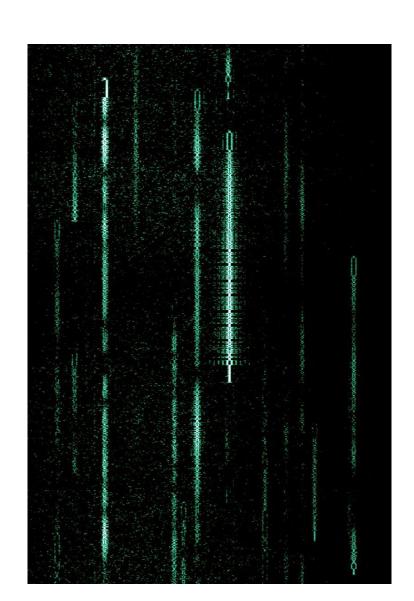
1111 1011111 11 10101 10101 1011 11101011 1101111 1101 1011011101 1011 1111 1011111 11 10101 10101 1011 11101011 1101111 1101 101101 11 10111 1 1011011101 1011 1111 1111 1011111 11 10101 10101 1011 11101011 1101111 1101 1011011101 1011 1111 1011111 11 10101 10101 1011 11101011 1101111 1101 101101 11 10111 1 1011011101 1011 1111 101 1011 1111 1011111 @sdr_melbourne @0xsh_

PSK31 looks like...



PSK31 sounds like...



Amateur Radio Frequencies (RTLSDR Ranges)

RTLSDR dongle frequency range of 24 – 1766
 MHz (frequencies above 1.2 GHz may require cooling/heatsinking)

- PSK31 typical transmit frequencies (in range of RTLSDR dongle):
 - 24.920 MHz 12 meters
 - 28.120 MHz 10 meters
 - 50.290 MHz 6 meters

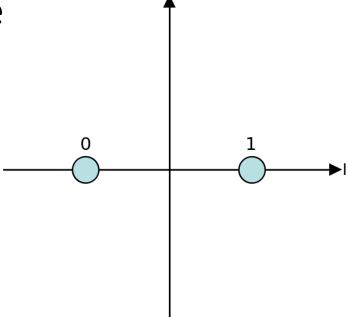
Some terms

- **Bit rate (bps):** Speed of data in <u>bits per second</u>. With PSK31 where 1 bit per symbol, baud & bit rates are the same.
- **Baud rate (Bd)**: number of <u>symbols</u> transmitted over a line per second.
- Bandwidth (Hz): difference between upper and lower frequencies of a given spectrum e.g. can have multiple channels within a bandwidth.
- Baseband: signal transmitted without modulation i.e. no shift in the range of frequencies of the signal, and is a low frequency - contained within the band of frequencies from close to 0 hertz up to a higher cut-off frequency or maximum bandwidth.

- Created by Peter Martinez (G3PLX)
- Released in 1998
- Used by amateur radio operators for real time chat
- Phase Shift Keying
- 31.25 baud rate & bits per second
- Baud rate matches a typical typing speed of 50 wpm approx.

- Phase modulated
- Remember the three main types of modulation are:
 - Amplitude-shift keying (ASK)
 - Frequency-shift keying (FSK)
 - Phase-shift keying (PSK)

- Uses binary phase-shift keying (BPSK/2-PSK)
- Two phases
- 180 degrees apart (anywhere on plane)
- BPSK is most tolerant to noise



- Not packet based
- Modulates in phase an audio signal
- Audio signal then modulates in amplitude a carrier sent over the air
- Can be used by equipment designed for audio

- $0 = \text{phase shift of } \pi \text{ radians}$
- 1 = no phase shift
- Characters = varicode
- Start of character = 00
- Data rate = 31.25 baud

Varicode

- Includes most of 7-bit ASCII characters
- Start with: 1
- End with: 1
- Never: have 00
- Break between characters: 00
- Prefix with long string of 000s

Varicode

- BSides Canberra:
- 11101011 1101111 1101 101101 11
 10111 1 1011011101 1011 1111
 1011111 11 10101 10101 1011

```
'a':'1011',
'b':'10111111',
'c':'101111',
'd':'101101',
'e':'11',
'f':'111101',
'q':'1011011',
'h':'101011',
'i':'1101',
'i':'111101011',
'k':'10111111',
'1':'11011',
'm':'111011',
'n':'1111',
'o':'111',
'p':'1111111',
'q':'110111111',
'r':'10101',
's':'10111',
't':'101',
'u':'110111',
'v':'1111011',
'w':'11010111',
'x':'11011111'.
'v':'1011101',
'z':'111010101'.
```

Generating a message

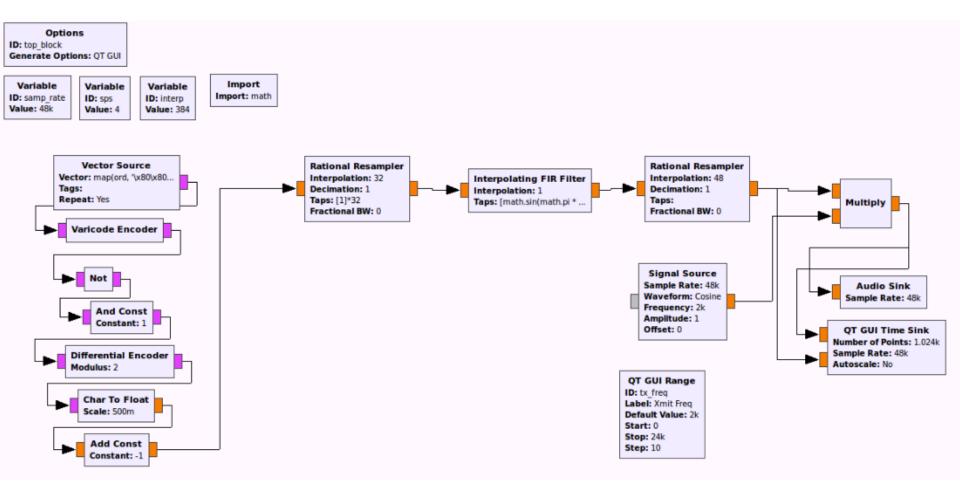
- Sample rate = 48,000Hz (audio rate)
- 1 channel
- 2 bytes per sample

Materials

 Using this PSK31 example as a base: https://github.com/tkuester/gr-psk31/

 All files, install instructions and modifications are described here: https://github.com/0xsh

Transmit PSK31 with an audio card

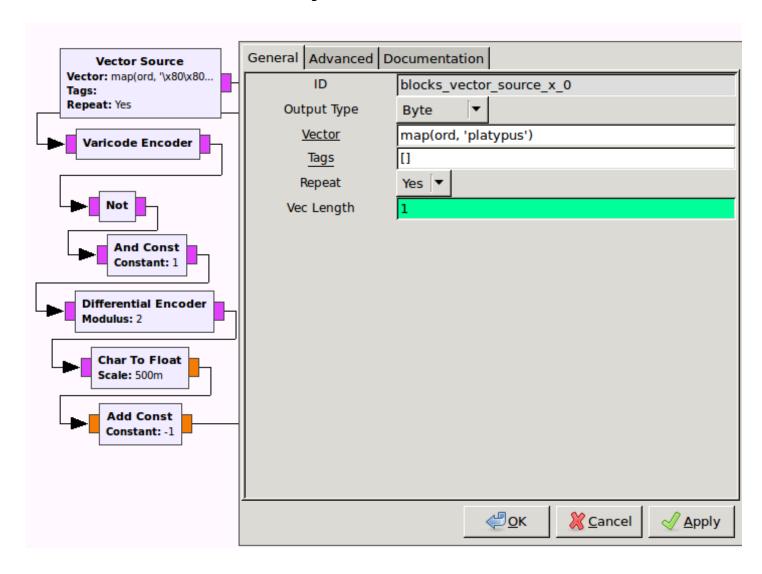


Transmit Graph: Vector Source

Vector source

- A vector is a dynamically sized sequence of objects (compared to a fixed array)
- Interpreted as list of integers
- Truncated to bytes when output
- Vector: "map(ord, 'platypus')"
- Repeat: Yes

Transmit Graph: Vector Source

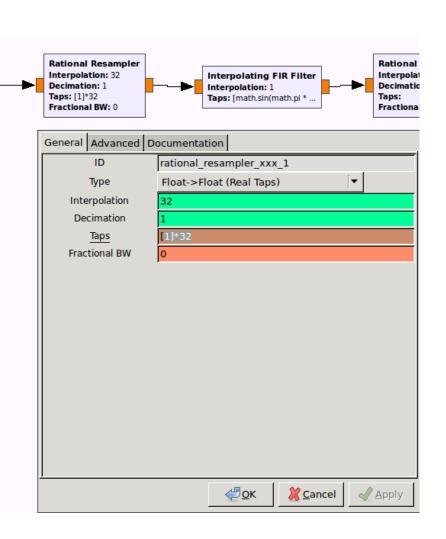


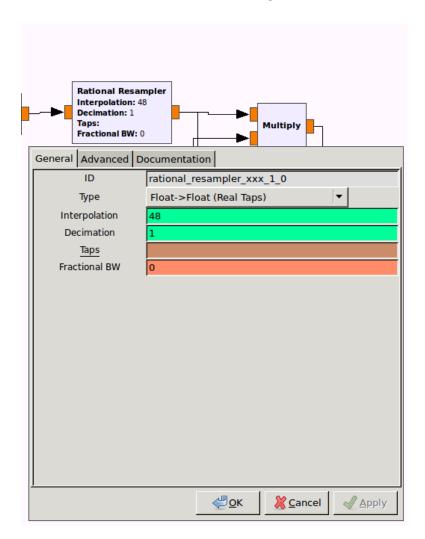
Transmit Graph: Rational Resampler

Rational Resampler

- Convert from one sample rate to another
- Combined interpolator (multiply by) & decimator (divide by)
- All following blocks should use <u>newly set</u> <u>sample rate</u>

Transmit Graph: Rational Resampler



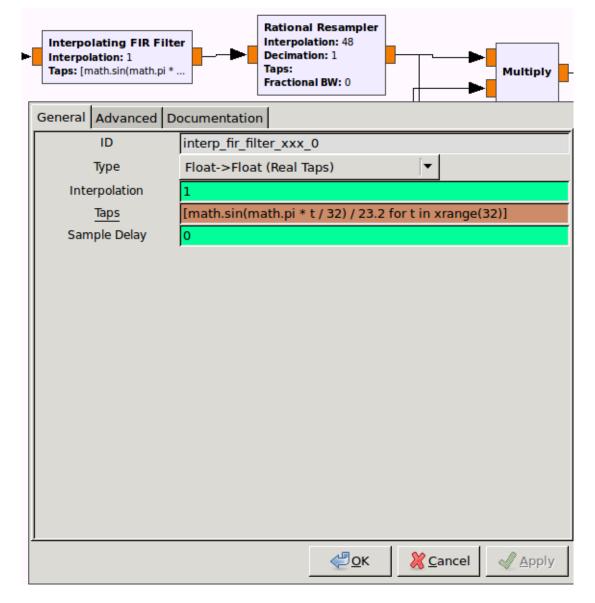


Transmit Graph: Interpolating FIR Filter

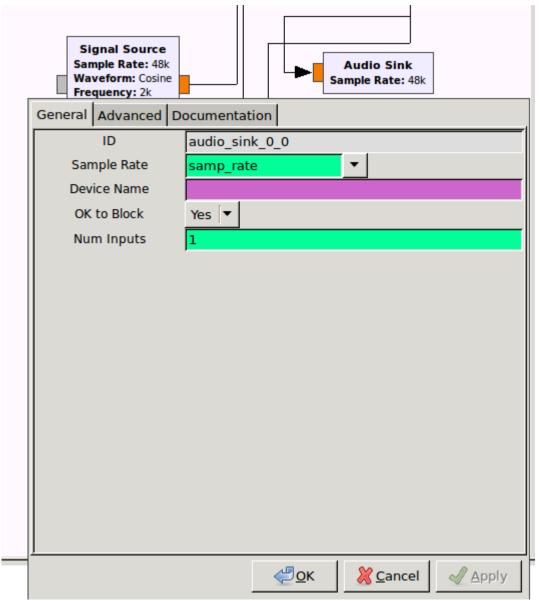
Interpolating FIR Filter

- FIR = Finite Impulse Response filter
- Settles to 0 in finite time
- Tap = a delay
- More taps = more stopband attenuation, less ripple, narrower filters

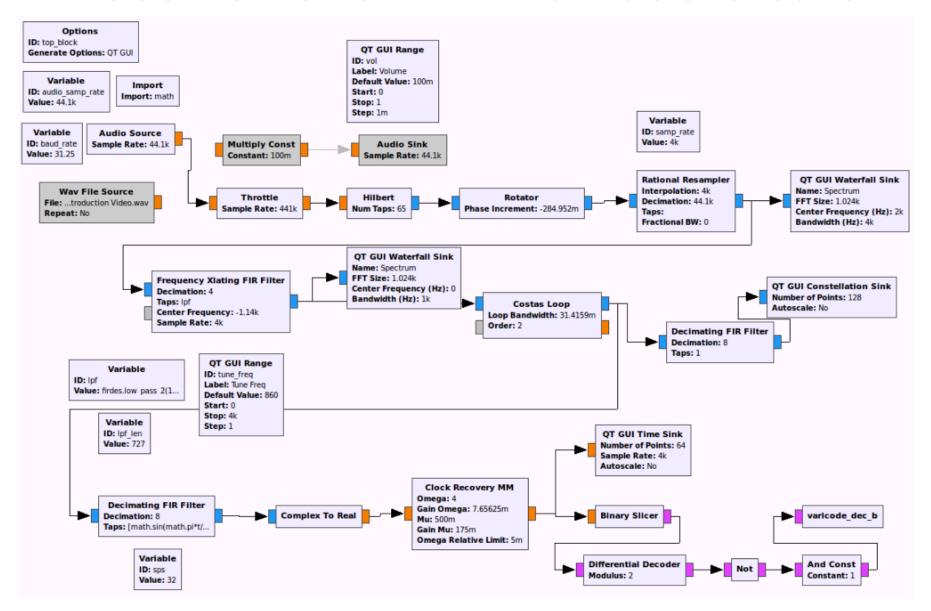
Transmit Graph: Interpolating FIR Filter



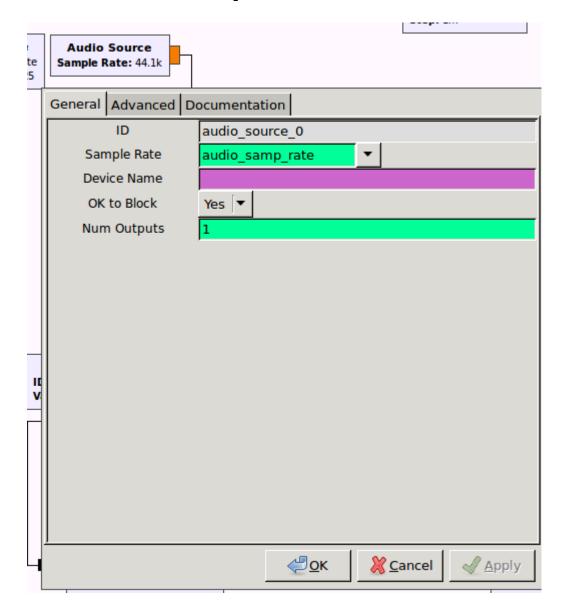
Transmit Graph: Audio Sink



Receive PSK31 with an audio card



Receive Graph: Audio Source



Receive Graph: Throttle

Throttle

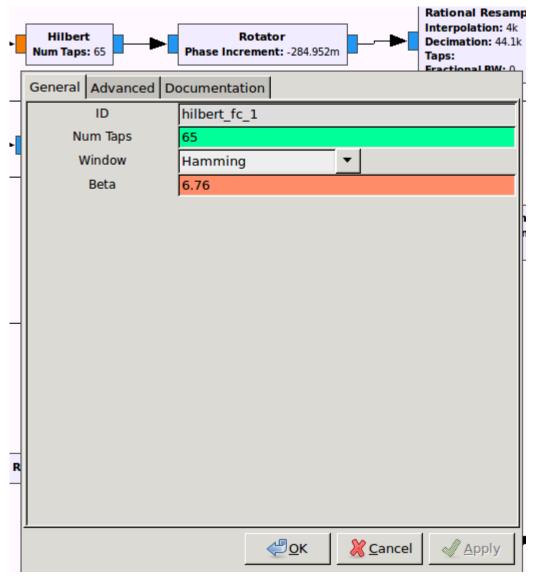
- GNU Radio operates at full speed (when no real hardware in way to slow down)
- Need throttle to <u>control rate</u>
- Don't use with real hardware (throttle is a bad clock and will end up with timing issues)

Receive Graph: Hilbert Transform

Hilbert Transform

- Truncates the filter to the number of taps
- Introduces a delay into the signal

Receive Graph: Hilbert Transform

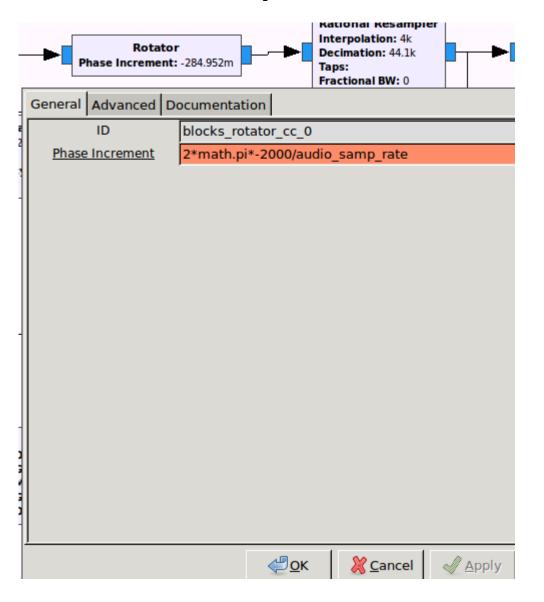


Receive Graph: Rotator

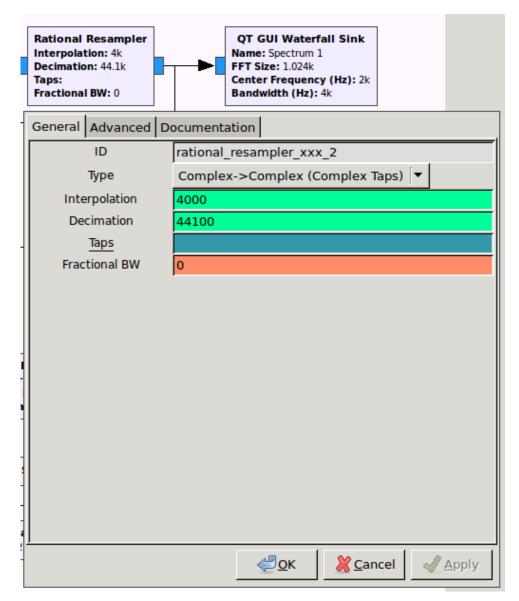
Rotator

- Frequency shifting
- Shift specified as a complex vector (amount of rotation per sample)

Receive Graph: Rotator



Receive Graph: Rational Resampler

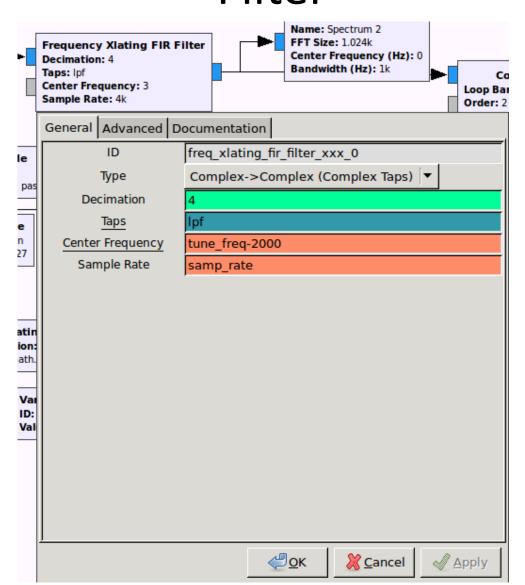


Receive Graph: Frequency Xlating FIR Filter

Frequency Xlating FIR Filter

- Frequency-translating FIR filter
- Often used for channel selection block
- Performs frequency translation, channel selection and decimation in one step

Receive Graph: Frequency Xlating FIR Filter

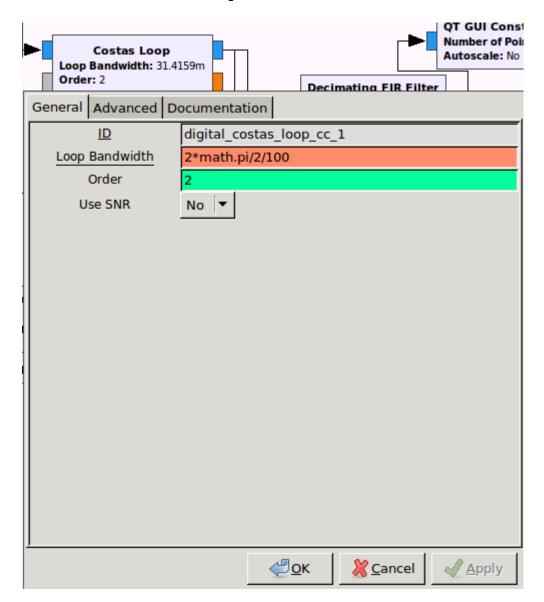


Receive Graph: Costas Loop

Costas Loop

 Locks to the centre frequency of a signal and downconverts it to baseband

Receive Graph: Costas Loop

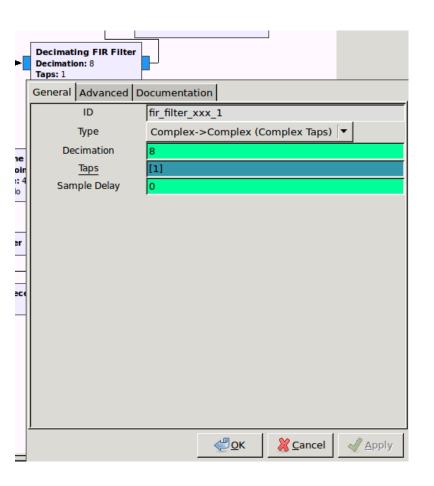


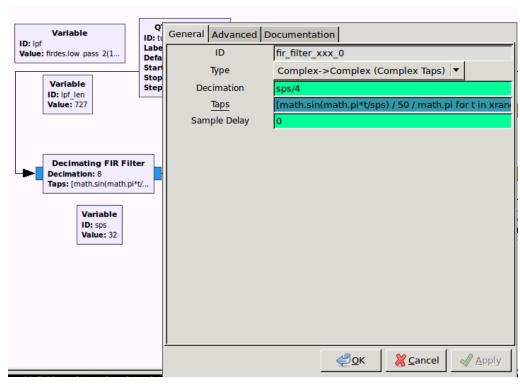
Receive Graph: Decimating FIR Filters

Decimating FIR Filters

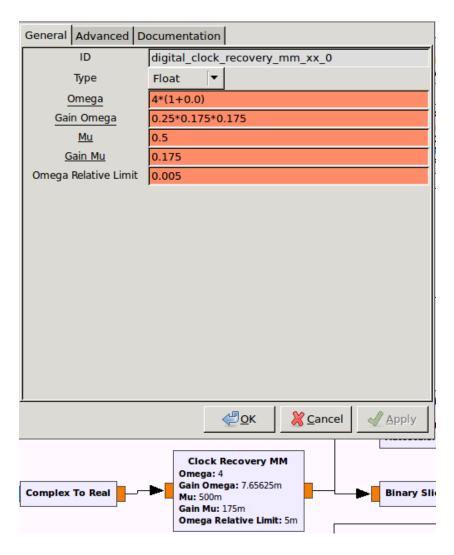
 Decimation is <u>reducing</u> the output <u>sampling</u> <u>rate</u> by ignoring all but every Nth sample

Receive Graph: Decimating FIR Filters





Receive Graph: Clock Recovery



Materials

 Next, follow the Step1, Step2 & Step 3 instructions here: https://github.com/0xsh

Other work you can play with...

- GoodPSK "is a tool for generating PSK31 audio recordings, sometimes with strange or clever attributes" & check out the lectures!: https://github.com/travisgoodspeed/goodpsk
- https://sdradventure.wordpress.com/2011/10/15/gnuradio -psk31-decoder-part-1
- https://sdradventure.wordpress.com/2011/10/15/gnuradio -psk31-decoder-part-2/
- https://github.com/JasonBens/PSK31-transceiver
- https://github.com/tkuester/gr-psk31
- https://github.com/christophL/gr-digimodes
- https://github.com/argilo/sdr-examples

References

- http://aintel.bi.ehu.es/psk31theory.html
- http://www.arrl.org/digital-data-modes
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Phase-shift keying
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PSK31
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Baud
- http://people.scs.carleton.ca/~barbeau/SDRCRBo ok/Content/chapter09.pdf
- https://github.com/travisgoodspeed/goodpsk
- https://github.com/tkuester/gr-psk31
- http://www.w1hkj.com/FldigiHelp/index.html

Glossary

- FIR Filter: Finite Impulse Response Filter
- PSK: phase shift keying
- SPS: samples per second

Questions...



