

1 main — MIR Walkthrough

Purpose: TODO: Describe why this walkthrough exists

1.1 Source Context

```
fn main() {
    let a = [1, 2, 3, 4];

    let b = &a[1..3];

    assert!(b == [2, 3]);
}
```

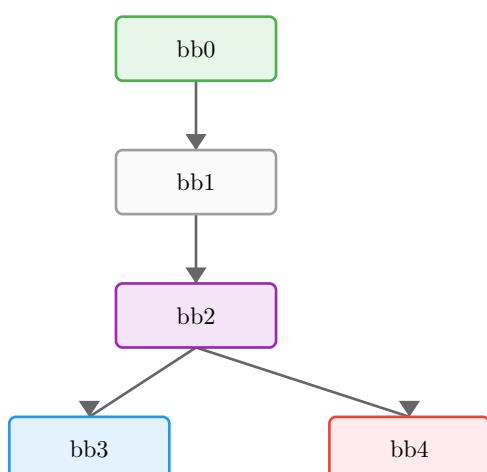
1.2 Function Overview

- **Function:** main
- **Basic blocks:** 5
- **Return type:** ()
- **Notable properties:**
 - Contains panic path
 - Introduces borrows
 - Has conditional branches

1.3 Locals

Local	Type	Notes
0	()	Return place
1	[i32; 4]	
2	&[i32]	
3	&[i32]	
4	&[i32; 4]	
5	std::ops::Range<usize>	
6	bool	
7	&&[i32]	
8	&[i32; 2]	
9	!	

1.4 Control-Flow Overview



1.5 Basic Blocks

1.5.1 bb0 — entry

Entry point of the function.

MIR	Annotation
<code>_1 = Array(1, 2, 3, 4)</code>	Construct aggregate
<code>_4 = &_1</code>	Shared borrow
<code>_5 = Range(1, 3)</code>	Construct aggregate
<code>→ _3 = index(move _4, move _5) → bb1</code>	Call index

1.5.2 bb1

MIR	Annotation
<code>_2 = _3</code>	Copy value
<code>_7 = &_2</code>	Shared borrow
<code>_8 = 0</code>	Load constant
<code>→ _6 = eq(move _7, move _8) → bb2</code>	Call eq

1.5.3 bb2 — branch point

MIR	Annotation
<code>→ switch(move _6) [0→bb4; else→bb3]</code>	Branch on move _6

1.5.4 bb3 — return / success

Normal return path.

MIR	Annotation
<code>→ return</code>	Return from function

1.5.5 bb4 — panic path

Panic/diverging path.

MIR	Annotation
<code>→ _9 = panic([16 bytes])</code>	Call panic

1.6 Key Observations

TODO: Add bullet points summarizing what this MIR teaches

-
-

1.7 Takeaways

TODO: One or two sentences to generalize this example

