Contracts

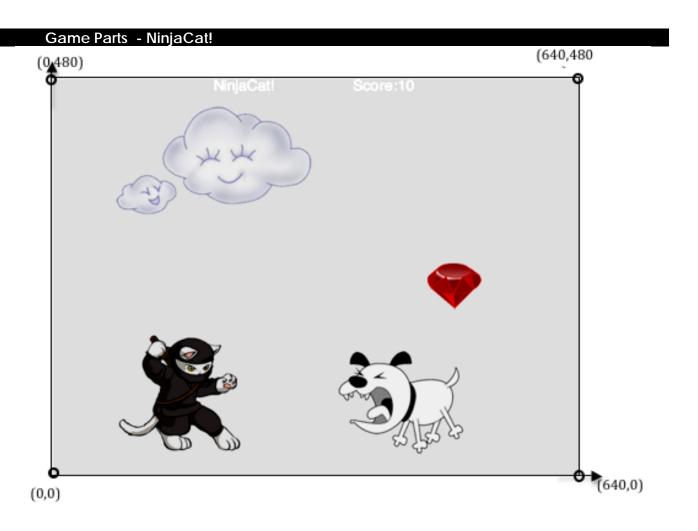
Name	Domain	Range	example
••	•	↑	
•	•	↑	
;	•	↑	
••	:	↑	
••	•	↑	
•	•	↑	
••	•	↑	
•	:	↑	
••	•	^	
••		↑	
••	:	↑	
••	:	↑	
.,		↑	
••		↑	
••		↑	
••	:	↑	
••		↑	

Contracts

Name	Domain	Range	example
••	:	→	
••	:	+	
••	:	→	
•	:	→	
••	:	→	
••	:	→	
•	:	→	
•6	•	→	
•	:	↑	
•	:	→	
•	:	→	
•6	•	→	
••	:	↑	
••		↑	

Reverse-Engineering: How does NinjaCat work?

Thing in the game	What changes about it?	More specifically
cat	Position	x, y
ruby	position	×
clouds	position	×
dog	position	×
score	value	
background	nothing	



The background is a picture of: **Sunset**

The coordinates for the PLAYER (NinjaCat) are: (150 , 50) x-coordinate y-coordinate

The coordinates for the DANGER (Dog) are: (450, 50)

The coordinates for the TARGET (Ruby) are: (550, 250)

Our Videogame

Created by (write your names):Jessica and James
Background
Our game takes place:The Zoo(In space? The desert? A mall?)
The Player
The player is aLion
The player moves only up and down.
The Target Your player GAINS points when they hit the target.
The Target is aEscaped Gazelle
The Target moves only to the left and right.
The Danger Your player LOSES points when they hit the danger.
roar player 20029 points when they fill the danger.
The Danger is aZookeeper
The Danger moves only to the left and right.

Circle of Evaluation Practice!

Time: 5 minutes

Don't forget to use the computer's symbols for things like multiply and divide!

Math	Circle of Evaluation	Racket Code
5 x 10		
8 + (5 x 10)		
(8 + 2) - (5 x 10)		
<u>5 x 10</u> 8 - 2		

. Lesson 2

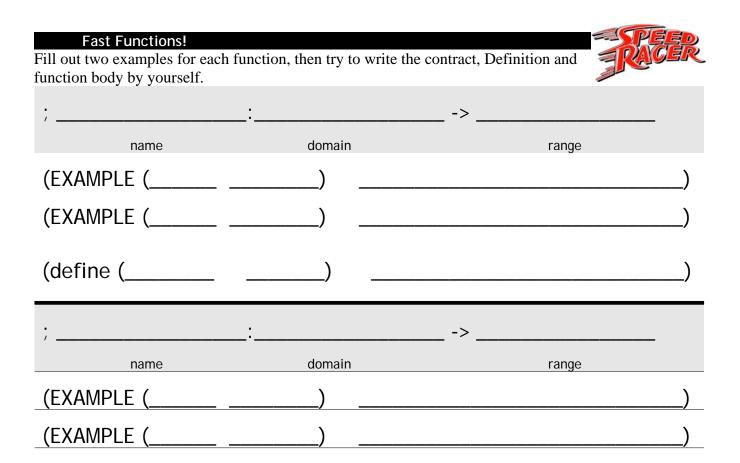
(draw Circles of Evaluation here if you need extra scratch paper)

	Circles Co	mpetition	Time: 5 minutes
	Math	Circle of Evaluation	Racket Code
Round 1	(1 + 2) - (3 * 7)	1 2 3 7	(- (+ 1 2) (* 3 7))
Round 2	3 - (1 + 2)	3 + 1 2	(- 3 (+ 1 2))
Round 3	3 - (1 + (5 * 6))	3 1 5 6	(-3 (+1 (* 56)))
Round 4	(1 + (5 * 6)) - 3	- 1 * 5 6 3	(- (+ 1 (* 5 6)) 3)



Fast Functions!

```
; _gt____:__number____ -> __image____
 name domain
(EXAMPLE (gt 500) (triangle 500 "solid" "green"))
(EXAMPLE (gt 7) (triangle 7 "solid" "green")
(define (gt size) (triangle size "solid" "green"))
; __bc____:__number_____ -> __image_____
 name domain range
(EXAMPLE (bc 25) (circle 25 "solid" "blue"))
(EXAMPLE (bc 43) (circle 43 "solid" "blue"))
(define (bc size) (circle size "solid" "blue"))
; double : number -> number
  name domain
                         range
(EXAMPLE (double 13) (* 2 13))
(EXAMPLE (double 3) (* 2 3))
(define (double num) (* 2 num))
name domain range
               _____)
(EXAMPLE (_____
(EXAMPLE (_____) ____)
(define (_____)
```



(define ())
·	:	->	
(EXAMPLE ())
(EXAMPLE ())
(define ())

DESIGN RECIPE

Word Problem: rocket-height
A rocket blasts off, traveling at 7 meters per second. Write a function called "rocket-height" that takes in the number of seconds that have passed since the rocket took off, and which produces the height of the rocket at that time.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
; _rocket-height_:number> _number name
; Takes the number of seconds passed since take-off, and produce current height What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (rocket-height O) the user types
(* 7 0))
(EXAMPLE (rocket-height 4) the user types
(* 7 4))
. Function Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (rocket-heighttime) function name variable names (* 7 time))

Word Problem: red-square
Use the Design Recipe to write a function red-square, which takes in a number (the size of the square) and outputs a solid red rectangle whose length and width are the same size.

. Contract+Purpose Statement				
Every contract has three parts:				
;_red-square:	: number	-> imaa	e	
Name	Domain	9	Range	
. Norman and induced according	a£ 41a ai=a ai			
;Draws a solid red square What	of the size give does the function do?	en		
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of you	our function in actior	າ, using EXAMPL	E	
`		-		
(EXAMPLE (red-square 5				
the user says.				
(nestande 5 5 "golid" "ned	" \\			
(rectangle 5 5 "solid" "red	Racket replies			
	<u> </u>			
(EXAMPLE (<u>red-square 6</u>)	
the user says.				
(rectangle 6 6 "solid" "red'	• •			
	Racket turns that i	into		
. Definition	-1	land to the same		
Write the Definition, giving variab	oie names to aii your	input values.		
(define (_ red-square _	size_)		
function name	variable r	names		
	n to to n 1000			
(rectanale size size)	"solid" "red"))			

Word Problem: yard-area
Use the Design Recipe to write a function yard-area, which takes in the width and length of a yard, and returns the area of the yard.

(Don't forget: area = length * width !)

. Contract+Purpose Statem	ont	
Every contract has three parts:	ICIT	
;yard-area:!	number number	number Range
	d width of a yard and What does the function do?	nd gives back its area
. Give Examples On the computer, write an examp	ble of your function in action, us	ing EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (yard-ared_ Use t	\mathfrak{a} $\mathfrak{5}$ $\mathfrak{3}$ the function here)
_(* 5 3))	find another way to get the same re	esult here
	2a 8 2the function here	
(6 2)	find another way to get the same re	
. Definition Write the Definition, giving	g variable names to all your inpu	ut values.
(define (_yard-area_ function name	length variable name	width)
(* length wi	dth))	

Word Problem: update-danger
Use the Design Recipe to write a function update-danger, which takes in the danger's xcoordinate and produces the next x-coordinate, which is 50 pixels to the left.

. Contract+Purpose Statement
Every contract has three parts:
;update-danger : _number>number
name Domain Range
;Takes in danger's current x-coordinate and adds 50 to it What does the function do?
. Give Examples
On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (update-danger 500) Use the function here
(E00 E0))
(- 500 50)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (update-danger 140) Use the function here
(- 140 50))find another way to get the same result here
. Definition
Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (_update-dangerdangerX) function name variable names
(- dangerX 50))

Design Recipe
Word Problem: update-target

Write a function $\underline{update-target}$, which takes in the target's x-coordinate and produces the next x-coordinate, which is 50 pixels to the right.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;update-target_ :number>number name Domain Range
; _Takes in the target's current x-coordinate and adds 50 to it_ What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (update-target 60) Use the function here
(+ 60 50))find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (update-target 125) Use the function here
(+ 125 50))find another way to get the same result here
. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (_update-targettargetX) function name variable names
(+ targetX 50))

Protecting Sam

Sam is in a 640 x 480 yard. How far he can go to the left and right before he's out of sight?

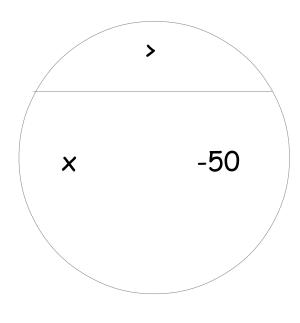
1. A piece of Sam is still visible on the left as long as...

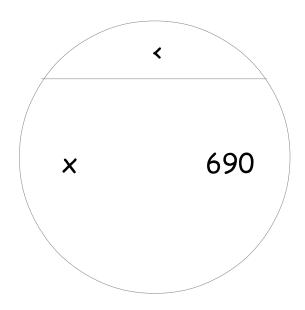
(> x -50)

2. A piece of Sam is still visible on the right as long as...

(< x 690)

3. Draw the Circle of Evaluation for these two expressions in the circles below:





Word Problem: safe-left?

Use the Design Recipe to write a function safe-left?, which takes an x-coordinate and checks to see if it is greater than -50.

. Contract+Purpose Statement
Every contract has three parts:
;safe-left? :number>boolean_
name Domain Range
; _Takes in the x-coordinate and checks if it's greater than -50_
What does the function do?
. Give Examples
On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (safe-left? 20)
Use the function here
(> 20 -50))
find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (safe-left? -200)
Use the function here
(> -200 -50))
find another way to get the same result here
. Definition
Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(dofing (dof- lof+)
(define (safe-left? x)
function name variable names
(50))
(> × -50))

Word Problem: safe-right?

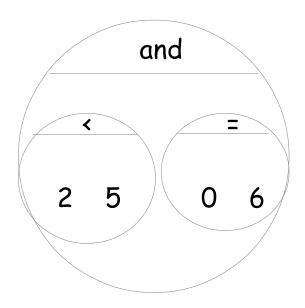
Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>safe-right?</u>, which takes an x-coordinate and checks to see if it is less than 690.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;safe-right?:number>boolean name Domain Range
;takes in the x-coordinate and checks if it is less than 690 What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (safe-right? 350) Use the function here
(< 350 690)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (safe-right? 900) Use the function here
(< 900 690)) find another way to get the same result here
. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (safe-right?x) function name variable names (< x 690))
and the computer does this

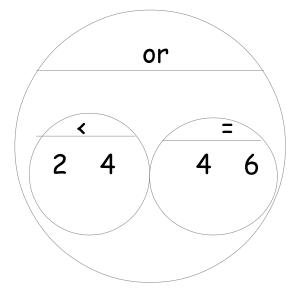
and / or

Write the Circles of Evaluation for these statements, and then convert them to Racket

1. Two is less than five, <u>and</u> zero is equal to six.



2. Two is less than four <u>or</u> four is equal to six.



Word Problem: onscreen?

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>onscreen?</u>, which takes in an x-coordinate and checks to see if Sam is safe on the left <u>and</u> safe on the right.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;onscreen?:number>boolean name
; _Takes in the x-coordinate and checks if target is protected on the /left and the right_ What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (onscreen? 900) Use the function here
(and (safe-left? 900) (safe-right? 900))) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (onscreen? 355) Use the function here
(and (safe-left? 355) (safe-right? 355))) find another way to get the same result here
. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (onscreen?x) function name variable names
(and (safe-left? x) (safe-right? x)))

Word Problem: cost

Luigi's Pizza has hired you as a programmer. They offer "pepperoni" (\$10.50), "cheese" (\$9.00), "chicken" (\$11.25) and "broccoli" (\$10.25). Write a function called cost which takes in the name of a topping and outputs the cost of a pizza with that topping.

Every contract has three parts:				
;cost :string name Domain	>number Range			
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function	a for each tenning Lucing EVAMDLE			
(EXAMPLE (cost "pepperoni"				
(EXAMPLE (cost "cheese") Use the function here	9.00) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (cost "chicken")	11.25) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (cost "broccoli")				
. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names t	o all your input values			
(define (costtopp function name (cond				
[(string=? "pepperoni" topping)	10.50]			
[(string=? "cheese" topping)	9.00]			
[(string=? "chicken" topping)	11.25]			
[(string=? "broccoli" topping)	10.25]			
[else	10000000]))			

Word Problem: update-player

Write a function called <u>update-player</u>, which takes in the player's y-coordinate and the name of the key pressed, and returns the new y-coordinate.

Every contract has three parts:	
;update-player:number strir	ng>number main Range
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function	for <u>each key</u> , using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (_update-player 40 "up" Use the function here	_)(+ 40 20))_ What should the function produce?
(EXAMPLE (update-player 400 "down"_ Use the function here	_)(- 400 20))_ What should the function produce?
 Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to 	all your input values.
(define (_update-playerpl	ayerY key_) variable names
(cond	
[(string=? "up" key)	(+ playerY 20)]
[(string=? "down" key)	(- playerY 20)]
[else	playerY]))

Word Problem: line-length

Write a function called line-length, which takes in two numbers and returns the difference between them. It should always subtract the smaller number from the bigger one.

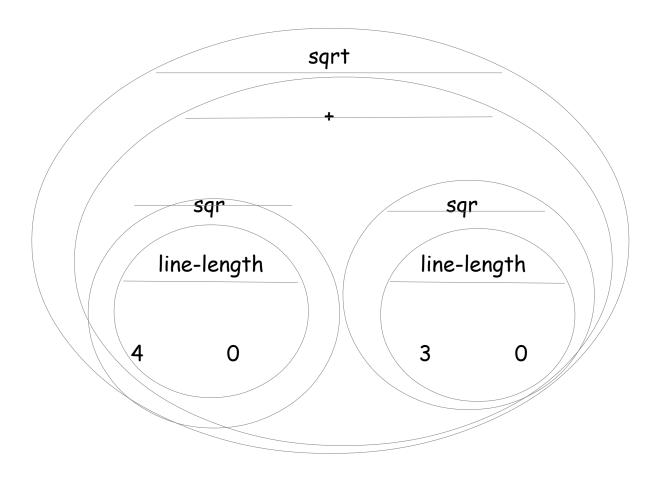
	ract+Purpose Statement ct has three parts:	ent						
;line-le name	ength:n	umber nur		main	>	numbe	Pr Range	
. Give	Examples							
(EXAMPLE	(line-length Use the function	10 n here	5)	<u>(-</u> What s	10 nould the fu	5) unction produce?)
(EXAMPLE	(line-length Use the function		8)	<u>(</u> - What s	8 nould the fu	2) unction produce?)
. Defin Write	ition the Definition, giving	variable ı	names to	all your in	ıput valı	ues that c	hange.	
	(_line-length_ function name nd		a	bvariable nar		_)		
[(> a b)			(- a b)]			
[e	lse			(- b a)]))			_
								_

The Distance Formula, with Numbers

The distance between the points (0, 0) and (4, 3) is given by:

$$\sqrt{(line - length \ 4 \ 0)^2 + (line - length \ 3 \ 0)^2}$$

Convert the formula above into a Circle of Evaluation (We've already gotten you started!)



Convert the Circle of Evaluation into Racket code:

Word Problem: distance

Write a function distance , which takes FOUR inputs: px: The x-coordinate of the player cx: The x-coordinate of another game character cy: The y-coordinate of another game character	
It should return the distance between the two, using the Distance formu	la:
$\Box \text{Distance} = \qquad ((\text{line-length px cx})^2 + (\text{line-length py cy})^2 $) ²)
. Contract+Purpose Statement	
;distance :number number number number> _ name Domain	_ number Range
;Takes in player x and player y, character x and character y, and gives distant the control of the character in player x and player y, character x and character y, and gives distant the character x and character y, and gives distant the character x and character y, and gives distant the character x and character y, and gives distant the character x and character y, and gives distant the character x and character y, and gives distant the character x and character y, and gives distant the character x and character y, and gives distant the character x and character y, and gives distant the character y and gives	ance between them_
. Give Examples	
(EXAMPLE (distance 100 200 300 400)
(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length 100 300)) (sq (line-length 200 4	ł <u>00))))</u>
(EXAMPLE (distance 300 200 400 500) Use the function here	
(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length 300 400)) (sq (line-length 200 ! find another way to get the same result here	500))))_
. Definition	
(define (distance)
<u>(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length px cx)</u> (sq (line-length py cy))))	

DESIGN RECIPE

Word Problem: collide

Write a function collide, which takes FOUR inputs:

 px: The x-coordinate of the player py: The y-coordinate of the player cx: The x-coordinate of another game character cy: The y-coordinate of another game character It should return true if the coordinates of the player are within 75 pixels of the coordinates of the other character. Otherwise, false.
. Contract+Purpose Statement
;collide? :number number number number> _true name Domain Range
, _Takes player-x, player-y, character-x, character-y and returns true if characters are colliding What does the function do?
. Give Examples
(EXAMPLE (collide? 100 200 300 400) Use the function here
(< (distance 100 200 300 400) 75)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (collide? 300 500 200 400) Use the function here
(< (distance 300 500 200 400) 75)) find another way to get the same result here
. Definition
(define (_collide?px py cx cy) function name variable names (< (distance px py cx cy) 75))

Catchy Intro: Feel like you never get enough to eat? So does Leo. Come catch your prey,
and escape the zookeeper!
Name, Age, Grade: Jessica Programmer , 12 , 7 th grade
Game Title: Run for your Supper
Back Story: One day, a young lion was sitting in his cage. He saw an escaped gazelle come
running past. It was lunch time, and he was hungry, so he leapt out to catch food. He has
to run fast to grab food and escape the evil zookeeper.
Characters: Player: Leo the lion.
Danger: Zoe Zookeeper.
Target: Gary Gazelle
Explain a piece of your code: My update-danger function takes in the current x coordinate of the gazelle, and adds 50 to it. This moves the gazelle 50 pixels to the right.

	_

Presentation Feedback

For each question, circle the answer that fits best.

Definitely! A little. Was the introduction catchy? No way! Did they talk about their characters? No way! A little. Definitely! Did they explain the code well? No way! Definitely! A little. No way! A little. Did they speak slowly enough? Definitely! Did they speak loudly enough? No way! Definitely! A little. Were they standing confidently? No way! A little. Definitely! Did they make eye contact? No way! A little. Definitely!

Presentation Feedback For each question, circle the answer that fits best.						
Was the introduction catchy?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!			
Did they talk about their characters?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!			
Did they explain the code well?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!			
Did they speak slowly enough?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!			
Did they speak loudly enough?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!			
Were they standing confidently?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!			
Did they make eye contact?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!			

Word Problem: red-shape

Write a function called <u>red-shape</u>, which takes in the name of a shape ("circle", "triangle", "star" or "rectangle"), and draws that shape. All shapes should be solid and red, and can be whatever size you choose

Every contract + Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:				
;red-shape:string name Do	>image main Range			
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function has already been done for you.	for <u>each shape</u> , using EXAMPLE. The first one			
(EXAMPLE (red-shape "circle" Use the function here) (circle 50 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (<u>red-shape "triangle"</u>) Use the function here	(triangle 50 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (_red-shape "star") Use the function here	(star 50 "solid" "red)) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (_red-shape "rectangle") Use the function here	(rectangle 50 90 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?			
. Definition				
Write the Definition, giving variable names to (define (_red-shapesha function name (cond	•			
(string=? "circle" shape)	(circle 50 "solid" "red")			
(string=? "triangle" shape)	(triangle 50 "solid" "red")			
(string=? "star" shape)	(star 50 "solid" "red")			
(string=? "square" shape)	(rectangle 50 50 "solid" "red")			
else	(circle 50 "solid" "red")			

Translating into Algebra

Values : Translate the Ra	acket Code into Algebra
Racket Code	Algebra
(define x 10)	x = 10
(define y (* x 2))	y = x*2
(define z (+ x y))	z = x + y
(define age 14)	age = 14
(define months (* age 12))	months = age * 12
(define days (* months 30))	days = months * 30
(define hours (* days 24))	hours = days * 24
(define minutes (* hours 60))	minutes = hours * 60
Functions: Translate the R	Racket Code into Algebra
<pre>(define (double x) (* x 2))</pre>	double(x) = x*2
(define (area length width) (* length width))	area(length, width) = length * width
(define (circle-area radius) (* pi (sq radius)))	circle-area(radius) = pi * radius²
(define (distance x1 y1 x2 y2) (sqrt (+ (sq (- x1 x2))	distance(x1, y1, x2, y2) = $\sqrt{(x1-x2)^2+(y1-y2)^2}$

Word Problem

A rocket is flying from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the <u>distance</u> D that the rocket has traveled, as a function of <u>time</u> t

. Contract+P Every contract ha						
; <u>D</u>		seconds	Domain	>_	miles Range	
. Give Exam Write an example o		function for some sa	ample inputs			
D(1)	=	80 * 1				
Use the function here		What should	the function produce?			
D(2)=		80 * 2				
Use the function here		What should	the function produce?			
D(3)	=	80 * 3				
Use the function here		What should	the function produce?			
<u>D(10)</u>	=	80 * 10				
Use the function here		What should	the function produce?			

Definition

Write the formula, giving variable names to all your input values.

$$D(t) = 80 * t$$

Word Problem

A rocket is traveling from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the *time* the rocket has been traveling, as a function of *distance*.

;time		:	miles_		> _seconds
name				Domain	Range
Give Exar		6 11	<u> </u>		
Write an example	e of your	function	for <u>some sar</u>	mple inputs	
time(1)	=	1/80)		
Jse the function her	е		_	the function produc	e?
time(O)		0/80	\		
time(0) Jse the function her	<u>=</u> e			the function produc	e?
		0 /00			
time(3)	=	<u>3/80</u>			
Jse the function her	e		What should	the function produc	e?
time(10)	=	10/8	80		
Jse the function her	e			the function produc	e?
D 61 111				•	
Definition				es to all your inp	

Word Problem

A rocket leaves Earth, headed for Mars at 80 miles per second. **At the exact same time**, an asteroid leaves Mars traveling towards Earth, moving at 70 miles per second. If the distance from the Earth to Mars is 50,000,000 miles, how long will it take for them to meet?

. Contract+Pu	ırpose (Statement			
Every contract has t	three pa	arts:			
; _collide		_ :distar	nce	> _time	
name			Domain	Range	
. Give Examp					
Write an example o	f your f	unction for some	<u>e sample inputs</u>		
collide(0)	=	0 /150			
Use the function here		What sh	nould the function produce?		
collide(300)	=	300/150			
Use the function here		What sh	nould the function produce?		
collide(5000)	=	5000/150			
Use the function here		What sh	nould the function produce?		
<u>collide(100000</u>)) =	100000/1	50		
Use the function here		What sh	nould the function produce?		
. Definition	mas da			aluaa	
write the Fo	rmuia,	giving variable i	names to all your input va	ilues.	
collide(d)		= d/150	l		