Contracts

Name	Domain	Range	example
••	•	^	
••	•		
••	•		
••	•	↑	
••		↑	
••	•	↑	
••	•	↑	
••	:	↑	
••		^	
••		↑	
••	•		
••	:	↑	
••		^	
••	•	↑	
••	•	↑	
••		↑	
••	••	↑	

Contracts

example																	
Range	1	1	1	1	^	↑	1	^	1	↑	↑	↑	^	↑	^	1	↑
Domain			<u></u>	•	•	•	<u></u>	:	•	•	:	:	•	•	:	•	<u>.</u>
Name		••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	:	••

Reverse-Engineering: How does NinjaCat work?

Thing in the game	What changes about it?	More specifically
cat	Position	x, y
ruby	position	×
clouds	position	×
dog	position	×
score	value	
background	nothing	



The background is a picture of: Sunset

The coordinates for the PLAYER (NinjaCat) are: (150 , 50)

x-coordinate y-coordinate

The coordinates for the DANGER (Dog) are: (450, 50)

The coordinates for the TARGET (Ruby) are: (550, 250)

Our Videogame

Created by (write your names): _	Jessica and James
Background	
Our game takes place:	The Zoo (In space? The desert? A mall?)
The Player	
The player is a Lion	·
The player moves only up and	d down.
The Target Your player GAINS points	when they hit the target.
The Target is a Escaped of	gazelle
The Target moves only to the	e left and right.
The Danger Your player LOSES points	when they hit the danger.
The Danger is a Zookeep	<u>er</u> .
The Danger moves only to the lef	ft and right.

Circle of Evaluation Practice! Time: 5 minutes

Don't forget to use the computer's symbols for things like multiply and divide!

Math	Circle of Evaluation	Racket Code
5 x 10	5 10	(* 5 10)
8 + (5 x 10)	* 5 10	(+ 8 (* 5 10))
(8 + 2) - (5 x 10)	* * 5 10	(- (+ 8 2) (* 5 10))
<u>5 x 10</u> 8 - 2	5 10 8 2	(/ (* 5 10) (- 8 2))

(draw Circles of Evaluation here if you need extra scratch paper)

	Circles Co		Time: 5 minutes
	Math	Circle of Evaluation	Racket Code
Round 1	(1 + 2) - (3 * 7)	+ * 3 7	(- (+ 1 2) (* 3 7))
Round 2	3 - (1 + 2)	3 + 1 2	(- 3 (+ 1 2))
Round 3	3 - (1 + (5 * 6))	3 + * 5 6	(- 3 (+ 1 (* 5 6)))
Round 4	(1 + (5 * 6)) - 3	- 1 * 5 6 3	(- (+ 1 (* 5 6)) 3)

Fast Functions!

;gt		:numb	er image
name		domain	range
(EXAMPLE ((<u>g</u> †	500)	(triangle 500 "solid" "green")
(EXAMPLE ((<u>g</u> t)	(triangle 7 "solid" "green")
(define	(<u>g</u> t	size)	(triangle size "solid" "green")
;bc		numb	per>image
name		domain	range
(EXAMPLE	(bc	_19)	(circle 19 "solid" "blue")
(EXAMPLE	(bc	_43)	(circle 43 "solid" "blue")
(define	(bc	size)	(circle size "solid" "blue")
;doubl	e	numb	per> _ number
,	e	•	 ·
; doubl	e (_double	domain 3	range (* 2 3)
name		domain	range
name (EXAMPLE	(_double	domain 3)	range (* 2 3)
name (EXAMPLE (EXAMPLE	(_double	domain 3) 9)	range (* 2 3) (* 2 9) (* 2 num)
name (EXAMPLE (EXAMPLE (define	(double (double (double	domain 3) 9) num)	range (* 2 3) (* 2 9) (* 2 num) ->
name (EXAMPLE (EXAMPLE (define ;	(double (double (double	domain 3) 9)	range (* 2 3) (* 2 9) (* 2 num)
name (EXAMPLE (EXAMPLE (define	(double (double (double	domain 3) 9) num)	range (* 2 3) (* 2 9) (* 2 num) ->
name (EXAMPLE (EXAMPLE (define ;	(double (double (double	domain 3) 9) num)	range (* 2 3) (* 2 9) (* 2 num) ->

Fast Functions!

,	:	>	
name	domain	range	
(EXAMPLE ())
(EXAMPLE ())
(define ())
		->	
name	domain	range	
(EXAMPLE ())
(EXAMPLE ())
(define ())
1	:	->	
name	domain	>range	
;	:domain)
	:odomain))
(EXAMPLE (:))
(EXAMPLE (domain))))))
(EXAMPLE (domain domain domain domain	range))
(EXAMPLE ((EXAMPLE ((define (;)	range ->))
(EXAMPLE ((EXAMPLE ((define (;)	range ->)))

Word Problem: rocket-height
A rocket blasts off, traveling at 7 meters per second. Write a function called "rocket-height" that takes in the number of seconds that have passed since the rocket took off, and which produces the height of the rocket at that time.

I. Contract+Purpose Statement
Every contract has three parts:
;_rocket-height_:_number>_number Domain Range
; Takes the number of seconds passed since take-off, and produce current height What does the function do?
On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (rocket-height O) the user types
(* 7 0))
which should become
(EXAMPLE (rocket-height 4) the user types
(* 7 4))
III. Function Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (rocket-heighttime) function name variable names (* 7 time))

Word Problem: red-square

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>red-square</u>, which takes in a number (the size of the square) and outputs a solid red rectangle whose length and width are the same size.

Every contract has three parts:	nt		
; _red-square	:number Domain	> _image_	Range
;Draws a solid red squ	are of the size given What does the function do?	/en	
II. Give ExamplesOn the computer, write an example	of your function in action	n, using EXAMPLE	
(EXAMPLE (red-square the use	5) er says		
(rectangle 5 5 "solid" "	red")) Racket replies		
(EXAMPLE (_red-square 6 the use	ó er says)
(rectangle 6 6 "solid" "	red")) Racket turns that	into	
Write the Definition, giving w	variable names to all your	input values.	
(define (_red-square	SiZe_ variable	names	
(rectanale size s	ize "solid" "red"))		

Word Problem: yard-area

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>yard-area</u>, which takes in the width and length of a yard, and returns the area of the yard.

(Don't forget: area = length * width !)

I. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:	
;yard-area:number number>numb	er
; Takes in length and width of a yard and gives back its What does the function do?	area
II. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.	
(EXAMPLE (yard-area 5 3) Use the function here)
(* 5 3))find another way to get the same result here	
(EXAMPLE (yard-area	
find another way to get the same result here	
III. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.	
(define (_yard-area length width) function name variable names	
(* lenath width))	

Word Problem: update-danger Use the Design Recipe to write a function $\underline{update-danger}$, which takes in the danger's xcoordinate and produces the next x-coordinate, which is 50 pixels to the left.

I. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;update-danger:_number>number name Domain Range
;Takes in danger's current x-coordinate and adds 50 to it What does the function do?
II. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (update-danger 500) Use the function here
(- 500 50)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (_update-danger 140) Use the function here
(- 140 50)) find another way to get the same result here
III. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (_update-dangerdangerX) function namevariable names
(- dangerX 50))

Design Recipe Word Problem: update-target

Write a function $\underline{update-target}$, which takes in the target's x-coordinate and produces the next x-coordinate, which is 50 pixels to the right.

I. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;update-target_:number>number name Domain Range
; _Takes in the target's current x-coordinate and adds 50 to it_ What does the function do?
II. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (update-target 60) Use the function here
(+ 60 50)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (update-target 125) Use the function here
(+ 125 50)) find another way to get the same result here
III. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (_update-targettargetX) function name variable names
(+ taraetX 50))

Protecting Sam

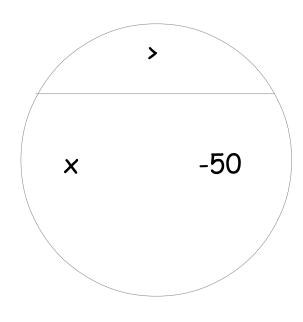
Sam is in a 640 x 480 yard. How far he can go to the left and right before he's out of sight?

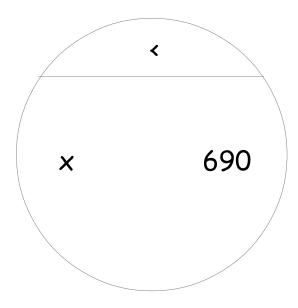
1. A piece of Sam is still visible on the left as long as...

$$(> x -50)$$

2. A piece of Sam is still visible on the right as long as...

3. Draw the Circle of Evaluation for these two expressions in the circles below:





Word Problem: safe-left?

Use the Design Recipe to write a function safe-left?, which takes an x-coordinate and checks to see if it is greater than -50.

I. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;safe-left?:number>boolean_ name
; _Takes in the x-coordinate and checks if it's greater than -50_ What does the function do?
II. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (safe-left? 20) Use the function here
(> 20 -50)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (safe-left? -200) Use the function here
(> -200 -50)) find another way to get the same result here
III. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (safe-left?x) function name variable names
(> × -50))

Word Problem: safe-right?

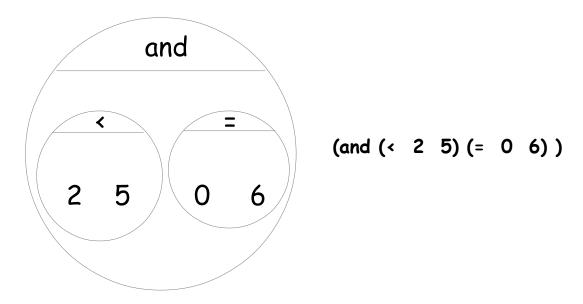
Use the Design Recipe to write a function $\underline{safe-right?}$, which takes an x-coordinate and checks to see if it is less than 690.

I. Contract+Purpose Statement
Every contract has three parts:
;safe-right?:number>boolean name Domain Range
;takes in the x-coordinate and checks if it is less than 690 What does the function do?
II. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (safe-right? 350) Use the function here
(< 350 690)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (safe-right? 900) Use the function here
(< 900 690)) find another way to get the same result here
III. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (safe-right? x) function name variable names (< x 690))
and the computer does this

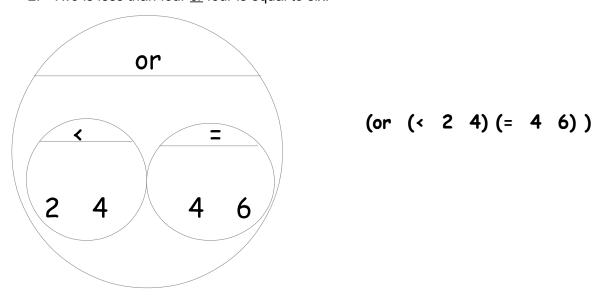
and / or

Write the Circles of Evaluation for these statements, and then convert them to Racket

1. Two is less than five, <u>and</u> zero is equal to six.



2. Two is less than four *or* four is equal to six.



Word Problem: onscreen?

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>onscreen?</u>, which takes in an x-coordinate and checks to see if Sam is safe on the left <u>and</u> safe on the right.

I. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;onscreen?:number>boolean name Domain Range
; _Takes in the x-coordinate and checks if target is protected on the /left and the right_ What does the function do?
II. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (onscreen? 900) Use the function here
(and (safe-left? 900) (safe-right? 900))) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (onscreen? 355) Use the function here
(and (safe-left? 355) (safe-right? 355))) find another way to get the same result here
III. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (onscreen?x) function name variable names
(and (safe-left? x) (safe-right? x)))

Word Problem: cost

Luigi's Pizza has hired you as a programmer. They offer "pepperoni" (\$10.50), "cheese" (\$9.00), "chicken" (\$11.25) and "broccoli" (\$10.25). Write a function called cost which takes in the name of a topping and outputs the cost of a pizza with that topping.

Contract+P Every contract has	urpose Statement three parts:		
;cost:		->	_number Range
II. Give Exam		ion for sook tornin	a voice EVAMPLE
•	write an example of your funct _cost "pepperoni" Use the function here	10.50	<u> </u>
(EXAMPLE (cost "cheese" Use the function here	-/	at should the function produce?
(EXAMPLE (cost "chicken") Use the function here		at should the function produce?
(EXAMPLE (_cost "broccoli") Use the function here		at should the function produce?
III. Definition			
(define (refinition, giving variable name COSTTOP function name		alues.
(strir	ng=? "pepperoni" toppir	g) 10.50]	
[(strir	ng=? "cheese" topping)	9.00]	
[(strir	ng=? "chicken" topping)	11.25]	
[(strir	ng=? "broccoli" topping	10.25]	
[else		10000000)]))

Word Problem: update-player

Write a function called <u>update-player</u>, which takes in the player's y-coordinate and the name of the key pressed, and returns the new y-coordinate.

>number Range
using EXAMPLE.
hat should the function produce?
0 20))_ hat should the function produce?
values.
values.
y_)
['] 20)]
20)]
) i

Word Problem: line-length

Write a function called line-length, which takes in two numbers and returns the difference between them. It should always subtract the smaller number from the bigger one.

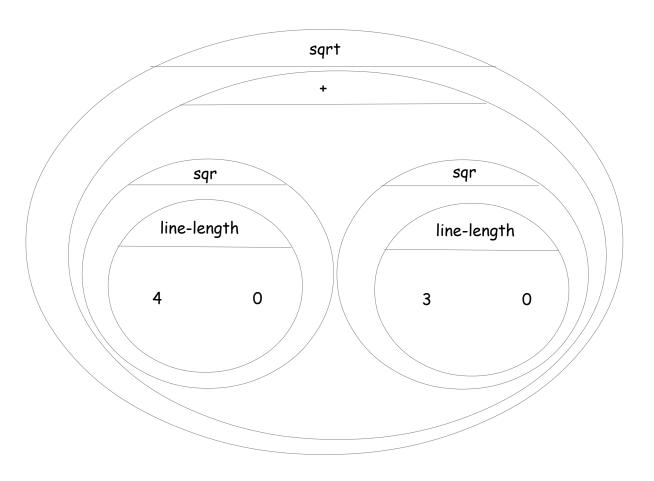
L. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:					
;line-length :number nu		omain	>numbe	r Range	
II. Give Examples					
(EXAMPLE (line-length 10 Use the function here	5)	(- 10 What should the fu	5) nction produce?)
(EXAMPLE (line-length 2 Use the function here	8)	(- 8 What should the fu	2) nction produce?)
III. Definition					
Write the Definition, giving variable	names to	all your in	put values that ch	ange.	
(define (_line-length function name _(cond		b_ variable nam	nes)		
[(> a b)		(- a b)]]		_
[else		(- a b)] (- b a)]	1))		_
					_
					_
					_

The Distance Formula, with Numbers

The distance between the points (0, 0) and (4, 3) is given by:

$$\sqrt{(line - length \ 4 \ 0)^2 + (line - length \ 3 \ 0)^2}$$

Convert the formula above into a Circle of Evaluation (We've already gotten you started!)



Convert the Circle of Evaluation into Racket code:

Word Problem: distance

Write a function distance , which takes FOUR inputs: px: The x-coordinate of the player py: The y-coordinate of the player cx: The x-coordinate of another game character cy: The y-coordinate of another game character
It should return the distance between the two, using the Distance formula:
$\Box ext{ Distance} = ext{ ((line-length px cx)}^2 + (line-length py cy)^2)$
I. Contract+Purpose Statement
;distance:number number number number>number name Domain Range
;Takes in player x and player y, character x and character y, and gives distance between them_ What does the function do?
II. Give Examples
(EXAMPLE (distance 100 200 300 400) Use the function here
(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length 100 300)) (sq (line-length 200 400)))) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (distance 300 200 400 500) Use the function here
(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length 300 400)) (sq (line-length 200 500)))) find another way to get the same result here
III. Definition
(define (distance
<u>(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length px cx)</u> (sq (line-length py cy))))

Word Problem: collide

Write a function collide?,which takes FOUR inputs:
px: The x-coordinate of the player

 py: The y-coordinate of the player cx: The x-coordinate of another game character cy: The y-coordinate of another game character It should return true if the coordinates of the player are within 75 pixels of the coordinates of the other character. Otherwise, false.
I. Contract+Purpose Statement
;collide? :number number number number> _true name Domain Range
; _Takes player-x, player-y, character-x, character-y and returns true if characters are colliding What does the function do?
II. Give Examples
(EXAMPLE (collide? 100 200 300 400) Use the function here
(< (distance 100 200 300 400) 75)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (collide? 300 500 200 400) Use the function here
(< (distance 300 500 200 400) 75)) find another way to get the same result here
III. Definition
(define (_collide?px py cx cy) function name(< (distance px py cx cy) 75))

Presentation Feedback
For each question, circle the answer that fits best.

Was the introduction catchy?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!
Did they talk about their characters?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!
Did they explain the code well?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!
Did they speak slowly enough?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!
Did they speak loudly enough?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!
Were they standing confidently?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!
Did they make eye contact?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!

Presentation Feedback

For each question, circle the answer that fits best.

Definitely! Was the introduction catchy? No way! A little. Did they talk about their characters? No way! Definitely! A little. Did they explain the code well? No way! A little. Definitely! No way! Definitely! Did they speak slowly enough? A little. Did they speak loudly enough? No way! Definitely! A little. Were they standing confidently? No way! Definitely! A little. Definitely! Did they make eye contact? No way! A little.

Word Problem: red-shape

Write a function called <u>red-shape</u>, which takes in the name of a shape ("circle", "triangle", "star" or "rectangle"), and draws that shape. All shapes should be solid and red, and can be whatever size you choose

ıg>image
Domain Range
unction for <u>each shape</u> , using EXAMPLE. The first one ha
") (circle 50 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?
(triangle 50 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?
(star 50 "solid" "red)) What should the function produce?
(rectangle 50 90 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?
ames to all your input values.
_shape)
variable names
(circle 50 "solid" "red")
(triangle 50 "solid" "red")
(star 50 "solid" "red")
(rectangle 50 50 "solid" "red")
(circle 50 "solid" "red")

Translating into Algebra

Values: Translate the	Racket Code into Algebra
Racket Code	Algebra
(define x 10)	x = 10
(define y (* x 2))	y = x*2
(define z (+ x y))	z = x + y
(define age 14)	age = 14
(define months (* age 12))	months = age * 12
(define days (* months 30))	days = months * 30
(define hours (* days 24))	hours = days * 24
(define minutes (* hours 60))	minutes = hours * 60
Functions: Translate the	e Racket Code into Algebra
(define (double x) (* x 2))	double(x) = x*2
(define (area length width) (* length width))	area(length, width) = length * width
<pre>(define (circle-area radius) (* pi (sq radius)))</pre>	circle-area(radius) = pi * radius²
(define (distance x1 y1 x2 y2) (sqrt (+ (sq (- x1 x2)) (sq (- y1 y2))))	distance(x1, y1, x2, y2) = $\sqrt{(xI-x2)^2+(yI-y2)^2}$

A rocket is flying from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the **distance** D that the rocket has traveled, as a function of **time** t.

I. Contract+Purpos	se Statement	
Every contract has three	parts:	
;D:	Number	-> Number
name	Domain	Range
Given the number of	of seconds, how far has a rocket gone if it m	oves at 80mi/sec?
,	Purpose Statement	
U Ohra Francisca		
II. Give Examples	function for some sample inputs	
• •	Turiction for <u>some sample inputs</u>	
D(0) = 0*80		
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	
D(1) = 1*80		
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	·
D(2) = 2*80		
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	
D(3) = 3*80		
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	
III Definition		
III. Definition Write the formula giving	variable names to all your input values.	
vince the formula, giving	variable names to all your input values.	
D(time) = 80 *	time	

A rocket is traveling from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the *time* the rocket has been traveling, as a function of *distance*.

I. Contract+Purpose Si Every contract has three parts			
; : :	Number	>_	Number
name	Domain		Range
; Given the distance, for	how long has a rocket been travel	ling if it mov	ves at 80mi/sec?
	Purpose Statement		
II. Give ExamplesGive I	Examples		
Write an example of your fund	•		
time(0) = 0/80			
Use the function here	What should the function produce	?	
time(10) = 10/80			
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	?	
time(80) = 80/80			
Use the function here	What should the function produce	?	
time(190) = 190/80	r		
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	?	
III. Definition			
	able names to all your input values.		
	,		
time(distance)	= distance/80		

A rocket leaves Earth, headed for Mars at 80 miles per second. **At the exact same time**, an asteroid leaves Mars traveling towards Earth, moving at 70 miles per second. If the distance from the Earth to Mars is 50,000,000 miles, how long will it take for them to meet?

I. Contract+Pur	pose Statement	
Every contract has three	ee parts:	
; collide	: Number	> Number
name	Domain	Range
; Given the distance be	etween a rocket (moving at 80mi/sec) & asteroic Purpose Statement	(70mi/sec), when will they collide?
II. Give Example	sGive Examples	
	our function for <u>some sample inputs</u>	
<u>collide(0)</u> = 0/2	150	
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	
collide(150) =	150/150	
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	
collide(700) = 7	700/150	
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	
collide(50,000,0	000) = 50,000,000/150	
Use the function here	What should the function produce?	
III. Definition		
	ing variable names to all your input values.	
Time the Formala, givi	g randers harries to an your input values.	
collide(distance-	-between) = distance-betwe	zen/150

•		->
name	Domain	Range
	Purpose Statement	
Give Examples an example of your fu	nction for some sample inputs	
=		
he function here	What should the function produce?	
<u>_</u>		
= he function here	What should the function produce?	
he function here		
he function here	What should the function produce? What should the function produce?	
he function here		