## <u>Introduction to LinkedList, learn about struct, and how is</u> <u>node represented</u>

```
class Solution {
  static Node constructLL(int arr[])
  {
    Node head=null;
    Node tail=null;
    for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++)</pre>
       Node curr=new Node(arr[i]);
      if(head==null)
         head=curr;
         tail=curr;
      }
      else
         tail.next=curr;
         tail=tail.next;
    }
    return head;
}
```

## Inserting a node in LinkedList

```
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```

```
class Solution {
    // Function to insert a node at the end of the linked list.
    Node insertAtEnd(Node head, int x)
    {
        if(head==null)
        {
            Node curr=new Node(x);
            return curr;
        }
        Node curr=head;

        while(curr.next!=null)
        {
            curr=curr.next;
        }
        curr.next=new Node(x);
        return head;
        // code here
    }
}
```

## Deleting a node in LinkedList

```
class Solution {
   public void deleteNode(ListNode node)
   {
       if(node.next==null)
      {
          return;
       }
       node.val=node.next.val;
       node.next=node.next.next;
      return;
   }
}
```

## Find the length of the linkedlist [learn traversal]

```
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```

```
class Solution {
    // Function to count nodes of a linked list.
    public int getCount(Node head)
    {
        if(head==null)
        {
            return 0;
        }
        int cnt=0;
        while(head!=null)
        {
            cnt++;
            head=head.next;
        }
        return cnt;
        // code here
    }
}
```

## Search an element in the LL

```
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```

```
class Solution {
    static boolean searchKey(int n, Node head, int key)
    {
        while(head!=null)
        {
            if(head.data==key)
            {
                return true;
            }
            head=head.next;
        }
        return false;
    }
}
```

#### Introduction to DLL, learn about struct, and how is node represented

```
class Solution {
  Node constructDLL(int arr[])
  {
    int n=arr.length;
    Node head=null;
    Node tail=null;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      Node curr=new Node(arr[i]);
      if(head==null)
      {
         head=curr;
        tail=curr;
      }
      else
      {
         tail.next=curr;
         curr.prev=tail;
         tail=tail.next;
      }
    return head;
}
```

### Insert a node in DLL

```
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```

```
class Solution {
  // Function to insert a new node at given position in doubly linked list.
  Node addNode(Node head, int p, int x)
    if(head==null)
      Node curr=new Node(x);
      return curr;
    }
    Node ans=head;
    //Node curr=head;
    while(ans!=null&&p>0)
    {
      ans=ans.next;
    }
    Node curr=new Node(x);
    if(ans.next!=null)
      curr.next=ans.next;
      ans.next.prev=curr;
    }
    curr.prev=ans;
    ans.next=curr;
    //ans=ans.next;
    return head;
    // Your code here
 }
}
```

## Delete a node in DLL\*\*

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```
class Solution {
  public Node deleteNode(Node head, int x)
  {
    Node curr=head;
    if(x==1) //what if x==1 and root,next==null
      if(head.next==null)
       return null;
      else
        curr.next.prev=null;
        head=curr.next;
        curr.next=null;
        return head;
    curr=head;
    int i=1;
    while(i!=x)
      curr=curr.next;
      i++;
    curr.prev.next=curr.next;
    if(curr.next!=null)
```

curr.next.prev=curr.prev;

}

}

return head;

## Reverse a DLL\*\*

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```
class Solution {
    public static Node reverseDLL(Node head)
    {
        if (head == null || head.next == null)
            return head;
        Node curr = head;
        Node temp = null;
        while (curr != null)
        {
            curr.prev = curr.next;
            curr.next = temp;
            temp=curr;
            curr = curr.prev;
        }
    return temp;
    }
}
```

## Middle of a LinkedList [TortoiseHare Method]

```
class Solution {
   public ListNode middleNode(ListNode head)
   {
      ListNode slow=head;
      ListNode fast=head;
      while(fast!=null&&fast.next!=null)
      {
            fast=fast.next.next;
            slow=slow.next;
      }
      return slow;
   }
}
```

## Reverse a LinkedList [Iterative]

```
class Solution {
   public ListNode reverseList(ListNode head)
   {
      ListNode curr=head;
      ListNode prev=null;
      ListNode next;
      while(curr!=null)
      {
            next=curr.next;
            curr.next=prev;
            prev=curr;
            curr=next;
      }
      return prev;
   }
}
```

## Reverse a LL [Recursive]

```
public ListNode reverseList(ListNode head)
{
    if(head==null)||head.next==null)
    {
        return head;
    }
    ListNode curr=reverseList(head.next);
    head.next=next=head;
    head.next=null;
    return curr;
}
```

### Detect a loop in LL

```
#CORRECT ANS
public boolean hasCycle(ListNode head)
        ListNode slow=head;
        ListNode fast=head;
        while(fast!=null && fast.next!=null)
            slow=slow.next;
            fast=fast.next.next;
            if(slow==fast)
            {
                return true;
            }
        }
        return false;
    }
#INCORRECT ANS WHY?????
public boolean hasCycle(ListNode head)
        ListNode slow=head;
        ListNode fast=head;
        while(fast!=null && fast.next!=null)
            if(slow==fast) //BC ye always true hoga
                return true;
            slow=slow.next;
            fast=fast.next.next;
        }
        return false;
    }
```

### Find the starting point in LL

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```
public ListNode detectCycle(ListNode head)
    {
        ListNode slow=head;
        +++12.
fast=head;
        while(fast!=null && fast.next!=null)
        {
            slow=slow.next;
            fast=fast.next.next;
            if(slow==fast)
            {
                break;
            }
        }
        ListNode curr=head;
        if (fast == null || fast.next == null)
            return null;
        while (curr != slow)
        {
                curr = curr.next;
                slow = slow.next;
        }
        return curr;
    }
}
```

0

### Length of Loop in LL

```
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```

```
public int countNodesinLoop(Node head)
    Node slow=head;
    Node fast=head;
    while(fast!=null && fast.next!=null)
      slow=slow.next;
      fast=fast.next.next;
      if(slow==fast)
      {
        break;
      }
    if(fast==null||fast.next==null)
      return 0;
    int cnt=1;
    fast=fast.next;
    while(fast!=slow)
      fast=fast.next;
      cnt++;
    return cnt;
    // Add your code here.
```

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```
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```

```
class Solution {
    ListNode demo;
    public boolean find(ListNode head)
        if(head==null)
        {
            return true;
        boolean flag=find(head.next);
        if(flag==false)
        {
            return false;
        }
        else if(demo.val!=head.val)
            return false;
        }
        else
        {
            demo=demo.next;
        return true;
        }
    public boolean isPalindrome(ListNode head)
        if(head==null||head.next==null)
            return true;
        demo=head;
        return find(head);
    }
}
class Solution {
    ListNode demo;
    int cnt=0,fl=0;
    public void find(ListNode head)
        if(head==null)
        {
            cnt=cnt/2;
            return;
        }
        cnt++;
        find(head.next);
        if(cnt==0)
            return;
        if(fl==1)
```

```
{
        return;
    }
    if(head.val==demo.val)
    {
        cnt--;
        demo=demo.next;
    }
    else
    {
        fl=1;
    }
    return;
public boolean isPalindrome(ListNode head)
    if(head==null||head.next==null)
    {
        return true;
    demo=head;
    find(head);
if(cnt==1||fl==1){
        return false;
    return true;
}
```

}

### Segrregate odd and even nodes in LL

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#### Odd even index ke Basis pe

```
public ListNode oddEvenList(ListNode head)
{
    ListNode odd=head;
    if(head==null||head.next==null)
    {
        return head;
    }
    ListNode even=head.next;
    ListNode event=head.next;
    while(odd.next!=null&&odd.next.next!=null)
    {
        odd.next=odd.next.next;
        odd=odd.next;
        event.next=event.next.next;
        event=event.next;
    }
    odd.next=even;
    return head;
}
```

```
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```

```
public ListNode removeNthFromEnd(ListNode head, int n)
        int cnt=1;
        ListNode curr=head;
        while(curr.next!=null)
            cnt++;
            curr=curr.next;
        n=cnt-n;
        if(n==0)
        {
            return head.next;
        }
        if(n==1)
        {
            head.next=head.next.next;
            return head;
        if(n<=0)
        {
            return head;
        }
        cnt=1;
        curr=head;
        ListNode prev=null;
        while(n>0)
            prev=curr;
            curr=curr.next;
            n--;
        prev.next=curr.next;;
        return head;
    }
```

```
public ListNode removeNthFromEnd(ListNode head, int n) {
   ListNode dummy = new ListNode(0); // Dummy node to handle edge cases easily
   dummy.next = head;

ListNode fast = dummy;
ListNode slow = dummy;

// Move fast pointer n steps ahead
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   fast = fast.next;
}

// Move both fast and slow until fast reaches the end
   while (fast.next != null) {
    fast = fast.next;
}</pre>
```

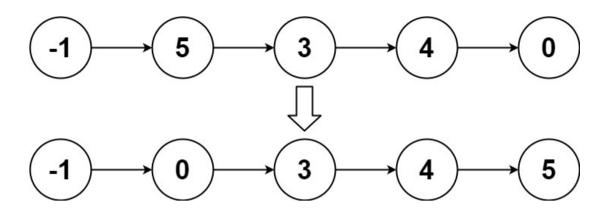
```
slow = slow.next;
}

// Skip the target node
slow.next = slow.next.next;

return dummy.next; // Return the new head
```

### Delete the middle node of LL

```
class Solution {
    public ListNode deleteMiddle(ListNode head)
        if(head==null)
            return head;
        if(head.next==null)
       {
           return null;
        ListNode slow=head;
        ListNode fast=head;
        while(fast!=null&&fast.next!=null)
            slow=slow.next;
            fast=fast.next.next;
        ListNode curr=head;
        while(curr.next!=slow)
        {
            curr=curr.next;
        }
        curr.next=curr.next.next;
        return head;
}
```



```
public ListNode findMid(ListNode head)
        ListNode slow=head;
        ListNode fast=head;
        while(fast.next!=null&&fast.next!=null)
        {
            slow=slow.next;
            fast=fast.next.next;
        }
        return slow;
    ListNode mergeSort(ListNode left,ListNode right)
        ListNode dummy=new ListNode(-1);
        ListNode curr=dummy;
        while(left!=null&right!=null)
        {
            if(left.val<right.val)</pre>
            {
                curr.next=left;
                curr=curr.next;
                left=left.next;
            }
            else
            {
                curr.next=right;
                curr=curr.next;
                right=right.next;
            }
        }
        if(left!=null)
        {
            curr.next=left;
        }
        else
        {
            curr.next=right;
        }
        return dummy.next;
```

```
public ListNode sortList(ListNode head)
{
    if(head==null||head.next==null)
    {
        return head;
    }
    ListNode mid=findMid(head);
    ListNode right=mid.next;
    mid.next=null;
    ListNode left= head;
    left=sortList(head);
    right=sortList(right);
    return mergeSort(left,right);
}
```

#### My Code

```
public static Node sortList(Node head)
    Node dummy1=new Node(-1);
    Node z=dummy1;
    Node dummy2=new Node(-1);
    Node o=dummy2;
    Node dummy3=new Node(-1);
    Node t=dummy3;
    Node curr=head;
    while(curr!=null)
       if(curr.data==0)
         z.next=curr;
         z=z.next;
       else if(curr.data==1)
         o.next=curr;
         o=o.next;
      else
       {
         t.next=curr;
         t=t.next;
      }
       curr=curr.next;
    }
// Connect the three sublists
    z.next = dummy2.next != null ? dummy2.next : dummy3.next;
    o.next = dummy3.next;
    t.next = null; // important to end the final list
    return dummy1.next; // head of the sorted list
    z.next=dummy2.next;
    o.next=dummy3.next;;
    t.next=null;
    dummy1=dummy1.next;
    dummy2=dummy2.next;
    dummy3=dummy3.next;
    if(dummy1==null)
       if(dummy2==null)
         if(dummy3==null)
           return null;
         else
```

```
return dummy3;
          }
       }
       else
          return dummy2;
       }
    }
    else
    {
       return dummy1;
    // Write your code here
  }
public static Node sortList(Node head) {
  // Dummy heads for three separate lists: 0s, 1s, and 2s
  Node zeroDummy = new Node(-1), oneDummy = new Node(-1), twoDummy = new Node(-1);
  Node zeroTail = zeroDummy, oneTail = oneDummy, twoTail = twoDummy;
  Node curr = head;
  // Separate nodes into three lists based on value
  while (curr != null) {
    if (curr.data == 0) {
      zeroTail.next = curr;
      zeroTail = zeroTail.next;
    } else if (curr.data == 1) {
      oneTail.next = curr;
      oneTail = oneTail.next;
    } else {
      twoTail.next = curr;
      twoTail = twoTail.next;
    }
    curr = curr.next;
  }
 // Connect the three sublists
  zeroTail.next = oneDummy.next != null ? oneDummy.next : twoDummy.next;
 oneTail.next = twoDummy.next;
  twoTail.next = null; // important to end the final list
 return zeroDummy.next; // head of the sorted list
```

### Find the intersection point of Y LL

```
public class Solution {
    public ListNode getIntersectionNode(ListNode headA, ListNode headB)
        int cnt1=0;
        int cnt2=0;
        ListNode head=headA;
        while(head!=null)
            head=head.next;
            cnt1++;
        head=headB;
        while(head!=null)
        {
            head=head.next;
            cnt2++;
        if(cnt1>cnt2)
            int k=cnt1-cnt2;
            ListNode curr=headA;
            while(k>0)
                curr=curr.next;
                k--;
            ListNode temp=headB;
            while(curr!=temp)
                curr=curr.next;
                temp=temp.next;
            return curr;
        }
        else
        {
            int k=cnt2-cnt1;
            ListNode curr=headB;
            while(k>0)
                curr=curr.next;
                k--;
            ListNode temp=headA;
            while(curr!=temp)
                curr=curr.next;
                temp=temp.next;
            return curr;
        }
    }
}
```

## Add 1 to a number represented by LL\*\*\*\*\*

```
int helper(ListNode head)
    if(head==null)
      return 1;
   int carry=helper(head.next);
   head.val=head.val+carry;
   if(head.val<10)
      return 0;
   head.val=0;
   return 1;
  public ListNode addOne(ListNode head)
    int carry=helper(head);
    if(carry==1)
      ListNode curr=new ListNode(1);
      curr.next=head;
      return curr;
    }
    return head;
  }
```

### Add 2 numbers in LL

```
class Solution {
   public ListNode addTwoNumbers(ListNode 11, ListNode 12)
        ListNode dummy = new ListNode(0); // creating an dummy list
        ListNode curr = dummy; // intialising an pointer
        int carry = 0; // intialising our carry with 0 intiall
        // while loop will run, until 11 OR 12 not reaches null OR if they both
reaches null. But our carry has some value in it.
        // We will add that as well into our list
        while(l1 != null || l2 != null || carry == 1){
            int sum = 0; // intialising our sum
            if(l1 != null){ // adding l1 to our sum & moving l1
                sum += l1.val;
                11 = 11.next;
            if(12 != null){ // adding 12 to our sum & moving 12
                sum += 12.val;
                12 = 12.next;
            sum += carry; // if we have carry then add it into our sum
            carry = sum/10; // if we get carry, then divide it by 10 to get the
carry
            ListNode node = new ListNode(sum % 10); // the value we'll get by
moduloing it, will become as new node so. add it to our list
            curr.next = node; // curr will point to that new node if we get
            curr = curr.next; // update the current every time
        return dummy.next; // return dummy.next bcz, we don't want the value we
have consider in it intially!!
}
```

### Delete all occurrences of a key in DLL

```
Solution {
 public static Node deleteAllOccurrences(Node head, int k)
    Node curr=head;
    while(curr!=null)
      if(curr.data==k)
         Node nextnode=curr.next;
         if(curr.prev!=null)//beech ka node ki value k ke barabar hai
           curr.prev.next=curr.next;
         else
           head=curr.next;
         if(curr.next!=null)//beech ka node ki value k ke barabar hai
           curr.next.prev=curr.prev;
         curr=nextnode;
      }
      else
      {
         curr=curr.next;
    return head;
```

### Find pairs with given sum in DLL

```
class Node {
  int data;
  Node next, prev;
  Node(int data) {
    this.data = data;
  }
}
public class DLLPairSum {
  public void findPairsWithSum(Node head, int target) {
    if (head == null) return;
    Node start = head;
    Node end = head;
    // Move end to the tail
    while (end.next != null) {
      end = end.next;
    boolean found = false;
    // Two-pointer approach
    while (start != null && end != null && start != end && end.next != start) {
      int sum = start.data + end.data;
      if (sum == target) {
         System.out.println("(" + start.data + ", " + end.data + ")");
         found = true;
         start = start.next;
         end = end.prev;
      } else if (sum < target) {
         start = start.next;
      } else {
         end = end.prev;
    }
    if (!found) {
      System.out.println("No pairs found.");
    }
  }
}
```

### Remove duplicates from sorted DLL

```
Node * removeDuplicates(Node *head)
  Node* current = head;
     while (current != NULL && current->next != NULL) {
       if (current->data == current->next->data) {
          Node* duplicate = current->next;
          // Skip the duplicate node
          current->next = duplicate->next;
          // Fix the prev pointer of the next node, if it's not null
          if (duplicate->next != NULL) {
             duplicate->next->prev = current;
          }
<mark>free(duplicate);</mark>
       } else {
          current = current->next;
       }
     return head;
}
```

## Reverse LL in group of given size K\*\*\*\*

```
05 October 2024 11:00
```

```
private ListNode reverse(ListNode head) {
    ListNode prev = null, curr = head;
   while (curr != null) {
      ListNode nextNode = curr.next;
      curr.next = prev;
      prev = curr;
      curr = nextNode;
   }
   return prev;
 }
 // Find the kth node from current node
 private ListNode findKth(ListNode head, int k) {
   while (head != null \&\& k > 0) {
      head = head.next;
     k--;
   }
   return head;
 }
 public ListNode reverseKGroup(ListNode head, int k) {
    ListNode dummy = new ListNode(-1);
    dummy.next = head;
    ListNode groupPrev = dummy;
    ListNode temp = head;
   while (temp != null) {
      ListNode kth = findKth(temp, k);
     if (kth == null) {
        break;
     }
      ListNode groupNext = kth.next;
      kth.next = null;
      // Reverse this k-group
      ListNode newGroupHead = reverse(temp);
     // Link previous part to the new head
      groupPrev.next = newGroupHead;
      // Link end of reversed group to the next part
      temp.next = groupNext;
     // Move pointers forward
      groupPrev = temp;
      temp = groupNext;
   }
    return dummy.next;
 }
```

#### Rotate a LL

```
public ListNode rotateRight(ListNode head, int k)
        if (head == null | head.next == null | k == 0) return head;
        ListNode fast=head;
        ListNode slow=head;
        int cnt=1;
        while(fast.next!=null)
            fast=fast.next;
            cnt++;
        k=k%cnt;
        if(k==0)
           return head;
        fast=head;
        while(fast!=null&&k>0)
        {
            fast=fast.next;
            k--;
        }
        if(fast==null)
        {
            return head;
        }
        while(fast.next!=null)
        {
            slow=slow.next;
            fast=fast.next;
        ListNode temp=slow.next;
        slow.next=null;
        fast.next=head;
        head=temp;
        return head;
    }
```

## Flattening of LL\*\*\*\*\*

05 October 2024 11:01

#### Flattening of LL

From < <a href="https://takeuforward.org/strivers-a2z-dsa-course/strivers-a2z-dsa-course-sheet-2/">https://takeuforward.org/strivers-a2z-dsa-course/strivers-a2z-dsa-course-sheet-2/</a>
Flattening of LL

From < https://takeuforward.org/strivers-a2z-dsa-course/strivers-a2z-dsa-course-sheet-2/>

# Clone a Linked List with random and next pointer\*\*\*\*

05 October 2024

11:01