# 东南大学学生会 Students' Union of Southeast University

# 2014年12月英语六级真题答案

## 作文部分:

#### 【学历歧视:参考范文】

In the modern society, with competition becomes increasingly fierce, to find a job is too difficult for the young generation. Academic qualification, as a job a stepping-stone, is an essential factor during the job hunting.

Some people think that the highly educated must be able to find a good job, because education can prove that a person has a good capacity. Therefore, it is commonly believ e that a job seeker with a master degree must be easier to find a promising job than a u ndergraduate. However, now the company interviewers generally prefer to required a even higher academic qualification, like a doctor degree. Otherwise, the applicants, even though he or she has tremendous potential, will be refused relentlessly.

As far as I am concerned, education should not be the single standard in an intervie w. As for the companies, it is not necessarily a good principle as well. Now the whole c ommunity often talk about working ability and efficiency. For example, some people may have high academic qualification, but actually his ability is very limited. So both the individual and the community ought to change their attitude on academic qualification. We should realize that it is the operational

## 【科技与学习:参考范文】

The picture vividly depicts that a teaching is asking a pupil to answer a simple math -related question—what's two plus two? Unfortunately, the child cannot answer such an easy question without tech help. In fact, the phenomenon conveyed in the picture does n ot surprise us, because as the science and technology develops, the topic concerning the si de effects of technological advancement increasingly arouses people's attention.

Undoubtedly, the drawer of the picture aims at reminding us that we should use tech nology in a proper way and not be too tech-dependent to solve the simple problem indep endently. It is well known that thanks to the development of human civilization, many for merly unimaginable things come into reality. But, while enjoying the convenience produce d by tech, we must alert its harm. Being over-addicted to technology will cost our health, independence, wisdom, creativity and even our ability to live.

Weighing the pros and cons of the technology, perhaps the best policy is to apply it properly. At the same time, we must avoid its harmful part. Furthermore, young people s hould be advised that depending too much on technology is hardly beneficial for them at all and more importantly they are expected to acquire the capacity to think independently

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### 【学习没有捷径:参考范文】

As is vividly depicted in the picture, before the circulation desk stands a student, who wants to find a shortcut to learning, with the librarian pointing it to him. On the lower part of the picture, we can see some English characters which read "I How To Do Well In Sc hool Without Studying' is over there in the fiction section".

As to me, I think there is no shortcut to success, and the English characters under the picture also mean that the shortcut to success only exist in the virtual world. Whether yo u can do well in school is based on the effort that you spend on study. That is to say, the more diligent you are, the better your study is. Diligent is momentous and fundamental to people what the soul is vital and significant to us. Had it not been for it, we could not have been success. The story of Ma Yun, founder of China's online trading empire, best prove the significance of diligent in realizing personal ambition and creating value to the world.

"The most crucial part of your life,"once wrote a distinguished professor, "is to cultiv ate the quality of diligent." I was, and remains, the supporter of the idea that "There is no s hortcut to learning."

听力部分: 答案暂缺

阅读理解部分:

选词填空

36-40 M.throne C.environmentalist F.notions H.originally N.unnaturally

41-45 O.urging E.impact I.recognition B.eccentric J.respond

长篇阅读

46—50 JBDKH 51—55 CLFAE

#### 仔细阅读

56-60 DCBAC 61-65 BDABA

翻译部分:

## 【教育:参考译文】

China will endeavor to ensure everyemployee to have average 13.3 years of education.

If the goal is achieved, amajority of people entering the labor market will be having Bac helor's degree.

In the next few years, China willincrease the number of people in vocational college. Except focusing on thehigher education, the government will find a breakthrough point to ensure the justice of education. China is trying to optimize education resources and, according

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ngly, the countryside as well as the less developed areas will receivemore support  $_{\mbox{\tiny o}}$ 

In addition, the education ministrydecides to improve the nutrition of students in less developed areas and provides equal opportunities for the children of workers from out of to wn toreceive education in the city.

#### 【中国画:参考译文】

The ideal rural lifestyle reflected in the art and literature is a great characteristic in C hinese civilization. It islargely attributed to the Taoism affection to nature.

There are two most preferred topics intraditional Chinese paintings. One kind depicts various happy scenes of familylife in which the elderly play chess and drink tea, young men farm and harvestin the field, women weave or sew clothes and kids play in the outsi de. Theother depicts the recreations of rural life. In these paintings, fishermen fishon the l ake, famers hew or collect herbs on the hills and scholars composepoems or paintings und er pine trees. These two themes respectively represent he ideal life of Confucianism and T aoism.

#### 【经济发展:参考译文】

Since the reform in 1978, with the rapiddevelopment of economy and society, Chines e economy has transferred into marketeconomy from command economy. The average 10% growth of GDP has lifted morethan 500 million people out of poverty. The Millennium Goal of the U.N. hasbeen fully or partially achieved throughout China. At present, the 12t hFive-year Plan in China emphasizes the development of service industry and the solution of imbalance of environment and society. The government has set goalsto reduce pollution, enhance energy efficiency, improve educational opportunities and medical insurance and ex pand social security. The 7% growthannual goal demonstrates that the government is concentrating on the quality of life rather than the speed of growth.