

$L_x = 4x - 8 + 4\lambda x = 0$ ,  $L_y = 2y - 2 + 2\lambda y = 0$ ,  $L_\lambda = 2x^2 + y^2 - 1 = 0$ , 得可能极值点

$M_2\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$ ,  $M_3\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}\right)$ , (4分) 比较  $f\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right) = 4$ ,  $f\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}\right) = 16$ , 从而得知

$$f_{\min} = 4, f_{\max} = 16 \quad (2分) \quad \text{或 } f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\cos\theta, \sin\theta\right) = 10 - 4\sqrt{2}\cos\theta - 2\sin\theta$$

$$= 10 - 2(2\sqrt{2}\cos\theta + \sin\theta) = 10 - 6\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}\cos\theta + \frac{1}{3}\sin\theta\right) = 10 - 6\sin(\theta + \alpha), \quad (3分)$$

其中  $\tan\alpha = 2\sqrt{2}$ , 于是  $f_{\max} = 16$ ,  $f_{\min} = 4$  (2分)

五 (16) (本题满分 8 分) 解 表面由三张曲面组成: (1) 平面  $S_1$ , 面积  $A_1 = \pi$ , (2分)

$$(2) \text{ 柱面 } S_2, \text{ 面积 } A_2 = \oint_C \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} ds = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \rho \sqrt{\rho^2 + (\rho'(t))^2} dt = -4 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin t dt = 8$$

$$(\text{其中 } C: \begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 + 2y = 0 \\ z = 0 \end{cases}, \text{ 或 } \rho = -2\sin t, \pi \leq t \leq 2\pi) \quad (3分)$$

(3) 锥面  $S_3$ , 面积  $A_3 = \sqrt{2}\pi$  (2分), 封闭曲面的表面积  $A = (1 + \sqrt{2})\pi + 8$ . (1分)

六 (17) (本题满分 7 分) 解 设切点坐标  $M(x_0, y_0, z_0)$ , 椭球面在点  $M$  处法向量

$\mathbf{n} = \{x_0, 2y_0, 3z_0\}$ , 已知直线过点  $P\left(6, 3, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ , 其方向向量  $\mathbf{l} = \{2, 1, -1\}$ , 且  $\mathbf{n} \perp \mathbf{l}$ , 又

$$\mathbf{n} \perp \overline{PM}, \text{ 即 } \begin{cases} x_0^2 + 2y_0^2 + 3z_0^2 = 21 \\ 2x_0 + 2y_0 - 3z_0 = 0 \\ 4x_0 + 4y_0 + z_0 = 14 \end{cases} \quad (4分) \text{ 解得 } z_0 = 2, x_0 = 1, 3, y_0 = 2, 0, \text{ 切点的坐}$$

标为  $M_1(1, 2, 2)$  或  $M_2(3, 0, 2)$ , 这两点处的法向量分别为  $\mathbf{n}_1 = \{1, 4, 6\}$ ,  $\mathbf{n}_2 = \{3, 0, 6\}$ ,

于是所求切平面为  $x + 4y + 6z = 21$ ,  $x + 2z = 7$  (3分)

$$\text{七 (18) (本题满分 6 分) 证 } \int_C x ds = \int_0^\pi x \sqrt{1 + \cos^2 x} dx \leq \sqrt{2} \int_0^\pi x dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \pi^2 \quad (3分)$$