Contracts

••	Domain :	Range →	example
		Λ Λ	
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••		^	
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••		↑	

Contracts

Name	Domain	Range	example
	••	1	
		^	
	:	↑	
	:	^	
	:	↑	
	:	↑	
	:	^	
	:	↑	
	:	^	
	:	↑	
	:		
	:	↑	
	:	^	
	:	↑	
	:	↑	
	:	↑	
	•	^	

Reverse-Engineering: How does NinjaCat work?

Thing in the game	What changes about it?	More specifically
cat	Position	x, y
ruby	position	×
clouds	position	×
dog	position	×
score	value	
background	nothing	



The background is a picture of: **SUNSET**

The coordinates for the PLAYER (NinjaCat) are: (150 , 50)

x-coordinate y-coordinate

The coordinates for the DANGER (Dog) are: (450, 50)

The coordinates for the TARGET (Ruby) are: (550, 250)

Our Videogame

Created by (write your names):Jessica and James
Background
Our game takes place:The Zoo(In space? The desert? A mall?)
The Player
The player is aLion
The player moves only up and down.
The Target Your player GAINS points when they hit the target.
The Target is aEscaped Gazelle The Target moves only to the left and right.
The Danger Your player LOSES points when they hit the danger.
The Danger is aZookeeper The Danger moves only to the left and right.

Circle of Evaluation Practice!

Time: 5 minutes

Don't forget to use the computer's symbols for things like multiply and divide!

Math	Circle of Evaluation	Racket Code
5 x 10		
8 + (5 x 10)		
(8 + 2) - (5 x 10)		
<u>5 x 10</u> 8 - 2		

. Lesson 2

(draw Circles of Evaluation here if you need extra scratch paper)

	Circles Competiti		Time: 5 minutes
	Math	Circle of Evaluation	Racket Code
Round 1	(1 + 2) - (3 * 7)	1 2 3 7	(- (+ 1 2) (* 3 7))
Round 2	3 - (1 + 2)	3 + 1 2	(-3 (+12))
Round 3	3 - (1 + (5 * 6))	3 1 5 6	(- 3 (+ 1 (* 5 6)))
Round 4	(1 + (5 * 6)) - 3	- 1 (5 6) 3	(- (+ 1 (* 5 6)) 3)

Fill out two examples for each function, then try to write the contract, Definition and function body by yourself.
; _gt:number>image
(EXAMPLE (gt 500) (triangle 500 "solid" "green"))
(EXAMPLE (gt 7) (triangle 7 "solid" "green")
(define (gt size) (triangle size "solid" "green"))
;bc:number>image
name domain range
(EXAMPLE (bc 25) (circle 25 "solid" "blue"))
(EXAMPLE (bc 43) (circle 43 "solid" "blue"))
(define (bc size) (circle size "solid" "blue")
;double:number>number
(EXAMPLE (double 13) (* 2 13))
(EXAMPLE (double 3) (* 2 3))
(define (double num) (* 2 num))
;>
(EXAMPLE ()
(EXAMPLE ())
(define ()

Fast Functions! Fill out two examples for each function body by yourself.	ch function, then try to write	the contract, Definition and	SPEED VAYGER
;	:	->	
name	domain	range	
(EXAMPLE ())
(EXAMPLE ())
(define ())
;	:	->	
name	domain	range	
(EXAMPLE ())
)
(define ())
; ;	<u>:</u>	->	
(EXAMPLE ())
(EXAMPLE ())
(define ())
;	<u>:</u>	->	
(EXAMPLE ())

(EXAMPLE (_

(define (_

DESIGN RECIPE

Word Problem: rocket-height

A rocket blasts off, traveling at 7 meters per second. Write a function called "rocket-height" that takes in the number of seconds that have passed since the rocket took off, and which produces the height of the rocket at that time.

Care has the Down and State or each	
. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:	
;_rocket-height_:_number>_number	
name Domain Range	
; Takes the number of seconds passed since take-off, and produce current heigh	+
What does the function do?	÷
. Give Examples	
On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.	
(EXAMPLE (_rocket-height O)	
the user types	
(* 7 0))	
which should become	
(EXAMPLE (_rocket-height 4)	
the user types	
/* 7 A))	
(* 7 4))	
• Function	
Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.	
(define (medical beight time)	
(define (rocket-heighttime) function name variable names	
(* 7 time))	

Word Problem: red-square

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>red-square</u>, which takes in a number (the size of the square) and outputs a solid red rectangle whose length and width are the same size.

. Contract+Purpose Staten Every contract has three parts:	nent			
; _red-square Name	:numb		nage	
;Draws a solid red so	quare of the siz			
. Give Examples On the computer, write an examp	ole of your function in	action, using EX	AMPLE	
(EXAMPLE (<u>red-squar</u>	e 5) user says			
(rectangle 5 5 "solid"	' "red")) Racket re	plies		
(EXAMPLE (_red-square	e 6user says)	
(rectangle 6 6 "solid"	"red"))_ Racket tu			
 Definition Write the Definition, givin 	g variable names to a	all your input valu	ies.	
(define (_red-square function name				
(rectanale size	size "solid" "re	٠d"))		

Word Problem: yard-area
Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>yard-area</u>, which takes in the width and length of a yard, and returns the area of the yard.

(Don't forget: area = length * width !)

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;yard-area:number number>number name Domain Range
; Takes in length and width of a yard and gives back its area What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (yard-area 5 3) Use the function here
(* 5 3))find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (yard-area 8 2) Use the function here (* 8 2)) find another way to get the same result here
. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (_yard-area length width) function name variable names
(* length width))

Word Problem: update-danger

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>update-danger</u>, which takes in the danger's x-coordinate and produces the next x-coordinate, which is 50 pixels to the left.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;update-danger:_number>number name Domain Range
;Takes in danger's current x-coordinate and adds 50 to it What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (update-danger 500) Use the function here
(- 500 50)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (_update-danger 140) Use the function here
(- 140 50)) find another way to get the same result here
. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (_update-dangerdangerX) function name variable names
(- danaerX 50))

Design Recipe
Word Problem: update-target

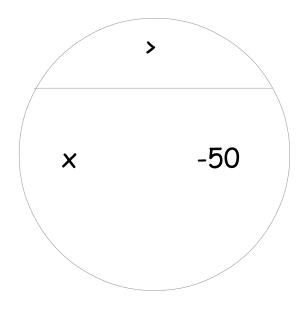
Write a function $\underline{update-target}$, which takes in the target's x-coordinate and produces the next x-coordinate, which is 50 pixels to the right.

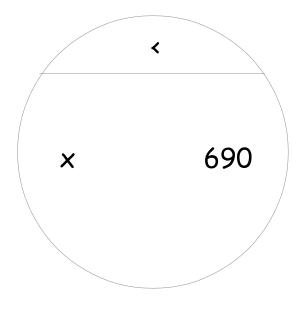
. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;update-target_:number>number name Domain Range
; _Takes in the target's current x-coordinate and adds 50 to it_ What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (update-target 60) Use the function here
(+ 60 50)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (update-target 125) Use the function here
(+ 125 50))find another way to get the same result here
. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (_update-targettargetX) function name variable names
(+ targetX 50))

Protecting Sam

Sam is in a 640 x 480 yard. How far he can go to the left and right before he's out of sight?

- 1. A piece of Sam is still visible on the left as long as...
- (> x -50)
- 2. A piece of Sam is still visible on the right as long as...
- _(< x 690)_
- 3. Draw the Circle of Evaluation for these two expressions in the circles below:





Word Problem: safe-left?

Use the Design Recipe to write a function safe-left?, which takes an x-coordinate and checks to see if it is greater than -50.

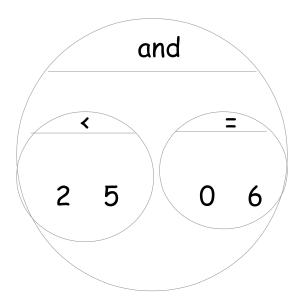
. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:
;safe-left?:number>boolean_ name
; _Takes in the x-coordinate and checks if it's greater than -50_ What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (safe-left? 20) Use the function here
(> 20 -50)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (safe-left? -200) Use the function here
(> -200 -50)) find another way to get the same result here
Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (safe-left?x) function name variable names
(> × -50))

Word Problem: safe-right?

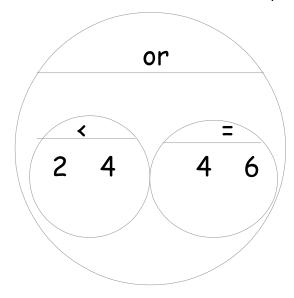
Use the Design Recipe to write a function $\underline{safe-right?}$, which takes an x-coordinate and checks to see if it is less than 690.

. Contract+Purpose Statement
Every contract has three parts:
;safe-right?:number>boolean name Domain Range
;takes in the x-coordinate and checks if it is less than 690 What does the function do?
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (safe-right? 350) Use the function here
(< 350 690)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (safe-right? 900) Use the function here
(< 900 690)) find another way to get the same result here
Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (safe-right?x) function name
and the computer does this

Write the Circles of Evaluation for these statements, and then convert them to Racket 1. Two is less than five, <u>and</u> zero is equal to six.



2. Two is less than four <u>or</u> four is equal to six.



Word Problem: onscreen?

Use the Design Recipe to write a function <u>onscreen?</u>, which takes in an x-coordinate and checks to see if Sam is safe on the left <u>and</u> safe on the right.

. Contract+Purpose Statement
Every contract has three parts:
;onscreen?:number>boolean
name Domain Range
; _Takes in the x-coordinate and checks if target is protected on the /left and the right_ What does the function do?
. Give Examples
On the computer, write an example of your function in action, using EXAMPLE.
(EXAMPLE (onscreen? 900) Use the function here
(and (safe-left? 900) (safe-right? 900))) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAMPLE (onscreen? 355)
Use the function here
(and (safe-left? 355) (safe-right? 355))) find another way to get the same result here
Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to all your input values.
write the benintion, giving variable names to all your input values.
(define (onscreen?x) function name variable names
(and (safe-left? x) (safe-right? x)))

Word Problem: cost

Luigi's Pizza has hired you as a programmer. They offer "pepperoni" (\$10.50), "cheese" (\$9.00), "chicken" (\$11.25) and "broccoli" (\$10.25). Write a function called cost which takes in the name of a topping and outputs the cost of a pizza with that topping.

Every contract has three parts:					
;cost:	string Domain	->	_number Range		
. Give Examples			-		
On the computer, write an example of (EXAMPLE (cost "pepper of Use the function here)	oni")	10.50	g, using EXAMPLE) ut should the function produce?		
(EXAMPLE (cost "cheese"_ Use the function he	,	9.00_ Wha) It should the function produce?		
(EXAMPLE (cost "chicken"	,	11.25_ Wha) It should the function produce?		
(EXAMPLE (cost "broccol Use the function he		10.25_ Wha	t should the function produce?		
DefinitionWrite the Definition, giving va	riable names to	all your input v	alues.		
(define (costtopping) function name					
[(string=? "peppero	ni" topping)	10.50]			
[(string=? "cheese"	topping)	9.00]			
[(string=? "chicken"	topping)	11.25]			
[(string=? "broccoli	" topping)	10.25]			
[else		10000000	((ני		

Word Problem: update-player

Write a function called <u>update-player</u>, which takes in the player's y-coordinate and the name of the key pressed, and returns the new y-coordinate.

. Contract+Purpose Statement Every contract has three parts:						
	ng>number omain Range					
. Give Examples On the computer, write an example of your function	for <u>each key</u> , using EXAMPLE.					
(EXAMPLE (_update-player 40 "up"_ Use the function here	_)(+ 40 20))_ What should the function produce?					
(EXAMPLE (update-player 400 "down"_)(- 400 20))_ Use the function here What should the function produce?						
 Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to 	all your input values.					
(define (_update-playerplayerY key_) function name variable names						
(cond						
[(string=? "up" key)	(+ playerY 20)]					
[(string=? "down" key)	(- playerY 20)]					
[else	playerY]))					

Word Problem: line-length

Write a function called line-length, which takes in two numbers and returns the difference between them. It should always subtract the smaller number from the bigger one.

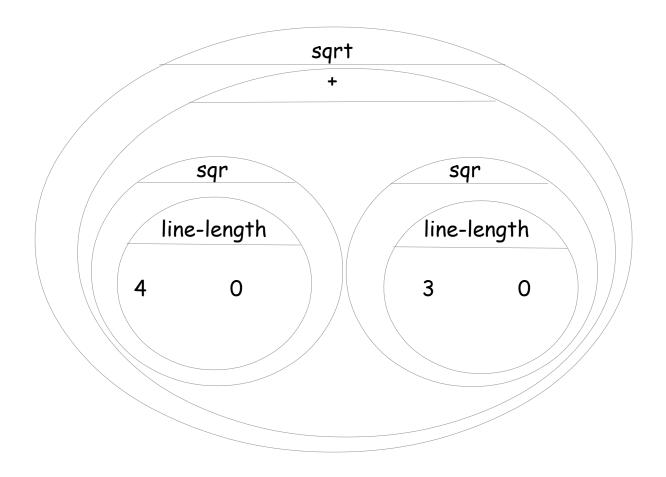
	act+Purpose Stater ct has three parts:	nent					
;line-le	ength :	number n		omain	>numbe	er Range	
. Give	Examples						
(EXAMPLE	(line-length Use the funct		5)	<u>(-</u> 10 What should the fo		_)
(EXAMPLE	(line-length Use the funct		8)	<u>(</u> - 8 What should the fo		_)
. Defin Write	ition the Definition, givir	ng variable	e names to	o all vour i	nput values that c	hange.	
(define	(_line-length	າ	a)		
[(> a b)			(- a b)]		
[e	lse			(- b a)]))		_
							_

The Distance Formula, with Numbers

The distance between the points (0, 0) and (4, 3) is given by:

$$\sqrt{(line - length \ 4 \ 0)^2 + (line - length \ 3 \ 0)^2}$$

Convert it into a Circle of Evaluation:



Convert it into Racket code:

Word Problem: distance

Write a function distance , which takes FOUR inputs: px : The x-coordinate of the player py : The y-coordinate of another game character cv : The y-coordinate of another game character
It should return the distance between the two, using the Distance formula:
$\Box \text{Distance} = \qquad ((\text{line-length px cx})^2 + (\text{line-length py cy})^2)$
. Contract+Purpose Statement
;distance :number number number number>number name
;Takes in player x and player y, character x and character y, and gives distance between them_ What does the function do?
. Give Examples
(EXAMPLE (distance 100 200 300 400) Use the function here
(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length 100 300)) (sq (line-length 200 400))))
(EXAMPLE (distance 300 200 400 500) Use the function here
(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length 300 400)) (sq (line-length 200 500))))_ find another way to get the same result here
. Definition
(define (distance
<u>(sqrt (+ (sq (line-length px cx)</u> (sq (line-length py cy))))

DESIGN RECIPE

Word Problem: collide

	Write a function collide? , which takes FOUR inputs: px: The x-coordinate of the player py: The y-coordinate of the player cx: The x-coordinate of another game character cy: The y-coordinate of another game character It should return true if the coordinates of the player are within 75 pixels of the coordinates of the other character. Otherwise, false.
•	Contract+Purpose Statement
-	llide? :number number number number> _true name Domain Range
;_Take	es player-x, player-y, character-x, character-y and returns true if characters are colliding What does the function do?
	Give Examples
(EXAM	NPLE (collide? 100 200 300 400) Use the function here
·	(< (distance 100 200 300 400) 75)) find another way to get the same result here
(EXAM	MPLE (collide? 300 500 200 400) Use the function here
	(< (distance 300 500 200 400) 75)) find another way to get the same result here
	Definition
(defi	ine (_collide?px py cx cy) function name variable names (< (distance px py cx cy) 75))

Catchy Intro: Feel like you never get enough to eat? So does Leo. Come catch your prey,
and escape the zookeeper!
Name, Age, Grade: Jessica Programmer , 12 , 7 th grade
Game Title: Run for your Supper
Back Story:One day, a young lion was sitting in his cage. He saw an escaped gazelle come
running past. It was lunch time, and he was hungry, so he leapt out to catch food. He has
to run fast to grab food and escape the evil zookeeper.
Characters: Player: Leo the lion.
Danger: Zoe Zookeeper.
Target: Gary Gazelle
Explain a piece of your code: My update-danger function takes in the current x coordinate of
the gazelle, and adds 50 to it. This moves the gazelle 50 pixels to the right.

		_
		_
		_
		_
-		
		_

Presentation Feedback For each question, circle the answer that fits best. Definitely! No way! A little. Was the introduction catchy? Definitely! Did they talk about their characters? No way! A little. Did they explain the code well? No way! Definitely! A little. Did they speak slowly enough? No way! Definitely! A little. Did they speak loudly enough? No way! A little. Definitely! Were they standing confidently? No way! A little. Definitely! Did they make eye contact? No way! A little. Definitely!

Presentation Feedback For each question, circle the answer that fits best.					
Was the introduction catchy?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!		
Did they talk about their characters?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!		
Did they explain the code well?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!		
Did they speak slowly enough?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!		
Did they speak loudly enough?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!		
Were they standing confidently?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!		
Did they make eye contact?	No way!	A little.	Definitely!		

Word Problem: red-shape

Write a function called <u>red-shape</u>, which takes in the name of a shape ("circle", "triangle", "star" or "rectangle"), and draws that shape. All shapes should be solid and red, and can be whatever size you choose

. Contract+Purpose Statement				
•	>image omain Range			
On the computer, write an example of your function already been done for you.	for <u>each shape</u> , using EXAMPLE. The first one ha			
(EXAMPLE <u>(red-shape</u> "circle" Use the function here) (circle 50 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (<u>red-shape "triangle"</u>) Use the function here	(triangle 50 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (_red-shape "star") Use the function here	(star 50 "solid" "red)) What should the function produce?			
(EXAMPLE (_red-shape "rectangle") Use the function here	(rectangle 50 90 "solid" "red")) What should the function produce?			
. Definition Write the Definition, giving variable names to (define (_red-shapesha function name (cond	•			
(string=? "circle" shape)	(circle 50 "solid" "red")			
(string=? "triangle" shape)	(triangle 50 "solid" "red")			
(string=? "star" shape)	(star 50 "solid" "red")			
(string=? "square" shape)	(rectangle 50 50 "solid" "red")			
else	(circle 50 "solid" "red")			

Translating into Algebra...

Values: Translate the Racket Code into Algebra					
Racket Code	Algebra				
(define x 10)	x = 10				
(define y (* x 2))	y = x*2				
(define z (+ x y))	z = x + y				
(define age 14)	age = 14				
(define months (* age 12))	months = age * 12				
(define days (* months 30))	days = months * 30				
(define hours (* days 24))	hours = days * 24				
(define minutes (* hours 60))	minutes = hours * 60				
Functions: Translate the Racket Code into Algebra					
<pre>(define (double x) (* x 2))</pre>	double(x) = x*2				
<pre>(define (area length width) (* length width))</pre>	area(length, width) = length * width				
<pre>(define (circle-area radius) (* pi (sq radius)))</pre>	circle-area(radius) = pi * radius²				
(define (distance x1 y1 x2 y2) (sqrt (+ (sq (- x1 x2)) (sq (- y1 y2))))	distance(x1, y1, x2, y2) = $\sqrt{(xI-x2)^2+(yI-y2)^2}$				

Word Problem

A rocket is flying from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the distance D rocket train has traveled, as a function of time t

	Contract+Pi	ırpose 🤉	Statemer	nt				
Every	contract has	three pa	arts:					
•	D	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	sec	onds		->	_miles	
, —	name				Domain		Range	
	.							
	Give Examp				la familia			
write	an example o	t your t	unction t	or <u>some</u>	sample inputs			
	D(1)		o^ *	1				
llee th	D(1)		<u>80 *</u>		uld the function produce?			
ose tn	e function here			What shot	uld the function produce?			
	D(2)-		80 *	2				
Uso th	D(Z) = e function here		_60		uld the function produce?			
ose tii	e function here			WHAL SHOU	uta the function produce:			
	D(3)	=	80 *	3				
llse th	e function here		_60		uld the function produce?			
OSC til	e ranction nere			**************************************	ata the function produce:			
	D(10)	=	80 *	10				
Use th	e function here				uld the function produce?			
				.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
•	Definition							
	Write the fo	rmula, s	giving vai	riable na	mes to all your input val	lues.		
D(·	t) = 80 *	' †						
	,	•						

Word Problem

A rocket is traveling from Earth to Mars at 80 miles per second. Write a function that describes the *time* the rocket has been traveling, as a function of *distance*.

. Contract+Pu Every contract has t			t
;time name		_•	miles>seconds Domain Range
. Give Example of Write an example of		ınction fo	or <u>some sample inputs</u>
time(1)	=	1/80	
Use the function here		_	What should the function produce?
time(0)	=	0/80	
Use the function here			What should the function produce?
time(3)	=	3/80	
Use the function here			What should the function produce?
time(10)	=	10/8	0
Use the function here			What should the function produce?
. Definition Write the Fo	rmula, g	giving var	riable names to all your input values.
time(d)		= d	/ 80

Word Problem

A rocket leaves Earth, headed for Mars at 80 miles per second. **At the exact same time**, an asteroid leaves Mars traveling towards Earth, moving at 70 miles per second. If the distance from the Earth to Mars is 50,000,000 miles, how long will it take for them to meet?

. Contract+Pu	irpose S	tatement			
Every contract has t	hree pa	rts:			
; _collide		:distance_		> _time	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
name			Domain	Range	
Civo Evamo	los				
Write an example of		ınction for <u>some sam</u>	nnle innuts		
write an example of	i your io	inction for <u>some sam</u>	ipic iripucs		
collide(0)	=	0 /150			
Use the function here			he function produce?		
collide(300)	=	300/150			
Use the function here		What should t	he function produce?		
47000					
<u>collide(5000)</u>	=	<u>5000/150</u>			
Use the function here		What should t	he function produce?		
II: 1 /400000		100000 /150			
collide(100000	<u>) = </u>	_ <u>100000/150</u> _			
Use the function here		What should t	he function produce?		
. Definition					
	rmula, g	giving variable names	s to all your input val	ues.	
	, -	, 5	, p		
collide(d)		= d/150			
		-			