# 东南大学学生会 Students' Union of Southeast University

#### 01-力学

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一、选择题
                           3.0015: D
                                         4.0508: B
1.0018: D
             2.5003: B
                                                       5.0518: D
                                                                    6.0519: B
                                                                                  7.0602:
8.0604: C
             9.0014: B
                           10.5382: D 11.0026: C 12.0601: D 13.0686: C
                                                                                 14.0338:
15.0094: E 16.0029: C 17.0334: D 18.0367: A 19.0379: C 20.0386: D
22.0703: B 23.0706: D
                          24.0406: C 25.0350: C 26.0413: D 27.5019: C
29.0073; C 30.0074; C 31.0078; C 32.0078; C 33.0097; C 34.0101; C 35.0339;
36.0408: C 37.0441: D 38.0442: C 39.0479: C 40.5262: B 41.5397: B 42.0020:
43.0225: D 44.0454: C 45.0176: D 46.0366: C 47.0453: B 48.0478: B 49.0128:
50.0193: E
二、填空题
                 23 m/s
    1. 0007:
                 Ae^{-\beta t}\left[\left(\beta^2-\omega^2\right)\cos\omega t+2\beta\omega\sin\omega t\right]
    2. 0255:
                  \frac{1}{2}(2n+1)\pi/\omega
                                      (n=0,
    3. 0257:
                 h_1 v / (h_1 - h_2)
                 匀加速直线;
    4. 0589:
                            4rad/s<sup>2</sup>
                 16Rt^2.
    5. 0006:
                              2\sqrt{3}v^2/(3g)
    6. 0017:
                                104°
                 2.24 \text{m/s}^2.
    7. 0253:
                                  12t^2 - 6t
    8. 0261;
    9. 0262:
                   69.8m/s
    10. 0264:
    11. 0509:
                   x = (y-3)^2
    12. 0592:
                  6.32m/s.
                                    8.25m/s
    13. 0597:
                  v_0^2 \cos^2 \theta_0
    14. 0599:
    15. 0271:
                   \sqrt{v_1^2 + v_2^2 - 2v_1v_2\cos\alpha} \sqrt{v_1^2 + v_2^2 + 2v_1v_2\cos\alpha}
    16. 0688:
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17. 
$$0691$$
:  $17.3m/s$ ;  $20m/s$ 

18. 0043: 
$$f_0$$

19. 5390: 
$$g/\mu_s$$

20. 0351: 
$$mg/\cos\theta$$
;  $\sin\theta\sqrt{\frac{gl}{\cos\theta}}$ 

21. 0055: 
$$(1+\sqrt{2})m\sqrt{gy_0}$$
;  $\frac{1}{2}mv_0$ 

22. 0060: 
$$\sqrt{2}_{mv}$$
; 指向正西南或南偏西 45°

23. 0062: 
$$\frac{F\Delta t_1}{m_1 + m_2}; \frac{F\Delta t_1}{m_1 + m_2} + \frac{F\Delta t_1}{m_2}$$

26. 0371: 
$$0.003s$$
;  $0.6N \cdot s$ ;  $2g$ 

27. 0374: 0: 
$$2\pi mg/\omega$$
:  $2\pi mg/\omega$ 

29. 0710: 
$$356^{\text{N} \cdot \text{s}}$$
;  $160^{\text{N} \cdot \text{s}}$ 

30. 0711: 
$$\vec{i} - 5\vec{j}$$

31. 0719: 
$$v_0$$

$$\frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2}$$

34. 5630: 
$$m_1 + m_2$$

35. 
$$0404$$
:  $m\sqrt{GMR}$ 

$$\frac{1}{2}mr_1^2\omega_1^2\left(\frac{r_1^2}{r_2^2}-1\right)$$

37. 
$$0712$$
:  $5.26 \times 10^{12}$  m

39. 
$$0082$$
:  $-F_0R$ 

$$GMm\left(\frac{1}{3R} - \frac{1}{R}\right) = \frac{2GMm}{3R}$$

$$-Gm_{1}m_{2}\left(\frac{1}{a}-\frac{1}{b}\right)$$
42. 0735:

43. 
$$0745: =0; > 0$$

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44. 5021: 
$$\frac{m^{2}g^{2}}{2k}$$
45. 0072: 
$$GMm\frac{r_{2}-r_{1}}{r_{1}r_{2}};$$

$$\frac{2(F-\mu mg)^{2}}{k}$$
46. 0093: 
$$\sqrt{\frac{k}{mr}}; -\frac{k}{2r}$$
47. 0644: 
$$\frac{1}{50}mgl$$
49. 0744: 
$$\frac{1}{50}mgl$$

#### 三、计算题

1. 0004: 解: 设质点在 x 处的速度为 v,

$$a = \frac{\mathrm{d}v}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{\mathrm{d}v}{\mathrm{d}x} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} = 2 + 6x^{2}$$

$$\int_{0}^{v} v dv = \int_{0}^{x} (2 + 6x^{2}) dx$$

$$v = 2(x + x^{3})^{1/2}$$

2. 0037: 解: (1) 子弹进入沙土后受力为一 Kv, 由牛顿定律:

$$-Kv = m\frac{dv}{dt} - Kv = m\frac{dv}{dt} - Kv = m\frac{dv}{dt} - Kv = m\frac{dv}{v} + \int_{0}^{t} \frac{K}{m} dt = \int_{v_{0}}^{v} \frac{dv}{v} - Mv = v_{0}e^{-Kt/m} - Mv = v_{0}e^{-Kt/m} + Mv = v_{0$$

解法一: 
$$v = \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} \Rightarrow \mathrm{d}x = v_0 \mathrm{e}^{-Kt/m} \,\mathrm{d}t$$
 \_\_\_\_\_\_2 分

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} dx = \int_{0}^{\infty} v_{0}e^{-Kt/m} dt$$

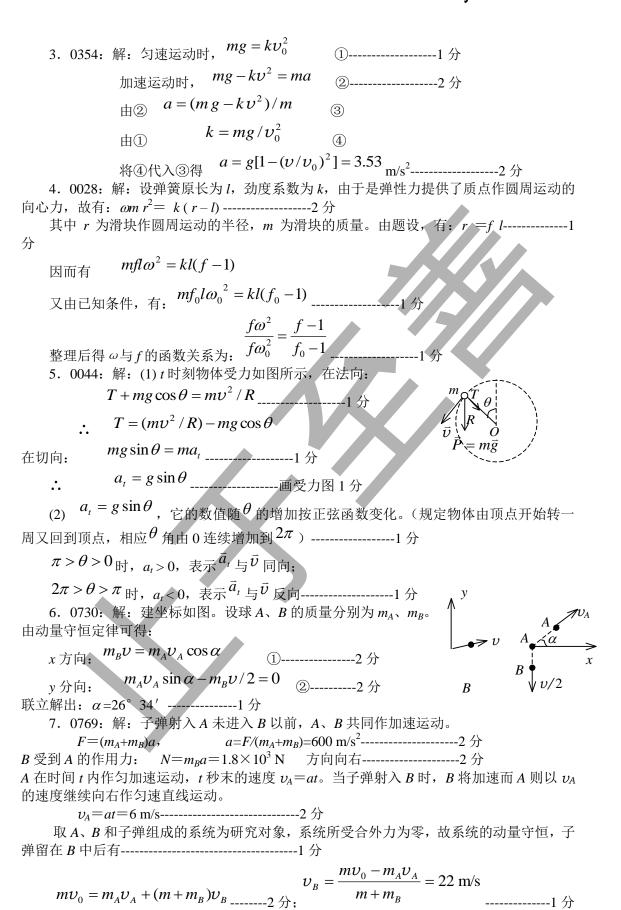
$$x = (m/K)v_{0}(1 - e^{-Kt/m}) - 2 \%$$

$$x_{\max} = mv_{0}/K - 1 \%$$

$$-Kv = m\frac{dv}{dt} = m(\frac{dv}{dx})(\frac{dx}{dt}) = mv\frac{dv}{dx} \Rightarrow dx = -\frac{m}{K}dv - 3 \%$$

$$\int_{0}^{x_{\max}} dx = -\int_{v_{0}}^{0} \frac{m}{K}dv - \frac{1}{K}dv - \frac{1}{K$$

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8. 5009: 解: 因第一块爆炸后落在其正下方的地面上,说明它的速度方向是沿竖直方向的。

 $h = v_1 t' + \frac{1}{2} g t'^2$  利用 ,式中t' 为第一块在爆炸后落到地面的时间。可解得  $v_1 = 14.7$  m/s,竖直向下。取 y 轴正向向上, 有  $v_{1y} = -14.7$  m/s-------2 分

以 $\bar{v}_2$ 表示爆炸后第二块的速度,则爆炸时的动量守恒关系如图所示。

$$\frac{1}{2}mv_{2x} = mv_x \qquad \frac{1}{3}mv_{2y} + \frac{1}{2}mv_{1y} = mv_y = 0$$

10. 0422: 解: (1)位矢:  $\vec{r} = a\cos\omega t \, \vec{i} + b\sin\omega t \, \vec{j}$  (SI) 可写为:  $x = a\cos\omega t$  ,  $y = b\sin\omega t$ 

$$v_{x} = \frac{dx}{dt} = -a\omega\sin\omega t \qquad v_{y} = \frac{dy}{dt} = -b\omega\cos\omega t$$

在 A 点(a, 0),  $\cos \omega t = 1$ ,  $\sin \omega t = 0$ .

$$E_{KA} = \frac{1}{2}mv_x^2 + \frac{1}{2}mv_y^2 = \frac{1}{2}mb^2\omega^2$$
-----2 \(\frac{1}{2}\)

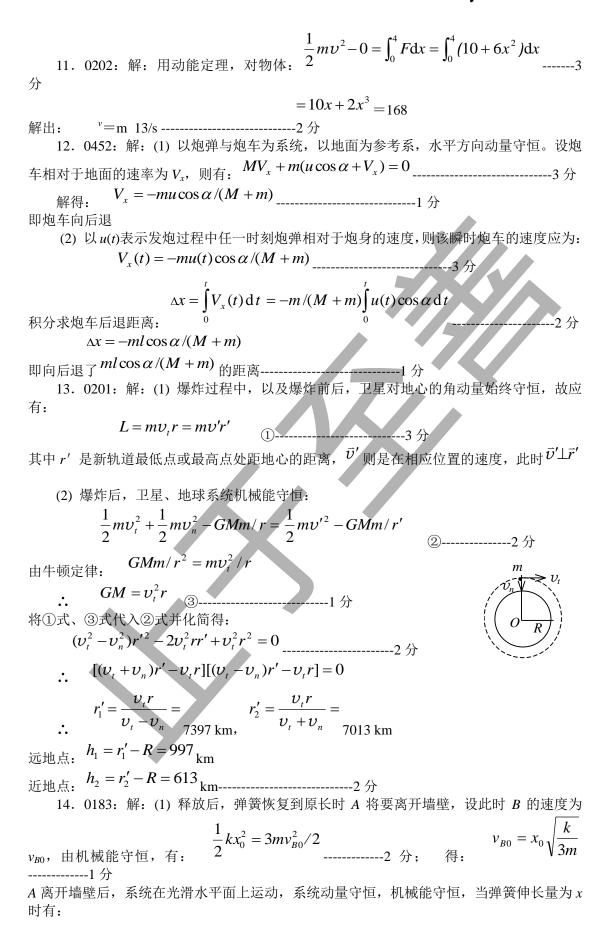
在 B 点(0, b),  $\cos \omega t = 0$ ,  $\sin \omega t = 1$ 

$$\vec{F} = ma_x \vec{i} + ma_y \vec{j} = -ma\omega^2 \cos \omega t \vec{i} - mb\omega^2 \sin \omega t \vec{j} \qquad \dots 2$$

$$\text{th } A \to B, \quad W_x = \int_a^0 F_x dx = -\int_a^0 m\omega^2 a \cos \omega t dx = -\int_a^0 m\omega^2 x dx = \frac{1}{2} ma^2 \omega^2$$
 -----2 \( \frac{1}{2} \)

$$W_{y} = \int_{0}^{b} F_{y} dy = -\int_{0}^{b} m\omega^{2} b \sin \omega t dy = -\int_{0}^{b} m\omega^{2} y dy = -\frac{1}{2} mb^{2} \omega^{2}$$
-----2 \(\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2}\)

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(2) 弹簧有最大伸长量时,A、B 的相对速度为零  $v_1 = v_2 = 3v_{B0}/4$ ,再由式②解出:

$$x_{\text{max}} = \frac{1}{2}x_0 \qquad 2$$

15. 0209: 解:设小物体沿A轨下滑至地板时的速度为v,对小物体与A组成的系统,应用机械能守恒定律及沿水平方向动量守恒定律,可有:

当小物体以初速 v 沿 B 轨上升到最大高度 H 时,小物体与 B 有沿水平方向的共同速度 u,根据动量守恒与机械能守恒,有: mv=(M+m)u ④------------2 分

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2}(M+m)u^2 + mgH$$

 $H = \frac{Mv^2}{m^2} = (\frac{M}{m})^2 h_0$ 

联立4、5,并考虑到式3,可解得: