



Introduction to R 2

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Reading Raw File



Reading RAW File

```
read.table(file = <path/to/file>, header = TRUE, sep = ',')
```

```
readHTMLTable(theURL, which = 1, header = FALSE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
```

Reading CSV File



Read CSV File

```
read.csv(file = theUrl, header = TRUE, sep = ',')
```



More

Function

`read.spss`

`read.dta`

`read.ssd`

`read.octave`

`read.mtp`

`read.systat`

Format

SPSS

Stata

SAS

Octave

Minitab

Systat

Regular Expression



Using RegEx

Take a look <http://stringr.tidyverse.org/articles/regular-expressions.html>



String Function

- `str_split(string = <string>, pattern = <Regex>)`
- `str_trim(<string>)` > removing white-space
- `str_sub(<string>, start = <int>, end = <int>)`
- `str_detect(string = <string>, pattern = <Regex>)`
- `str_extract(string = <string>, pattern = <Regex>)`
- `str_replace(string = <vector>, pattern = <Regex>, replacement = <string>)`
- `str_replace_all(string = <vector>, pattern = <Regex>, replacement = <string>)`



Exercise

1. Date string e.g “Jan 1 2018” “01 01 2018 10:10:10” > get desired format date
2. Email lala@lala.com, goks@geq.co.id > get the domain
- 3.
4. Website blog.andreas.or.id dsi.or.id

Using Apply Function



Apply Family

- `apply(<matrix>, axis = <1|2>, <function>, na.rm = <T|F>)` 1 for row 2 for col, return vector
- `lapply(<list>, <function>)`, from list return list
- `sapply(<list>, <function>)`, from list return vector
- `mapply(<function>, list1, list2)`, from list return vector

Process Data with data.table



Creating data.table

```
require(data.table)
```

```
data.table(<data.frame>)
```



Processing data.table

In short, data.table like sql data.table[where, select, group by]

```
Ex: House[size > 10, mean(size), by = "luxury"]
```




Exercise 1

get new metrics total calls and total minutes



Exercise 2

select only state is WV or MI and churn is False



Exercise 3

get mean, median, mode, std for each state



Exercise 4

Join table



Exercise 5

get data then order ascending area code but descending customer service call



Exercise 6

get pivot table for

Using dplyr



Usage

Data_frame %>% dplyr_funs()

E.g:

flight %>% mean()



Common functions

`Dim_desc #get dimension`

`Summarise family`

`Arrange`

`Filter`

`Join`

`Group_by`

`mutate`