

ANALYZE AND GET START

FLINK SQL

@时金魁 2016/11/04

OUTLINE

- ▶ Why Flink, Why Flink SQL?
- ▶ What Flink SQL look like in depth
- ▶ How Flink SQL executed on runtime
- ▶ QA

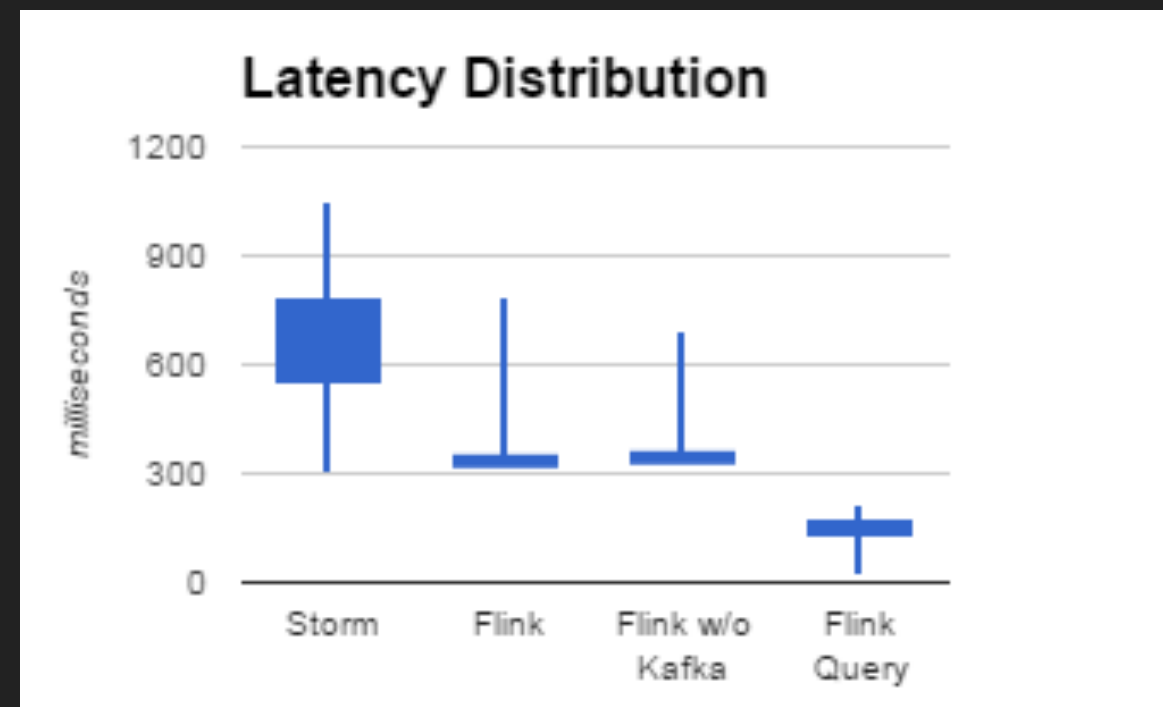
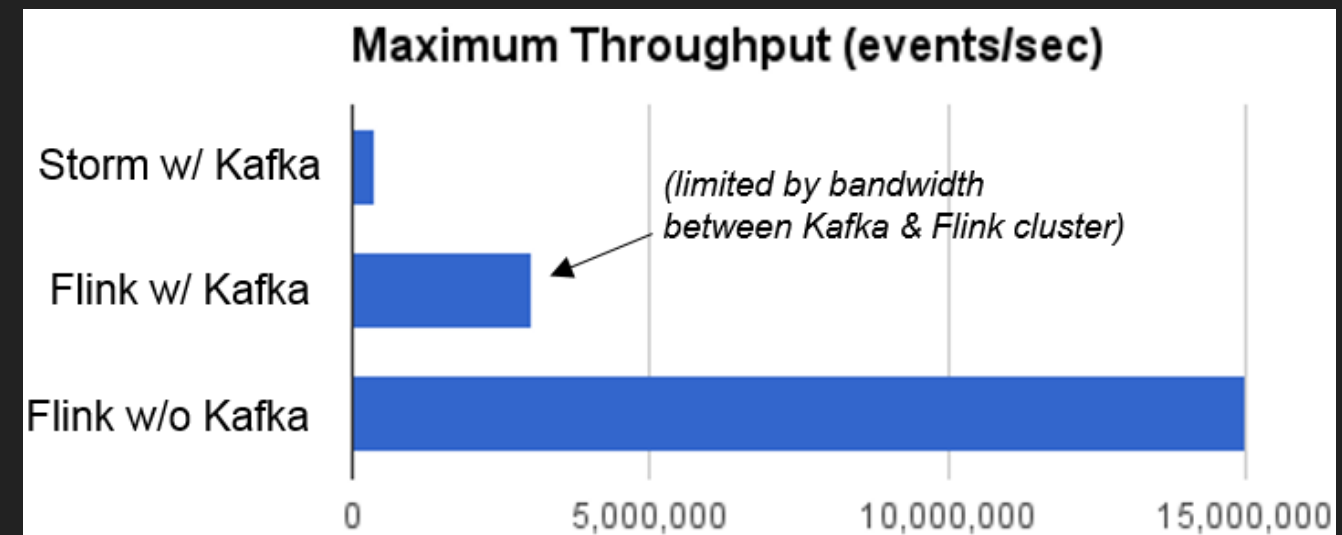
WHO AM I

- ▶ 时金魁 Jinkui Shi
- ▶ ==> Hexun, Sohu, Alibaba, Huawei

- ▶ your users are always online
- ▶ stream data are everywhere: web, services, logs, IoT, devices, DB..
- ▶ product require low latency: risk-management, online-xxx..
- ▶ mixed user fast response and CEP、Gelly、FlinkML

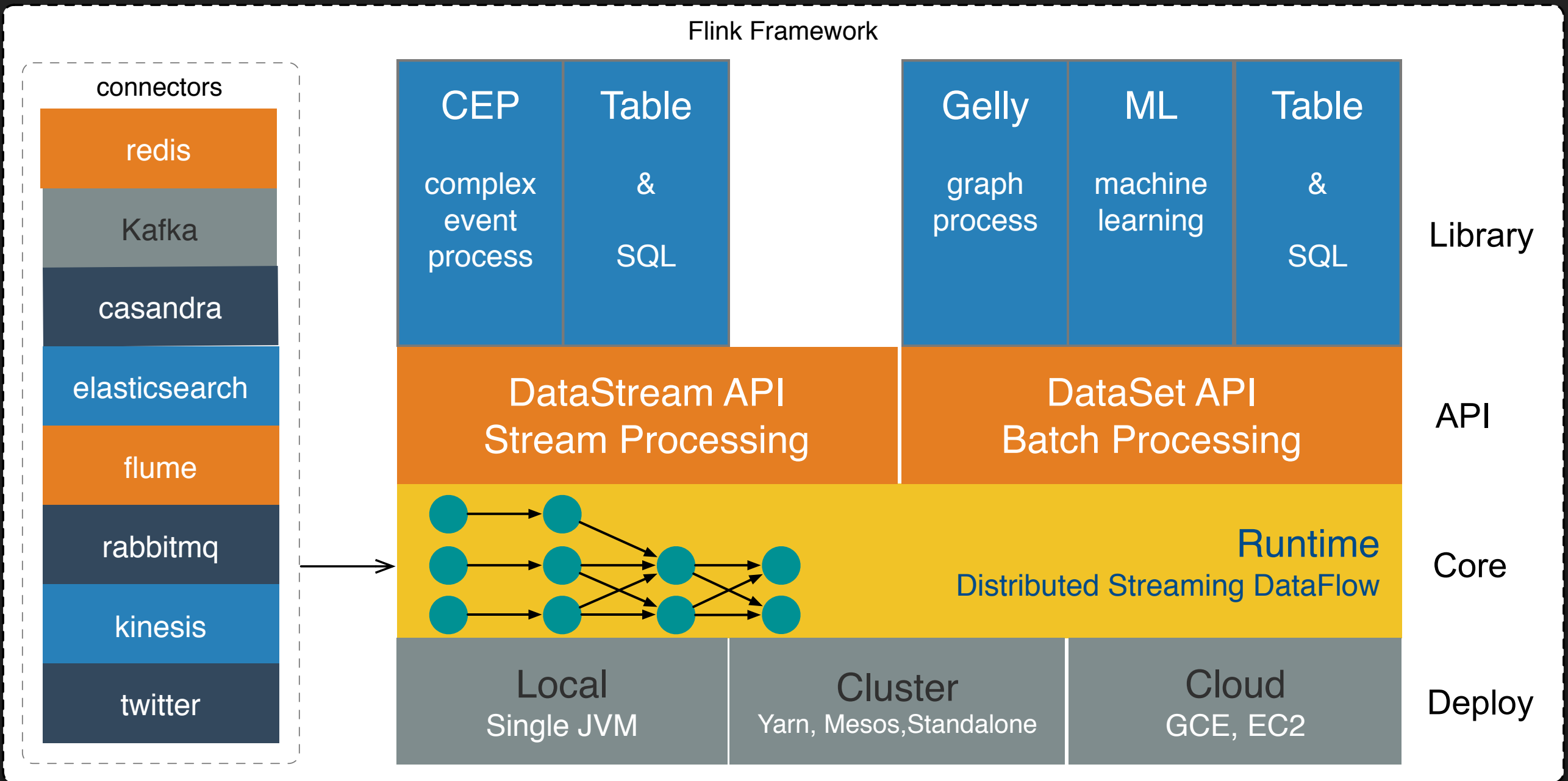


from Rado



<http://data-artisans.com/extending-the-yahoo-streaming-benchmark>

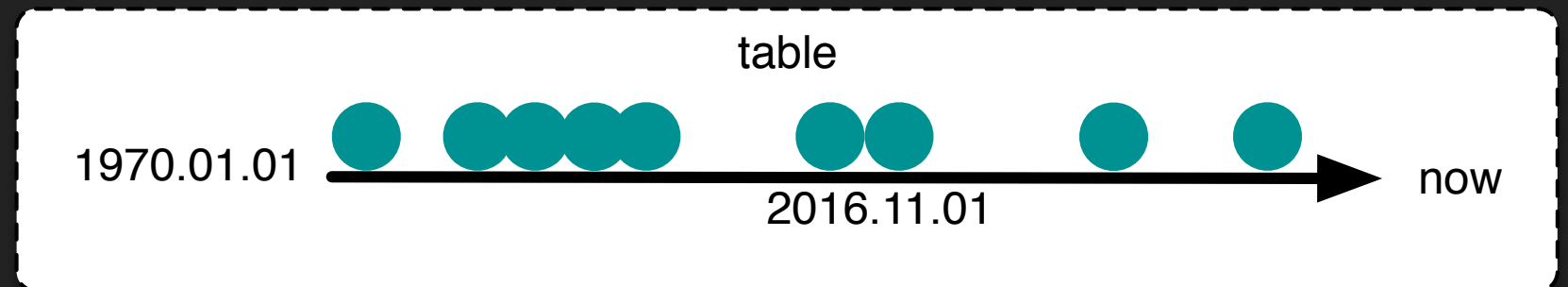
- ▶ Standard API
- ▶ Query planner optimizer converts logical plan to physical plan
- ▶ “Your database is just a cache of my stream”
- ▶ “Your stream is just change-capture of my database”
- ▶ “Data is the new oil” –*Julian Hyde*
- ▶ *apache calcite will be streaming sql standard, used by Drill, Hive, Kylin, Phoenix, Cascading, Flink, Storm, Samza..*



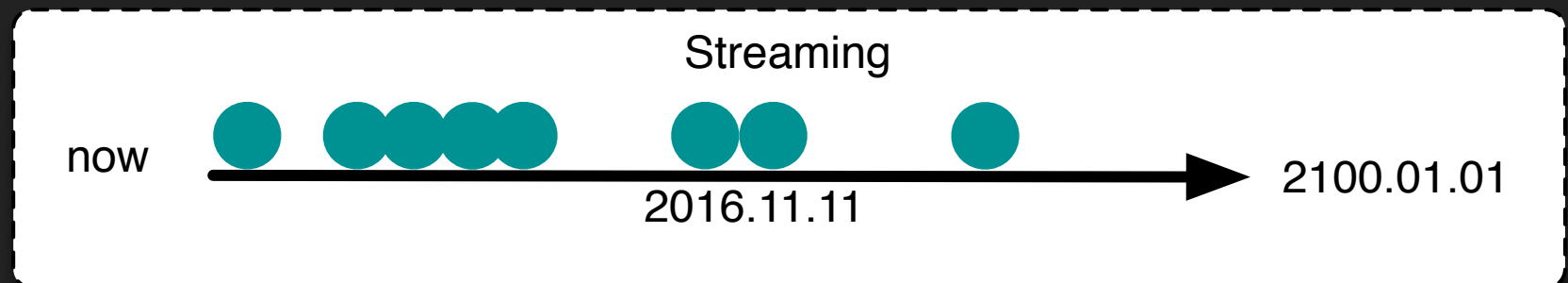
How to use Flink:

1. Connectors
2. Table API and SQL
3. CEP
4. Gelly
5. FlinkML

```
SELECT * FROM TABLE_1 WHERE ID > 1000
```



```
SELECT STREAM * FROM TABLE_1 WHERE ID > 1000
```



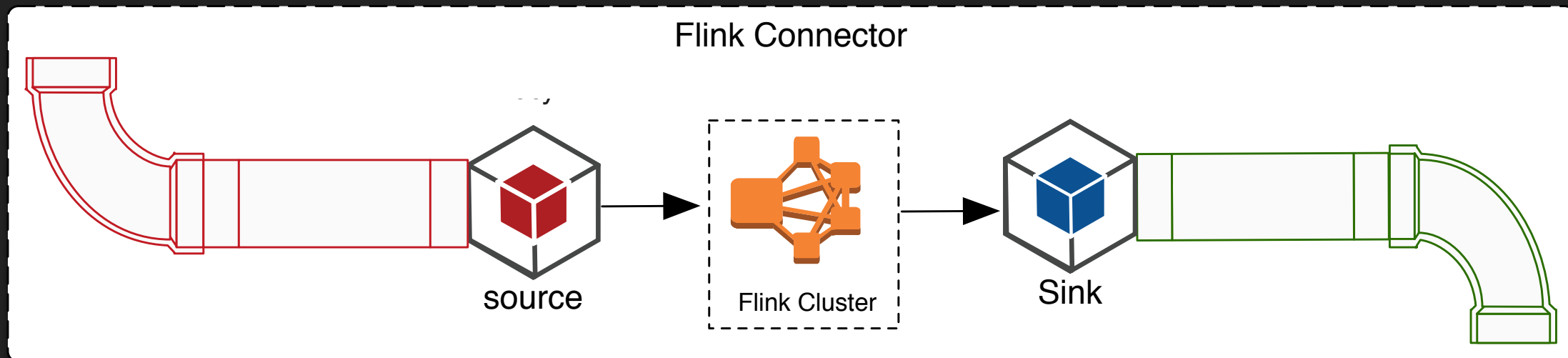
Flink SQL example to get start

```
object StreamSQLExample {  
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {  
    // set up execution environment  
    val env = StreamExecutionEnvironment.getExecutionEnvironment  
    val tEnv: StreamTableEnvironment = TableEnvironment.getTableEnvironment(env)  
    val orderA: DataStream[Order] = env.fromCollection(Seq(Order(1L, "beer", 3), Order(1L, "r", 1)))  
    val orderB: DataStream[Order] = env.fromCollection(Seq(Order(2L, "pen", 3), Order(2L, "r", 1)))  
  
    // register the DataStreams under the name "OrderA" and "OrderB"  
    tEnv.registerDataStream("OrderA", orderA, 'user, 'product, 'amount, 'ct)  
    tEnv.registerDataStream("OrderB", orderB, 'user, 'product, 'amount, 'ct)  
  
    // union the two tables  
    val result = tEnv.sql(  
      """  
      |SELECT STREAM * FROM OrderA WHERE amount > 2  
      |UNION ALL  
      |SELECT STREAM * FROM OrderB WHERE amount < 2  
      |""".stripMargin  
    )  
    result.toDataStream[Order].print()  
  
    env.execute()  
  }  
  
  final case class Order(user: Long, product: String, amount: Int, ct: Long = System.currentTimeMillis())  
}
```

```
SELECT STREAM * FROM ORDERA WHERE AMOUNT > 2  
UNION ALL  
SELECT STREAM * FROM ORDERB WHERE AMOUNT < 2
```


Internal Flink SQL

stream	java	scala 2.10	scala 2.11
table	java	scala 2.10	scala 2.11



main:

=> Source

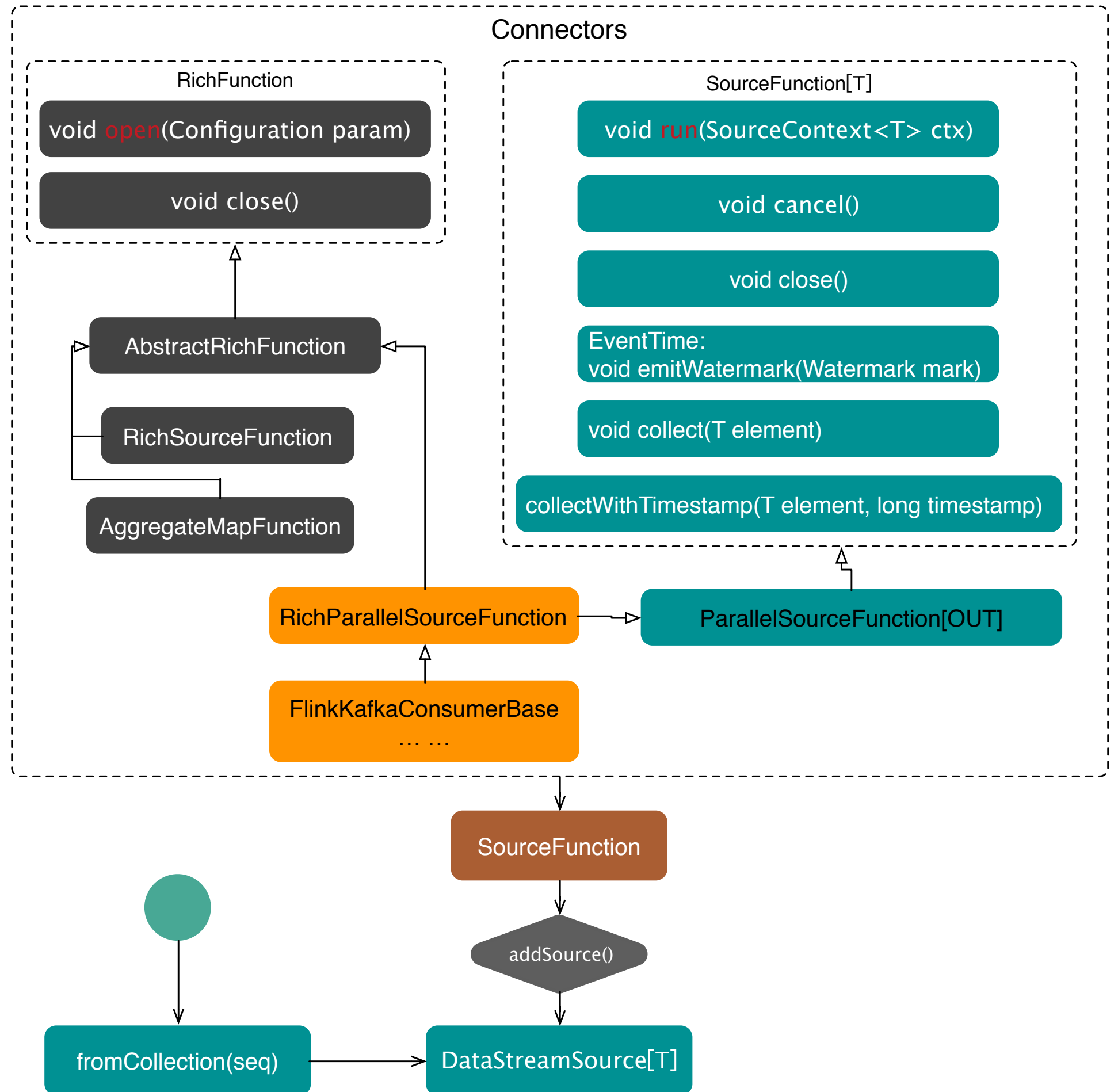
=> DataStream[Any]

=> SQL Query -> RelNode -> translateToPlan() -> codegen()
-> function object

=> DataStream[Any] *(include function)*

=> Runtime

generate data stream from source



step 1:

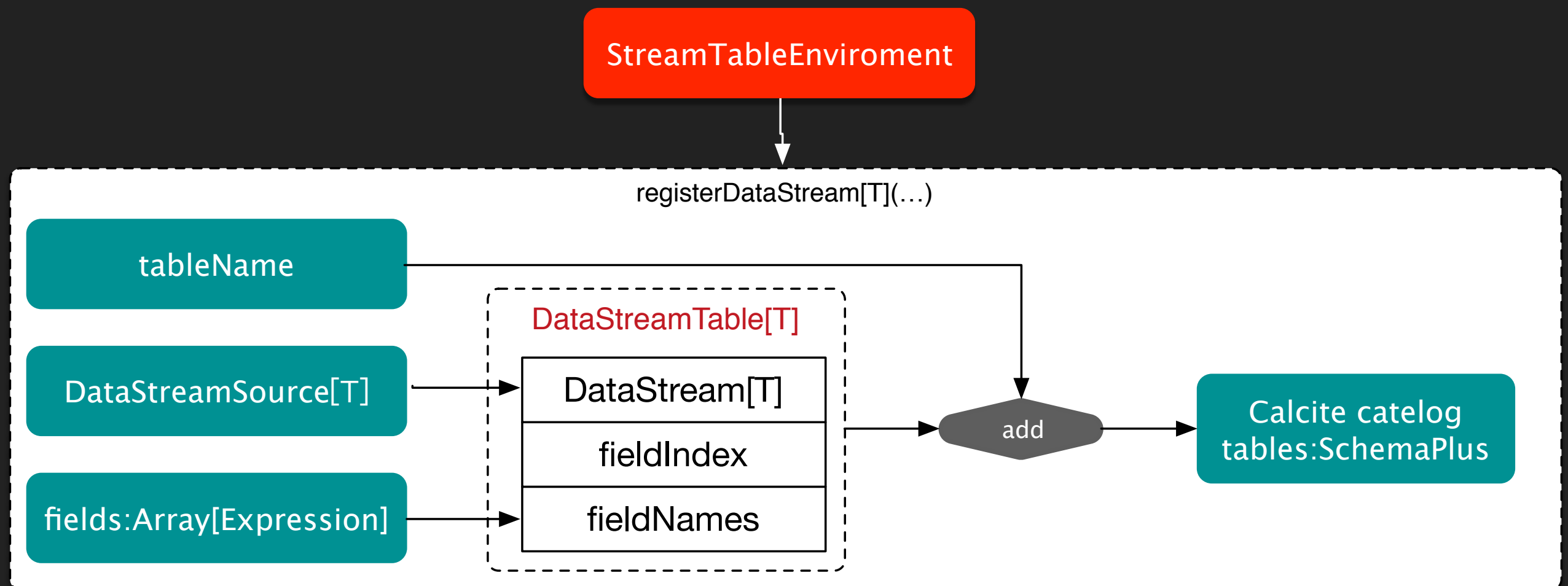
generate DataStream

from source of

connector

```
env.fromCollection(Seq(
  Order(1L, "beer", 3),
  Order(1L, "diaper", 4),
  Order(3L, "rubber", 2)
))
```

Step 2: Register table to calcite



register the schema(field name and field index) info to calcite

code:

```
tEnv.registerDataStream("OrderA", orderA, 'user, 'product, 'amount, 'ct)
```

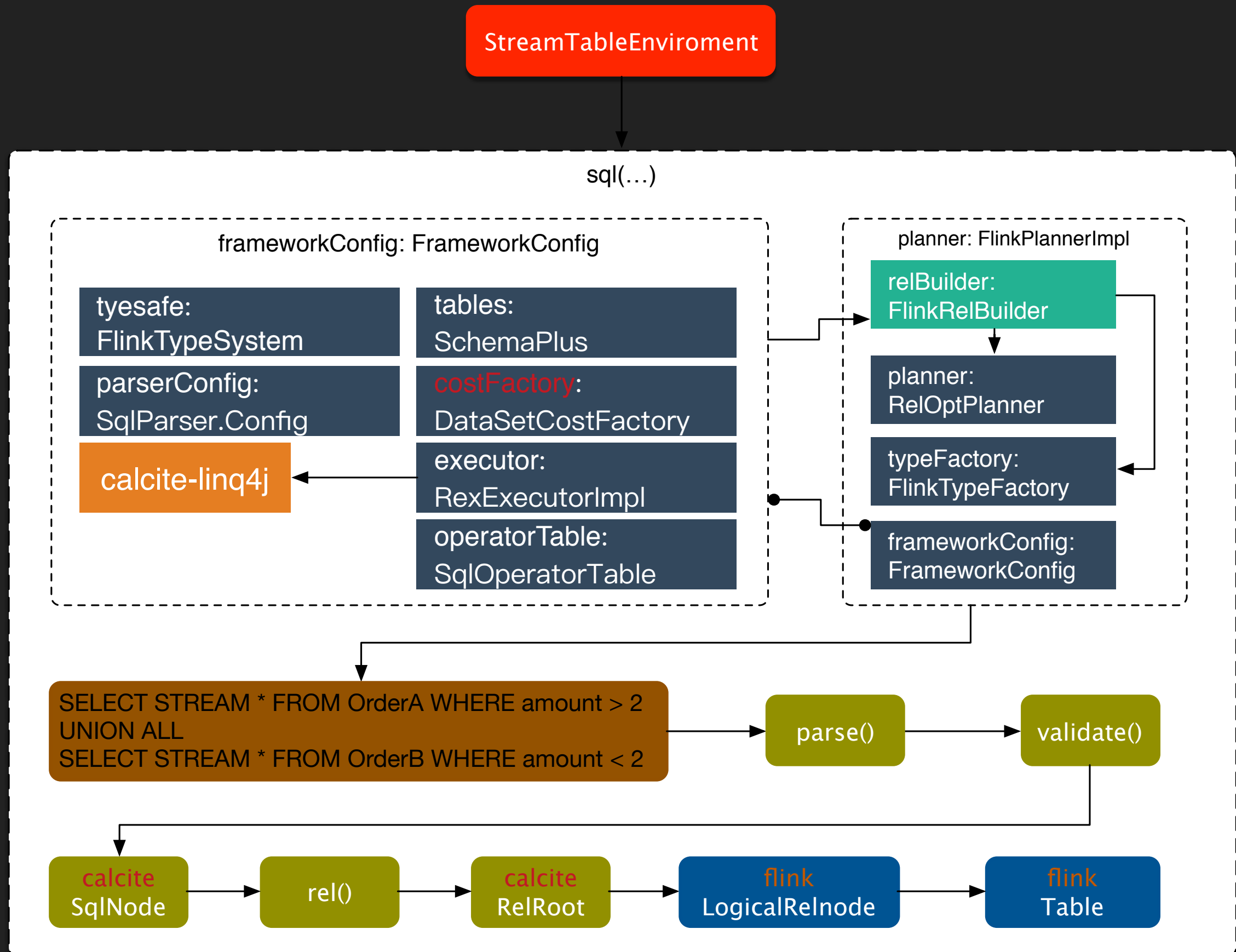
```
tEnv.registerDataStream("OrderB", orderB, 'user, 'product, 'amount, 'ct)
```

Step 3: sql parse, validate, generate relational tree => Flink Table



```
tEnv.sql(  
    ""  
  
    |SELECT STREAM * FROM OrderA WHERE amount > 2  
    |UNION ALL  
    |SELECT STREAM * FROM OrderB WHERE amount < 2  
    """).stripMargin  
)
```

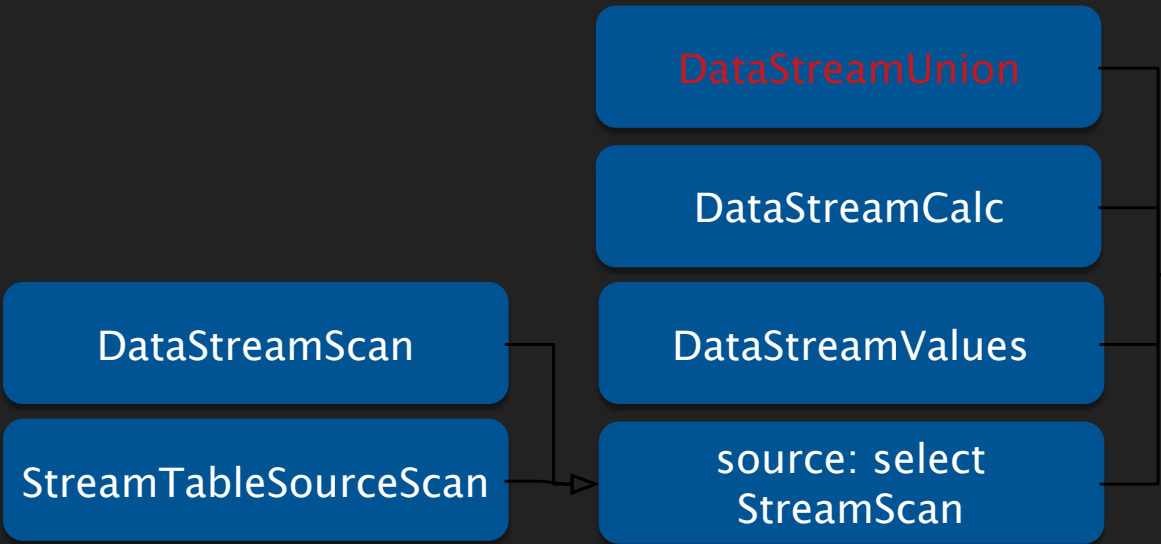
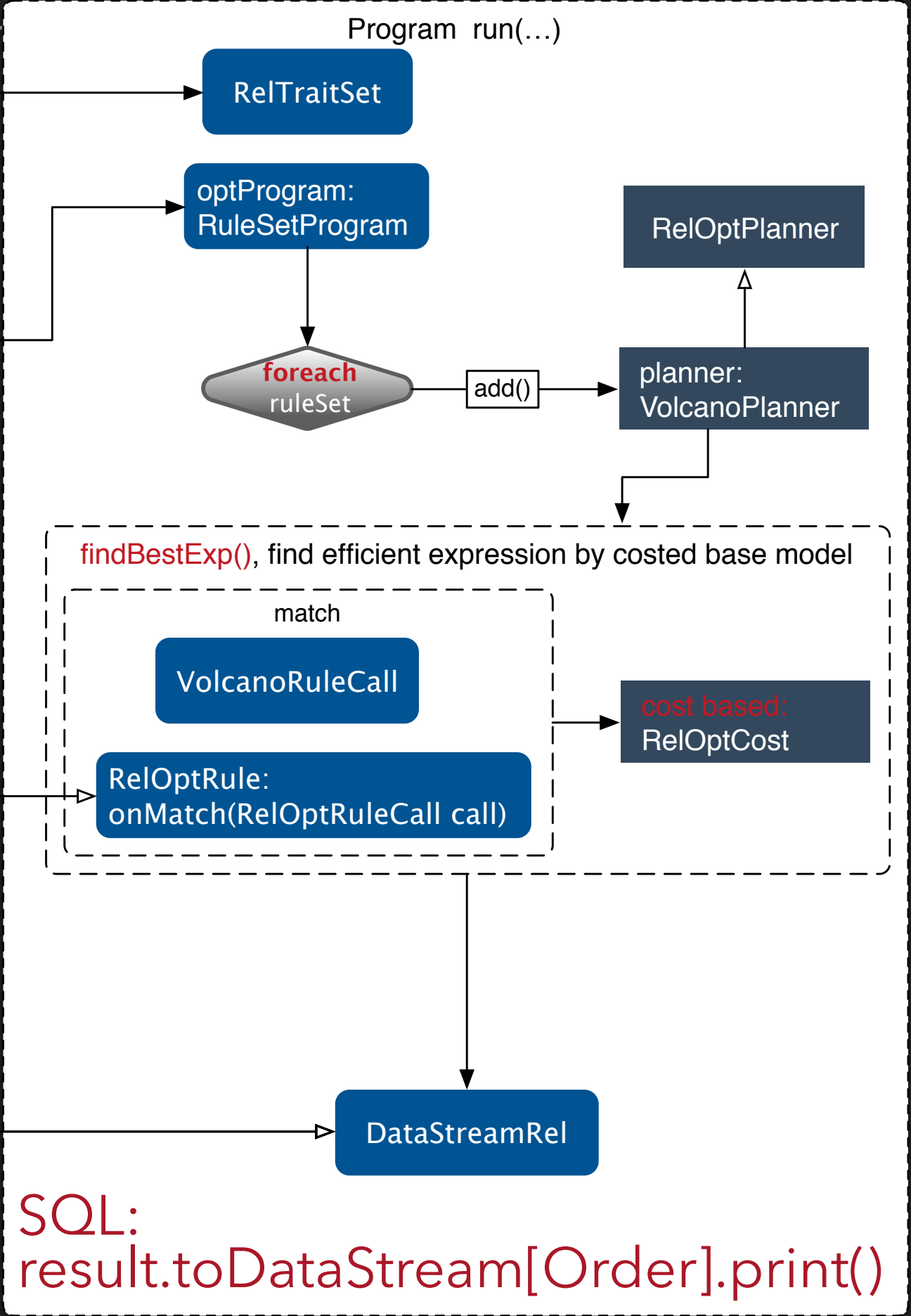
Step 3: sql parse, validate, generate relational tree => Flink Table



Step 4: translate Flink Table to DataStreamRel, costed base optimize by rules

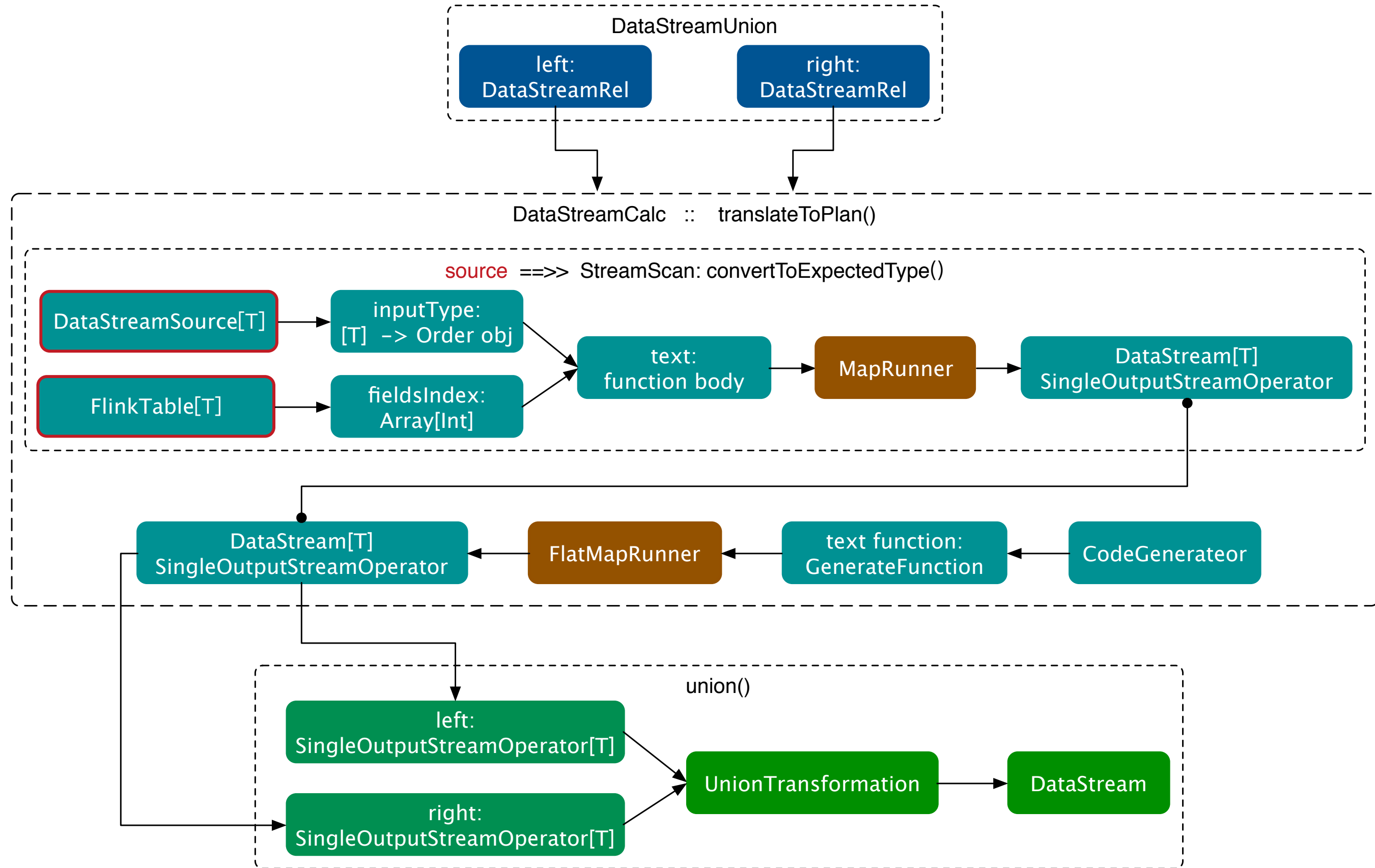


DATASTREAM_OPT_RULES	
scan to a relational expression:	remove Empty and simplify:
EnumerableToLogicalTableScan	PruneEmptyRules.FILTER
TableScanRule	PruneEmptyRules.PROJECT
calc rules:	PruneEmptyRules.UNION
FilterToCalcRule	CalcReduceExpressionsRule
ProjectToCalcRule	UnionEliminatorRule
FilterCalcMergeRule	translate:
ProjectCalcMergeRule	DataStreamAggregateRule
CalcMergeRule	DataStreamCalcRule
push and merge:	DataStreamScanRule
ProjectFilterTransposeRule	DataStreamUnionRule
FilterProjectTransposeRule	DataStreamValuesRule
ProjectRemoveRule	StreamTableSourceScanRule



Step 5: translate DataStreamRel to final DataStream[T]

DataStreamUnion translateToPlan()



FLIP-11: Table API Stream Aggregations

aggregate: groupBy, window, rowWindow

Sub-Tasks

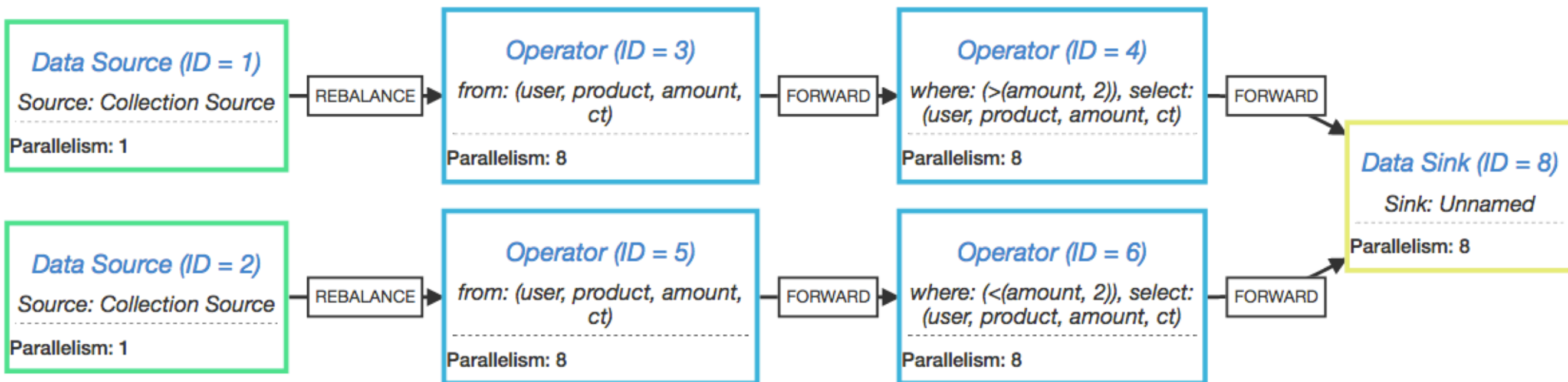
1.	Add SessionRow row-windows for streaming tables (FLIP-11)		OPEN	Timo Walther
2.	Add TumbleRow row-windows for streaming tables		OPEN	Jark Wu
3.	Add SlidingRow row-windows for streaming tables		OPEN	Unassigned
4.	Add SessionRow row-windows for batch tables.		OPEN	Unassigned
5.	Add TumbleRow row-windows for batch tables.		OPEN	Unassigned
6.	Add SlideRow row-windows for batch tables		OPEN	Unassigned
7. 	Add group-windows for streaming tables		CLOSED	Timo Walther
8.	Add tumbling and sliding group-windows for batch tables		OPEN	Unassigned
9.	Add session group-windows for batch tables		OPEN	Unassigned
10.	Add incremental group window aggregation for streaming Table API		OPEN	Unassigned

<https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/FLINK-4557>

<https://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/FLINK/FLIP-11%3A+Table+API+Stream+Aggregations>

dataflow runtime

env.getExecutionPlan -> <http://flink.apache.org/visualizer>



==> Source

SELECT STREAM * FROM OrderA WHERE amount > 2

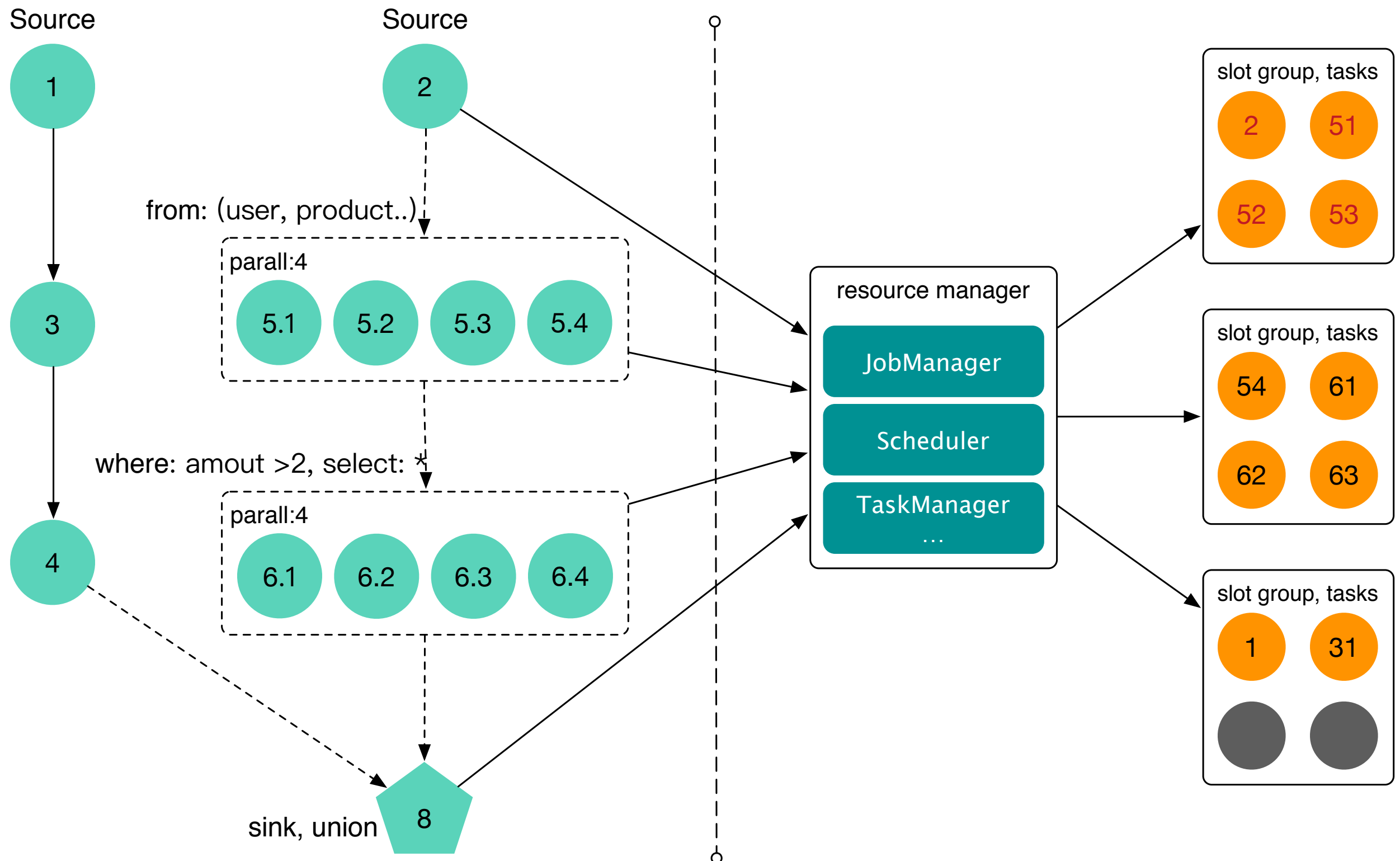
UNION ALL

SELECT STREAM * FROM OrderB WHERE amount < 2

==> Sink

- ▶ actor: JobManager
- ▶ actor: TaskManager
- ▶ actor: MemoryArchivist
- ▶ actor - yarn: ApplicationClient, YarnJobManager, YarnTaskManager
- ▶ actor - mesos: MesosJobManager, MesosTaskManager
- ▶ BlobClient, Scheduler, Slot, Task, Instance
- ▶ entry: StreamGraph, JobGraph, ExecutionGraph

Simple Runtime of Flink



The detail graph of Runtime will be shared next time

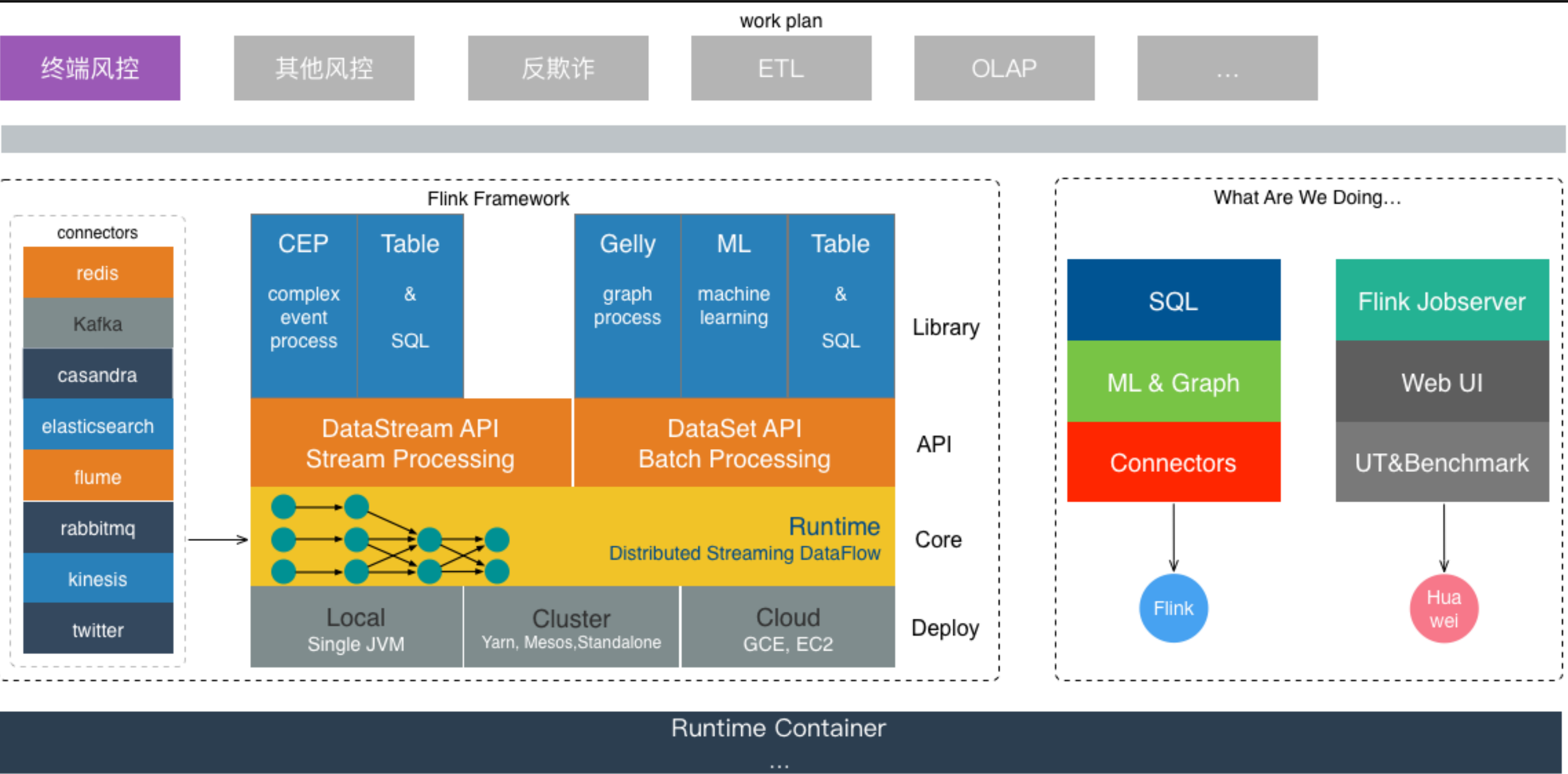
The problem of Flink

- ▶ user group increasing slowly
- ▶ java/scala/batch/streaming API fuzzy
- ▶ Gelly and FlinkML are un-matured
- ▶ code quality need enhance



What are we doing with Flink

What are we doing



- ▶ low latency: less than 100ms
- ▶ many security rules
- ▶ use Flink Stream API
- ▶ expect Flink SQL
- ▶ local cache and Redis
- ▶ develop Flink Jobserver and Netty(tcp/restful) Connector
- ▶ Apache Carbondata connector will be imported



长期招Scala开发

等你来

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[杭州] Flink研发工程师

岗位要求:

1. 熟练使用Git、Markdown
2. Scala开发1年以上, 且Java开发3年以上
3. 熟悉Flink/Spark, Flink源码读过1遍以上者优先
4. 给开源社区贡献过代码。Flink Committer/Contributor优先
5. 研究生毕业3年/本科4年, 211的优先

同时急需: Spark/Hadoop开发、搜索引擎系统架构专家、深度学习|机器学习|在线学习算法工程师、NLP算法工程师、计算机视觉工程师「北京、杭州、深圳」

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THANKS