

# 1 main — MIR Walkthrough

**Purpose:** TODO: Describe why this walkthrough exists

## 1.1 Source Context

```
let b:u32 = 4294967294 + 1;  
assert!(a == b)  
}
```

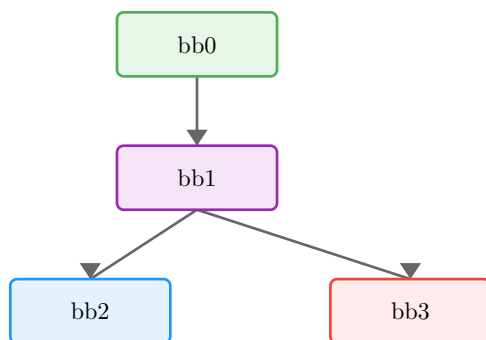
## 1.2 Function Overview

- **Function:** main
- **Basic blocks:** 4
- **Return type:** () (0 bytes, align 1)
- **Notable properties:**
  - Contains panic path
  - Uses checked arithmetic
  - Contains assertions
  - Has conditional branches

## 1.3 Locals

Local	Type	Notes
0	() (0 bytes, align 1)	Return place
1	Uint(U32)	
2	(u32, bool) (8 bytes, align 4)	
3	Bool	
4	Uint(U32)	
5	()	

## 1.4 Control-Flow Overview



## 1.5 Basic Blocks

### 1.5.1 bb0 — entry

*Entry point of the function.*

MIR	Annotation
<code>_2 = checked(-2 + 1)</code>	Checked Add (may panic)
<code>→ assert(move _2.1 == false) → bb1</code>	Panic if move _2.1 is true

### 1.5.2 bb1 — branch point

MIR	Annotation
<code>_1 = move _2.0</code>	Move value
<code>_4 = -1</code>	Load constant
<code>_3 = move _4 == _1</code>	Equal operation
<code>→ switch(move _3) [0→bb3; else→bb2]</code>	Branch on move _3

### 1.5.3 bb2 — return / success

*Normal return path.*

MIR	Annotation
<code>→ return</code>	Return from function

### 1.5.4 bb3 — panic path

*Panic/diverging path.*

MIR	Annotation
<code>→ _5 = panic([16 bytes])</code>	Call panic

## 1.6 Key Observations

TODO: Add bullet points summarizing what this MIR teaches

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## 1.7 Takeaways

TODO: One or two sentences to generalize this example

