Package 'RDSTK'

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Type Package

Title An R wrapper for the Data Science Toolkit API

Version 0.1

Depends plyr, rjson, RCurl

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Author Ryan Elmore

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Description This package provides an R interface to Pete Warden's Data Science Toolkit. See www.datasciencetoolkit.org for more information. The source code for this package can be found at github.com/rtelmore/RDSTK Happy hacking!

License BSD

LazyLoad yes

R topics documented:

RDSTK-package *RDSTK: A R wrapper for the Data Science Toolkit API*

Description

This package contains several functions that provide direct access to the Data Science Toolkit API. See www.datasciencetoolkit.org for an overview of the API. The package is an attempt to R-ify calls to this API.

Details

Package:	RDSTK
Type:	Package
Version:	0.1
Date:	2011-04-30
License:	BSD
LazyLoad:	yes

Author(s)

Ryan Elmore Maintainer: Ryan Elmore <rtelmore@gmail.com>

References

http://www.datasciencetoolkit.org

Examples

```
ip2coordinates("134.184.34.17, 48.82.68.161")
```

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coordinates2politics *Coverts latitude and longitude coordinates to politics expressions.*

Description

A function to return the countries, states, provinces, cities, constituencies and neighborhoods that the latitude and longitude point lies within (from DSTK website).

Usage

```
coordinates2politics(latitude, longitude)
```

Arguments

latitude	The latitude (numeric) of the point you wish to reference.
longitude	The longitude (numeric) of the point you wish to reference.

Value

Returns a JSON string.

Author(s)

Ryan Elmore

References

http://www.datasciencetoolkit.org/developerdocs#coordinates2politics

Examples

```
coordinates2politics(37.769456, -122.429128)
```

`html2text` *Identifies the text of an html string*

Description

This function is used for processing an html string in order to find the main text of this string. The output is a list that contains the extracted text.

Usage

```
html2text(html)
```

Arguments

`html`	A string containing valid html code.

Value

A list with the main text in the html.

Author(s)

Ryan Elmore

References

http://www.datasciencetoolkit.org/developerdocs#html2text

Examples

```
html <- '<html><head><title>MyTitle</title></head><body><script type="text/javascript">sc
html2text(html)
```

`ip2coordinates` *Finds geographic information related to an IP address.*

Description

This function returns geographic information related to one or possibly more IP addresses.

Usage

```
ip2coordinates(ip)
```

Arguments

`ip`	A string containing a single IP address or multiple, comma-separated IPs.

Value

A data.frame containing

`ip.address`	IP address of the request
`ip.address`	Longitude of the IP address' location
`country_name`	Country of origin
`postal_code`	Post code
`region`	State in the US; not sure elsewhere
`locality`	City in the US; not sure elsewhere
`country_code`	Two letter country abbreviation
`dma_code`	Hell if I know
`latitude`	Latitude of the IP address' location
`country_code3`	If two digits aren't enough!
`area_code`	Area code in the US; not sure elsewhere

Author(s)

Ryan Elmore

References

http://www.datasciencetoolkit.org/developerdocs#ip2coordinates

Examples

```
ip2coordinates("134.184.34.17, 48.82.68.161")
```

`street2coordinates` *Converts a street address into useful geographic information.*

Description

This function returns a host of geographic information related to a given street address.

Usage

```
street2coordinates(address)
```

Arguments

`address`	A text string giving a street address.

Value

A data frame containing:

`full.address`	The complete address that was analyzed.
`country_name`	The country of the address.
`longitude`	The longitude associate with the address.
`fips_county`	The fips county of the address. WTF?
`region`	The region of the address (state in US).
`locality`	The locality (city in US) of the address.
`confidence`	The degree of confidence associated with retrieving the address' information. Presumable near one is good.
`street_address`	Exactly as it sounds.
`country_code`	Country code of the address.
`street number`	The street number of the address.
`country_code3`	For those times when 2 just ain't enough!
`country_code`	Country code of the address.
`latitude`	The latitude of the address.
`street_name`	Why are you still reading this? It's a street name!

Author(s)

Ryan Elmore

References

http://www.datasciencetoolkit.org/developerdocs#street2coordinates

Examples

```
street2coordinates("2543 Graystone Place, Simi Valley, CA 93065")
```

`text2people` *Finds some good info related to people*

Description

This function will return information such as first and last name, title, etc. for a given person or persons.

Usage

```
text2people(text)
```

Arguments

`text`	A text string containing a person's name or a comma-separated list of names.

Value

A data.frame containing

`gender`	Gender of the person.
`first_name`	The person's first name
`title`	A title associated with this person.
`surnames`	The person's last name
`start_index`	The beginning of the matched string in the original string.
`end_index`	The end of the matched string in the original string.
`matched_string`	The matched string used to look up this information.

Author(s)

Ryan Elmore

References

http://www.datasciencetoolkit.org/developerdocs#text2people

Examples

```
text2people("Tim O'Reilly, Archbishop Huxley")
```

text2sentences *Identifies sentences in a text string.*

Description

This function returns the legitimate sentences (if they exist) from a text string.

Usage

```
text2sentences(text)
```

Arguments

text	A string (hopefully) containing sentences.

Value

A list containing

sentences	A string identifying the sentences in the text.

Author(s)

Ryan Elmore

References

http://www.datasciencetoolkit.org/developerdocs#text2sentences

Examples

```
sentences <- "But this does, it contains enough words. So does this one, it appears corre
text2sentences(sentences)
```

text2times *Parses a text string for time information.*

Description

This function take a text string and returns any time-specific information that it finds.

Usage

```
text2times(text)
```

Arguments

text	A text string containing possible time information.

Value

A data.frame containing

`duration`	Length of time in seconds of the recognized event.
`start_index`	The beginning of the matched string in the original string.
`is_relative`	Logical value for matched string.
`end_index`	The end of the matched string in the original string.
`time_seconds`	The unix timestamp of the event (time since epoch).
`matched_string`	The string that was used in the processing of the request.
`time_string`	The time string of the recognized time event.

Author(s)

Ryan Elmore

References

text2times

Examples

```
text <- "02/01/2010, Meeting this Wednesday"
text2times(text)
```

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