xCAT 2.0 Roadrunner Cookbook 04/06/2008

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1.0 Release Description

xCAT 2.0 is a complete rewrite of xCAT 1.2/1.3 implementing a new architecture. See xCAT2.0 Beta Cookbook for more details about the 2.0 product: http://xcat.sourceforge.net/xCAT2.0.pdf All commands are client/server, authenticated, logged and policy driven. The clients can be run on any OS with Perl, including

Windows. The code has been completely rewritten in Perl, and table data is now stored in a relational database.

2.0 Installing the Management Node

2.1 Installing Fedora 8

Ensure that your networks are setup correctly.

1. Get Fedora ISOs and place in /root/xcat2:

mkdir /root/xcat2 cd /root/xcat2 wget

ftp://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Fedora/x86_64/iso/Fedora-8-x86_64-DVD.iso

wgetftp://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Fedora/ppc/iso/Fedora-8-ppc-DVD.iso

2. Create YUM repository:

```
mkdir /root/xcat2/fedora8
mount -r -o loop /root/xcat2/Fedora-8-x86_64-DVD.iso /root/xcat2/fedora8

cd /etc/yum.repos.d
mkdir ORIG
mv fedora*.repo ORIG

Create fedora.repo with contents:

[fedora]
name=Fedora $releasever - $basearch
```

3. Install createrepo

enabled=1

gpgcheck=0

2.2 Installing xCAT 2.0

yum install createrepo

2.2.1 Download xCAT2.0

baseurl=file:///root/xcat2/fedora8

cd /root/xcat2
wget http://xcat.sourceforge.net/yum/core-rpms-snap.tar.bz2
wget http://xcat.sourceforge.net/yum/dep-snap/rh5/x86_64

2.2.2 Extract xCAT2.0

cd /root/xcat2 tar jxvf core-rpms-snap.tar.bz2 tar jxvf dep-rpms-snap.tar.bz2

2.2.3 Get Fedora 8 OSS dependencies

cd /root/xcat2/dep-snap

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/perl-Net-SNMP-5.2.0-1.fc8.1.noarch.rpm

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/perl-XML-Simple-2.17-1.fc8.noarch.rpm

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/perl-Crypt-DES-2.05-4.fc7.x86_64.rpm

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/net-snmp-perl-5.4.1-4.fc8.x86_64.rpm

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/ksh-20070628-1.1.fc8.x86_64.rpm

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/perl-IO-Socket-INET6-2.51-2.fc8.1.noarch.rpm

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/dhcp-3.0.6-10.fc8.x86_64.rpm

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/syslinux-3.36-7.fc8.x86_64.rpm

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/mtools-3.9.11-2.fc8.x86_64.rpm

wget

 $\frac{http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/expect-5.43.0-9.fc8.x86_64.rpm$

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/perl-DBD-SQLite-1.12-2.fc8.1.x86_64.rpm

wget

 $\frac{http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/perl-Expect-1.20-1.fc8.1.noarch.rpm$

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/perl-IO-Tty-1.07-2.fc8.1.x86_64.rpm

wget

http://mirrors.usc.edu/pub/linux/distributions/fedora/linux/releases/8/Everything/x86_64/os/Packages/scsi-target-utils-0.0-1.20070803snap.fc8.x86_64.rpm

2.2.4 Setup OSS repository

cd /root/xcat2/dep-snap ./mklocalrepo.sh createrepo \$PWD yum clean metadata

2.2.5 Install Dependencies

```
yum install rpm-build perl-IO-Socket-SSL perl-Net-SSLeay \
perl-Digest-HMAC perl-Digest-SHA1 bind dhcp \
perl-Expect perl-IO-Socket-INET6 syslinux \
perl-Net-SNMP perl-XML-Simple \
net-snmp-perl expect ksh atftp conserver \
fping ipmitool perl-DBD-SQLite
```

2.2.6 Install xCAT 2.0 software

cd /root/xcat2/core-snap ./mklocalrepo.sh createrepo \$PWD yum clean metadata yum install xCAT-2.0

2.2.7 Test xCAT installation

source /etc/profile.d/xcat.sh tabdump site

2.2.8 Update xCAT 2.0 software

If you need to update the xCAT2.0 rpms later with a new copy:

```
cp <new rpms> /root/xcat2/core-snap
cd /root/xcat2/core-snap
./mklocalrepo.sh
createrepo $PWD
yum update
```

If you have a service node stateless image, don't forget to update the image with the new xCAT rpms. See xxxxxx building stateless images for service nodes.

```
cp -pf /etc/yum.repos.d/*.repo /install/netboot/fedora9/x86_64/service/rootimg/etc/yum.repos.d yum --installroot=/install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/service/rootimg update
```

2.2.9 Setup Yum for Fedora8 installs

```
umount /root/xcat2/fedora8
chtab key=installdir site.value=/install
cd /root/xcat2
copycds Fedora-8-x86_64-DVD.iso
copycds Fedora-8-ppc-DVD.iso
Edit /etc/yum.repos.d/fedora.repo

Change
baseurl=file:///tmp/fedora8
to
baseurl=file:///install/fedora8/x86_64
```

3.0 xCAT Hierarchy using Service nodes

In large clusters it is desirable to have more than one node (the Management Node) handle the installation of the compute nodes. We call these additional nodes service nodes. You can have one or more service nodes setup to install groups of compute nodes.

The service nodes need to communicate with the xCAT2.0 database on the Management Node and run xCAT command to install the nodes. The service node will be installed with the xCAT code and required the PostgreSQL Database be setup instead of SQLite Default database. PostgreSQL allows a client to be setup on the service node such that the service node can access (read/write) the database on the Management Node (Master Node) from the service node.

If you do not plan on using service nodes, you can skip this section 3 and continue to use the SQLite Default database setup during the installation.

3.1 Switching to PostgreSQL Database

To setup the postgresql database on the Management Node follow these steps.

This example assumes: 192.168.0.1: ip of master xcatdb: database name

xcatadmin: database role (aka user)

cluster: database password

192.168.0.10 & 192.168.0.11 (service nodes)

Substitute your address and desired userid, password and database name as appropriate.

The following rpms should be installed from the Fedora8 media on the Management Node (and service node when installed). These are required for postgresql.

- 1. yum install perl-DBD-Pg postgresql-server postgresql
- 2. Initialize the database : service postgresql initdb
- 3. service postgresql start
- 4. su postgres
- 5. -bash-3.1\$ createuser -P xcatadmin Enter password for new role: cluster

Enter it again: cluster Shall the new role be a superuser? (y/n) n Shall the new role be allowed to create databases? (y/n) n Shall the new role be allowed to create more new roles? (y/n) n

- 6. \$ createdb -O xcatadmin xcatdb
- 7. \$ exit
- 8. cd /var/lib/pgsql/data/
- 9. Edit the hba configuration file:

vi pg_hba.conf

#lines should look like:

local all all ident sameuser

IPv4 local connections:

host all all 127.0.0.1/32 md5

host all all 192.168.0.1/32 md5

host all all 192.168.0.10/32 md5

host all all 192.168.0.11/32 md5 where 192.168.0.10 and 11 are service nodes.

- 10. vi postgresql.conf
- 11. set listen addresses to '*':

listen_addresses = '*' This allows remote access. **Note:Be sure and uncomment** the line

- 12. service postgresql restart
- 13. Backup your data to migrate to the new database #mkdir -p ~/xcat-dbback dumpxCATdb -p ~/xcat-dbback
- 14. /etc/sysconfig/xcat should contain these lines, substitute your cluster facing address for 192.168.0.1, and user and password are xcatadmin cluster in this instance

XCATCFG='Pg:dbname=xcatdb;host=192.168.0.1|xcatadmin|cluster' export XCATCFG XCATROOT=/opt/xcat export XCATROOT

- 15. copy /etc/sysconfig/xcat to /install/postscripts/sysconfig/xcat for installation on the service nodes.
- 16. /etc/xcat/cfgloc should contain the following line, again substituting your info. This points the xCAT database access code to the new database.

Pg:dbname=xcatdb;host=192.168.0.1|xcatadmin|cluster

- 17. copy /etc/xcat/cfgloc to /install/postscripts/etc/xcat/cfgloc for installation on the service nodes.
- 18. chmod 700 /etc/sysconfig/xcat and /etc/xcat/cfgloc
- 19. . /etc/sysconfig/xcat #read the text into the current shell
- 20. You can add . /etc/sysconfig/xcat to a setup shell script in /etc/profile.d, so the XCATROOT and XCATCFG environment variables are setup when you login.
- 21. Start the xcatd daemon using the postgresql database service xcatd restart
- 22. Restore your database: restorexCATdb -p ~/xcat-dbback to the postgreql database
- 23. Need to update the policy table:

Run this command to get correct Master node name known by ssl:

openssl x509 -text -in /etc/xcat/cert/server-cert.pem -noout|grep Subject

Subject: CN=mgt.cluster Subject Public Key Info:

X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:

- 24. Update the policy table with mgt.cluster output from the command: chtab priority=5 policy.name=<mgt.cluster> policy.rule=allow. Note this name must be an MN name that is known by the service nodes.
- 25. Check the database for the following settings:

[root@mn20 ~]# tabdump site

#key,value,comments,disable

"xcatiport","3002",,

"nameservers","11.16.0.1",

"forwarders", "9.114.8.1, 9.114.8.2",

"xcatdport","3001",,

"domain", "foobar.com",

"master","11.16.0.1",, where the Master node is the name or ip address known by the service nodes

[root@mn20 ~]# tabdump policy

#priority,name,host,commands,noderange,parameters,time,rule,comments,disable

```
"1","root",,,,,,"allow",,
"5","mn20",,,,,,"allow",, where mn20 is the output of step 26.
"2",,,"getbmcconfig",,,,"allow",,
"3",,,"nextdestiny",,,,,"allow",,
"4",,,"getdestiny",,,,,"allow",,
```

- 26. chkconfig postgresql on
- 27. service postgresql restart

3.2 Define the service nodes in the database

For this example, we have two service nodes rra000 and rrb000. To add the service nodes to the database run the following commands to add and update the service nodes' attributes in the site, nodelist and noderes tables. Note: service nodes are required to be defined with group "service". The commands below are using the group "service" to update all service nodes.

Note: For table attribute definitions run tabdump -d

3.2.1 Define Service Nodes and bmc in nodelist table

nodeadd rra000,rrb000 groups=service,ipmi, all nodeadd rra000bmc,rrb000bmc groups=bmc,ipmi,all

3.2.2 Define Service Nodes in noderes table

```
chtab node=service noderes.netboot=pxe
chtab node=service noderes.servicenode="11.16.0.1"
chtab node=service noderes.tftpserver="11.16.0.1"
chtab node=service noderes.xcatmaster="11.16.0.1"
chtab node=service noderes.serialport=1
chtab node=service noderes.service="11.16.0.1"
```

3.2.3 Define Service Nodes in ipmi table

```
nodech rra000 ipmi.bmc=rra000bmc ipmi.userid=USERID ipmi.password=PASSW0RD
nodech rrb000 ipmi.bmc=rrb000bmc ipmi.userid=USERID ipmi.password=PASSW0RD
```

3.2.4 Define Service Nodes and bmc in nodehm table

chtab node=service nodehm.cons=ipmi

chtab node=service nodehm.mgt=ipmi nodehm.serialspeed=19200 nodehm.serialflow=hard

chtab node=bmc nodehm.mgt=ipmi

3.2.5 Define Service Nodes and bmc in nodetype table

chtab node=service nodetype.arch=x86_64 nodetype.os=fedora8 nodetype=osi

chtab node=bmc nodetype.nodetype=rsa

3.2.6 Define Service Nodes in site table

chtab key=defserialport site.value=1

chtab key=defserialspeed site.value=19200

chtab key=xcatservers site.value=rra000,rrb000

3.2.7 Define Service Node OS and Profile attributes

chtab node=service nodetype.os=fedora8 chtab node=service noderes.primarynic=eth0 noderes.installnic=eth0 chtab node=service nodetype.profile=service

4.0 Setup Services

4.1 Setup networks Table

All networks in the cluster must be defined in the networks table.

4.2 Setup DNS

Set nameserver, forwarders and domain in the site table

chtab key=nameservers site.value=192.168.100.1 (IP of mgmt node) chtab key=forwarders site.value=172.16.0.1 (how to get to other DNS) chtab key=domain site.value=foobar.com

Edit /etc/hosts:

```
127.0.0.1
               localhost.localdomain localhost
            localhost6.localdomain6 localhost6
   ::1
   192.168.2.100 b7-eth0
   192.168.100.1 b7
   192.168.100.10 blade1
   192.168.100.11 blade2
   192.168.100.12 blade3
   172.30.101.133 amm3
   Run:
   makenetworks
   makedns
   setup /etc/resolv.conf:
   search foobar.com
   nameserver 192.168.100.1
Start dns:
   service named start
   chkconfig --level 345 named on
4.3 Setup AMM
Note: xCAT will be providing a script to replace this manual process.
   telnet amm3
   env -T mm[1]
   users -1 -ap sha -pp des -ppw PASSW0RD
   users -1 -at set
As one line copy your id rsa.pub key from the $ROOTHOME/.ssh/id rsa.pub file.
   users -1 -pk -add ssh-rsa
   AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAABIwAAAQEA0u4zf9ULqp5jsZPiVlmcg8TWbPrrIyOK
   +bMbHPmId0OEQvs6Opcl2XqC4VF6POH8zEu6/YmpPphuDqhOmjkou/TXxHgzJ
```

KQmZ/gFK7Fr9dFzbwA37eE0edeOK4WOlwNZgH7t +4Bm1fJ1sjELVlR1CjFSm59c6Fts83NKIeU6wuhEOzYG1UywyW1Aj/0rSLOk1pS Fklhu9yXwt9RNVyQva7KKFhXFS51WaFRjyjEMU1Mc/AKaHYnNdehVSm3Bpks dMIkOVC36/VCXdwqEZWkV0m1pgCIM4K8CPfQUyuP3iaBep2hLA6o8f4bwrXM XAckrORWCKzFuiV3QoBCAJKxKPQ== root@mgt.cluster

NOTE: If you get error with -add type reset and try again. MM Bugs.

Test with:

ssh USERID@amm3 exit

TIP to update firmware:

Put CNETCMUS.pkt in /tftpboot

telnet AMM

env -T mm[1]

update -v -i TFTP SERVER IP -1 CNETCMUS.pkt

TIP for SOL to work best telnet to nortel switch and type:

/cfg/port int1/gig/auto off, for each port.

4.4 Setup Conserver

makeconservercf

service conserver stop

service conserver start

Test a few nodes with rpower and wcons

4.5 Get MAC addresses

rinv all macs |

perl -pi -e 's/([^:]*):.*?ress (\d): (00(:[0-9A-F]{2}){5})/nodech \1 mac.mac=\3 #\2/' | grep \#1

tabdump mac to verify mac addresses in table.

4.6 Setup DHCP

Setup dynamic range for your networks, for example:

chtab net=192.168.100.0 networks.dynamicrange=192.168.100.200-192.168.100.250

Define dhcp interfaces in site table:
chtab key=dhcpinterfaces site.value=eth1
Start dhcp:
service dhcpd restart
Create dhcp leases files
makedhcp -n
service dhcpd restart

4.7 Startup TFTP

mknb x86_64 service tftpd restart

5.0 Define Compute Nodes in the Database

5.1 Setup the nodelist Table

The nodelist table contains a node definition for each node in the cluster. We have provided a script to automate these definitions for the RR cluster.

/opt/xcat/share/xcat/tools/mkrrnodes will allow you to automatically define as many nodes as you would like to and setup nodegroups needed to manage those nodes. See man mkrrnodes.

For example :

Running mkrrnodes will define the following nodes with the assigned groups in the nodelist table. These nodegroups will be used in additional xCAT Table setup so that an entry does not have to be made for every node. You can add any additional nodegroups that you would like to define with the tabedit command.

/opt/xcat/share/xcat/tools/mkrrnode -C b -R 047,048

adds to the nodelist table the following entries:

```
"rrb047a", "rrb047,ls21,cub,opteron,opteron-cub,compute,tb,all,rack06",,, "rrb047b", "rrb047,qs22,cub,cell,cell-cub-b,compute,tb,all,rack06",,, "rrb047c", "rrb047,qs22,cub,cell,cell-cub-c,compute,tb,all,rack06",,, "rrb048a", "rrb048,ls21,cub,opteron,opteron-cub,compute,all,tb,rack06",,, "rrb048b", "rrb048,qs22,cub,cell,cell-cub-b,compute,tb,all,rack06",,, "rrb048c", "rrb048,qs22,cub,cell,cell-cub-c,compute,tb,all,rack06",,,
```

5.2 Setup the noderes Table

The noderes table will define for the node or nodegroup, the service node used to service the node or group, the type of network booting supported, the node which is the tftpserver, dhcpserver, etc as known by the node.

If you are using service nodes, for each node or nodegroup defined in the noderes table change the service node attribute in the noderes table to point to the name or ip address of it's service node

So for nodes in group rrb048, assign rrb000 service node to the node group and the xcatmaster will be the address that the node knows the service node by.

```
chtab node=opteron-cub noderes.servicenode=rrb000 noderes.xcatmaster=rrb000 chtab node=cell-cub-b noderes.servicenode=rrb000 noderes.xcatmaster=rrb000 chtab node=cell-cub-c noderes.servicenode=rrb000 noderes.xcatmaster=rrb000
```

Note: we are using 3 different nodegroups here because there will be different entries in the noderes table for the cell blades vs the opteron.

Define the services to run on the servicenode for the node group, for example to setup tftpserver and nfsserver

```
chtab node=opteron-cub noderes.tftpserver=rrb000noderes.nfsserver=rrb000 chtab node=cell-cub-b noderes.tftpserver=rrb000 noderes.nfsserver=rrb000 chtab node=cell-cub-c noderes.tftpserver=rrb000 noderes.nfsserver=rrb000
```

Whether or not you are using Service Nodes:

Define the type of network booting supported by this type of node (pxe,yaboot). If no service node, the xcatmaster is the Master Node.

```
chtab node=opteron-cub noderes.netboot=pxe noderes.master="11.16.0.1" chtab node=cell-cub-b noderes.netboot=yaboot noderes.master="11.16.0.1" chtab node=cell-cub-c noderes.netboot=yaboot noderes.master="11.16.0.1"
```

Define the network adapters that will be used for deployment.

chtab node=opteron-cub noderes.primarynic=eth0 noderes.installnic=eth0

chtab node=cell-cub-b noderes.primarynic=eth0 noderes.installnic=eth0

chtab node=cell-cub-c noderes.primarynic=eth0 noderes.installnic=eth0

5.2.1 Sample noderes table

Your noderes table will end up looking like this (if you use service nodes):

node, service node, netboot, tftpserver, nfsserver, monserver, kernel, initrd, kcmdline, nfsdir, ser ialport, installnic, primarynic, xcatmaster, current_osimage, next_osimage, comments, disable

```
"opteron-cub,
"11.17.0.1","pxe","11.17.0.1","11.17.0.1",,,,,"1","eth0","eth0","11.18.0.1",,,,
"cell-cub-b",
"11.18.0.1","yaboot","11.18.0.1","11.18.0.1",,,,,"0","eth0","eth0","11.18.0.1",,,,
"cell-cub-c",
"11.18.0.1","yaboot","11.18.0.1","11.18.0.1",,,,,,"0","eth0","eth0","11.18.0.1",,,,
```

5.2.2 Setting up which services run on the Service Nodes

Note: if in the noderes table you have an assigned servicenode for a node, and the field for the service (e.g nfsserver) is left blank, it is assumed that you want that service running on the defined service node. So you can either explicitly assign a service node to a node for any given service, or you can leave the fields blank and the service node assigned to the node will run all services for that node.

The settings for the services in the database will determine which services are setup on the service node. These services are setup when the xcatd daemon is started on the service node.

The services that are setup by xCAT on the service node are as follows:

- nfs (always setup)
- dns
- conserver
- tftp
- http (automatically installed)
- dhcp
- syslog (always setup)

5.3 Setup nodetype table

Define the OS and profile type for building the stateless image. chtab node=opteron nodetype.os=fedora8 nodetype.profile=compute chtab node=cell nodetype.os=fedora8 nodetype.profile=compute chtab node=service nodetype.os=fedora8 nodetype.profile=service

5.3.1.1 Sample nodetype table

```
Your nodetype table will look something like this: #node,os,arch,profile,nodetype,comments,disable "service","fedora8","x86_64","service",,,
"opteron","fedora8","x86_64","compute",,,
"cell","fedora8","ppc64","compute",,,
```

5.4 Setup passwords in passwd table

Add needed passwords to the passwd table to support installs.

```
chtab key=system passwd.password=cluster passwd.username=root chtab key=blade passwd.password=PASSW0RD passwd.username=USERID chtab key=ipmi passwd.password=PASSW0RD passwd.username=USERID Note: PASSW0RD (zero not letter O)
```

5.5 Setup deps Table for proper boot sequence

The following is an example of how you can setup the deps table to ensure the triblades boot up in the proper sequence:

```
Use tabedit deps to input the values. Use rpower -d for triboot
```

5.5.1.1 Sample deps table:

```
#node,nodedep,msdelay,cmd,comments,disable "opteron","|rr(.\d+)a|rr($1)b,rr($1)c|","5000","on",, "cell","|rr(.\d+).|rr($1)a|","5000","off",,
```

6.0 Build the service node stateless image

The service node stateless images must contain not only the OS, but also xCAT2.0. In addition a number of files are added to the image to support the postgresql database access from the service node to the Management node, and ssh access to the nodes that the service nodes services. Note: the following example assumes you are building the stateless image on the Management Node.

1. Check the service node packaging to see if it has all the rpms required. cd/opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora/

vi service.exlist and service.pklist

To add packages:

echo vi >>service.pkglist

echo dhcp >>service.pkglist

echo atftp >>service.pkglist

echo bind >>service.pkglist

echo nfs-utils >>service.pkglist

Include things you may need, for example by editing service.exlist and remove the following line:

./usr/lib/perl5*

Edit compute.exlist, if necessary, adding lines to remove unnecessary rpms.

2. Run image generation:

cd /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora/

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rm -f /install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/service/rootimg/etc/yum.repos.d/*
cp /etc/yum.repos.d/fedora.repo
/install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/service/rootimg/etc/yum.repos.d
yum --installroot=/install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/service/rootimg install xCATsn

4. Update the service node image with the additional files needed for setting up keys and postgresql db when installed: updateSNimage -p /install/netboot/fedora8/x86 64/service/rootimg

5. Add automatic configuration of eth1 adapter on the service node

chroot /install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/service/rootimg bash-3.2# chkconfig --add xcatd-hack

6. Pack the image

packimage -o fedora8 -p service -a x86 64

6.1 Install the Service Nodes

nodeset service netboot rpower service boot

6.2 Test Service Node installation

ssh to the service node.

Check to see that the xcat daemon xcatd is running.

Run some database command on the service node, e.g tabdump site, nodels and see that the database can be accessed from the service node.

Check that /install and /tftpboot are mounted on the service node from the Management Node.

7.0 iSCSI install QS22 blades

yum install yaboot-xcat scsi-target-utils chtab key=iscsidir site.value=/install/iscsi

Pick one of the QS22 blades for the iSCSI install

```
Note: make sure the root userid and password are in the iscsi table
```

chtab node=rrb047b iscsi.userid=root iscsi.password=cluster iscsi.server="11.16.0.1" chtab node=rrb047b noderes.nfsserver="11.16.0.1" (MasterNode) chtab node=rrb047b nodetype.os=fedora8 nodetype.profile=iscsi groups,=iscsi

chtab node=rrb04/b nodetype.os=fedora8 nodetype.profile=iscsi groups,=iscsi iscsi.server="11.16.0.1"

service tgtd restart

nodech rrbo47b iscsi.file=

setupiscsidev -s8192 rrb047b

nodeset rrb047b install

NOTE: for reinstall:

chtab node=rrb047b nodetype.profile=iscsi

7.1 Build QS22 Stateless image

1. Logon to the node

ssh rrb047b

mkdir /install

mount 11.16.0.1:/install /install

2. Create fedora.repo:

cd /etc/yum.repos.d

rm -f *.repo

Put the following lines in /etc/yum.repos.d/fedora.repo:

[fedora]

name=Fedora \$releasever - \$basearch

baseurl=file:///install/fedora8/ppc64

enabled=1

```
gpgcheck=0
```

- 3. Test with: yum search gcc
- 4. Copy the executables and files needed from the Management Node: cd /root

```
scp 11.16.0.1:/opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora/genimage.
```

scp 11.16.0.1:/opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora/geninitrd.

scp 11.16.01.:/opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora/compute.ppc64.pkglist .

5. Generate the image:

./genimage -i eth0 -n tg3 -o fedora8 -p compute

NOTE: iSCSI, QS22, tg3, all slow, take a nap

7.2 Install QS22 Stateless image

On the Management Node:

- Adding Service Node ssh keys
 See 329 for how to add keys to the install image to be able to ssh from the Service
 Node to the compute nodes.
- 2. Edit fstab in the image

```
cd /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg/etc cp fstab fstab.ORIG
```

Edit fstab:

Change:

```
devpts /dev/pts devpts gid=5,mode=620 0 0 tmpfs /dev/shm tmpfs defaults 0 0
```

proc /proc proc defaults 0 0 sysfs /sys sysfs defaults 0 0

to:

rw 0 0 proc /proc proc sysfs sysfs rw 0 0 /sys devpts /dev/pts devpts rw,gid=5,mode=620 0 0 rw 0 0 #tmpfs /dev/shm tmpfs rw 0 1 compute_ppc64 / tmpfs none /tmp tmpfs defaults, size=10m 0 2 /var/tmp tmpfs defaults, size=10m 0 2 none

3. Pack the image

packimage -o fedora8 -p compute -a ppc64

4. Install the image on all the QS22 blades

chtab node=cell nodetype.profile=compute nodetype.os=fedora8 nodeset cell netboot rpower cell boot

7.3 Update QS22 Stateless image

NOTE: before YUM/RPM commands type: rm /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg/var/lib/rpm/__db.00*

1. Update image using YUM

rm -f /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg/etc/yum.repos.d/* cp /etc/yum.repos.d/fedora.repo /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg/etc/yum.repos.d Now install vi into the image:

2. Update image using RPM

rpm --root /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg -Uvh /install/fedora8/ppc64/Packages/vim-minimal-7.1.135-1.fc8.ppc.rpm

3. Update the image by running genimage

Add packages to compute.ppc64.pkglist and rerun genimage

4. packimage -o fedora8 -p compute -a ppc64

7.4 Build and Install QS22 Compressed Image On the QS22 blade:

yum install kernel-devel gcc squashfs-tools

On net connected node:

svn co http://xcat.svn.sf.net/svnroot/xcat/xcat-dep/trunk/aufs

7.4.1 Build aufs

```
cd aufs
tar jxvf aufs-2-6-2008.tar.bz2
cd aufs
mv include/linux/aufs_type.h fs/aufs/
cd fs/aufs/
patch -p1 < ../../aufs-standalone.patch
chmod +x build.sh
./build.sh

# ls -lh aufs.ko
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 3.5M 2008-03-10 14:20 aufs.ko
```

7.4.2 Generate the compressed image

cd /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora ./geninitrd -i eth0 -n tg3,squashfs,aufs,loop -o fedora8 -p compute -l $(expr 100)^* 1024 * 1024$

7.4.3 Pack and install the compressed image

On the Management Node:

yum install squashfs-tools
packimage -a ppc64 -o fedora8 -p compute -m squashfs
chtab node=cell nodetype.profile=compute nodetype.os=fedora8
nodeset cell netboot
rpower cell boot

7.4.4 Check Memory Usage

ssh left "echo 3 > /proc/sys/vm/drop caches; free -m; df -h" free shared buffers cached total used 3961 99 3861 0 0 61 Mem: -/+ buffers/cache: 38 3922 0 0 Swap: Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on compute ppc64 100M 220K 100M 1%/ 10M 0 10M 0%/tmp none 10M 0 10M 0% /var/tmp none

Max for / is 100M, but only 220K being used (down from 225M), but wheres the OS? Look at cached. 61M compress OS image. 3.5x smaller

As files change in hidden OS then get copied to tmpfs (compute_ppc64) with a copy on write. To reclaim space reboot. The /tmp and /var/tmp is for MPI and other

Torque and user related stuff. if 10M is too small you can fix it. To reclaim this space put in epilogue umount /tmp /var/tmp; mount -a..

Reboot cell as stateless, from mgmt to reclaim space:

Set profile to compute:

chtab cell nodetype.profile=compute nodetype.os=fedora8 nodeset cell netboot xdsh cell reboot #be nice, iSCSI is still stateful, be kind to the state

7.4.5 Switch to iSCSI for more setup

To reboot rra047b as iscsi for more stateless setup fun:

nodech rra047b nodetype.profile=iscsi nodeset rra047b iscsiboot rpower rra047b boot

8.0 Build LS21 Stateless image

The LS21 image can be built on the Management Node since it is of the same architecture.

Note: For hierarchical support -- use noderes.servicenode for http image server

On the Management Node:

1. Check the compute node packaging to see if it has all the rpms required.

cd /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora/ vi compute.exlist and compute.pklist To add packages: echo vi >>compute.pkglist Include things you may need, for example by editing compute.exlist and remove the following line:

./usr/lib/perl5*

Edit compute.exlist, if necessary, adding lines to remove unnecessary rpms.

2. Run image generation:

cd /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora/

./genimage -i eth0 -n tg3,bnx2 -o fedora8 -p compute

3. Adding Service Node ssh keys

See 329 for how to add keys to be able to ssh from the Service Node to the compute nodes.

4. Edit fstab in the image

cd /install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/compute/rootimg/etc cp fstab fstab.ORIG

Edit fstab:

Change:

devpts /dev/pts devpts gid=5,mode=620 0 0 tmpfs /dev/shm tmpfs defaults 0 0 proc /proc proc defaults 0 0 sysfs /sys sysfs defaults 0 0

to:

proc	/proc	proc r	w 0 0
sysfs	/sys	sysfs rv	w 0 0
devpts	/dev/pts	devpts	rw,gid=5,mode=620 0 0
#tmpfs	/dev/shm	tmpfs	rw 0 0

compute_x86_64 / tmpfs rw 0 1

none /tmp tmpfs defaults,size=10m 0 2

none /var/tmp tmpfs defaults,size=10m 0 2

5. Package the image

packimage -o fedora8 -p compute -a x86 64

6. Install the image on all the LS21 blades chtab node=opteron nodetype.profile=compute nodetype.os=fedora8 nodeset opteron netboot rpower opteron boot

8.1 Update LS21 Stateless image

1. Update image using YUM

NOTE: before YUM/RPM commands type: rm /install/netboot/fedora8/x86 64/compute/rootimg/var/lib/rpm/ db.00*

 $rm - f/install/netboot/fedora8/x86_54/compute/rootimg/etc/yum.repos.d/* \\ cp/etc/yum.repos.d/fedora.repo/install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/compute/rootimg/etc/yum.repos.d \\$

Now install vi into the image:

yum --installroot=/install/netboot/fedora8/x86 64/compute/rootimg install vi

2. Update image using RPM

rpm --root /install/netboot/fedora8/x86 64/compute/rootimg -Uvh blah.rpm

- 3. Repackage packimage -o fedora8 -p compute -a x86 64
- 4. Install on all LS21 blades nodeset opteron netboot rpower opteron boot

8.2 Build and Install LS21Compressed Image

On Management Node:

yum install kernel-devel gcc squashfs-tools

8.2.1 Build aufs

```
svn co http://xcat.svn.sf.net/svnroot/xcat/xcat-dep/trunk/aufs
```

```
cd aufs
tar jxvf aufs-2-6-2008.tar.bz2
cd aufs
mv include/linux/aufs_type.h fs/aufs/
cd fs/aufs/
patch -p1 < ../../aufs-standalone.patch
chmod +x build.sh
./build.sh

ls -lh aufs.ko
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 3.2M 2008-02-27 13:09 aufs.ko

strip -g aufs.ko
cp aufs.ko /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora/
```

8.2.2 Generate and pack the compressed image

```
cd /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora
```

```
./geninitrd -i eth0 -n tg3,bnx2,squashfs,aufs,loop -o fedora8 -p service -l (expr\ 100 \ \ 1024 \ \ 1024)
```

Pack the compressed image

```
packimage -a x86 64 -o fedora8 -p compute -m squashfs
```

```
NOTE: To unsquash:

cd /install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/service

rm -f rootimg.sfs

packimage -a x86 64 -o fedora8 -p service -m cpio
```

NOTE: The -l and -t is the size of the / and /tmp,/var/tmp file systems in RAM

8.2.3 Install the image

nodeset opteron netboot rpower opteron boot

8.2.3.1 Check memory usage:

```
#ssh middle "echo 3 > /proc/sys/vm/drop caches; free -m; df -h"
                             shared buffers
       total
               used
                       free
                                              cached
Mem:
          3969
                    82
                          3887
                                    0
                                           0
                                                 43
-/+ buffers/cache:
                    38
                          3930
            0
                  0
                         0
Swap:
Filesystem
                Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
                    100M 216K 100M 1%/
compute x86 64
none
               10M
                     0 10M 0%/tmp
                     0 10M 0% /var/tmp
              10M
none
```

3x smaller.

9.0 Service Node to Compute Node ssh setup

If you wish to be able to ssh from your service nodes to their compute nodes, you will have to follow these steps to add the additional required keys to the install image before the image is installed.

- 1. ssh to each service node
- 2. run ssh-keygen -t rsa take default files and answer no to passcode/passphrase message
- 3. cd/root/.ssh
- 4. cat id_rsa.pub >>

 $/install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/compute/rootimg/root/.ssh/authorized_keys$

5. cat id_rsa.pub >>

/install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg/root/.ssh/authorized_keys

10.0 Building image for 64K pages

On Management Node:

```
cd /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora
cp compute.exlist compute.exlist.4k
echo "./lib/modules/2.6.23.1-42.fc8/*" >>compute.exlist
```

wget

http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/releases/8/Fedora/source/SRPMS/kernel-2.6.23.1-42.fc8.src.rpm

nodech rra047b nodetype.profile=iscsi

nodeset rra047b iscsiboot

rpower rra047b boot

On the blade:

ssh rra047b

mkdir /install

mount mgmt:/install /install

yum install rpm-build redhat-rpm-config ncurses ncurses-devel kernel-devel gcc squashfs-tools

rpm -Uivh kernel-2.6.23.1-42.fc8.src.rpm

rpmbuild -bp --target ppc64 /usr/src/redhat/SPECS/kernel.spec

cd /usr/src/redhat/BUILD/kernel-2.6.23

cp -r linux-2.6.23.ppc64 /usr/src/

cd /usr/src/kernels/\$(uname -r)-\$(uname -m)

find . -print | cpio -dump /usr/src/linux-2.6.23.ppc64/

cd /usr/src/linux-2.6.23.ppc64

```
make mrproper
cp configs/kernel-2.6.23.1-ppc64.config .config
make menuconfig
Kernel options --->
[*] 64k page size
Platform support --->
[] Sony PS3
<exit><exit><save>
Edit Makefile suffix:
EXTRAVERSION = .1-42.fc8-64k
make -j4
make modules_install
strip vmlinux
mv vmlinux /boot/vmlinuz-2.6.23.1-42.fc8-64k
cd /lib/modules/2.6.23.1-42.fc8-64k/kernel
find . -name "*.ko" -type f -exec strip -g {} \;
#mkinitrd /boot/initrd-2.6.23.1-42.fc8-64k.img 2.6.23.1-42.fc8-64k
#rm -f /boot/vmlinuz-2.6.23.1-42.fc8 /boot/initrd-2.6.23.1-42.fc8.img
#rm -rf/lib/modules/2.6.23.1-42.fc8
```

10.1 Rebuild aufs

Rebuild aufs.so

```
rm -rf aufs
tar jxvf aufs-2-6-2008.tar.bz2
cd aufs
mv include/linux/aufs_type.h fs/aufs/
cd fs/aufs/
patch -p1 < ../../aufs-standalone.patch
chmod +x build.sh
```

```
./build.sh 2.6.23.1-42.fc8-64k
strip -g aufs.ko
cp aufs.ko /root
```

NOTE: patch genimage

On rra047b:

cd /root

./genimage -i eth0 -n tg3 -o fedora8 -p compute

cd /lib/modules

cp -r 2.6.23.1-42.fc8-64k /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg/lib/modules/

cd /boot

cp vmlinuz-2.6.23.1-42.fc8-64k /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/kernel

10.2 Test unsquashed:

On rraa047b:

cd /root ./geninitrd -i eth0 -n tg3 -o fedora8 -p compute -k 2.6.23.1-42.fc8-64k

On Management Node:

rm -f /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg.sfs packimage -a ppc64 -o fedora8 -p compute -m cpio nodech rra047b nodetype.profile=compute nodetype.os=fedora8 gnodeset rra047b netboot rpower rra047b boot

10.2.1 Check memory

ssh left "echo 3 > /proc/sys/vm/drop_caches;free -m;df -h"

total used free shared buffers cached

Mem: 4012 495 3517 0 0 429

-/+ buffers/cache: 66 3946

Swap: 0 0 0

Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on

compute ppc64 2.0G 432M 1.6G 22%/

none 10M 0 10M 0% /tmp

none 10M 0 10M 0% /var/tmp

10.3 Test squash

On rra047b:

cd /root

./geninitrd -i eth0 -n tg3,squashfs,aufs,loop -o fedora8 -p compute -k 2.6.23.1-42.fc8-64k -l $(expr 100 \ * 1024 \ * 1024)$

On Management Node:

rm -f /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg.sfs

packimage -a ppc64 -o fedora8 -p compute -m squashfs #bug, must remove sfs first

nodech left nodetype.profile=compute nodetype.os=fedora8

nodeset left netboot

rpower left boot

10.3.1 Check memory

ssh left "echo 3 > /proc/sys/vm/drop caches; free -m; df -h"

total used free shared buffers cached

Mem: 4012 127 3885 0 0 65

-/+ buffers/cache: 61 3951

Swap: 0 0 0

Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on

compute ppc64 100M 1.7M 99M 2%/

none 10M 0 10M 0% /tmp

none 10M 0 10M 0% /var/tmp

./lib/modules/* in compute.exlist:

10.4 Switch back to 4K pages

On rra047b

cd /boot

 $cp\ -f\ vmlinuz-2.6.23.1-42.fc8\ /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/kernel\ cd\ /root$

./geninitrd -i eth0 -n tg3 -o fedora8 -p compute

OR

./geninitrd -i eth0 -n tg3, squashfs,aufs,loop -o fedora8 -p compute -l $\exp 100 \times 1024 \times 1024$

From Management Node:

rm -f /install/netboot/fedora8/ppc64/compute/rootimg.sfs packimage -a ppc64 -o fedora8 -p compute -m cpio

OR

packimage -a ppc64 -o fedora8 -p compute -m squashfs nodech rra047b nodetype.profile=compute nodetype.os=fedora8 nodeset rra047b netboot rpower rra047b boot

11.0 Installing OpenLDAP

11.1 Setup LDAP Server

On the management node:

- 1. export /home (rw) for testing
- 2. add a test userid: IBM

```
useradd ibm
mkdir ~ibm/.ssh
mkdir ~ibm/.pbs_spool

ssh-keygen -t rsa -q -N "" -f ~ibm/.ssh/id_rsa
cp ~ibm/.ssh/id_rsa.pub ~ibm/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

3. Create ~ibm/.ssh/config: Add the following lines:

ForwardX11 yes
StrictHostKeyChecking no
FallBackToRsh no
BatchMode yes
ConnectionAttempts 5
UsePrivilegedPort no
Compression no
Cipher blowfish
UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null

4. Set permissions:

CheckHostIP no

```
chown -R ibm.ibm ~ibm
chmod 700 ~ibm/.ssh
chmod 600 ~ibm/.ssh/*
```

11.1.1Install the LDAP rpms

yum install openldap-servers

The following rpms should be installed:

```
openIdap-*
openIdap-devel-*
openIdap-clients-*
openIdap-servers-*
```

11.1.2 Configure LDAP

- 1. cd /etc/ldap
- 2. edit slapd.conf

```
Put in the following information:
#xCAT start
#cluster.net:
suffix
           "dc=cluster,dc=net"
#root access
rootdn
            "cn=root,dc=cluster,dc=net"
#passwd generated with: perl -e 'print crypt("cluster","XX"),"\n"
            {SSHA}sjoMd3HJVYLBo0UY/9pou6QW7efA7dq8
rootpw
# password hash algorithm
password-hash {SSHA}
# The userPassword by default can be changed by the entry owning it if they
# are authenticated. Others should not be able to see it, except the admin.
access to attrs=userPassword
    by dn="uid=admin,ou=People,dc=cluster,dc=net" write
```

```
by anonymous auth
        by self write
       by * none
   #
   ##password aging
   access to attrs=shadowLastChange
        by dn="uid=admin,ou=People,dc=cluster,dc=net" write
        by self write
        by * read
3. cp/etc/openldap/DB_CONFIG.example/var/lib/ldap/DB_CONFIG
4. start ldap
   service ldap start
 11.1.3 Migrate Users
   cd /usr/share/openldap/migration
   Edit migrate common.ph:
   $DEFAULT MAIL DOMAIN = "cluster.net";
   $DEFAULT_BASE = "dc=cluster,dc=net";
   EXTENDED SCHEMA = 1;
   cd /usr/share/openIdap/migration
   ./migrate base.pl >/tmp/base.ldif
   ./migrate_passwd.pl /etc/passwd >>/tmp/base.ldif
   ./migrate_group.pl /etc/group >>/tmp/base.ldif
   cd /var/lib/ldap
   service ldap stop
   slapadd -l /tmp/base.ldif
   chown ldap.ldap *
   service ldap start
```

11.2 Setup LDAP Client

11.2.1Install LDAP into the image

yum --installroot=/install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/compute/rootimg \ install openIdap-clients nss ldap nfs-utils vi

11.2.2 Update the Idap configuration

cd /install/netboot/fedora8/x86 64/compute/rootimg

Edit /etc/ldap.conf with these changes:

```
host 11.16.0.1
base dc=cluster,dc=net
nss_base_passwd ou=People,dc=cluster,dc=net
nss_base_shadow ou=People,dc=cluster,dc=net
nss_base_group_ou=Group,dc=cluster,dc=net
```

Edit etc/openldap/ldap.conf with these changes:

```
URI ldap://11.16.0.1
BASE dc=cluster,dc=net
```

Edit etc/nsswitch with these changes

passwd: files ldap shadow: files ldap group: files ldap

Edit etc/pam.d/system-auth, change (order important!):

```
change
account required pam_unix.so

to

account sufficient pam_ldap.so
account required pam_unix.so
```

Add to fstab to Mount /home for testing:

11.16.0.1:/home /home nfs timeo=14,intr 1 2

o

11.2.3 Build the image and install

```
Add the following rpms to the image for testing:
sunrpc,lockd,nfs,nfs_acl installed for testing (order important!):
cd /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/fedora
```

./geninitrd -i eth0 -n tg3,bnx2,sunrpc,lockd,nfs,nfs_acl -o fedora8 -p compute packimage -o fedora8 -p compute -a x86_64 nodeset rra047a netboot rpower rra047a boot

12.0 Setup Hierarchical LDAP

TBD

13.0 Install Torque

13.1 Setup Torque Server

cd /tmp

```
wget
   http://www.clusterresources.com/downloads/torque/torque-2.3.0.tar.gz
   tar zxvf torque-2.3.0.tar.gz
   cd torque-2.3.0
   CFLAGS=-D TRR ./configure \
        --prefix=/opt/torque \
        --exec-prefix=/opt/torque/x86 64 \
        --enable-docs \
        --disable-gui \
        --with-server-home=/var/spool/pbs \
        --enable-syslog \
        --with-scp \
        --disable-rpp \
        --disable-spool
   make
   make install
13.2 Configure Torque
   cd /opt/torque/x86 64/lib
   ln -s libtorque.so.2.0.0 libtorque.so.0
   echo "/opt/torque/x86_64/lib" >>/etc/ld.so.conf.d/torque.conf
   ldconfig
   cp -f /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/add-on/torque/xpbsnodes /opt/torque/x86 64/bin/
   cp -f /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/add-on/torque/pbsnodestat /opt/torque/x86 64/bin/
   Create /etc/profile.d/torque.sh:
   export PBS DEFAULT=mn20
   export PATH=/opt/torque/x86 64/bin:$PATH
   chmod 755 /etc/profile.d/torque.sh
```

source /etc/profile.d/torque.sh

13.3 Define Nodes

```
cd /var/spool/pbs/server_priv
nodels '/rr.*a' groups | sed 's/: groups://' | sed 's/,/ /g' | sed 's/$/ np=4/' >nodes
```

13.4 Setup and Start Service

```
cp -f /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/add-on/torque/pbs /etc/init.d/
cp -f /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/add-on/torque/pbs_mom /etc/init.d/
cp -f /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/add-on/torque/pbs_sched /etc/init.d/
cp -f /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/add-on/torque/pbs_server /etc/init.d/
chkconfig --del pbs
chkconfig --del pbs_mom
chkconfig --del pbs_sched
chkconfig --level 345 pbs_server on
service pbs_server start
```

13.5 Install pbstop

cp -f /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/add-on/torque/pbstop /opt/torque/x86_64/bin/chmod 755 /opt/torque/x86_64/bin/pbstop

13.6 Install Perl Curses for PBS top

```
cd /tmp
tar zxvf /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/add-on/torque/Curses-1.23.tgz
cd Curses-1.23
perl Makefile.PL
make
make install
```

13.7 Create a Torque default queue

```
echo "create queue dque
set queue dque queue_type = Execution
set queue dque enabled = True
set queue dque started = True
set server scheduling = True
set server default_queue = dque
set server log_events = 127
set server mail_from = adm
set server query_other_jobs = True
set server resources_default.walltime = 00:01:00
set server scheduler_iteration = 60
set server node_pack = False
s s keep completed=300" | qmgr
```

13.8 Setup Torque Client (x86_64 only)

13.8.1 Install Torque

13.8.2 Configure Torque

13.8.2.1 Setup Access

```
cd /install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/compute/rootimg/etc/security echo "-:ALL EXCEPT root:ALL" >>access.conf cp access.conf access.conf.BOOT
```

cd /install/netboot/fedora8/x86 64/compute/rootimg/etc/pam.d

```
edit system-auth
```

replace:

```
account sufficient pam_ldap.so account required pam_unix.so
```

with:

```
account required pam_access.so
account sufficient pam_ldap.so
account required pam unix.so
```

13.8.2.2Setup node to node ssh for root

This is needed for cleanup

```
cp /root/.ssh/* /install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/compute/rootimg/root/.ssh/cd /install/netboot/fedora8/x86_64/compute/rootimg/root/.ssh/rm known hosts
```

Setup the config file:

echo "StrictHostKeyChecking no

FallBackToRsh no

BatchMode yes

ConnectionAttempts 5

UsePrivilegedPort no

Compression no

Cipher blowfish

CheckHostIP no" >config

13.8.3 Pack and Install image

```
packimage -o fedora8 -p compute -a x86_64 nodeset opteron netboot rpower opteron boot
```

14.0 Setup Moab

14.1 Install Moab

```
cd /tmp
wget http://www.clusterresources.com/downloads/mwm/moab-5.2.1-linux-x86_64-
torque.tar.gz
tar zxvf /tmp/moab-5.2.1-linux-x86_64-torque.tar.gz
cd moab-5.2.1
./configure --prefix=/opt/moab
make install
```

14.2 Configure Moab

```
mkdir -p /var/spool/moab/log
mkdir -p /var/spool/moab/stats

Create /etc/profile.d/moab.sh:

export PATH=/opt/moab/bin:$PATH
chmod 755 /etc/profile.d/moab.sh
source /etc/profile.d/moab.sh

Edit moab.cfg,
change:

RMCFG[mn20] TYPE=NONE
```

to:

RMCFG[mn20] TYPE=pbs

Append to moab.cfg:

NODEAVAILABILITYPOLICY DEDICATED:SWAP

JOBNODEMATCHPOLICY EXACTNODE

NODEACCESSPOLICY SINGLEJOB

NODEMAXLOAD .5

JOBMAXSTARTTIME 00:05:00

DEFERTIME 0

JOBMAXOVERRUN 0

LOGDIR /var/spool/moab/log

LOGFILEMAXSIZE 10000000

LOGFILEROLLDEPTH 10

STATDIR /var/spool/moab/stats

14.2.1 Start Moab

cp -f /opt/xcat/share/xcat/netboot/add-on/torque/moab /etc/init.d/ chkconfig --level 345 moab on service moab start

15.0References

XCAT2.0 Beta Cookbook - http://xcat.sourceforge.net/xCAT2.0.pdf