

Roll Number: _____

Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
AUXILIARY EXAMINATION

B. E. (COE/CSE)

12th Aug., 2024

Monday, Time- 5:30 PM

Time: 3 Hours, Max Marks: 100

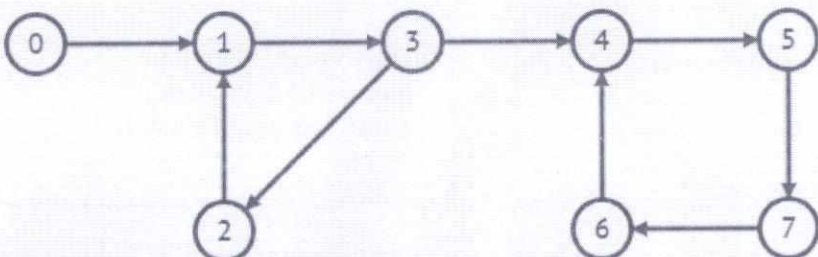
Course Code: UCS301

Course Name: Data Structures

Name of Faculty: Dr Simranjit Kaur

Note: Answer all sub-parts of each question at one place. Do mention Page No. of your attempt at front page of your answer sheet. Assume missing data (if any).

Q1	<p>a) Determine the worst case time complexity of the following functions by finding the frequency i.e. the number of times each statement executes:</p> <table><tr><td><pre>i) fun1(n) { int i, j, k = 0; for (i = n / 2; i <= n; i++) { for (j = 2; j <= n; j = j * 2) k = k + n / 2; } }</pre></td><td><pre>ii) fun2 (n) { for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) for (int j = 1; j <= 8; j = j + 1) printf ("Passion"); }</pre></td></tr></table> <p>b) Given the base address of an array A[1300 1900] as 1020 and the size of each element is 2 bytes in the memory, find the address of A[1700], A[1800] and A[1900].</p> <p>c) Write an algorithm to insert and delete an element from an array of integers. What will be the time complexity of insertion and deletion at the beginning of an array?</p>	<pre>i) fun1(n) { int i, j, k = 0; for (i = n / 2; i <= n; i++) { for (j = 2; j <= n; j = j * 2) k = k + n / 2; } }</pre>	<pre>ii) fun2 (n) { for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) for (int j = 1; j <= 8; j = j + 1) printf ("Passion"); }</pre>	(4) (6) (10)																				
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Q2	<p>a) Consider the following sequence of operations on an empty stack - push(20), push(17), pop(), push(35), push(62), m = pop() and the following sequence of operations on an empty queue - enqueue(31), enqueue(25), dequeue(), enqueue (18), enqueue(61), n = dequeue(). What will be output of m + n? You need to show the content of stack and queue during these operations.</p> <p>b) Write the pseudocode to evaluate postfix expression using stack as an intermediate data structure. Show contents of the stack at each intermediate step to evaluate following postfix expression: 3, 8, +, 9, 3, /, -</p> <p>c) Write the pseudocode to sort an array of integers using bubble sort algorithm. Show the execution steps of bubble sort algorithm on the following unsorted array: 7, 12, 9, 11, 3, 21, 5</p>	(4) (6) (10)																						
Q3	<p>a) What will be output of the following function on a linked list 1->2->3->4->5->6->7->8? The start variable is pointing to the first node of the list and each node of the list has data field and next pointer field.</p> <table><tr><td><pre>void fun3(struct node* start) { if(start == NULL) return; printf("%d ", start->data);</pre></td><td><pre>if(start->next != NULL) fun(start->next->next); printf("%d ", start->data); }</pre></td></tr></table> <p>b) A hash table of length 10 uses open addressing with hash function $h(k)=k \bmod 10$, and linear probing. After inserting 6 values into an empty hash table, the table is as shown below. Write down a possible order in which the key values could have been inserted in the table?</p> <table><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>42</td><td>23</td><td>34</td><td>52</td><td>46</td><td>33</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> <p>c) Write down a C function which takes a simply-linked list as input argument. It should modifies the list by moving the last element to the front of the list and returns the modified list.</p>	<pre>void fun3(struct node* start) { if(start == NULL) return; printf("%d ", start->data);</pre>	<pre>if(start->next != NULL) fun(start->next->next); printf("%d ", start->data); }</pre>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			42	23	34	52	46	33			(4)
<pre>void fun3(struct node* start) { if(start == NULL) return; printf("%d ", start->data);</pre>	<pre>if(start->next != NULL) fun(start->next->next); printf("%d ", start->data); }</pre>																							
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Q4	<p>a) Write the pseudocode to perform the following operations on a Doubly ended queue: (i) Insert at the front end and (ii) Delete from the rear end. (4)</p> <p>b) Apply suitable data structure to convert following infix expressions to postfix expressions: (6)</p> <p>i) $((A + B) * (C - D) + E) / (F + G)$</p> <p>ii) $(A + B * (C - D)) / E$</p> <p>c) Given a function fun4 which takes two arguments (an integer k and a queue of integers) and reverse the order of the first k elements of the queue, leaving the other elements in the same relative order. Write down missing lines of code (1-5) in a function. (10)</p> <div><pre>queue fun4(queue q, int k) { solve(q, k); int s = q.size() - k; while (s-- > 0) { int x = q.front(); _____1_____; _____2_____; } return q; }</pre><pre>void solve(queue & q, int k) { if (k == 0) return; _____3_____; _____4_____; solve(q, k - 1); _____5_____; }</pre></div>	(4) (6) (10)																									
Q5	<p>a) Insert the given numbers into an empty binary search tree in the order 10, 1, 3, 5, 15, 12, 16. Show the reconstructed binary search tree after the deletion of a node 10. What is the height of the tree after the deletion operation? (4)</p> <p>b) Write down the Kruskal's algorithm to find the minimum spanning tree of a graph. Consider a complete undirected graph with vertex set {0, 1, 2, 3, 4}. Entry W_{ij} in the matrix W below is the weight of the edge {i, j}. What is the minimum possible weight of a spanning tree T in this graph such that vertex 0 is a leaf node in the tree T? (6)</p> <table border="1"><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>8</td><td>1</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>12</td><td>4</td><td>9</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>12</td><td>0</td><td>7</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>4</td><td>7</td><td>0</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>9</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>0</td></tr></table> <p>c) What will be the adjacency list and adjacency matrix of a below given graph? Write down procedure for Breadth-First-Search traversal of a graph. Show step-by-step execution of Breadth-First-Search procedure for the given graph (consider 0 as source vertex) and write the possible order of visiting the nodes. (10)</p> 	0	1	8	1	4	1	0	12	4	9	8	12	0	7	3	1	4	7	0	2	4	9	3	2	0	(4) (6) (10)
0	1	8	1	4																							
1	0	12	4	9																							
8	12	0	7	3																							
1	4	7	0	2																							
4	9	3	2	0																							