

# Contracts

[illegible]

# Contracts

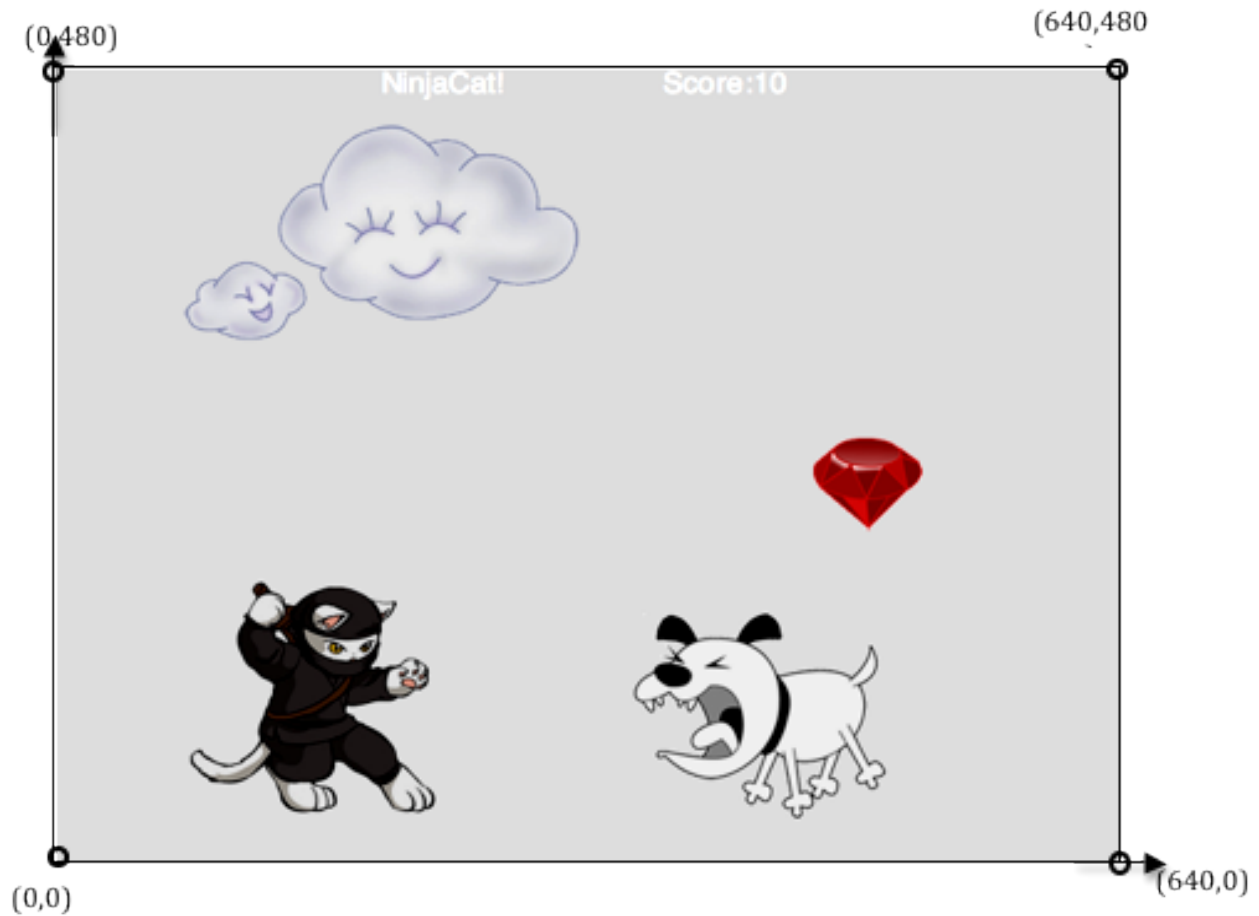
[illegible]

# Lesson 1

## Reverse-Engineering: How does NinjaCat work?

[illegible]

## Finding Coordinates



The coordinates for the PLAYER (NinjaCat) are:  $( 150 , 50 )$   
*x-coordinate      y-coordinate*

The coordinates for the DANGER (Dog) are:  $( 450 , 50 )$

The coordinates for the TARGET (Ruby) are:  $( 550 , 250 )$

# Our Videogame

Created by (write your names): \_\_\_\_\_ Ellie and Danny

## Background

Our game takes place in: \_\_\_\_\_ A zoo  
(space? the desert? a mall?)

## The Player

The player is a \_\_\_\_\_ Lion \_\_\_\_\_.

The player moves only up and down.

## The Target

*Your player GAINS points when they hit the target.*

The Target is a \_\_\_\_\_ Escaped gazelle \_\_\_\_\_.

The Target moves only to the left and right.

## The Danger

*Your player LOSES points when they hit the danger.*

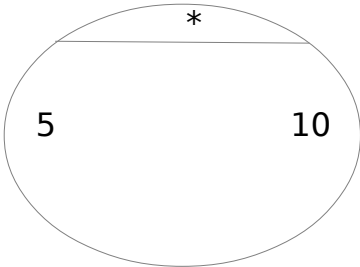
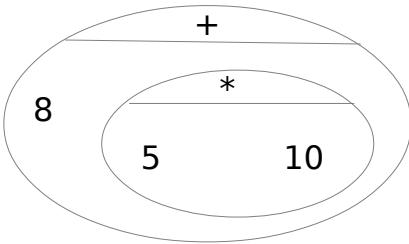
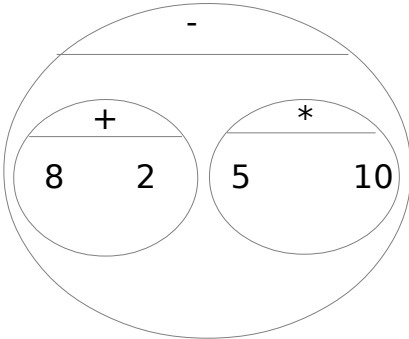
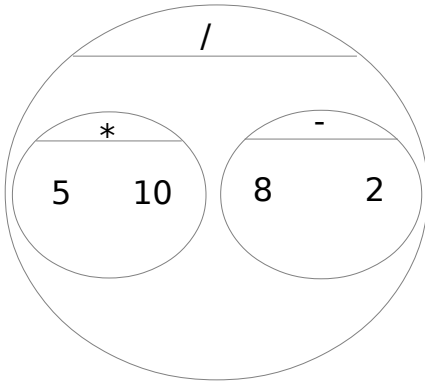
The Danger is a \_\_\_\_\_ Zookeeper \_\_\_\_\_.

The Danger moves only to the left and right.

# Circle of Evaluation Practice

**Time: 5 minutes**

Don't forget to use the computer's symbols for things like multiply and divide!

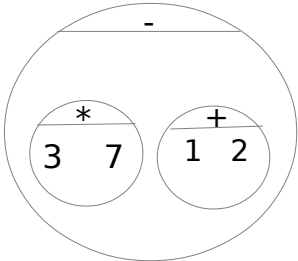
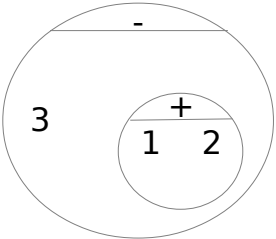
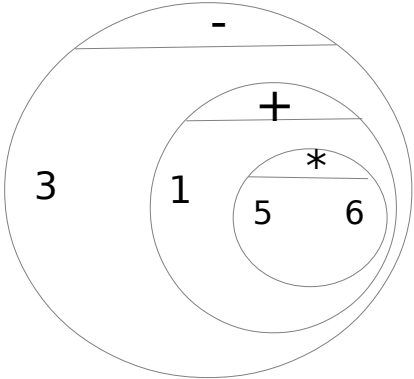
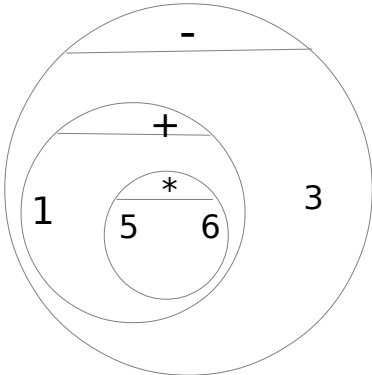
<b>Math</b>	<b>Circle of Evaluation</b>	<b>Pyret Code</b>
$5 \times 10$		$5 * 10$
$8 + (5 \times 10)$		$8 + (5 * 10)$
$(8 + 2) - (5 \times 10)$		$(8+2) - (5 * 10)$
$\frac{5 \times 10}{8 - 2}$		$(5 * 10) / (8 - 2)$

# Lesson 2

(draw Circles of Evaluation here if you need extra scratch paper)

# Circles Competition minutes

Time: 5

	<b>Math</b>	<b>Circle of Evaluation</b>	<b>Pyret Code</b>
Round 1	$(3 \times 7) - (1 + 2)$		$(3 * 7) - (1 + 2)$
Round 2	$3 - (1 + 2)$		$3 - (1 + 2)$
Round 3	$3 - (1 + (5 \times 6))$		$3 - (1 + (5 * 6))$
Round 4	$(1 + (5 \times 6)) - 3$		$(1 + (5 * 6)) - 3$



# Lesson 3

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

## Fast Functions

#	gt	:	Number	->	Image
	name		domain		range

examples:

gt ( 7 ) is triangle(7, "solid", "green")

gt ( 500 ) is triangle(500, "solid", "green")

end

fun gt ( size ) : triangle( size, "solid", "green") end

#	bc	:	Number	->	Image
	name		domain		range

examples:

gt ( 19 ) is circle(19, "solid", "blue")

gt ( 43 ) is circle(43, "solid", "blue")

end

fun bc ( size ) : circle( size, "solid", "blue") end

#	dot	:	String	->	Image
	name		domain		range

examples:

dot ( "blue" ) is circle(20, "solid", "blue")

dot ( "red " ) is circle(20, "solid", "red")

end

fun dot ( color ) : circle( 20, "solid", color) end

## Fast Functions

#	g	:	Number	->	Number
	name		domain		range

examples:

g ( 10 ) is 20 \* 10

g ( 23 ) is 20 \* 23

end

fun g ( q ) : 20 \* q end

#	h	:	Number	->	Number
	name		domain		range

examples:

h ( 10 ) is 10 / 2

h ( 15 ) is 15 / 2

end

fun h ( x ) : x / 2 end

#		:		->	
	name		domain		range

examples:

( ) is

( ) is

end

fun ( ) : end

# Lesson 4

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

## DESIGN RECIPE

### **Word Problem: rocket-height**

A rocket blasts off, traveling at 7 meters per second. Write a function called "rocket-height" that takes in the number of seconds that have passed since the rocket took off, and which produces the height of the rocket at that time.

### **I. Contract+Purpose Statement**

Every contract has three parts:

# \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

# \_\_\_\_\_  
What does the function do?

### **II. Give Examples**

On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
the user types...

**UNUSED - See pages/rocket-height.scrbl**  
.....which should become

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
the user types...

\_\_\_\_\_  
.....which should become

### **III. Definition**

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values.

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names

\_\_\_\_\_  
.....and the computer does this

## DESIGN RECIPE

### Word Problem: red-square

Use the Design Recipe to write a function red-square, which takes in a number (the size of the square) and outputs a solid red rectangle whose length and width are the same size.

#### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
Name Domain Range

; \_\_\_\_\_  
What does the function do?

#### II. Give Examples

On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
the user says...)

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
.....Racket replies

**UNUSED - See pages/red-square.scrbl**

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
the user says...)

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
.....Racket turns that into

#### III. Definition

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values.

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
.....and the computer does this

## DESIGN RECIPE

### Word Problem: yard-area

Use the Design Recipe to write a function yard-area, which takes in the width and length of a yard, and returns the area of the yard.

(Don't forget:  $\text{area} = \text{length} * \text{width}$  !)

### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

; \_\_\_\_\_  
What does the function do?

### II. Give Examples

On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

**UNUSED - See pages/lawn-area.scrbl**

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here...

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

### III. Definition

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values.

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
.....and the computer does this

# Lesson 5

[illegible]





## DESIGN RECIPE

**Word Problem: update-target**

Write a function `update-target`, which takes in the target's x-coordinate and produces the next x-coordinate, which is 50 pixels to the right.

## I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

$f: \text{Domain} \rightarrow \text{Range}$   
 ; name  
 ;  
 ;  
 ; What does the function do?

## II. Give Examples

On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

**UNUSED - See pages/update-target.scrib**

(EXAMPLE (\_\_\_\_\_))

use the function here...

---

find another way to get the same result here

### III. Definition

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values.

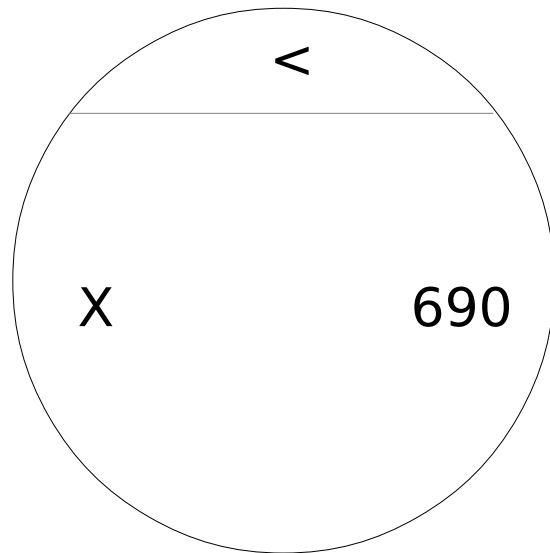
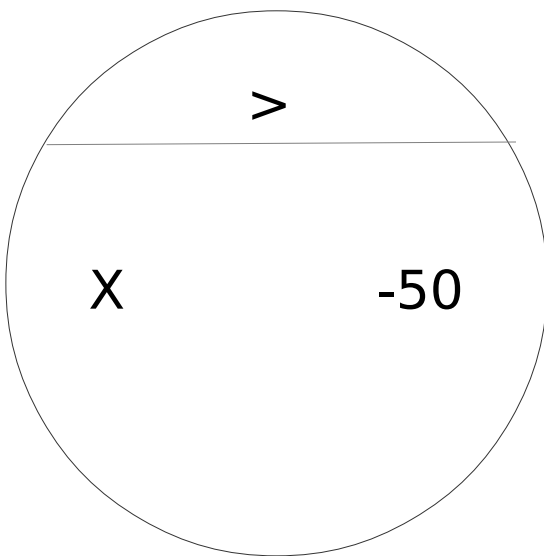
(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
                \_\_\_\_\_                 \_\_\_\_\_  
                    function name                 variable names  
  
\_\_\_\_\_  
                    .....and the computer does this

# Lesson 6

## DESIGN RECIPE

Sam is in a 640 x 480 yard. How far he can go to the left and right before he's out of sight?

1. A piece of Sam is still visible on the left as long as...  $x > -50$
2. A piece of Sam is still visible on the right as long as...  $x < 690$
3. Draw the Circle of Evaluation for these two expressions in the circles below:



## DESIGN RECIPE

### Word Problem: *safe-left?*

Use the Design Recipe to write a function *safe-left?*, which takes in an x-coordinate and checks to see if it is greater than -50.

#### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

; \_\_\_\_\_  
What does the function do?

#### II. Give Examples

On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here

**UNUSED - See pages/safe-left.scrbl**  
\_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here...

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

#### III. Definition

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values.

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names

\_\_\_\_\_ )

...and the computer does this

# Design Recipe

## Word Problem: *safe-right?*

Use the Design Recipe to write a function *safe-right?*, which takes in an x-coordinate and checks to see if it is less than 690.

### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

; \_\_\_\_\_  
What does the function do?

### II. Give Examples

On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.

(EXAMPLE( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here

**UNUSED - See pages/safe-right.scrbl**

(EXAMPLE( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here...

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

### III. Definition

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values.

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names

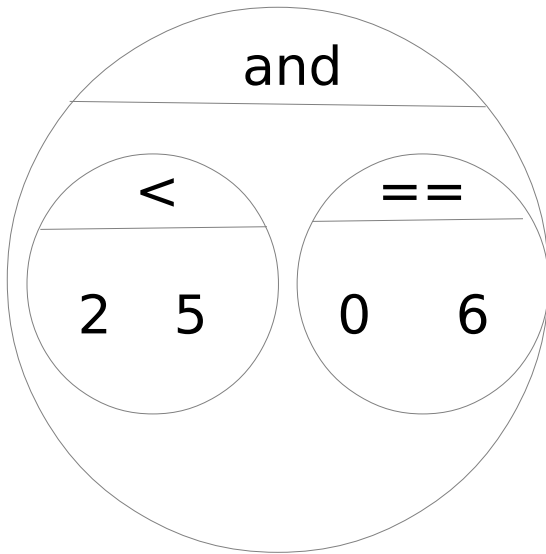
\_\_\_\_\_ )

...and the computer does this

## and / or

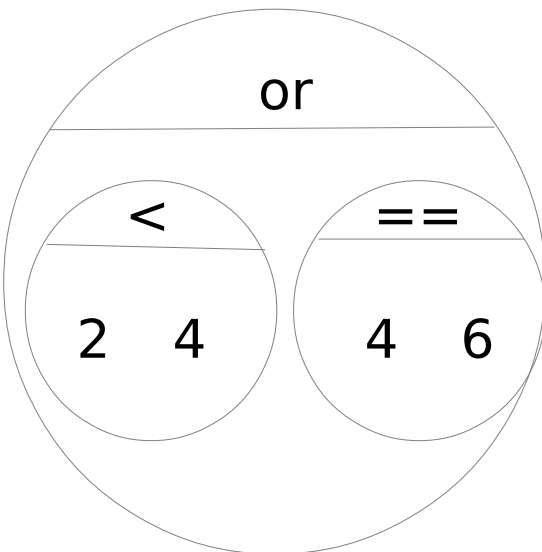
**Write the Circles of Evaluation for these statements, and then convert them to Pyret**

1. Two is less than five, and zero is equal to six.



**(2 < 5) and (0 == 6)**

2. Two is less than four or four is equal to six.



**(2 < 4) or (4 == 6)**

# DESIGN RECIPE

## Word Problem: onscreen?

Use the Design Recipe to write a function onscreen?, which takes in an x-coordinate and checks to see if Sam is safe on the left and safe on the right.

### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

; \_\_\_\_\_  
What does the function do?

### II. Give Examples

On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here

**UNUSED - See** \_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

**pages/onscreen.scrbl**

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here...

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

### III. Definition

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values.

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names

\_\_\_\_\_ )

...and the computer does this



# Lesson 7

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

## DESIGN RECIPE

### Word Problem: cost

Luigi's Pizza has hired you as a programmer. They offer "pepperoni" (\$10.50), "cheese" (\$9.00), "chicken" (\$11.25) and "broccoli" (\$10.25). Write a function called *cost* which takes in the name of a topping and outputs the cost of a pizza with that topping.

### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

### II. Give Examples

On the computer, write an example of your function for each topping, using EXAMPLE.

(EXAMPLE (cost "pepperoni" ) \_\_\_\_\_)  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) \_\_\_\_\_)  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) \_\_\_\_\_)  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) \_\_\_\_\_)  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

### III. Definition

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names

**UNUSED - See  
pages/cost.scrbl**

)

## DESIGN RECIPE

### Word Problem: *update-player*

Write a function called *update-player*, which takes in the player's y-coordinate and the name of the key pressed, and returns the new y-coordinate.

#### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

#### II. Give Examples

Finish the two examples we've started for you, and make two more

(EXAMPLE (update-player 128 "up")  
\_\_\_\_\_) Use the function here What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE (update-player 451 "down")  
\_\_\_\_\_) Use the function here What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_)  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_)  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

#### III. Definition

(define (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_)  
function name variable names

**UNUSED - See pages/lipdate-  
player.scribble**

)

# Lesson 8

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

## DESIGN RECIPE

Write a function called line-length, which takes in two numbers and returns the difference between them. It should always subtract the smaller number from the bigger one.

### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

### II. Give Examples

(EXAMPLE (line-length 10 5) (- 10 5))  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE (line-length 2 8) (- 8 2))  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

### III. Definition

Write the definition, giving variable names to all your input values.

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names

**UNUSED - See pages/line-length.scrbl**

)

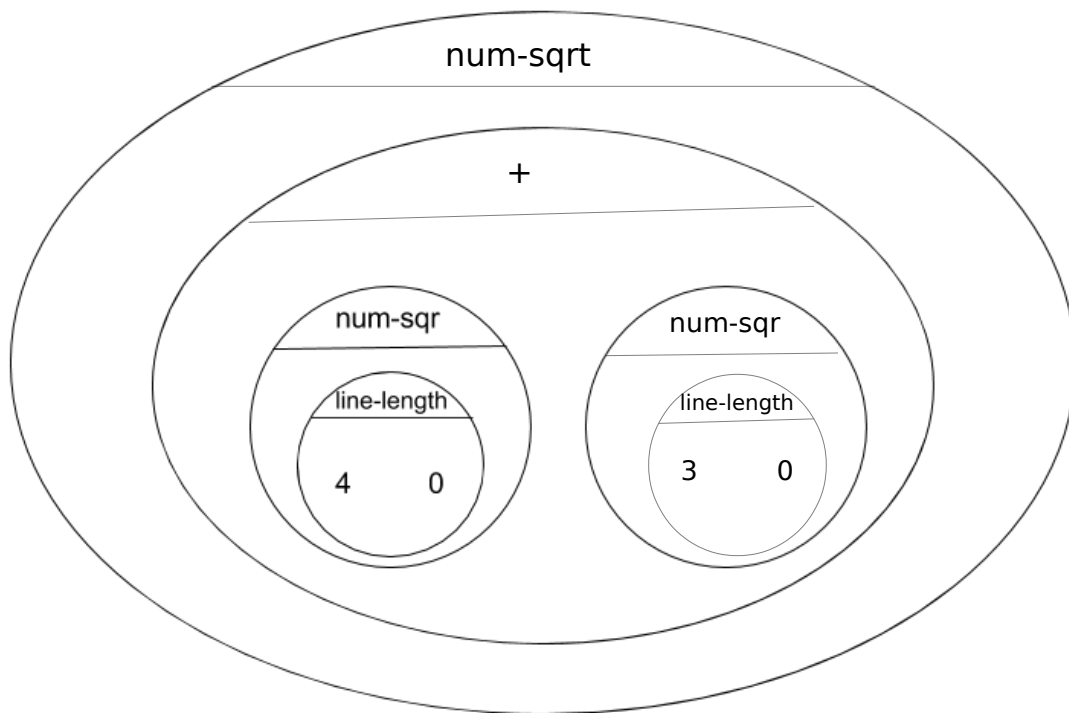
...and the computer does this

## The Distance Formula (an example)

The distance between the points (0, 0) and (4, 3) is given by:

$$\sqrt{(\text{line-length}(4, 0))^2 + (\text{line-length}(3, 0))^2}$$

Turn the formula above into a Circle of Evaluation. (We've already gotten you started!)



Convert the Circle of Evaluation into Pyret code:

```
num-sqrt(num-sqr(line-length(4, 0)) + (num-sqr(line-length(3, 0)))
```

## DESIGN RECIPE

Write a function distance, which takes *FOUR* inputs:

- ❑ *px*: The x-coordinate of the player
- ❑ *py*: The y-coordinate of the player
- ❑ *cx*: The x-coordinate of another game character
- ❑ *cy*: The y-coordinate of another game character

It should return the distance between the two, using the Distance formula. (HINT: look at what you did on page 27!)

### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

; \_\_\_\_\_  
What does the function do?

### II. Give Examples

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here

**UNUSED - See**

**pages/distance.scrbl**

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here...

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

### III. Definition

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names

\_\_\_\_\_ )

## DESIGN RECIPE

Write a function `collide?`, which takes *FOUR* inputs:

- ❑ *px*: The x-coordinate of the player
- ❑ *py*: The y-coordinate of the player
- ❑ *cx*: The x-coordinate of another game character
- ❑ *cy*: The y-coordinate of another game character

It should return `true` if the coordinates of the player are within 50 **pixels** of the coordinates of the other character. Otherwise, `false`.

### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range

; \_\_\_\_\_  
What does the function do?

### II. Give Examples

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here

**UNUSED - See** \_\_\_\_\_ )  
**pages/collide.scrbl** find another way to get the same result here

(EXAMPLE ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
Use the function here...

\_\_\_\_\_ )  
find another way to get the same result here

### III. Definition

(define ( \_\_\_\_\_ )  
function name variable names  
\_\_\_\_\_)



# Lesson 9

Catchy Intro: Feel like you never get enough to eat? So does Leo. Come catch your prey,

---

and escape the zookeeper!

---

Name, Age, Grade: Ellie Programmer, 12, 7<sup>th</sup> grade

---

Game Title: Run for your Supper

---

Back Story: One day, a young lion was sitting in his cage. He saw an escaped gazelle come

---

running past. It was lunch time, and he was hungry, so he leapt out to catch food. He has

---

to run fast to grab food and escape the evil zookeeper.

---

Characters: Player: Leo the lion.

---

Danger: Zoe Zookeeper.

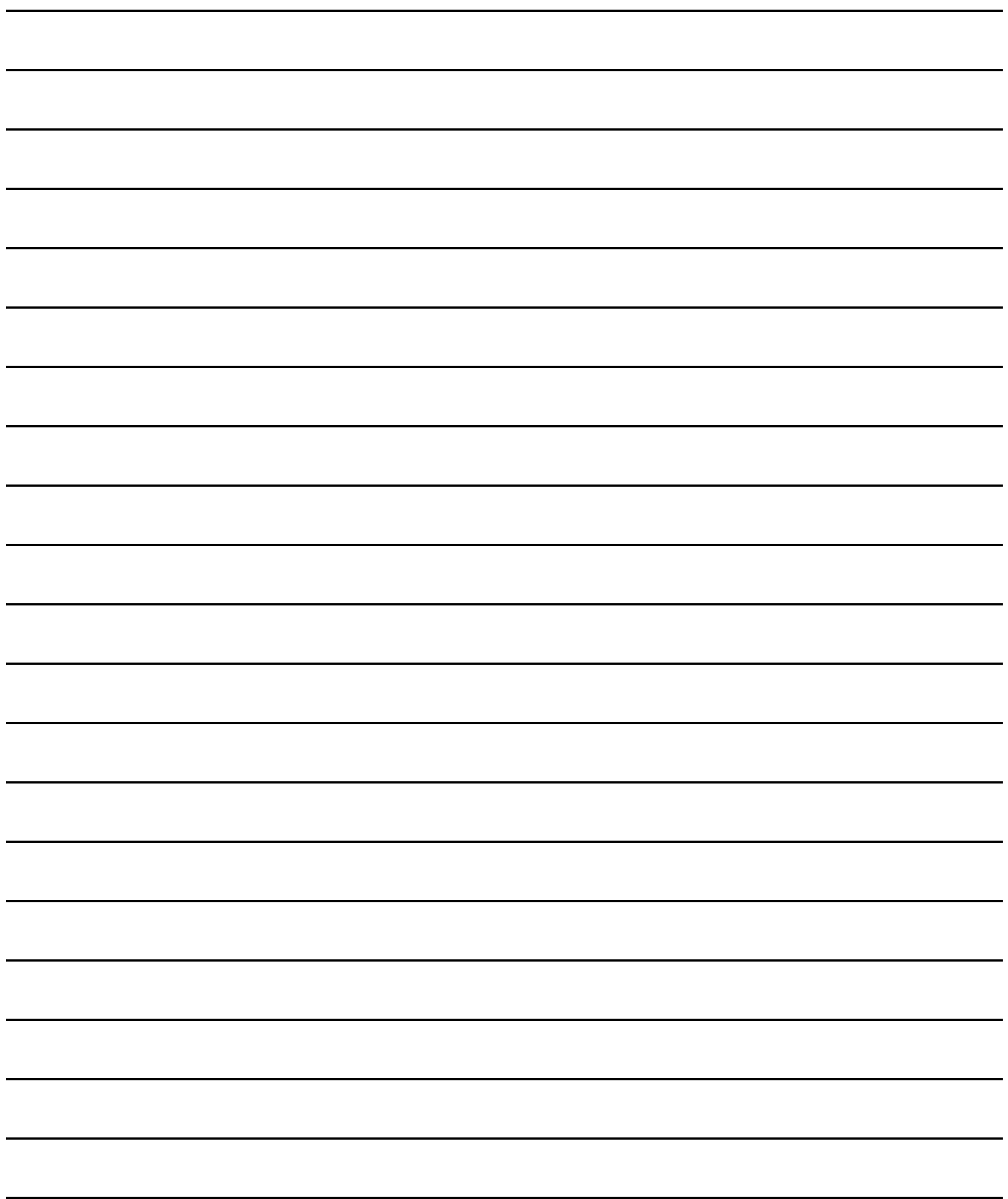
---

Target: Gary Gazelle

---

Explain a piece of your code: My update-danger function takes in the current x coordinate of the gazelle, and adds 50 to it. This moves the gazelle 50 pixels to the right.

---



## Presentation Feedback

*For each question, circle the answer that fits best.*

Was the introduction catchy?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they talk about their characters?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they explain the code well?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they speak slowly enough?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they speak loudly enough?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Were they standing confidently?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they make eye contact?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

## Presentation Feedback

*For each question, circle the answer that fits best.*

Was the introduction catchy?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they talk about their characters?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they explain the code well?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they speak slowly enough?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they speak loudly enough?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Were they standing confidently?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!

Did they make eye contact?      No way!              A little.              Definitely!



# Design Recipe

## Word Problem: red-shape

Write a function called red-shape, which takes in the name of a shape ("circle", "triangle", "star" or "rectangle"), and draws that shape. All shapes should be solid and red, and can be whatever size you choose

### I. Contract+Purpose Statement

; \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range  
;  
\_\_\_\_\_ *What does the function do?*

### II. Give Examples

Write some examples of red-shape below. The first one has already been done for you.

(EXAMPLE (red-shape "circle") (circle 50 "solid" "red"))

Use the function here

What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_)

Use the function here

What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_)

Use the function here

What should the function produce?

(EXAMPLE (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_)

Use the function here

What should the function produce?

### III. Definition

(define (\_\_\_\_\_))

function name

variable names

(cond

(circle 50 "solid" "red")

**UNUSED - See pages/red-shape.scrbl**

)

# Translating into Algebra

## Value Definitions

Pyret Code	Algebra
<code>x = 10</code>	$x = 10$
<code>y = x * 2</code>	$y = x * 2$
<code>z = x / y</code>	$z = x \div y$
<code>w = num-sqrt(num-sqr(x) + 1)</code>	$w = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$
<code>days = (age * 12) * 30</code>	<b><math>\text{days} = (\text{age} * 12) * 30</math></b>
<code>y = (v * x) + x0</code>	$y = (v * x) + x_0$
<code>y = ((0.5 * a) * num-sqr(x)) + y0</code>	<b><math>y = (0.5 * a) * x^2 + y_0</math></b>

## Function Definitions

Pyret Code	Algebra
<code>fun area(length, width):   length * width end</code>	$\text{area}(\text{length}, \text{width}) = \text{length} * \text{width}$
<code>fun circle-area(radius):   pi * num-sqr(radius) end</code>	<b><math>\text{circle-area}(\text{radius}) = \text{pi} * \text{radius}^2</math></b>
<code>fun distance(x1, y1, x2, y2):   num-sqrt(     num-sqr(x1 - x2)     + num-sqr(y1 - y2)   ) end</code>	<b><math>\text{distance}(x1, y1, x2, y2) =</math> <math>\sqrt{(x1 - x2)^2 + (y1 - y2)^2}</math></b>

# Design Recipe

A rocket is flying from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the **distance**  $D$  that the rocket has traveled, as a function of **time**  $t$ .

## I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

<u>      </u> <b>D</b> <u>      </u> :	<u>                    </u> <b>Number</b> <u>                    </u>	<b>-&gt;</b>	<u>                    </u> <b>Number</b> <u>                    </u>
name	Domain		Range

#       **Given a number of seconds, produces the height of a rocket moving at 80mi/s**        
What does the function do?

## II. Give Examples

Write an example of your function for some sample inputs

<u>      </u> <b>D( 1 )</b> <u>      </u> is	<u>                    </u> <b>80 * 1</b> <u>                    </u>
Use the function here	What should the function produce?

<u>      </u> <b>D( 2 )</b> <u>      </u> is	<u>                    </u> <b>80 * 2</b> <u>                    </u>
Use the function here	What should the function produce?

<u>      </u> <b>D(14)</b> <u>      </u> is	<u>                    </u> <b>80 * 14</b> <u>                    </u>
Use the function here	What should the function produce?

<u>      </u> <b>D(100)</b> <u>      </u> is	<u>                    </u> <b>80 * 100</b> <u>                    </u>
Use the function here	What should the function produce?

## III. Definition

Write the function, giving variable names to all your input values.

```
fun D( time ) : 80 * time  
end
```





# Design Recipe

A rocket is traveling from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the **time** the rocket has been traveling, as a function of **distance**.

## I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

<u>time</u>	:	<u>Number</u>	->	<u>Number</u>
name		Domain		Range

# Given the distance traveled, produce the time traveled if moving at 80mi/s  
*What does the function do?*

## II. Give Examples

Write an example of your function for some sample inputs

<b>time(0)</b>	is	<b>0 / 80</b>
Use the function here		What should the function produce?
<b>time(10)</b>	is	<b>10 / 80</b>
Use the function here		What should the function produce?
<b>time(200)</b>	is	<b>200 / 80</b>
Use the function here		What should the function produce?
<b>time(560)</b>	is	<b>560 / 80</b>
Use the function here		What should the function produce?

## III. Definition

Write the function, giving variable names to all your input values.

```
fun time ( distance ) : distance / 80  
end
```

# Design Recipe

A rocket leaves Earth, headed for Mars at 80 miles per second. **At the exact same time**, an asteroid leaves Mars traveling towards Earth, moving at 70 miles per second. If the distance from the Earth to Mars is 50,000,000 miles, how long will it take for them to meet?

## I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

<u>collide</u>	:	<u>Number</u>	->	<u>Number</u>
name		Domain		Range

# Given the distance between a rocket (moving at 80mi/sec) & asteroid (70mi/sec), when will they collide?  
*What does the function do?*

## II. Give Examples

Write an example of your function for some sample inputs

<u>collide(0)</u>	is	<u>0 / 150</u>
Use the function here		What should the function produce?

<u>collide(2000)</u>	is	<u>2000 / 150</u>
Use the function here		What should the function produce?

<u>collide(5000)</u>	is	<u>5000 / 150</u>
Use the function here		What should the function produce?

<u>collide(15000)</u>	is	<u>15000 / 150</u>
Use the function here		What should the function produce?

## III. Definition

Write the function, giving variable names to all your input values.

```
fun collide ( distance ): distance / 150  
end
```

# Design Recipe

## I. Contract+Purpose Statement

Every contract has three parts:

\_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_  
name Domain Range  
# \_\_\_\_\_  
What does the function do?

## II. Give Examples

Write an example of your function for some sample inputs

\_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

\_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

\_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

\_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_  
Use the function here What should the function produce?

## III. Definition

Write the function, giving variable names to all your input values.

fun ( ):  
end