

1 main — MIR Walkthrough

Purpose: TODO: Describe why this walkthrough exists

1.1 Source Context

```
fn main() {  
    let a = 42;  
    let b = 3 + 39;  
  
    assert_eq!(b, a);  
}
```

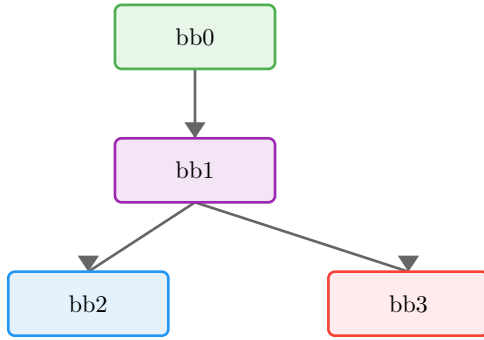
1.2 Function Overview

- **Function:** main
- **Basic blocks:** 4
- **Return type:** ()
- **Notable properties:**
 - Contains panic path
 - Uses checked arithmetic
 - Introduces borrows
 - Contains assertions
 - Has conditional branches

1.3 Locals

Local	Type	Notes
0	()	Return place
1	i32	
2	i32	
3	(i32, bool)	
4	(&i32, &i32)	
5	&i32	
6	&i32	
7	&i32	
8	&i32	
9	bool	
10	i32	
11	i32	
12	core::panicking::AssertKind	
13	!	
14	std::option::Option<std::fmt::Arguments<'_,>>	

1.4 Control-Flow Overview



1.5 Basic Blocks

1.5.1 bb0 — entry

Entry point of the function.

MIR	Annotation
<code>_1 = 42</code>	Load constant
<code>_3 = checked(3 + 39)</code>	Checked Add (may panic)
<code>→ assert(move _3.1 == false) → bb1</code>	Panic if move _3.1 is true

1.5.2 bb1 — branch point

MIR	Annotation
<code>_2 = move _3.0</code>	Move value
<code>_5 = &_2</code>	Shared borrow
<code>_6 = &_1</code>	Shared borrow
<code>_4 = Tuple(move _5, move _6)</code>	Construct aggregate
<code>_7 = _4.0</code>	Copy value
<code>_8 = _4.1</code>	Copy value
<code>_10 = (*_7)</code>	Copy value
<code>_11 = (*_8)</code>	Copy value
<code>_9 = move _10 == move _11</code>	Equal operation
<code>→ switch(move _9) \[0→bb3; else→bb2\]</code>	Branch on move _9

1.5.3 bb2 — return / success

Normal return path.

MIR	Annotation
<code>→ return</code>	Return from function

1.5.4 bb3 — panic path

Panic/diverging path.

MIR	Annotation
<code>_12 = AssertKind::Eq()</code>	Construct aggregate
<code>_14 = Option::None()</code>	Construct aggregate
<code>→ _13 = assert_failed(move _12, _7, _8, move _14)</code>	Call assert_failed

1.6 Key Observations

TODO: Add bullet points summarizing what this MIR teaches

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1.7 Takeaways

TODO: One or two sentences to generalize this example

