primary Drive 1 Recovery Time def=1000b
15-12	Secondary Drive 0 Active Pulse Width def=1010b
11-8	Secondary Drive 0 Recovery Time def=1000b
7-4	Secondary Drive 1 Active Pulse Width def=1010b
3-0	Secondary Drive 1 Recovery Time def=1000b

The actual value for each field is the encoded value in the field plus one and indicates the number of PCI clocks. For example, if the value in the field is 1010b (10 decimal), the active pulse width or recovery time is 11 PCI clocks.

Offset 4C - Address Setup Time (FFh).....RW

The following fields define the Address Setup Time. The Address Setup Time is measured from the point when address signals are stable to the point when DIOR# and DIOW# are asserted. The IDE specification requires the setup time to not exceed 1T. However, the VT8233 provides flexibility for devices that may not be able to meet the 1T requirement.

- 7-6 Primary Drive 0 Address Setup Time
- 5-4 Primary Drive 1 Address Setup Time
- 3-2 Secondary Drive 0 Address Setup Time
- 1-0 Secondary Drive 1 Address Setup Time

For each field above:

00 1T 01 2T

10 3T

11 4Tdefault

Offset 4E – Sec Non-170 Port Access Timing (B6h)......RW

7-4 **DIOR# / DIOW# Active Pulse Width......** def = 0Bh

3-0 DIOR# / DIOW# Recovery Time..... def = 06h

Offset 4F - Pri Non-1F0 Port Access Timing (B6h)RW

7-4 DIOR# / DIOW# Active Pulse Width......def = 0Bh

3-0 DIOR# / DIOW# Recovery Time..... def = 06h

The above fields define the primary and secondary channel DIOR# and DIOW# active pulse widths and recovery times when accessing non-data ports. The times are defined in terms of PCI clocks and the actual value is equal to the value encoded in the field plus one.

Offset 5	3-50 - UltraDMA Extended Timing Control RW
31	Pri Drive 0 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method
01	0 Enable by using "Set Feature" command def
	1 Enable by setting bit-30 of this register
30	Pri Drive 0 UltraDMA-Mode Enable
30	0 Disable default
	1 Enable UltraDMA-Mode Operation
29	Pri Drive 0 Transfer Mode
29	
20	1 UltraDMA Mode
28	Pri Drive 0 Cable Type Reporting
	0 40-pin cable is being used default
	1 80-pin cable is being used
27-24	Pri Drive 0 Cycle Time (T = 7.5 ns for 133 MHz)
	0000 2T
	0001 3T
	0010 4T
	0011 5T
	0100 6T
	0101 7T
	0110 8T
	0111 9Tdefault
	1000 10T
	1001 11T
	1010 12T
	1010 121 1011 13T
	1100 14T
	1100 141
	1101 15T
	1101 15T 1110 16T
	1101 15T
23	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T
23	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method
22	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable
22 21	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode
22	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting
22 21	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13 12	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13 12	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13 12	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13 12 11-8 7 6	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13 12 11-8	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used default 1 80-pin cable is being used Pri Drive 1 Cycle Time default = 0111b Sec Drive 0 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Sec Drive 0 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Sec Drive 0 Transfer Mode Sec Drive 0 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used 1 80-pin cable is being used Sec Drive 0 Cycle Time default = 0111b Sec Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Sec Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Sec Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Sec Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Sec Drive 1 Transfer Mode
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13 12 11-8 7 6 5	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13 12 11-8 7 6 5	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used
22 21 20 19-16 15 14 13 12 11-8 7 6 5	1101 15T 1110 16T 1111 17T Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Method Pri Drive 1 UltraDMA-Mode Enable Pri Drive 1 Transfer Mode Pri Drive 1 Cable Type Reporting 0 40-pin cable is being used

Each byte defines UltraDMA operation for the indicated drive. The bit definitions are the same within each byte.



Offset	54 – UltraDMA FIFO Control (04h)RW
7	Reserved always reads 0
6	Lower ISA Request Priority When Write Device
	Packet Command is Issued
	The IDE secondary channel shares a bus internally
	with the ISA interface. When this bit is enabled, the
	IDE secondary channel is given higher priority over
	ISA, which results in better performance.
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
5	Clear Native Mode Interrupt on Falling Edge of
	Gated Interrupt
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable. The interrupt will be automatically
	cleared on the falling edge of the gated
	interrupt.
4	Improve PIO Prefetch and Post-Write
	Performance
	0 Enable. PIO prefetch and post write
	performance is increased by being given
	higher throughputdefault
	1 Disable
3	Memory Prefetch Size
	This bit determines how many lines are prefetched
	from memory for IDE transactions.
	0 Prefetch 1 linedefault
	1 Prefetch 2 lines (16 DoubleWords). This
	setting improves ATA100 throughput.
2	Change Drive Clears All FIFO & Internal States
	0 Disable
	1 Command switch from one drive to another
	drive in the same channel terminates all
	previous outstanding transactions involving
	the previous drivedefault
1	Reserved always reads 0
0	Complete DMA Cycle with Transfer Size Less
	Than FIFO Size
	0 Enable. DMA transfer size is less than the
	FIFO sizedefault
	1 Disable

55 – IDE Clock Gating (00h)RW
Reserved always reads 0
Dynamic 100 / 133 MHz Clock Gating
0 Enable default
1 Disable
Dynamic 66 MHz Clock Gating
0 Enabledefault
1 Disable
Reserved



	70 – Primary IDE StatusRO	IDE Power Management Registers
7	Interrupt StatusRO	
6	1 Primary channel interrupt request pending Prefetch Buffer StatusRO	Offset C3-C0 – Power Management CapabilitiesRO
U	1 PIO Prefetch transaction in progress	31-0 PCI PM Block 1 always reads 0002 0001h
5	Post Write Buffer StatusRO	This field reports support details for Power
C	1 PIO Post Write transaction in progress	Management Capabilities according to the PCI Power
4	DMA Read Prefetch StatusRO	Management specification.
	1 DMA Read Prefetch transaction in progress	Offset C7-C4 – Power State RO
3	DMA Write Pipeline StatusRO	31-2 Reservedalways reads 0
	1 DMA Write transaction in progress	1-0 Power State
2	S/G Operation CompleteRO	00 D0default
	1 Scatter / Gather operation complete	01 -reserved-
1	FIFO Empty StatusRO	10 -reserved-
	1 Primary Channel FIFO empty	11 D3 Hot
0	Response to External DMA RequestRO	
	1 External pri channel DMA request pending	
Offset	71 – Primary Interrupt Control (01h)RW	
7-1	Reserved always reads 0	IDE Back Door Registers
0	Interrupt Gating	E D DWW. D OUT TROUBLE
	0 Disable1 Enable (IRQ output gated until FIFO empty)	Offset D0 – Back Door – Revision ID (06h)RW
	default	Offset D3-D2 - Back Door - Device ID (0571h)RW
		Offset D5-D4 – Back Door – Sub-Vendor ID (0000h) RW
Official	70 Casandam IDE Status DO	Offset D3-D4 - Dack Door - Sub-vendor 1D (000011) KW
	78 – Secondary IDE StatusRO	Offset D7-D6 - Back Door - Sub-Device ID (0000h) RW
7	Interrupt StatusRO	
-	1 Secondary channel interrupt request pending	
6	Prefetch Buffer StatusRO 1 PIO Prefetch transaction in progress	
5	Post Write Buffer StatusRO	
3	1 PIO Post Write transaction in progress	
4	DMA Read Prefetch StatusRO	IDE I/O Registers
-	1 DMA Read Prefetch transaction in progress	
3	DMA Write Pipeline StatusRO	These registers are compliant with the SFF 8038I v1.0
	1 DMA Write transaction in progress	standard. Refer to the SFF 8038I v1.0 specification for further
2	S/G Operation CompleteRO	details.
	1 Scatter / Gather operation complete	I/O Office O Design over Channel Common d
1	FIFO Empty StatusRO	I/O Offset 0 - Primary Channel Command
	1 Secondary Channel FIFO empty	I/O Offset 2 - Primary Channel Status
0	Response to External DMA RequestRO	A CONSCIENT TIME Y CHARREST STATES
	1 External sec channel DMA request pending	I/O Offset 4-7 - Primary Channel PRD Table Address
Offset	79 - Secondary Interrupt Control (01h)RW	
7-1	Reserved always reads 0	
0	Interrupt Gating	I/O Offset 8 - Secondary Channel Command
ŭ	0 Disable	1/O Offset 6 - Secondary Chamier Command
	1 Enable (IRQ output gated until FIFO empty)	I/O Offset A - Secondary Channel Status
	default	I/O Offset C-F - Secondary Channel PRD Table Address
		10 Offset C-1 - Secondary Channel 1 RD Table Address
Official	92 90 Duimany S/C Descriptor Address	
	83-80 – Primary S/G Descriptor AddressRO	
	8B-88 – Secondary S/G Descriptor AddressRO	
These r	registers are used for debugging purposes only.	



Device 16 Function 0 Registers - USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 0-1

This Universal Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with UHCI specification v1.1. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in UHCI specification v1.1. The registers in this function control USB ports 0-1 (see function 1 for ports 2-3, function 2 for ports 4-5 and function 3 for ports 6-7).

Offset 1	1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h)RO
15-0	Vendor ID (1106h = VIA Technologies)
Offset 3	3-2 - Device ID (3038h)RO
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
15-0	Device ID (3038h = VT8237R Plus USB Controller)
Offset 5	5-4 - Command (0000h)RW
15-8	Reserved always reads 0
7	Reserved (address stepping) fixed at 0
6	Reserved (parity error response)
5	Reserved (VGA palette snoop) fixed at 0
4	Memory Write and Invalidatedefault=0 (disabled)
3	Reserved (special cycle monitoring)fixed at 0
2	Bus Masterdefault=0 (disabled)
1	Memory Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
0	I/O Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
Offset 7	7-6 - Status (0210h)RWC
15	Reserved (detected parity error) always reads 0
14	Signalled System Error default=0
13	Received Master Abort
12	Received Target Abort default=0
11	Signalled Target Abort default=0
10-9	DEVSEL# Timing
	00 Fast
	01 Mediumdefault (fixed)
	10 Slow
	11 Reserved
8-0	Reserved fixed 10h (PCI PMI)

7-0 Silicon Revision Code (0 indicates first silicon)	
Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h)	
Offset D - Latency Timer (16h)	
Offset 23-20 - USB I/O Register Base Address	
Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h)	
Onset 34 - Fower Management Capabilities (6011) Kw	
Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h)RW	
7-4 Reserved always reads 0	
3-0 USB Interrupt Routing	
0000 Disabled default	
0001 IRQ1	
0010 Reserved	
0011 IRQ3 0100 IRQ4	
0100 IRQ4 0101 IRQ5	
0110 IRQ6	
0111 IRQ7	
1000 IRQ8	
1000 IRQ8 1001 IRQ9 1010 IRQ10 1011 IRQ11	
1000 IRQ8 1001 IRQ9 1010 IRQ10 1011 IRQ11 1100 IRQ12	
1000 IRQ8 1001 IRQ9 1010 IRQ10 1011 IRQ11 1100 IRQ12 1101 IRQ13	
1000 IRQ8 1001 IRQ9 1010 IRQ10 1011 IRQ11 1100 IRQ12	
1000 IRQ8 1001 IRQ9 1010 IRQ10 1011 IRQ11 1100 IRQ12 1101 IRQ13 1110 IRQ14	



USB 1.1-Specific Configuration Registers

40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)RW	Offset 4	41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (10h)RW
Reserved always reads 0	7	USB 1.1 Improvement for EOP
Babble Option		This bit controls whether USB Specification 1.1 or
This bit controls whether the port is disabled when		1.0 is followed when a stuffing error occurs before an
EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs. Babble is		EOP (End-Of-Packet). A stuffing error results when
		the receiver sees seven consecutive ones in a packet.
		Under USB specification 1.1, when this occurs in the
		interval just before an EOP, the receiver will accept
1		the packet. Under USB specification 1.0, the packet
		is ignored.
		0 USB Spec 1.1 Compliant (packet accepted) def
		1 USB Spec 1.0 Compliant (packet ignored)
		Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	2	Trap Option
		Under the UHCI spec, port 60 / 64 is trapped only
		when its corresponding enable bits are set. When this
		bit is set, trap can be set without checking the enable
		bits.
11 0 1		0 Set trap 60/64 status bits only when trap 60/64
		enable bits are set default
		1 Set trap 60/64 status bits without checking enable bits
	1	
	1	A20Gate Pass Through Option This bit controls whether the A20Gate pass-through
		sequence (as defined in UHCI) is followed. The
		A20Gate sequence consists of 4 commands. When
		this bit is 0, the 4-command sequence is followed.
		When this bit is 1, the last command (write FFh to
		port 64) is skipped.
		0 A20GATE Pass-through command sequence
iteser veu		as defined in UHCI
		1 Last command skipped
	0	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	Babble Option This bit controls whether the port is disabled when	Reserved



Offset 4	42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (03h)RW	Offset -	49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (03h)RW
7	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0		Reservedalways reads 0
6-5	Reserved always reads 0	5-4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
4	SubVendor ID / SubDevice ID Backdoor	3-2	Reservedalways reads 0
7			
	0 Rx2C-2F RO default	1	EHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State
2.2	1 Rx2C-2F RW		0 Not Supported
3-2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0		1 Supporteddefault
1-0	Reservedalways reads 11b	0	UHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State
O.CC 4	42 M. H. C. (14 (001) DW		0 Not Supported
	43 - Miscellaneous Control 4 (00h)RW		1 Supporteddefault
7-5	Reserved always reads 0	0.00	
4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0	Offset 4	4A - Miscellaneous Control 7 (A0h)RW
3	Continue Transmission of Erroneous Data on	7-3	USB 1.1 Bus Timeout Parameter default = 14h
	FIFO Underrun	2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	0 Enabledefault	1	Reserved always reads 0
	1 Disable	0	Use External 60 MHz Clock
2	Issue CRC Error Instead of Stuffing Error on	v	0 Disabledefault
_	FIFO Underrun		1 Enable
	0 Enabledefault		1 Endoic
1.0			
1-0	Reserved always reads 0	Offset	60 - Serial Bus Release NumberRO
Offset 4	48 - Miscellaneous Control 5RW	7-0	Release Number always reads 10h
			,
7-5	Reserved always reads ()		
7-5 4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0		
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0		
_	Reserved (Do Not Program)default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun	<u>Offset</u>	83-80 – PM Capability RO
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)		83-80 – PM Capability
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable default 1 Disable	31-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable default 1 Disable Lengthen PreSOF Time	31-0	
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW PM Capability Status
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset: 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
4-3 2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> : 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status

CRC always works.



USB 1.1 Ports 0-1 I/O Registers

These registers are compliant with the UHCI v1.1 standard. Refer to the UHCI v1.1 specification for further details.

I/O Offset 1-0 - USB Command

I/O Offset 3-2 - USB Status

I/O Offset 5-4 - USB Interrupt Enable

I/O Offset 7-6 - Frame Number

I/O Offset B-8 - Frame List Base Address

I/O Offset 0C - Start Of Frame Modify

I/O Offset 11-10 - Port 0 Status / Control

I/O Offset 13-12 - Port 1 Status / Control



Device 16 Function 1 Registers - USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 2-3

This Universal Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with UHCI specification v1.1. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 1 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in UHCI specification v1.1. The registers in this function control USB ports 2-3 (see function 0 for ports 0-1, function 2 for ports 4-5 and function 3 for ports 6-7).

Offset 1	-0 - Vendor ID (1106h)RO
	Vendor ID (1106h = VIA Technologies)
Offset 3	-2 - Device ID (3038h)RO
	Device ID (3038h = VT8237R Plus USB Controller)
Offset 5	-4 - Command (0000h)RW
15-8	Reserved always reads 0
7	Reserved (address stepping) fixed at 0
6	Reserved (parity error response)fixed at 0
5	Reserved (VGA palette snoop) fixed at 0
4	Memory Write and Invalidatedefault=0 (disabled)
3	Reserved (special cycle monitoring)fixed at 0
2	Bus Masterdefault=0 (disabled)
1	Memory Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
0	I/O Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
Offset 7	-6 - Status (0210h)RWC
15	Reserved (detected parity error) always reads 0
14	Signalled System Error default=0
13	Received Master Abortdefault=0
12	Received Target Abort default=0
11	Signalled Target Abort default=0
10-9	DEVSEL# Timing
	00 Fast
	01 Mediumdefault (fixed)
	10 Slow
	11 Reserved
8-0	Reserved

Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh)RO
7-0 Silicon Revision Code (0 indicates first silicon)
OCC 40 B
Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h)
Offset A - Sub Class Code (03h=USB Controller)RO
Offset B - Base Class Code (0Ch=Serial Bus Controller)RO Offset C - Cache Line Size (00h)RW
Offset C - Cache Line Size (0011)
Offset D - Latency Timer (16h)RW
Offset E – Header Type (80h)RO
Offset F – BIST (Fixed at 00h)RO
Offset 23-20 - USB I/O Register Base AddressRW
31-16 Reserved always reads 0
15-5 USB I/O Register Base Address. Port Address for
the base of the 32-byte USB I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[15:5]
4-0 00001b
Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h)RO†
Offset 2F-2E - Sub Device ID (3038h)RO†
† RW if $Rx42[4] = 1$.
Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h) RW
Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h)RW
7-4 Reserved always reads 0
3-0 USB Interrupt Routing
0000 Disabled default
0001 IRQ1 0010 Reserved
0010 Reserved 0011 IRQ3
0100 IRQ4
0101 IRQ5
0110 IRQ6
0111 IRQ7
1000 IRQ8 1001 IRQ9
1010 IRQ10
1011 IRQ11
1100 IRQ12
1101 IRQ13
1110 IRQ14 1111 Disabled
Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (01h)RO
7-0 Interrupt Pin default = 01h (INTA#)



USB 1.1-Specific Configuration Registers

40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)RW	Offset 4	41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (10h)RW
Reserved always reads 0	7	USB 1.1 Improvement for EOP
Babble Option		This bit controls whether USB Specification 1.1 or
This bit controls whether the port is disabled when		1.0 is followed when a stuffing error occurs before an
EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs. Babble is		EOP (End-Of-Packet). A stuffing error results when
		the receiver sees seven consecutive ones in a packet.
		Under USB specification 1.1, when this occurs in the
		interval just before an EOP, the receiver will accept
1		the packet. Under USB specification 1.0, the packet
		is ignored.
		0 USB Spec 1.1 Compliant (packet accepted) def
		1 USB Spec 1.0 Compliant (packet ignored)
		Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	2	Trap Option
		Under the UHCI spec, port 60 / 64 is trapped only
		when its corresponding enable bits are set. When this
		bit is set, trap can be set without checking the enable
		bits.
11 0 1		0 Set trap 60/64 status bits only when trap 60/64
		enable bits are set default
		1 Set trap 60/64 status bits without checking enable bits
	1	
	1	A20Gate Pass Through Option This bit controls whether the A20Gate pass-through
		sequence (as defined in UHCI) is followed. The
		A20Gate sequence consists of 4 commands. When
		this bit is 0, the 4-command sequence is followed.
		When this bit is 1, the last command (write FFh to
		port 64) is skipped.
		0 A20GATE Pass-through command sequence
iteser veu		as defined in UHCI
		1 Last command skipped
	0	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	Babble Option This bit controls whether the port is disabled when	Reserved



Offset 4	42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (03h)RW	Offset	49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (03h)RW
7	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0	7-6	Reserved always reads 0
6-5	Reserved always reads 0	5-4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
4	SubVendor ID / SubDevice ID Backdoor	3-2	Reservedalways reads 0
•	0 Rx2C-2F ROdefault	1	EHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State
	1 Rx2C-2F RW	1	0 Not Supported
3-2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0		1 Supporteddefault
1-0		0	UHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State
1-0	Reservedalways reads 11b	U	
Offset 4	43 - Miscellaneous Control 4 (00h)RW		0 Not Supported 1 Supporteddefault
7-5	Reserved always reads 0		1 Supported the second
4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0	Offset	4A - Miscellaneous Control 7 (A0h)RW
3	Continue Transmission of Erroneous Data on	7-3	USB 1.1 Bus Timeout Parameter default = 14h
	FIFO Underrun	2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	0 Enabledefault	1	Reservedalways reads 0
	1 Disable	0	Use External 60 MHz Clock
2	Issue CRC Error Instead of Stuffing Error on	v	0 Disabledefault
_	FIFO Underrun		1 Enable
	0 Enabledefault		1 Eliable
	1 Disable		
1-0	Reserved always reads 0		
- 0	110001 104		60 - Serial Bus Release NumberRO
Offset 4	48 - Miscellaneous Control 5RW	7-0	Release Numberalways reads 10h
7-5	Reserved always reads 0		
4-3			
4-3 2	Reserved (Do Not Program)default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun	Off. at	92 90 PM Canakilia
	Reserved (Do Not Program)default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun		83-80 – PM Capability
	Reserved (Do Not Program)default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun		83-80 – PM Capability
	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h
2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable default 1 Disable Lengthen PreSOF Time	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capability always reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capability
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capability always reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capability
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset	PM Capability
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 Offset 7-0	PM Capability
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capability



USB 1.1 Ports 2-3 I/O Registers

These registers are compliant with the UHCI v1.1 standard. Refer to the UHCI v1.1 specification for further details.

I/O Offset 1-0 - USB Command

I/O Offset 3-2 - USB Status

I/O Offset 5-4 - USB Interrupt Enable

I/O Offset 7-6 - Frame Number

I/O Offset B-8 - Frame List Base Address

I/O Offset 0C - Start Of Frame Modify

I/O Offset 11-10 - Port 2 Status / Control

I/O Offset 13-12 - Port 3 Status / Control



Device 16 Function 2 Registers - USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 4-5

This Universal Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with UHCI specification v1.1. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in UHCI specification v1.1. The registers in this function control USB ports 4-5 (see function 0 for ports 0-1, function 1 for ports 2-3 and function 3 for ports 6-7).

Offset 1	<u> -0 - Vendor</u>	<u>ID (1106h)RO</u>
15-0	Vendor ID	(1106h = VIA Technologies)
Offset 3	3-2 - Device I	D (3038h)RO
15-0	Device ID	(3038h = VT8237R Plus USB Controller
Offset 5	5-4 - Comma	nd (0000h)RW
15-8		always reads 0
7	Reserved (a	ddress stepping)fixed at 0
6	Reserved (p	arity error response)fixed at 0
5	Reserved (V	GA palette snoop) fixed at 0
4	Memory W	rite and Invalidate default=0 (disabled)
3	Reserved (s	pecial cycle monitoring)fixed at 0
2	Bus Master	default=0 (disabled)
1	Memory Sp	acedefault=0 (disabled)
0		default=0 (disabled)
Offset 7	7-6 - Status (I	0210h)RWC
15		etected parity error) always reads 0
14		ystem Error default=0
13	Received M	aster Abortdefault=0
12	Received Ta	arget Abort default=0
11		arget Abort default=0
10-9	DEVSEL#	Гiming
	00 Fast	
	01 Medi	umdefault (fixed)
	10 Slow	
	11 Reser	
8-0	Reserved	fixed 10h (PCI PMI)

Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh)RO
7-0 Silicon Revision Code (0 indicates first silicon)
, ,
Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h)RO
Offset A - Sub Class Code (03h=USB Controller)RO
Offset B - Base Class Code (0Ch=Serial Bus Controller)RO
Offset C - Cache Line Size (00h)RW
Offset D - Latency Timer (16h)RW
Offset E - Header Type (80h)RO
Offset F - BIST (Fixed at 00h)RO
Offset 23-20 - USB I/O Register Base AddressRW
31-16 Reserved always reads 0
15-5 USB I/O Register Base Address. Port Address for
the base of the 32-byte USB I/O Register block,
corresponding to AD[15:5]
4-0 00001b
Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h)RO†
Offset 2F-2E - Sub Device ID (3038h)
† RW if $Rx42[4] = 1$.
Official 24 December 1997 (Only DAY)
Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h) RW
Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h)RW
7-4 Reserved always reads 0
3-0 USB Interrupt Routing
0000 Disabled default
0001 IRQ1
0010 Reserved
0011 IRQ3
0100 IRQ4
0101 IRQ5
0110 IRQ6 0111 IRQ7
1000 IRQ8
1001 IRQ9
1010 IRQ10
1011 IRQ11
1100 IDO12
1100 IRQ12
1101 IRQ13
1101 IRQ13 1110 IRQ14
1101 IRQ13
1101 IRQ13 1110 IRQ14



USB 1.1-Specific Configuration Registers

Offset	40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)RW	Offset 4	41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (10h)RW
7	Reserved always reads 0	7	USB 1.1 Improvement for EOP
6	Babble Option		This bit controls whether USB Specification 1.1 or
	This bit controls whether the port is disabled when		1.0 is followed when a stuffing error occurs before an
	EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs. Babble is		EOP (End-Of-Packet). A stuffing error results when
	unexpected bus activity that persists into the EOF		the receiver sees seven consecutive ones in a packet.
	interval. When this bit is 0, the port with the EOF		Under USB specification 1.1, when this occurs in the
	babble is disabled. When it is 1, it is not disabled		interval just before an EOP, the receiver will accept
	0 Automatically disable babbled port when EOF		the packet. Under USB specification 1.0, the packet
	babble occurs		is ignored.
	1 Don't disable babbled portdefault		0 USB Spec 1.1 Compliant (packet accepted) def
5	PCI Parity Check		1 USB Spec 1.0 Compliant (packet ignored)
	0 Disabledefault	6-3	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	1 Enable	2	Trap Option
4	Frame Interval Select		Under the UHCI spec, port 60 / 64 is trapped only
	0 1 msec frame timedefault		when its corresponding enable bits are set. When this
	1 0.1 msec frame time		bit is set, trap can be set without checking the enable
3	USB Data Length Option		bits.
	O Support TD length up to 1280default		0 Set trap 60/64 status bits only when trap 60/64
	1 Support TD length up to 1023		enable bits are setdefault
	(TD = Transfer Descriptor)		1 Set trap 60/64 status bits without checking
2	Improve FIFO Latency		enable bits
	0 Improve latency if packet size < 64 bytesdef	1	A20Gate Pass Through Option
	1 Disable improvement		This bit controls whether the A20Gate pass-through
1	DMA Option		sequence (as defined in UHCI) is followed. The
	0 Enhanced performance (8 DW burst access		A20Gate sequence consists of 4 commands. When
	with better FIFO latency)default		this bit is 0, the 4-command sequence is followed.
	1 Normal performance (16 DW burst access		When this bit is 1, the last command (write FFh to
	with normal FIFO latency)		port 64) is skipped.
0	Reserved always reads 0		0 A20GATE Pass-through command sequence
			as defined in UHCIdefault
			1 Last command skipped
		0	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0



Offset 4	42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (03h)RW	Offset	49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (03h) RW
7	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0	7-6	Reservedalways reads 0
6-5	Reserved always reads 0	5-4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
4	SubVendor ID / SubDevice ID Backdoor	3-2	Reservedalways reads 0
-	0 Rx2C-2F RO default	1	EHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State
	1 Rx2C-2F RW	-	0 Not Supported
3-2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0		1 Supporteddefault
1-0	Reservedalways reads 11b	0	UHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State
10	iteserved	v	0 Not Supported
Offset 4	43 - Miscellaneous Control 4 (00h)RW		1 Supporteddefault
7-5	Reserved always reads 0	0.00	44 35 0 0 0 15 (10)
4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0	Offset	4A - Miscellaneous Control 7 (A0h)RW
3	Continue Transmission of Erroneous Data on	7-3	USB 1.1 Bus Timeout Parameter default = 14h
	FIFO Underrun	2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	0 Enabledefault	1	Reserved always reads 0
	1 Disable	0	Use External 60 MHz Clock
2	Issue CRC Error Instead of Stuffing Error on		0 Disable default
	FIFO Underrun		1 Enable
	0 Enabledefault		
	1 Disable		
1-0	Reserved always reads 0	Offset	60 - Serial Bus Release NumberRO
Offset 4	48 - Miscellaneous Control 5RW		Release Number always reads 10h
7-5	Reserved always reads 0	, 0	Trefeuse Training Tours Tour
1-3	Nesciveu always leads 0		
1_3			
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0		
4-3 2	Reserved (Do Not Program)default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun	Offset	83-80 – PM CapabilityRO
	Reserved (Do Not Program)		83-80 – PM CapabilityRO PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h
	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable default 1 Disable Lengthen PreSOF Time	31-0	
2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0 Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable default 1 Disable Lengthen PreSOF Time The preSOF time point determines whether there is	31-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Reserved (Do Not Program)	31-0 <u>Offset</u> 7-0 <u>Offset</u>	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status



USB 1.1 Ports 4-5 I/O Registers

These registers are compliant with the UHCI v1.1 standard. Refer to the UHCI v1.1 specification for further details.

I/O Offset 1-0 - USB Command

I/O Offset 3-2 - USB Status

I/O Offset 5-4 - USB Interrupt Enable

I/O Offset 7-6 - Frame Number

I/O Offset B-8 - Frame List Base Address

I/O Offset 0C - Start Of Frame Modify

I/O Offset 11-10 - Port 4 Status / Control

I/O Offset 13-12 - Port 5 Status / Control



Device 16 Function 3 Registers - USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 6-7

This Universal Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with UHCI specification v1.1. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in UHCI specification v1.1. The registers in this function control USB ports 6-7 (see function 0 for ports 0-1, function 1 for ports 2-3 and function 2 for ports 4-5).

Offset 1	-0 - Vendor ID (1106h)RO
15-0	Vendor ID (1106h = VIA Technologies)
Offset 3	8-2 - Device ID (3038h)RO
15-0	Device ID (3038h = VT8237R Plus USB Controller)
Offset 5	5-4 - Command (0000h)RW
15-8	Reserved always reads 0
7	Reserved (address stepping)fixed at 0
6	Reserved (parity error response)fixed at 0
5	Reserved (VGA palette snoop)fixed at 0
4	Memory Write and Invalidate default=0 (disabled)
3	Reserved (special cycle monitoring)fixed at 0
2	Bus Masterdefault=0 (disabled)
1	Memory Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
0	I/O Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
Offset 7	7-6 - Status (0210h)RWC
15	Reserved (detected parity error) always reads 0
14	Signalled System Error default=0
13	Received Master Abortdefault=0
12	Received Target Abort default=0
11	Signalled Target Abortdefault=0
10-9	DEVSEL# Timing
	00 Fast
	01 Mediumdefault (fixed)
	10 Slow
	11 Reserved
8-0	Reserved

Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh)RO
7-0 Silicon Revision Code (0 indicates first silicon)
y v Sincon revision code (v indicates inst sincon)
Offset 9 - Programming Interface (00h)RO
Offset A - Sub Class Code (03h=USB Controller)RO
·
Offset B - Base Class Code (0Ch=Serial Bus Controller)RO
Offset C - Cache Line Size (00)RW
Offset D - Latency Timer (16h)RW
Offset E - Header Type (80h)RO
Offset F - BIST (Fixed at 00h)RO
Oliset 1 Bis 1 (1 incu at von) minimum minimum 100
Office 22 20 High I/O Desister Beautiful DW
Offset 23-20 - USB I/O Register Base AddressRW
31-16 Reserved always reads 0
15-5 USB I/O Register Base Address. Port Address for
the base of the 32-byte USB I/O Register block,
corresponding to AD[15:5]
4-0 00001b
Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h)RO†
Offset 2F-2E - Sub Device ID (3038h)RO†
† RW if $Rx42[4] = 1$.
Occ (24 B M (C 1994 (001) BW
Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h) RW
Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h)RW
7-4 Reserved always reads 0
3-0 USB Interrupt Routing
0000 Disabled default
0001 IRQ1
0010 Reserved
0011 IRQ3
0100 IRQ4
0101 IRQ5
0110 IRQ6
0111 IRQ7
1000 IRQ8
1001 IRQ9
1010 IRQ10
1011 IRQ11
1100 IRQ12
1101 IRQ13
1110 IRQ14
1111 Disabled
Offset 3D - Interrupt Pin (02h)RO
7-0 Interrupt Pin default = 02h (INTB#)



USB 1.1-Specific Configuration Registers

40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)RW	Offset 4	41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (10h)RW
Reserved always reads 0	7	USB 1.1 Improvement for EOP
Babble Option		This bit controls whether USB Specification 1.1 or
This bit controls whether the port is disabled when		1.0 is followed when a stuffing error occurs before an
EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs. Babble is		EOP (End-Of-Packet). A stuffing error results when
		the receiver sees seven consecutive ones in a packet.
		Under USB specification 1.1, when this occurs in the
		interval just before an EOP, the receiver will accept
1		the packet. Under USB specification 1.0, the packet
		is ignored.
		0 USB Spec 1.1 Compliant (packet accepted) def
		1 USB Spec 1.0 Compliant (packet ignored)
		Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	2	Trap Option
		Under the UHCI spec, port 60 / 64 is trapped only
		when its corresponding enable bits are set. When this
		bit is set, trap can be set without checking the enable
		bits.
11 0 1		0 Set trap 60/64 status bits only when trap 60/64
		enable bits are set default
		1 Set trap 60/64 status bits without checking enable bits
	1	
	1	A20Gate Pass Through Option This bit controls whether the A20Gate pass-through
		sequence (as defined in UHCI) is followed. The
		A20Gate sequence consists of 4 commands. When
		this bit is 0, the 4-command sequence is followed.
		When this bit is 1, the last command (write FFh to
		port 64) is skipped.
		0 A20GATE Pass-through command sequence
iteser veu		as defined in UHCI
		1 Last command skipped
	0	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	Babble Option This bit controls whether the port is disabled when	Reserved



Offset 4	42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (03h)RW	Offset	49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (03h)RW
7	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0		Reservedalways reads 0
6-5	Reserved always reads 0	5-4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	SubVendor ID / SubDevice ID Backdoor		`
4		3-2	Reserved always reads 0
	0 Rx2C-2F ROdefault 1 Rx2C-2F RW	1	EHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State 0 Not Supported
3-2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0		1 Supporteddefault
1-0	Reservedalways reads 11b	0	UHCI Supports PME Assertion in D3 Cold State 0 Not Supported
Offset 4	43 - Miscellaneous Control 4 (00h)RW		1 Supporteddefault
7-5	Reservedalways reads 0		11
4	Reserved (Do Not Program)default = 0	Offset	4A - Miscellaneous Control 7 (A0h)RW
3	Continue Transmission of Erroneous Data on	7-3	USB 1.1 Bus Timeout Parameter default = 14h
	FIFO Underrun	2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	0 Enabledefault	1	Reserved always reads 0
	1 Disable	0	Use External 60 MHz Clock
2	Issue CRC Error Instead of Stuffing Error on	v	0 Disable default
_	FIFO Underrun		1 Enable
	0 Enabledefault		1 Endoic
	1 Disable		
1-0	Reserved always reads 0		
1-0	Reserved arways reads o	Offset	60 - Serial Bus Release NumberRO
Offset 4	48 - Miscellaneous Control 5RW	7-0	Release Numberalways reads 10h
7-5	Reserved always reads 0		
4-3	Reserved (Do Not Program)default = 0		
	Reserved (Do Not Program) default – 0		
2		O.CC 4	03 00 PM C 1714
	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun		83-80 – PM CapabilityRO
			83-80 – PM Capability
	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h
2	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW
2	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability StatusRW PM Capability Status
2	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	O Enable	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
2	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0 Offset	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status
1	Issue Bad CRC5 in SOF After FIFO Underrun 0 Enable	31-0 Offset 7-0	PM Capabilityalways reads FFC2 0001h 84 – PM Capability Status



USB 1.1 Ports 6-7 I/O Registers

These registers are compliant with the UHCI v1.1 standard. Refer to the UHCI v1.1 specification for further details.

I/O Offset 1-0 - USB Command

I/O Offset 3-2 - USB Status

I/O Offset 5-4 - USB Interrupt Enable

I/O Offset 7-6 - Frame Number

I/O Offset B-8 - Frame List Base Address

I/O Offset 0C - Start Of Frame Modify

I/O Offset 11-10 - Port 6 Status / Control

I/O Offset 13-12 - Port 7 Status / Control



Device 16 Function 4 Registers - USB 2.0 EHCI

This Enhanced Serial Bus host controller interface is fully compatible with EHCI specification v1.0. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI configuration registers and USB I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 4 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The USB I/O registers are defined in EHCI specification v1.0. The registers in this function control USB 2.0 functions (see functions 0-3 for USB 1.1 UHCI control).

Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h)RO

PCI Configuration Space Header

15-0	Vendor ID (1106h = VIA Technologies)
Offset 3	8-2 - Device ID (3104h)RO
15-0	
	Controller)
Offset 5	5-4 - Command (0000h)RW
15-8	
7	Address Steppingdefault=0 (disabled)
6	Reserved (parity error response)fixed at 0
5	Reserved (VGA palette snoop)fixed at 0
4	Memory Write and Invalidatedefault=0 (disabled)
3	Reserved (special cycle monitoring)fixed at 0
2	Bus Masterdefault=0 (disabled)
1	Memory Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
0	I/O Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
Offset 7	7-6 - Status (0210h)RWC
15	Reserved (detected parity error) always reads 0
14	Signaled System Errordefault=0
13	Received Master Abortdefault=0
12	Received Target Abort default=0
11	Signaled Target Abort default=0
10-9	DEVSEL# Timing
	00 Fast
	01 Mediumdefault (fixed)
	10 Slow
	11 Reserved
8-0	Reserved fixed 10h (PCI PMI)

Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh).....RO

Offset 9 - Programming Interface (20h)
Offset 13-10 – EHCI Memory Mapped I/O Base Addr. RW
31-8 EHCI Memory Mapped I/O Registers Base Address. Memory Address for the base of the USB 2.0 EHCI I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[31:8] 7-3 Reserved
Offset 2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h)
Offset 34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h) RW
Offset 3C - Interrupt Line (00h)RW
7-4 Reservedalways reads 0
3-0 USB Interrupt Routing
0000 Disabled
Off. (2D) International Pt. (021)

7-0 Silicon Revision Code



USB 2.0-Specific Configuration Registers

Offset -	40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (40h)RW	Offset 5C - PHY Control (53h) RW
7	Reserved always reads 0	7 DPLL Zero Phase Start Select
6	Babble Option	0 ZPS takes 8-bit times to start default
	This bit controls whether the port is disabled when	1 ZPS takes 4-bit times to start
	EOF (End-Of-Frame) babble occurs. Babble is	6-4 Delay DPLL Input Data Control default = 101b†
	unexpected bus activity that persists into the EOF	3-2 DPLL Track Speed Select default = 00b
	interval. When this bit is 0, the port with the EOF	1-0 DPLL Lock Speed Select default = 11b
	babble is disabled. When it is 1, it is not disabled	$\dagger Rx5C[6:4]$ recommended value = 000b
	0 Automatically disable babbled port when EOF	
	babble occurs	Offset 5D - High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor
	1 Don't disable babbled portdefault	Fine Tune 3 (88h)RW
5	PCI Parity Check	7-4 CTRL_F[3:0]
_	0 Disabledefault	3-0 CTRL_E [3:0]
	1 Enable	
4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0	Offset 5E - High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor
3-2	Reserved always reads 0	Fine Tune 4 (88h)RW
1	DMA Options	7-4 CTRL_H[3:0] default = 8h
_	0 16 DW burst accessdefault	3-0 CTRL_G[3:0]default = 8h
	1 8 DW burst access	
0	Reservedalways reads 0	
Offset -	48 - Miscellaneous Control 5 (A0h)RW	Offset 60 - Serial Bus Release Number (20h)RO
7-6	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0	7-0 Release Numberalways reads 20h for USB 2.0
5	CCA Burst Access	7-0 Release Numberalways leads 2011 for OSB 2.0
	0 Burst enable	Offset 61 - Frame Length Adjust (20h)RO
	1 Burst disabledefault	
4-1	Reserved always reads 0	
0	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0	
Offset	49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (20h)RW	Offset 63-62 – Port Wake Capability (0001h)RO
7-6	Reserved (Do Not Program)	
5	Clock Auto Stop	
3	0 Disable, no stop	Offset 6B-68 - Legacy Support Extended Capability RO
	1 Enable, auto stopdefault	
4	Auto Power Down Receiver Squelch Detector	31-0 Capabilitiesalways reads 0000 0001h
7	0 Auto Power Downdefault	Offset 6F-6C - Legacy Support Control / StatusRW
		31-0 Control / Statusalways reads 0000 0000h
3-0	1 Always Powered Up Reservedalways reads 0	31-0 Control / Statusaiways ieads 0000 0000ii
3-0	Reserved arways reads 0	
	5A - High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor	Offset 83-80 – PM CapabilityRO
Fine T	une 1 (88h)RW	31-0 PM Capability always reads FFC2 0001h
7-4	CTRL_D[3:0] default = 8h	Official 94 DM Completite Status
3-0	CTRL_C[3:0] default = 8h	Offset 84 – PM Capability StatusRW
0.00	-n - H	7-0 PM Capability Status
	5B - High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor	00 D0default
	une 2 (88h)RW	01 -reserved-
7-4	CTRL_B[3:0] default = 8h	10 -reserved-
3-0	CTRL_A[3:0] default = 8h	11 D3 Hot



EHCI USB 2.0 I/O Registers

These registers are compliant with the EHCI v1.0 standard. Refer to the EHCI v1.0 specification for further details.

EHCI Capabilities

I/O Offset 0 - Capability Register Length (10h)

I/O Offset 3-2 - Interface Version Number (0100h)RO† I/O Offset 7-4 - Structure Parameters (0000 3206h) ...RO† I/O Offset B-8 - Capability Parameters (0000 6872h) .RO† † RW if Rx42[4] = 1.

Host Controller Operations

I/O Offset 13-10 - USB Command

I/O Offset 17-14 - USB Status

I/O Offset 1B-18 - USB Interrupt Enable

I/O Offset 1F-1C - USB Frame Index

I/O Offset 23-20 - 4G Segment Selector

I/O Offset 27-24 - Frame List Base Address

I/O Offset 2B-28 - Next Asynchronous List Address

I/O Offset 53-50 - Configured Flags

I/O Offset 57-54 - Port 0 Status / Control

I/O Offset 5B-58 - Port 1 Status / Control

I/O Offset 5F-5C - Port 2 Status / Control

I/O Offset 63-60 - Port 3 Status / Control

I/O Offset 67-64 - Port 4 Status / Control

I/O Offset 6B-88 - Port 5 Status / Control

I/O Offset 6F-6C - Port 6 Status / Control

I/O Offset 73-70 - Port 7 Status / Control



<u>Device 16 Function 5 Registers - USB Direct Device</u> <u>Communications</u>

The registers in this function control USB direct device communications. There are two sets of software accessible registers: PCI Configuration registers and Memory Mapped I/O registers. The PCI configuration registers are located in the Device 16 Function 5 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. The Memory Mapped I/O registers are accessible in the system memory space at an address defined in the UDCI (USB Device Controller Interface) Base Address register at PCI Configuration offset 13-10

Offset 1	-0 - Vendor ID (1106h)RO
	Vendor ID (1106h = VIA Technologies)
Offset 3	-2 - Device ID (D104h)RO
	Device ID (D104h = VT8237R Plus USB UDCI Ctrlr)
Offset 5	-4 - Command (0000h)RW
15-8	Reserved always reads 0
7	Address Steppingdefault=0 (disabled)
6	Reserved (parity error response)fixed at 0
5	Reserved (VGA palette snoop) fixed at 0
4	Memory Write and Invalidate default=0 (disabled)
3	Reserved (special cycle monitoring)fixed at 0
2	Bus Master default=0 (disabled)
1	Memory Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
0	I/O Spacedefault=0 (disabled)
Offset 7	-6 - Status (0210h)RWC
Offset 7	-6 - Status (0210h)RWC Reserved (detected parity error) always reads 0
	Reserved (detected parity error) always reads 0 Signaled System Error default=0
15	Reserved (detected parity error) always reads 0
15 14	Reserved (detected parity error) always reads 0 Signaled System Error default=0
15 14 13	Reserved (detected parity error)
15 14 13 12	Reserved (detected parity error)always reads 0Signaled System Errordefault=0Received Master Abortdefault=0Received Target Abortdefault=0
15 14 13 12 11	Reserved (detected parity error)always reads 0Signaled System Errordefault=0Received Master Abortdefault=0Received Target Abortdefault=0Signaled Target Abortdefault=0DEVSEL# Timing00 Fast
15 14 13 12 11	Reserved (detected parity error)always reads 0Signaled System Errordefault=0Received Master Abortdefault=0Received Target Abortdefault=0Signaled Target Abortdefault=0DEVSEL# Timing
15 14 13 12 11	Reserved (detected parity error)always reads 0Signaled System Errordefault=0Received Master Abortdefault=0Received Target Abortdefault=0Signaled Target Abortdefault=0DEVSEL# Timing00 Fast
15 14 13 12 11	Reserved (detected parity error)always reads 0Signaled System Errordefault=0Received Master Abortdefault=0Received Target Abortdefault=0Signaled Target Abortdefault=0DEVSEL# Timing00 Fast01 Mediumdefault (fixed)
15 14 13 12 11	Reserved (detected parity error)
15 14 13 12 11 10-9	Reserved (detected parity error)
15 14 13 12 11 10-9	Reserved (detected parity error)

Offset 9	9 - Programming Interface (00h)RO
Offset A	A - Sub Class Code (80h)RO
Offset 1	B - Base Class Code (02h)RO
	C – Cache Line Size (00h)RW D - Latency Timer (16h)RW
Offset	13-10 – UDCI Memory Mapped I/O Base Addr. RW
31-8	UDCI Memory Mapped I/O Registers Base Address. Memory Address for the base of the USB UDCI I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[31:8]
7-3 2-1	Reserved always reads 0 Memory Mapping reads 00b for 32-bit addressing
2-1 0	Reservedalways reads 0
	2D-2C - Sub Vendor ID (1106h)RO†
Offset 2	2F-2E - Sub Device ID (D104h)RO†
† RW i	f Rx42[4] = 1.
Offset 3	34 - Power Management Capabilities (80h)RW
Offset 3	3C - Interrupt Line (00h)RW
7-4	Reservedalways reads 0
3-0	USB Interrupt Routing
	0000 Disableddefault
	0001 IRQ1
	0010 Reserved
	0011 IRQ3
	0100 IRQ4
	0101 IRQ5
	0110 IRQ6
	0111 IRQ7
	1000 IRQ8
	1001 IRQ9 1010 IRQ10
	1010 IRQ10 1011 IRQ11
	1100 IRQ12
	1100 IRQ12 1101 IRQ13
	1110 IRQ14
	1111 Disabled
0.00	
	3D - Interrupt Pin (04h)RO
7-0	Interrupt Pindefault = 04h (INTD#)



USB-Device-Communications-Specific Registers

USB Device Communications Control

7-2	40 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (00h)RW Reservedalways reads 0
/-2 1	DMA Options
1	0 16 DW burst accessdefault
	1 8 DW burst access
0	Reservedalways reads 0
U	Reserved arways reads 0
Offset 4	41 - Miscellaneous Control 2 (00h)RW
7-1	Reserved always reads 0
0	IRQ Generation Test
	0 Normal operationdefault
	1 Generate USB IRQ
0.00	42 M. H. C. (12 (001) DW
	42 - Miscellaneous Control 3 (00h)RW
7-5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Subsystem ID / Subvendor ID Backdoor
	0 Disable (Rx2F-2C are RO)default
	1 Enable (Rx2F-2C are RW)
3-0	Reserved always reads 0
Offset 4	44 - PHY Signal Monitoring 1 (00h)RW
7-1	Reserved always reads 0
0	PHY Signal Monitoring
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
Offset 4	45 - PHY Signal Monitoring 2 (00h)RW
7-4	
3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2	PHY Signal Status - Squelch
1	PHY Signal Status - Disconnect

PHY Signal Status – Term On

Offset 4	48 - Miscellaneous Control 5 (A0h)RW
7	USB 2.0 EOP Pattern (FEh) Error Check
	0 Enable
	1 Disable default
6	Reserved always reads 0
5	CCA Burst Access
	0 Enable
	1 Disabledefault
4-0	Reservedalways reads 0
Offset 4	49 - Miscellaneous Control 6 (60h)RW
7	Reserved always reads 0
6	Full Speed Clock Auto Stop
	0 Disable (no stop)
	1 Enable (auto stop)default
5	High Speed Clock Auto Stop
	0 Disable (no stop)
	1 Enable (auto stop)default
4	Auto Power Down Receiver Squelch Detector
	0 Enable (auto power down)default
	` 1 /
	1 Disable (always powered up) Reservedalways reads 0



USB Device Communications MAC Control

7-0 MAC Receiver Enable Delay (00h)......RW 7-0 MAC Receiver Enable Delay Parameter . def = 00h Offset 4B - MAC Turnaround Time Delay (09h)RW 7-5 Reservedalways reads 0 4 Automatic Hardware Reset of Device Address When USB Bus Reset is Received 0 Enable (auto reset)......default 1 Disable (no reset) 3-0 USB 2.0 MAC Transmit Turnaround Time Parameterdefault = 9h

Offset 51 – USB 2.0 MAC Timeout Parameter (5Ah)....RW

This register contains the USB 2.0 receive timeout parameter in units of bytes. The host controller of a device expecting a response to a transmission must not timeout the transaction if the inter-packet delay is between 736 and 816 bit times. The worst-case round trip delay is 721 bit times.

7-0 USB 2.0 Receive Timeout Parameter def = 5Ah

USB Device Communications PHY Control

Offset 5	58 – PHY Control 1 (00h)RW
7	Test UTM Elastic Buffer Error Control
•	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
6	Reservedalways reads 0
5	Internal Receive Block During Transmission
3	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
4	UTM Test Mode Clock Select
7	0 Use APLL Clock
	1 Use External Input
3	Internal Loopback Mode
3	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
2-0	Reservedalways reads 0
2-0	Reserveu aiways leaus 0
Offset 5	59 - PHY Control 2 (08h)RW
7	PHY Auto Power Down
	0 Enable (if the port is suspended, the port will
	auto power down)default
	1 Disable
6	Reserved always reads 0
5	UTM Autocheck
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
4	Reserved always reads 0
3	Digital PLL Fast Lock
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault
2	Digital PLL Loop Back
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
1-0	Reserved always reads 0
Offset 5	SA – High Speed Port Pad Fine Tune (08h)RW
	Reserved always reads 0
	High Speed Port Pad Termination Resistor Fine
5-0	Tunedefault = 8h
	Tuneuciauit on
Offset 5	5C - PHY Control 3 (53h) RW
7	Fast Start (DPLL Zero Phase Start Select)
,	0 ZPS takes 8 bit-times to start select)
(1	
6-4	DPLL Input Data Delay
3-2	DPLL Track Speed Select
1-0	DPLL Lock Speed Select def=11b



USB Device Communications SRAM Control

Offset 71-70 - SRAM Direct Access Address (0000h)....RW **15-9 Reserved** always reads 0 The valid address range for SRAM 0 is 0 to 011h. The valid address range for SRAM 1 is 0 to 100h The valid address range for SRAM 2 is 0 to 100h Offset 73 – SRAM Direct Access Control (00h).....RW Reservedalways reads 0 7-6 SRAM Select There are three SRAMs in the device controller: 00 SRAM 0 - Control Endpoint (18x32).....default 01 SRAM 1 - Bulk Endpoint (129x32) 10 SRAM 2 - Bulk Endpoint (129x32) 11 -reserved-3-2 Reservedalways reads 0 SRAM Operation Startwrite 1 to trigger **SRAM Read / Write Control** 0 Readdefault 1 Write

Offset 77-74 - SRAM Direct Access Data (00000000h) .RW

This 32-bit register stores data read from the SRAM or data to write to the SRAM.

USB Device Communications Power Management Control

Offset 8	83-80 – PM CapabilityRO
31-0	PM Capability Rx41[1]=0: reads 480A 0001h
	Rx41[1]=1: reads C9C2 0001h
Offset 8	84 – PM Capability StatusRW
7-0	PM Capability Status
	00 D0default
	01 -reserved-
	10 -reserved-
	11 D3 Hot



USB Device Controller Interface (UDCI) Memory Mapped I/O Registers

USB Communications Capability USB Shadow Registers Offset 0 - Capability Register Length (10h)RO Offset F-C - EHCI Port 0 Shadow.....RO Capability Register Length.....always reads 10h This register shadows the EHCI Port 0 Status register. Offset 1 – Interface Version (10h).....RO Interface Version Numberalways reads 10h Offset 3-2 - Structure Parameters 1 (0121h).....RO 15-12 Number of Isochronous Endpoints Implemented always reads 0h Number of Interrupt In Endpoints Implementedalways reads 1h **Number of Bulk Endpoints Implemented**always reads 2h This field shows the actual hardware that is capable of independently managing streams. 3-0 **Number of Control Endpoints Implemented**always reads 1h Offset 7-4 - Structure Parameters 2 (0200 0040h)RO 31-16 Endpoint 1 Max FIFO Size always reads 0200h 15-0 Endpoint 0 Max FIFO Sizealways reads 0040h Offset B-8 - Structure Parameters 3 (0008 0200h).....RO 31-16 Endpoint 3 Max FIFO Sizealways reads 0008h 15-0 Endpoint 2 Max FIFO Sizealways reads 0200h



USB Device Controller Operation

Offset 1	11-10 – USB Device Command (0010h)RW	Offset	13-12 – USB Device Status (0010h)
15	Device Address Change default = 0	15-8	Reserved always reads 0
	This bit is cleared by hardware when the next SETUP	7	Device Port Resume Detectedwrite 1 to clear
	command is received. When this bit is 1, hardware		This bit indicates whether the controller has detected
	will decode both the old address and the newly		bus host resume.
	changed address. When changing the device address,		0 No resume detected
	this bit must also be set for status phase decoding.		1 Host resume detected
14-8	Device Address default = 00h	6	Device Port Bus Suspend Detected .write 1 to clear
	This field specifies the device address. This field is		This bit indicates whether the controller has detected
	reset to its default value if a USB bus reset is		bus suspend. If the bus suspend is detected, pullup
	received. This field should be programmed by		resistor status will also be set.
	software after the address setup procedure is		0 No suspend detected default
	complete.		1 Bus suspend detected
7-5	Reservedalways reads 0	5	Device ResetRO
4	Device Controller High Speed Support		This bit is set by the controller if the USB bus reset is
	0 Disable (full speed only)default		complete.
	1 Enable (high speed supported)		0 Not emulated default
3	Device Force Resume		1 Emulated
	0 Disabledefault	4	Controller HaltedRO
	1 Enable		This bit is zero whenever the Run / Stop bit is one.
	This bit forces the suspended device port to issue a		This bit is set if the controller is stopped.
	resume signal to wakeup the host. Hardware clears		0 Running
	this bit automatically after it is set by software.		1 Halted default
	Suspend status must be checked before setting this	3	Controller System Errorwrite 1 to clear
	bit.		The controller sets this bit to one when a serious error
2	Automatic Device Mode		occurs during a system access. If this bit is set, the
	0 Manual modedefault		controller also clears the "Run/Stop" bit and sets the
	1 Automatic Mode (the device controller		"Halted" bit.
	automatically controls the dedicated port for		0 No errordefault
	device operation)		1 System error
1	Controller Reset	2	Bus Activities Interruptwrite 1 to clear
	0 Disabledefault		The controller sets this bit when any USB bus
	1 Enable (writing a 1 to this bit resets the device		activities interrupt is generated. Bus activities
	controller; this bit is set to 0 by hardware		include bus reset, bus suspend and bus resume.
	when the reset process is complete)		0 No bus activities interrupt default
0	Run / Stop		1 Bus activities interrupt generated
	0 Stopdefault	1	Reserved always reads 0
	1 Run (setting this bit enables device controller	0	Transaction Complete Interrupt write 1 to clear
	operations, including host / device negotiation		The controller sets this bit when a transaction is
	and endpoint DMA)		completed. Software must clear the interrupts from
			all endpoints first before clearing this bit.
			0 No interrupt default
			I Interrunt generated

1 Interrupt generated



Offset 1	5-14 – USB Device Interrupt Enable (0000h)RW
15-4	Reserved always reads 0
3	Controller System Error Interrupt Enable
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable (the controller will generate an
	interrupt if a system error occurs)
2	Bus Activities Interrupt Enable
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable (the controller will generate an
	interrupt if any bus activity occurs - bus
	activities include bus reset, bus suspend and
	bus resume)
1	Reserved always reads 0
0	Transaction Complete Interrupt Enable
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable (the controller will generate an
	interrupt on completion of a transaction)

Offset 1	7-16 – USB Device Port Control Status (1000h) WC
15-13	Reserved for Test (Do Not Program) default = 0h
12	Device Port Power ControlRW
	This bit enables power on the device port connector.
	0 Disable Port Power
	1 Enable Port Powerdefault
11	Reserved always reads 0
10	USB Host Controller Is Using This Device PortRO
	Indicates if UHCI or EHCI is using the device port.
9	USB Bus Line Status (D+)RO
8	USB Bus Line Status (D-)RO
	Bits 8-9 show the current state of the USB signals.
7	Pullup Resistor StatusRO
	Indicates whether the pullup resistor is connected. If
	connected, the host is not USB 2.0 capable.
	0 Not connected default
	1 Connected
6	Termination Resistor StatusRO
	Indicates whether the termination resistor is
	connected. If connected, the host is USB 2.0 capable.
	0 Not connected default
	1 Connected
5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Port OwnerRW
	This bit selects the owner of the dedicated port. This
	bit is set by the device controller in automatic mode.
	0 Host owned default
_	1 Device owned
3	Pullup Resistor RW
	This bit enables the 1.5K ohm pullup resistor of the
	D+ line. This bit is used only in manual mode.
	0 Disabledefault
•	1 Enable
2	Termination Resistor
	This bit enables the 45 ohm termination resistor.
	This bit is used only in manual mode.
	0 Disable default
1	1 Enable Connection ChangeWrite 1 to Clear
1	<u> </u>
	S .
0	1 Status changed (set if the bit-0 state changes) Remote Host Connected
0	0 Not connected default
	1 Connected (set if the remote host is connected
	to the device port)
	to the device port)
Offset 1	8 – Device Mode Listen Timeout (10h)RW
7-0	Device Mode Listen Timeout Parameter def=10h

Offset 19 – Host Mode Waiting Timeout (10h)RW
7-0 Host Mode Waiting Timeout Parameter... def=10h



USB Device Endpoint Controller Operation

Offset 23-20 - Endpoint 0 Status/Control (0040 0000h) WC

This endpoint is a "Control" endpoint with a default maximum packet size of 64 bytes. See right-hand column for Status / Control bit descriptions for all 4 endpoints.

Offset 37-24 - Endpoint 0 Transfer Descriptor.....RW

See following pages for "Control Endpoint" transfer descriptor definition.

Offset 43-40 – Endpoint 1 Status/Control (1200 8000h) RW

This endpoint is a "Bulk In" endpoint with a default maximum packet size of 512 bytes. See right-hand column for Status / Control bit descriptions for all 4 endpoints.

Offset 5B-44 - Endpoint 1 Transfer DescriptorRW

See following pages for "Bulk In" transfer descriptor definition.

Offset 63-60 - Endpoint 2 Status/Control (2200 8000h) RW

This endpoint is a "Bulk Out" endpoint with a default maximum packet size of 512 bytes. See right-hand column for Status / Control bit descriptions for all 4 endpoints.

Offset 7B-64 – Endpoint 2 Transfer DescriptorRW

See following pages for "Bulk Out" transfer descriptor definition.

Offset 83-80 – Endpoint 3 Status/Control (3008 4000h) RW

This endpoint is an "Interrupt In" endpoint with a default maximum packet size of 8 bytes. See right-hand column for Status / Control bit descriptions for all 4 endpoints.

Offset 8B-84 - Endpoint 3 Transfer DescriptorRW

See following pages for "Interrupt In" transfer descriptor definition.

Endnoi	nts 0-3 Status / Control Bit Definitions
	Endpoint ID Number
31-20	Only the 2 lsbs are writable since only four endpoints
	are implemented in this design.
27	Reservedalways reads 0
	Endpoint Max Packet Size. default = max FIFO size
20-10	This field specifies the maximum packet size of this
	endpoint. The value programmed must not exceed
	that defined in the capability registers.
	default = 64 bytes for endpoint 0
	default = 512 bytes for endpoints 1-2
	default = 8 bytes for endpoint 3
15 14	Endpoint TypeRO
13-14	00 Control endpoint default for endpoint 0
	01 Interrupt endpoint default for endpoint 3
	10 Bulk I/O endpoint default for endpoints 1-2
	11 Isochronous endpoint (unused in this design)
13	Reserved
13	Endpoint DMA Engine Active StatusRO
12	Set by the endpoint controller if it starts the DMA
	engine (including USB & OCI bus traffic), cleared on
	DMA process complete. When this bit is 1, software
	must not modify the related data buffer default = 0
11	Endpoint Stalled
11	If this bit is set, the DMA engine will halt
	immediately and return a STALL handshake to USB
	bus queries. The endpoint controller will also set this
	bit if the DMA engine encounters a serious error.
	0 Endpoint not stalled default
	1 Endpoint stalled
10	Endpoint Transfer CompleteWrite 1 to Clear
10	The controller sets this bit when it completes a
	transfer if the schedule has its IOC bit set. If
	interrupts are enabled, the controller will also
	generate an interrupt
9-3	Reserved always reads 0
2	Endpoint Light Reset
_	This bit is cleared by hardware on reset complete.
	Software should wait until this bit goes back to 0
	before initiating any further operations)
	0 No reset
	1 Endpoint light reset
1	Endpoint DMA Engine
•	Software may disable the DMA engine by clearing
	this bit to remove the schedule. Software must check
	to make sure the DMA active status is zero before
	removing or modifying the schedule.
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable (activate the DMA engine)
0	Endpoint Run / Stop
v	Hardware clears this bit if a serious error is detected.
	0 04 (41 4 11 111 4 11 4 11 4 11

Stop (the controller will not respond to any USB host packets) default
 Run (when set, the endpoint controller starts

executing the specified descriptor)



Endpoint Transfer Descriptor – "Control" Endpoint		
0.66 / 2	5.44 T	
Offset 2	7-24 – Transfer ControlRW	
31	Data Toggle (initial data toggle of this transfer)	
	0 Data 0	
	1 Data 1	
	Reserved always reads 0	
28-16	Total Bytes to Transfer Max = 4K Bytes	
15	Interrupt On Complete (IOC)	
	0 Disable	
	1 Enable (an interrupt will be issued when data	
	phase transfer or setup command transfer is	
	complete or a short packet is received)	
14-13	Reserved always reads 0	
12	Buffer Pointer Page	
	Index into data phase descriptor buffer pointer list.	
11	Transfer Direction	
	0 Out (from the viewpoint of the host)	
	1 In (from the viewpoint of the host)	
10-4	Reserved always reads 0	
3	Transfer Status – Active	
	1 = DMA engine is active.	
2	Transfer Status - Short Packet Detected	
	1 = If IOC is set, an interrupt is also generated.	
1	Transfer Status – Babble Detected	

Offset 2C-28 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 0RW

1 does not generate an interrupt. **Transfer Status – Transaction Error**1 does not generate an interrupt.

31-12 Buffer Pointer (Page 0)

11-0 Current Offset

The buffer pointers for pages 0-1 point to the physical memory address that stores all the data to transfer.

Offset 2F-2D – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 1......RW 31-12 Buffer Pointer (Page 1) 11-1 Reservedalways reads 0 Valid 8-Byte Setup Command Received 0 Setup command sequence not received ..default 1 Setup command sequence received (data is contained in the following two double words)

Offset 30 - Command Byte 0	RW
Offset 31 – Command Byte 1	RW
Offset 32 – Command Byte 2	RW
Offset 33 – Command Byte 3	RW
Offset 34 – Command Byte 4	RW
Offset 35 – Command Byte 5	RW
Offset 36 – Command Byte 6	RW
Offset 37 – Command Byte 7	RW

Endpoint Transfer Descriptor - "Interrupt In" Endpoint

Offset 8	7-84 – Transfer ControlRW	
31	Data Toggle (initial data toggle of this transfer)	
	0 Data 0	
	1 Data 1	
	Reserved always reads 0	
	Total Bytes to Transfer Max = 8 Bytes	
15	Interrupt On Complete (IOC)	
	0 Disable	
	1 Enable (an interrupt will be issued when this	
	transaction is complete or a short packet is	
	received)	
	Reserved always reads 0	
3	Transfer Status – Active	
2-1	Reserved always reads 0	
0	Transfer Status – Transaction Error	
	Includes timeout or PID error. 1 does not generate an	
	interrupt.	
Offset 9	0 – Data Byte 0RW	
	1 – Data Byte 1RW	
<u>Offset 92 – Data Byte 2RW</u>		
Offset 93 – Data Byte 3RW		
<u>Offset 94 – Data Byte 4RW</u>		
Offset 95 – Data Byte 5RW		
Offset 96 – Data Byte 6RW		
	7 – Data Byte 7RW	



Endpoi	nt Transfer Descriptor – "Bulk In" Endpoint	Endpoi	nt Transfer Descriptor – "Bulk Out" Endpoint
Offset 4	7-44 – Transfer ControlRW	Offset (67-64 – Transfer ControlRW
	Data Toggle (initial data toggle of this transfer) 0 Data 0 1 Data 1	31	Data Toggle (initial data toggle of this transfer) 0 Data 0 1 Data 1
30-16	Total Bytes to Transfer Max = 16K Bytes	30-16	Total Bytes to TransferMax = 16K Bytes
15	Interrupt On Complete (IOC)	15	Interrupt On Complete (IOC)
	 0 Disable 1 Enable (an interrupt will be issued when transfer is complete or a short packet is received) 		 0 Disable 1 Enable (an interrupt will be issued when transfer is complete or a short packet is received)
14-12	Buffer Pointer Page	14-12	Buffer Pointer Page
	Index into the descriptor buffer pointer list. Valid		Index into the descriptor buffer pointer list. Valid
	values are in the range of 0-4.		values are in the range of 0-4.
11	Transfer Direction	11	Transfer Direction
	0 Out (from the viewpoint of the host)		0 Out (from the viewpoint of the host)
10.4	1 In (from the viewpoint of the host) Reserved always reads 0	10.4	1 In (from the viewpoint of the host) Reservedalways reads 0
3	Transfer Status – Active	3	Transfer Status – Active
2	Transfer Status – Short Packet Detected	2	Transfer Status – Short Packet Detected
-	1 = If IOC is set, an interrupt is also generated.	-	1 = If IOC is set, an interrupt is also generated.
1	Transfer Status – Babble Detected	1	Transfer Status – Babble Detected
	1 does not generate an interrupt.		1 does not generate an interrupt.
0	Transfer Status – Transaction Error	0	Transfer Status – Transaction Error
	1 does not generate an interrupt.		1 does not generate an interrupt.
Offset 4	B-48 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 0RW	Offset (6B-68 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 0RW
31-12	Buffer Pointer (Page 0)	31-12	Buffer Pointer (Page 0)
11-0	Current Offset	11-0	Current Offset
Offset 4	F-4C – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 1RW	Offset (6F-6C – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 1RW
	Buffer Pointer (Page 1)		Buffer Pointer (Page 1)
	Reserved always reads 0		Reserved always reads 0
Offset 5	3-50 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 2RW	Offset 7	73-70 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 2RW
	Buffer Pointer (Page 2)		Buffer Pointer (Page 2)
	Reserved always reads 0		Reserved always reads 0
Offset 5	7-54 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 3RW	Offset 7	77-74 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 3RW
31-12	Buffer Pointer (Page 3)	31-12	Buffer Pointer (Page 3)
11-0	Reserved always reads 0	11-0	Reserved always reads 0
Offset 5	B-58 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 4RW	Offset 7	7B-78 – Transfer Buffer Pointer Page 4RW
	Buffer Pointer (Page 4)		Buffer Pointer (Page 4)
	Reserved always reads 0		Reserved always reads 0
	ffer pointers for pages 0-4 point to the physical address that stores all the data to transfer.		ffer pointers for pages 0-4 point to the physical address that stores all the data to transfer.



<u>Device 17 Function 0 Registers – Bus Control and Power Management</u>

All registers are located in the device 17 function 0 configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. These registers are accessed through PCI configuration mechanism #1 via I/O address 0CF8h / 0CFCh.

Offset 1-0 - Vendor ID (1106h)RO		
Offset 3	8-2 - Device ID (3227h)RO	
Offset 5	5-4 - CommandRW	
15-8	Reserved always reads 0	
7	Address / Data Stepping	
	0 Disable	
	1 Enabledefault	
6-4	Reserved always reads 0	
3	Special Cycle Enable RW, default = 0	
2	Bus Master always reads 1	
1	Memory SpaceRO, reads as 1	
0	I/O SpaceRO, reads as 1	
Offset 7	7-6 - StatusRWC	
15	Detected Parity Error write one to clear	
14	Signalled System Error always reads 0	
13	Signalled Master Abort write one to clear	
12	Received Target Abort write one to clear	
11	Signalled Target Abort write one to clear	
10-9	DEVSEL# Timing fixed at 01 (medium)	
8	Data Parity Detected	
	Reads 1 if PERR# is asserted (driven or observed) or	
	a bus master data parity error occurred.	
7	Fast Back-to-Back Capable always reads 0	
6-0	Reserved always reads 0	

Offset 8 - Revision ID (nnh)RO
7-0 Revision ID
Offset 9 - Program Interface (00h)RO
Offset A - Sub Class Code (01h) RO
Offset B - Class Code (06h)RO
Offset E - Header Type (80h)RO
7-0 Header Type Code 80h (Multifunction Device)
Offset F - BIST (00h)RO
Offset 2F-2C - Subsystem IDRO
Use offset 70-73 to change the value returned.



ISA Bus Control

Offset	40 - ISA Bus Control (00h)RW	Offset	42 – Line Buffer Control (00h)RW
7	ISA Command Delay	7	ISA Master DMA Line Buffer
•	0 Normal default		Controls whether the DMA line buffer is used.
	1 Extra		0 Disabledefault
6	I/O Recovery Time		1 Enable. Master DMA waits until the line
	The number of clocks between 2 I/O commands		buffer is full (8 DWords) before transmitting
	0 Disabledefault		data (bit-6 must also be enabled to insure that
	1 Enable (Rx4C[7:6] determines the # of clocks)		there are no coherency issues).
5	ROM Wait States	6	Gate Interrupt Until Line Buffer Flush Complete
	0 1 Wait Statedefault		This bit should be enabled if bit-7 is enabled.
	1 0 Wait State		0 Disable default
4	ROM Write		1 Enable. IRQs are gated until the line buffer is
	0 Disable (ROM writes are ignored)default		flushed to insure that there are no coherency
	1 Enable (ROM can be written)	_	issues.
3	Double DMA Clock	5	Flush Line Buffer for Interrupt
	0 DMA clock runs at 4 MHzdefault		This bit controls whether the line buffer is flushed
	1 DMA clock runs at 8 MHz		when an interrupt request is generated. This bit should be enabled if bit-7 is enabled.
2	4D0 / 4D1 Port Configuration		0 Disabledefault
	Controls whether ports 4D0 / 4D1 can be configured.		1 Enable
	Ports 4D0 / 4D1 determine whether IRQ requests are	4	Uninterruptable Burst Read
	edge or level triggered (4D0[7-0] for IRQ7-0, 4D1[7-	7	0 Disabledefault
	0] for IRQ15-8) $(0 = \text{level}, 1 = \text{edge})$.		1 Enable. The PCI bus is not granted to DMA
	0 Disabledefault 1 Enable		until burst read transactions from the North
1	DMA / Interrupt / Timer Shadow Register Read		Bridge are completed.
1	0 Disabledefault	3	Gate IRQ Until Line Buffer Flush Completed
	1 Enable (shadow register values can be read)		0 Disable default
0	Double ISA Bus Clock		1 Enable
v	0 Bus clock runs at PCLK / 4 (8 MHz)default	2-0	Reservedalways reads 0
	1 Bus clock runs at PCLK / 2 (16 MHz)	0.00	40 D.L. T (C. (1/00L)
	. ,		43 – Delay Transaction Control (00h)RW
	41 – BIOS ROM Decode Control (00h)RW	7-4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	these bits to 1 enables the indicated address range to be	3	Delayed Transactions (PCI Spec Rev 2.1)
include	ed in the LPC BIOS ROM address decode:		This bit controls whether delayed transactions
7	000E0000h-000EFFFFhdefault=0 (disable)		(delayed read / write and posted write) are enabled. 0 Disable
6	FFF00000h-FFF7FFFFhdefault=0 (disable)		1 Enable
5	FFE80000h-FFEFFFFFhdefault=0 (disable)	2	Only Posted Write
4	FFE00000h-FFE7FFFhdefault=0 (disable)	<i>L</i>	This bit controls whether posted write is enabled, as
3	FFD80000h-FFDFFFFFhdefault=0 (disable)		opposed to bit-3 which controls whether delayed read
2	FFD00000h-FFD7FFFFhdefault=0 (disable)		/ write as well as posted write are enabled.
1	FFC80000h-FFCFFFFFhdefault=0 (disable)		0 Disabledefault
0	FFC00000h-FFC7FFFFhdefault=0 (disable)		1 Enable
Note:	The LPC BIOS ROM is always accessed when ISA	1	Write Delay Transaction Timeout Timer

Note: The LPC BIOS ROM is always accessed when ISA addresses FFF80000-FFFFFFFF and 000F0000-000FFFFF are decoded.

	Reserved (Do Not 1 rogram) default – 0
3	Delayed Transactions (PCI Spec Rev 2.1)
	This bit controls whether delayed transactions
	(delayed read / write and posted write) are enabled.
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
2	Only Posted Write
	This bit controls whether posted write is enabled, as
	opposed to bit-3 which controls whether delayed read
	/ write as well as posted write are enabled.
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
1	Write Delay Transaction Timeout Timer
	When enabled, if a delayed transaction (write cycle
	only) is not retried after 212 PCI clocks, the
	transaction is terminated.
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
0	Read Delay Transaction Timeout Timer
	When enabled, if a delayed transaction (read cycle
	only) is not retried after 2 ¹² PCI clocks, the
	transaction is terminated.
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
	Device 17 Function 0 Bus Control Registers
	Device 1/1 unction o bus control registers



Offset	44 – PCI PNP Interrupt Routing INTE/FRW	Offset 4	49 – CCA Control RW
7-4	PCI INTF# Routing (see PnP IRQ routing Table 11)	7	Reserved always reads 0
	PCI INTE# Routing (see PnP IRQ routing Table 11)	6	South Bridge Internal Master Devices Priority
Offeat	45 – PCI PNP Interrupt Routing INTG/HRW		Higher Than External PCI Master
	PCI INTH# Routing (see PnP IRQ routing Table 11)		0 Disabledefault
	PCI INTH# Routing (see PnP IRQ routing Table 11) PCI INTG# Routing (see PnP IRQ routing Table 11)		1 Enable
3-0	PCI IN I G# Routing (see PilP IRQ fouting Table 11)		The "CCA" is an internal arbiter that controls the
Offset -	46 – PCI INTE-F Interrupt ControlRW		priority of external PCI masters vs. internal master
	Reserved always reads 0		devices. Normally priority is the same for internal
4	PCI INT Sharing Control		and external PCI master devices, but when this bit is
•	0 INTE shared with INTAdefault		enabled, internal master devices are given higher
	INTF shared with INTB	_	priority than external PCI masters (3/4 : 1/4).
	INTG shared with INTC	5	CCA Clean to Mask Off IRQ
	INTH shared with INTD		Controls whether interrupt requests are gated until
	1 INTE-INTH routing per Rx44-45		data is written to memory. 0 Disabledefault
	• •		
	The following bits all default to "level" triggered (0)	4.2	
3	PCI INTH# Invert (edge) / Non-invert (level) . (1/0)	4-3 2	Reserved (Do Not Program)default = 0 WSC Mask Off INTR
2	PCI INTG# Invert (edge) / Non-invert (level) . (1/0)	L	Controls whether INTR is masked until write snoop
1	PCI INTF# Invert (edge) / Non-invert (level)(1/0)		is complete.
0	PCI INTE# Invert (edge) / Non-invert (level)(1/0)		0 Disabledefault
Note:	For routing control of PCI INTA-INTD, see Device		1 Enable
	17 Function 0 Rx54-57 and Table 11.	1-0	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
		1-0	Reserved (Do Not Frogram)deraunt – 0
Offset -	48 – Read Pass Write ControlRW		
7	APIC FSB Fixed at Low DW		
	0 Disable (Address Bit-2 not masked)default		
	1 Enable (force A2 from APIC FSB to low)	LPC Fi	irmware Memory Control
	Address bit A2 controls whether data is in the lower		
	(0) or upper (1) doubleword of a quadword sent to	Offset 4	4A – LPC Firmware Memory Control 1RW
	the CPU. When this bit is enabled, A2 is masked	7-1	LPC Firmware Memory Base Address A[23:17]
	which means it is always 0 to select the lower	0	LPC Firmware Memory Programmable IDSEL
	doubleword.	v	0 Disable default
6-4	Reserved always reads 0		1 Enable
3	AC97 / LPC Read Pass Write		1 DAWOL
	0 Disable (a read cannot be performed before a	Offset 4	4B – LPC Firmware Memory Control 2RW
	preceeding write has been completed)default	7	Reserved always reads 0
	1 Enable (internal AC97 and LPC devices are	6-4	LPC Firmware Memory Base Address Mask
	allowed to perform a read before a preceeding		bit-6 = 1 to mask A19 decoding
	write)		bit-5 = 1 to mask A18 decoding
2	IDE Read Pass Write		bit-4 = 1 to mask A17 decoding
	0 Disable (a read cannot be performed before a	3-0	LPC Firmware Memory IDSEL Value
	preceeding write has been completed) default		
	1 Enable (the internal IDE controller is allowed		
	to perform a read before a preceeding write)		
1	USB Read Pass Write		
	0 Disable (a read cannot be performed before a		
	preceeding write has been completed) default		
	1 Enable (the internal USB controllers are		
	allowed to perform a read before a preceeding		
	write)		

NIC Read Pass Write

Disable (a read cannot be performed before a preceding write has been completed) ... default Enable (the internal LAN controller is allowed to perform a read before a preceding write)



Miscellaneous Control

Offset 4	4C - IDE Interrupt Routing (04h)RW	
7-6	I/O Recovery Time Select	
	When Rx40[6] is enabled, this field determines the	
	I/O recovery time.	
	00 1 Bus Clockdefault	
	01 2 Bus Clock	
	10 4 Bus Clock	
	11 8 Bus Clock	
5-4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3-2		
	00 IRQ14	
	01 IRQ15default	
	10 IRQ10	
	11 IRQ11	
1-0	IDE Primary Channel IRQ Routing	
	00 IRQ14default	
	01 IRQ15	
	10 IRQ10	
	11 IRQ11	
Note:	When the internal APIC is enabled, internal IRQ routing to the APIC is fixed as follows:	
INTA#	=> IRQ16	
	=> IRQ17	
	=> IRQ18	
	=> IRQ19	
IDE (Native Mode)/SATA IRQ & INTE => IRQ20		
USB IRQ (all 5 functions) and INTF => IRQ21		
	/ MC'97 IRQ and INTG => IRQ22	
	RQ and INTH => IRQ23	

Table 9. APIC Fixed IRQ Routing

Offset 4	4D – Miscelleneous Control (00h)RW
7-6	LPC Firmware Burst Length Select
	00 Disable burst readdefault
	01 Support 4-byte burst read
	10 -reserved-
	11 Support 4-byte burst read / write & 16-byte
	burst read
5-3	Reserved always reads 0
2	Serial IRQs Always Shared in APIC Mode
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
1	Reserved always reads 0
0	LPC TPM Function
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable

Offset 4	IE - Internal RTC Test ModeRW
7	RTC High Bank Rx38-3F R/W Protect
	0 Disable (allow R/W)default
	1 Enable (Protect)
6	RTC Low Bank Rx38-3F R/W Protect
	0 Disable (allow R/W)default
	1 Enable (Protect)
5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Last Port 70/74 Written Status
	0 Last write was to port 70 default
	1 Last write was to port 74
3	Extra RTC Port 74/75
	The RTC is normally accessed though ports 70/74.
	This bit controls whether two extra ports (74 / 75)
	can be used to access the RTC.
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
2-0	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
Offset 4	F – PCI Bus and CPU Interface Control RW
7-4	Reserved always reads 0
3	CPU Reset Source
	This bit determines whether CPU Reset (generated
	through port 92 or the keyboard) uses INIT or
	CPURST.
	0 Do not use CPURST as CPU Reset default
	1 Use INIT as CPU Reset
2	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
1	Reserved always reads 0
0	Software PCI Reset write 1 to generate PCI reset



Function Control

<u> Hiset</u>	<u> 50 – Fi</u>	inction Control 1 (00h)RW
7	Devi	ce 17 Function 6 MC97
	0	Enabledefault
	1	Disable
6	Devi	ce 17 Function 5 AC97
	0	Enabledefault
	1	Disable
5	Devi	ce 16 Function 1 USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 2-3
	0	Enabledefault
	1	Disable
4	Devi	ce 16 Function 0 USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 0-1
	0	Enabledefault
	1	Disable
3	Devi	ce 15 Function 0 Serial ATA
	0	Enabledefault
	1	Disable
2	Devi	ce 16 Function 2 USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 4-5
	0	Enabledefault
	1	Disable
1	Devi	ce 16 Function 4 USB 2.0 EHCI
	0	Enabledefault
	1	Disable
0	Devi	ce 16 Function 3 USB 1.1 UHCI Ports 6-7
	0	Enabledefault
	1	Disable

Offset:	51 – Fu	nction Control 2 (0Ch)RW
7	USB	Device Mode
	0	Enable default
	1	Disable
6	Rese	rved always reads 0
5	Inter	nal LAN Controller Clock Gating
	When	bit-4 of this register is disabled, the LAN
	funct	ion is disabled but the LAN controller clock is
	not g	ated automatically. This bit controls whether
	the cl	ock is actually gated.
	0	Disabledefault
	1	Enable
4	Inter	nal LAN Controller
	0	Disabledefault
	1	Enable
3	Inter	nal RTC
	0	Disable
	1	Enabledefault
2	Inter	nal PS2 Mouse
	0	Disable
	1	Enabledefault
1	Inter	nal KBC Configuration
	0	Disable ports 2E / 2F offsets E0-EF default
	1	Enable ports 2E / 2F offsets E0-EF
0	Inter	nal Keyboard Controller
	0	Disabledefault
	1	Enable



Serial IRQ, LPC and PC/PCI DMA Control

Offset 52 - Serial IRQ & LPC Control (00h)RW Offset 54 - PCI Interrupt Polarity..... **Reserved** always reads 0always reads 0 Reserved LPC Short Wait Abort The following bits all default to "Non-inverted" 6 Disabledefault triggered (0) Enable. During a short wait, the cycle is 3 PCI INTA# Invert / Non-invert......(1/0) aborted after 8Ts. **PCI INTB# Invert / Non-invert**(1/0) **LPC Frame Wait State Time** PCI INTC# Invert / Non-invert(1/0) 5 1 0 Frame Wait State is 1T.....default 0 **PCI INTD# Invert / Non-invert......** (1/0) 1 Frame Wait State is 2T PCI INTA-D# normally connect to PCI interrupt pins Note: LPC Stop to Start Frame Wait State INTA-D# (see pin definitions for more information). Enable. One idle state is inserted between Stop and Startdefault Offset 55 – PCI PNP Interrupt Routing 1RW Disable. Stop is followed immediately by **PCI INTA# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing table) Start. 3-0 Reservedalways reads 0 **Serial IRO** 3 Offset 56 – PCI PNP Interrupt Routing 2RW 0 Disabledefault Enable (IRQ asserted via Serial IRQ pin AD9) **PCI INTC# Routing** (see PnP IRQ routing table) Serial IRQ Quiet Mode 2 3-0 PCI INTB# Routing (see PnP IRQ routing table) 0 Continuous Mode.....default Offset 57 - PCI PNP Interrupt Routing 3RW 1 Ouiet Mode 7-4 PCI INTD# Routing (see PnP IRQ routing table) **Serial IRO Start-Frame Width** 00 4 PCI Clocksdefault 3-0 Reservedalways reads 0 01 6 PCI Clocks 10 8 PCI Clocks 11 10 PCI Clocks Table 10. PnP IRQ Routing Table Offset 53 - PC/PCI DMA ControlRW PCI DMA Pair A 0000 Disabled default 0 Disable (AE5=GPIO24, AF5=GPIO30) default 0001 IRO1 Enable (AE5=PCREQA, AF5=PCGNTA) 0010 Reserved **PCI DMA Channel 7** 6 0011 IRO3 0 Disabledefault 0100 IRQ4 1 Enable 0101 IRO5 5 **PCI DMA Channel 6** 0110 IRO6 0 Disabledefault 0111 IRQ7 1 Enable 1000 Reserved **PCI DMA Channel 5** 1001 IRO9 0 Disable default 1010 IRQ10 1 Enable 1011 IRO11 **PCI DMA Channel 3** 3 1100 IRQ12 0 Disable default 1101 Reserved 1 Enable 1110 IRQ14 2 PCI DMA Channel 2 1111 IRQ15 Disabledefault Enable 1 **PCI DMA Channel 1** 1 0 Disable default 1 Enable **PCI DMA Channel 0** 0 0 Disabledefault Enable

Plug and Play Control - PCI



GPIO and Miscellaneous Control

Offset	58 – Miscellaneous Control 0 (40h)RW	Offset 59 - Miscellaneous Control 1 (00h)RW
7	PCI DMA Pair B	7 ROM Memory Cycles Go To LPC
	0 Disable (AD5=GPIO25, AC6=GPIO31)default	0 Disable (all memory cycles go to LPC). default
	1 Enable (AD5=PCREQB, AC6=PCGNTB)	1 Enable (only ROM memory cycles go to LPC)
6	Internal APIC	6 Internal ISA Cycles Arbitrate with Secondary
	0 Disable	IDE
	(R25=GPIO10,T23=GPIO11,U23=GPI19)	0 Disable (Internal ISA cycles do not arbitrate
	1 Enabledefault	with secondary IDE) default
	(R25=APICD0,T23=APICD1,U23=APICCK)	1 Enable (all internal ISA cycles arbitrate with
5	South Bridge Interrupt Cycles Run at 33 MHz	secondary IDE)
	0 Disabledefault	5 LPC RTC
	1 Enable	0 Disabledefault
4	Address Decode	1 Enable
	0 Subtractivedefault	4 LPC Keyboard
	1 Positive	0 Disable (ISA Keyboard)default
3	RTC High Bank Access	1 Enable (LPC Keyboard)
	O Disable access to upper 128 bytesdefault	3 Port 62h / 66h (MCCS#) to LPC
	1 Enable access to upper 128 bytes	0 Disable default
2	RTC Rx32 Write Protect	1 Enable
	0 Disable (not protected)default	2 Port 62h / 66h (MCCS#) Decoding
	1 Enable (write protected)	0 Disabledefault
1	RTC Rx0D Write Protect	1 Enable
	0 Disable (not protected)default	1 A20M# Active
	1 Enable (write protected)	0 Disable (A20M# signal not asserted) default
0	RTC Rx32 Map to Century Byte	1 Enable (A20M# signal asserted)
	Controls whether RTC Rx32 is mapped to the	0 NMI on PCI Parity Error
	century byte.	0 Disabledefault
	0 Disabledefault	1 Enable (to generate NMI, Port 61[3] and Port
	1 Enable	70[7] must also be set)



Offset	5A – D	MA Bandwidth Control (00h)RW
7	DMA	Channel 7 Bandwidth
	0	Normaldefault
	1	Improved
6	DMA	Channel 6 Bandwidth
	0	Normaldefault
	1	Improved
5	DMA	Channel 5 Bandwidth
	0	Normaldefault
	1	Improved
4	DMA	Single Transfer Mode Bandwidth
	0	Normaldefault
	1	Improved
3	DMA	Channel 3 Bandwidth
	0	Normaldefault
	1	Improved
2	DMA	Channel 2 Bandwidth
	0	Normaldefault
	1	Improved
1	DMA	Channel 1 Bandwidth
	0	Normaldefault
	1	Improved
0	DMA	Channel 0 Bandwidth
	0	Normaldefault
	1	Improved

The above bits determine if DMA bandwidth is improved for the specified channel. If enabled, bandwidth improvement is accomplished by reducing the transaction latency between the DMA Controller and the LPC Bus Controller.

Offset :	5B – Miscellaneous Control 2 (01h)RW
7-6	Reserved always reads 0
5	PCI/DMA Memory Cycles Output to PCI Bus
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
4	LPC PCS2
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
3	Bypass APIC De-Assert Message
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
2	APIC HyperTransport Mode
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
1	INTE#, INTF#, INTG#, INTH# (pins GPIO12-15)
	0 Disable (GPIO)default
	1 Enable (INT)
0	Dynamic Clock Stop
	0 Disable
	1 Enabledefault



Programmable Chip Select Control

Offset 5	5D-5C – PCS 0 I/O Port Address (0000h)RW
15-0	PCS 0 I/O Port Addressdefault = 0
Offset 5	SF-5E – PCS 1 I/O Port Address (0000h)RW
	PCS 1 I/O Port Addressdefault = 0
Offset 6	51-60 – PCS 2 I/O Port Address (0000h)RW
15-0	PCS 2 I/O Port Address default = 0
Offset 6	53-62 – PCS 3 I/O Port Address (0000h)RW
	PCS 3 I/O Port Address default = 0
Off 4 (SECAL DOCULO Book Address Made (0000L) DW
	65-64 – PCS I/O Port Address Mask (0000h)RW PCS 3 I/O Port Address Mask 3-0
15-12	0000 Decode range is 1 bytedefault
	0001 Decode range is 2 bytes
	0011 Decode range is 4 bytes
	0111 Decode range is 8 bytes
	1111 Decode range is 16 bytes
11-8	
	0000 Decode range is 1 bytedefault
	0001 Decode range is 2 bytes
	0011 Decode range is 4 bytes
	0111 Decode range is 8 bytes
	1111 Decode range is 16 bytes
7-4	PCS 1 I/O Port Address Mask 3-0
	0000 Decode range is 1 bytedefault
	0001 Decode range is 2 bytes
	0011 Decode range is 4 bytes
	0111 Decode range is 8 bytes
	1111 Decode range is 16 bytes
3-0	PCS 0 I/O Port Address Mask 3-0
	0000 Decode range is 1 bytedefault
	0001 Decode range is 2 bytes
	0011 Decode range is 4 bytes
	0111 Decode range is 8 bytes
	1111 Decode range is 16 bytes

Offset	66 - PCS Control (00h)RW
7	PCS 3 Internal I/O
	0 Disable (External)default
	1 Enable (Internal)
6	PCS 2 Internal I/O
	0 Disable (External)default
	1 Enable (Internal)
5	PCS 1 Internal I/O
	0 Disable (External)default
	1 Enable (Internal)
4	PCS 0 Internal I/O
	0 Disable (External)default
	1 Enable (Internal)
The al	pove 4 bits determine whether Programmable Chip
Selects	0-3 are treated as internal I/O
3	PCS 3
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
2	PCS 2
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
1	PCS 1
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
0	PCS 0
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable



Output Control

Offset	67 – Output (Control (04h)RW
7-3	Reserved	always reads 0
2	FERR Volt	age
	0 2.5V	
	1 1.5V	default
1-0	Reserved	always reads 0

High Precision Event Timers (HPET)

Offset 68 – HPET Control (00h)RW
7 High Precision Event Timers
0 Disabledefault
1 Enable
6-0 Reserved always reads 0
Offset 6B-69 – HPET Memory Base Address (000000h)RW
23-22 Reservedalways reads 0
21-0 HPET Memory Base Address [31:10]



ISA Decoding Control

7	On-Board I/O (Ports 00-FFh) Positive Decoding	7	COM Port B Positive Decoding
	0 Disabledefault		0 Disable default
	1 Enable		1 Enable
6	Microsoft-Sound System I/O Port Positive	6-4	COM-Port B Decode Range
	Decoding		000 3F8h-3FFh (COM1)default
	0 Disabledefault		001 2F8h-2FFh (COM2)
	1 Enable (bits 5-4 determine the decode range)		010 220h-227h
5-4	Microsoft Sound System I/O Decode Range		011 228h-22Fh
-	00 0530h-0537hdefault		100 238h-23Fh
	01 0604h-060Bh		101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4)
	10 0E80-0E87h		110 338h-33Fh
	11 0F40h-0F47h		111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3)
3	Internal APIC Positive Decoding	3	COM Port A Positive Decoding
·	0 Disabledefault		0 Disable default
	1 Enable		1 Enable
2	BIOS ROM Positive Decoding	2-0	COM-Port A Decode Range
_	0 Disabledefault	2 0	000 3F8h-3FFh (COM1)default
	1 Enable		001 2F8h-2FFh (COM2)
1	Internal PCS1# Positive Decoding		010 220h-227h
-	0 Disabledefault		011 228h-22Fh
	1 Enable		100 238h-23Fh
	I FHADIC		
0			
0	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding		101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4)
0	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disabledefault		101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh
	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disabledefault 1 Enable		101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3)
	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disabledefault	<u>Offset</u>	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh
	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disabledefault 1 Enable	Offset	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3)
Offset	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable		101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D – ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding	7	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4RW Reserved
Offset	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default	7	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable	7	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding	7 6	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D – ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 1 Enable	7 6	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable	7 6	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default	7 6 5	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default 01 378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah	7 6 5	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default	7 6 5	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F – ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default 01 378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah 10 278h-27Fh, 678h-67Ah 11 -reserved-	7 6 5	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default 01 378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah 10 278h-27Fh, 678h-67Ah 11 -reserved- Game Port Positive Decoding	7 6 5	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default 01 378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah 10 278h-27Fh, 678h-67Ah 11 -reserved- Game Port Positive Decoding 0 Disable default	7 6 5	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default 01 378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah 10 278h-27Fh, 678h-67Ah 11 -reserved- Game Port Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable	7 6 5 4 3	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default 01 378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah 10 278h-27Fh, 678h-67Ah 11 -reserved- Game Port Positive Decoding 0 Disable default	7 6 5 4 3	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default 01 378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah 10 278h-27Fh, 678h-67Ah 11 -reserved- Game Port Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable MIDI Positive Decoding	7 6 5 4 3	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default 01 378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah 10 278h-27Fh, 678h-67Ah 11 -reserved- Game Port Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable MIDI Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable	7 6 5 4 3	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4 3	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding O Disable	7 6 5 4 3	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4 3	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable 6D - ISA Positive Decoding Control 2 RW FDC Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable LPT Decode Range 00 3BCh-3BFh, 7BCh-7BEh default 01 378h-37Fh, 778h-77Ah 10 278h-27Fh, 678h-67Ah 11 -reserved- Game Port Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable MIDI Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable MIDI Positive Decoding 0 Disable default 1 Enable MIDI Decode Range 00 300-303h default	7 6 5 4 3	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4
Offset 7 6 5-4 3	Internal PCS0# Positive Decoding O Disable	7 6 5 4 3	101 2E8h-2EFh (COM4) 110 338h-33Fh 111 3E8h-3EFh (COM3) 6F - ISA Positive Decoding Control 4



PCI I/O Cycle Control

Offset 74 – PCI I/O Cycle Control (00h)RW			
7-6	Rese	rvedalways reads 0	
5	Forw	vard LPC Cycles to External PCI Bus	
	0	Disabledefault	
	1	Enable	
4	Forw	vard LAN Cycles to External PCI Bus	
	0	Disabledefault	
	1	Enable	
3	Forw	vard USB 2.0 Cycles to External PCI Bus	
	0	Disabledefault	
	1	Enable	
2	Forw	vard USB 1.1 Cycles to External PCI Bus	
	0	Disabledefault	
	1	Enable	
1	Forw	vard SATA Cycles to External PCI Bus	
	0	Disabledefault	
	1	Enable	
0	Forw	vard PATA Cycles to External PCI Bus	
	0	Disabledefault	
	1	Enable	

I/O Pad Control

fiset '	<u>/C – I/O Pad Control (00h</u>) RW
7-6	Reserved	always reads 0
5-4	IDE (PATA) Interface O	utput Drive Strength
	00 Lowest	default
	 11 Highest	
3-0	Reserved	always reads 0



Power Management-Specific Configuration Registers

fset	80 – General Configuration 0 (00h)RW	Offset 8	81 - General Configuration 1 (04h)RW
7	Reserved always reads 0	7	I/O Enable for ACPI I/O Base
6	Sleep Button		0 Disable access to ACPI I/O block default
-	0 Disabledefault		1 Allow access to Power Management I/O
	1 Sleep Button is on GPI21 / ACSDIN3 pin (V3)		Register Block (see offset 8B-88 to set the
5	Debounce LID and PWRBTN# Inputs for 16ms		base address for this register block). The
	This bit controls whether the debounce circuit for the		definitions of the registers in the Power
	LID# and PWRBTN# inputs is enabled to reduce		Management I/O Register Block are included
	possible noise.		later in this document, following the Power
	0 Disable default		Management Subsystem overview.
	1 Enable	6-4	Reserved always reads 0
4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0	3	ACPI Timer Count Select
3	Microsoft Sound Monitor in Audio Access		0 24-bit Timerdefault
	This bit controls whether an I/O access to the sound		1 32-bit Timer
	port sets I/O Rx33-30[10] (Audio Access Status) = 1.	2	RTC Enable Signal Gated with PSON (SUSC#) in
	0 Disabledefault		Soft-Off Mode
	1 Enable		This bit controls whether RTC control signals are
2	Game Port Monitor in Audio Access		gated during system suspend state. This is to prevent
	This bit controls whether an I/O access to the game		CMOS and Power-Well register data from being
	port sets I/O Rx33-30[10] (Audio Access Status) = 1.		corrupted during system on/off when the control
	0 Disabledefault		signals (PWRGD) may not be stable.
	1 Enable		0 Disable
1	Sound Blaster Monitor in Audio Access		1 Enabledefault
	This bit controls whether an I/O access to the sound	1	Clock Throttling Clock Select (STPCLK#)
	blaster port sets I/O Rx33-30[10] (Audio Access		This bit controls the timer tick base for the throttle
	Status) = 1.		timer.
	0 Disabledefault		0 30 usec (480 usec cycle time when using a 4-
	1 Enable		bit timer) default
0	MIDI Monitor in Audio Access		1 1 msec (16 msec cycle time when using a 4-bit
	This bit controls whether an I/O access to the MIDI		timer)
	port sets I/O Rx33-30[10] (Audio Access Status) = 1.		The timer tick base can be further lowered to 7.5 usec
	0 Disable default		(120 usec cycle time when using a 4-bit timer) by
	1 Enable		setting $Rx8D[4] = 1$. When $Rx8D[4] = 1$, the setting
		0	of this bit is ignored.
		0	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0



Offset 8	82 - ACPI Interrupt SelectRW
7	ATX / AT Power IndicatorRC
	0 ATX
	1 AT
6	PSON (SUSC#) GatingRC
	During system on/off, this status bit reports whether
	PSON gating state has been completed, 0 meaning
	that gating is active now and 1 meaning that gating is
	complete. Software should not access any CMOS of
	Power-Well registers until this bit becomes 1 in
	Rx81[2] = 1 (see register description on previous
	page).
	0 PSON Gating Active
_	1 PSON Gating Complete
5	Reserved always reads (
4	SUSC# AC-Power-On Default ValueRC
	This bit is written at RTC Index 0D bit-7. If this bit is 0. the great at a "1.6-14" at 1.5-14 are "1.6-14" at 1.5-14 are "1.6-14" at 1.5-14 are "1.6-14" at 1.5-14 are "1.6-14" at 1.5-14"
	is 0, the system is configured to "default on" when
3-0	power is connected. SCI Interrupt Assignment
3-0	This field determines the routing of the ACPI IRQ.
	0000 Disableddefaul
	0001 IRQ1
	0010 Reserved
	0011 IRQ3
	0100 IRQ4
	0101 IRQ5
	0110 IRQ6
	0111 IRQ7
	1000 IRQ8
	1001 IRQ9
	1010 IRQ10
	1011 IRQ11
	1100 IRQ12
	1101 IRQ13
	1110 IRQ14
	1111 IRQ15



Offset 85-84 - Primary Interrupt Channel (0000h)......RW

If a device IRQ is enabled as a Primary IRQ, that device's IRQ can be used to generate wake events. The bits in this register are used in conjunction with:

- PMIO Rx28[7] Primary Resume Status
- PMIO Rx2A[7] Primary Resume Enable

If a device on one of the IRQ's is set to enable the Primary Interrupt, once the device generates an IRQ, the PMIO Rx28[7] status bit will become 1 to report the occurrence of the Primary IRQ. If PMIO Rx2A[7] is set to 1 to enable Resume-on-Primary-IRQ, the IRQ then becomes a wake event.

15 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ15 as Primary Intrpt Channel 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ14 as Primary Intrpt Channel 14 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ13 as Primary Intrpt Channel 13 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ12 as Primary Intrpt Channel 12 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ11 as Primary Intrpt Channel 11 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ10 as Primary Intrpt Channel 10 9 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ9 as Primary Intrpt Channel 8 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ8 as Primary Intrpt Channel 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ7 as Primary Intrpt Channel 7 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ6 as Primary Intrpt Channel 6 5 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRO5 as Primary Intrpt Channel 4 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ4 as Primary Intrpt Channel 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ3 as Primary Intrpt Channel 3 always reads 0 2 1 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ1 as Primary Intrpt Channel 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ0 as Primary Intrpt Channel

Offset 87-86 - Secondary Interrupt Channel (0000h).... RW

For legacy PMU, the bits in this register are used in conjunction with:

- PMIO Rx28[1] Secondary Event Timer Timeout Status
- PMIO Rx2A[7] SMI on Secondary Event Timer Timeout

Secondary IRQ's are different from Primary IRQ's in that systems that resume due to a Secondary IRQ can return directly to suspend state after the secondary event timer times out. For this to work, PMIO Rx2A[1] needs to be set to one to enable SMI-on-Secondary-Event-Timer-Timeout (when PMIO Rx28[1] = 1). The timer's count value can be set via Rx93-90[27-26].

15 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ15 as Secondary Intr Channel 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ14 as Secondary Intr Channel 14 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ13 as Secondary Intr Channel 13 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ12 as Secondary Intr Channel 12 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ11 as Secondary Intr Channel 11 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ10 as Secondary Intr Channel 10 9 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ9 as Secondary Intr Channel 8 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ8 as Secondary Intr Channel 7 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ7 as Secondary Intr Channel 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRO6 as Secondary Intr Channel 6 5 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRO5 as Secondary Intr Channel 4 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ4 as Secondary Intr Channel 3 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ3 as Secondary Intr Channel 2always reads 0 1 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ1 as Secondary Intr Channel 1/0 = Ena/Disa IRQ0 as Secondary Intr Channel



Offset 8B-88 – Power Management I/O BaseRW

31-16 Reserved always reads 0

15-7 Power Management I/O Register Base Address

Port Address for the base of the 128-byte Power Management I/O Register block, corresponding to AD[15:7]. See "Power Management I/O Space Registers" in this document for definitions of the registers in the Power Management I/O Register Block

6-0 0000001b

Offset 8C – Host Bus Power Management Control......RW

Thermal Duty Cycle

This field determines the duty cycle of STPCLK# when the THRM# pin is asserted. The STPCLK# duty cycle when THRM# is NOT asserted is controlled by PMIO Rx10[3:0]. The duty cycle indicates the percentage of performance (the lower the percentage, the lower the performance and the higher the power savings). If the Throttling Timer Width (Function 0 Rx8D[6-5]) is set to 3-bit width, bit-0 of this field should be set to 0 (and the performance increment will be 12.5%). Throttling Timer Width is set to 2-bit width, bits 1-0 of this field should be set to 0 (and the performance increment will be 25%).

Throttling Timer Width 4-Rit 3-Rit 2 Pit

<u>4-Bıt</u>	<u>3-B1t</u>	<u>2-B1t</u>
-reserved-	-reserved-	-reserved-
6.25%	-reserved-	-reserved-
12.50%	12.50%	-reserved-
18.75%	-reserved-	-reserved-
25.00%	25.00%	25.00%
31.25%	-reserved-	-reserved-
37.50%	37.50%	-reserved-
43.75%	-reserved-	-reserved-
50.00%	50.00%	50.00%
56.25%	-reserved-	-reserved-
62.50%	62.50%	-reserved-
68.75%	-reserved-	-reserved-
75.00%	75.00%	75.00%
81.25%	-reserved-	-reserved-
87.50%	87.50%	-reserved-
93.75%	-reserved-	-reserved-
	-reserved- 6.25% 12.50% 18.75% 25.00% 31.25% 37.50% 43.75% 50.00% 56.25% 62.50% 68.75% 75.00% 81.25% 87.50%	-reserved- 6.25% -reserved- 12.50% 12.50% 18.75% -reserved- 25.00% 25.00% 31.25% -reserved- 37.50% 37.50% 43.75% -reserved- 50.00% 50.00% 56.25% -reserved- 62.50% 62.50% 68.75% -reserved- 75.00% 75.00% 81.25% -reserved- 87.50% 87.50%

3 **THRM Enable**

race	essor Break Event	
1	Enable	
0	Disable	.default

2 **Processor Break Event**

0	Disable	default
1	Enable	

Reserved always reads 0

Offset 8D – Throttle / Clock Stop Control...... RW

Throttle Timer Reset......def = 0

6-5 **Throttle Timer**

This field determines the number of bits used for the throttle timer, which in conjunction with the throttle timer tick determines the cycle time of STPCLK#. For example, if a 2-bit timer and a 7.5 usec timer tick are selected, the STPCLK# cycle time would be 30 usec $(2**2 \times 7.5)$. If a 4-bit timer and a 7.5 usec timer tick is selected, the cycle time would be 120 usec (2**4 x 7.5).

0x	4-Bit	default
10	3_Rit	

11 2-Bit

(see also Rx8C[7-4] and PMIO Rx10[3-0])

Fast Clock (7.5us) as Throttle Timer Tick

This bit controls whether the throttle timer tick uses 7.5 usec as its time base (120 usec cycle time when using a 4-bit timer).

- 0 Timer Tick is selected by Rx81[1]...... default
- 1 Timer Tick is 7.5 usec (Rx81[1] is ignored)

3 **SMI Level Output (Low)**

- 0 Disable.....default
- Enable (during an SMI event, SMI# is held low until SMI event status is cleared)

Internal Clock Stop for PCI Idle

This bit controls whether the internal PCI clock is stopped when PCKRUN# is high.

- 0 PCI clock is not stopped default
- 1 PCI clock is stopped

Internal Clock Stop During C3

This bit controls whether the internal PCI clock is stopped during C3 state.

- 0 PCI clock is not stopped default
- 1 PCI clock is stopped

Internal Clock Stop During Suspend

This bit controls whether the internal PCI clock is stopped during Suspend state.

- 0 PCI clock is not stopped default
- 1 PCI clock is stopped



Offset 93-90 - GP Timer Control (0000 0000h)RW

31-30 Conserve Mode Timer Count Value

00 1/16 seconddefault

- 01 1/8 second
- 10 1 second
- 11 1 minute

29 Conserve Mode Status

This bit reads 1 when in Conserve Mode

28 Conserve Mode

This bit controls whether conserve mode (throttling) is enabled. When this bit is set, the system can enter conserve mode when primary activity is not detected within a given time period (determined by bits 31-30 of this register). Primary activity is defined in PMIO Rx33-30.

0 Disabledefault

1 Enable

27-26 Secondary Event Timer Count Value

- 00 2 millisecondsdefault
- 01 64 milliseconds
- 10 ½ second
- 11 by EOI + 0.25 milliseconds

25 Secondary Event Occurred Status

This bit reads 1 to indicate that a secondary event has occurred (to resume the system from suspend) and the secondary event timer is counting down.

24 Secondary Event Timer Enable

- 0 Disabledefault
- 1 Enable

23-16 GP1 Timer Count Value (base defined by bits 5-4) Write to load count value; Read to get current count

15-8 GP0 Timer Count Value (base defined by bits 1-0) Write to load count value; Read to get current count

7 GP1 Timer Start

On setting this bit to 1, the GP1 timer loads the value defined by bits 23-16 of this register and starts counting down. The GP1 timer is reloaded at the occurrence of certain peripheral events enabled in the GP Timer Reload Enable Register (Power Management I/O Space Offset 38h). If no such event occurs and the GP1 timer counts down to zero, then the GP1 Timer Timeout Status bit is set to one (bit-3 of the Global Status register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 28h). Additionally, if the GP1 Timer Timeout Enable bit is set (bit-3 of the Global Enable register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 2Ah), then an SMI is generated.

6 GP1 Timer Automatic Reload

- 0 GP1 Timer stops at 0default 1 Reload GP1 timer automatically after counting
 - down to 0
- 00 Disable......default
 - 01 1/16 second
 - 10 1 second

GP1 Timer Base

5_4

11 1 minute

3 GP0 Timer Start

On setting this bit to 1, the GP0 timer loads the value defined by bits 15-8 of this register and starts counting down. The GP0 timer is reloaded at the occurrence of certain peripheral events enabled in the GP Timer Reload Enable Register (Power Management I/O Space Offset 38h). If no such event occurs and the GP0 timer counts down to zero, then the GP0 Timer Timeout Status bit is set to one (bit-2 of the Global Status register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 28h). Additionally, if the GP0 Timer Timeout Enable bit is set (bit-2 of the Global Enable register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 2Ah), then an SMI is generated.

2 GP0 Timer Automatic Reload

- GP0 Timer stops at 0default
 Reload GP0 timer automatically after counting down to 0
- 1-0 GP0 Timer Base
 - 00 Disable.....default
 - 01 1/16 second
 - 10 1 second
 - 11 1 minute



Offset 94 – Power Well ControlWO	Offset 95 - Miscellaneous Power Well Control RW
7 SMBus Clock Select 0 SMBus Clock from 14.31818 MHz Divider 1 SMBus Clock from RTC 32.768 KHzdefault 6 Check Power Button Enable for STR/STD Wake- up by PWRBTN# 0 Disable	7 CPUSTP# to SUSST# Delay Select This bit controls the delay between the deassertion of CPUSTP# and the deassertion of SUSST# during a resume. 0 1 msec minimum
5 Internal PLL Reset During Suspend 0 Enabledefault 1 Disable	0 Disable 1 Enable (SUST# is deasserted before PWRGD when resuming from STD)default
4 SUSST1# / GPO3 Select (Pin Y3) 0 SUSST1#default 1 GPO3	5 Keyboard / Mouse Port Swap This bit determines whether the keyboard and mouse ports can be swapped.
 Gating Command D2 Interrupt Disable (not gating D2 command INT)default Enable (gating D2 command INT) 	0 Disable default 1 Enable 4 Reserved always reads 0
2 GPO2 / SUSA# Select (Pin AD3) 0 SUSA#	3 SMB2 / GPO Select 0 SMBDT2 / SMBCK2 default 1 GPO26 / GPO27
This field controls the GPO0 output signal for Pulse Width Modulation. O GPO0 Fixed Output Level (defined by PMIO Rx4C[0])	 2 AOL 2 SMB Slave This bit controls whether external SMB masters can access internal SMB registers (for Alert-On-LAN). 0 Enable default 1 Disable 1 SUSCLK / GPO4 Select 0 SUSCLK default 1 GPO4 0 USB Wakeup for STR / STD / Soft Off This bit controls whether USB Wakeup is enabled when PMIO Rx21-20[14] (USB Wakeup Status) = 1. This allows wakeup from STR, STD, Soft Off and POS. 0 Disable default 1 Enable
	7-4 Reserved

(second timeout) can be used to initiate a system reboot (PMIO Rx42[2] = 1). Refer to the BIOS

Porting Guide for additional details.



Offset 98 - GP2 / GP3 Timer ControlRW

7 GP3 Timer Start

On setting this bit to 1, the GP3 timer loads the value defined by Rx9A and starts counting down. The GP3 timer is reloaded at the occurrence of certain events enabled in the GP Timer Reload Enable Register (Power Management I/O Space Offset 38h). If no such event occurs and the GP3 timer counts down to zero, then the GP3 Timer Timeout Status bit is set to one (bit-13 of the Global Status register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 28h). Additionally, if the GP3 Timer Timeout Enable bit is set (bit-13 of the Global Enable register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 2Ah), then an SMI is generated.

6 GP3 Timer Automatic Reload

- 0 GP3 Timer stops at 0default
- 1 Reload GP3 timer automatically after counting down to 0

5-4 GP3 Timer Tick Select

- 00 Disabledefault
- 01 1/16 second
- 10 1 second
- 11 1 minute

3 GP2 Timer Start

On setting this bit to 1, the GP2 timer loads the value defined by Rx99 and starts counting down. The GP2 timer is reloaded at the occurrence of certain events enabled in the GP Timer Reload Enable Register (Power Management I/O Space Offset 38h). If no such event occurs and the GP2 timer counts down to zero, then the GP2 Timer Timeout Status bit is set to one (bit-12 of the Global Status register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 28h). Additionally, if the GP2 Timer Timeout Enable bit is set (bit-12 of the Global Enable register at Power Management Register I/O Space Offset 2Ah), then an SMI is generated.

2 GP2 Timer Automatic Reload

- 0 GP2 Timer stops at 0default
- 1 Reload GP2 timer automatically after counting down to 0

1-0 GP2 Timer Tick Select

- 00 Disabledefault
- 01 1/16 second
- 10 1 second
- 11 1 minute

Offset 9	99 – GP2 Timer RW
7	Write: GP2 Timer Load Valuedefault = 0
	Read: GP2 Timer Current Count
Office 4 (DA CD2 Times
Offset	<u>PA – GP3 Timer RW</u>
7	Write: GP3 Timer Load Valuedefault = 0
	Read: GP3 Timer Current Count
Offset (C3-C0 – Power Management CapabilityRO
	C3-C0 – Power Management CapabilityRO Power Management Capability. always reads 0002h
31-16	Power Management Capability. always reads 0002h Next Pointeralways reads 00h
31-16	Power Management Capability. always reads 0002h
31-16 15-8 7-0	Power Management Capability always reads 0002h Next Pointer always reads 00h Capability ID always reads 01h
31-16 15-8 7-0	Power Management Capability. always reads 0002h Next Pointeralways reads 00h
31-16 15-8 7-0 Offset 0	Power Management Capability always reads 0002h Next Pointer always reads 00h Capability ID always reads 01h
31-16 15-8 7-0 Offset 0 31-24	Power Management Capability always reads 0002h Next Pointer always reads 00h Capability ID always reads 01h C7-C4 – Power Mgmt Capability CSR
31-16 15-8 7-0 Offset 6 31-24 23-16	Power Management Capability always reads 0002h Next Pointer always reads 00h Capability ID always reads 01h C7-C4 – Power Mgmt Capability CSR



System Management Bus-Specific Configuration Registers **SMB GPIO Slave Command Codes** Offset D1-D0 - SMBus I/O BaseRW SMBus Command Code 0 - GPIO Slave Input Port..... RO **15-4 I/O Base (16-byte I/O space)** default = 00h 7-0 Input Data default per pins always reads 0001b Reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins, 3-0 Fixed regardless of whether the pin is defined as an input or Offset D2 - SMBus Host ConfigurationRW an output. Writes to this register have no effect. always reads 0 Reserved SMBus Command Code 1 - GPIO Slave Output Port.. RW 3 **SMBus Interrupt Type** Output Data default = 0 SMIdefault 1 SCI Controls the levels of the GPIO output pins defined always reads 0 2 Reserved as outputs. Bit values in this register have no effect **SMBus Interrupt Enable** on pins defined as inputs. Reads from this register 0 Disable SCI / SMIdefault reflect the saved value last written, not the actual pin Enable SCI / SMI 0 **SMBus Host Controller Enable** SMBus Cmd Code 2 - GPIO Slave Polarity Inversion . RW 0 Disable SMB controller functions......default **Polarity Inversion** default = 0Fh Enable SMB controller functions This register enables polarity inversion of pins Offset D3 – SMBus Host Slave Command.....RW defined as inputs by Command Code 3. 7-0 SMBus Host Slave Command Code default=0 Corresponding pin's polarity unchanged Corresponding pin's polarity inverted Offset D4 - SMBus Slave Address for Port 1RW SMBus Cmd Code 3 - GPIO Slave I/O Configuration . RW SMBus Slave Address for Port 1 default=0 Input / Output Configuration......default = 0FFh Read / Write for Shadow Port 1 This register configures the directions of the I/O pins. Offset D5 – SMBus Slave Address for Port 2RW Corresponding pin is an output SMBus Slave Address for Port 2 default=0 Corresponding pin is an input...... default Read / Write for Shadow Port 2 Offset D6 – SMBus Revision ID.....RO

7-0 SMBus Revision Code



General Purpose I/O Control Registers

Offset	E0 – GPI Inversion ControlRW	Offset	E5 – GPIO I/O Select 1 RW
7-4	GPI[27-24] Input Inversion	7	Voltage Regulator Change Timer Select
	0 Non-inverted default		0 100 usec default
	1 Inverted		1 200 usec
3-0	GPI[19-16] Input Inversion	6	AGPBZ# Source of Bus Master Status
	0 Non-inverteddefault	•	0 Disabledefault
	1 Inverted		1 Enable
	1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	5	External APIC Wakeup from INTH#
Offset	E1 – GPI SCI / SMI SelectRW		0 Disable default
7-4	GPI[27-24] SCI / SMI Select		1 Enable
	When GPI[27-24, 19-16] are set to enable SCI / SMI	4	VGATE on GPIO8 (Pin AC9)
	generation (PMIO Rx52), this field determines	-	0 AC9 = GPIO8default
	whether an SCI or SMI is generated.		1 AC9 = VGATE (bit 1 & RxE4[6] are ignored)
	0 SCIdefault	3	CPU Frequency Change default = 0
	1 SMI	_	AC8 R22 AB9 P21
3-0	GPI[19-16] SCI / SMI Select		0 Enable VIDSEL GHI# VRDSLP DPSLP#
	0 SCIdefault		1 Disable GPIO28 GPIO22 GPIO29 GPIO23
	1 SMI	2	PCS1# on ACSDIN3 (Pin V3)
			0 V3 = ACSDIN3 / GPIO21 / SLPBTN#. default
<u>Offset</u>	E4 – GPO Pin SelectRW		1 $V3 = PCS1\# (RxE4[6] ignored)$
7	Reserved always reads 0	1	PCS0# on ACSDIN2 (Pin U1)
6	ACSDIN2,3 / GPIO20,21 Select (Pins U1, V3)		0 U1 = ACSDIN2 / GPIO20default
	This bit is ignored if any of RxE5 bits 1, 2, 4, or $5 = 1$		1 U1 = $PCS0\# (RxE4[6] ignored)$
	0 U1 = $ACSDIN2$, $V3 = ACSDIN3$ default	0	SATALED# Function on GPIO28 (Pin AC8)
	1 U1 = $GPIO20$, $V3 = GPIO21$		0 Disable default
5	UDPWRxx / GPIO9 Select (Pins D25, D26)		1 Enable
	0 D25 = UDPWREN#, D26 = UDPWRdefault	0.00	T. C. C. T.
	1 D25 = GPO9, D26 = GPI9	Offset	E6 – GPIO I/O Select 2RW
4	GPIO[15:12] Direction (Pins B3, A3, E4, D4)	7	GPI31 / GPO31 (GPIOD) Select (Pin AC6)
	0 Input (pins are GPI[15:12] / INT[H:E]) .default		$0 AC6 = GPI31 \dots default$
	1 Output (pins are GPO[15:12])		1 AC6 = GPO31 / GPIOD
•	(see also Rx5B[1] for GPO/Int select)	6	GPI30 / GPO30 (GPIOC) Select (Pin AF5)
3	GPIO8 Pin Direction (Pin AC9)		$0 AF5 = GPI30 \dots default$
	0 Input (AC9=GPI8 / VGATE)default		1 AF5 = $GPO30 / GPIOC$
	(see RxE5[4] for GPI8 / VGATE select)	5-2	Reservedalways reads 0
2	1 Output (AC9=GPO8)	1	GPI25 / GPO25 (GPIOB) Select (Pin AD5)
2	GNT5# / GPO7 Select (Pin R2)		0 AD5 = GPI25default
	REQ5# / GPI7 Select (Pin R3)	•	1 AD5 = GPO25 / GPIOB
	0 R2 = GPO7, R3 = GPI7default	U	GPI24 / GPO24 (GPIOA) Select (Pin AE5)
1	1 R2 = GNT5#, R3 = REQ5# PCISTP# / CPO6 Select (Pin AF6)		0 AE5 = GPI24
1	PCISTP# / GPO6 Select (Pin AF6) 0 AF6 = PCISTP#default		1 AE5 = GPO24 / GPIOA
	1 AF6 = GPO6		
0	CPUSTP# / GPO5 Select (Pin AC7)		
U	0 AC7 = CPUSTP#default		
	1 AC7 = GPO5		
	1 110/ 0103		



Watchdog Timer Registers

Offset 1	EB-E8	- Watchdog Timer Memory	BaseRW
31-8	Watc	hdog Timer Memory Base [31	1:8]
7-0	Rese	rved	always reads 0
Offset l	EC – V	Vatchdog Timer Control (00h))RW
7-3	Rese	rved	always reads 0
2	C3 V	ID / FID Latency Reduce to 5	us
1	Wate	hdog Timer	
	0	Disable	default
	1	Enable (after being set to 1,	this bit can only
		be set to 0 by PCI reset)	•
0	Watc	hdog Timer Memory	
	0	Disable	default
	1	Enable	



Power Management I/O-Space Registers

Basic Power Management Control and Status

I/O Off	set 1-0 - Power Management StatusRWC	I/O Off	ffset 3-2 - Power Management Enable RW
The bits	s in this register are set only by hardware and can be software by writing a one to the desired bit position.		ts in this register correspond to the bits in the Power tement Status Register at offset 1-0.
15	Wakeup Status	15	Reservedalways reads 0
14-12	Reserved always reads 0	14-12	2 Reservedalways reads 0
11	Abnormal Power-Off Status default = 0	11	Reservedalways reads 0
10	RTC Alarm Status default = 0	10	RTC Alarm Enabledefault = 0
	This bit is set when the RTC generates an alarm (on assertion of the RTC IRQ signal).		This bit may be set to trigger either an SCI or an SMI (depending on the setting of the SCI Enable bit) to be generated when the RTC Status bit is set.
9	Sleep Button Status default = 0	9	Sleep Button Enabledefault = 0
	This bit is set when the sleep button is pressed		This bit may be set to trigger either an SCI or SMI
	(SLPBTN# signal asserted low).		when the Sleep Button Status bit is set.
8	Power Button Status	8	Power Button Enable
7-6	Reserved always reads 0		
5	Global Status	7-6 5	Reserved always reads 0 Global Enable default = 0 This bit may be set to trigger either an SCI or an SMI (depending on the setting of the SCI Enable bit) to be generated when the Global Status bit is set.
4	Bus Master Status default = 0 This bit is set when a system bus master requests the system bus. All PCI master, ISA master and ISA DMA devices are included.	4	Reservedalways reads 0
3-1	Reserved always reads 0		
0	ACPI Timer Carry Status	3-1	Reserved always reads 0 ACPI Timer Enable default = 0 This bit may be set to trigger either an SCI or an SMI (depending on the setting of the SCI Enable bit) to be generated when the Timer Status bit is set.



I/O Offset 5-4 - Power Management ControlRW

15 Soft Resume

This bit is used to allow a system using an AT power supply to operate as if an ATX power supply were being used. Refer to the BIOS Porting Guide for implementation details.

- 0 Disabledefault
- 1 Enable
- **14 Reserved** always reads 0

12-10 Sleep Type

- 000 Normal On
- 001 Suspend to RAM (STR)
- 010 Suspend to Disk (STD) (also called Soft Off). The VCC power plane is turned off while the VSUS33 and VBAT planes remain on.
- 011 Reserved
- 100 Power On Suspend without Reset
- 101 Power On Suspend with CPU/PCI Reset
- 11x Reserved

In any sleep state, there is minimal interface between powered and non-powered planes so that the effort for hardware design may be well managed.

- 9 Reserved always reads 0
- 8 STD Command Generates System Reset Only
 - 0 Disabledefault
 - 1 Enable (STD command generates a system reset and not STD)
- **7-3 Reserved** always reads 0

1 Bus Master Reload

This bit controls whether bus master requests (PMIO Rx00[4] = 1) transition the processor from C3 to C0 state.

- 0 Bus master requests are ignored by power management logicdefault
- Bus master requests transition the processor from the C3 state to the C0 state

0 SCI / SMI Select

This bit controls whether SCI or SMI is generated for power management events triggered by the Power Button, Sleep Button and RTC (when PMIO Rx1-0 bits 8, 9, or 10 equal one).

- 0 Generate SMI default
- 1 Generate SCI

Note that certain power management events can be programmed individually to generate an SCI or SMI independent of the setting of this bit (refer to the General Purpose SCI Enable and General Purpose SMI Enable registers at offsets 22 and 24). Also, Timer Status & Global Status always generate SCI and BIOS Status always generates SMI.

I/O Offset 0B-08 - Power Management Timer.....RW

31-24 Extended Timer Value

This field reads back 0 if the 24-bit timer option is selected (Rx81 bit-3).

23-0 Timer Value

This read-only field returns the running count of the power management timer. This is a 24/32-bit counter that runs off a 3.579545 MHz clock and counts while in the S0 (working) system state. The timer is reset to an initial value of zero during a reset, and then continues counting until the 14.31818 MHz input to the chip is stopped. If the clock is restarted without a reset, then the counter will continue counting from where it stopped.



Processor Power Management Registers

8 Assert SLP# for Processor Level 3 Read

This bit controls whether SLP# is asserted in C3 state

0 SLP# is not asserted in C3 statedefault

states (only STPCLK# is asserted)......default

CPUSTP# will be asserted in C3 and S1 states

1 SLP# is asserted in C3 state

Used with Intel CPUs only.

7 Lower CPU Voltage During C3 / S1

This bit controls whether the CPU <u>voltage</u> is lowered when in C3/S1 state. The voltage is lowered using the VRDSLP signal to the voltage regulator. PMIO RxE5[3] must be 0 to enable the voltage change function. Bits 8 and 9 of this register must also be set to 1.

- 0 Disable (normal voltage during C3/S1)def
 1 Enable (lower voltage during C3/S1)
- **6-5 Reserved** always reads 0

4 Throttling Enable

Setting this bit starts clock throttling (modulating the STPCLK# signal) regardless of the CPU state. The throttling duty cycle is determined by bits 3-0 of this register.

3-0 Throttling Duty Cycle

This field determines the duty cycle of the STPCLK# signal when the system is in throttling mode ("Throttling Enable" bit of this register set to one). The duty cycle indicates the percentage of performance (the lower the percentage, the lower the performance and the higher the power savings). If the Throttling Timer Width (Function 0 Rx8D[6-5]) is set to 3-bit width, bit-0 of this field should be set to 0 (and the performance increment will be 12.5%). If the Throttling Timer Width is set to 2-bit width, bits 1-0 of this field should be set to 0 (and the performance increment will be 25%).

.. _. __.

	<u>Throttling Timer Width</u>			
	<u>4-Bit</u>	<u>3-Bit</u>	<u>2-Bit</u>	
0000	-reserved-	-reserved-	-reserved-	
0001	6.25%	-reserved-	-reserved-	
0010	12.50%	12.50%	-reserved-	
0011	18.75%	-reserved-	-reserved-	
0100	25.00%	25.00%	25.00%	
0101	31.25%	-reserved-	-reserved-	
0110	37.50%	37.50%	-reserved-	
0111	43.75%	-reserved-	-reserved-	
1000	50.00%	50.00%	50.00%	
1001	56.25%	-reserved-	-reserved-	
1010	62.50%	62.50%	-reserved-	
1011	68.75%	-reserved-	-reserved-	
1100	75.00%	75.00%	75.00%	
1101	81.25%	-reserved-	-reserved-	
1110	87.50%	87.50%	-reserved-	
1111	93.75%	-reserved-	-reserved-	

I/O Offset 14 - Processor Level 2......RO

Reads from this register put the processor into the Stop Grant state (the VT8237R Plus asserts STPCLK# to suspend the processor). Wake up from Stop Grant state is by interrupt (INTR, SMI and SCI).

Reads from this register return all zeros; writes to this register have no effect.

I/O Offset 15 - Processor Level 3.....RO

7-0 Level 3always reads 0
Reads from this register put the processor in the C3
clock state with the STPCLK# signal asserted. If
Rx10[9] = 1 then the CPU clock is also stopped by
asserting CPUSTP#. Wakeup from the C3 state is by
interrupt (INTR, SMI and SCI).

Reads from this register return all zeros; writes to this register have no effect.



General Purpose Power Management Registers

15	North Bridge SERR# Status
14	USB Wake-Up Status
	For STR / STD / Soff
13	AC97 Wake-Up Status
	Can be set only in suspend mode
12	Battery Low Status
	Set when the BATLOW# input is asserted low.
11	Notebook Lid Status
	Set when the LID input detects the edge selected by
	Rx2C bit-7 (0=rising, 1=falling).
10	Thermal Detect Status
	Set when the THRM# input detects the edge selected
	by Rx2C bit-6 (0=rising, 1=falling).
9	Internal Mouse Controller PME Status
8	Ring Status
	Set when the RING# input is asserted low.
7	GP3 Timer Timeout Status
6	INTRUDER# Status
	Set when the INTRUDER# pin is asserted low.
5	PME# Status
	Set when the PME# pin is asserted low.
4	EXTSMI# Status
	Set when the EXTSMI# pin is asserted low.
3	Internal LAN PME Status
	Set when the internal LAN PME signal is asserted.
2	Internal Keyboard Controller PME Status
	Set when the internal KBC PME signal is asserted.
1	GPI1 Status
	Set when the GPI1 pin is asserted low.
0	GPI0 Status
	Set when the GPI0 pin is asserted low.
ote th	at the above bits correspond one for one with the bit
f the C	General Purpose SCI Enable and General Purpose SMI

Note that the above bits correspond one for one with the bits of the General Purpose SCI Enable and General Purpose SMI Enable registers at offsets 22 and 24: an SCI or SMI is generated if the corresponding bit of the General Purpose SCI or SMI Enable registers, respectively, is set to one.

The above bits are set by hardware only and can only be cleared by writing a one to the desired bit.

I/O Off	fset 23-22 - General Purpose SCI Enable	RW
15	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[15]	def=0
14	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[14]	def=0
13	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[13]	def=0
12	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[12]	def=0
11	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[11]	def=0
10	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[10]	def=0
9	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[9]	def=0
8	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[8]	def=0
7	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[7]	def=0
6	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[6]	def=0
5	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[5]	def=0
4	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[4]	def=0
3	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[3]	def=0
2	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[2]	def=0
1	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[1]	def=0
0	Enable SCI on setting of Rx21-20[0]	def=0

These bits allow generation of an SCI using a separate set of conditions from those used for generating an SMI.

I/O Offset 25-24 - General Purpose SMI EnableRW		
15	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[15]def=0	
14	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[14]def=0	
13	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[13]def=0	
12	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[12]def=0	
11	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[11]def=0	
10	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[10]def=0	
9	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[9]def=0	
8	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[8]def=0	
7	Reserved always reads 0	
6	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[6]def=0	
5	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[5]def=0	
4	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[4]def=0	
3	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[3]def=0	
2	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[2]def=0	
1	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[1]def=0	
0	Enable SMI on setting of Rx21-20[0]def=0	

These bits allow generation of an SMI using a separate set of conditions from those used for generating an SCI.



Generic Power Management Registers

I/O Off	fset 29-28 - Global StatusRWC
15	PCS1 Access Status default = 0
14	PCS0 Access Status default = 0
13	GP3 Timer Timeout Status default = 0
12	GP2 Timer Timeout Status default = 0
11	SERIRQ SMI Status default = 0
10	Rx5[5] Write SMI Status default = 0
	This bit reports whether Rx5[5] is written. If
	Rx2B[3] is set to enable SMI, an SMI in generated
	when this bit $= 1$.
9	Reserved always reads 0
8	PCKRUN# Resume Status default = 0
	This bit is set when PCI bus peripherals wake up the
	system by asserting PCKRUN#
7	Primary IRQ/INIT/NMI/SMI Resume Statusdef=0
	This bit is set at the occurrence of primary IRQs as
	defined in Rx85-84 of PCI configuration space
6	Software SMI Status default = 0
	This bit is set when the SMI Command port (Rx2F)
	is written.
5	BIOS Status default = 0
	This bit is set when the Global Release bit is set to
	one (typically by the ACPI software to release
	control of the SCI/SMI lock). When this bit is reset
	(by writing a one to this bit position) the Global
	Release bit is reset at the same time by hardware.
4	Legacy USB Status default = 0
	This bit is set when a legacy USB event occurs. This
	is normally used for USB keyboards.
3	GP1 Timer Time Out Status default = 0
	This bit is set when the GP1 timer times out.
2	GP0 Timer Time Out Status default = 0
	This bit is set when the GP0 timer times out.
1	Secondary Event Timer Time Out Status def=0
	This bit is set when the secondary event timer times
	out.
0	Primary Activity Status default = 0
	This bit is set at the occurrence of any enabled
	primary system activity (see the Primary Activity
	Detect Status register at offset 30h and the Primary
	Activity Detect Enable register at offset 34h). After
	checking this bit, software can check the status bits in
	the Primary Activity Detect Status register at offset
	30h to identify the specific source of the primary
	event. Note that setting this bit can be enabled to
	reload the GP0 timer (see bit-0 of the GP Timer
	Reload Enable register at offset 38).

Note that SMI can be generated based on the setting of any of the above bits (see the Rx2A Global Enable register bit descriptions in the right hand column of this page).

The bits in this register are set by hardware only and can only be cleared by writing a one to the desired bit position.

The bits in this register are for SMI's only while the bits in Rx21-20 are for SMI's and SCI's



I/O Off	et 2D-2C - Global ControlRW
	Reserved always reads 0
11	IDE Secondary Bus Power-Off
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
10	IDE Primary Bus Power-Off
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
9	Reserved always reads 0
8	SMI Active
	0 SMI Inactivedefault
	1 SMI Active. If the SMI Lock bit is set, this bit
	needs to be written with a 1 to clear it before
	the next SMI can be generated.
7	LID Triggering Polarity
	0 Rising Edgedefault
	1 Falling Edge
6	THRM# Triggering Polarity
	0 Rising Edgedefault
	1 Falling Edge
5	Battery Low Resume Disable
	0 Enable resumedefault
	1 Disable resume from suspend when
	BATLOW# is asserted
4-3	Reserved always reads 0
2	Power Button Triggering Select
	0 SCI/SMI generated by PWRBTN# rising edge
	default
	1 SCI/SMI generated by PWRBTN# falling
	edge
	Set to zero to avoid the situation where the Power

Set to zero to avoid the situation where the Power Button Status bit is set to wake up the system then reset again by PBOR Status to switch the system into the soft-off state.

1 BIOS Release

This bit is set by legacy software to indicate release of the SCI/SMI lock. Upon setting of this bit, hardware automatically sets the Global Status bit. This bit is cleared by hardware when the Global Status bit cleared by software.

Note that if the Global Enable bit is set (Power Management Enable register Rx2[5]), then setting this bit causes an SCI to be generated (because setting this bit causes the Global Status bit to be set).

0 SMI Enable

- 0 Disable all SMI generationdefault
- 1 Enable SMI generation

I/O Offset 2F - SMI Command.....RW

7-0 SMI Command

Writing to this port sets the Software SMI Status bit. Note that if the Software SMI Enable bit is set (see Global Enable register Rx2A[6]), then an SMI is generated.



I/O Offset 33-30 - Primary Activity Detect Status......RWC

These bits correspond to the Primary Activity Detect Enable bits in Rx37-34. If the corresponding bit is set in that register, setting of a bit below will cause the Primary Activity Status (PACT_STS) bit to be set (Global Status register Rx28[0]). All bits in this register default to 0, are set by hardware only, and may only be cleared by writing 1s to the desired bit.

- 31-11 Reserved always read 0
 10 Audio Access Status (AUD_STS)
 Set if Audio is accessed.
 - 9 Keyboard Controller Access Status (KBC_STS) Set if the KBC is accessed via I/O port 60h.
 - 8 VGA Access Status(VGA_STS)
 Set if the VGA port is accessed via I/O ports 3B03DFh or memory space A0000-BFFFFh.
 - 7 Parallel Port Access Status......(LPT_STS) Set if the parallel port is accessed via I/O ports 278-27Fh or 378-37Fh (LPT2 or LPT1).
 - 6 Serial Port B Access Status(COMB_STS) Set if the serial port is accessed via I/O ports 2F8-2FFh or 2E8-2Efh (COM2 and COM4 respectively).
 - 5 Serial Port A Access Status......(COMA_STS) Set if the serial port is accessed via I/O ports 3F8-3FFh or 3E8-3EFh (COM1 and COM3, respectively).
 - 4 Floppy Access Status(FDC_STS)
 Set if the floppy controller is accessed via I/O ports
 3F0-3F5h or 3F7h.
 - 3 Secondary IDE Access Status(SIDE_STS)
 Set if the IDE controller is accessed via I/O ports
 170-177h or 376h.
 - 2 Primary IDE Access Status......(PIDE_STS)
 Set if the IDE controller is accessed via I/O ports
 1F0-1F7h or 3F6h.
 - Primary Interrupt Activity Status..... (PIRQ_STS)
 Set on the occurrence of a primary interrupt (enabled via the "Primary Interrupt Channel" register at Device 17 Function 0 PCI configuration register offset 84h).
 - O PCI Master Access Status(DRQ_STS)
 Set on the occurrence of PCI master activity.

Note: Setting of Primary Activity Status (PACT_STS) may be done to enable a "Primary Activity Event": an SMI will be generated if the Primary Activity Enable bit is set (Global Enable register Rx2A[0]) and/or the GP0 timer will be reloaded if the "GP0 Timer Reload on Primary Activity" bit is set (GP Timer Reload Enable register Rx38[0]).

Note: Bits 2-9 above also correspond to bits of GP Timer Reload Enable register Rx38: If bits are set in that register, setting a corresponding bit in this register will cause the GP1 timer to be reloaded.

I/O Offset 37-34 - Primary Activity Detect Enable...... RW

These bits correspond to the Primary Activity Detect Status bits in Rx33-30. Setting of any of these bits also sets the Primary Activity Status (PACT_STS) bit (Rx28[0]) which causes the GP0 timer to be reloaded (if the Primary Activity GP0 Enable bit is set) or generates an SMI (if Primary Activity Enable is set).

Activity	Enab	le is set).
31-11	Rese	rved always read 0
10	SMI	on Audio Status(AUD_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if AUD_STS is set def
	1	Set PACT_STS if AUD_STS is set
9	SMI	on Keyboard Controller Status (KBC_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if KBC_STS is set def
	1	Set PACT_STS if KBC_STS is set
8	SMI	on VGA Status(VGA_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if VGA_STS is set def
	1	Set PACT_STS if VGA_STS is set
7	SMI	on Parallel Port Status(LPT_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if LPT_STS is set def
	1	Set PACT_STS if LPT_STS is set
6	SMI	on Serial Port B Status(COMB_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if COMB_STS is set. def
	1	Set PACT_STS if COMB_STS is set
5		on Serial Port A Status(COMA_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if COMA_STS is set. def
	1	Set PACT_STS if COMA_STS is set
4		on Floppy Status(FDC_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if FDC_STS is set def
	1	Set PACT_STS if FDC_STS is set
3		on Secondary IDE Status(SIDE_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if SIDE_STS is set def
_	1	Set PACT_STS if SIDE_STS is set
2		on PrimaryIDE Status(PIDE_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if PIDE_STS is set def
	1	Set PACT_STS if PIDE_STS is set
1		on Primary IRQ Status(PIRQ_EN)
	0	Don't set PACT_STS if PIRQ_STS is set def
	1	Set PACT_STS if PIRQ_STS is set

- 0 SMI on PCI Master Status(DRQ EN)
 - 0 Don't set PACT_STS if DRQ_STS is set def
 - 1 Set PACT STS if DRQ STS is set



O Off	set 3B-38 - GP Timer Reload EnableRW	I/O Of	fset 40 – Extended I/O Trap StatusRWC
	in this register default to 0 on power up.		Reserved always reads 0
31-8	Reserved always reads 0	4	BIOS Write Access Status
7	GP1 Timer Reload on KBC Access	3	GP3 Timer Second Timeout With No Cycles
	0 Normal GP1 Timer Operationdefault		0 Disabledefault
	1 Setting of KBC_STS causes the GP1 timer to		1 Enable (GP3 timer timed out twice with no
	reload.		cycles in between)
6	GP1 Timer Reload on Serial Port Access	2	GP3 Timer Second Timeout Status
	0 Normal GP1 Timer Operationdefault	1	GPIO Range 3 Access Status
	1 Setting of COMA_STS or COMB_STS causes	0	GPIO Range 2 Access Status
	the GP1 timer to reload.	T/O O 0	0
			fset 42 – Extended I/O Trap EnableRW
5	Reserved always reads 0		Reserved always reads 0
		4	SMI on BIOS Write Access
4	GP1 Timer Reload on VGA Access		This bit controls whether SMI is generated when
	0 Normal GP1 Timer Operationdefault		BIOS Write Access Status $Rx40[4] = 1$.
	1 Setting of VGA_STS causes the GP1 timer to		0 Disable default
	reload.		1 Enable (can be reset only by OCI_Reset)
3	GP1 Timer Reload on IDE/Floppy Access	3	Reservedalways reads 0
	0 Normal GP1 Timer Operationdefault	2	GP3 Timer Second Timeout Reboot
	1 Setting of FDC_STS, SIDE_STS, or		This bit controls whether the system is rebooted
	PIDE_STS causes the GP1 timer to reload.		when the GP3 timer times out twice $(Rx40[2] = 1)$.
			0 Disabledefault
2	GP3 Timer Reload on GPIO Range 1 Access		1 Enable
	0 Normal GP3 Timer Operationdefault	1	SMI on GPIO Range 3 Access
	1 Setting of GR1_STS causes the GP3 timer to		This bit controls whether SMI is generated when
	reload.		GPIO range 3 is accessed (Rx40[1] = 1)
1	GP2 Timer Reload on GPIO Range 0 Access		0 Disabledefault
	0 Normal GP2 Timer Operationdefault	0	1 Enable
	1 Setting of GR0_STS causes the GP2 timer to	0	SMI on GPIO Range 2 Access
	reload.		This bit controls whether SMI is generated when
			GPIO range 2 is accessed (Rx40[0] = 1)
0			
			1 Епаріе
	Primary Activity Detect Enable register (offset		
0	1 Setting of PACT_STS causes the GP0 timer to reload. Primary activities are enabled via the Primary Activity Detect Enable register (offset		

37-34) with status recorded in the Primary Activity Detect Status register (offset 33-30).



General Purpose I/O Registers

I/O Off	set 45 – SMI / IRQ / Resume StatusRO
7-5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Latest PCSn Status
-	0 Latest PCSn was an I/O Read
	1 Latest PCSn was an I/O Write
3	Serial SMI Status
3	This bit is used to report a Serial-IRQ-generated SMI.
2	Reserved
1	SMBus IRQ Status
1	This bit is used to report an SMBus SMI.
0	SMBus Resume Status
U	This bit is used to report an SMBus Resume Event.
<u>I/O Off</u> 31-0	Set 4B-48 - GPI Port Input Value (GPIVAL)RO GPI[31-0] Input ValueRead Only
I/O Off	set 4F-4C - GPO Port Output Value (GPOVAL)RW
(GPIO) OD (op one mu See also 15.	Some GPIO pins can be used as both input and output pins 8-15 and 20-31). The output type of these pins is en drain) so to use one of these pins as an input pin, a st be written to the corresponding bit of this register. Function 0 RxE4[4-3] for I/O control of GPIO pins 8-GPO[31-0] Output Valuedef = FFFFFFFF
<u>I/O Off</u> 7-4	Set 50 – GPI Pin Trigger ControlRW GPI[27-24] Status
	0 Falling Triggered default = 0
	1 Rising Triggered
3-0	GPI[19-16] Status
	0 Falling Triggered default = 0
	1 Rising Triggered
I/O Off	set 52 – GPI Pin Change SCI/SMI EnableRW
7-4	GPI[27-24] SCI / SMI Enable
	Dev17 Fun0 RxE1[7:4] determines whether a SCI or
	SMI would be generated
	0 Disable
	1 Enable
3-0	GPI[19-16] SCI / SMI Enable

Dev17 Fun0 RxE1[3:0] determines whether a SCI or

I/O Trap Registers

fset 57-54 – I/O Trap PCI DataRO PCI Data During I/O Trap SMI
fset 59-58 – I/O Trap PCI I/O AddressRO PCI Address During I/O Trap SMI
fset 5A – I/O Trap PCI Command / Byte Enable RO PCI Command Type During I/O Trap SMI PCI Byte Enable During I/O Trap SMI
Reserved

1 Enable

SMI would be generated 0 Disable



System Management Bus I/O-Space Registers

The base address for these registers is defined in RxD1-D0 of the Device 17 Function 0 PCI configuration registers. The System Management Bus I/O space is enabled for access by the system if Device 17 Function 0 RxD2[0] = 1.

I/O Of	fset 00 – SMBus Host StatusRWC	I/O Of	fset 01h – SMBus Slave StatusRWC
7	Reserved always reads 0	7-6	Reservedalways reads 0
6	SMB SemaphoreRWC	5	Alert StatusRWC
v	This bit is used as a semaphore among various		0 SMBus interrupt not caused by SMBALERT#
	independent software threads that may need to use		signal
	the Host SMBus logic and has no effect on hardware.		1 SMBus interrupt caused by SMBALERT#
	After reset, this bit reads 0. Writing 1 to this bit		signal. This bit will be set only if the Alert
	causes the next read to return 0, then all reads after		Enable bit is set in the SMBus Slave Control
	that return 1. Writing 0 to this bit has no effect.		Register at I/O Offset R08[3]. This bit is only
	Software can therefore write 1 to request control and		set by hardware and can be cleared by writing
	if readback is 0 then it will own usage of the host		a 1 to this bit position.
_	controller.	4	Shadow 2 StatusRWC
5	Reserved always reads 0		0 SMBus interrupt not caused by address match
4	Failed Bus TransactionRWC		to SMBus Shadow Address Port 2 default
	0 SMBus interrupt not caused by failed bus		1 SMBus interrupt or resume event caused by
	transactiondefault		slave cycle address match to SMBus Shadow
	1 SMBus interrupt caused by failed bus		Address Port 2. This bit is only set by
	transaction. This bit may be set when the		hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to
	KILL bit (I/O Rx02[1]) is set and can be		this bit position.
	cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.	3	Shadow 1 StatusRWC
3	Bus CollisionRWC		0 SMBus interrupt not caused by address match
	0 SMBus interrupt not caused by transaction		to SMBus Shadow Address Port 1 default
	collisiondefault		1 SMBus interrupt or resume event caused by
	1 SMBus interrupt caused by transaction		slave cycle address match to SMBus Shadow
	collision. This bit is only set by hardware and		Address Port 1. This bit is only set by
	can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit		hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to
	position.		this bit position.
2	Device ErrorRWC	2	Slave StatusRWC
	0 SMBus interrupt not caused by generation of		0 SMBus interrupt not caused by slave event
	an SMBus transaction errordefault		match default
	1 SMBus interrupt caused by generation of an		1 SMBus interrupt or resume event caused by
	SMBus transaction error (illegal command		slave cycle event match of the SMBus Slave
	field, unclaimed host-initiated cycle, or host		Command Register at PCI Function 4
	device timeout). This bit is only set by		Configuration Offset D3h (command match)
	hardware and can be cleared by writing a 1 to		and the SMBus Slave Event Register at
	this bit position.		SMBus Base + Offset 0Ah (data event match).
1	SMBus InterruptRWC		This bit is only set by hardware and can be
1	0 SMBus interrupt not caused by host command		cleared by writing a 1 to this bit position.
	completiondefault	1	Reservedalways reads 0
		0	
	1 SMBus interrupt caused by host command completion. This bit is only set by hardware	U	Slave Busy
	and can be cleared by writing a 1 to this bit		processing data default
Λ	position.		1 SMBus controller slave interface is busy
0	Host Busy RO		receiving data. None of the other SMBus
	0 SMBus controller host interface is not		registers should be accessed if this bit is set.
	processing a command		
	1 SMBus host controller is busy processing a		
	command. None of the other SMBus registers		
	should be accessed if this bit is set.		



<u>I/O Off</u> 7 6	Reserved always reads 0 Start always reads 0 O Writing 0 has no effect default Start Execution of Command Writing a 1 to this bit causes the SMBus	 I/O Offset 03h – SMBus Host Command
	controller host interface to initiate execution of the command programmed in the SMBus Command Protocol field (bits 4-2). All necessary registers should be programmed prior to writing a 1 to this bit. The Host Busy bit (SMBus Host Status Register bit-0) can be used to identify when the SMBus controller has completed command execution.	The contents of this register are transmitted in the address field of the SMBus host transaction. 7-1 SMBUS Address
5-2	SMBus Command Protocol Selects the type of command the SMBus host controller will execute. Reads or Writes are determined by Rx04[0]. 0000 Quick default 0001 Byte 0010 Byte Data 0011 Word Data 0100 Process Call 0101 Block 0110 I2C with 10-bit Address 0111 -reserved- 10xx -reserved- 1100 I2C Process Call 1101 I2C Block 1110 I2C with 7-bit Address	I/O Offset 05h – SMBus Host Data 0
0	Kill Transaction in Progress O Normal host controller operationdefault Stop host transaction currently in progress. Setting this bit also sets the FAILED status bit (Host Status bit-4) and asserts the interrupt selected by the SMB Interrupt Select bit (Function 4 SMBus Host Configuration Register RxD2[3]). Interrupt Enable O Disable interrupt generationdefault Enable generation of interrupts on completion of the current host transaction	I/O Offset 07h – SMBus Block Data

of the current host transaction.



I/O Off	fset 08h – SMBus Slave ControlRW	I/O Offset 0B-0Ah – SMBus Slave Event RW
7-5 4	Reserved always reads 0 SMBus GPIO Slave Enable 0 Disable default 1 Enable generation of a resume event upon an external SMBus master generating a transaction with an address that matches the GPIO Slave Address register (I/O offset 0Fh). SMBus Alert Enable 0 Disable default 1 Enable generation of an interrupt or resume event on the assertion of the SMBALERT#	This register is used to enable generation of interrupt or resume events for accesses to the host controller's slave port. 15-0 SMBus Slave Event
_	signal	I/O Offset 0D-0Ch – SMBus Slave DataRO
0	SMBus Shadow Port 2 Enable 0 Disable	This register is used to store data values for external SMBus master accesses to the shadow ports or the SMBus host controller's slave port. 15-0 SMBus Slave Data
This re	fset 09h – SMBus Shadow CommandRO register is used to store command values for external master accesses to the host slave and slave shadow	

Shadow Command default = 0 This field contains the command value which was received during an external SMBus master access whose address field matched the host slave address (10h) or one of the slave shadow port addresses.

ports. 7-0



Device 17 Function 5 Registers - AC97 Audio Controller

The audio controller interface is hardware compatible with AC97. The PCI configuration registers for the audio controller are located in the function 5 PCI configuration space. The I/O registers are located in the system I/O space.

PCI Configuration Space Header

Offset 1	1-0 - Vendor ID	RO	Offset 1	<u> 13-10 - Base Address 0 – SGD Control / Status RW</u>
15-0	Vendor ID (1106h = V	/IA Technologies)	31-16	Reservedalways reads 0
Office 4 2	2.2 Davida ID	DO.		Base Address default = 00h
	3-2 - Device ID		7-0	00000001b (256 bytes)
15-0	Device ID (3059h = VT8237R Pl	us Audio Controller)		
Offset 5	5-4 - Command	RW		
	Reserved		Device	0 Offset 2D-2C - Subsystem Vendor ID (0000h)*RO
9	Reserved (fast back-to-back)		15-0	Subsystem Vendor ID default = 0
8	SERR# Enable			egister is RW if function $5 \text{ Rx}42[5] = 1$
7	Reserved (address stepping)	fixed at 0		
6	Reserved (parity error response)	fixed at 0	Device	0 Offset 2F-2E - Subsystem ID (0000h)*RO
5	Reserved (VGA palette snoop)		15-0	Subsystem ID default = 0
4	Reserved (memory write and invalid			egister is RW if function $5 \text{ Rx}42[5] = 1$
3	Reserved (special cycle monitoring			
2	Bus Master		Offset 3	34 – Capture Pointer (C0h)RO
1	Memory Space			
0	I/O Spacede	efault=0 (disabled)	Offset 3	3C - Interrupt LineRW
Offset 7	7-6 - Status	RO	7-4	Reservedalways reads 0
15	Detected Parity Error		3-0	Audio Interrupt Routing
14	Signalled System Error			0000 Disabled default
13	Received Master Abort			0001 IRQ1
12	Received Target Abort			0010 Reserved
11	Signalled Target Abort			0011 IRQ3
10-9	DEVSEL# Timing			0100 IRQ4
	00 Fast			0101 IRQ5
	01 Medium	fixed		0110 IRQ6 0111 IRQ7
	10 Slow			1000 IRQ8
	11 Reserved			1001 IRQ9
8	Data Parity Error			1010 IRQ10
7	Fast Back-to-Back Capable			1011 IRQ11
6-5	Reserved			1100 IRQ12
4	PM 1.1			1101 IRQ13
3-0	Reserved	always reads 0		1110 IRQ14
Offset 8	8 - Revision ID (nnh)	RO		1111 Disabled
7-0	Silicon Revision Code			APIC (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6])
7-0	Sincon Revision Code	derauit iiiiii		x000 IRQ16
				x001 IRQ17
				x010 IRQ18
Offset 9	O - Programming Interface (00h)	RO		
Off /	A Col Class Col (011 A 11 B	:) DO		x111 IRQ23
<u>Offset</u> A	A - Sub Class Code (01h=Audio Dev	/ice)RU	Offset 3	3D - Interrupt Pin (03h)RO
Offset I	B - Base Class Code (04h=Multimed	ia Device)RO	7-0	Interrupt Pin default = 03h (INTC#)
			Offset 3	3E - Minimum Grant (00h)RO

Offset 3F - Maximum Latency (00h).....RO



Audio-Specific PCI Configuration Registers

Offset 4	10 – AC 1	ink Interface StatusRO	
7-6	Reserve	d always reads 0	
5	Codec (CID=11b Ready StatusRO	
	0 0	odec Not Ready	
	1 0	odec Ready (audio ctrlr can access codec)	
4	Codec (CID=10b Ready StatusRO	
		odec Not Ready	
	1 0	odec Ready (audio ctrlr can access codec)	
3	Reserve	dalways reads 0	
2	Codec CID=01b Ready StatusR		
		odec Not Ready	
	1 0	odec Ready (audio ctrlr can access codec)	
1		ow-Power StatusRO	
	0 A	C97 Codecs not in low-power mode	
		C97 Codecs in low-power mode	
		his bit reports 1 when Rx26[12] of the codecs	
	is	1. It is used to determine whether the bit-	
	c	ock should be gated.	
0	Codec (CID=00b Ready StatusRO	
		odec Not Ready	
	1 0	odec Ready (audio ctrlr can access codec)	

ffset	41 – A	<u>C Link Interface Control RW</u>
7	AC-I	Link Interface
	0	Disabledefault
	1	Enable
6	AC-I	Link Reset
	0Ass	ert AC-Link Reset (used for cold reset) def
	1De-	assert AC-Link Reset
5	AC-I	Link Sync
	0	Release SYNCdefault
	1	Force SYNC High (used for warm reset)
4	AC-I	Link Serial Data Out
	0	Release SDOdefault
	1	Force SDO High
3	Vari	able-Sample-Rate On-Demand Mode
	0	Disable (AC Link sends data every frame) def
	1	Enable (AC Link sends data only when there is
		a request from the codec)
2	3D A	udio Channel Slots 3/4
	0	Disabledefault
	1	Enable
	Note	that slots 7/8 and 6/9 do not have to be selected
		ey are not muxed with DXS as are slots 3/4)
1	Free	Running Clock
	0	Dynamic Stop Clockdefault
	1	Free Running Clock
0	Rese	rvedalways reads 0



Offset 4	2 – Function EnableRW
7-6	Reserved always reads 0
5	Function 5 Config Reg Rx2C WritableRW
	0 Device 17 Function 5 Rx2C-2F ROdefault
	1 Device 17 Function 5 Rx2C-2F RW
4-0	Reserved always reads 0
Offset 4	4 – MC97 Interface ControlRO
	RO to function 5 (RW in func 6) for status reporting.
7	AC-Link Interface for Slot-5 (Modem)RO
,	0 Disable
	1 Enable
6	Secondary Codec SupportRO
U	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
5	Function 6 Config Reg Rx9-B WritableRO
	0 Device 17 Function 6 Rx9-B ROdefault
	1 Device 17 Function 6 Rx9-B RW
4	Function 6 Config Reg 2Ch WritableRO
	0 Device 17 Function 6 Rx2C-2F ROdefault
	1 Device 17 Function 6 Rx2C-2F RW
3	SyncRO
	This bit reports whether there is activity in function 6
	(modem). When function 5 (audio) enters low-power
	state and wants to gate bit-clock, software needs to
	check this bit to see whether bit-clock can actually be
	gated, as function 6 shares the same bit-clock.
	0 Function 6 activity in progress that requires
	bit-clock
	1 Function 6 does not need bit-clock so bit-clock
	can be gated
2	AC97 Supports Modem Power States D1/D2RO
	0 Can't support D1/D2 power statesdefault
1.0	1 Can support D1/D2 power states
1-0	Reserved always reads 0

Offset (C3-C0 – Powe	r Mgmt CapabilityRO
31-0	Power Mgm	t Capability always reads 0602 0001h
Offset (C7-C4 – Powe	er StateRW
31-2	Reserved	always reads 0
1-0	Power State	•
	00 D0	default
	01 D1	
	10 D2	
	11 D3	



I/O Base 0 Regs - Audio Scatter / Gather DMA

DXS Channel 0-3 SGD Registers (x = 0-3)

7	SGD ActiveRO
	0 SGD has completed or been terminated.default
	1 SGD Active
6-5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Current SGD Index Equals Stop IndexRO
	0 SGD index not equal to stop indexdefault
	1 SGD index being processed equals the stop
	index. This bit differs from bit-2 of this
	register in that this bit becomes 1 as soon as
	the SGD reaches the index equal to the stop
	index. Bit-2 becomes 1 after the SGD finishes
	processing the index equal to the stop index.
•	So this bit will always turn on before bit-2.
3	SGD Trigger QueuedRO
	This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the
	SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset $x1[1] = 1$ while
	the SGD engine is running).
	0 SGD trigger not queueddefault
	1 SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EOL,
•	it will restart).
2	SGD Stop Interrupt StatusRWC 1 SGD finished the index equal to the stop index
	set in xB-x8[31-24].
1	SGD EOL (End Of Link)RWC
1	1 Block is the last of the link. May be used by
	software as a signal to generate an interrupt
	request if I/O Offset $x1[1] = 1$.
0	SGD FlagRWC
J	1 Block complete. May be used by software as a
	signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O
	Offset $x1[0] = 1$.

I/O Off	set x1 – DXS Channel x SGD ControlRW
7	SGD StartWO (always reads 0)
	0 No effect
	1 Start SGD operation
6	SGD TerminateWO (always reads 0)
	0 No effect
	1 Terminate SGD operation
5	SGD Auto-Start
	0 Stop at EOLdefault
	1 Auto Restart at EOL
4	Reserved always reads 0
3	SGD Pause
	0 Release pause and resume the transfer
	1 Pause SGD read operation (SGD pointer stays
	at the current address). SGD will finish
	transferring the current block before pausing.
2	Interrupt on Stop Index = Current Index and End
	of Block
	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the
	current index equals the stop index $(x0[2] = 1)$.
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
1	Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block
	Controls whether an interrupt is generated on EOL
	(x0[1] = 1).
	0 Disable default
0	1 Enable
0	Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Block
	Controls whether an interrupt is generated on FLAG
	(x0[0] = 1).
	0 Disable default

1 Enable



I/O Offset x2 – DXS Left Channel x Volume (3Fh)......RW I/O Offset x3 – DXS Right Channel x Volume (3Fh)RW Reserved (Do Not Program).....always write 0's 5-0 **Volume Control** 000000 0 db 000111 -10.5 db 011111 -46.5 db 111111 Muted (instead of -94.5 db)default I/O Offset x7-x4 – DXS Chan x SGD Table Ptr Base.....RW 31-0 SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr) W Current Pointer Address.....R I/O Offset xB-x8 – StopIndex / DataType / SampleRateRW **31-24 SGD Stop Index Setting**.....default = FFh 23-22 Reserved always reads 0 21-20 PCM Format Selects the format used by the controller to process the incoming sample. 00 8-bit Monodefault 01 8-bit Stereo 10 16-bit Mono 11 16-bit Stereo **19-0** Sample Rate.....default = FFFFFh (48K)

This field allows the sample rate converter to know the sample rate of an incoming sample so the converter can properly convert the sample into the required 48 KHz sample output. Program as (2^{20})

48.000) * Sample Rate

I/O Offset xF-xC – DXS Chan x SGD Current Count ... RO

31-24 Current SGD Index

This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.

23-0 Current SGD Count

This field reports the count remaining in the current entry being processed. For example, if 10 bytes of a 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.

Audio SGD Table Format

<u>63</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>61-56</u>	<u>55-32</u>	<u>31-0</u>
	\overline{FLAG}	-reserved-	Base	Base
			Count	Address
			[23:0]	[31:0]

- EOL End Of Link. 1 indicates this block is the last of the link. If the channel "Interrupt on EOL" bit is set, then an interrupt is generated at the end of the transfer.
- **FLAG** Block Flag. If set, transfer pauses at the end of this block. If the channel "Interrupt on FLAG" bit is set, then an interrupt is generated at the end of this block.



Multichannel SGD Registers

I/O Off	fset 40	- Multichannel SGD StatusRWC
7	SGD	ActiveRO
	0	SGD has completed or been terminated default
	1	SGD Active
6-5	Rese	rvedalways reads 0
4	Curr	ent SGD Index Equals Stop IndexRO
	0	SGD index not equal to stop indexdefault
	1	SGD index being processed equals the stop
		index. This bit differs from bit-2 of this
		register in that this bit becomes 1 as soon as
		the SGD reaches the index equal to the stop
		index. Bit-2 becomes 1 after the SGD finishes
		processing the index equal to the stop index.
2	CCD	So this bit will always turn on before bit-2.
3	SGD	Trigger QueuedRO
		bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the
		operation is queued (I/O Offset 41[1] = 1 while GD engine is running).
	0	SGD trigger not queueddefault
	1	SGD trigger not queued (when SGD reaches EOL,
	•	it will restart).
2	SGD	Stop Interrupt StatusRWC
	1	SGD finished the index equal to the stop index
		set in 4B-48[31-24]
1	SGD	EOL (End Of Link)RWC
	1	Block is the last of the link. May be used by
		software as a signal to generate an interrupt
		request if I/O Offset $41[1] = 1$.
0	SGD	O
	1	Block complete. May be used by software as a
		signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O
		Offset $41[0] = 1$.

I/O Of	fset 41 – Multichannel SGD ControlRW
7	SGD StartWO (always reads 0)
	0 No effect
	1 Start SGD operation
6	SGD TerminateWO (always reads 0)
	0 No effect
_	1 Terminate SGD operation
5	SGD Auto-Start
	0 Stop at EOL
4	Center / LFE Playback Order
7	0 Keep Center & LFE playback order
	(3,4,6,9,7,8) default
	1 Swap Center & LFE playback order
	(3,4,9,6,7,8)
3	SGD Pause
	0 Release pause and resume the transfer
	1 Pause SGD read operation (SGD pointer stays
	at the current address). SGD will finish
	transferring the current block before pausing.
2	Interrupt on Stop Index = Current Index and End
	of Block
	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the
	current index equals the stop index $(40[2] = 1)$.
	0 Disabledefault 1 Enable
1	Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block
	Controls whether an interrupt is generated on EOL
	(40[1] = 1).
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
0	Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Block
	Controls whether an interrupt is generated on FLAG
	(40[0] = 1).
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable



<u>1/O O 11</u>	set 42 – Multichannel SGD FormatRW
7	PCM Format
	Selects the PCM format used by the controller to
	process the incoming sample.
	0 8-bitdefault
	1 16-bit
6-4	Number of Channels Supported
	001 One Channeldefault
	010 Two Channels
	100 Four Channels
	110 Six Channels
	All the other values are invalid
3-0	Reserved always reads 0
	·
I/O Off	<u> Set 43 – Multichannel Scratch RegisterRW</u>
7-0	No Hardware Function default = 00h
I/O Off	set 47-44 – Multichannel SGD Table Ptr Base RW
31-0	SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr) W
	Current Pointer Address R

I/O Off	set 4B-48 – Multichannel S	SGD Slot Select RW
31-24	SGD Stop Index Setting.	default = FFh
23-0	Reserved	always reads 0

I/O Offset 4F-4C - Multichannel SGD Current Count.. RO

31-24 Current SGD Index

This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.

23-0 Current SGD Count

This field reports the count remaining in the current entry being processed. For example, if 10 bytes of a 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.



Write Channel 0 SGD Registers

<u>O Of</u>	<u> fset 60 – Write Channel 0 SGD StatusRV</u>	WC I/O	Of	fset 6
7	SGD Active	RO	7	SG
	0 SGD has completed or been terminated defa	ault		(
	1 SGD Active]
6	SGD Paused	RO	6	SG
	0 SGD not pauseddefa	ault		(
	1 SGD Paused]
5	Reserved always reac	ls 0	5	SG
4	Current SGD Index Equals Stop Index	RO		(
	0 SGD index not equal to stop indexdef	ault		1
	1 SGD index being processed equals the s	stop	4	Res
	index. This bit differs from bit-2 of	this	3	SG
	register in that this bit becomes 1 as soon	ı as		(
	the SGD reaches the index equal to the s	stop		1
	index. Bit-2 becomes 1 after the SGD finis			
	processing the index equal to the stop inc			
	So this bit will always turn on before bit-2.		2	Int
3	SGD Trigger Queued	RO		of I
	This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart			Coı
	SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset $61[1] = 1$ where $11[1] = 1$			cur
	the SGD engine is running).			(
	0 SGD trigger not queueddef	ault		1
	1 SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EG		1	Int
	it will restart).	- ,		Cor
2	SGD Stop Interrupt StatusRV	VC		(60
_	1 SGD finished the index equal to the stop in			((
	set in 6B-68[31-24].			1
1	SGD EOL (End Of Link)RV	VC.	0	Int
-	1 Block is the last of the link. May be used	hv	•	Cor
	software as a signal to generate an intern			(60
	request if I/O Offset 61[1] = 1.	ирі		(00)
0	SGD FlagRV	NC.		1
v	1 Block complete. May be used by software a	-		
	signal to generate an interrupt request if			
	Offset $61[0] = 1$.	1, 0		
	Offset $01[0] = 1$.			

	fset 61 – Write Channel 0 SGD ControlRW
7	SGD StartWO (always reads 0) 0 No effect
	0 110 011000
(1 Start SGD operation
6	SGD TerminateWO (always reads 0) 0 No effect
	1 Terminate SGD operation
5	SGD Auto-Start
3	0 Stop at EOLdefault
	1 Auto Restart at EOL
4	Reservedalways reads 0
3	SGD Pause
3	0 Release pause and resume the transfer
	1 Pause SGD read operation (SGD pointer stays
	at the current address). SGD will finish
	transferring the current block before pausing.
2	Interrupt on Stop Index = Current Index and End
4	interrupt on Stop index – Current index and End
	of Block
	of Block Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the
	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the
	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index $(60[2] = 1)$.
	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index $(60[2] = 1)$.
1	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable
1	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable
1	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable
1	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable
1	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable
1	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable
-	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable
-	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable
-	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable
-	Controls whether an interrupt is generated when the current index equals the stop index (60[2] = 1). 0 Disable



I/O Of	fset 62	- Write Channel 0 SGD FormatRW
7	Rese	rved (Do Not Program)always write 0
6		rding FIFO
	0	Disabledefault
	1	Enable
5-0	Rese	rved always reads 0
I/O Of	fset 63	- Write Channel 0 Input SelectRW
<u>I/O Off</u> 7-3	fset 63 Rese	
	Rese	
7-3	Rese	rvedalways reads 0
7-3	Reser	rved always reads 0 t Source Select
7-3	Reser Input 0	rvedalways reads 0 t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4)default
7-3	Reser Input 0 1 Reco	t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4)default Mic In (Slot 6)
7-3	Reser Input 0 1 Reco	rved always reads 0 t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4) default Mic In (Slot 6) rding Source Select
7-3	Reser Input 0 1 Reco 00 01	t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4)default Mic In (Slot 6) rding Source Select Primary Codexdefault
7-3	Reser Input 0 1 Recor 00 01 10	t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4)

I/O Off	<u> Sset 67-64 – Wr Channel 0 SGD Table Ptr Basel</u>	RW
31-0	SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr)	W
	Current Pointer Address	R

I/O Offs	set 6B-68 – Write Channel 0 SGD Stop Index RW
31-24	SGD Stop Index Setting default = FFh
23-22	Reservedalways reads 0
21-20	PCM Format
	Selects the PCM format used by the controller to
	process the incoming sample.
	00 8-bit Monodefault
	01 8-bit Stereo
	10 16-bit Mono
	11 16-bit Stereo
19-16	ReservedRW
15-0	Reserved always reads 0

I/O Offset 6F-6C - Wr Channel 0 SGD Current Count. RO

31-24 Current SGD Index

This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.

23-0 Current SGD Count

This field reports the count remaining in the current entry being processed. For example, if 10 bytes of a 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.



Write Channel 1 SGD Registers

I/O Of	ffset 70 – Write Channel 1 SGD StatusRWC
7	SGD ActiveRO
	0 SGD has completed or been terminated default
	1 SGD Active
6	SGD PausedRO
	0 SGD not pauseddefault
	1 SGD Paused
5	Reserved always reads 0
4	Current SGD Index Equals Stop IndexRO
	0 SGD index not equal to stop indexdefault
	1 SGD index being processed equals the stop
	index. This bit differs from bit-2 of this
	register in that this bit becomes 1 as soon as
	the SGD reaches the index equal to the stop
	index. Bit-2 becomes 1 after the SGD finishes
	processing the index equal to the stop index.
	So this bit will always turn on before bit-2.
3	SGD Trigger QueuedRO
	This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the
	SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset 71[1] = 1 while
	the SGD engine is running).
	0 SGD trigger not queueddefault
	1 SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EOL,
	it will restart).
2	SGD Stop Interrupt StatusRWC
	1 SGD finished the index equal to the stop index
	set in 7B-78[31-24].
1	SGD EOL (End Of Link)RWC
	1 Block is the last of the link. May be used by
	software as a signal to generate an interrupt
	request if I/O Offset $71[1] = 1$.
0	SGD FlagRWC
	1 Block complete. May be used by software as a
	signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O
	Offset $71[0] = 1$.

Off	set 71	- Write Channel 1 SGD Control RW
7	SGD	StartWO (always reads 0)
	0	No effect
	1	Start SGD operation
6	SGD	TerminateWO (always reads 0)
	0	No effect
	1	Terminate SGD operation
5	SGD	Auto-Start
	0	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1	Auto Restart at EOL
4	Reser	3
3		Pause
	0	r r
	1	Pause SGD read operation (SGD pointer stays
		at the current address). SGD will finish
	_	transferring the current block before pausing.
2		rupt on Stop Index = Current Index and End
	of Blo	
		ols whether an interrupt is generated when the
		nt index equals the stop index $(70[2] = 1)$.
	0	2104010
1	1	Enable
1		rupt on EOL @ End of Block
		ols whether an interrupt is generated on EOL
] = 1). Disabledefault
	1	Enable Gerauit
0	-	rupt on FLAG @ End-of-Block
U		ols whether an interrupt is generated on FLAG
		= 1).
	`	Disabledefault
		Enable
		Limite



I/O Of	fset 72	– Write Channel 1 SGD F	ormatRW
7	Rese	rved (Do Not Program)	always write 0
6		rding FIFO	·
	0	Disable	default
	1	Enable	
5-0	Rese	rved	always reads 0
I/O Of	fset 73	– Write Channel 1 Input S	SelectRW
<u>I/O Off</u> 7-3		– Write Channel 1 Input S	
	Rese		
7-3	Rese	rvedt Source Select	always reads 0
7-3	Reser	rvedt Source Select	always reads 0
7-3	Reser Input 0	rved t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4)	always reads 0
7-3 2	Reser Input 0 1 Reco	t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4) Mic In (Slot 6)	always reads 0
7-3 2	Reser Input 0 1 Reco	t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4) Mic In (Slot 6) rding Source Select	always reads 0
7-3 2	Reser Input 0 1 Reco 00 01	t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4) Mic In (Slot 6) rding Source Select Primary Codex	always reads 0
7-3 2	Reser Input 0 1 Reco 00 01	t Source Select Line In (Slot 3, 4) Mic In (Slot 6) rding Source Select Primary Codex Secondary Codec 01 Secondary Codec 10	always reads 0

I/O Off	set 77-74 – Wr Channel 1 SGD Table Ptr Basel	RW
31-0	SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr)	W
	Current Pointer Address	F

I/O Offs	set 7B-78 – Write Channel 1 SGD Stop Index RW
31-24	SGD Stop Index Setting default = FFh
23-22	Reserved always reads 0
21-20	PCM Format
	Selects the PCM format used by the controller to
	process the incoming sample.
	00 8-bit Monodefault
	01 8-bit Stereo
	10 16-bit Mono
	11 16-bit Stereo
19-16	ReservedRW
15-0	Reserved always reads 0

I/O Offset 7F-7C - Wr Channel 1 SGD Current Count. RO

31-24 Current SGD Index

This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.

23-0 Current SGD Count

This field reports the count remaining in the current entry being processed. For example, if 10 bytes of a 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.



Codec Command / Status SGD Registers

These registers are used to send commands to the codecs

I/O Off	<u>set 83-</u>	80 – AC97 Controller Cmd (W) / Status (R)
This reg	ister m	hay be accessed from either function 5 or 6
31-30	Code	
	00	Select Codec CID = 00
	01	Select Codec CID = 01
	10	Select Codec CID = 10
		Select Codec CID = 11
29		c 11 Data / Status / Index ValidWC
	0	Not Valid
		Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)
28	Code	c 10 Data / Status / Index ValidWC
	0	Not Valid
	1	Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)
27		c 01 Data / Status / Index ValidWC
	0	Not Valid
	1	Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)
26	Reser	ved always reads 0
25	Codec 00 Data / Status / Index ValidWC	
	0	Not Valid
	1	Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)
24		Controller BusyRO
		Codec is ready for a register access command
	1	AC97 Controller is sending a command to the
		codec (commands are not accepted)
23		c Register Read / Write ModeRW
	0	
	1	Select Codec register read mode
22-16		c Register Index [7:1]RW
		of the AC97 codec register to access (in the
		ned codec). Data must be written before or at
		ame time as Index because writing to the index
		ers the AC97 controller to access the addressed
1= 0		register over the AC-link interface.
15-0	Code	c Register DataRW

Note: "WC" in the above bit descriptions indicates "write one to clear".

I/O Off	set 87-84 – Audio SGD Status ShadowRO
31	Audio Record 1 SGD Active Shadow (Rx70[7])
30	Audio Record 1 SGD Stop Shadow(Rx70[2])
29	Audio Record 1 SGD EOL Shadow(Rx70[1])
28	Audio Record 1 SGD Flag Shadow(Rx70[0])
27	Audio Record 0 SGD Active Shadow (Rx60[7])
26	Audio Record 0 SGD Stop Shadow(Rx60[2])
25	Audio Record 0 SGD EOL Shadow(Rx60[1])
24	Audio Record 0 SGD Flag Shadow(Rx60[0])
23-20	Reservedalways reads 0
19	MultiChannel SGD Active Shadow (Rx60[7])
18	MultiChannel SGD Stop Shadow
16 17	MultiChannel SGD EOL Shadow(Rx60[1])
16	
10	MultiChannel SGD Flag Shadow(Rx60[0])
15	DX Channel 3 SGD Active Shadow(Rx30[7])
14	DX Channel 3 SGD Stop Shadow(Rx30[2])
13	DX Channel 3 SGD EOL Shadow(Rx30[1])
12	DX Channel 3 SGD Flag Shadow(Rx30[0])
11	DX Channel 2 SGD Active Shadow(Rx20[7])
10	DX Channel 2 SGD Stop Shadow(Rx20[2])
9	DX Channel 2 SGD EOL Shadow(Rx20[1])
8	DX Channel 2 SGD Flag Shadow(Rx20[0])
7	DX Channel 1 SGD Active Shadow(Rx10[7])
6	DX Channel 1 SGD Stop Shadow(Rx10[7])
5	DX Channel 1 SGD EOL Shadow(Rx10[1])
4	DX Channel 1 SGD Flag Shadow(Rx10[0])
3	DX Channel 0 SGD Active Shadow(Rx00[7])
2	DX Channel 0 SGD Stop Shadow
1	DX Channel 0 SGD EOL Shadow(Rx00[1])
0	DX Channel 0 SGD Flag Shadow(Rx00[0])
The fol	lowing registers 88-8C may be accessed from either
function	
<u>I/O Off</u>	set 88 – DX0 FIFO CountRO
7-0	Total Valid Data Bytes in DX0 Engine
I/O Off	set 89 – DX1 FIFO CountRO
7-0	Total Valid Data Bytes in DX1 Engine
I/O Off	set 8A – DX2 FIFO CountRO
7-0	Total Valid Data Bytes in DX2 Engine
T/O O 66	·
	set 8B – DX3 FIFO CountRO
7-0	Total Valid Data Bytes in DX3 Engine
I/O Off	set 8C – 3D Audio FIFO CountRO
7-0	Total Valid Data Bytes in 3D Audio Engine
Offset 9	00-9F – Mapped from Function 5/6 Rx40-4F RO
	<u> </u>



<u>Device 17 Function 6 Registers - MC97 Modem Controller</u>

The modem controller interface is hardware compatible with MC97. The PCI configuration registers for the modem controller are located in the function 6 PCI configuration space. The I/O registers are located in the system I/O space.

PCI Configuration Space Header

Offset 1	-0 - Vendor ID (1106h)RO	Offset 13
15-0	Vendor ID (1106h = VIA Technologies)	31-16 I
0.66 4.3	14 B ' ID (20(01))	15-8 I
	3-2 - Device ID (3068h)RO	7-0
15-0	Device ID (3068h = VT8237R Plus Modem Controller)	
Offset 5	5-4 – Command (0000h)RW	Device 0
		15-0 \$
	Reserved always reads 0	*This reg
9 8	Reserved (fast back-to-back)	
8 7	SERR# Enable	Device 0
-		15-0 S
6 5	Reserved (parity error response)	*This reg
5 4	Reserved (WGA patette snoop)	
-		Offset 3C
3 2	Reserved (special cycle monitoring)fixed at 0 Bus Master	7-4 I
1	Memory Space fixed at 0	3-0 N
0	I/O Spacedefault=0 (disabled)	
U	10 Spacedefault=0 (disabled)	
Offset 7	7-6 - Status (0200h)RO	
15	Detected Parity Error always reads 0	
14	Signalled System Errorfixed at 0	
13	Received Master Abort	
12	Received Target Abort fixed at 0	
11	Signalled Target Abort fixed at 0	
10-9	DEVSEL# Timing	
	00 Fast	
	01 Medium fixed	
	10 Slow	
	11 Reserved	
8	Data Parity Errorfixed at 0	
7	Fast Back-to-Back Capablefixed at 0	
6-0	Reserved always reads 0	
O. CC	, D ID (1)	-
	3 - Revision ID (nnh)RO	
7-0	Silicon Revision Code default = nnh	
Offset 9	- Programming Interface (00h)*RO	
Offset A	A - Sub Class Code (80h)*RO	
O 66 / T) D CL C 1 (MI)	Offset 3D
	3 - Base Class Code (07h)*RO	7
*Registe	ers 9-B are RW if function $6 \text{ Rx} 44[5] = 1$	Offset 3F
		CHISET SE

	Offset 1	3-10 - Base Address 0 - SGD Control / Status RW
	31-16	Reserved always reads 0
		Base Address default = 00h
	7-0	0000001b (256 bytes)
er)		• /
		<u>0 Offset 2D-2C – Subsystem Vendor ID (0000h)*RO</u>
		Subsystem Vendor ID default = 0
	*This re	egister is RW if function $6 \text{ Rx}44[4] = 1$
		0 Offset 2F-2E – Subsystem ID (0000h)*RO
	15-0	Subsystem ID default = 0
	*This re	egister is RW if function $6 \text{ Rx} 44[4] = 1$
	Offset 3	BC - Interrupt Line (00h)RW
	7-4 3-0	Reservedalways reads 0
	3-0	Modem Interrupt Routing
		0000 Disabled default
		0001 IRQ1
		0010 Reserved
		0011 IRQ3
		0100 IRQ4
		0101 IRQ5
		0110 IRQ6
		0111 IRQ7
		1000 IRQ8
		1001 IRQ9
		1010 IRQ10
		1011 IRQ11
		1100 IRQ12
		1101 IRQ13
		1110 IRQ14
		1111 Disabled
		APIC (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6])
		x000 IRQ16
		x001 IRQ17
		x010 IRQ17 x010 IRQ18
		x111 IRQ23
	Offset 3	BD - Interrupt Pin (03h)RO
		7-0 Interrupt Pin default = 03h (INTC#)
	Offset 3	BE - Minimum Grant (00h)RO
		BF - Maximum Latency (00h)RO



Modem-Specific PCI Configuration Registers

Offset 4	0 – AC Link Interface StatusRO
7-6	Reserved always reads 0
5	Codec CID=11b Ready StatusRO
	0 Codec Not Ready
	1 Codec Ready (modem ctrlr can access codec)
4	Codec CID=10b Ready StatusRO
	0 Codec Not Ready
	1 Codec Ready (modem ctrlr can access codec)
3	Reserved always reads 0
2	Codec CID=01b Ready StatusRO
	0 Codec Not Ready
	1 Codec Ready (modem ctrlr can access codec)
1	AC97 Low-Power StatusRO
	0 AC97 Codecs not in low-power mode
	1 AC97 Codecs in low-power mode
	This bit reports 1 when Rx26[4] of the codecs
	is 1. It is used to determine whether the bit-
	clock should be gated.
0	Codec CID=00b Ready StatusRO
	0 Codec Not Ready
	1 Codec Ready (modem ctrlr can access codec)

ffset 4	1 – AC Link Interface Control]	RW
7	AC-Link Interface	
	0 Disabledef	ault
	1 Enable	
6	AC-Link Reset	
	0Assert AC-Link Reset (used for cold reset)	def
	1De-assert AC-Link Reset	
5	AC-Link Sync	
	0 Release SYNCdef	ault
	1 Force SYNC High (used for warm reset)	
4	AC-Link Serial Data Out	
	0 Release SDOdef	ault
	1 Force SDO High	
3	Variable-Sample-Rate On-Demand Mode	
	This bit is controlled through function 5 but may	be be
	read from function 6.	
	0 Disable (AC Link sends data every frame)	
	1 Enable (AC Link sends data only when the	e is
	a request from the codec)	
2	3D Audio Channel Slots 3/4	
	This bit is controlled through function 5 but may	<i>i</i> be
	read from function 6.	
	0 Disabledef	ault
	1 Enable	
	Note that slots 7/8 and 6/9 do not have to be select	eted
	as they are not muxed with DXS as are slots 3/4)	
1	Free Running Clock	
	0 Dynamic Stop Clockdef	ault
_	1 Free Running Clock	
0	Reserved always reac	ds 0



Offset 4	42 – Function EnableRO
This re	gister is controlled through function 5 but may be read
from fu	nction 6.
7-6	Reserved always reads 0
5	Function 5 Config Reg Rx2C WritableRO
	0 Device 17 Function 5 Rx2C-2F ROdefault
	1 Device 17 Function 5 Rx2C-2F RW
4-0	Reserved always reads 0
Offset	44 – MC97 Interface ControlRW
7	AC-Link Interface for Slot-5 (Modem)
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
6	Secondary Codec Support
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
5	Function 6 Config Reg Rx9-B Writable
	0 Device 17 Function 6 Rx9-B ROdefault
	1 Device 17 Function 6 Rx9-B RW
4	Function 6 Config Reg 2C-2Fh Writable
	0 Device 17 Function 6 Rx2C-2F ROdefault
2	1 Device 17 Function 6 Rx2C-2F RW
3	Sync This his naments whether there is activity in function (
	This bit reports whether there is activity in function 6
	(modem). When function 5 (audio) enters low-power state and wants to gate bit-clock, software needs to
	check this bit to see whether bit-clock can actually be
	gated, as function 6 shares the same bit-clock.
	0 Function 6 activity in progress that requires
	bit-clock
	1 Function 6 does not need bit-clock so bit-clock
	can be gated
2	AC97 Supports Modem Power States D1/D2RO
	0 Can't support D1/D2 power statesdefault
	1 Can support D1/D2 power states
1-0	Reserved always reads 0

Offset 1	D3-D0 - Powe	er Mgmt CapabilityRO
31-0	Power Mgm	t Capability always reads 0602 0001h
Offset 1	D7-D4 – Powe	er StateRW
31-2	Reserved	always reads 0
1-0	Power State	
	00 D0	default
	01 D1	
	10 D2	
	11 D3	



I/O Base 0 Regs - Modem Scatter / Gather DMA

Modem SGD Read Channel Registers

7	SGD ActiveR	
	0 SGD has completed or been terminated.defa	ult
	1 SGD Active	
6	SGD PausedR	
	0 SGD not pauseddefa	ult
	1 SGD Paused	
5-4	Reservedalways reads	
3	SGD Trigger QueuedR	RO
	This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart t	he
	SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset $41[1] = 1$ wh	ile
	the SGD engine is running).	
	0 SGD trigger not queueddefa	ult
	1 SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EO	
	it will restart).	
2	SGD Stop Interrupt StatusRW	VC
	1 SGD finished the index equal to the stop ind	ex
	set in 4B-48[31-24].	
1	SGD EOL (End Of Link)RW	VC
	1 Block is the last of the link. May be used	
	software as a signal to generate an interru	
	request if I/O Offset $41[1] = 1$.	1
0	SGD FlagRW	VC
	1 Block complete. May be used by software a	
	signal to generate an interrupt request if I	
	Offset $41[0] = 1$.	
	- Land	
	<u>fset 41 – Modem SGD Read Channel ControlR</u>	
_	CCD Ctant WO (almost made	

O Off	et 41 – Modem SGD Read Channel ControlRW
7	SGD Start WO (always reads 0)
	0 No effect
	1 Start SGD read channel operation
6	SGD Terminate
	0 No effect
	1 Terminate SGD read channel operation
5-4	Test (Do Not Program)always write 0
3	SGD PauseRW
	0 Release SGD read channel pause and resume
	the transfer from the paused line
	1 Pause SGD read channel operation (SGD read
	channel pointer stays at the current address)
2-1	Reserved always reads 0
0	Modem SGD Read Reset
	0 Normal Operationdefault
	1 Reset Modem SGD read channel operation

I/O Off	set 42 – Modem SGD Read Channel Type RW
7	Auto-Start SGD at EOL
	0 Stop at EOL default
	1 Auto restart at EOL
6-4	Reserved always reads 0
3-2	Interrupt Select
	This bit determines the timing of interrupt generation
	when bit-1 or bit-0 of this register are equal to 1.
	00 Interrupt at PCI Read of Last Line default
	01 Interrupt at Last Sample Sent
	10 Interrupt at Less Than One Line to Send
	11 -reserved-
1	Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
0	Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Blk
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
I/O Off	set 47-44 – Modem SGD R Ch Table Ptr Base RW
31-0	SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr) W
31-0	Current Pointer Address
	Current rounce Address

I/O Offset 4F-4C - Modem SGD R Ch Current Count.. RO

31-24 Current Modem SGD Read Channel Index

This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.

23-0 Current Modem SGD Read Channel Count

This field reports the count remaining in the current entry being processed. For example, if 10 bytes of a 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.

Modem SGD Table Format

<u>63</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>60-56</u>	<u>55-32</u>	<u>31-0</u>
EOL	FLAG	STOP	-reserved-	Base	Base
				Count	Address
				[23:0]	[31:0]



Modem SGD Write Channel Registers

O Off	set 50 – Modem SGD Write Channel StatusRO
7	SGD ActiveRO
	0 SGD has completed or been terminated.default
	1 SGD Active
6	SGD PausedRO
	0 SGD not pauseddefault
	1 SGD Paused
5-4	Reserved always reads 0
3	SGD Trigger QueuedRO
	This bit reports whether the trigger used to restart the
	SGD operation is queued (I/O Offset 51[1] = 1 while
	the SGD engine is running).
	0 SGD trigger not queueddefault
	1 SGD trigger queued (when SGD reaches EOL,
	it will restart).
2	Reserved always reads 0
1	SGD EOL (End Of Link)RWC
	1 Block is the last of the link. May be used by
	software as a signal to generate an interrupt
	request if I/O Offset $51[1] = 1$.
0	SGD FlagRWC
	1 Block complete. May be used by software as a
	signal to generate an interrupt request if I/O
	Offset $51[0] = 1$.

I/O Off	set 51 - Modem SGD Write Channel ControlRW
7	SGD Start
	0 No effect
	1 Start SGD write channel operation
6	SGD Terminate
	0 No effect
	1 Terminate SGD write channel operation
5-4	Test (Do Not Program) always write 0
3	SGD Pause
	0 Release SGD write channel pause and resume
	the transfer from the paused line
	1 Pause SGD write channel operation (SGD
	write channel pointer stays at current address)
2	Reserved always reads 0
1	Reset Modem SGD Write Operation
0	Reserved always reads 0

I/O Of	fset 52 – Modem SGD Write Channel Type RW
7	Auto-Start SGD at EOL
	0 Stop at EOLdefault
	1 Auto restart at EOL
6-2	Reserved always reads 0
1	Interrupt on EOL @ End of Block
	0 Disable default
	1 Enable
0	Interrupt on FLAG @ End-of-Blk
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
	fset 57-54 – Modem SGD W Ch Table Ptr Base. RW
31-0	SGD Table Pointer Base Address (even addr) W
	Current Pointer AddressR

I/O Offset 5F-5C - Modem SGD W Ch Current Count. RO

- 31-24 Current Modem SGD Write Channel Index
 This field reports the index the SGD engine is currently processing.
- 23-0 Current Modem SGD Write Channel Count
 This field reports the count remaining in the current
 entry being processed. For example, if 10 bytes of a
 30-byte count have been transferred, this field would
 read 20 to indicate 20 bytes remaining.
- EOL End Of Link. 1 indicates this block is the last of the link. If the channel "Interrupt on EOL" bit is set, then an interrupt is generated at the end of the transfer
- **FLAG** <u>Block Flag</u>. If set, transfer pauses at the end of this block. If the channel "Interrupt on FLAG" bit is set, then an interrupt is generated at the end of this block.
- **STOP** <u>Block Stop</u>. If set, transfer pauses at the end of this block. To resume the transfer, write 1 to Rx?0[2].



Codec Command / Status SGD Registers

These registers are used to send commands to the codecs

Offset 8	3-80 -	- AC97 Controller Command (W) / Status (R)	
This reg	ister n	nay be accessed from either function 5 or 6	
31-30	Codec IDRW		
	00	Select Codec CID = 00	
	01	Select Codec CID = 01	
	10	Select Codec CID = 10	
	11	Select Codec CID = 11	
29	Code	ec 11 Data / Status / Index ValidRO	
	0	Not Valid	
	1	Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)	
28	Code	ec 10 Data / Status / Index ValidRO	
	0		
	1	Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)	
27	Code	ec 01 Data / Status / Index ValidRO	
	0	Not Valid	
	1	Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)	
26	Rese	rvedalways reads 0	
25		ec 00 Data / Status / Index ValidRO	
	0	Not Valid	
	1	Valid (OK to Read bits 0-23)	
24	AC9	7 Controller BusyRO	
		Codec is ready for a register access command	
	1	AC97 Controller is sending a command to the	
		codec (commands are not accepted)	
23	Code	ec Register Read / Write ModeRW	
	0	Select Codec register write mode	
	1	Select Codec register read mode	
22-16	Code	ec Register Index [7:1]RW	
	Index	of the AC97 codec register to access (in the	
	attacl	ned codec). Data must be written before or at	
		ame time as Index because writing to the index	
		ers the AC97 controller to access the addressed	
		e register over the AC-link interface.	
15-0		ec Register DataRW	

Officet 9	7-84 – Modem SGD Status ShadowRO
	Reserved always reads 0
29	Modem Write SGD Active Shadow (Rx50[7])
28	Modem Read SGD Active Shadow(Rx40[7])
27-26	Reservedalways reads 0
25	Modem Write SGD Stop Shadow(Rx50[2])
24	Modem Read SGD Stop Shadow(Rx40[2])
23-22	Reservedalways reads 0
21	Modem Write SGD EOL Shadow(Rx50[1])
20	Modem Read SGD EOL Shadow(Rx40[1])
19-18	Reserved always reads 0
17	Modem Write SGD Flag Shadow(Rx50[0])
16	Modem Read SGD Flag Shadow(Rx40[0])
15-0	Reservedalways reads 0
	3-88 – Codec GPI Interrupt Status / GPIORWC ster may be accessed from either function 5 or 6
·	•
31-16	GPI Interrupt StatusRWC
	R GPI[15-0] Interrupt Status
	W 1 to clear
15-0	Codec GPIORW
	R Reflect status of Codec GPI[15-0]
	W Triggers AC-Link slot-12 output to codec
Offset 8	F-8C – Codec GPI Interrupt EnableRW
	ster may be accessed from either function 5 or 6
31-16	Interrupt on GPI[15-0] Change of StatusRW
J1 10	0 Disable
	1 Enable
15.0	Reservedalways reads 0
13-0	itesei veualways leads u



Device 18 Function 0 Registers - LAN

All registers are located in the Device 18 Function 0 PCI configuration space of the VT8237R Plus. These registers are accessed through PCI configuration mechanism #1 via I/O address CF8 / CFC.

PCI Configuration Space Header

			RO
			_
Offset 5	5-4 - Commar	ıd	RW
15-3	Reserved		always reads 0
2	Bus Master		always reads 0
1			always reads 0
0	I/O Space		RW, default = 0
Offset 7	7-6 – Status ((0400h)	RO
15			always reads 0
14			always reads 0
13	Received Ma	aster Abort	always reads 0
12			always reads 0
11	Signalled Ta	arget Abort	always reads 0
10-9	DEVSEL# 7	Timing	fixed at 10 (slow)
8	Data Parity	Detected	always reads 0
7			always reads 0
6			always reads 1
5			always reads 1
4			Mgmt) always reads 1
3-0	Reserved		always reads 0
Offset 9	9 - Program I	nterface	RO
			RO
Offset l	B - Class Cod	<u>e</u>	RO
This reg	gister must be		master devices that can date command.
Offset l	D – Latency T	imer	RW
			writable by any master
		an two data phas	
Offset 1	E - Header Ty	ype (00h)	RO
Offset 1	F - BIST (00h)	RO
			00 0000h)RW
Offset 1	17-14 – Memo	ory Base Addres	s (0000 0000h)RW
Offset 2	<u> 2B-28 – Card</u>	Bus CIS Pointe	r (0000 0000h)RW
			e (0000 0000h)RW

Offset 3	34 – Capabilities Offset (40h)RO				
7-0	Capabilities Offset				
	Offset into the LAN function PCI space pointing to				
	the location of the first item in the function's				
	capability list.				
Offset 1	3C - Interrupt LineRW				
7-4					
7-4 3-0	Reserved always reads 0				
3-0	LAN Interrupt Routing 0000 Disableddefault				
	0000 Disabled default				
	0010 Reserved				
	0010 Reserved 0011 IRQ3				
	0100 IRQ4				
	0100 IRQ4 0101 IRQ5				
	0110 IRQ6				
	0110 IRQ0 0111 IRQ7				
	1000 IRQ8				
	1000 IRQ6 1001 IRQ9				
	1010 IRQ10				
	1010 IRQ10 1011 IRQ11				
	1100 IRQ12				
	1101 IRQ13				
	1110 IRQ14				
	1111 Disabled				
	APIC (See Device 17 Function 0 Rx58[6])				
	x000 IRQ16				
	x001 IRQ17				
	x010 IRQ18				
	x111 IRQ23				
Offset 3	3D - Interrupt Pin (01h)RO				
7-0	Interrupt Pindefault = 01h (INTA#)				
, 0	interrupt i interr				
LAN-S	pecific PCI Configuration Registers				
Off :	40 C				
	40 – Capability ID (01h)RO				
7-0	Capability IDalways reads 01h				
	Identifies the linked list item as being PCI power				

management registers

capability list.

Offset 41 – Next Item Pointer (00h)RO

Next Item Pointer always reads 00h Offset into the LAN function PCI space pointing to the location of the <u>next</u> item in the function's



Offset 4	43-42 – Power Mgmt Configuration (0002h)RO
15-11	Power State In Which LAN Can Assert PME#
	$\dots default = 0$
	1xxxx PME# can be asserted from D3C
	x1xxx PME# can be asserted from D3H
	xx1xx PME# can be asserted from D2
	xxx1x PME# can be asserted from D1
	xxxx1 PME# can be asserted from D0
10	D2 PM State
	0 Not Supporteddefault
	1 Supported
9	D1 PM State
	0 Not Supporteddefault
	1 Supported
8-6	PCI 3.3V Auxiliary Current Requirements
	always reads 0
5	Device-Specific Initialization always reads 0
4	Reserved always reads 0
3	PME# Operation Uses PCI Clock
	0 No PCI clock req'd for PME# generationdef
	1 PME# generated using PCI clock
2-0	Power Management Interface Revision . reads 010b
	Readback of 010b indicates compliance with revision
	1.1 of the power management interface specification

Offset 47-44 – Power Management Control / Status ...RWC

31-0 Control / Status......default = 0000 0000h (see Power Management Specification 1.0)



LAN I/O Registers

Unless	the E	EPROM is disabled, the Ethernet Address is register from the EEPROM every time the up.
Offset (06 – R	eceive Control (00h)RW
7-5	Rese	
4	Phys	ical Address Packets Accepted
	0	Packets with a physical destination address are
		not accepteddefault
	1	All packets with a physical destination address
		are accepteddefault
3	Broa	dcast Packets Accepted
	0	Broadcast packets are rejecteddefault
	1	Broadcast packets are accepted
2	Mult	icast Packets Accepted
	0	Multicast packets are rejecteddefault
	1	Multicast packets are accepted
1	Smal	l Packets Accepted
	0	Packets smaller than 64 bytes are rejected def
	1	Packets smaller than 64 bytes are accepted
0	Erro	r Packets Accepted
	0	Packets with receive errors are rejecteddef
	1	Packets with receive errors are accepted

Offset (07 – Transmit Control (08h)RW
7-3	Reserved Do not program
2-1	Transmit Loopback Mode
	00 Normal default
	01 Internal loopback (signal is looped back to the
	host from the MAC)
	10 MII loopback (signal is looped back to the host
	from the PHY)
	11 -reserved- (do not program)
0	Reserved always reads 0



Offset	08 - Command 0 (00h)RW
7	Reserved always reads 0
6	Receive Poll Demand default = 0
	If this bit is set to 1, the Receive Descriptor (RD) will
	be polled once (this bit will be cleared by hardware
	after the polling is complete)
5	Transmit Poll Demand default = 0
	If this bit is set to 1, the Transmit Descriptor (TD)
	will be polled once (this bit will be cleared by
	hardware after the polling is complete)
4	Transmit Process
	0 Transmit engine disableddefault
	1 Transmit engine enabled (transmit may occur)
3	Receive Process
	0 Receive disableddefault
	1 Receive enabled
2	Stop NIC
	0 NIC enableddefault
	1 NIC disabled (transmit/receive cannot occur)
1	Start NIC
	0 No command entereddefault
	1 Start the NIC
0	Reserved Do not program

Offset (99 – Command 1 (00h)RW
7	Software Reset
	0 No resetdefault
	1 Reset the MAC
6	Receive Poll Demand 1 default = 0
	This bit functions the same as Rx8[6]. The function
	can be enabled by setting either bit (for backward
	compatibility).
5	Transmit Poll Demand 1 default = 0
	This bit functions the same as Rx8[5]. The function
	can be enabled by setting either bit (for backward
	compatibility).
4	Reserved always reads 0
3	TD / RD Auto Polling
	0 Enable (polling interval is determined by
	Rx6F[2:0])default
	1 Disable
2	Full Duplex
	0 Set MAC to half duplex modedefault
	1 Set MAC to full duplex mode
1-0	Reserved Do not program



Offset (OC – Interrupt Status 0 (00h)RW	Offset 0E - Interrupt Mask 0 (00h)RW
7	CRC or Miss Packet Tally Counter Overflow Set if either counter overflows (both counters are 16	Bits correspond to the bits in Interrupt Status Register 0. An interrupt is generated when corresponding bits in both
	bits)	registers equal 1.
6	PCI Bus Error	0.00 + 0.07 - 1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
_	Set if PCI bus error occurred.	Offset 0F – Interrupt Mask 1 (00h)RW
5	Receive Buffer Link Error	Bits correspond to the bits in Interrupt Status Register 1. An
	Set when there is not enough buffer space for a	interrupt is generated when corresponding bits in both
4	packet requiring multiple buffers. Reserved	registers equal 1.
3	Transmit Error (Packet Transmit Aborted)	
3	Set due to excessive collisions (more than 16),	
	transmit underflow, or transmit data linking error	Offeet 17.10 Multipost Address DW
2	Receive Error	Offset 17-10 – Multicast Address
_	Set due to CRC error, frame alignment error, FIFO	The value in this register determines which Multicast addresses are received.
	overflow, or received data linking error	addresses are received.
1	Packet Transmitted Successfully	
0	Packet Received Successfully	
	•	Offset 1B-18 – RX AddressRW
	DD – Interrupt Status 1 (00h)RW	This register reports the receive transcriptor address that is
7	General Purpose Interrupt	being accessed.
	This bit is set when there is a general purpose	being decessed.
	interrupt event (Rx84). This bit is set when any bit in	Offset 1F-1C – TX AddressRW
	Rx84 equals one and when its corresponding mask	This register reports the transmit transcriptor address that is
	bit in Rx86 also equals one.	being accessed.
6 5	Port State Change (PHY) Transmit Abort Due to Excessive Collisions	being decessed.
3	Set when there is a transmit error that is due to	
	excessive collisions. Alternatively, Rx0C[3] is set	
	for all transmit errors.	
4	Receive Buffer Full	
-	Set when there is no more buffer space available in	
	system memory.	
3	Receive Packet Race	
	Set when there is not enough room in the FIFO to	
	receive an additional packet.	
2	Receive FIFO Overflow	
1-0	Reserved Do not program	
	1 0	



Offset 2	23-20 – Receive Status (0000 0400h)RW
31	Descriptor Owner
	0 Descriptor Owned By Host (NIC cannot
	access descriptor)
	1 Descriptor Owned by NIC (NIC can access
	descriptor)
	This bit has no default so must be set by the driver at
	initialization.
	Reserved always reads 0
26-16	Received Packet Length RO, $def = 0$
15	Received Packet SuccessfullyRO, $def = 0$
14	Reserved always reads 0
13	NIC Accepted Multicast PacketRO, $def = 0$
12	NIC Accepted Broadcast PacketRO, def = 0
11	NIC Accepted Physical Address PacketRO, def = 0
10	Chain Buffer always reads 1
	Set if packet too large to occupy a single receive
	descriptor.
9-8	Buffer Descriptor Start / EndRO
	For packets too large to fit into a single receive
	descriptor and thus occupy multiple RD's, this field
	reports whether this RD is the start, middle or end.
	00 Chain Buffer Middle Descriptordefault
	01 Chain Buffer End Descriptor 10 Chain Buffer Start Descriptor
	11 Single Buffer Descriptor (packet occupies only
	one descriptor)
7	Reserved
6	System Error RO, default = 0
5	Runt Packet ($<$ 64 bytes)
4	Long Packet (> 2500 bytes) RO , default = 0
3	FIFO Overflow Error RO, default = 0
2	Frame Alignment Error RO, default = 0
1	CRC Error
0	Receiver Error RO , default = 0

31-11	Reserved always reads 0
10-0	
	The receive data buffer size for this descriptor. The total byte count of the entire frame will be stored in the last descriptor.
	2B-28 – Rx Data Buffer Start AddressRO Rx Data Buffer Start Address
Offset 2	2F-2C – Ry Data Ruffer Branch Address RO
Offset 2 31-0	<u> PF-2C – Rx Data Buffer Branch AddressRO</u> Rx Data Buffer Branch Address
31-0	
31-0	2 2 2
31-0	Rx Data Buffer Branch Address
31-0	Rx Data Buffer Branch Address
31-0	Rx Data Buffer Branch Address



Offset 4	3-40 - Transmit Status (0000 0000h)RW	Offset 4	7-44 – Tx Data Buffer Control (0000 0000h) RO
31	Descriptor Owner	31-24	Reserved always reads 0
	0 Descriptor Owned By Host (NIC cannot	23	Send-Complete Interrupt
	access descriptor)		0 Interrupt not generated default
	1 Descriptor Owned by NIC (NIC can access		1 Interrupt generated after send complete
	descriptor)	22	End of Transmit Packet
	This bit has no default so must be set by the driver at		For packets too large to fit into a single transmit
	<u>initialization.</u>		descriptor and thus occupy multiple TD's, this bit
30-16	Reserved always reads 0		reports whether this TD is the End TD.
15	Transmit Error RO , default = 0		0 This TD is not the End TD default
	0 Transmit Successfuldefault		1 This TD is the End TD
	1 Excessive Collisions During Transmit Attempt	21	Start of Transmit Packet
14	Reserved always reads 0		For packets too large to fit into a single transmit
13	System Error RO , default = 0		descriptor and thus occupy multiple TD's, this bit
12	Invalid TD Format or Structure or TD Overflow		reports whether this TD is the Start TD.
	$\mathbf{RO, default} = 0$		0 This TD is not the Start TDdefault
11	Reserved	- 0.4-	1 This TD is the Start TD
10	Carrier Sense Lost During Transmit RO, def = 0		Reserved always reads 0
9	Out of Window CollisionRO, def = 0	16	Disable CRC Generation default = 0
0	(collision outside initial 64 bytes)	15	Chain Buffer default = 0
8	Transmit Abort (Excessive Collisions). RO, def = 0		Reserved always reads 0
7	CD Heartbeat Issued (10BaseT Only) RO, def = 0	10-0	Tx Data Buffer Size default = 0
6-5	Reserved always reads 0		The transmit data buffer size for this descriptor. The
4	Collision Detected During Transmit RO, def = 0		total byte count of the entire frame will be stored in
3-0	Collision Retry CountRO, $def = 0$		the last descriptor.
		Offset 4	B-48 – Tx Data Buffer Start AddressRO
		31-0	Tx Data Buffer Start Address

Offset 4F-4C - Tx Data Buffer Branch Address.....RO

.....always reads 0

0 Issue interrupt for this packet default

31-4 Tx Data Buffer Branch Address

1 No interrupt generated

Tx Interrupt Enable

3-1 Reserved



Offset	6C – PHY Address (01h)RW	Offset (6E – Buffer Control 0 (00h)RW
7-6	MII Management Polling Timer Interval (Polling	7-3	Reserved Do not program
	PHY)	2-0	DMA Length
	00 1024 MDC Clock Cyclesdefault		000 32 bytes 8 DWdefault
	01 512 MDC Clock Cycles		001 64 bytes 16 DW
	10 128 MDC Clock Cycles		010 128 bytes 32 DW
	11 64 MDC Clock Cycles		011 256 bytes 64 DW
	MDC is an internal clock with a 960 ns cycle time.		100 512 bytes 128 DW
5	Accelerate MDC Speed		101 1024 bytes 256 DW
	0 Normaldefault		11x Store & Forward
	1 4x Accelerated	0.00	CE D 00 C + 14 (001)
4-0	Extended PHY Device Address default = 01h		6F - Buffer Control 1 (00h)RW
	Stored from EEPROM during power-up or EEPROM	7-3	Reserved Do not program
	auto-reload but can be programmed by software	2-0	Polling Interval Timer
0.00	CD 1411 Ct (4 (441)		This field determines the polling interval when TX /
	6D – MII Status (13h)RW		RX Auto-Polling is enabled (LAN I/O Rx09[3]=0).
7	PHY Reset		000 2 ¹³ V-Link Clocksdefault
	0 PHY reset not asserteddefault		001 2 ¹⁵ V-Link Clocks
	1 PHY reset asserted		001 2 ¹⁴ V-Link Clocks
6-5	Reserved always reads 0		001 2 ¹² V-Link Clocks
4	PHY Option		001 2 ¹¹ V-Link Clocks
	0 PHY address updated from EEPROM		001 2 ¹⁰ V-Link Clocks
•	1 Use default PHY address of 0001hdefault		001 29 V-Link Clocks
3	PHY Device Received Error		001 28 V-Link Clocks
	0 No MII errordefault		
•	1 MII Error		
2	Reserved always reads 0		
1	Link Failure		
	0 Link successful		
0	1 Link unsuccessful (no connection)default		
0	PHY Speed		
	0 100 Mb		
	1 10 Mbdefault		



	MII (PHY) Auto Polling	7	EEPROM Program CompleteRO, def = 0
	0 Disabledefault		Set when EEPROM loading is complete.
	1 Enable (polling interval determined by	6	EEPROM Embedded Program Enable def = 0
_	Rx6C[7:6])		When this bit is set, configuration data (in Rx6E, 6F
6	PHY Read		74, 78, 79, 7A and 7B) will start to be programmed
	Every time this bit is set to one, the Phy is read once.	_	into the EEPROM.
	The address read is determined by Rx71[4:0] and the	5	Dynamically Reload EEPROM Content def = 0
	data is stored in Rx73-72.		When this bit toggles, the Ethernet ID (Rx5-0) is
	0 Disabledefault		reloaded from EEPROM.
	1 Enable	4	EEPROM Direct Program Mode
5	PHY Write		0 Disabledefaul
	Every time this bit is set to one, the PHY is written		1 Enable (see bits 3-0)
	once. The address written is determined by	3	EEPROM Direct Programming Chip Select
	Rx71[4:0] and the value in Rx73-72 will be written to		This bit must be set to allow proramming of the
	the PHY.		EEPROM using bits 2-0
	0 Disable default	2	EEPROM Direct Programming Clock
	1 Enable		This bit acts as the clock for direct programming o
4	PHY Direct Programming Mode		the EEPROM.
	0 Disable (bits 3-0 are ignored, see bits 6-5)def	1	EEPROM Direct Programming Write Data
	1 Enable (bits 6-5 are ignored, see bits 2-0)		During direct programming (write), the value in this
3	MDIO Output Enable Indicator		bit is presented to the EEPROM Data In pin and
2	Phy Direct Programming Write Data Out		written to the EEPROM every time bit-2 of thi
	During direct programming (write), the value in this		register (the "clock") toggles.
	bit is written to the Phy every time bit-0 of this	0	EEPROM Direct Programming Read Data RC
	register (the "clock") toggles.	U	During direct programming (read), every time bit-
1	Phy Direct Programming Read Data InRO		of this register (the "clock") toggles, the value on the
1	During direct programming (read), every time the		EEPROM Data Out pin is stored in this bit.
	"clock" (bit-0) toggles, the value from the Phy is		ELI KOW Data Out più is stored in tins oft.
	stored in this bit.		
n			
0	Phy Direct Programming Clock This hit acts as the clock during direct roads from and	Offset	78 - EEPROM Control (00h)RW
	This bit acts as the clock during direct reads from and	7	EEPROM Embedded & Direct Programming
	direct writes to the Phy.	•	0 Disable (EEPROM cannot be programmed) de
et 7	1 – MII Management Port Address (81h)RW		1 Enable (allow EEPROM to be programmed)
	Polling Status	6	Extension Clock
7	0 Polling mechanism is busy (polling can't be	U	0 Disabledefaul
			1 Enable (the clock to the EEPROM is sent prio
	initiated)		to the start of data to allow more time for the
	1 Polling mechanism is idle (polling can be		
_	initiated)default	5-0	EEPROM to return to the ready state)
6	Polling Type	5-0	Reserved always reads 0
	0 Poll One Cycledefault		
	1 Auto polling – close the pause function at bit-5		
5	Polling Complete		
	0 Polling not completedefault		
	1 Polling complete (auto polling data ready)		
1-0	MII Management Port Address Bits 4-0 def = 01h		
	This field contains the address of the PHY register to		
	be read or written.		

in this register.

register. For writes to the Phy, the data to be written is placed



Offset	79 – Configuration 1 (00h)RW	Offset	7A – Configuration 2 (00h)RW
7	Transmit Frame Queuing	7	Reserved always reads 0
	0 Enable (frames from the PCI bus can be	6	Unused BootROM Address MA
	queued in the transmit FIFO - a maximum of		This bit controls whether unused BootROM memory
	2 packets may be queued)default		address bits are tied high.
	1 Disable		0 Not tied highdefault
6	Data Parity Generation and Checking		1 Tied high
	This bit controls whether PCI parity is enabled.	5	Delayed Transactions for BootROM Memory
	0 Enabledefault		Read
	1 Disable		This bit controls whether PCI delayed transactions
5	Memory-Read-Line Supported		are enabled.
	This bit controls whether PCI Memory-Read-Line is		0 Disabledefault
	supported.		1 Enable
	0 Enabledefault	4-0	Reserved always reads 0
	1 Disable		
4	Transmit FIFO DMA Interleaved to Receiving		
	FIFO DMA After 32 DW Transaction	Offset	7B – Configuration 3 (00h)RW
	This bit controls whether during a transmit, priority	7	
	can be given to a receive transaction.	/	Memory Mapped I/O Access 0 Disabledefault
	0 Disabledefault		1 Enable
	1 Enable (during a transmit, if a receive request	6-4	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	is seen, the transmit is paused after 32 DW's	3	Backoff Algorithm
_	and priority is given to the receive)	3	0 Fixeddefault
3	Receive FIFO DMA Interleaved to Transmitting		1 Random
	FIFO DMA After 32 DW Transaction	2-1	Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0
	This bit controls whether during a receive, priority	0	Backoff Algorithm Optional
	can be given to a transmit transaction.	U	0 Disabledefault
	0 Disabledefault		1 Enable
	1 Enable (during a receive, if a transmit request		1 Endoic
	is seen, the receive is paused after 32 DW's		
•	and priority is given to the transmit)		
2	Memory Read Wait States (for ISA only)		
	0 Nonedefault		
1	1 Insert one wait state 2222		
1	Memory Write Wait States s (for ISA only)		
	0 Nonedefault		
	1 Insert one wait state 2222		

Latency Timer

Enable

are enabled. 0

This bit controls whether PCI Delayed Transactions

Disabledefault



Offset	80 – Miscellaneous 1 (00h)RW
7-4	Reserved always reads 0
3	Full Duplex Flow Control
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
2	Half Duplex Flow Control
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable
1	Soft Timer 0 Status / Start
	0 Timer Countingdefault
	(write 0 after time out to start timer counting)
	1 Timer Timed Out
0	Soft Timer 0 Enable
	0 Disabledefault
	1 Enable timer to count
Offset	81 – Miscellaneous 2 (00h)RW
	·
7	Reserved always reads 0
7 6	Reserved always reads 0 Force Software Reset
•	Force Software Reset
•	Force Software Reset Setting this bit resets the MAC. This bit functions
•	Force Software Reset
•	Force Software Reset Setting this bit resets the MAC. This bit functions differently from Rx09[7] in that when Rx09[7] is set,
•	Force Software Reset Setting this bit resets the MAC. This bit functions differently from Rx09[7] in that when Rx09[7] is set, the MAC will reset only after all state machines are
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5	Force Software Reset Setting this bit resets the MAC. This bit functions differently from Rx09[7] in that when Rx09[7] is set, the MAC will reset only after all state machines are in idle mode (all on-going transactions have been completed). When this bit is set, the MAC will be reset regardless of the status of the state machines. This bit is used when Rx09[7] cannot force a reset due to issues with the state machines. O Normal
5 4-1	Force Software Reset Setting this bit resets the MAC. This bit functions differently from Rx09[7] in that when Rx09[7] is set, the MAC will reset only after all state machines are in idle mode (all on-going transactions have been completed). When this bit is set, the MAC will be reset regardless of the status of the state machines. This bit is used when Rx09[7] cannot force a reset due to issues with the state machines. O Normal default Force Reset Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0 Reserved always reads 0
5	Force Software Reset Setting this bit resets the MAC. This bit functions differently from Rx09[7] in that when Rx09[7] is set, the MAC will reset only after all state machines are in idle mode (all on-going transactions have been completed). When this bit is set, the MAC will be reset regardless of the status of the state machines. This bit is used when Rx09[7] cannot force a reset due to issues with the state machines. O Normal
5 4-1	Force Software Reset Setting this bit resets the MAC. This bit functions differently from Rx09[7] in that when Rx09[7] is set, the MAC will reset only after all state machines are in idle mode (all on-going transactions have been completed). When this bit is set, the MAC will be reset regardless of the status of the state machines. This bit is used when Rx09[7] cannot force a reset due to issues with the state machines. O Normal default Force Reset Reserved (Do Not Program) default = 0 Reserved always reads 0

7	Legacy WOL Status (for software reference) RO
	This bit reports whether legacy WOL is supported.
	0 Disable defaul
	1 Enable
6-4	Reservedalways reads (
3	Legacy WOL StatusRC
	This bit is set when there is a legacy WOL event.
	0 No legacy WOL event occurred defaul
	1 Legacy WOL event occurred
2	Legacy WOL Enable
	This bit controls whether legacy WOL is a wake
	event.
	0 Disable (if a wake event is detected (bit- $3 = 1$)
	PME# will not be asserted)defaul
	1 Enable (if a wake event is detected (bit- $3 = 1$)
	PME# will be asserted)
1-0	Sticky DS Shadow
	This field reports the current power managemen
	state of the device.
	00 D0 State defaul
	01 D1 State
	10 D2 State
	11 D3 State



Offset 84 – MII Interrupt Status (00h)RWC	Offset 8D-8C - Flash AddressRW
The bits in this register correspond to bits in the MII Interrupt Mask register (Rx86). An interrupt is generated when corresponding bits in both registers equal one.	This register stores the address that is read from or written to when reading or configuring the BootROM. 15-0 Flash Address [15:0]
 Power Event Report in Test Mode (RO) def = 0 User Defined Host Driven Interrupt def = 0 Reserved	Offset 8F – Flash Write Data Out
1 Soft Timer 1 Timeout	 Boot ROM Embedded Write Command def = 0 Setting this bit initiates a write transaction (data in Rx8F will be written to the address specified in Rx8D-8C). Boot ROM Embedded Read Command def = 0 Setting this bit initiates a read transaction (data in the address specified in Rx8D-8C will be read and stored in Rx91).
Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-7 Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-6 Reserved always reads 0 Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-4 Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-3 Reserved always reads 0 Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-1 Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-1 Interrupt on MII Interrupt Status (Rx84) Bit-0 All bits above: O Disable default Enable	Offset 91 – Flash Write Data In



Offset 95-94 - Suspend Mode MII Address (0000h)RW

Offset 96 - Suspend Mode PHY Address (00h).....RW

Offset !	99-98 – Pause Timer (0000h)RW
7-0	Pause Timer Valuedef = 0
	This field is used for full duplex flow control. When
	the Receive FIFO is nearly full, The transmitter can
	send a pause frame to the transmitting side (generally
	a switch) to request a pause. The length of pause
	time is determined by this field.
Offset !	9A – Pause Status (00h) RW
7-1	Reserved always reads 0
0	Pause Status
	0 Not paused default
	1 Paused
Offset 9	9D-9C – Soft Timer 0 (0000h)RW
7-0	Soft Timer 0 Count Valuedefault = 0
, 0	This field reports the count value of soft timer 0.
	•
Offset !	9F-9E – Soft Timer 1 (0000h)RW
7-0	Soft Timer 1 Count Value default = 0
	This field reports the count value of soft timer 1.



Offset A0 – Wake On LAN Control Set (00h)RW Offset A4 – Wake On LAN Control Clear (00h)RW

- 7 **Link Off Detected** (determines whether the system wakes up from link off detection)
- 6 Link On Detected (determines whether the system wakes up from link on detection)
- 5 Magic Packet Filter (determines whether the system wakes up when a Magic Packet is detected)
- 4 Unicast Filter (determines whether the system wakes up when a Unicast Packet is detected)
- 3 CRC3 Pattern Match Filtering (determines whether the system wakes up when packet matching CRC3 pattern is detected)
- 2 CRC2 Pattern Match Filtering (determines whether the system wakes up when packet matching CRC2 pattern is detected)
- 1 CRC1 Pattern Match Filtering (determines whether the system wakes up when packet matching CRC1 pattern is detected)
- **O** CRC0 Pattern Match Filtering (determines whether the system wakes up when packet matching CRC0 pattern is detected)

All bits above:

0 Disabledefault

1 Enable

Offset A1 - Power Configuration Set (00h)RW Offset A5 - Power Configuration Clear (00h).....RWalways reads 0 7-6 Reserved WOL Type 5 0 Driven by Leveldefault 1 Driven By Pulse Legacy WOL 4 0 Disabledefault Enable Reserved 3-2 always reads 0 **Reserved (Do Not Program)**.....default = 0

Offset A3 – Wake On LAN Configuration Set (00h)..... RW Offset A7 – Wake On LAN Configuration Clear (00h). RW

- 7 Force Power Management Enable over PME Enable Bit (Legacy Use Only)
- **6** Full Duplex During Suspend
- 5 Accept Multicast During Suspend

This bit controls whether multicast packets are accepted during suspend state. Whether a multicast packet will actually wake up the system depends on whether the packet is a type of packet set to wake up the system, as determined by RxA0[5:0].

4 Accept Broadcast During Suspend

This bit controls whether broadcast packets are accepted during suspend state. Whether a broadcast packet will actually wake up the system depends on whether the packet is a type of packet set to wake up the system, as determined by RxA0[5:0].

3 MDC Acceleration

1

Enable

2 Extend Clock During Suspend

When enabled, the clock to the PHY is sent prior to the start of data to allow more time for the PHY to return to ready state.

1-0 Reserved always reads 0
All bits above:
0 Disable default

Offset B3-B0 – Pattern CRC0	RW
127-0 CRC0 Pattern	default = 0
Offset B7-B4 – Pattern CRC1	RW
127-0 CRC1 Pattern	default = 0
Offset BB-B8 – Pattern CRC2	RW
127-0 CRC2 Pattern	default = 0
Offset BF-BC – Pattern CRC3	RW
127-0 CRC3 Pattern	default = 0

Offset CF-C0 – Byte Mask 0	RW
Offset DF-D0 – Byte Mask 1	RW
Offset EF-E0 – Byte Mask 2	RW
Offset FF-F0 – Byte Mask 3	RW



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

Power Management

Power Management Subsystem Overview

The power management function of the VT8237R Plus is indicated in the following block diagram:

Refer to ACPI Specification v2.0 and APM specification v1.2 for additional information.

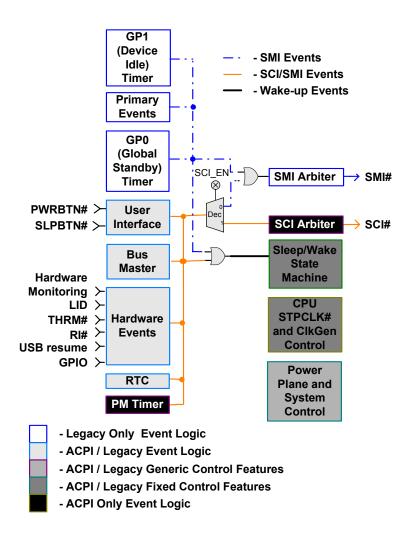


Figure 5. Power Management Subsystem Block Diagram



Processor Bus States

The VT8237R Plus supports the complete set of C0 to C3 processor states as specified in the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) specification (and defined in ACPI I/O space Registers 10-15):

- C0: Normal Operation
- C1: CPU Halt (controlled by software).
- C2: Stop Clock. Entered when the Processor Level 2 register (PMIO Rx14) is read. The STPCLK# signal is asserted to put the processor in the Stop Grant State. The CPUSTP# signal is not asserted so that host clocks remain running. To exit this state, the chip negates STPCLK#.
- C3: Suspend. Entered when the Processor Level 3 register (PMIO Rx15) is read. For Intel platforms, if the Host Stop bit is enabled, then CPUSTP# is also asserted to stop clock generation and put the CPU into Stop Clock State. To exit this state, the chip negates CPUSTP# and allows time for the processor PLL to lock. Then the STPCLK# signal is negated to resume to normal operation.

During normal operation, two mechanisms are provided to modulate CPU execution and control power consumption by throttling the duty cycle of STPCLK#:

- a. Setting the Throttle Enable bit to 1, the duty cycle defined in Throttle Duty Cycle (PMIO Rx10) is used.
- b. THRM# pin assertion enables automatic clock throttling with duty cycle pre-configured in THRM# Duty Cycle (PCI configuration Rx4C).

System Suspend States and Power Plane Control

There are three power planes inside the VT8237R Plus. The first power plane (VSUS33) is always on unless turned off by the mechanical switch. The second power plane (VCC) is controlled by chip output SUSC# (also called "PSON"). The third plane (VCCRTC) is powered by the combination of the VSUS33 and the external battery (VBAT) for the integrated real time clock. Most of the circuitry inside the VT8237R Plus is powered by VCC. The amount of logic powered by VSUS33 is very small; its main function is to control the supply of VCC and other power planes. VCCRTC is always on unless both the mechanical switch and VBAT are removed.

The VT8237R Plus supports multiple system suspend states by configuring the SLP_TYP field of ACPI I/O space register Rx4-5:

- a) POS (Power On Suspend): Most devices in the system remain powered. The host bus is put into an equivalent of the C3 state. In particular, the CPU is put into the Stop Grant State or Stop Clock State depending on the setting of the Host Stop bit for Intel Platforms. SUSST1# is asserted to tell the North Bridge to switch to "Suspend DRAM Refresh" mode based on the 32KHz SUSCLK provided by the VT8237R Plus. As to the PCI bus, setting the PCLK Run bit to 0 enables the CLKRUN protocol defined in the PCI Mobile Design Guide. That is, the PCKRUN# pin will be de-activated after the PCI bus is idle for 26 clocks. Any PCI bus masters including the North Bridge may resume PCI clock operation by pulling the PCKRUN# pin low. During the PCKRUN# de-activation period, the PCISTP# pin may be activated to disable the output of the PCI clock generator if the PCI STP bit is enabled. When the system resumes from POS, the VT8237R Plus can optionally resume without resetting the system, can reset the processor only, or can reset the entire system. When no reset is performed, the chip only needs to wait for the clock synthesizer and processor PLL to lock before the system is resumed, which typically takes 20ms.
- b) STR (Suspend to RAM): Power is removed from most of the system except the system DRAM. Power is supplied to the suspend refresh logic in the North Bridge (e.g., VSUS25 or equivalent) and the suspend logic of the VT8237R Plus (VSUS33).
- c) STD (Suspend to Disk, also called Soft-off): Power is removed from most of the system except the suspend logic of VT8237R Plus (VSUS33).
- **d) Mechanical Off:** This is not a suspend state. All power in the system is removed except the RTC battery.



The suspend state is entered by setting the Sleep Enable bit to 1. Three power plane control signals (SUSA#, SUSB# and SUSC#) are provided to turn off more system power planes as the system moves to deeper power-down states, i.e., from normal operation to POS (only SUSA# asserted), to STR (both SUSA# and SUSB# asserted), and to STD (all three SUS# signals asserted). In particular, the assertion of SUSC# can be used to turn off the VCC supply to the VT8237R Plus.

One additional suspend status indicator (SUSST1#) is provided to inform the North Bridge and the rest of the system of the processor and system suspend states. SUSST1# is asserted when the system enters the suspend state. SUSST1# is connected to the North Bridge to switch between normal and suspend-DRAM-refresh modes.

General Purpose I/O Ports

As ACPI compliant hardware, the VT8237R Plus includes PWRBTN#, SLPBTN# and RI# pins to implement power button, sleep button, and ring indicator functionality, respectively. Furthermore, the VT8237R Plus offers many general-purpose I/O ports with the following capabilities:

- I²C / SMB Support
- · Thermal Detect
- Notebook Lid Open / Close Detect
- Battery Low Detect
- Twelve General Purpose Input Ports (multiplexed with other functions).
- Nineteen General Purpose Output Ports (1 dedicated and 18 multiplexed with other functions)
- Four General Purpose Input / Output Ports (multiplexed with other functions)

In addition, the VT8237R Plus provides an external dedicated SMI pin (EXTSMI#). The external SMI input can be programmed to trigger an SCI or SMI at both the rising and falling edges of the corresponding input signal. Software can check the status of the input pin and take appropriate actions.

Power Management Events

Three types of power management events are supported:

- 1) **ACPI-required Fixed Events** defined in the PM1a Status and PM1a Enable registers. These events can trigger either SCI or SMI depending on the SCI Enable bit:
 - PWRBTN# Triggering
 - · RTC Alarm
 - · Sleep Button
 - ACPI Power Management Timer Carry (always SCI)
 - BIOS Release (always SCI)
- 2) ACPI-aware General Purpose Function Events defined in the GP Status and GP SCI Enable, and GP SMI Enable registers. These events can trigger either SCI or SMI depending on the setting of individual SMI and SCI enable bits:
 - External SMI triggering
 - · USB Resume
 - Ring Indicator (RI#)
 - Battery Low Detect (BATLOW#)
 - Notebook Lid Open/Close Detect (LID)
 - Thermal Detect (THRM#)



- 3) **Generic Global Events** defined in the Global Status and Global Enable registers. These registers are mainly used for SMI:
 - PCI Bus Clock Run Resume
 - Primary Interrupt Occurrence
 - · GP0 and GP1 Timer Time Out
 - · Secondary Event Timer Time Out
 - Occurrence of Primary Events (defined in the Primary Activity Status and Primary Activity Enable registers)
 - Legacy USB accesses (keyboard and mouse)
 - Software SMI

System and Processor Resume Events

Depending on the system suspend state, different features can be enabled to resume the system. There are two classes of resume events:

- a) VSUS-based events. Event logic resides in the VSUS plane and thus can resume the system from any suspend state. Such events include PWRBTN#, RI#, BATLOW#, LID, SMBus resume event, RTC alarm, EXTSMI#, and GP1 (EXTSMI1#).
- b) VCC-Based Events. Event logic resides in the VCC plane and thus can only resume the system from the POS state. Such events include the ACPI PM timer, USB resume, and EXTSMIn#.

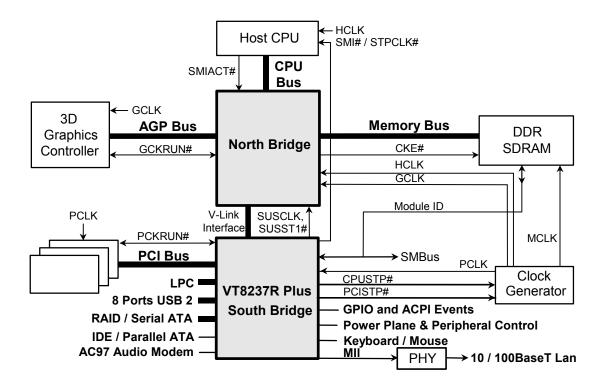


Figure 6. System Block Diagram Using the PT800 North Bridge



Legacy Power Management Timers

In addition to the ACPI power management timer, the VT8237R Plus includes the following four legacy power management timers:

GP0 Timer: general purpose timer with primary event **GP1 Timer**: general purpose timer with peripheral event reload

Secondary Event Timer: to monitor secondary events

Conserve Mode Timer: Hardware-controlled return to standby

The normal sequence of operations for a general purpose timer (GP0 or GP1) is to

- 1) First program the time base and timer value of the initial count (register GP Timer Count).
- 2) Then activate counting by setting the GP0 Start or GP1 Start bit to one: the timer will start with the initial count and count down towards 0.
- 3) When the timer counts down to zero, an SMI will be generated if enabled (GP0 Timeout Enable and GP1 Timeout Enable in the Global Enable register) with status recorded (GP0 Timeout Status and GP1 Timeout Status in the Global Status register).
- 4) Each timer can also be programmed to reload the initial count and restart counting automatically after counting down to 0. This feature is not used in standard VIA BIOS.

The GP0 and GP1 timers can be used just as the general purpose timers described above. However, they can also be programmed to reload the initial count by system primary events or peripheral events thus used as primary event (global standby) timer and peripheral timer, respectively. The secondary event timer is solely used to monitor secondary events.

System Primary and Secondary Events

Primary system events are distinguished in the Primary Activity Status and Primary Activity Enable registers:

Bit	Event	<u>Trigger</u>
7	Keyboard Access	I/O port 60h
6	Serial Port Access	I/O ports 3F8h-3FFh, 2F8h-2FFh,
		3E8h-3EFh, or 2E8h-2EFh
5	Parallel Port Access	I/O ports 378h-37Fh or 278h-27Fh
4	Video Access	I/O ports 3B0h-3DFh or memory
		A/B segments
3	IDE/Floppy Access	I/O ports 1F0h-1F7h, 170h-177h,
		or 3F5h
2	Decorred	

2 Reserved

1 **Primary Interrupts** Each channel of the interrupt

controller can be programmed to be a primary or secondary

interrupt

0 ISA Master/DMA Activity

Each category can be enabled as a primary event by setting the corresponding bit of the Primary Activity Enable register to 1. If enabled, the occurrence of the primary event reloads the

GP0 timer if the Primary Activity GP0 Enable bit is also set to 1. The cause of the timer reload is recorded in the corresponding bit of Primary Activity Status register while the timer is reloaded. If no enabled primary event occurs during the count down, the GP0 timer will time out (count down to 0) and the system can be programmed (setting the GP0 Timeout Enable bit in the Global Enable register to one) to trigger an SMI to switch the system to a power down mode.

The VT8237R Plus distinguishes two kinds of interrupt requests as far as power management is concerned: the primary and secondary interrupts. Like other primary events, the occurrence of a primary interrupt demands that the system be restored to full processing capability. Secondary interrupts, however, are typically used for housekeeping tasks in the background unnoticeable to the user. The VT8237R Plus allows each channel of interrupt request to be declared as either primary, secondary, or ignorable in the Primary IRQ Channel and Secondary IRQ Channel registers. Secondary interrupts are the only system secondary events defined in the VT8237R Plus.

Like primary events, primary interrupts can be made to reload the GP0 timer by setting the PIRQ Enable bit to 1. Secondary interrupts do not reload the GP0 timer. Therefore the GP0 timer will time out and the SMI routine can put the system into power down mode if no events other than secondary interrupts are happening periodically in the background.

Primary events can be programmed to trigger an SMI (setting of the Primary Activity Enable bit). Typically, this SMI triggering is turned off during normal system operation to avoid degrading system performance. Triggering is turned on by the SMI routine before entering the power down mode so that the system may be returned to normal operation at the occurrence of primary events. At the same time, the GP0 timer is reloaded and the count down process is restarted.

Peripheral Events

Primary and secondary events define system events in general and the response is typically expressed in terms of system events. Individual peripheral events can also be monitored by the VT8237R Plus through the GP1 timer. The following four categories of peripheral events are distinguished (via the GP Reload Enable register):

Bit-7 Keyboard Access
Bit-6 Serial Port Access
Bit-4 Video Access
Bit-3 IDE/Floppy Access

The four categories are subsets of the primary events as defined in Primary Activity Enable and the occurrence of these events can be checked through a common register Primary Activity Status. As a peripheral timer, GP1 can be used to monitor one (or more than one) of the above four device types by programming the corresponding bit to one and the other bits to zero. Time out of the GP1 timer indicates no activity of the corresponding device type and appropriate action can be taken as a result.



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Comment
T_{S}	Storage Temperature	-55	125	°C	
$T_{\rm C}$	Case Operating Temperature	0	85	°C	
V_{CC}	Core Voltage	-0.5	2.625	Volts	2.5V
V_{SUS25}	Suspend Voltage – 2.5V	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	Volts	2.5V
V _{SUSUSB}	Suspend Voltage – USB	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	Volts	2.5V
V _{SUSMII}	Suspend Voltage – LAN	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	Volts	2.5V
V_{CCVK}	V-Link Voltage	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	Volts	2.5V
V_{CCPLL}	PLL Voltage	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	Volts	2.5V
V_{CCUPLL}	USB PLL Voltage	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	Volts	2.5V
V_{CCLAN}	LAN Power Voltage	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	Volts	2.5V
V_{CC33}	I/O Voltage	-0.5	3.6	Volts	3.3V
V_{SUS33}	Suspend Voltage – 3.3V	-0.5	$V_{CC33} + 0.3$	Volts	3.3V
V _{CCUSB}	USB Voltage	-0.5	$V_{CC33} + 0.3$	Volts	3.3V
V _{CCMII}	LAN Voltage	-0.5	$V_{CC33} + 0.3$	Volts	3.3V
V_{BAT}	Battery Voltage	$V_{CC33} - 0.9$	$V_{CC33} + 0.3$	Volts	3.3V
V _{VLVREF}	Reference Voltage – V-Link	-0.5	V _{CCVK} * 0.38	Volts	0.9V
V _{SDVREF}	Reference Voltage – Secondary IDE	-0.5		Volts	
	Input voltage (3.3V only inputs)	-0.5	$V_{CC33} + 0.3$	Volts	FERR#, USBCLK, PWRBTN#, EXTSMI#, BATLOW#, SMBCK1-2, SMBDT1-2

Note: Stress above the conditions listed may cause permanent damage to the device.

Functional operation of this device should be restricted to the conditions described under operating conditions.

DC Characteristics

$$T_C = 0 - 85$$
°C

$$V_{CC} = V_{SUS25} = V_{SUSUSB} = V_{SUSMII} = V_{CCVK} = V_{CCPLL} = V_{CCUPLL} = V_{CCLAN} = 2.5V \pm 5\%,$$

$$V_{CC33} = V_{SUS33} = V_{CCUSB} = V_{CCMII} = 3.3V \pm 5\%, \ V_{BAT} = 3.3V + 0.3 \ / \ -0.9V, \ V_{SDVREF} = V_{VLVREF} = 0.9V \pm 5\%, \ GND = 0V + 1.00 \ / \ -0.9V + 1.00 \ / \ -0.00 \ / \ -0.9V + 1.00 \ / \ -0.9V + 1.00$$

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
$V_{ m IL}$	Input low voltage	-0.5	0.8	V	
V_{IH}	Input high voltage	2.0	$V_{CC33} + 0.3$	V	
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	_	0.45	V	$I_{OL} = 4.0 \text{mA}$
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	2.4	ı	V	$I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{mA}$
$I_{ m IL}$	Input leakage current	_	±10	uA	$0 < V_{\rm IN} < V_{\rm CC33}$
I_{OZ}	Tristate leakage current	_	±20	uA	$0.45 < V_{OUT} < V_{CC33}$



Register Bits Powered by VBAT

Register	Description	
RTC Rx0D[7]	VBAT Voltage OK	
F0 Rx96[3:0]	CPU Frequency Strapping Value	
PMIO Rx20[0]	GPI0 Status	
PMIO Rx20[6]	INTRUDER# Status	
PMIO Rx22[2]	Enable SCI on KBC PME Asserted	

Register Bits Powered by VSUS25

Register	Description	
F0 Rx81[2]	RTC Enable Gated During Soft Off	
F0 Rx94[7:0]	Power Well Control Register	
F0 Rx95[3:0]	Misc Power Well Control Register	
PMIO Rx00[15,11,10,8]	Wake, Abnormal PowerOff, RTC Alarm and Power Button Status bits	
PMIO Rx02[10,8]	RTC Alarm and Power Button Enables	
PMIO Rx04[12:10]	Sleep Type	
PMIO Rx20[13,11,9:8,5:2]	AC97 Wakeup, LID, USB Resume, Ring, PME#, EXTSMI#, LAN PME and KBC PME Status bits	
PMIO Rx22[13,11,8,6:3,1:0]	SCI on corresponding bits of PMIO Rx20	
PMIO Rx24[13,11,8,6:3,1:0]	SMI on corresponding bits of PMIO Rx20	
PMIO Rx2C[7,5,2]	LID polarity, Battery Low Resume Disable, Power Button triggering select	
PMIO Rx4C[4:0]	GPO 4:0 Output Value	



Power Requirements

$$T_{\rm C} = 0 - 85^{\circ}{\rm C}$$

$$V_{CC} = V_{SUS25} = V_{SUSUSB} = V_{SUSMII} = V_{CCVK} = V_{CCPLL} = V_{CCUPLL} = V_{CCLAN} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$$

$$\begin{aligned} &V_{CC}=V_{SUS25}=V_{SUSUSB}=V_{SUSMII}=V_{CCVK}=V_{CCPLL}=V_{CCUPLL}=V_{CCLAN}=2.5V\pm5\%,\\ &V_{CC33}=V_{SUS33}=V_{CCUSB}=V_{CCMII}=3.3V\pm5\%,\ V_{BAT}=3.3V\pm0.3\ /\ -0.9V,\ V_{SDVREF}=V_{VLVREF}=0.9V\pm5\%,\ GND=0V,\ V_{SDVREF}=0.9V\pm5\%,\ V_{SD$$

Symbol	Parameter	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
		50	140	mA	Normal operation
I_{CC33}	Power Supply Current – I/O (3.3V)	_	50	uA	STR / STD
		_	<1	uA	Soft Off
I _{CC}	Power Supply Current – Core (2.5V)	425	534	mA	Normal operation
1CC	Tower Suppry Current – Core (2.3 v)		<1	uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
ī	Power Supply Current – V-Link (2.5V)	34	62	mA	Normal operation
I_{CCVK}	Tower supply Current – V-Ellik (2.3 V)	120	160	uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
I_{SUS33}	Power Supply Current – Suspend (3.3V)	13	110	mA	Normal operation
180833	Tower Suppry Current Suspend (5.5 v)	_	1920	uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
ī	Power Supply Current – Suspend (2.5V)	4.1	4.5	mA	Normal operation
I_{SUS25}	Fower Suppry Current – Suspend (2.3 v)	_	254	uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
T	Power Supply Current – Suspend (2.5V) USB	4		mA	Normal operation
I_{SUSUSB}	Fower Suppry Current – Suspend (2.3 v) OSB	_		uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
ī	Power Supply Current – Suspend (2.5V) LAN			mA	Normal operation
I_{SUSMII}	Fower Suppry Current – Suspend (2.3 v) LAN	_		uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
T	Devices Council Council LISD I/O (2.2V)	9		mA	Normal operation
I_{CCUSB}	Power Supply Current – USB I/O (3.3V)	_		uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
T	Davier Cumply Cumput HCD DLL (2.5V)	63		mA	Normal operation
I_{CCUPLL}	Power Supply Current – USB PLL (2.5V)	_		uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
I _{CCMII}	Power Supply Current – LAN MII (3.3V)			mA	Normal operation
1CCMII	Tower Suppry Current – LAN MIT (5.5V)	_		uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
т	Description of LANDs (2.5V)			mA	Normal operation
I _{CCLAN}	Power Supply Current – LAN Power (2.5V)	_		uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
T	Device Comply Company CATA (2.2V)			mA	Normal operation
I_{CCA33}	Power Supply Current – SATA (3.3V)	_		uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
т	Power Supply Current – SATA (2.5V)			mA	Normal operation
$I_{CCAS+ATS}$		_		uA	STR / STD / SoftOff
I_{CCAO}	Power Supply Current – SATA Oscillator (2.5V)	_		uA	Normal operation
I_{VLVREF}	Power Supply Current – V-Link Reference (0.9V)	_		uA	Normal operation
I _{SDVREF}	Power Supply Current – IDE Reference (0.9)	_		uA	Normal operation
I_{BAT}	Power Supply Current – RTC Battery (3.3V)	_	5	uA	Normal operation
D	Dower Dissinction	1.1	2.5	W	Normal operation
P_{D}	Power Dissipation	_		W	STR / STD / SoftOff

Note: If there is a possibility that both SATA ports and all eight USB 2.0 ports will have devices attached and transferring data simultaneously, a heat spreader is recommended on the chip (see Design Guide for additional information).



PACKAGE MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

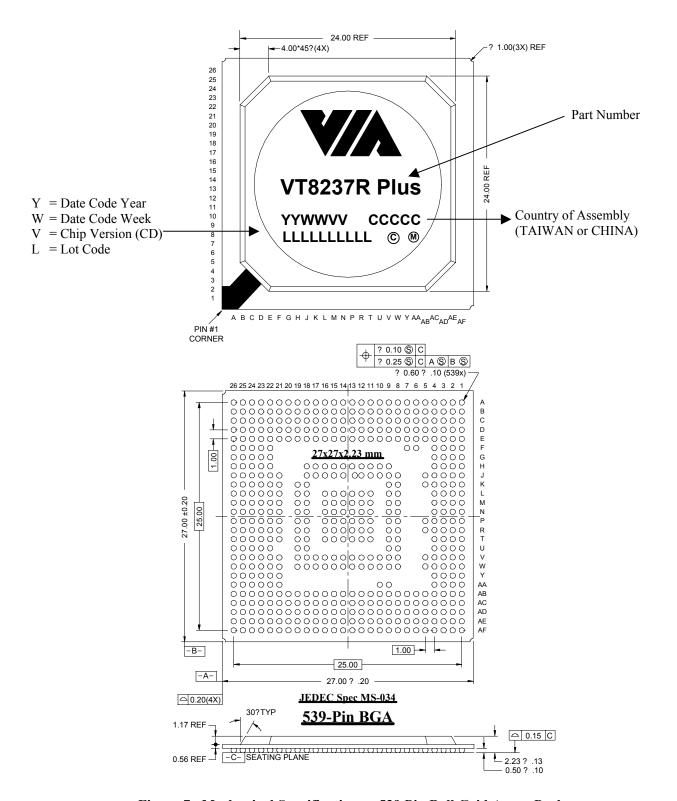


Figure 7. Mechanical Specifications – 539 Pin Ball Grid Array Package



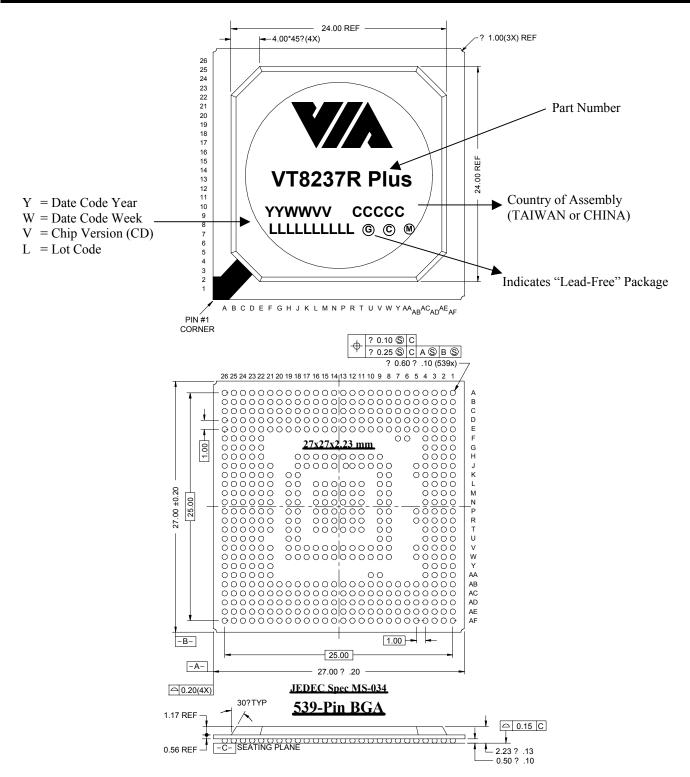


Figure 8. Lead-Free Mechanical Specifications – 539 Pin Ball Grid Array Package