

The background features a dark blue-to-purple gradient with abstract white and light blue geometric patterns. These include concentric circles, arcs, and degree markings (40, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260) on the left side, suggesting a technical or design theme.

AJAX 程式設計

AJAX PROGRAMMING

DESIGN

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GOOGLE FIREBASE

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FIREBASE

FIREBASE

- 帳號認證
- 資料庫
- 資料儲存
- 架站
- Functions

FIREBASE-DATABASE

- <https://console.firebase.google.com/>



建立專案

× 建立專案(步驟 3 之 1)

先從專案名稱開始吧

專案名稱

test

test-6b4d5

☒ 我接受 [Firebase 條款](#)

繼續

× 建立專案(步驟 3 之 3)

設定 Google Analytics (分析)

數據分析位置 ⓘ

台灣

資料共用設定和 Google Analytics (分析) 條款

☒ 使用預設的 Google Analytics (分析) 資料共用設定。 [Learn more](#)

- ✓ 將 Analytics (分析) 資料提供給 Google，協助我們改善產品和服務
- ✓ 將 Analytics (分析) 資料提供給 Google，以便啟用基礎化功能
- ✓ 提供 Analytics (分析) 資料給 Google 以取得技術支援
- ✓ 將 Analytics (分析) 資料提供給 Google 帳戶專家

☒ 我接受《[評估服務控管者與控管者的資料保護條款](#)》，並確認本人必須遵守《[歐盟地區使用者同意授權政策](#)》。如想提供 Google Analytics (分析) 資料來改善 Google 產品和服務，您必須勾選這個核取方塊。 [瞭解詳情](#)

☒ 我接受 [Google Analytics \(分析\) 的條款](#)

建立專案時，系統會建立新的 Google Analytics (分析) 資源，並將該資源連結至您的 Firebase 專案。連結完成後，資料就能在產品之間流通。從 Google Analytics (分析) 資源匯出到 Firebase 的資料需符合 Firebase 《[服務條款](#)》的規定；而匯入 Google Analytics (分析) 的 Firebase 資料則需符合 Google Analytics (分析) 《[服務條款](#)》的規定。 [瞭解詳情](#)。

上一步

建立專案

× 建立專案(步驟 3 之 2)

適用於 Firebase 專案的 Google Analytics (分析)

Google Analytics (分析) 是一項沒有用量限制的免費資料分析解決方案，能讓您在使用 Firebase Crashlytics、雲端通訊、應用程式內通訊、遠端設定、A/B 測試、預測和 Cloud Functions 等功能時，執行指定目標和查看報表等動作。

Google Analytics (分析) 提供以下功能：

-  A/B 測試 ⓘ
-  所有 Firebase 產品中的使用者區隔和指定目標功能 ⓘ
-  預測使用者行為 ⓘ
-  未受當機情況影響的使用者 ⓘ
-  以事件為基礎的 Cloud Functions 觸發條件 ⓘ
-  沒有用量限制的免費報表功能 ⓘ

☒ 啟用這項專案的 Google Analytics (分析) 功能
建議選項

上一步

繼續

建立資料庫



The screenshot shows the Firebase console interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with the 'Database' option highlighted with a red box. The main area has a blue header with 'test' and a 'Spark 方案' button. Below the header, a large blue banner features the text '將 Firebase 新增至應用程式即可開始使用' (Add Firebase to your app to get started) and icons for iOS, Android, and web. An illustration of two people interacting with a smartphone is also present. At the bottom, a white box contains the text '在數毫秒內即可儲存及同步處理應用程式資料' (Store and sync app data in milliseconds) and two service cards: 'Authentication' (with a purple background and ID card icon) and 'Cloud Firestore' (with an orange background and server icon).

test Spark 方案

將 Firebase 新增至應用程式即可開始使用

iOS Android </>

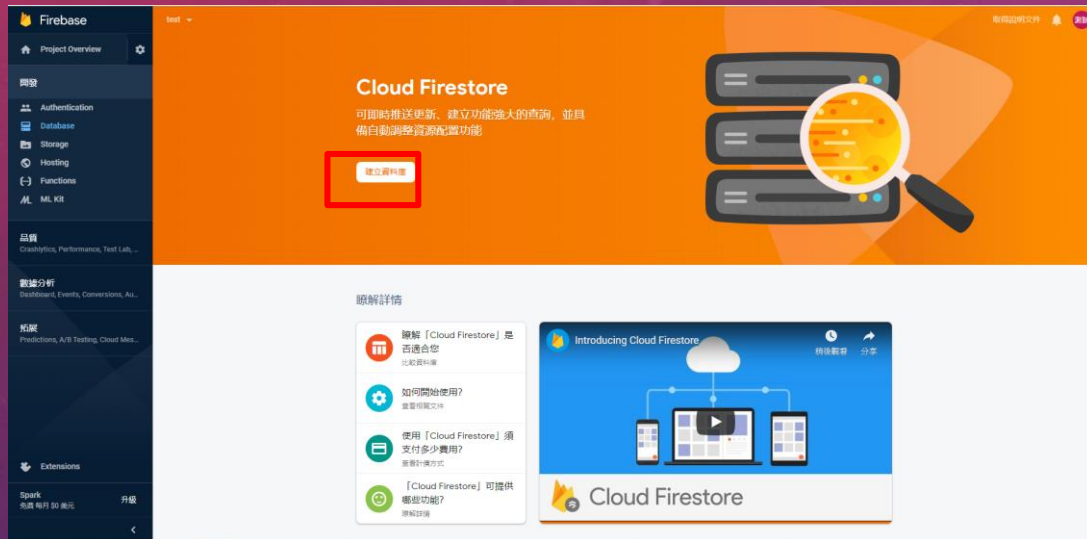
首先請新增應用程式

在數毫秒內即可儲存及同步處理應用程式資料

Authentication
驗證及管理使用者

Cloud Firestore
可即時推送更新、建立功能強大的查詢，並具備自動調整資源配置功能

建立資料庫



建立資料庫

1 Cloud Firestore 的安全規則 — 2 設定 Cloud Firestore 位置

定義資料結構之後，您必須撰寫規則來保護資料。

[瞭解詳情](#)

☐ 開始正式版模式

您的資料在預設情況下為私人資料。系統只會根據您在安全性規則中指定的設定來授予用戶讀/寫權限。

☒ 以測試模式啟動

為了啟用快速設定功能，您的資料在預設情況下為公開資料。如果您未更新安全性規則，系統會在 30 天後拒絕用戶讀/寫權限。

```
rules_version = '2';
service cloud.firestore {
  match /databases/{database}/documents {
    match /{document=**} {
      allow read, write: if
        request.time < timestamp.date(2020, 1, 8);
    }
  }
}
```

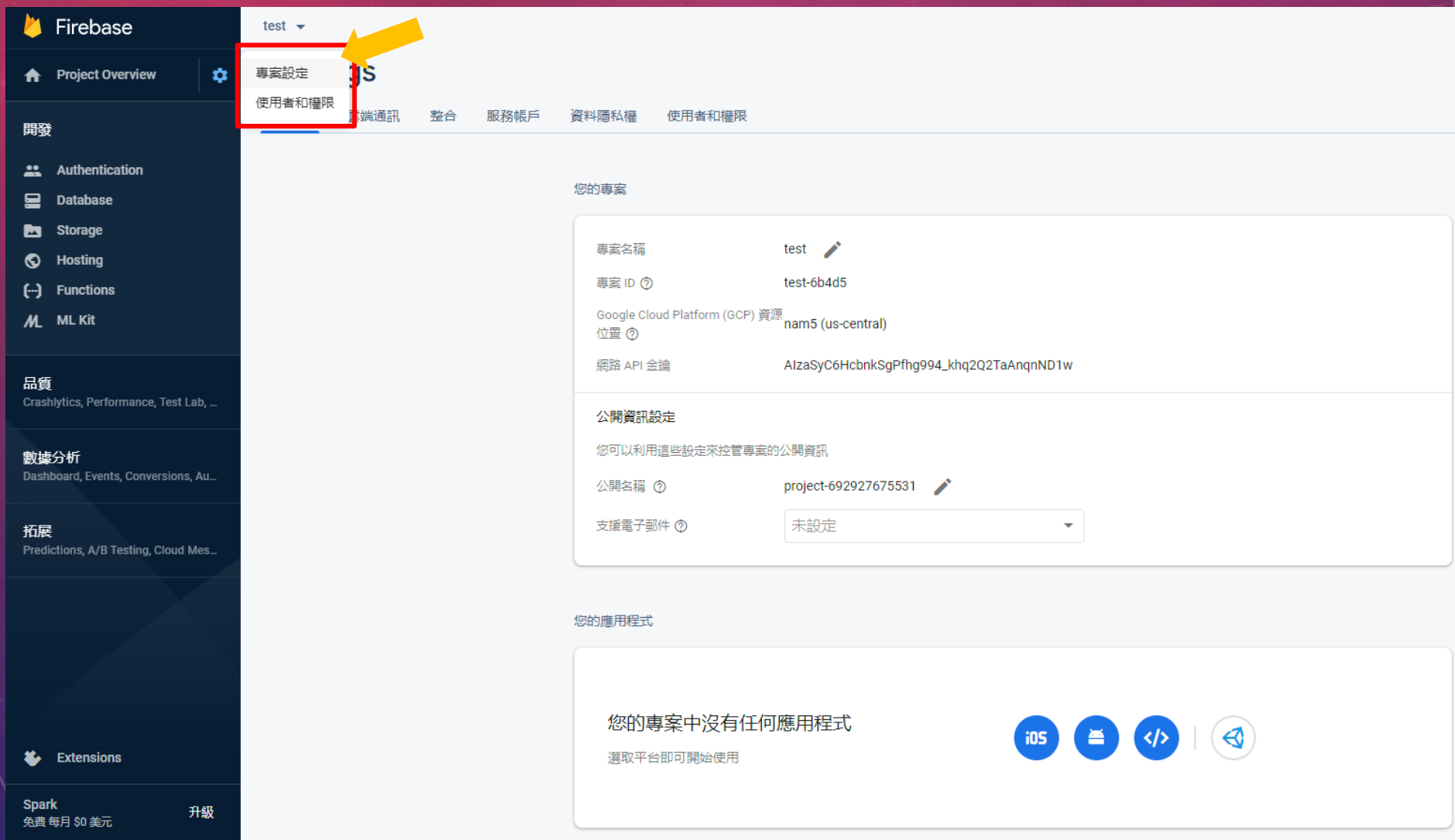
! 擁有您資料庫參考資料的所有使用者都能能在 30 天內讀取或寫入您的資料庫

啟用 Cloud Firestore 之後，您將無法在這項專案中使用 Cloud Datastore，更無法使用相關聯的 App Engine 應用程式

取消

下一步

取得WEB接口



The screenshot displays the Firebase console interface. On the left sidebar, the '專案設定' (Project Settings) option is highlighted with a red box and a yellow arrow. The main content area shows the 'test' project details, including the project name, ID, Google Cloud Platform (GCP) resource location, and network API key. Below this, the '公開資訊設定' (Public Information Settings) section is visible, showing the public name and support email. At the bottom, a message states '您的專案中沒有任何應用程式' (No applications in your project) with icons for iOS, Android, Web, and Cloud Functions.

test

專案設定

使用者和權限

專案設定

專案 ID

test-6b4d5

Google Cloud Platform (GCP) 資源位置

nam5 (us-central)

網路 API 金鑰

AlzaSyC6HcbnkSgPfHg994_khq2Q2TaAnqnND1w

公開資訊設定

您可以利用這些設定來控管專案的公開資訊

公開名稱

project-692927675531

支援電子郵件

未設定

您的應用程式

您的專案中沒有任何應用程式

選擇平台即可開始使用

iOS

Android

Web

Cloud Functions

取得WEB接口

The screenshot displays the Firebase console interface. On the left, a dark sidebar contains navigation links for 'Project Overview', 'Authentication', 'Database', 'Storage', 'Hosting', 'Functions', 'ML Kit', '品質' (Quality), '數據分析' (Data Analysis), '拓展' (Extensions), and 'Spark'. The main content area is titled 'test' and shows project details under the '專案設定' (Project Settings) tab. These details include the project name 'test', ID 'test-6b4d5', GCP resource 'nam5 (us-central)', and API key. Below this, the '公開資訊設定' (Public Information Settings) section is visible. At the bottom, a message states '您的專案中沒有任何應用程式' (No apps in your project), and a row of platform icons (iOS, Android, Web, etc.) is shown. The 'Web' icon, represented by a code symbol '</>', is highlighted with a red square and a yellow arrow pointing to it.

test ▾

專案設定 專案設定 使用者和權限 雲端通訊 整合 服務帳戶 資料隱私權 使用者和權限

您的專案

專案名稱 test ✎

專案 ID ① test-6b4d5

Google Cloud Platform (GCP) 資源 位置 ① nam5 (us-central)

網路 API 金鑰 AlzaSyC6HcbnkSgPfhg994_khq2Q2TaAnqnND1w

公開資訊設定

您可以利用這些設定來控管專案的公開資訊

公開名稱 ② project-692927675531 ✎

支援電子郵件 ② 未設定 ▾

您的應用程式

您的專案中沒有任何應用程式

選取平台即可開始使用

iOS Android **</>** Web

取得WEB接口

× 將 Firebase 新增至您的網路應用程式

- 1 註冊應用程式
- 2 新增 Firebase SDK

您在使用任何 Firebase 服務之前，請先複製這些指令碼並貼到 <body> 標記的最下方處：

```
<!-- The core Firebase JS SDK is always required and must be listed first -->
<script src="https://www.gstatic.com/firebasejs/7.5.2/firebase-app.js"></script>

<!-- TODO: Add SDKs for Firebase products that you want to use
https://firebase.google.com/docs/web/setup#available-libraries -->
<script src="https://www.gstatic.com/firebasejs/7.5.2/firebase-analytics.js"></script>

<script>
  // Your web app's Firebase configuration
  var firebaseConfig = {
    apiKey: "test-6b4d5.firebaseio.com",
    authDomain: "test-6b4d5.firebaseio.com",
    databaseURL: "https://test-6b4d5.firebaseio.com",
    projectId: "test-6b4d5",
    storageBucket: "test-6b4d5.appspot.com",
    messagingSenderId: "692927675531",
    appId: "test-6b4d5.firebaseio.com",
    measurementId: "test-6b4d5.firebaseio.com"
  };
  // Initialize Firebase
  firebase.initializeApp(firebaseConfig);
  firebase.analytics();
</script>
```

如要進一步瞭解適用於網頁應用程式的 Firebase，請查看下列資源：[開始使用](#)、[Web SDK API 參考資料](#)、[使用範例](#)

[前往主控台](#)

變更 REALTIME DATABASE 權限

The screenshot shows the Firebase console interface. On the left sidebar, the 'Database' option is highlighted. The main content area shows the 'Database' page with tabs for '資料', '規則', and '備份'. The '規則' (Rules) tab is active, displaying a warning message: '預設安全性規則處於鎖定狀態，無法存取' (Default security rules are in a locked state and cannot be accessed). Below the warning, the security rules are shown in a code editor. The current rules are:

```
1 {  
2   /* Visit https://firebase.google.com/docs/database/security to learn more about security rules. */  
3   "rules": {  
4     ".read": false,  
5     ".write": false  
6   }  
7 }
```

A yellow arrow points to the '.read': false, '.write': false rule. Another yellow arrow points to the '.read': true, '.write': true rule, which is the target of the change.

EXAMPLE-WRITE

```
<script>
var db = firebase.database();

function writeUserData(userId, name, email, webUrl) {

    // 這個例子是會創一個 users 的 collection

    db.ref('/users/' + userId).set({
        username: name,
        email: email,
        personal_website: webUrl
    })
    .then(function () {alert("建立成功");})
    .catch(function () {alert("伺服器發生錯誤，請稍後再試");});
}

//writeUserData(1, 'Gary', 'gary@nutc.edu.tw', 'http://gary.tw')
//writeUserData(2, 'Jason', 'jason@nutc.edu.tw', 'http://jason.tw')
</script>

<body>
    <button onclick="writeUserData(1, 'Gary', 'gary@nutc.edu.tw', 'http://gary.tw')"> write</button>
</body>
```



EXAMPLE-READ

```
<script>
function readUserData(userId) {
  db.ref('/users/' + userId).once('value', function (snapshot) {
    var data = snapshot.val();
    console.log(data);
  });
}
</script>

<body>
  <button onclick="readUserData(1)"> read</button>
</body>
```

延伸閱讀

<https://firebase.google.com/docs/database/web/start>

 **Firebase**

ProductsUse CasesPricing**Docs**Support

Q 搜尋前往控制台登入

Documentation

OVERVIEWGUIDESREFERENCESAMPLESLIBRARIES傳送意見

Announcing Cloud Firestore (beta): Try the new, scalable, flexible database from Firebase and Google Cloud Platform. [Learn more about Cloud Firestore.](#)

Guides

Set up and manage a project

Analytics

DEVELOP

Authentication

Realtime Database

- Introduction
- Choose a Database
 - iOS
 - Android
 - Web
 - Get Started**
 - Structure Data
 - Read and Write Data
 - Work with Lists of Data
 - Enable Offline Capabilities
 - Admin
 - REST
 - C++
 - Unity
 - Security & Rules

Installation & Setup in JavaScript

☆☆☆☆☆

The **Firebase Realtime Database** is a cloud-hosted database. Data is stored as JSON and synchronized in realtime to every connected client. When you build cross-platform apps with our Android, iOS, and JavaScript SDKs, all of your clients share one Realtime Database instance and automatically receive updates with the newest data.

Prerequisites

1. [Add and configure the Firebase JavaScript client SDK](#) into your app.

★ **Note:** Our SDKs have changed. If you are upgrading from a 2.X version of the Firebase SDK, please read our [upgrade guide for Web / Node.js](#).

Configure Firebase Database Rules

The Realtime Database provides a declarative rules language that allows you to define how your data should be structured, how it should be indexed, and when your data can be read from and written to. By default, read and write access to your database is restricted so only authenticated users can read or write data. To get started without setting up [Authentication](#), you can [configure your rules for public access](#). This does make your database open to anyone, even people not using your app, so be sure to restrict your database again when you set up authentication.

目錄

- Prerequisites
- Configure Firebase Database Rules
- Initialize the Realtime Database JavaScript SDK
- Next Steps

14



GITHUB **P**PAGES





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WEBPAGES

GITHUB

- GitHub可用來管理專案，以及版本控管，是相當方便的平台，甚至也可將開發好模組，放到GitHub給大家來進行下載
- 透過GitHub page可以用來架設HTML的靜態網頁，甚至還支援圖片外連，更酷的是還可綁定網域名稱，因此這對於想用來架設個人作品集，或是一頁式銷售頁，都相當的適合，再加上GitHub的開啟速度相當快與穩定
- GitHub有圖形化工具，無需打任何的指令，就可以在GitHub中，架設起網頁

GITHUB

[Why GitHub?](#)  [Enterprise](#) [Explore](#)  [Marketplace](#) [Pricing](#) 



[Sign in](#) [Sign up](#)

Built for developers

GitHub is a development platform inspired by the way you work. From **open source** to **business**, you can host and review code, manage projects, and build software alongside 40 million developers.

Username

Email

Password

Make sure it's at least 15 characters OR at least 8 characters including a number and a lowercase letter. [Learn more.](#)

Sign up for GitHub

By clicking "Sign up for GitHub", you agree to our [Terms of Service](#) and [Privacy Statement](#). We'll occasionally send you account related emails.



STEP 1

- 登入後，再點「**New**」鈕，先建立一個專案。

The screenshot shows the GitHub homepage. In the top-left sidebar, under the 'Repositories' section, the 'New' button is highlighted with a red rectangle. The main content area features a large light blue box with the text 'Learn Git and GitHub without any code!' and two buttons: 'Read the guide' and 'Start a project'. Below this, there is a feed of repository activity, including forks and stars. The right sidebar contains several promotional banners and a list of repositories to explore.

Repositories

Find a repository...

- jiaweichang/biography
- jiaweichang/20191009
- plusoneee/access.iot
- jiaweichang/jrsp.nutc
- jiaweichang/quickstart-js

Learn Git and GitHub without any code!

Using the Hello World guide, you'll create a repository, start a branch, write comments, and open a pull request.

Read the guide Start a project

motea9 forked motea9/biography from jiaweichang/biography on 8 Oct

jiaweichang/biography

Jupyter Notebook ★ 10 Updated Dec 1

motea9 starred jiaweichang/biography on 8 Oct

jiaweichang/biography

Jupyter Notebook ★ 10 Updated Dec 1

katechang forked katechang/biography from jiaweichang/biography on 21 Sep

jiaweichang/biography

Jupyter Notebook ★ 10 Updated Dec 1

See what's launched at GitHub Universe

Say hello to our new GitHub for mobile experience, get more from GitHub Actions and Packages, and learn how we're shaping the future of software, together.

GitHub Sponsors is out of beta

We're now generally available in 30 countries, with more coming soon.

Securing software together

Introducing new ways to identify and prevent security vulnerabilities across your code base.

Pull Requests and Issues now automatically update as new comments are posted. You no longer need to repeatedly refresh while you're waiting for that pull request to finally be accepted. If you pair this up

Explore repositories

miguelgrinberg/flask

Companion code to my PyCon 2016 "Flask at Scale" tutorial session.

Python ★ 394

heroku-python/flask-sockets

Elegant WebSockets for your Flask apps.

Python ★ 1.6k

closeio/socketshark

A WebSocket message router based on Python/Redis/asyncio

Python ★ 36

Explore more →

STEP 2


- 輸入專案的名稱，以及將下方的核許框，勾起來。

Create a new repository


A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere? [Import a repository.](#)

Owner

Repository name *


 jiaweichang

 /


20191209 

Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about [ideal-eureka?](#)

Description (optional)

☒  Public

Anyone can see this repository. You choose who can commit.


☐  Private

You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Skip this step if you're importing an existing repository.

☒ **Initialize this repository with a README**
This will let you immediately clone the repository to your computer.

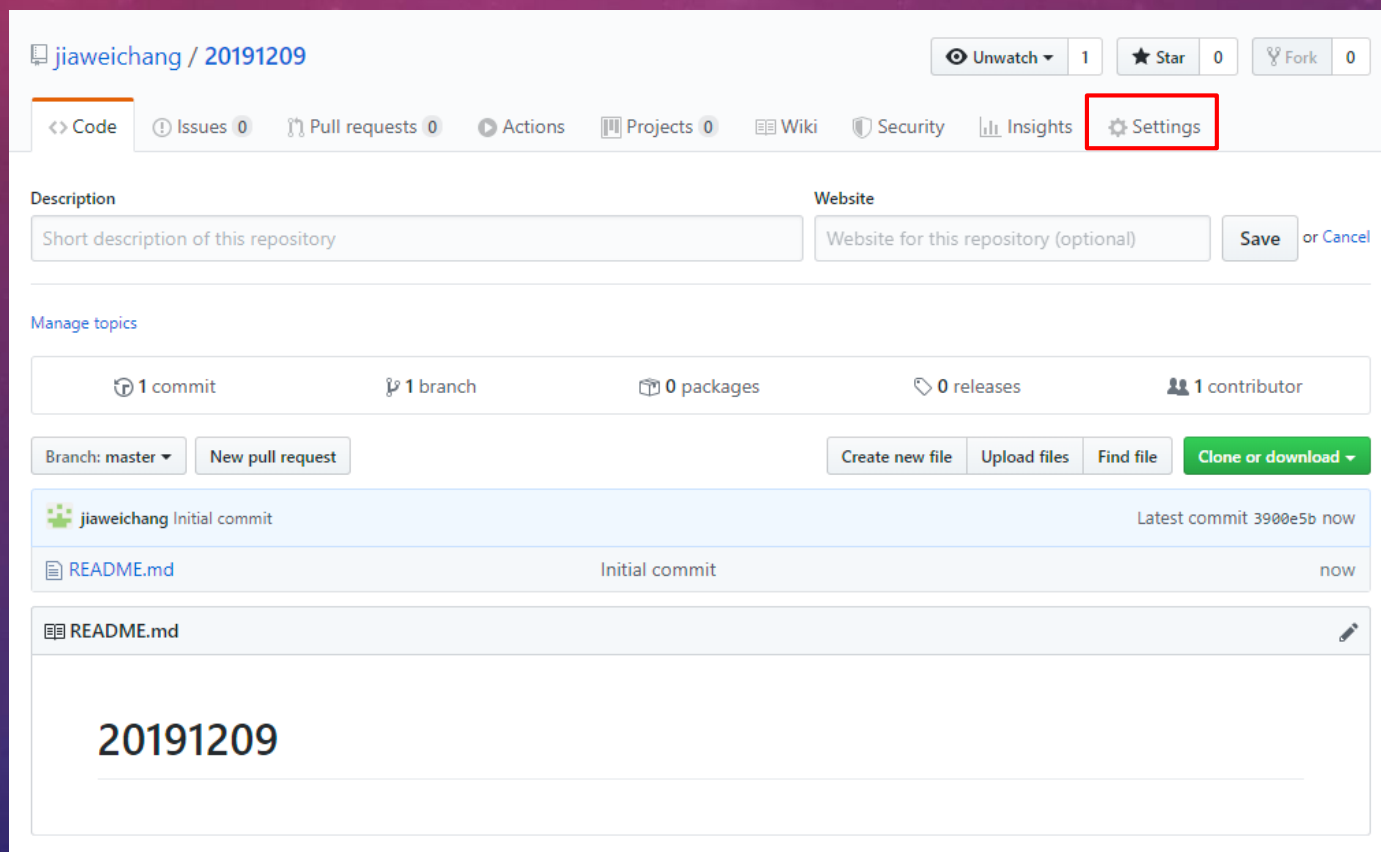
Add .gitignore: **None**

Add a license: **None** 

Create repository

STEP 3

- 當專案建立完畢後，再點上方的「**Settings**」頁籤。



jiaweichang / 20191209

Unwatch 1 Star 0 Fork 0

Code Issues 0 Pull requests 0 Actions Projects 0 Wiki Security Insights **Settings**

Description: Short description of this repository

Website: Website for this repository (optional)

Save or Cancel

Manage topics

1 commit 1 branch 0 packages 0 releases 1 contributor

Branch: master New pull request Create new file Upload files Find file Clone or download

jiaweichang Initial commit Latest commit 3900e5b now

README.md Initial commit now

README.md

20191209

STEP 4

- 在頁面找到「**GitHub Pages**」的選項後，點下方的「**Choose a theme**」鈕。

GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository.

Source
GitHub Pages is currently disabled. Select a source below to enable GitHub Pages for this repository. [Learn more.](#)

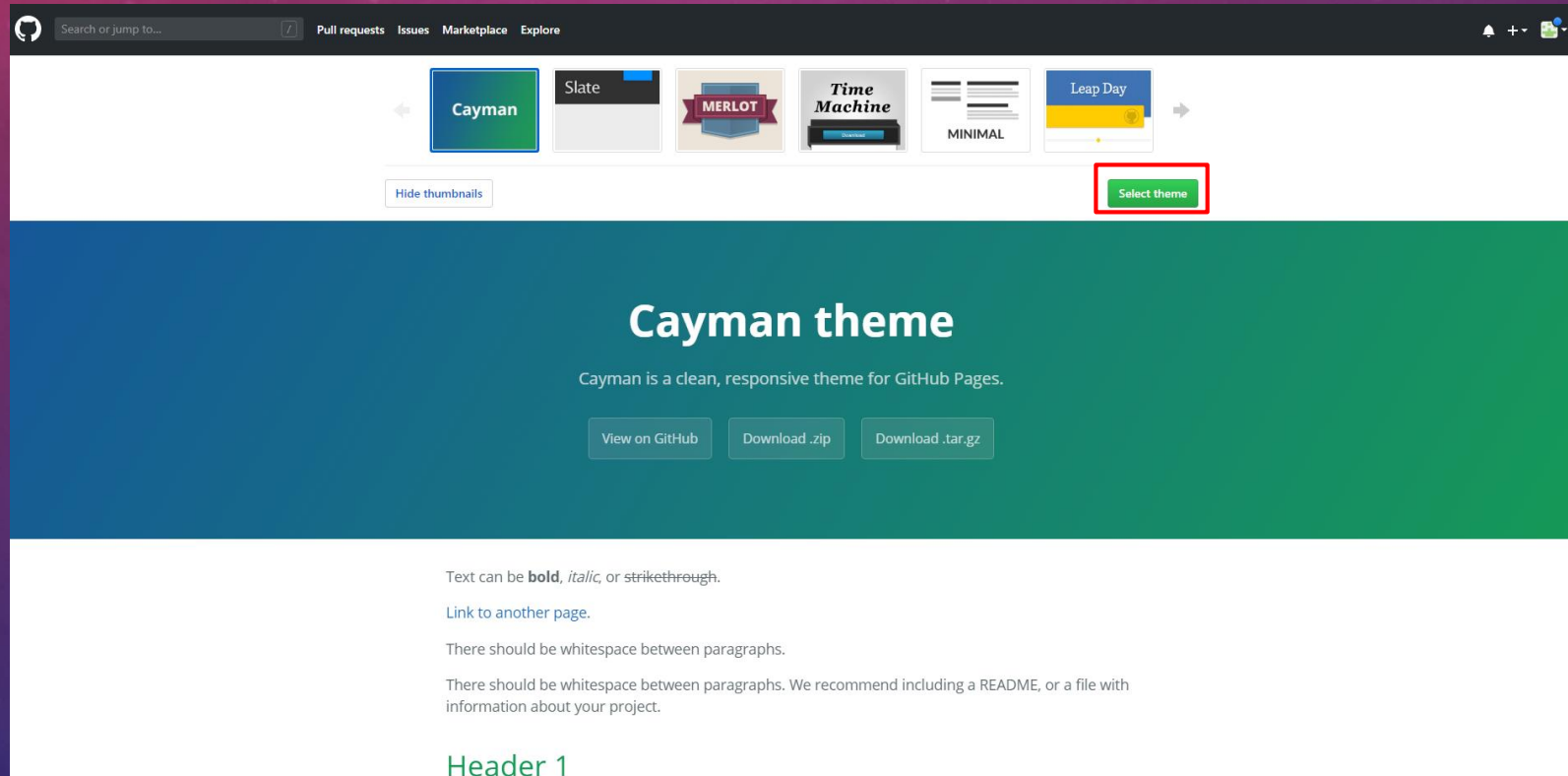
None ▾

Theme Chooser
Select a theme to publish your site with a Jekyll theme using the master branch. [Learn more.](#)

Choose a theme

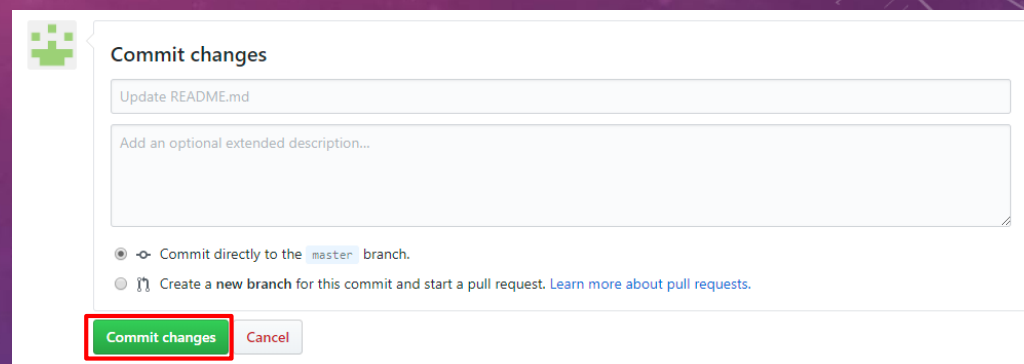
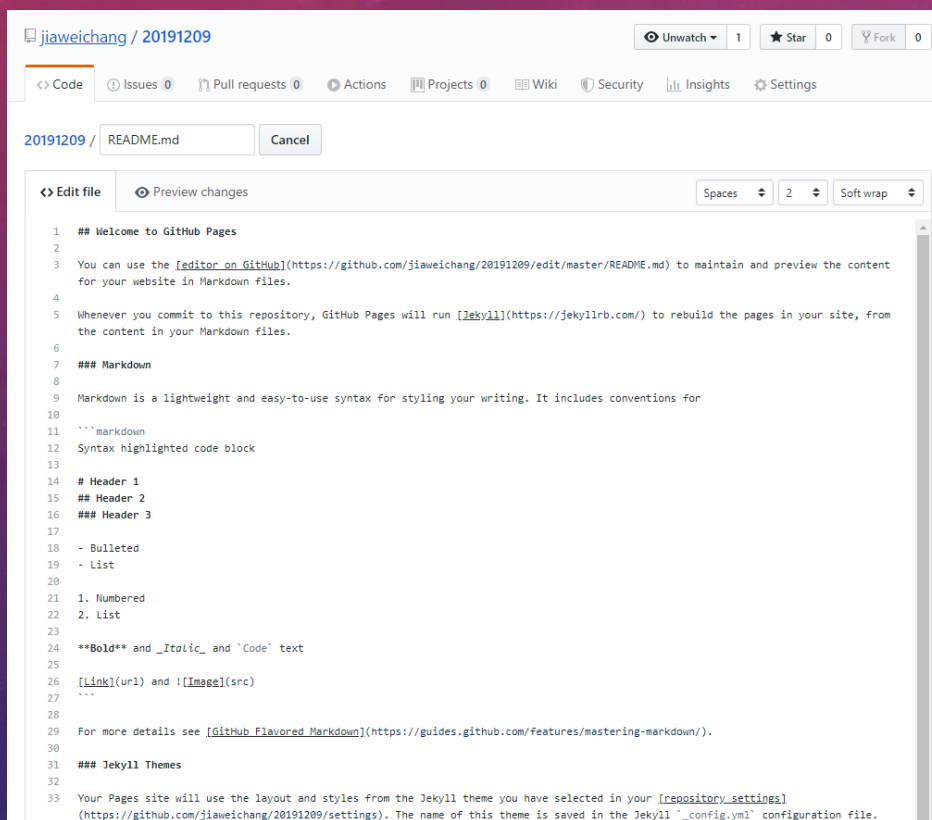
STEP 5

- 隨便選一個佈景主題。



STEP 6

- 當建立好後，上方面就會顯示GitHub Pages外部連結，**https://帳號 + github.io/專案名稱**。



STEP 7

- 已建立好靜態頁面的空間。

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for the user 'jiaweichang' and the repository '20191209'. The repository is currently empty, with no description, website, or topics provided. The repository statistics show 3 commits, 1 branch, 0 packages, 0 releases, 1 environment, and 1 contributor. The repository is on the 'master' branch, and there is a 'New pull request' button. The repository contains three files: 'README.md', '_config.yml', and 'Set theme jekyll-theme-cayman'. The 'README.md' file is selected, and its content is displayed. The content of 'README.md' is a welcome message to GitHub Pages, explaining how to use the editor and how GitHub Pages will rebuild the pages in the site. It also includes a section on Markdown syntax, showing examples of header levels (Header 1, Header 2, Header 3).

jiaweichang / 20191209

Unwatch 1 Star 0 Fork 0

<> Code Issues 0 Pull requests 0 Actions Projects 0 Wiki Security Insights Settings

No description, website, or topics provided. Edit

Manage topics

3 commits 1 branch 0 packages 0 releases 1 environment 1 contributor

Branch: master New pull request Create new file Upload files Find file Clone or download

jiaweichang Update README.md Latest commit ffb4771 2 minutes ago

README.md Set theme jekyll-theme-cayman 3 minutes ago

_config.yml Set theme jekyll-theme-cayman 3 minutes ago

README.md

Welcome to GitHub Pages

You can use the [editor on GitHub](#) to maintain and preview the content for your website in Markdown files.

Whenever you commit to this repository, GitHub Pages will run [Jekyll](#) to rebuild the pages in your site, from the content in your Markdown files.

Markdown

Markdown is a lightweight and easy-to-use syntax for styling your writing. It includes conventions for

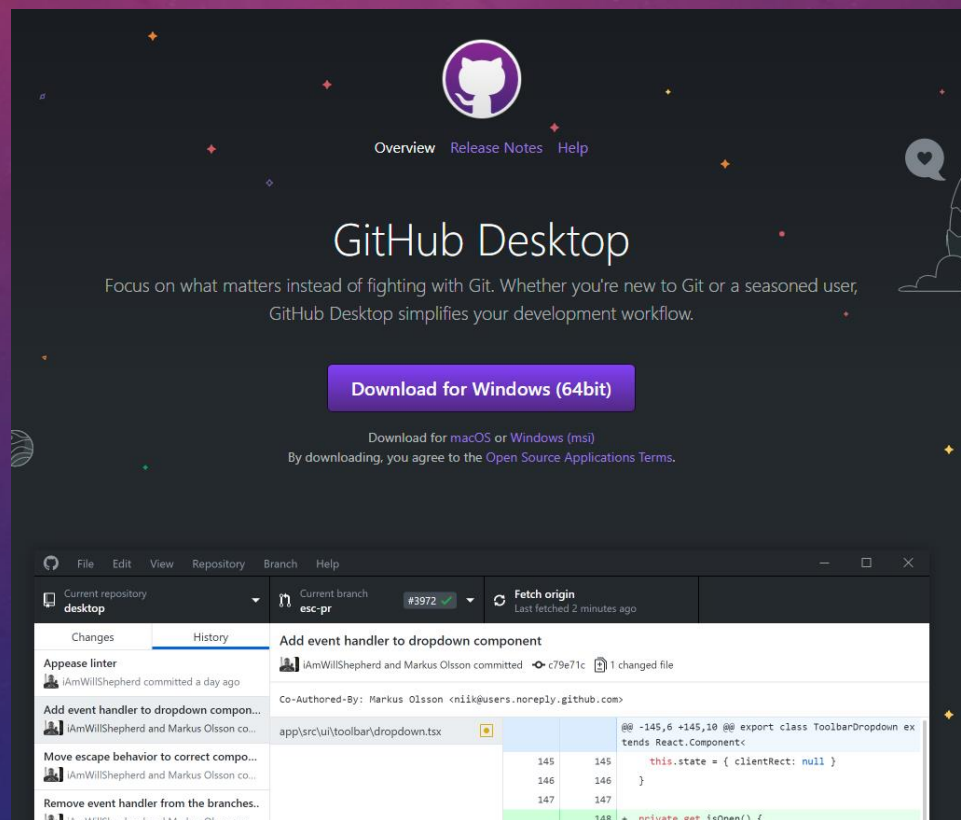
```
Syntax highlighted code block

# Header 1
## Header 2
### Header 3
```


STEP 8

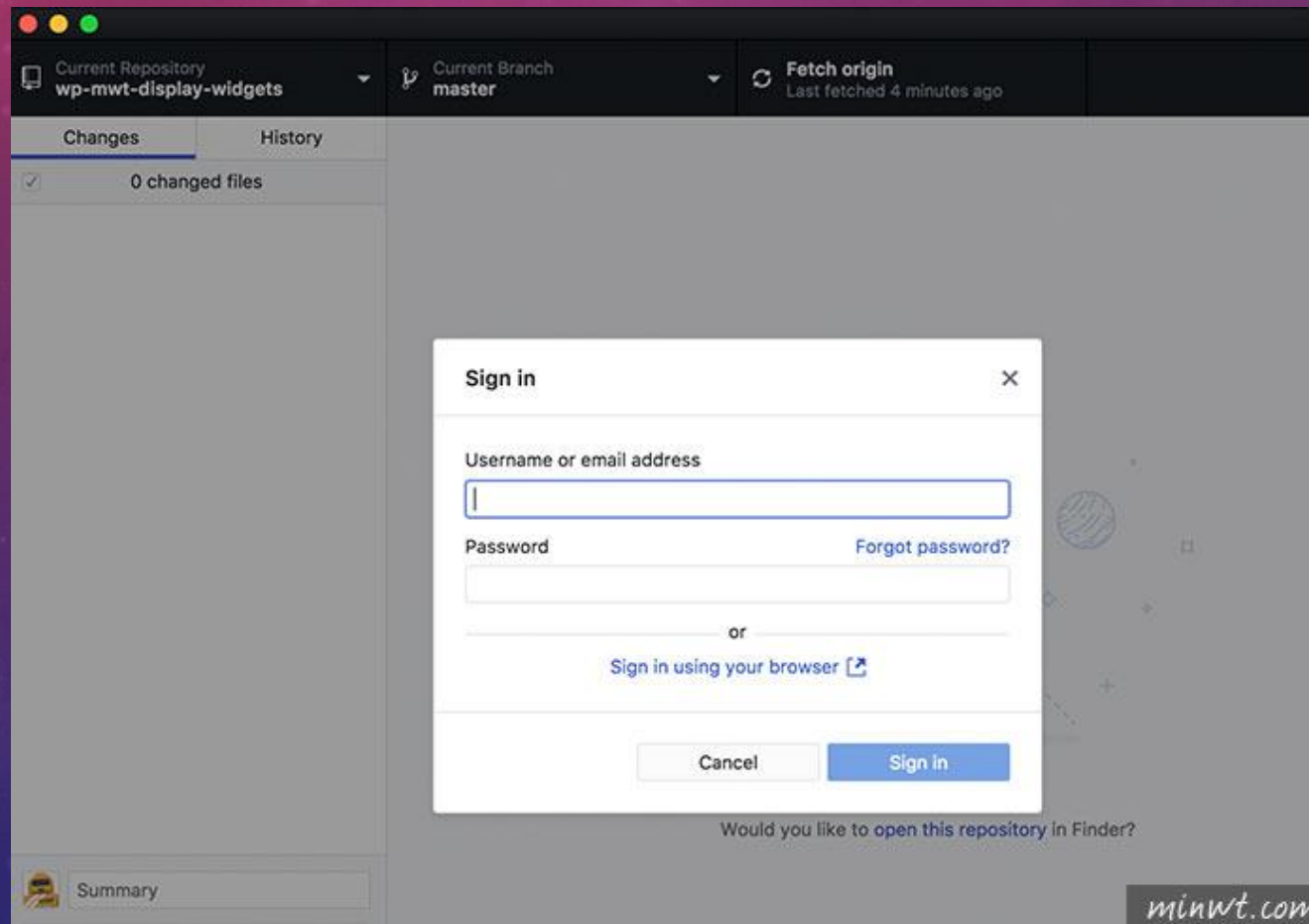
- 下載**GitHub Desktop**桌面程式，開啟再按「**Sign In**」登入。

<https://desktop.github.com/>



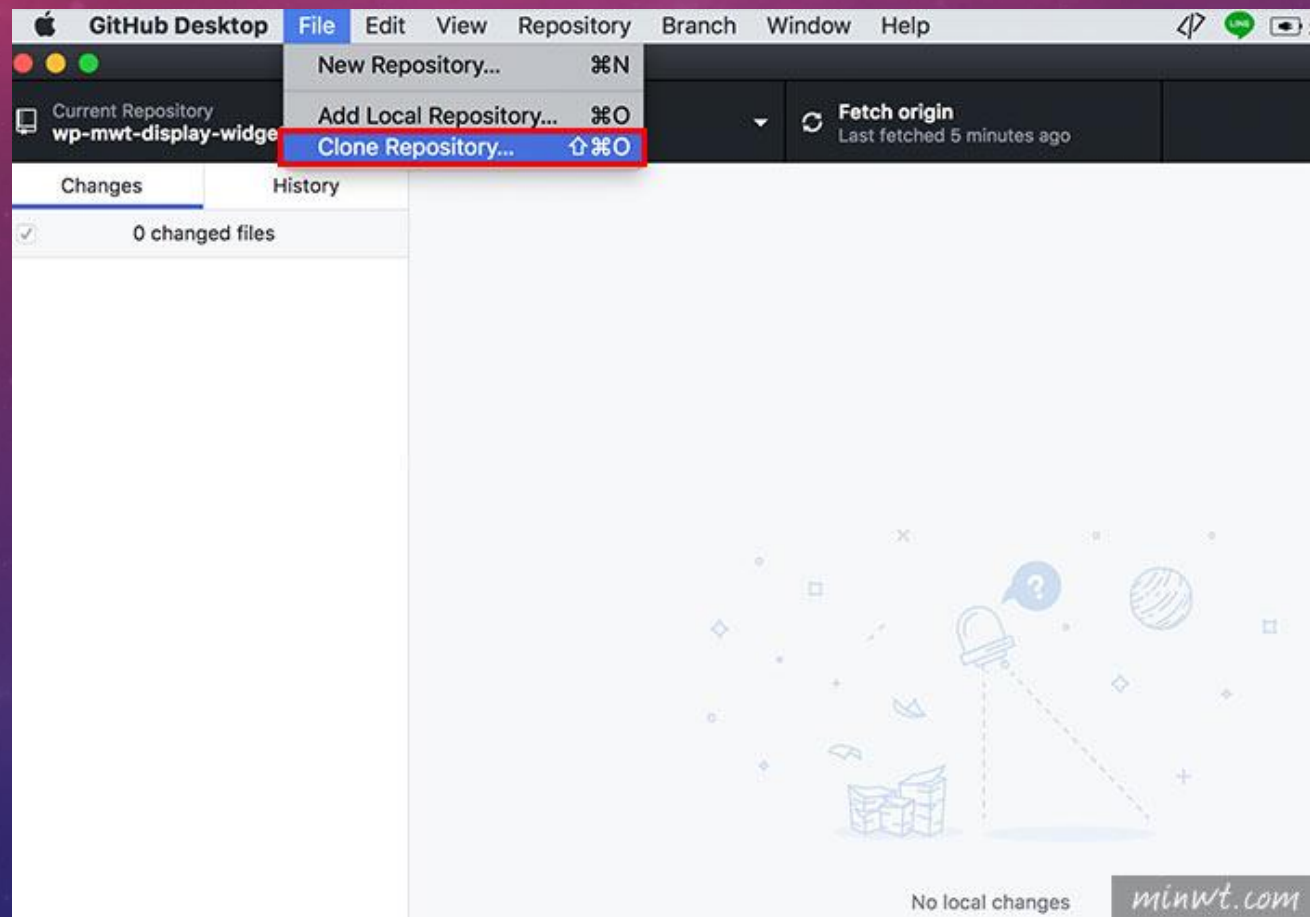
STEP 9

- 輸入GitHub的帳密。



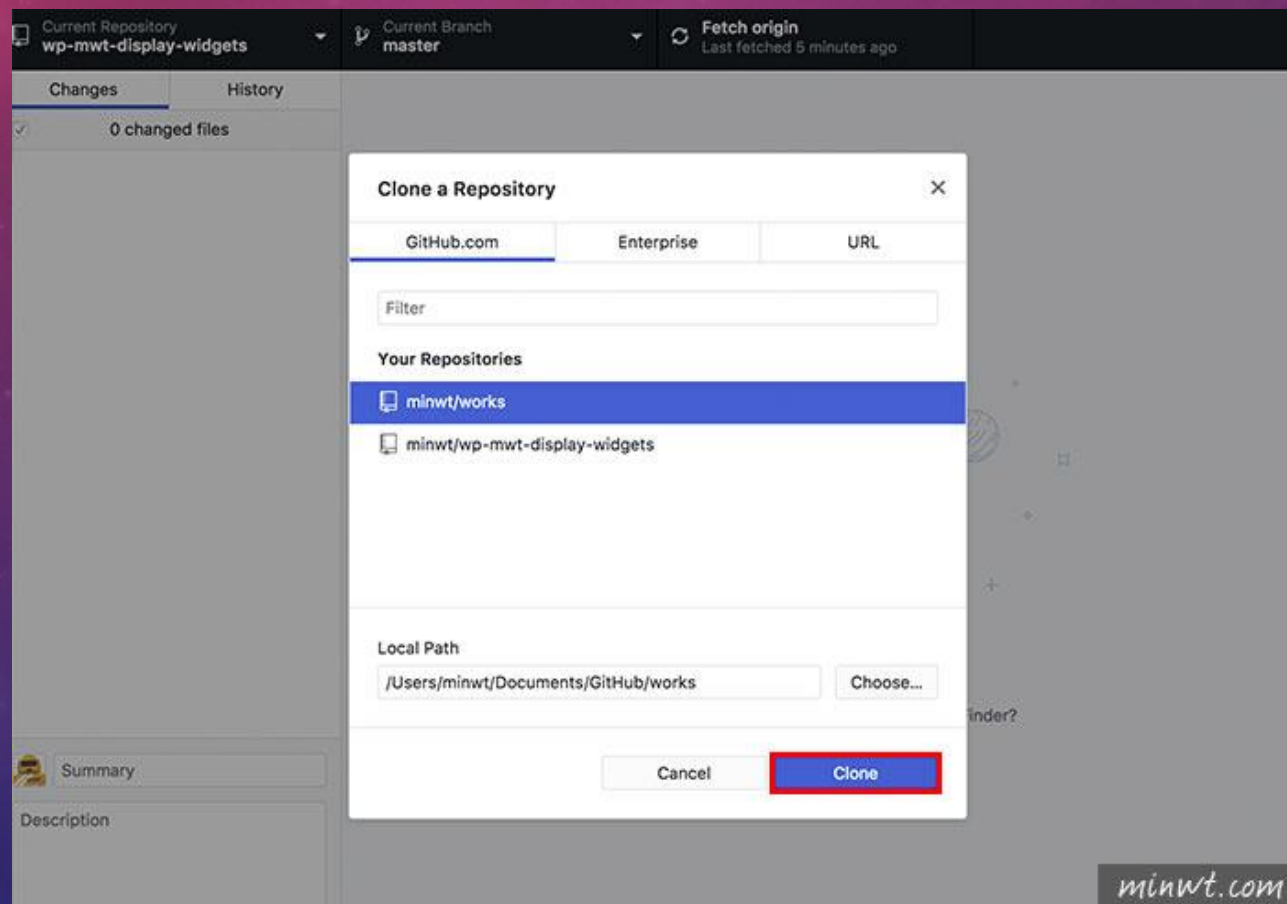
STEP 10

- 登入後，再點上選單中的，File / Clone Repository...選項。



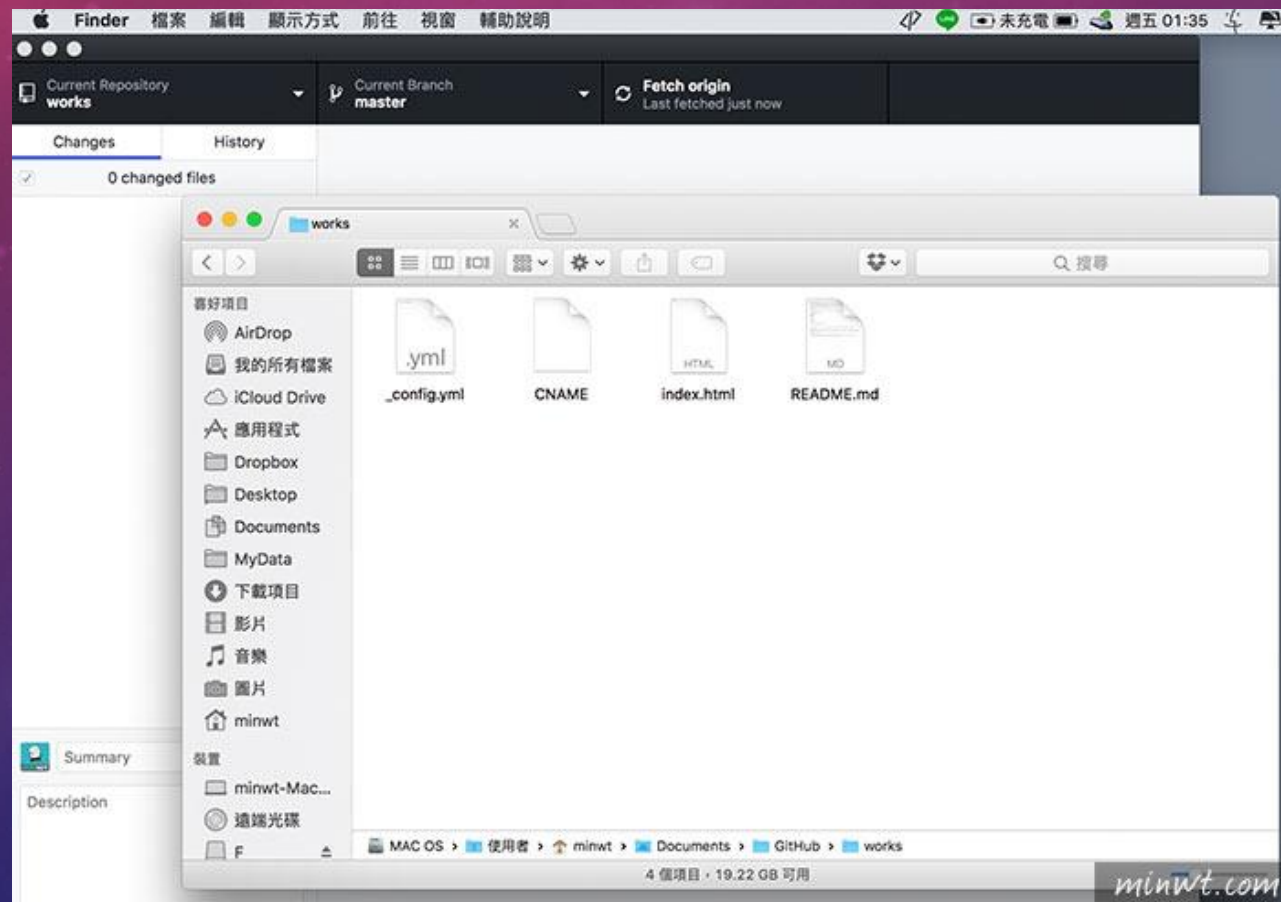
STEP 11

- 看到剛在GitHub建立好的專案，再按下方的「Clone」鈕，將它同步至本機中。



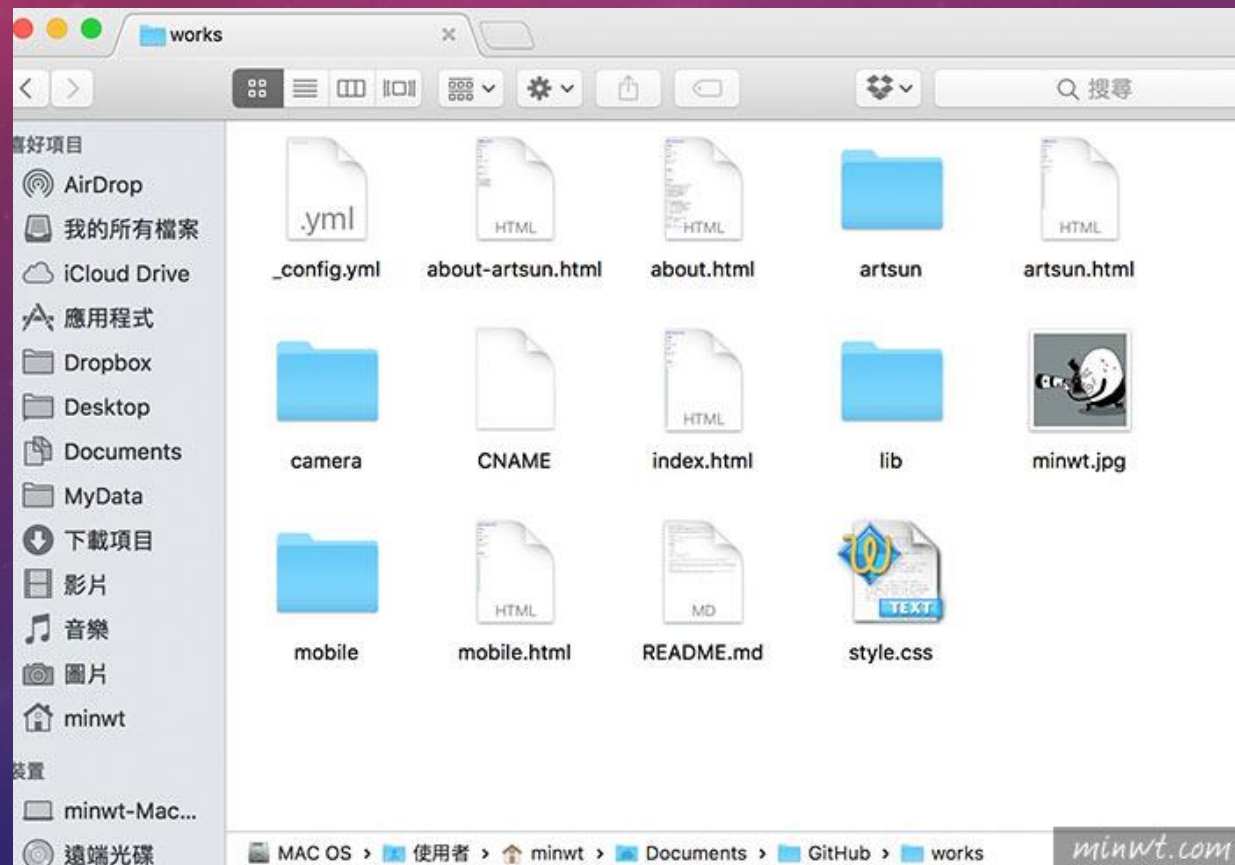
STEP 12

- 當同步完成後，在本機電腦中，就會看到剛在GitHub中建立的檔案。



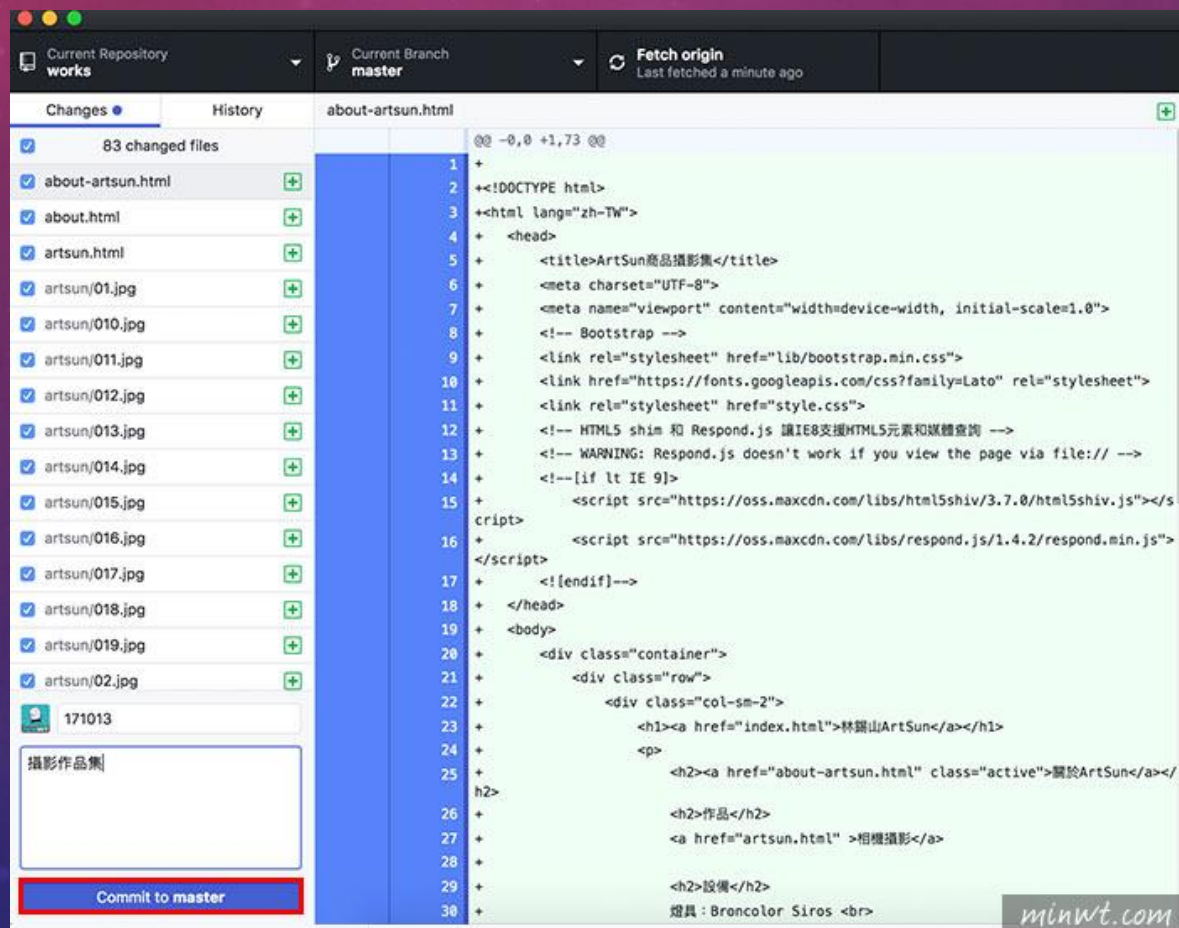
STEP 13

- 把製作好的HTML頁面與檔案，全部丟到這個資料夾中。



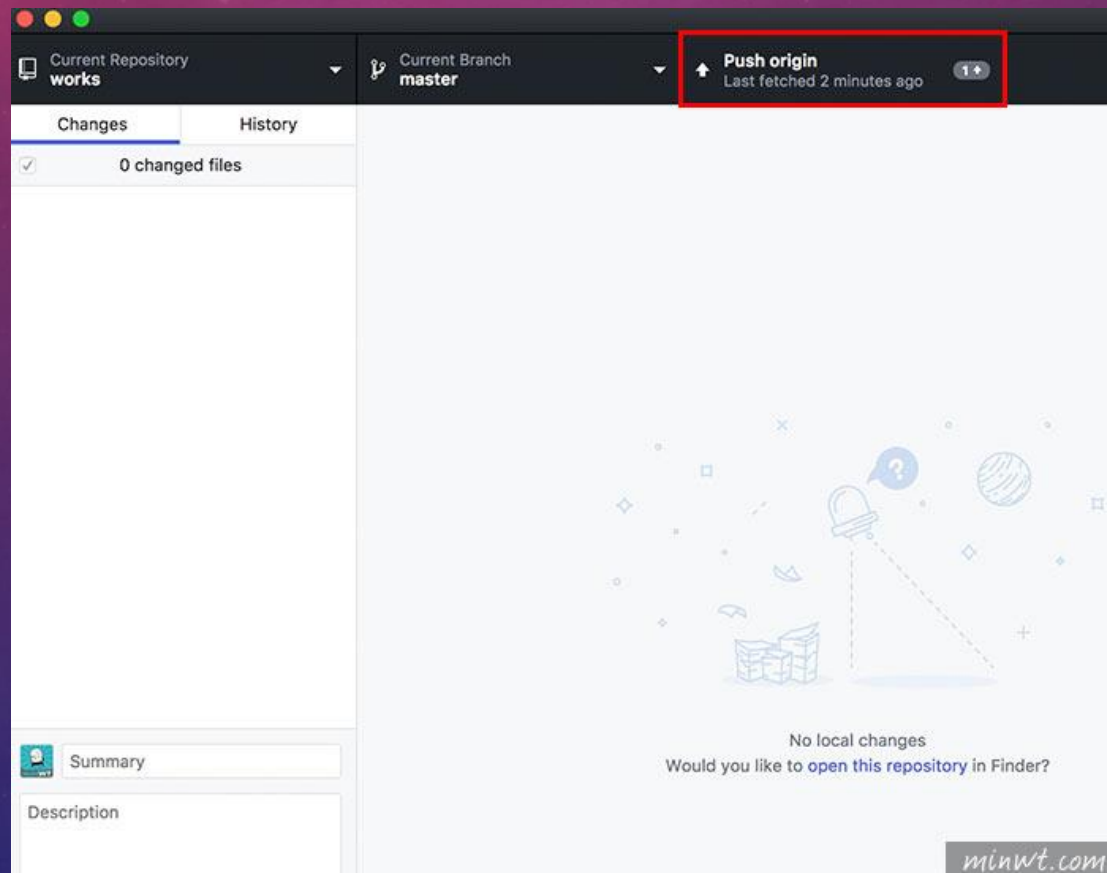
STEP 14

- 回到GitHub Desktop的應用程式後，就會看到剛所複製的檔案，接著再下方輸入該檔案的名稱與描述。



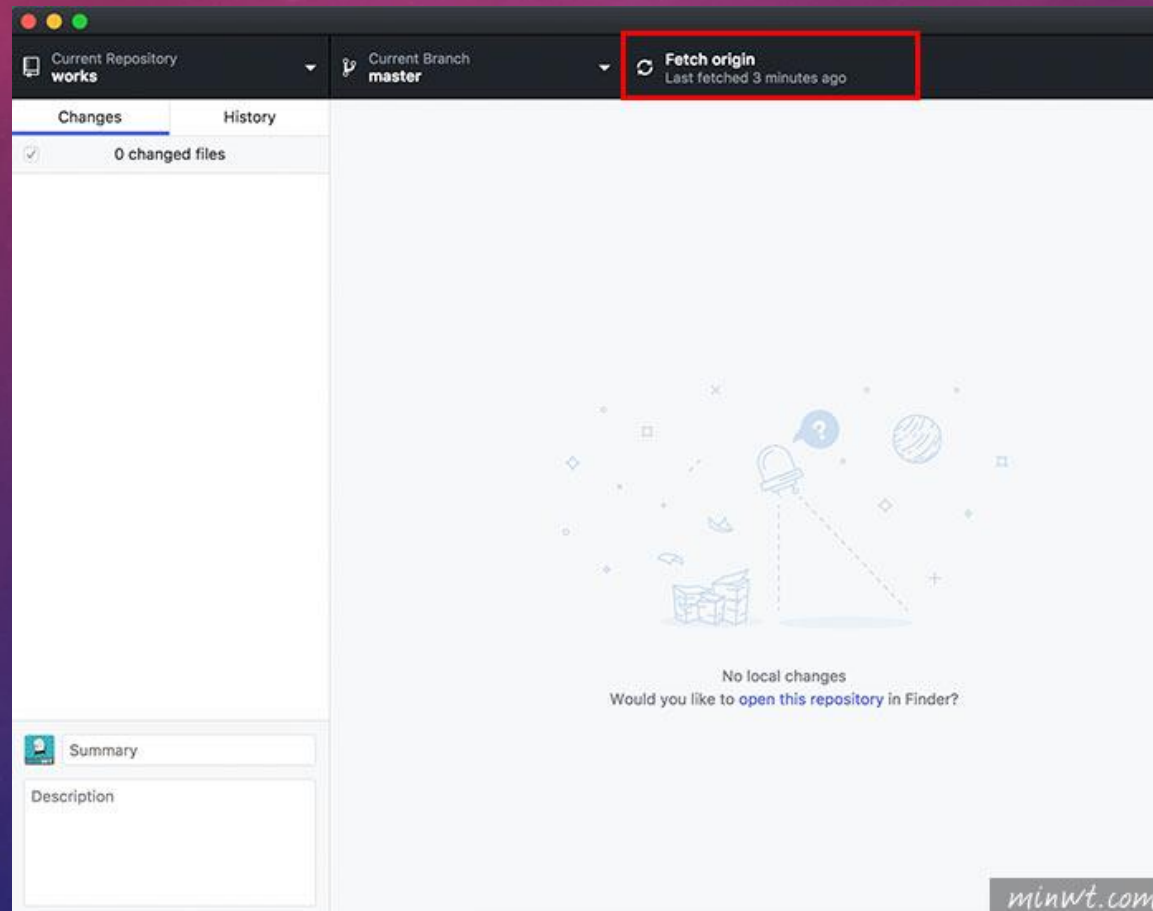
STEP 15

- 再按上方的「**Push origin**」鈕，這時就會開始，將本機電腦中的資料，同步到 GitHub 專案中。



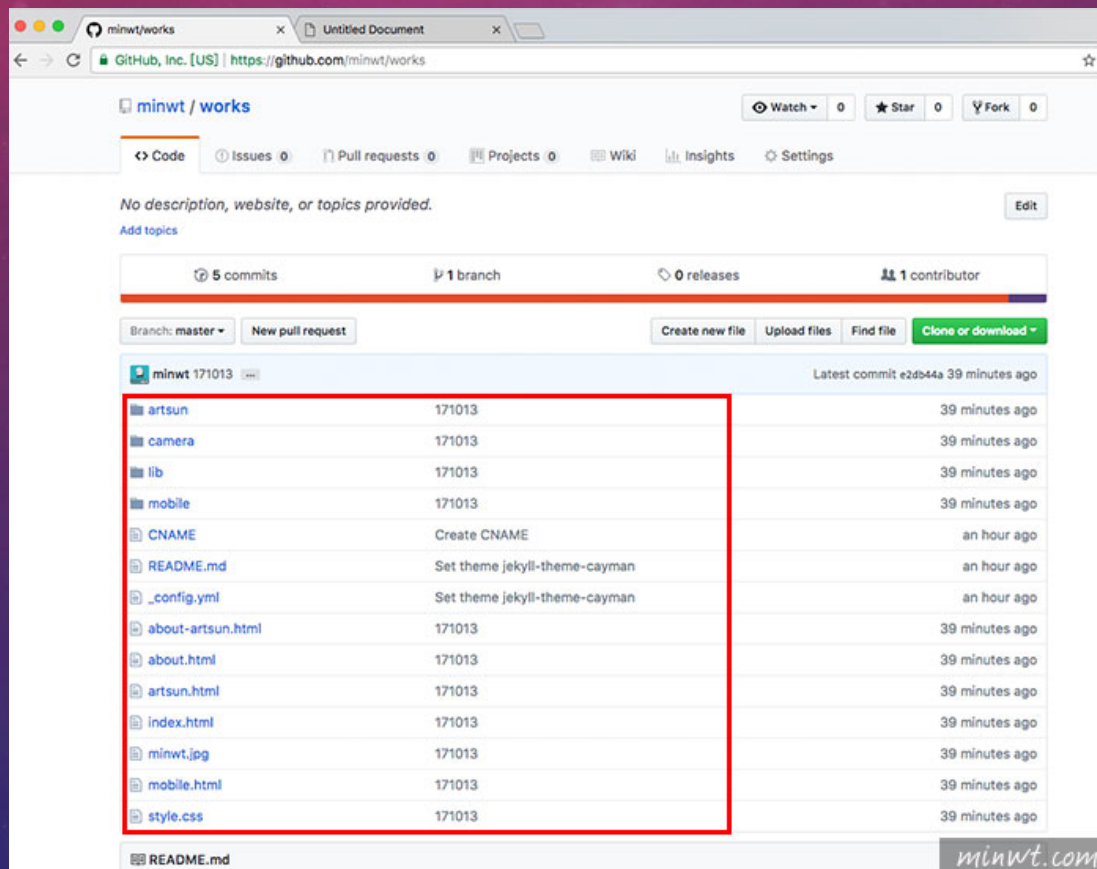
STEP 16

- 完成後，上方也會出現已完成的訊息。



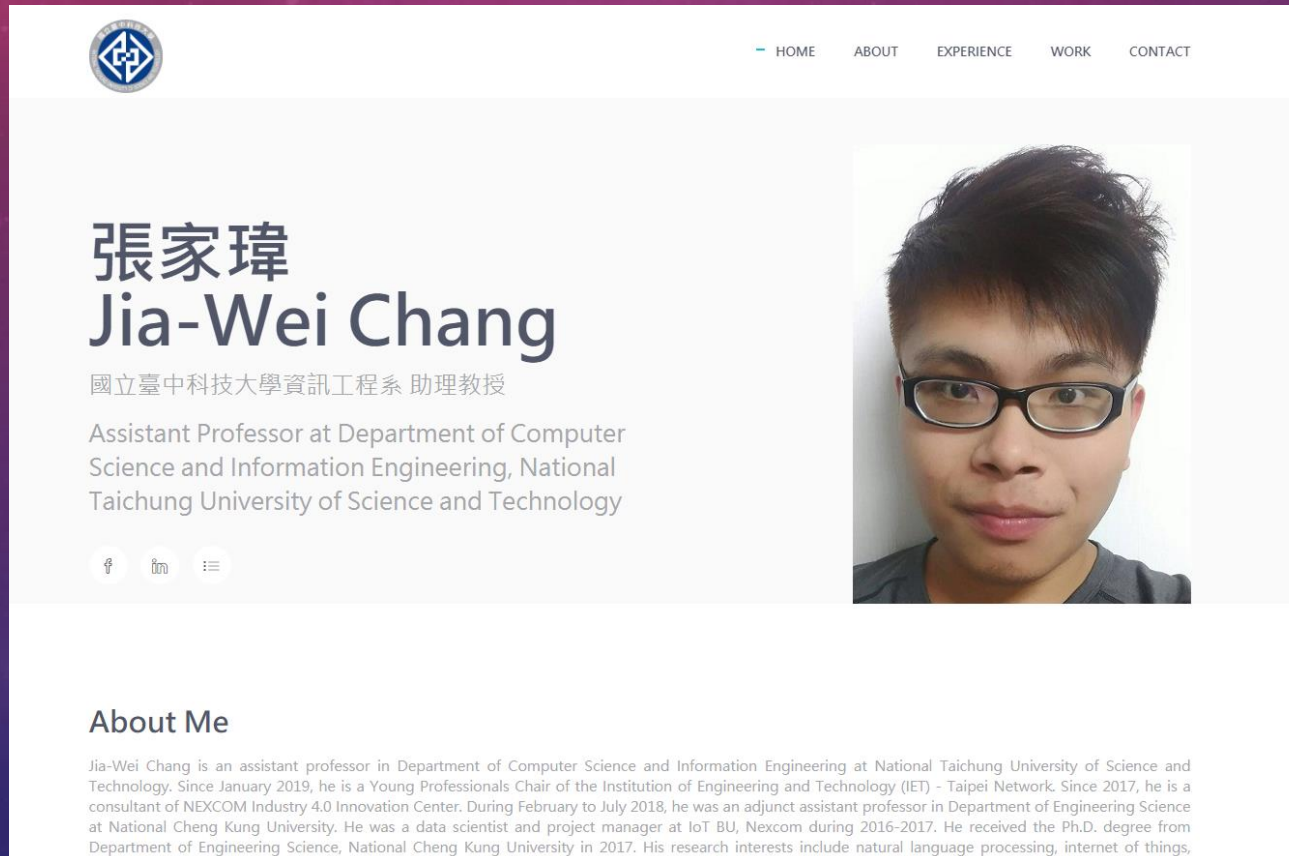
STEP 17

- 回到GitHub的專案中，就會看到剛所同步完的檔案。



STEP 18

- <https://帳號 + github.io/專案名稱>
- <https://jiaweichang.github.io/biography/>



The screenshot shows a GitHub bio page for Jia-Wei Chang. At the top left is the National Taichung University of Science and Technology logo. To the right is a navigation menu with links: HOME, ABOUT, EXPERIENCE, WORK, and CONTACT. The main content area features the name '張家瑋 Jia-Wei Chang' in large characters, followed by the title '國立臺中科技大學資訊工程系 助理教授' and the English description 'Assistant Professor at Department of Computer Science and Information Engineering, National Taichung University of Science and Technology'. Below this are social media icons for GitHub, LinkedIn, and a menu icon. To the right of the text is a portrait photo of Jia-Wei Chang, a man with dark hair and glasses. At the bottom, there is a section titled 'About Me' with a paragraph of text detailing his academic and professional background.

張家瑋
Jia-Wei Chang

國立臺中科技大學資訊工程系 助理教授

Assistant Professor at Department of Computer Science and Information Engineering, National Taichung University of Science and Technology

GitHub LinkedIn Menu

About Me

Jia-Wei Chang is an assistant professor in Department of Computer Science and Information Engineering at National Taichung University of Science and Technology. Since January 2019, he is a Young Professionals Chair of the Institution of Engineering and Technology (IET) - Taipei Network. Since 2017, he is a consultant of NEXCOM Industry 4.0 Innovation Center. During February to July 2018, he was an adjunct assistant professor in Department of Engineering Science at National Cheng Kung University. He was a data scientist and project manager at IoT BU, Nexcom during 2016-2017. He received the Ph.D. degree from Department of Engineering Science, National Cheng Kung University in 2017. His research interests include natural language processing, internet of things,

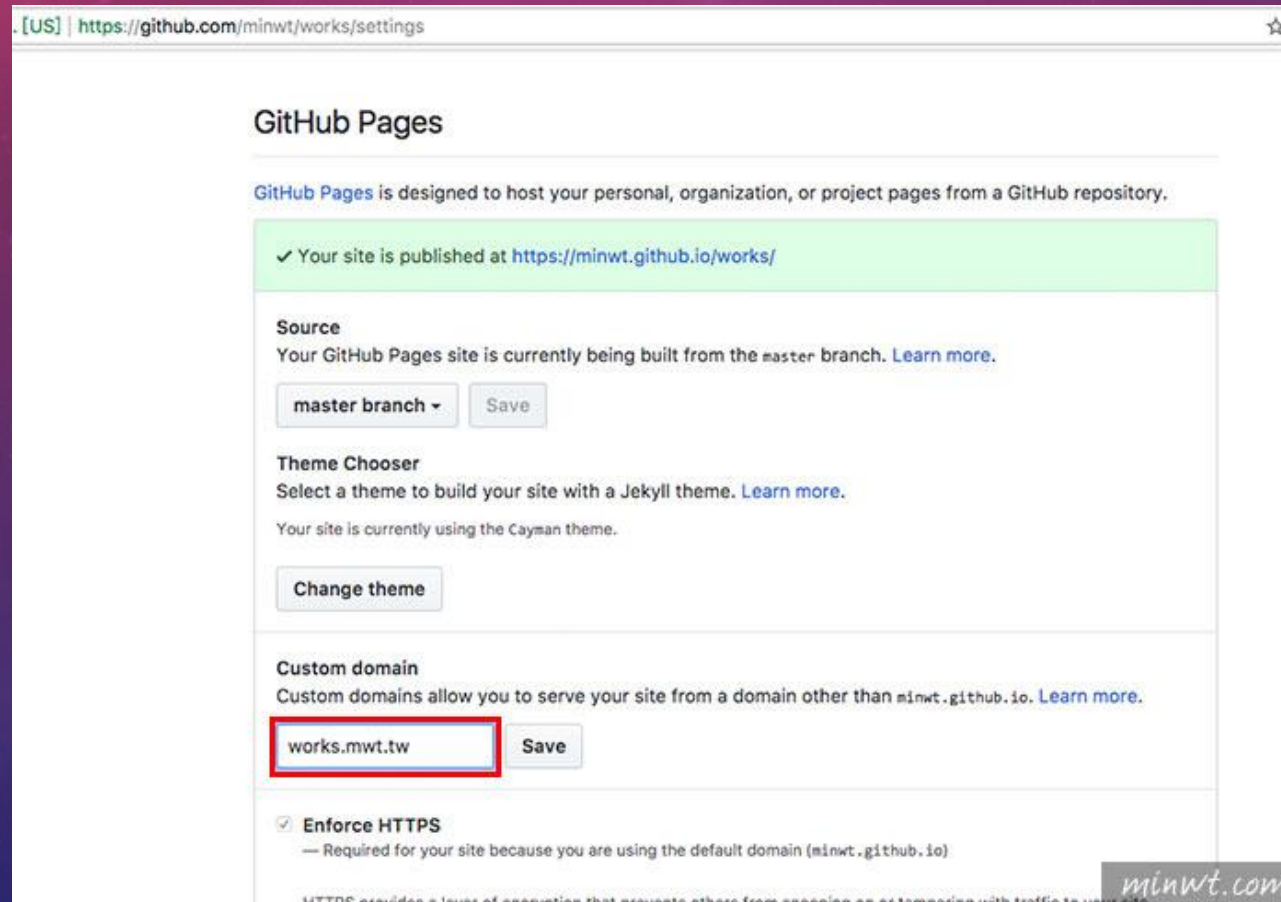


番外篇

DNS NAME 綁定

綁定DOMAIN NAME (1)

- 從下方**Custom domain**的輸入框中，輸入要綁定的網址。



GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository.

✓ Your site is published at <https://minwt.github.io/works/>

Source
Your GitHub Pages site is currently being built from the `master` branch. [Learn more.](#)

master branch ▾ Save

Theme Chooser
Select a theme to build your site with a Jekyll theme. [Learn more.](#)
Your site is currently using the Cayman theme.

Change theme

Custom domain
Custom domains allow you to serve your site from a domain other than `minwt.github.io`. [Learn more.](#)

works.mwt.tw Save

☒ **Enforce HTTPS**
— Required for your site because you are using the default domain (`minwt.github.io`)
HTTPS provides a layer of encryption that prevents others from snooping on or tampering with traffic to your site.

minwt.com

綁定DOMAIN NAME (2)

- 到DNS中，建立一組CNAME作對應。

The screenshot shows the Cloudflare dashboard for the domain 'wt.tw'. The 'DNS' tab is selected in the top navigation bar. The 'DNS Records' section is active, displaying a table of existing records and a form to add a new one. A red box highlights the 'Add Record' form, which is configured with 'CNAME' as the Type, 'works' as the Name, and 'minwt.github.io' as the Value. The TTL is set to 'Automatic'. Below the form, a table lists existing records: 'demo' (A record pointing to 61.58.248.101), 'gcp' (A record pointing to 35.185.170.27), and 'mwt.tw' (A record pointing to 23.234.195.186). Each record has a status icon (cloud or grey cloud) and a delete button (X).

wt.tw ▾ + Add Site Support

Overview Analytics DNS Crypto Firewall Speed Caching Page Rules Network Traffic Customize Apps Scrap Shield

DNS

Manage your Domain Name System (DNS) settings.

DNS Records

A, AAAA, and CNAME records can have their traffic routed through the Cloudflare system. Add more records using this form, and click the cloud next to each record to toggle Cloudflare on or off.

Search DNS records

CNAME works minwt.github.io Automatic TTL Add Record

Type	Name	Value	TTL	Status
A	demo	points to 61.58.248.101	Automatic	X
A	gcp	points to 35.185.170.27	Automatic	X
A	mwt.tw	points to 23.234.195.186	Automatic	X

minwt.com



THANK YOU

本篇教材來自

[HTTPS://WWW.MINWT.COM/WEBSITE/SERVER/18522.HTML](https://www.minwt.com/website/server/18522.html)