

## 1 Binary Child given one binary parent

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two binary variables, where the conditional probability of  $Y$  given  $X$  is expressed as follows:

$$p(Y|X) = p_{y|x}^{I(X=0)I(Y=0)} p_{\bar{y}|x}^{I(X=0)I(Y=1)} p_{y|\bar{x}}^{I(X=1)I(Y=0)} p_{\bar{y}|\bar{x}}^{I(X=1)I(Y=1)}$$

This conditional probability can be expressed in different exponential forms as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \ln p(Y|X) &= \theta(X)^T s(Y) - A(X) \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} I(X=0) \ln p_{y|x} + I(X=1) \ln p_{y|\bar{x}} \\ I(X=0) \ln p_{\bar{y}|x} + I(X=1) \ln p_{\bar{y}|\bar{x}} \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} I(Y=0) \\ I(Y=1) \end{pmatrix} - 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ln p(Y|X) &= \theta(Y)^T s(X) - A(Y) \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} I(Y=0) \ln p_{y|x} + I(Y=1) \ln p_{\bar{y}|x} \\ I(Y=0) \ln p_{y|\bar{x}} + I(Y=1) \ln p_{\bar{y}|\bar{x}} \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} I(X=0) \\ I(X=1) \end{pmatrix} - 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ln p(Y|X) &= \theta^T s(Y, X) - A(\theta) \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \ln p_{y|x} \\ \ln p_{\bar{y}|x} \\ \ln p_{y|\bar{x}} \\ \ln p_{\bar{y}|\bar{x}} \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} I(Y=0)I(X=0) \\ I(Y=1)I(X=0) \\ I(Y=0)I(X=1) \\ I(Y=1)I(X=1) \end{pmatrix} - 0 \end{aligned}$$

## 2 Multinomial Child given a set of multinomial parents

Let us  $Y$  be a multinomial variable whose state space is  $\{y_1, \dots, y_k\}$ . Let us also be  $X_1, \dots, X_p$  the set of parents of variable  $Y$ , all them also multinomial. The log-conditional probability of  $Y$  given  $X$  can be expressed as follows:

$$\ln p(Y|X_1, \dots, X_p) =$$

Similarly the above conditional probability can be expressed in the following exponential forms:

$$\ln p(Y|X_1, \dots, X_p) = \theta(X_1, \dots, X_p)^T s(Y) - A(X_1, \dots, X_p)$$

$$\ln p(Y|X_1, \dots, X_p) = \theta(Y, X_1, \dots, X_{L-1}, X_L, \dots, X_p)^T s(X_L) - A(Y, X_1, \dots, X_{L-1}, X_L, \dots, X_p)$$

$$\ln p(Y|X_1, \dots, X_p) = \theta^T s(Y, X_1, \dots, X_p) - A(\theta)$$

### 3 Normal Child given a set of normal parents

Let us  $Y$  be a normal variable and  $X_1, \dots, X_p$  the set of parents of variable  $Y$ , all them also normal. The log-conditional probability of  $Y$  given  $X$  can be expressed as follows:

$$\ln p(Y|X_1, \dots, X_p) = \ln \left( \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2(\beta_0 + \sum_i \beta_i X_i)}} e^{-\frac{(x - (\beta_0 + \sum_i \beta_i X_i))^2}{2\sigma^2}} \right)$$

Similarly the above conditional probability can be expressed in the following exponential forms:

$$\begin{aligned} \ln p(Y|X) &= \theta(X)^T s(Y) - A(\theta(X)) + h(X) \\ &= \left( \frac{\mu_{Y|X}}{\frac{\sigma^2}{2}} \right)^T \begin{pmatrix} Y \\ Y^2 \end{pmatrix} - \left( \frac{\mu_{Y|X}^2}{2\sigma^2} + \ln \sigma \right) + \ln \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\mu_{Y|X}}} \end{aligned}$$

where  $\mu_{Y|X} = \beta_0 + \sum_i \beta_i X_i$

$$\begin{aligned} \ln p(Y|X) &= \theta(Y)^T s(X) - A(\theta(Y)) + h(X) \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\beta_1^2}{2\sigma^2} \\ \dots \\ -\frac{\beta_p^2}{2\sigma^2} \\ \frac{\beta_1(Y-\beta_0)}{\sigma^2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{\beta_p(Y-\beta_0)}{\sigma^2} \\ -\frac{\beta_1\beta_2}{\sigma^2} \dots \\ -\frac{\beta_1\beta_p}{\sigma^2} \dots \\ -\frac{\beta_{p-1}\beta_p}{\sigma^2} \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} X_1^2 \\ \dots \\ X_p^2 \\ X_1 \\ \dots \\ X_p \\ X_1X_2 \\ \dots \\ X_1X_p \\ \dots \\ X_{p-1}X_p \end{pmatrix} - \left( \frac{(Y-\beta_0)^2}{\sigma^2} + \ln \sigma \right) + \ln \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\mu_{Y|X}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\ln p(Y|X) &= \theta^T s(Y, X) - A(\theta) + h(X) \\
&= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{2\sigma^2} \\ \frac{-\beta_1^2}{2\sigma^2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{-\beta_p^2}{2\sigma^2} \\ \frac{\beta_0}{\sigma^2} \\ \frac{\beta_1}{\sigma^2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{\beta_p}{\sigma^2} \\ \frac{-\beta_0\beta_1}{\sigma^2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{-\beta_0\beta_p}{\sigma^2} \\ \frac{-\beta_1\beta_2}{\sigma^2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{-\beta_1\beta_p}{\sigma^2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{-\beta_{p-1}\beta_p}{\sigma^2} \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} Y^2 \\ X^2 \\ \dots \\ X_p^2 \\ Y \\ YX_1 \\ \dots \\ YX_p \\ X_1 \\ \dots \\ X_p \\ X_1X_2 \\ \dots \\ X_1X_p \\ \dots \\ X_{p-1}X_p \end{pmatrix} - \left( \frac{\beta_0^2}{2\sigma^2} + \ln \sigma \right) + \frac{1}{\ln \sqrt{2\mu_{Y|X}}}
\end{aligned}$$