			example	atomic/1	compound/1	compound_name_arity/3	compound_name_arguments/3	functor/3	=/2 (univ)
		atomic	foo	true	false	ERROR: Type error on disassembly: compound_name_arity(foo,X,Y).	ERROR: Type error on disassembly: compound_name_arguments(foo,X,Y).	functor(foo,foo,0).	foo = [foo]
	compound	arity 0	foo()	false	true	compound_name_arity(foo(),foo,0).		ERROR: Domain error on disassembly: functor(foo(),X,Y).	ERROR: Domain error on disassembly: foo() = L.
		arity 1	f00(1)	false	true	compound_name_arity(foo(1),foo,1).	compound_name_arguments(foo(1),foo,[1]).	functor(foo(1),foo,1).	foo(1) = [foo,1]
		arity 2	foo(1,2)	false	true	compound_name_arity(foo(1,2),foo,2).	compound_name_arguments(foo(1,2),foo,[1,2]).	functor(foo(1,2),foo,2).	foo(1,2) = [foo,1,2]

Approach for disassembly:

- Check whether it is a compound term with compound/1
 Disassemble with compound_name_arity/3 or compound_name_arguments/3

Approach for assembly:

- Always use compound_name_arity/3 to construct a skeleton, e.g. foo(_3958, _3960) Always use compound_name_arguments/3 to construct an parameter-adorned compound term

These must throw domain error on disassembly of arity 0 compound terms because there is no way to distinguish a dissembled "foo" and "foo()":
Disassembly would become a surjective mapping.