Static meta-programming and a concurrency primer



Václav Pech

NPRG014 2016/2017

http://jroller.com/vaclav

http://www.vaclavpech.eu

@vaclav_pech



Last time agenda

- Dynamic meta-programming
- Domain-specific languages
- Builders
- DSL-based frameworks



Agenda for today

- AST transformations
- Static meta-programming
- Concurrency primer

Part 5

Static meta-programming

AST

```
At end of Phase: Canonicalization
   ClassNode - Calculator
  MethodNode - divide10By

    Parameter - a

      -- 🏿 Parameter - b
     BlockStatement - (1)
         EmptyStatement

    □ ■ ReturnStatement - return (a - b)

         🖮 <table-cell-columns> Binary - (a - b)
           🖃 ル Variable - a : java.lang.Object
             🗓 🏿 Parameter - a
           □ Wariable - b: java.lang.Object
             🔙 🏿 Parameter - b
       MethodNode - this$dist$invoke$1
       public int subtract(java.lang.Object a, java.lang.Object b) {
            if (!( a > b )) {
                throw new java.lang.Exception('Precondition violated: {a > b}')
```

AST Transformations

```
class Registrations {
  @Delegate List items = []
def people = new Registrations()
people.addAll(["Joe", "Dave"])
assert ["Dave", "Joe"] == people.reverse()
```

- @Delegate, @Immutable, @Singleton
- @Lazy
- @TupleConstructor
- @InheritConstructors
- @Canonical
- @ToString
- @EqualsAndHashCode

- @Log, @Log4j, @Commons
- @Synchronized
- @WithReadLock
- @WithWriteLock
- @AutoClone, @AutoExternalize

. . .

Creating AST Transformations

new AstBuilder()

.buildFromString()

.buildFromCode()

.buildFromSpec()

```
.buildFromString ("'
Integer.parseInt("$param")
"')
```

```
.buildFromSpec {
  method('convertToNumber', ACC_PUBLIC, Integer) {
         parameters { parameter 'parameter': String.class }
         exceptions {}
         block {
            returnStatement {
              staticMethodCall(Integer, "parseInt") {
                 argumentList {
                   variable "parameter"
```

Type-checking/Static

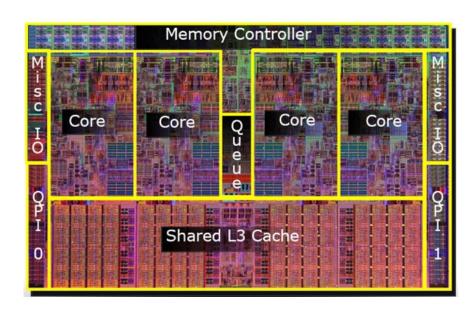
@TypeChecked, @CompileStatic

```
@TypeChecked
String test(Object val) {
  if (val instanceof String) {
     val.toUpperCase()
  } else if (val instanceof Number) {
     val.intValue() * 2
```

Concurrency

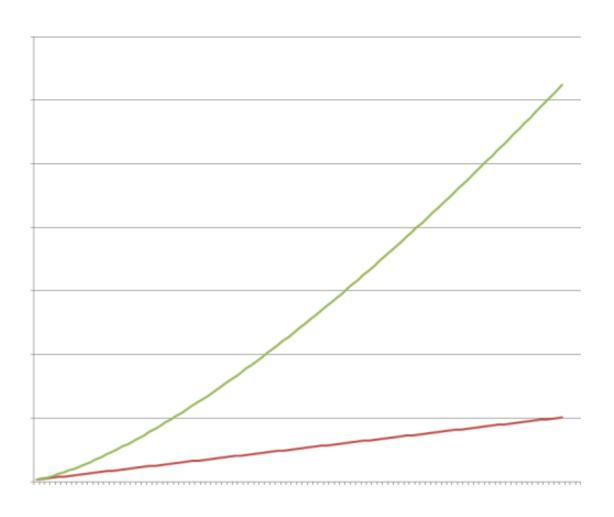
Why concurrency?





We're all in the parallel computing business!

of cores



JVM machinery

Thread, Runnable, Thread Pools

JVM machinery

Thread, Runnable, Thread Pools

Synchronized blocks

Volatile

Locks

Atomic

```
public class Counter {
  private static long count = 0;
  public Counter() {
       count++;
```

```
public class Counter {
  private volatile static long count = 0;
  public Counter() {
       count++;
```

```
public class Counter {
  private volatile static long count = 0;
  public Counter() {
       count = count + 1;
```

```
public class Counter {
  private static long count = 0;
  public Counter() {
    synchronized (this) {
       count++;
```

```
public class Counter {
  private static long count = 0;
  public Counter() {
    synchronized (this.getClass()) {
       count++;
```

```
public class Counter {
  private Long count = 0;
  public doSomething() {
    synchronized (count) {
       count++;
```

```
public class Counter {
  private Long count = 0;
  public doSomething() {
    synchronized (count) {
       count = new Long(count.longValue() + 1);
```

```
public class ClickCounter implements ActionListener {
  public ClickCounter(JButton button) {
    button.addActionListener(this);
  public void actionPerformed(final ActionEvent e) {
```

Stone age of parallel SW

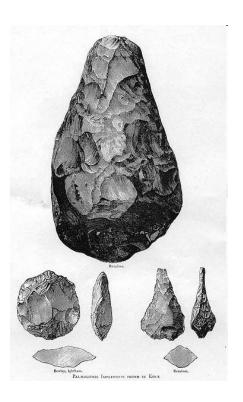
Dead-locks

Live-locks

Race conditions

Starvation

Shared Mutable State



Why high-level concurrency?

Multithreaded programs today work mostly by accident!



Summary



AST transforms for Java programmers





http://jroller.com/vaclav vaclav@vaclavpech.eu

References

http://www.groovy.cz

http://groovy.codehaus.org

http://grails.org

http://groovyconsole.appspot.com/

http://www.manning.com/koenig2/