# Contracts

Name	Domain		Range	example
+	Number	Number	→ Number	(+ 3 71)
••			<b>↑</b>	
:			<b>↑</b>	
:	:		<b>↑</b>	
•	•		<b>↑</b>	
••			<b>↑</b>	
••			<b>↑</b>	
:	•		<b>↑</b>	
:			<b>↑</b>	
•			<b>↑</b>	
:			<b></b>	
•			<b>↑</b>	
;			<b>^</b>	
;			<b>↑</b>	
;			<b>+</b>	
•			<b>↑</b>	
•			<b>↑</b>	

# **Contracts**

Name	Domain	Range	example
	••	<b>1</b>	
		<b>^</b>	
	:	<b>↑</b>	
	:	<b>^</b>	
	:	<b>^</b>	
	:	<b>↑</b>	
	:	<b>^</b>	
	:	<b>↑</b>	
	:	<b>^</b>	
	:	<b>↑</b>	
	:	<b></b>	
	:	<b>↑</b>	
	:	<b>^</b>	
	:	<b>↑</b>	
	:	<b>↑</b>	
	:	<b>↑</b>	
	•	<b>^</b>	

### Reverse-Engineering: How does NinjaCat work?

Thing in the game	What changes about it?	More specifically
cat	Position	x, y
ruby	position	×
clouds	position	×
dog	position	×
score	value	
background	nothing	



The background is a picture of: **SUNSET** 

The coordinates for the PLAYER (NinjaCat) are: (150, 50)

x-coordinate y-coordinate

The coordinates for the DANGER (Dog) are: (450, 50)

The coordinates for the TARGET (Ruby) are: (550, 250)

### Our Videogame

Created by (write your names):Jessica and James
Background
Our game takes place:The Zoo (In space? The desert? A mall?)
The Player
The player is aLion  The player moves only up and down.
The Target
Your player GAINS points when they hit the target.
The Target is aEscaped Gazelle  The Target moves only to the left and right.
The Danger Your player LOSES points when they hit the danger.
The Danger is aZookeeper  The Danger moves only to the left and right.

### Circle of Evaluation Practice!

Time: 5 minutes

Don't forget to use the computer's symbols for things like multiply and divide!

Math	Circle of Evaluation	Racket Code
5 x 10		
8 + (5 x 10)		
(8 + 2) - (5 x 10)		
<u>5 x 10</u> 8 - 2		

## . Lesson 2

(draw Circles of Evaluation here if you need extra scratch paper)

	Circles Competiti		Time: 5 minutes
	Math	Circle of Evaluation	Racket Code
Round 1	(1 + 2) - (3 * 7)	1 2 3 7	(- (+ 1 2) (* 3 7))
Round 2	3 - (1 + 2)	3 + 1 2	(-3 (+12))
Round 3	3 - (1 + (5 * 6))	3 (1 (5 6)	(- 3 (+ 1 (* 5 6)))
Round 4	(1 + (5 * 6)) - 3	- 1 (5 6) 3	(- (+ 1 (* 5 6) ) 3)


Fill out two examples for each function, then try to write the contract, Definition and function body by yourself.
; _gt:number>image name
(EXAMPLE (gt 500) (triangle 500 "solid" "green")) (EXAMPLE (gt 7) (triangle 7 "solid" "green")
(define (gt size) (triangle size "solid" "green"))
;bc:number>image 
(EXAMPLE (bc 25) (circle 25 "solid" "blue"))
(EXAMPLE (bc 43) (circle 43 "solid" "blue"))
(define (bc size) (circle size "solid" "blue")
;double:number>number
(EXAMPLE (double 13) (* 2 13))
(EXAMPLE (double 3) (* 2 3))
(define (double num) (* 2 num))
;>
(EXAMPLE ())
(EXAMPLE ())
(define ()

Fast Functions!			<u> Speed</u>
Fill out two examples for each function body by yourself.	h function, then try to write	the contract, Definition and	PAGER
;	:	>	
name	domain	range	
(EXAMPLE (	)		)
(EXAMPLE (	)		)
(define (	)		)
;	:	->	
name	domain	range	
(EXAMPLE (	)		)
(EXAMPLE (	)		)
(define (	)		)
;	·	>	
(EXAMPLE (	)		)
(EXAMPLE (	)		)
(define (			)

(EXAMPLE (

(EXAMPLE (

(define (\_

### Word Problem: rocket-height

A rocket blasts off, traveling at 7 meters per second. Write a function called "rocket-height" that takes in the number of seconds that have passed since the rocket took off, and which produces the height of the rocket at that time.

Contract+Purpose Statement very contract has three parts:
_rocket-height_:number>_number name
Takes the number of seconds passed since take-off, and produce current height What does the function do?
Give Examples  n the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
EXAMPLE (rocket-height O) the user types
(* 7 0) )
EXAMPLE (_rocket-height 4) the user types
(* 7 4) )
Function  Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
define (rocket-heighttime)  function name variable names  (* 7 + im = ))
(* 7 time)) and the computer does this

### Word Problem: red-square

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>red-square</u>, which takes in a number (the size of the square) and outputs a solid red rectangle whose length and width are the same size.

. Contract+Purpose Statemen	nt				
Every contract has three parts:					
;_red-square	:	_number	> _	_image_	
Name		Domain		<b>- J</b> -	Range
;Draws a solid red squ		he size giv	ven		
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example	of your fu	nction in action	n. using	FXAMPI F	
(EXAMPLE (red-square the user	5)		.,5		
(rectangle 5 5 "solid" "i		Racket replies			
(EXAMPLE (_red-square 6					)
(rectangle 6 6 "solid" "i		Racket turns that	into		
. Definition  Write the Definition, giving v	/ariable na	mes to all vour	input w	alues.	
		-	·		
(define (_red-square function name		<b>SIZe_</b> variable	names	)	
(rectangle size si					

### Word Problem: yard-area

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>yard-area</u>, which takes in the width and length of a yard, and returns the area of the yard.

(Don't forget: area = length \* width !)

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;yard-area:number number>number
name Domain Range
; Takes in length and width of a yard and gives back its area what does the function do?
. Give Examples
On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (yard-area 5 3) Use the function here
(* 5 3))find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (yard-area 8 2)
Use the function here
(* 8 2))
find another way to get the same result here
Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (_yard-area)
function name variable names
( * langth width) )
( * length width) )

### Word Problem: update-danger

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>update-danger</u>, which takes in the danger's x-coordinate and produces the next x-coordinate, which is 50 pixels to the left.

. Contract+Purpose Statement
Every contract has three parts:
;update-danger:_number>number name Domain Range
;Takes in danger's current x-coordinate and adds 50 to it What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (update-danger 500) Use the function here
(- 500 50)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (_update-danger 140) Use the function here
(- 140 50)) find another way to get the same result here
. Definition  Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (_update-danger
(- dangerX 50))

Design Recipe
Word Problem: update-target

Write a function  $\underline{update-target}$ , which takes in the target's x-coordinate and produces the next x-coordinate, which is 50 pixels to the right.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:	
;update-target_:number>number name Domain Range	
; _Takes in the target's current x-coordinate and adds 50 t  What does the function do?	o it
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.	
(EXAMPLE (update-target 60)  Use the function here	
(+ 60 50)) find another way to get the same result here	
(EXAMPLE (update-target 125)  Use the function here	
(+ 125 50))find another way to get the same result here	
Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.	
(define (_update-targettargetX)  function name variable names	
(+ targetX 50))	

### **Protecting Sam**

Sam is in a 640 x 480 yard. How far he can go to the left and right before he's out of sight?

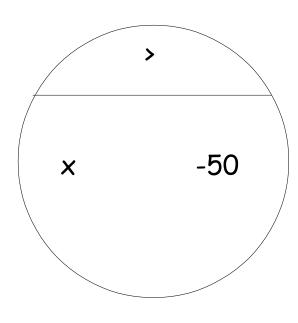
1. A piece of Sam is still visible on the left as long as...

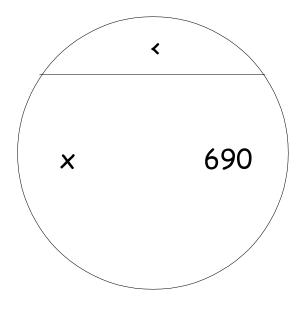
(> x -50)

2. A piece of Sam is still visible on the right as long as...

\_(< x 690)\_

3. Draw the Circle of Evaluation for these two expressions in the circles below:





Word Problem: safe-left?

Use the Design Recipe to write a function safe-left?, which takes in the target's x-coordinate and checks to see if it is greater than -50.

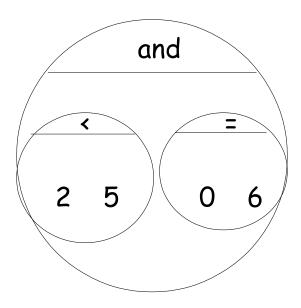
. Contract+Purpose Statement
Every contract has three parts:
· cafa_laft? · number -> boolean
;safe-left?:number>boolean_ name
name Domain Range
; _Takes in the x-coordinate and checks if it's greater than -50_
What does the function do?
. Give Examples
On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (safe-left? 20)
Use the function here
(> 20 -50))
find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (safe-left? -200)
Use the function here
(> -200 -50))
find another way to get the same result here
. Definition
Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (safe-left?x)
function name variable names
(> x -50))
(*
and the computer does this

Word Problem: safe-right?

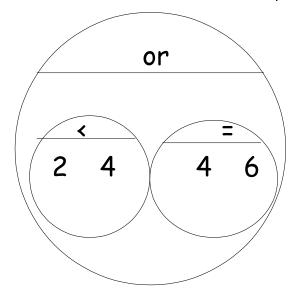
Use the Design Recipe to write a function  $\underline{safe-right?}$ , which takes in the target's x-coordinate and checks to see if it is less than 690.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;safe-right?:number>boolean name
;takes in the x-coordinate and checks if it is less than 690 What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (safe-right? 350) Use the function here
(< 350 690)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (safe-right? 900)  Use the function here
(< 900 690)) find another way to get the same result here
Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (safe-right? $x_$ _)  function name variable names ( $\times$ 690))
and the computer does this

### Write the Circles of Evaluation for these statements, and then convert them to Racket 1. Two is less than five, AND zero is equal to six.



2. Two is less than four OR four is equal to six.



Word Problem: onscreen?

Use the Design Recipe to write a function  $\underline{onscreen?}$ , which takes in the target's x-coordinate and checks to see if it Sam is protected on the left  $\underline{and}$  protected on the right.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;onscreen?:number>boolean name
; _Takes in the x-coordinate and checks if target is protected on the /left and the right.  What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (onscreen? 900) Use the function here
(and (safe-left? 900) (safe-right? 900))) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (onscreen? 355) Use the function here
(and (safe-left? 355) (safe-right? 355))) find another way to get the same result here
Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (onscreen?x)  function name variable names
(and (safe-left? x) (safe-right? x)))
and the computer does this

Word Problem: cost

Luigi's Pizza has hired you as a programmer. They offer Pepperoni (\$10.50), Cheese (\$9.00), Chicken (\$11.25) and Broccoli (\$10.25). Write a function called cost which takes in the name of a topping and outputs the cost of a pizza with that topping. the name of a topping and outputs the cost of a pizza with that topping.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:	
,	>number
name Domain	Range
<ul> <li>Give Examples</li> <li>On the computer, write an example of your function</li> </ul>	o for each topping using EYAMDI E
(EXAMPLE (cost "pepperoni"	
Use the function here	What should the function produce?
(EVAMPLE ( cost "choose" )	0.00
(EXAMPLE (cost "cheese") Use the function here	What should the function produce?
	muconoute the famous products
(EXAMPLE (cost "chicken")	
Use the function here	What should the function produce?
(EXAMPLE (cost "broccoli") _	10.25
Use the function here	What should the function produce?
. Definition	
Write the Definition, giving variable names t	o all your input values.
(define (cost topp	ing)
function name	variable names
(cond	
(string=? "pepperoni" topping)	10.50
(string=? "cheese" topping)	9.00
(string=? "chicken" topping)	11.25
(string=? "broccoli" topping)	10.25
else	10000000
	1000000
and the com	puter does this

Word Problem: update-player

Write a function called <u>update-player</u>, which takes in the player's y-coordinate and the name of the key pressed, and returns the new y-coordinate.

. Contract+Purpose Statement	
Every contract has three parts:	
	ring>number Domain Range
. Give Examples	r for onch have voice EVAMPLE
On the computer, write an example of your function	n for <u>each key</u> , using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (_update-player 40 "up") Use the function here	(+ 40 20)) What should the function produce?
(EXAMPLE (update-player 400 "down'	")(- 400 20)) What should the function produce?
<ul> <li>Definition</li> <li>Write the Definition, giving variable names t</li> </ul>	to all your input values
write the benintion, giving variable names t	o att your input vatues.
(define (_update-playerp	olayerY key_) variable names
(cond	
(string=? "up" key)	(+ playerY 20)
(string=? "down" key)	(- playerY 20)
else	playerY

....and the computer does this

### Design Recipe

Word Problem: line-length

Write a function called line-length, which takes in two numbers and returns the difference between them. It should always subtract the smaller number from the bigger one.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:										
;line		gth	•	_number n		omain	>		Range	
. Giv	ve E	xamples								
(EXAMPL	LE	(line-le	ength Ise the fun	10 ction here	5	)	<u>(</u> - What shou	10 uld the fun	5) ction produce?	
(EXAMPL	LE		ength Ise the fun	2 ction here	8	)		<b>3</b> uld the fun	2) ction produce?	
	finit ite t		ition, giv	ing variable	e names t	o all your i	nput values	that cha	ange.	
(define (_line-length a b)  function name variable names  _(cond										
	(>	a b)				(- a b	o)			
-	els	ie				(- a b	a)			-
-										-
-										-

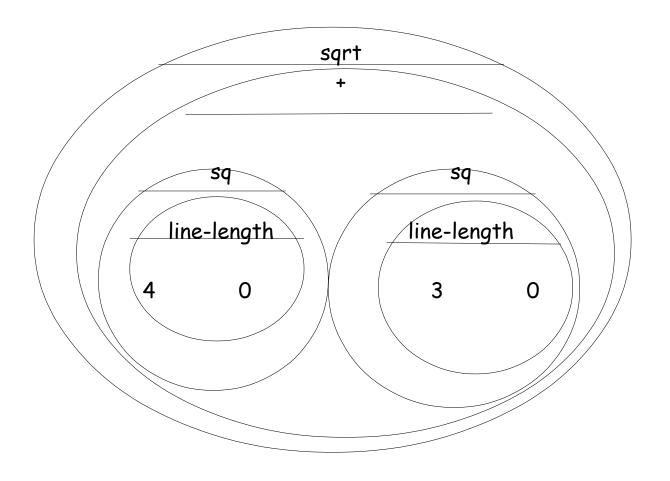
....and the computer does this

### The Distance Formula, with Numbers

The distance between the points (4, 0) and (0, 3) is given by:

$$\sqrt{(line-length 4 \ 0)^2 + (line-length 3 \ 0)^2}$$

Convert it into a Circle of Evaluation:



Convert it into Racket code:

(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length 4 0)) (sq (line-length 3 0)))))

Word Problem: distance

Write a function <a href="mailto:distance">distance</a> , which takes FOUR inputs: <a href="mailto:px: The x-coordinate">px: The x-coordinate of the player</a> <a href="mailto:py: The y-coordinate">py: The y-coordinate of the player</a>
<ul> <li>cx: The x-coordinate of another game character</li> <li>cy: The y-coordinate of another game character</li> </ul>
It should return the distance between the two, using the Distance formula:
$\Box  \text{Distance} =  ((\text{line-length px cx})2 + (\text{line-length py cy})2)$
. Contract+Purpose Statement
;distance :number number number number>number name
;Takes in player x and player y, character x and character y, and gives distance between them_ What does the function do?
. Give Examples
(EXAMPLE (distance 100 200 300 400) Use the function here
(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length 100 300) ) (sq (line-length 200 400))))
(EXAMPLE (distance 300 200 400 500) Use the function here
(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length 300 400) ) (sq (line-length 200 500))))_ find another way to get the same result here
. Definition
(define (distance
(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length px cx ) (sq (line-length py cy))))

### DESIGN RECIPE

Word Problem: collide

<ul> <li>Write a function collide?, which takes FOUR inputs:</li> <li>px: The x-coordinate of the player</li> <li>py: The y-coordinate of the player</li> <li>cx: The x-coordinate of another game character</li> <li>cy: The y-coordinate of another game character</li> <li>It should return true if the coordinates of the player are within 75 pixels of the coordinates of the other character. Otherwise, false.</li> </ul>	
Contract+Purpose Statement	
collide?:number number number number> _true name	
Takes player-x, player-y, character-x, character-y and returns true if characters are	
What does the function do?	
Give Examples	
EXAMPLE (collide? 100 200 300 400)  Use the function here	
(< (distance 100 200 300 400) 75)) find another way to get the same result here	
EXAMPLE (collide? 300 500 200 400)  Use the function here	
(< (distance 300 500 200 400) 75)) find another way to get the same result here	
Definition	
define (_collide?px py cx cy)  function name variable names (< (distance px py cx cy) 75))	
and the computer does this	

Catchy Intro: Feel like you never get enough to eat? So does Leo. Come catch your prey,
and escape the zookeeper!
Name, Age, Grade: Jessica Programmer, 12, 7 <sup>th</sup> grade
Game Title: Run for your Supper
Back Story:One day, a young lion was sitting in his cage. He saw an escaped gazelle come
running past. It was lunch time, and he was hungry, so he leapt out to catch food. He has
to run fast to grab food and escape the evil zookeeper.
Characters: Player: Leo the lion.
Danger: Zoe Zookeeper.
Target: Gary Gazelle
Explain a piece of your code: My update-danger function takes in the current x coordinate of
the gazelle, and adds 50 to it. This moves the gazelle 50 pixels to the right.

_

### **Presentation Feedback** For each question, circle the answer that fits best. Definitely! No way! A little. Was the introduction catchy? Definitely! Did they talk about their characters? No way! A little. Did they explain the code well? No way! Definitely! A little. Did they speak slowly enough? Definitely! No way! A little. Did they speak loudly enough? No way! A little. Definitely! Were they standing confidently? No way! A little. Definitely! Did they make eye contact? No way! A little. Definitely!

Drosontation Foodback							
Presentation Feedback For each question, circle the answer that fits best.							
Was the introduction catchy?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!				
Did they talk about their characters?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!				
Did they explain the code well?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!				
Did they speak slowly enough?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!				
Did they speak loudly enough?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!				
Were they standing confidently?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!				
Did they make eye contact?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!				

### Word Problem: red-shape

Write a function called <u>red-shape</u>, which takes in the name of a shape ("circle", "triangle", "star" or "rectangle"), and draws that shape. All shapes should be solid and red, and can be whatever size you choose

. Contract+Purpose Statement				
<pre>Every contract has three parts: ;red-shape:string</pre>	>image			
	Domain Range			
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your functio already been done for you.	n for <u>each shape</u> , using EXAMPLE. The first one has			
(EXAMPLE <u>(red-shape "circle"</u> Use the function here	) (circle 50 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE ( <u>red-shape "triangle"</u> )  Use the function here	(triangle 50 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (_red-shape "star")  Use the function here	(star 50 "solid" "red)) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (_red-shape "rectangle") Use the function here	(rectangle 50 90 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?			
. Definition	to all very input values			
Write the Definition, giving variable names to (define (_red-shapeshape (cond	•			
(string=? "circle" shape)	(circle 50 "solid" "red")			
(string=? "triangle" shape)	(triangle 50 "solid" "red")			
(string=? "star" shape)	(star 50 "solid" "red")			
(string=? "square" shape)	(rectangle 50 50 "solid" "red")			
else	(circle 50 "solid" "red")			

### Translating into Algebra...

Values: Translate the Racket Code into Algebra						
Racket Code	Algebra					
(define x 10)	x = 10					
(define y (* x 2))	y = x*2					
(define z (+ x y))	z = x + y					
(define age 14)	age = 14					
(define months (* age 12))	months = age * 12					
(define days (* age 30))	days = age * 30					
(define hours (* days 24))	hours = days * 24					
(define minutes (* hours 60))	minutes = hours * 60					
Functions: Translate the Racket Code into Algebra						
<pre>(define (double x)   (* x 2))</pre>	double(x) = x*2					
<pre>(define (area length width)   (* length width))</pre>	area(length, width) = length * width					
<pre>(define (circle-area radius)   (* pi (sq radius)))</pre>	circle-area(radius) = pi * radius²					
(define (distance x1 y1 x2 y2) (sqrt (+ (sq (- x1 x2))	distance(x1, y1, x2, y2) = $\sqrt{(xI-x2)^2+(yI-y2)^2}$					

### **Word Problem**

A rocket is flying from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the distance D rocket train has traveled, as a function of time t

	Contract+Pur Intract has th			t					
;	D ame	:_	seco	nds	Domain		> _	_ <b>miles</b> Range	
	. Give Examples Write an example of your function for <u>some sample inputs</u>								
	D( 1 )	=	80 *	1					
Use the fu	nction here			What shou	ld the function	produce?			
	D(2)=		80 *	2					
Use the fu	nction here			What shou	ld the function	produce?			
	)(3)	=	80 *	3					
Use the fu	nction here			What shou	ld the function	produce?			
[	o(10)	=	80 *	10					
Use the fu	nction here			What shou	ld the function	produce?			
	<b>Definition</b> Vrite the form	mula, gi	ving var	iable nan	nes to all yo	ur input valı	ues.		
D( t )	= 80 *	t							

### Word Problem

A rocket is traveling from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the *time* the rocket has been traveling, as a function of *distance*.

. Contract+Purpose Statement								
Every contract has three parts:								
;tin	ne		•	miles		->	seconds	
•	ame		_		Domain	<u> </u>	Range	
	ive Example							
write an	example of	your fu	nction to	or <u>some sam</u>	<u>ple inputs</u>			
±i	`		1 /00					
time(1	) nction here	=	1/80	Mbst should th	a function produce	-2		
ose the ful	iction nere			What should th	ne function produce	e:		
time(0	1	=	0/80					
	nction here	_	_	What should th	ne function produce	o?		
ose the rui	iction nere			Wildt Siloutu ti	ie function product	<del>Ľ</del> :		
time(3	1	=	3/80					
-	nction here		_	What should th	ne function produce	۵?		
OSC CHC TO	iction nere			What should th	ie runeción product	<b>.</b>		
time(1	0)	=	10/80	)				
	nction here				ne function produce	e?		
					•			
	efinition							
Write the Formula, giving variable names to all your input values.								
time(d	)		= d	/ 80				

### **Word Problem**

A rocket leaves Earth, headed for Mars at 80 miles per second. **At the exact same time**, an asteroid leaves Mars traveling towards Earth, moving at 70 miles per second. If the distance from the Earth to Mars is 50,000,000 miles, how long will it take for them to meet?

. Contract+Pu	rpose S	tatement		
Every contract has tl	hree pa	rts:		
; _collide		:distan	ice	> _time
name			Domain	Range
Cina Franci				
. Give Example of		nation for some	sample inputs	
Write an example of	your ru	nction for <u>some</u>	sample inputs	
collide(0)	=	0 <b>/150</b>		
Use the function here			ould the function produce?	
OSC CHC TURICUON NETC		Wilde Sile	outa the function produce.	
collide(300)	=	300/150		
Use the function here		What sho	ould the function produce?	
<u>collide(5000)</u>	=	5000/150		
Use the function here		What sho	ould the function produce?	
<u>collide(100000)</u>	) =	100000/15	50	
Use the function here		What sho	ould the function produce?	
. Definition				
	mula. g	iving variable n	ames to all your input	values.
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, 5	.,		
collide(d)		= d/150		
<del>comae(a)</del>		4, 100		