

东南大学学生会

Students' Union of Southeast University

10-11-3 高数 A 期中试卷参考答案及评分标准 2011.4.22

一. 填空题 (本题共 5 小题, 每小题 4 分, 满分 20 分)

1. 1; 2. $\int_{-1}^0 dy \int_{-2\sqrt{y+1}}^{2\sqrt{y+1}} f(x, y) dx + \int_0^8 dy \int_{-2\sqrt{y+1}}^{2-y} f(x, y) dx$; 3. $\frac{1}{2}$; 4. $\frac{7}{4}\pi$; 5. $\frac{4}{3}\pi a^3$.

二. 单项选择题 (本题共 4 小题, 每小题 4 分, 满分 16 分)

6. B; 7. C; 8. C; 9. A.

三. 计算下列各题 (本题共 5 小题, 每小题 8 分, 满分 40 分)

10. 解: $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = (1 + \varphi')f_1$ (3 分) $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y \partial x} = (1 + \varphi')(-\varphi'f_{11} + f_{12}) - \varphi''f_1$ (5 分).

11. 解: $f(tx, ty) = tf(x, y)$ 的等号两边对 t 求导, 令 $t=1$, 得 $xf'_x + yf'_y = f$, (4 分) 由

$f_y(1, -2) = 4$, $f(1, -2) = 2$ 得 $f'_x(1, -2) = 10$, (2 分) 所求切平面方程为

$$10(x-1) + 4(y+2) - (z-2) = 0, \text{ 即 } 10x + 4y - z = 0. \text{ (2 分)}$$

12. 解: $\iint_D \sqrt{x} dx d\sigma = 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\varphi \int_0^{\cos\varphi} \sqrt{\cos\varphi} \rho^{\frac{3}{2}} d\rho = \frac{4}{5} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^3\varphi d\varphi = \frac{8}{15}$. (4+2+2 分)

13. 解: $\iiint_{\Omega} (xy + yz + ze^{x^2+y^2}) dV = \iiint_{\Omega} ze^{x^2+y^2} dV = \int_0^4 z dz \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi \int_0^z e^{\rho^2} \rho d\rho$ (2+3 分)

$$= \pi \int_0^4 z(e^{z^2} - 1) dz = \frac{\pi}{2} (e^{h^2} - 1 - h^2). \text{ (1+2 分)}$$

14. 解: 双纽线极坐标方程为 $\rho^2 = \cos 2\theta$, (2 分) $\rho\rho' = -\sin 2\theta$,

$$ds = \sqrt{\rho^2 + \rho'^2} d\theta = \frac{1}{\rho} d\theta, \text{ (2 分)} \int_C |y| ds = 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \rho \sin\theta \cdot \frac{1}{\rho} d\theta = 2(2 - \sqrt{2}) \text{ (3+1 分)}$$

四 (15) (本题满分 8 分) 解: $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = -2y = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}$, $v = -y^2 + \varphi(x)$, (2 分)

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = \varphi'(x) = -\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2x + 2, \quad \varphi(x) = x^2 + 2x + C, \text{ (2 分)}$$

$$f(z) = -2xy - 2y + i(x^2 + 2x - y^2 + C) = i(z^2 + 2z + C) \text{ (2 分)} \quad f'(i) = -2 + 2i \text{ (2 分)}$$

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五 (16) (本题满分 8 分) 解: 设 $L = x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 + \lambda(x + y + z - 33)$, (3 分)

令 $L_x = 2x + \lambda = 0$, $L_y = 4y + \lambda = 0$, $L_z = 6z + \lambda = 0$, 得 $x = 2y = 3z$, (2 分)

代入 $x + y + z = 33$, 求得唯一的驻点 $x = 18, y = 9, z = 6$, (2 分)

再由函数 $u = x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2$ 在约束条件 $x + y + z = 33$ 的限制下必存在最小值, 故

$u_{\min} = u(18, 9, 6)$. (1 分)

六 (17) (本题满分 8 分) 解: 曲面 $z = 13 - x^2 - y^2$ 与 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 25$ 的交线是两个圆

$$C_1: \begin{cases} z = 4 \\ x^2 + y^2 = 9 \end{cases}, \quad C_2: \begin{cases} z = -3 \\ x^2 + y^2 = 16 \end{cases}, \quad (1 \text{ 分})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{上球冠部分的面积 } A_1 &= \iint_{x^2+y^2 \leq 9} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)^2} d\sigma = 5 \iint_{x^2+y^2 \leq 9} \frac{1}{\sqrt{25 - x^2 - y^2}} d\sigma \\ &= 10\pi \int_0^3 \frac{\rho}{\sqrt{25 - \rho^2}} d\rho = 10\pi \quad (3 \text{ 分}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{下球冠部分的面积 } A_3 = 5 \iint_{x^2+y^2 \leq 16} \frac{1}{\sqrt{25 - x^2 - y^2}} d\sigma = 20\pi \quad (2 \text{ 分})$$

介于上下球冠之间部分的面积 $A_2 = 100\pi - 10\pi - 20\pi = 70\pi$, (1 分)

三部分的曲面面积之比为 1:7:2. (1 分)